## Robinson+Cole

KENNETH C. BALDWIN

280 Trumbull Street Hartford, CT 06103-3597 Main (860) 275-8200 Fax (860) 275-8299 kbaldwin@rc.com Direct (860) 275-8345

Also admitted in Massachusetts and New York

March 28, 2023

Melanie A. Bachman, Esq. Executive Director/Staff Attorney Connecticut Siting Council 10 Franklin Square New Britain, CT 06051

Re: PETITION NO. 1443A - SR North Stonington, LLC petition for a declaratory ruling, pursuant to Connecticut General Statutes §4-176 and §16-50k, for the proposed construction, maintenance and operation of a 9.9-megawatt AC solar photovoltaic electric generating facility on five parcels located north and south of Providence New London Turnpike (State Route 184), west of Boombridge Road and north of Interstate 95 in North Stonington, Connecticut, and associated electrical interconnection

## **Ongoing Construction Activity and Need for Blasting**

Dear Attorney Bachman:

Pursuant to our recent conversation, this letter will serve as notice of my client's intent to commence some limited blasting activity at the SR North Stonington solar facility. The limited blasting will be contained to the area within and surrounding Stormwater Basin No. 5, to the south of the eastern solar array. The Petitioner has, to date, been utilizing mechanical means (hammering) to remove the bedrock from the area within and around Basin No. 5. Those methods have reached their limit and in order to remove the remaining bedrock, and construct Basin No. 5 to the depth required under stormwater management plan and the Connecticut DEEP Stormwater Permit, some limited blasting is required.

The Petitioner intends to commence blasting on or about March 31, 2023 and expects the blasting to continue for approximately seven to ten days. Attached is a copy of the Controlled Blast Plan prepared by Shoreline Blasting Corporation and a copy of the Blasting Permit issued by the North Stonington Fire Marshal for your records. The Controlled Blast Plan provides for pre-blast surveys in accordance with town and state requirements. There are no residences

Boston | Hartford | New York | Providence | Stamford | Albany | Los Angeles | Miami | New London | rc.com

## **Robinson+Cole**

Melanie Bachman March 28, 2023 Page 2

within 500 feet of the blasting area. Regardless, in an excess of caution, the Petitioner intends to notify the property owners to the east of Stormwater Basin No. 5, properties along Boombridge Road, before the blasting activity commences. Notice of the blasting activity was also provided to North Stonington's First Selectman, Robert A. Carlson.

Please contact me if you have any questions or need any additional information.

Sincerely,

Kung mm

Kenneth C. Baldwin

Attachments Copy to: Robert A. Carlson



# **Blasting Plan**

for

## **North Stonington Solar**

428 Providence-New London Turnpike

North Stonington, CT Date: 3/21/2023

Prepared By:

Maine Drilling & Blasting, Inc. 103 Old Windsor RD Bloomfield, CT 06002 Telephone: 860-242-7419

Setting Earth-Shattering Standards Since 1966 • An Equal Opportunity Employer



## **Table of Contents**

General
Pre-Blast Surveys
Blast Monitoring
Sequence of Blasting
Blasting Procedures
Blasting Mats
Blast Area Security and Warning Signals
Explosives
Blaster Qualifications
Blasting Personnel
Licenses and Permits
Blast Vibration
Blast Reports
Typical Blast Design

## General



Maine Drilling & Blasting, Inc. considers safety as the priority during all phases of blasting operations. We are knowledgeable of and will follow all local, state and federal regulations related to transportation and use of explosives. The project specifications and conditions have been reviewed. Details of procedures for pre-blast surveys, explosives use, blast security, monitoring and documentation are enclosed.

## **Pre-Blast Surveys / Notifications**

Pre-blast surveys will be offered to all property owners within 500 foot radius of the blast site. Appropriate notices will be given and appointments arranged for those owners who desire a survey. Pre-blast surveys will be conducted by a Company Representative. Results of those surveys will be documented through video or still photographs and appropriate narration or written reports.

### **Blast Monitoring**

A representative of MD Drilling & Blasting, Inc. who has been properly trained in the setup and use of seismic monitoring equipment will monitor all blasts. At least one seismograph will be in use at all times. Placement of monitoring equipment will be at the nearest structure to the blast site. MD Drilling & Blasting, Inc. monitoring equipment will consist of Instantel type seismographs. Details are enclosed. Results of blast monitoring will typically be available before the next blast, usually immediately following a blast. Results can be reviewed and modifications can be made to the blast design for the next blast if necessary.

## **Sequence of Blasting**

All blasting operations will be strictly coordinated with Richards Corporation, all subcontractors, engineers, and state/local jurisdictions. Emphasis will be on the safe and efficient removal of the rock existing on this project without impact to surrounding structures. Blasts will be developed so as to create adequate relief which will minimize ground vibrations per blast design below and offer the greatest protection possible to the surrounding structures.

### **Blasting Procedures**

- 1. Blasting operations shall commence after 9:00 AM and cease before 5:00 PM, Monday through Friday.
- 2. Blasting cannot be conducted at times different from those announced in the blasting schedule except in emergency situations, such as electrical storms or public safety required unscheduled detonation.
- 3. Warning and all-clear signals of different character that are audible within a range of one-quarter mile from the point of the blast shall be given. All persons within the permit area shall be notified of the meaning of the signals through appropriate instructions and signs posted.
- 4. Access to blasting area shall be regulated to protect the public from the effects of blasting. Access to the blasting are shall be controlled to prevent unauthorized entry before each blast and until the perimeter's authorized representative has determined that no unusual circumstances exist after the blast. Access to and travel in or through the area can then safely resume.
- 5. Areas in which charged holes are awaiting firing shall be guarded, barricaded and posted, or flagged against unauthorized entry.
- 6. All blasts shall be made in the direction of the stress relieved face previously marked out or previously blasted.



- 7. All stemming shall be a minimum as specified using clean, dry 3/8" crushed stone.
- 8. Blasting mats shall be used as necessary to cover blasts.
- 9. The Blasting Contractor shall insure that extra safety and judgment is exercised by his blaster to prevent the simultaneous blasting of numerous holes.

## **Blasting Mats**

Blasting mats and backfill will be used to control excessive amounts of rock movement when blasting in close proximity to structures and completely at the discretion of the blaster. Placement and number of mats are typically determined by the blaster. Mats will be placed so as to protect all people and structures on, or surrounding the blast site and property. Rubber tire type blasting mats will be utilized on this project and will be approximately 12' x 24' in size; Rubber mat @ 12' x 24' 38 lbs./s.f. = 10,944 lbs./ea.

### **Blast Security and Warning Whistles**

Each blast will be preceded by a security check of the affected area and then a series of warning whistles. Communications will be made with job site supervisors and local officials as required to ensure the safest possible operation. All personnel in the vicinity closest to the blast area will be warned. The warning whistles will follow the following sequence:

3 Audible Signal Pulses - 5 Minutes to Blast
2 Audible Signal Pulses - 1 Minute to Blast
1 Audible Signal Pulses - All Clear

No blast will be fired until the area has been secured and determined safe. The blast site will be examined by the blaster prior to the all-clear signal to determine that it is safe to resume work.

### Explosives

All explosives will be delivered to the job site on a daily basis and transported following applicable federal, state, and local laws and regulations. Only the amount of explosives required to perform the day's work will be brought to the site. All explosives will be stored in approved magazines when not in use.

Enclosed are Technical Data and SDS sheets for the explosive products proposed for use on this project. Any one of, or a combination of these products may be in use at any one time on the site.

### **Blaster Qualifications**

All Maine Drilling & Blasting, Inc. blasters on this job will be licensed in the State of Connecticut and have received various amounts of training in the safe use and handling of explosives. Their licenses are enclosed. Additionally, Maine Drilling & Blasting, Inc. blasters are familiar with all OSHA Regulations, State Regulations, and Federal Regulations regarding construction site safety, including transportation, use, and handling of explosive materials. Weekly safety meetings are to be held on site by the Maine Drilling & Blasting, Inc. job foreman, with a record of that meeting returned to the Maine Drilling & Blasting, Inc. office.



## **Blasting Personnel**

All blasting operations shall be conducted by experienced, trained and competent persons who understand the hazards involved. Persons working with explosive materials shall:

- 1. Have demonstrated knowledge of, and a willingness to comply with, safety and security requirements.
- 2. Be capable of using mature judgment in all situations.
- 3. Be of good physical condition and not addicted to intoxicants, narcotics, or other similar type of drugs.

4. The person(s) responsible for the explosives shall possess current knowledge of the local, State and Federal laws and regulations applicable to his work.

5. The person(s) responsible for the explosives shall have obtained a Certificate of Competency or a license as required by State law.

### **Licenses and Permits**

MD Drilling & Blasting, Inc. is fully licensed and insured for the transportation, use, and handling of explosives. Evidence of insurance is available. MD Drilling & Blasting CT Explosives use permit, and all other required permits have been enclosed below. All CT "Call before you Dig" will be issued 48 hours prior to drilling or blasting.

#### **Blast Vibration**

Blast vibration will be monitored at the blast site, typically at the structure(s) closet to the blast site. Vibration limits will closely follow industry limits and the State and Local Regulations. Blast designs will be modified as required to stay within the guidelines and meet project schedules as well. Blasting operations will be modified accordingly when approaching buildings and utilities. Enclosed are preliminary vibrations calculations based on known distances to the structures of concern and anticipated initial blast designs.

Ground vibration peak particle velocity limits shall not exceed USBM Alternative Blasting Criteria

- \* US Bureau of Mines (USBM) RI 8507 Appendix B
- \* Standard, and applicable State Regulations

Air blast overpressure level not to exceed 133 peak dB (linear) two Hertz high -pass system.

### **Blast Reports**

Enclosed is a sample of a MD Drilling & Blasting, Inc. Blast Report. This report will be filled out for each blast and copies supplied as needed.

### Typical Blast Design

Enclosed is what would be considered typical blast designs for any close proximity blasting to structures, utilities, gas lines, or dry waterbody crossings. Hole sizes, depths, spacing and loading information is provided. These designs are to be considered a good starting point. Modifications are usually made, if necessary, following the first blasts to meet control and seismic considerations.



## Sample Blast Report

<b>Dril</b> Blas	ling & sting	Blast Report		THE CIRCLE OF SAFETY
Job#		Cust. PO#	N/A	
Date		Cust. Supt.		
Customer Name		Pick Tkts#		
Job Address		N/A	N/A	N/A
		<u>N/A</u>	N/A	<u>N/A</u>
State	Permit No	Identify Hazards		
Pre Shift Insp.Time (24hrs Post Shift Insp.Time (24hr	s) : rs):			
Blaster :		Precautions Tak	en:	
License #:		See JHA and Site Se	ecurity	
Signature:				
		Weather Comments:		
No. of Crew Members Crew Members Names :				
				N/A
	A	N/A		<u>N/A</u>
N/A	<u>N/A</u>	<u>N/A</u>		<u>N/A</u>

Seismograph Monitoring Plan (Not to Scale):

-

5	Shot #		Shot	Time (24hrs)		Shot	VideoTapeo	:	Weathe	<u>er</u>		
<u>Notes:</u>									Weather Co	onditions:		
									-	ſemp (°F):		
									Wind D	)irection:		
Prebla	st									Wind Spd:	M	PH
Bla	st Directio	n:				Max Ho	les/Delay:		Predicted	I K Factor:		
Bla	st Locatio	ו:							Scale Dis	t.:		
Loc	cation of St	tructure:	<u></u>		<b>D</b> 11 1/1	Max We	eight/Delay:		Lbs Predicted	I PPV:		
L	Jist. to Clos	est (Feet)	Struct	ure	_Railroad/h	lighway	_Overhead	Util I	N/A Undergrou	Ind Util <u>N/A</u>	_	
<u>Pay Qι</u>	uantities							0.1	6 N			
Fire De	etail # of Hı	rs: <u>N/A</u>					<u>Pa</u>	<u>y Calcula</u>	tions notes			
Pay Cu	ubic Volum	e	_									
N/A			г •	N/A N/A								
N/A			ſ	N/A N/A								
<u>Shot</u>	Info —											
Configur	ration											
										Total Product		
Total Dril	ll Depth(Ft)			Total SqFt		Powder				Weight (Lbs) :		
Total To	ne	N/A	-	Total		– Factor				Avg Weight /		
	115	N/A	_	Yards						Hole (Lbs):		
Cal Metho	bd	Pattern										
# Holes			, ך	Cover Used /N	o N/A							
		AVG		<u>Min</u>	<u>Max</u>							
Drill Dept	h		7			Stone Weight			Top Stemming	Min		Max
Burden(Fe	eet)		Feet			Type of Terrian			Charges/Hole	Min		Max
Spacing (	Feet)		Feet			Type of Rock			Deck Stemming	Min		Max
Hole Diam	neter		1			Stemming Type	•	-	Charge Wgt/Deck	Min		Max
OverBurd	len (Ft)					Height of Face			Depth of Water	Min		Max
Control R	ow Taped		1		Angled I	loles /Face Berm	ed		La	ser/BoreTracking		1
			_									
			Т	Fotal Pound	S			Туре	Of Initiation: No	n-Electric		
Product #	Desc				Qty	Wgt	Product #	Desc			Qty	Len
						Lbs						
			В	BA BULK Totals	5:	Lbs						
Product #	Desc				Qty	Wgt			DE			
						Lbs	Broduct #	Doco	DE	IS DRULE TOTAIS:	044	1.0-
			BAPAC	KAGED Totale		LDS I he	FIGULCE #	Desc			હાપ્ર	Len
Broduct #	Desc									LINES Totals:		
Froauct #	Desc				Qty		Product #	Desc			Qtv	Len
						Lbs						
			BOO	OSTERS Totals	: Lbs							
									SUI	RF DELAY Totals:		





**Typical Blast Design and Timing Diagrams** 

Loaded Hole-Blast Design for:



Job North Stonington Solar Owner/Site Location: Stonington, CT Division: South Customer Roma Construction Author dmartineau On:3/21/2023 Updated By dmartineau On: 3/21/2023 Blast Plan Description: typical hole

3/22/2023 9:55 AM



## Blast Plan Notes:

	/ibration Prediction (formula based on Dupont Handbook)
Site Factor (k) :	160 Ground Constant based on Site/Rock Conidtions
Distance Ft (d)	185 Distance to Structure
Lbs per Delay (w)	34.39 Lbs explosives per 8 milisecond delay
Scaled Distance (sd)	31.55 (sd = d/ square root of w)
Estimated PPV	$0.64 (ppv = k * sd ^ -1.6)$
Typical for Production work consistent pattern.	ent with holes 12 Ft deep at 185 from a structure utilizing 3.5' In diameter at a 7 Ft by 7 Ft



Note- Typical timing design. Adjustments will be made pursuant to previous results. \*All numbers are in milliseconds (ms)

225	200	175	150	125	100	75	50	25	0	
267	242	217	192	167	142	117	92	67	42	
309	284	259	234	209	184	159	134	109	84	

Burden 7FT



Fly Rock & Misfire Prevention Guidelines & IME Blasting Best Practices

## **Fly-Rock Prevention Plan**

## **Prevention of Fly-Rock**

Fly-rock prevention is most effective through good planning, attention to detail on drilling, loading and site security. Each category below contains items that are known to be effective in preventing fly-rock.

## Planning

- 1. It must be clearly established who the (BIC) is and then clearly communicated to the entire crew.
- 2. The BIC must clearly communicate what the responsibilities are for each crew member.
- 3. BIC must understand the abilities of the crew. Trainees must be trained and supervised on all job functions, (assign a trainer).
- 4. Through the use of the Job Hazard Analysis the crew must become familiar with the blast environment and clearly identify all hazards on and around the job site.
- 5. The BIC must communicate with the drill operators and other blasters with experience to fully understand the geology on site.
- 6. The blast design must take into consideration all the relevant parameters, blast geometry, hazards, type of products, timing and type and amount of cover in use.
- 7. All pre-blast calculations must be done prior to the blast and adjusted should conditions change on the site or drilling conditions dictate a modification of the plan. Powder factor should be determined prior to loading the first hole.
- 8. Each blast should be designed according to the direction of least danger.
- 9. Start each project with a conservatively designed test blast. that will not only provide information on the geology but will provide relief for the next shot.
- 10. When location or conditions on the job site change consider your next blast as a test blast.
- 11. Document your blast plan and have it reaffirmed.
- 12. Request hold harmless on shots that may cause damage or takes unnecessary risks.

## Drilling

- 13. Carefully monitor and record hole depths, amount of overburden, and any drill hole anomalies with light colored crayons on the cones or another effective method.
- 14. Use flashlights attached to tapes to determine straightness of holes. If deviation is even slightly suspected, have holes bore tracked.
- 15. Arrange for Laser Profiling and Bore Tracking for high wall faces with exposures to property.

## Loading the Shot

- 16. Have hole sheets and timing patterns on paper before loading.
- 17. Profile all faces before loading front row of holes.
- 18. Have blaster-in-charge load first and second rows of holes.
- 19. When using pourables (Bulk or ANFO):
  - a. Have an appropriate plan to deal with seams, voids, faces, and overloaded holes.
  - b. Make the appropriate design modifications for the use of bulk.
  - c. Keep the increased hazards in mind.
- 20. Take the time necessary to work safely and do not take shortcuts, or unnecessary risks. (DO NOT RUSH!)
- 21. Know the exact amount of burden on the face and load and cover accordingly, if face is bermed and you're uncertain of face location, excavate to find the face and then reberm.
- 22. Utilize berms for faces as appropriate.
- 23. If questioning the necessity to or the amount of cover, add cover.
- 24. Know the exact amount of overburden over the rock and load and cover accordingly.

- 25. Use offsets properly.
- 26. Train the blast crew on proper stemming techniques, what stemming anomalies may look like, why, and how to report them.
- 27. Monitor the stemming to make certain that all holes are properly stemmed.
- 28. Use only appropriate crushed stone and non-sparking stemming rods to compact the stone in each hole.
- 29. Pay attention when using bulk as it can coat the sides of the hole reducing the effectiveness of the stemming.
- 30. BIC must walk the shot twice and check power, double-up on power and down hole caps when necessary (critical shots).
- 31. Ensure 100% safe detonation! Misfires can be a source for flyrock. Follow all Misfire Prevention Guidelines!
- 32. If there is a remote possibility of fly rock from a blast, take the necessary additional precautions.
- 33. Never make assumptions. If unfamiliar with the situation; figure it out, then get another opinion to confirm your decision .
- 34. Always communicate with supervisors when safety issues are compromised.

## Site Security

- 35. Secure loading area before, during, and after loading.
- 36. Have a thorough, written Blast Zone Security Plan:
  - a. Design an over cautious plan.
  - b. Communicate the plan with our crew, the Contractor and his crew.
  - c. Have all blast guards use hand-held radios on the same frequency or another acceptable means of communication.
- 37. Secure the blast zone by removing people from the blast area (especially keeping them away from the face of the blast) and have them stay at an overly safe distance behind the blast and put them under cover.
- 38. Blaster must have proper cover.
- 39. Execute the Blast Zone Security plan to the "T".



## **Misfire Prevention Guidelines**

## **Prevention of Misfires**

These guidelines were established to provide good work practices that will greatly reduce the possibility of a misfire due to self-induced causes.

## Shot Design Nonelectric

- 1. Use proper hookup procedures as found in the MD&B published guidelines
- 2. The Blaster-In-Charge may determine the need for extra surface delays to create a dual path system to enhance reliability
- 3. Ensure that there is enough slack in the shock tube
- 4. Ensure shot design allows for complete energization or in cases of larger shots appropriate advancement of the initiation sequence.

## **Shot Design Electric**

- 5. Ensure shot design allows for complete energization
- 6. Tape connections in wet locations
- 7. Monitor meter while matting
- 8. Test equipment regularly
- 9. Perform stray current tests

### Loading

- 10. "Tape" all non-electric connections to ensure there is a proper connection
- 11. The Blaster-In-Charge must walk the shot completely and verify all connections prior to shooting
- 12. The Blaster-In-Charge will have additional competent person(s) walk the shot to ensure all connections are made properly
- 13. Use caution whenever sticking a loading pole or stemming rod into a loaded hole as it can damage shock tube
- 14. Re-prime any hole where separation is suspected
- 15. Re-prime any hole where you have used a powder retriever
- 16. Do not step on shock tube

### Matting

- 17. Matting shall only be performed under the direction of the Blaster-In-Charge, or their competent designee
- 18. Ensure that the excavator on the project is sufficient in size to handle the mats in an efficient manner
- 19. Communicate the matting procedure clearly with the excavator operator, discuss hand signals also.
- 20. Design the shot with the excavators reach in mind
- 21. Clean mats by "shaking" them with an excavator. This is more effective when the tire "grain" is sloping downward
- 22. Do not drag mats over a shot
- 23. Do not set mats with a front-end loader or other equipment that cannot properly hoist the mat over the shot
- 24. Place ANFO bags under shock tube exposed to jagged surfaces
- 25. Utilize sand cover whenever geological conditions warrant extra coverage

### **General Prevention Techniques**

- 26. Do not cut open detonator boxes with a knife
- 27. No not allow your powder knife to swing from a lanyard (strap) unless the blade is protected
- 28. Document and calculate timing before loading the shot
- 28. After the shot has been tied in GET OFF THE SHOT!



## **Blasting; Best Practices**

The potential to impact surface or groundwater with the substances used in commercial explosives can be controlled through the implementation of certain measures. Implementing such measures as part of a standard operating procedure will eliminate or minimize the potential for these substances to dissolve in or become associated with water. The specific measures included can be grouped into the following four (4) basic categories:

- 1. Education/Training of Explosive Users
- 2. Selection of Appropriate Explosives for the Job and Conditions
- 3. Explosives Loading and Handling
- 4. Attention to Technical Matters

#### 1. Education/Training of Explosive Users

Both the owners/operators of the location where explosives are being used and the personnel working with commercial explosives should be well informed of all applicable regulations as well as any potential consequences associated with the products' exposure to water. The federal Clean Water Act, or the equivalent state statute, regulates the release of substances, in particular those that can cause an undue risk to human health or the environment. In addition, the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, governs the disposal of hazardous wastes.

#### 2. Selection of Appropriate Explosive for the Job and Conditions

Selecting the proper explosive for the particular job is critical to the prevention of surface or groundwater impact.

- ANFO (ammonium nitrate fuel oil) is not water-resistant and should be avoided if contact with water is likely.
- Various types of commercial explosives are available to withstand exposure to water. Water-resistant explosives include the cartridge forms of gelatinous nitroglycerin, watergels and emulsions and the bulk forms of emulsions which are: 1) Site Mixed Emulsion (ammonium nitrate - fuel oil - emulsifier) is a water-resistant explosive, semisolid. This is manufactured on site and detonated while still warm assuring complete detonation. 2) Repump Emulsion (ammonium nitrate - fuel oil - emulsifier) is a waterresistant explosive, semi solid, manufactured off site, transported and pumped into the borehole as needed.

### 3. Explosives Loading and Handling

- All excess product in augers or hoses is to be recovered and used either in the next blasthole or recycled in the mixer/holding tank.
- Explosive spillage around the blasthole collar is to be controlled and any such spillage should be placed into the blasthole before stemming
- Water contacting explosives during cleanup is to be contained and managed in accordance with applicable regulations
- Minimize the amount of time that explosives are exposed to wet conditions within the blasthole. The blast should be initiated as near the time the loading is completed as safety and operational procedures allow.
- Avoid having explosives exposed to precipitation.
- To assure complete detonation of explosives placed into the ground, a sufficient number of boosters must be used.

#### 4. Attention to Technical Matters

- The actual physical conditions into which explosives are being placed must be taken into account.
- Personnel responsible for loading explosives into the boreholes should be in continuous communication with the drillers of those boreholes or supplied with adequate drill logs, so that any knowledge regarding fractures, crevices or cavities is obtained.
- Where Bulk ANFO or Emulsion is used in fractured, creviced or cavitied boreholes, plastic borehole sleeves and/or positioned inert stemming decks will be used to ensure total detonation of the explosives and avoidance of excessive charges.
- Choosing and placing the correct drilling patterns that results in the optimal use of explosives with all the explosives undergoing complete detonation.
- Quality assurance/quality control measures to maintain drilling accuracy that prevents the detonation in one blasthole from impacting the proper detonation in a nearby blasthole.
- Selecting the appropriate drilling equipment so that adequate borehole quality is maintained.
- Where appropriate to ensure complete detonation, two (2) primers will be used in each blasthole; one near the top and one near the bottom of the explosive column.
- Correct selection of delay timing for each blasthole to ensure detonation of the entire pattern, and the prevention of cut-off blastholes.



**USBM Appendix B Alternative Blasting Level Criteria** 

#### APPENDIX B.-ALTERNATIVE BLASTING LEVEL CRITERIA

Safe blasting vibration criteria were developed for residential structures, having two frequency ranges and a sharp discontinuity at 40 Hz (table 13). There are blasts that represent an intermediate frequency case, being higher that the structure resonance (4 to 12 Hz) and lower that 40 Hz. The criteria of table 13 apply equally to a 35-Hz and a 10-Hz ground vibration, although the responses and damage potentials are very much different.

Using both the measured structure amplifications (fig. 39) and damage summaries (figs. 52 and 54), a smoother set of criteria was developed. These criteria have more severe measuring requirements, involving both displacement and velocity (fig. B-1).



Figure B-1.—Safe levels of blasting vibration for houses using a combination of velocity and displacement.



## Seismograph Specifications



# BlastMate III Operator Manual

Software Version 4.3



Instantel is certified to the ISO 9001 Quality Standard





Figure 2.3 BlastMate III Event Summary Report.

## b) Series III Specifications

Seismic	Range	10 in/s (254 mm/s).
	Resolution	0.005 in/s (0.127 mm/s), to 0.000625 in/s (0.0159 mm/s) with built-in preamp.
	Trigger Levels	0.005 to 10 in/s (0.127 to 254 mm/s) in steps of 0.001 in/s (0.01 mm).
	Frequency Analysis	National and Local Standards for all countries (see text).
	Accuracy	3% at 15 Hz.
	Acceleration, Displacement	Calculated using entire waveform, not estimated at peak.
Air Linear	Range	88–148 dB, 7.25 x 10 <sup>-5</sup> psi to 0.0725 psi, 0.5 Pa to 500 Pa.
	Resolution	0.1 dB above 120 dB (0.25 Pa).
	Trigger Levels	100-148 dB in 1 dB steps.
	Accuracy	0.2 dB at 30 Hertz and 127 dB.
"A" Weight (optional)	Range	50 to 110 dB in steps of 0.1 dB. (Impulse Response – 35 milliseconds)
Sampling Rate		Standard 1024 samples per second per channel to 16,384 (8,192 for 8 channel).
Event Storage	Full Waveform Events	300 standard and 1500 optional at standard sample rate of 1024.
	Summary Events	1750 standard and 8750 optional at standard sample rates of 1024.
Frequency Response	2 to 300 Hz	Ground and Air, Independent of record time.
Full Waveform Recording	Fixed Record Modes	Manual, single shot, continuous and programmed start/stop.
	Fixed Record Time	1 to 100, 300 or 500 sec plus 0.25 sec pre-trigger.
	Auto Record Mode	1 to 100, 300 or 500 sec plus 0.25 sec pre-trigger.
Strip Chart Recording	Record Method	Record to memory and/or internal printer. Program interval 2, 5, 15, 60, 300 or 900 sec.
	Days Storage	2.8 or 14 days at 5 second interval. 34 or 170 days at 60 second interval.
Histogram Combo Mode	Histogram Record Method	Record to memory and/or internal printer. Program interval 2, 5, 15, 60, 300 or 900 sec.
	Histogram Days Storage	2.4 or 12 days at 5 second interval. 29 or 147 days at 60 second interval.
	Waveform Events	Up to 13 one-second events (1024 sample rate, four channels recording).
	Waveform Record Times	1 to 13 seconds plus 0.25 sec pre-trigger.
Special Functions	Timer Operation	Programmed start/stop.
	Self Check	Programmable daily check.
	Scaled Distance	Weight and distance stored with event.
	Monitor Log	History printout programmable up to all events stored.
	Automatic download	Automatic downloading of data from a unattended monitor with Auto Call Home.
	Measurement Units	Imperial or metric, dB or linear air pressure, or in units of custom sensors.
Printer	Resolution	576 dots/line and 0.0049 inches (0.125 mm) per dot.
	Print Time	Less than 10 seconds for typical 1 second event with full analysis.
	Paper Control	Paper tear slot or automatic paper takeup, separate keys for feed and takeup.
	Rated Life – print head	18 miles (30 km) of printing.
	Number of Copies	1 to 10 copies automatic, any number manual.
User interface	Keyboard	64 domed tactile with separate keys for common functions.
	Display	4 line by 20 character high contrast backlit display with on line help.
Battery Life		30 days continuous recording, 70 days with timer, printing will decrease life.
Fuse		5 A/250 V

Dimensions		10.6 " x 14.0 " x 6.5 " (269 mm x 355 mm x 165 mm).
Weight		14 lbs. (6.4 kg).
Warranty	2 Years Parts and Labor	Calibration and equipment check required at 1 year to maintain warranty.
Environmental	Printer/ LCD	14 to 122 degrees F (-10 to 50 degrees C) operating.
	Electronics	-4 to 140 degrees F (-20 to 60 degrees C) operating.
	Humidity	5 – 90% RH non – condensing
	Storage	-4 to 160 degrees F (-20 to 70 degrees C).

## **Series III Specifications (continued)**

Instantel reserves the right to change specifications without notice.

## c) Compliance Reports

The BlastMate III supports numerous Compliance Reports, also called National Frequency Analysis Standards, including U.S.A. USBM/OSMRE, British Standard BS 6472, French GFEE, German DIN 4150, New Zealand 4403:1976, and Spain UNE 22.381. Two frequency standards, U.S.A. USBM/OSMRE and German DIN 4150, appear below. Use the BlastWare III software to choose the Compliance Report used by your monitor.



Figure A-1 United States Bureau of Mines and German DIN 4150 Compliance Reports.

**Note:** Data points appearing outside of the report boundaries indicates the recorded data was outside the range of the report. In the DIN 4150 example, some peaks occurred at frequencies greater than 100 Hz and were therefore drawn outside the boundaries of the report.

Using the optional BlastWare III Advanced Module, you can edit Compliance Reports or create an entirely new report to meet your specific needs.



WoodsCan Electric Air Horn – Audible Device for Blast Notification



## WoodsCan Hornet Rechargeable Electric Air Horn

The world's most advanced portable signaling device for industrial and commercial safety

I have been using the WoodsCan blasting horn on a daily basis for urban and downtown blasting procedures since it was first introduced. Never would I want to go back to an aerosol device. With the in-truck quick charge, I have never yet been in a position where my signal warning device fails to work. In my line of work this is imperative. Every blaster that I come in contact with either has one or wants one...they work! Bruce Rowell - Western Grater Contracting, Ltd.



## Reliable

• A consistent 120+ decibels of sound

- Reliable even in cold weather
- Improves crew productivity over disposable compressed gas air horns

## Safe

- No frostbite from leaking gas cans
- No more explosion risks in hot weather
- Transportable on an airplane

## **Cost Effective**

- Pays for itself within a few months
- Save hundreds the first year alone
- Save more each year thereafter

## Go Green

- No more metal cans to dispose of
- No more tetrafluoroethane (potent greenhouse gas) discharged into the atmosphere
- Ozone friendly

## WoodsCan Hornet product highlights:

- Cost-effective signaling device
- Extremely reliable no more leaky gas cans
- Consistent 120 decibels of sound
- High intensity LED light
- Patented design
- Over 500 one-second pulls per charge
- Rechargeable 14 volt lithium-ion battery
- 30 minute charge time
- Easy to operate
- Environmentally friendly with no greenhouse gas discharged
- Six month limited warranty



## Each WoodsCan Hornet kit includes:

- WoodsCan Hornet electric air horn
- 14 volt rechargeable lithium-ion battery
- Charger (120 or 230 VAC)
- 12 volt inverter
- Durable carrying case
- (Optional) second lithium-ion battery
- User's manual

## Regardless of your application, the WoodsCan Hornet will meet your signaling needs:

- Mining
- Quarrying
- Construction
- Seismic Exploration
- Animal Control
- Special Events
- Many more...





For more information, contact us at **info@woodscan.com** or visit: www.woodscan.com



## **Blasting mats**

#### **Popular Products :**

- 8 ft. x 16 ft. (2.43m x 4.87m)
- 10 ft. x 15 ft. (3m x 4.5m)
- 12 ft. x 24 ft. (3.65m x 7.3m)

#### **Custom Made Products**

Our equipment enables us to produce blasting mats to your particular specifications in sizes ranging from 4 x 4 ft. (1.2 x 1.2m.) to 16 x 28 ft. (4.87 x 8.53m.). A flexibility that is unique in the industry.



WHY CHOOSE DYNAMAT BLASTING MATS?					
Our Innovative Processes					
IT	ne Dynamat Advantage	Our Goals			
Automated processes	Automated processes We have developed automated processes that let us measure the compaction of the blasting mats.				
Meticulous tire selection	Our manufacturing processes demand it.				
Our Added Value					
The	Our Goals				
Blasting mats over 12 feet (3.66 m) wide We are the only manufacturer in North America to make products of such widths.		To match our client's needs.			
12 inches (30 cm) between each cable         We have always spaced them this way. All our competitors, on the other hand, leave a gap of 14 to 16 inches (35 to 41 cm) between cables.		To produce safe blasting mats that control flying debris better.			
Forged circular rings	We used forged rings, while the competition used welded ones.	To make blasting mats easier to handle.			
Two dimensions of rings We use 10 and 13-inch (25and 33 cm) rings.		To obtain the resistance required for hoisting.			
The benefits of traditional blasting mats vs. blasting mats made of truck tires (transport mat)	<ul> <li>greater flexibility and adaptability to the terrain.</li> <li>maximal absorption of the energy released by dynamiting.</li> <li>reduced possibilities of a partial blast.</li> <li>unequalled ease in handling.</li> </ul>	To provide a safe product that not only eliminates all risk of flying debris when dynamiting, but also ensures optimal performance.			

#### Superior quality = safety

Our products are subject to rigorous quality control at every step of the manufacturing process. Carefully selected, the recovered tires that make up our blasting mats are tied together with new cables, and that translates into solidity and resistance. All the rubber pieces are perforated in order to minimize tears. This means that clients can use our blasting mats in total safety.

#### Traceability

In a process that's unique to Dynamat, blasting mats are individually numbered to allow them to be easily traced and identified wherever they are on a project involving dynamiting. Now that's an advantage that's undeniably Dynamat!

**Dynamat inc.** 100, rue de la Station Laval, Québec H7M 3H7

Printed on : July 20th 2016

Phone : 450 662-1803 Fax: 450 662-9668 Toll free : 1 800 363-8026 E-mail : <u>info@dynamat.gc.ca</u> Website : <u>http://www.dynamat.gc.ca/</u>



## TECHNICAL DATA SHEET

## TROJAN<sup>®</sup> SPARTAN<sup>®</sup>

## **Cast Booster**

Proper	ties	SDS #1108
Density Velocity	g/cc avg m/sec	1.65 7,550
	ft/s	24,800
Detonation Pressure Kbars		235
Water Resistance		6 months with no loss of sensitivity
Shelf Life Maximum		5 years from date of production
Maximum Usage Temperature*		66°C / 150°F

\*Never expose explosive materials to sources of heat exceeding 66°C (150°F) or to open flame, unless such materials or procedures for their use have been recommended for such exposure by the manufacturer.

All Dyno Nobel Inc. energy and gas volume values except Velocity and Detonation Pressure are calculated using PRODET<sup>™</sup> the computer code developed by Dyno Nobel Inc. for its exclusive use. Other computer codes may give different values.

Velocity and Detonation Pressure are the result of empirical methods during May 2009.

## **PRODUCT DESCRIPTION**

TROJAN SPARTAN cast boosters are detonator sensitive,

high density, high energy molecular explosives available in various sizes designed to optimize initiation of all booster sensitive explosives. All TROJAN SPARTAN boosters are manufactured with an internal through-tunnel and detonator well for easy application with either electric, electronic or nonelectric detonators or 10.6 g/m (50 gr/ft) minimum strength detonating cord.



TROJAN SPARTAN boosters are formulated from the highest quality PETN and other high explosive materials ensuring reliability, consistency and durability in all blasting environments. The fluorescent green container and clear printing makes the TROJAN SPARTAN booster more visible on the blast site (as well as in low light situations) and reduces the possibility of misplaced charges. The redesigned Caplock<sup>™</sup> holds the detonator in place more securely and makes it more difficult for the detonator to be pulled out of the capwell position while it is being lowered into the borehole.

## **APPLICATION RECOMMENDATIONS**

• NEVER force the detonator into the through-tunnel, the detonator-well or otherwise attempt to clear these areas if obstructed. If the through-tunnel or detonator-well does not accommodate the detonator, do not use the booster. Notify your Dyno Nobel representative.





## TECHNICAL DATA SHEET

## TROJAN® SPARTAN®

## **Cast Booster**

## **Properties Cont.**

## Packaging

Unit V	Veight	Unit Dimensions				Case	Gr Weigh	oss t/Case
g	oz	Len	gth	Diam	neter	Quantity	kg	lbs
0		cm	in	cm	in		Ū	
90*	3.2	11.9	4.7	2.7	1.1	150	14.0	30.9
150	5.5	11.9	4.7	3.6	1.4	95	15.0	33.1
200	7	11.7	4.6	4.1	1.6	72	15.6	34.4
350	12	11.9	4.7	5.0	2.0	49	17.6	38.9
400	14	11.9	4.7	5.5	2.2	40	16.8	37.0
450	16	11.9	4.7	5.8	2.3	36	17.4	38.3
900*	32	12.9	5.1	7.9	3.1	18	17.8	39.2

- \* The Caplock feature is not available on these boosters because the shells are made of cardboard instead of plastic.
- Note: All weights and dimensions are approximate.

## **Case Dimensions**

42 x 33 x 14 cm

16 ½ x 13 x 5 ½ in

#### S BOOSA S C BOOS

## **APPLICATION RECOMMENDATIONS** - continued

- ALWAYS use detonating cord with a coreload of 10.6 g/m (50 gr/ft) or higher when initiating the TROJAN SPARTAN booster with detonating cord.
- Minimum detonator is No. 8 strength for temperatures above -40° C (-40° F). A high strength detonator is recommended for temperatures below -40° C (-40° F).
- Extremely low temperatures do not affect the performance of cast boosters with commercial detonators. Low temperatures do affect detonators and detonating cord. Be certain your initiation system is suitable for your application in extremely low temperatures. Cast boosters are more susceptible to breakage during handling in extremely cold temperatures.

## TRANSPORTATION, STORAGE AND HANDLING

- Dyno Nobel cast boosters must be transported, stored, handled and used in conformity with all federal, state, provincial and local laws and regulations.
- For maximum shelf life (5 years), Dyno Nobel cast boosters must be stored in a cool, dry, well ventilated magazine. Explosive inventory should be rotated. Avoid using new materials before the old.

## ADDITIONAL INFORMATION - Visit <u>dynonobel.com</u> for Brochures and Case Studies related to this product.

**Product Disclaimer:** Dyno Nobel Inc. and its subsidiaries disclaim any warranties with respect to this product, the safety or suitability thereof, or the results to be obtained, whether express or implied, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION, ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE AND/OR OTHER WARRANTY. Buyers and users assume all risk, responsibility and liability whatsoever from any and all injuries (including death), losses, or damages to persons or property arising from the use of this product. Under no circumstances shall Dyno Nobel Inc. or any of its subsidiaries be liable for special, consequential or incidental damages or for anticipated loss of profits.



## **Safety Data Sheet**

## According to: 1907/2006/EC (REACH), 1272/2008/EC (CLP), and OSHA GHS Trade Name: CAST BOOSTERS

SECTION 1 – IDENTIFICATION OF T	E SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPA	NY/UNDERTAKING			
Name, Address, and Telephone of the F	sponsible Party				
Dyno Nobel Inc.	SDS #:	: 1108			
6440 S. Millrock Drive, Suite 150	Date:	08/26/2020			
Salt Lake City, Utah 84121	Superse	des: 07/20/2020			
Phone: 801-364-4800					
Fax 801-321-6703					
E-Mail: <u>dnna.hse@am.dynonobel.com</u>					
www.dynonobel.com					
<b>1.1 Product Identifier</b> <b>Trade Name:</b> CAST BOOSTERS <b>Article Number:</b> No other identifiers					
Other Product Identifiers:					
DYNO® COF	) SENSITIVE BOOSTERS - CS35, CS45, CS90, CS135	5			
TROJAN® S					
TROJAN® S	ARTAN <sup>®</sup> Slider				
	ıger				
IROJAN <sup>®</sup> N					
TROJAN® N	UNIVERSAL				
TROJAN® T	inplex				
IROJAN <sup>®</sup> S	ARIAN <sup>®</sup> SR				
TROJAN <sup>®</sup> SPARTAN <sup>®</sup> Cone					
I ROJAN <sup>®</sup> S	ARTAN® CSU				
TROJAN <sup>®</sup> W	}				
TROJAN® S	IELD™				
<b>1.2 Relevant Identified uses of the Subs</b> No further relevant information available.	ance or Mixture and uses Advised Against				
Application of the Substance / the Mixte Explosive product. Commercial blasting applications.	e				
	<u> </u>				
1.3. Emergency Telephone Number           CHEMTREC         1-800-424-9300         (U           +01 703-527-3887         (Ir	;/Canada) ernational)				

## SECTION 2 – HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION 2.1 Classification of the Substance or Mixture Classification According to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 Classifications listed also are applicable to the OSHA GHS Hazard Communication Standard (29CFR1910.1200).

> exploding bomb

Expl. 1.1 H201 Explosive; mass explosion hazard.

Classification According to Directive 67/548/EEC or Directive 1999/45/EC

SDS# 1108 Date: 07/20/2020



Page 1 of 12

Groundbreaking Performance<sup>®</sup>

## **Safety Data Sheet**

## According to: 1907/2006/EC (REACH), 1272/2008/EC (CLP), and OSHA GHS Trade Name: CAST BOOSTERS



R2: Risk of explosion by shock, friction, fire or other sources of ignition.

Information Concerning Particular Hazards for Human and Environment: The product has to be labelled due to the calculation procedure of the "General Classification guideline for preparations of the EU" in the latest valid version. Classification System: The classification is according to the latest editions of the EU-lists and extended by company and literature data.

The classification is in accordance with the latest editions of international substances lists and is supplemented by information from technical literature and by information provided by the company.

Additional Information: There are no other hazards not otherwise classified that have been identified.

0 percent of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown toxicity.

## 2.2 Label Elements

## Labelling According to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

The product is additionally classified and labelled according to the Globally Harmonized System within the United States (GHS).

The product is classified and labelled according to the CLP regulation.

Hazard Pictograms



Signal Word	: Danger
Hazard-determining components of labelling:	: pentaerythritol tetranitrate (PETN)
	: octahydro-1,3,5,7-tetranitro-1,3,5,7-tetrazocine (HMX)
	: perhydro-1,3,5-trinitro-1,3,5-triazine (RDX)
	: 2,4,6-trinitrotoluene (TNT)
	: aluminium powder (pyrophoric)
Hazard statements	: H201 Explosive; mass explosion hazard.
Precautionary Statements	: P210 - Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.
	P250 - Do not subject to grinding/shock/friction.
	P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye
	protection/face protection.
	P373 - DO NOT fight fire when fire reaches explosives.
	P370+P380 - In case of fire: Evacuate area.
	P372 - Explosion risk in case of fire.
	P401 - Store in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
	P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with
	local/regional/national/international regulations.
Hazard Description	
WHMIS-Symbols	: Explosive products are not classified under WHMIS.
NFPA Ratings (scale 0 - 4)	: Not available.
HMIS-Ratings (scale 0 - 4)	: Not available.

SDS# 1108 Date: 07/20/2020



Groundbreaking Performance<sup>®</sup>
### According to: 1907/2006/EC (REACH), 1272/2008/EC (CLP), and OSHA GHS Trade Name: CAST BOOSTERS

HMIS Long Term Health Hazard Substances
None of the ingredients are listed.
2.3 Other Hazards
Results of PBT and vPvB Assessment
PBT

vPvB

: Not applicable.

: Not applicable.

**Explosive Product Notice:** PREVENTION OF ACCIDENTS IN THE USE OF EXPLOSIVES - The prevention of accidents in the use of explosives is a result of careful planning and observance of the best known practices. The explosives user must remember that he is dealing with a powerful force and that various devices and methods have been developed to assist him in directing this force. He should realize that this force, if misdirected, may either kill or injure both him and his fellow workers.

WARNING - All explosives are dangerous and must be carefully handled and used following approved safety procedures either by or under the direction of competent, experienced persons in accordance with all applicable federal, state, and local laws, regulations, or ordinances. If you have any questions or doubts as to how to use any explosive product, DO NOT USE IT before consulting with your supervisor, or the manufacturer, if you do not have a supervisor. If your supervisor has any questions or doubts, he should consult the manufacturer before use.

#### SECTION 3 – COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

#### 3.1 Mixtures

**Description:** Mixture of substances listed below with nonhazardous additions.

Dangerous components:	
CAS: 78-11-5	pentaerythritol tetranitrate (PETN)
EINECS: 201-084-3	
Index number: 603-035-00-5	Ounst. Expl., H200
CAS: 118-96-7	2,4,6-trinitrotoluene (TNT)
EINECS: 204-289-6	🗇 T R23/24/25; 🍄E R2; 🕸 N R51/53
Index number: 609-008-00-4	R33
	Expl. 1.1, H201
	Acute Tox. 3, H301; Acute Tox. 3, H311; Acute Tox. 3, H331
	🕸 STOT RE 2, H373
	♦ Aquatic Chronic 2, H411
CAS: 7429-90-5	aluminum metal
	🚸 F R15
	🚸 Water-react. 1, H260
CAS: 121-82-4	perhydro-1,3,5-trinitro-1,3,5-triazine (RDX)
EINECS: 204-500-1	🔶 T R25: 📀 E R2
	©Expl. 1.1, H201
	Acute Tox. 3. H301
CAS: 2691-41-0	octahydro-1,3,5,7-tetranitro-1,3,5,7-tetrazocine (HMX)
EINECS: 220-260-0	🔶 T R24; 🌮 Xn R22; 📀 E R2
	Expl. 1.1, H201
	🧇 Acute Tox. 3, H301; Acute Tox. 3, H311

**Additional Information:** For the wording of the listed risk phrases refer to section 16. For the listed ingredients, the identity and exact percentages are being withheld as a trade secret.

SDS# 1108 Date: 07/20/2020



Page 3 of 12

### According to: 1907/2006/EC (REACH), 1272/2008/EC (CLP), and OSHA GHS

Trade Name: CAST BOOSTERS

#### **SECTION 4 – FIRST AID MEASURES**

4.1 Description of First Aid Measures

General Information: No special measures required.

After Inhalation: Supply fresh air; consult doctor in case of complaints.

After Skin Contact: Generally the product does not irritate the skin.

Wash with soap and water.

If skin irritation is experienced, consult a doctor.

After Eye Contact: Remove contact lenses if worn.

Rinse opened eye for several minutes under running water. If symptoms persist, consult a doctor.

After Swallowing: Do not induce vomiting; call for medical help immediately.

4.2 Most Important Symptoms and Effects, Both Acute and Delayed

Blast injury if mishandled.

Hazards: Danger of blast or crush-type injuries.

4.3 Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

Product may produce physical injury if mishandled. Treatment of these injuries should be based on the blast and compression effects.

#### **SECTION 5 – FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

#### 5.1 Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Agents: DO NOT fight fire when fire reaches explosives.

For Safety Reasons Unsuitable Extinguishing Agents: None.

#### 5.2 Special Hazards Arising from the Substance or Mixture

DO NOT ATTEMPT TO FIGHT FIRES INVOLVING EXPLOSIVE MATERIALS. Evacuate all personnel to a predetermined safe location, no less than 2,500 feet in all directions. Can explode or detonate under fire conditions. Burning material may produce toxic vapors. It is recommended that users of explosives material be familiar with the Institute of Makers of Explosives Safety Library publications.

Explosive; mass explosion hazard.

#### 5.3 Advice for Firefighters

Protective Equipment: Wear self-contained respiratory protective device.

Wear fully protective suit.

#### Additional Information

Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Flammability Classification: (defined by 29 CFR 1910.1200) Explosive. Can explode under fire conditions. Individual devices will randomly explode. Mass explosion of multiple devices is possible under certain conditions. Burning material may produce toxic and irritating vapors. In unusual cases, shrapnel may be thrown from exploding devices under containment. See 2012 Emergency response Guidebook for further information.

#### SECTION 6 – ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

Evacuate area.

Wear protective clothing.

Ensure adequate ventilation.

Keep away from ignition sources.

Protect from heat.

Isolate area and prevent access.

**6.2 Environmental Precautions** 

No special measures required.

6.3 Methods and Material for Containment and Cleaning Up

Pick up mechanically.

Send for recovery or disposal in suitable receptacles.

Dispose unusable material as waste according to item 13.

SDS# 1108 Date: 07/20/2020



Page 4 of 12

### According to: 1907/2006/EC (REACH), 1272/2008/EC (CLP), and OSHA GHS Trade Name: CAST BOOSTERS

#### 6.4 Reference to Other Sections

See Section 7 for information on safe handling. See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment. See Section 13 for disposal information.

#### **SECTION 7 – HANDLING AND STORAGE**

7.1 Precautions for Safe Handling

Open and handle receptacle with care.

Handle with care. Avoid jolting, friction and impact.

Use only in well ventilated areas.

Do not subject to grinding/shock/friction.

**Information About Fire - and Explosion Protection:** Keep ignition sources away - Do not smoke. Protect from heat. Prevent impact and friction. Emergency cooling must be available in case of nearby fire.

7.2 Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities Storage:

Requirements to be Met by Storerooms and Receptacles: Store in a cool location.

Avoid storage near extreme heat, ignition sources or open flame.

Information About Storage in One Common Storage Facility: Store away from foodstuffs.

Store away from oxidising agents.

**Further Information About Storage Conditions:** Store under lock and key and with access restricted to technical experts or their assistants only.

Keep away from heat.

7.3 Specific End Use(s): No further relevant information available.

#### SECTION 8 – EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Additional Information About Design of Technical Facilities: No further data; see item 7.

**8.1 Control Parameters** 

Ingredients with Limit Values that Requi	re Monitoring at the Workplace:	
118-96-7 2,4,6-trinitrotoluene (TNT)		
PEL (USA)	Long-term value: 1,5 mg/m³	
	Skin	
REL (USA)	Long-term value: 0,5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	Skin	
TLV (USA)	Long-term value: 0,1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	Skin; BEI-M	
EL (Canada)	Long-term value: 0,1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	Skin	
EV (Canada)	Short-term value: 0,2 mg/m³, 0,02 ppm	
	Long-term value: 0,1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , 0,01 ppm	
	Skin	
7429-90-5 aluminum metal		
PEL (USA)	Long-term value: 15*; 15** mg/m³	
	*Total dust; ** Respirable fraction	
REL (USA)	Long-term value: 10* 5** mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	as Al*Total dust**Respirable/pyro powd./welding f.	
TLV (USA)	Long-term value: 1* mg/m³	
	as Al; *as respirable fraction	
EL (Canada)	Long-term value: 1,0 mg/m³	
	respirable, as Al	
SDS# 1108 Date: 07/20/2020	DYNO	Page 5 of 12

**Dyno Nobel** 

### According to: 1907/2006/EC (REACH), 1272/2008/EC (CLP), and OSHA GHS Trade Name: CAST BOOSTERS

EV (Canada)	Long-term value: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		
	aluminium-containing (as aluminium)		
121-82-4 perhydro-1,3,5-trinitro-1,3,5-triaz	zine (RDX)		
REL (USA)	Short-term value: 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		
	Skin		
TLV (USA)	Long-term value: 0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		
	Skin		
EL (Canada)	Long-term value: 0,5 mg/m³ Skin		
EV (Canada)	Long-term value: 0,5 mg/m³ Skin		
<b>DNELS:</b> No further relevant information availa	able		
<b>PNECs:</b> No further relevant information available	able.		
Ingredients with biological limit values:			
118-96-7 2,4,6-trinitrotoluene (TNT)			
BEI (USA)	1,5 % of hemoglobin		
	Medium: blood		
	Time: during or end of shift		
	Parameter: Methemoglobin (background, nonspecific, semi-quantitative)		
Additional Information: The lists valid during	g the making were used as basis.		
8.2 Exposure Controls			
Personal Protective Equipment:	The your proputioners management at the adhered to when handling		
chemicals	. The usual precautionally measures are to be adhered to when handling		
Keep ignition sources away - Do not smoke.			
Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and fe	eed.		
Wash hands before breaks and at the end of	work.		
Respiratory Protection: Not required under	normal conditions of use.		
Respiratory protection may be required after	product use.		
<b>Protection of Hands:</b> wear gloves for the protection against mechanical hazards according to NIUSH or EN 388.			
Selection of the glove material on consideration	on of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and the degradation.		
Material of Gloves: The selection of the suita	able gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further		
marks of quality and varies from manufacture	r to manufacturer. As the product is a preparation of several		
substances, the resistance of the glove mater	rial cannot be calculated in advance and has therefore to be checked		
prior to the application.	and the set the second the second has been a set the second second second set the		
Penetration Time of Glove Material: The	exact break through time must be found out by the manufacturer of the		
Eve Protection:			
Safety glasses			
Face protection			
Body Protection: Impervious protective cloth	ning		
Limitation and Supervision of Exposure in	to the Environment: No further relevant information available.		
Risk Management Measures: Organizational measures should be in place for all activities involving this product.			

SDS# 1108 Date: 07/20/2020



Page 6 of 12

### According to: 1907/2006/EC (REACH), 1272/2008/EC (CLP), and OSHA GHS Trade Name: CAST BOOSTERS

<b>SECTION 9 – PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL</b>	. P	ROPERTIES
9.1 Information on Basic Physical and Chemi	ica	I Properties
General Information		
Appearance		
Form	:	Solid material
Colour	:	According to product specification
Odour	:	Odourless
Odour Threshold	:	Not determined.
pH- Value	:	Not applicable.
Change in Condition		
Melting point/Melting range	:	80 °C (176 °F) (trinitrotoluene)
Boiling point/Boiling range	:	Undetermined.
Flash Point	:	Not applicable.
Flammability (solid, gaseous)	:	Explosive; mass explosion hazard.
Auto/Self-ignition temperature	:	Not determined.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not determined.
Self-igniting	:	Product is not self-igniting.
Danger of explosion	:	Risk of explosion by shock, friction, fire or other sources of ignition.
Explosion limits		
Lower	:	Not determined.
Upper	:	Not determined.
Vapour pressure	:	Not applicable.
Density at 20 °C (68 °F)	:	1,55 - 1,65 g/cm³ (12,935 - 13,769 lbs/gal)
Relative density	:	Not determined.
Vapour density	:	Not applicable.
Evaporation rate	:	Not applicable.
Solubility in / Miscibility with water	:	Variable, dependent upon product composition and packaging.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	:	Not determined.
Viscosity		
Dynamic	:	Not applicable.
Kinematic	:	Not applicable.
9.2 Other Information	:	No further relevant information available.

#### SECTION 10 – STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity:

10.2 Chemical Stability:

**Thermal Decomposition / Conditions to be Avoided:** No decomposition if used and stored according to specifications. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.

**10.3 Possibility of Hazardous Reactions:** Danger of explosion. Toxic fumes may be released if heated above the decomposition point.

10.4 Conditions to Avoid: Keep ignition sources away - Do not smoke.

**10.5 Incompatible Materials:** No further relevant information available.

**10.6 Hazardous Decomposition Products:** Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide

Nitrogen oxides Hydrocarbons.



### According to: 1907/2006/EC (REACH), 1272/2008/EC (CLP), and OSHA GHS Trade Name: CAST BOOSTERS

#### SECTION 11 – TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects:

Acute toxicity:

LD/LC50 values relevant for classification: None.

Primary irritant effect:

**On the Skin:** Not a skin irritant in unused form. Vapors/particles from used product are possibly irritating to skin. **On the Eye:** Not an eye irritant in unused form. Vapors/particles from used product are possibly irritating to eyes. **Sensitisation:** No sensitising effects known.

Subacute to Chronic Toxicity: No further relevant information available.

Acute Effects (Acute Toxicity, Irritation and Corrosivity): Danger of blast or crush-type injuries.

**Repeated Dose Toxicity:** No further relevant information available.

#### SECTION 12 – ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

Aquatic Toxicity: Toxic for aquatic organisms

**12.2 Persistence and Degradability:** No further relevant information available.

**12.3 Bioaccumulative Potential:** No further relevant information available.

12.4 Mobility in Soil: No further relevant information available.

**Ecotoxical effects:** 

Remark: Toxic for fish

Additional Ecological Information:

**General Notes:** Water hazard class 3 (German Regulation) (Self-assessment): extremely hazardous for water Do not allow product to reach ground water, water course or sewage system, even in small quantities.

Danger to drinking water if even extremely small quantities leak into the ground.

Also poisonous for fish and plankton in water bodies.

Toxic for aquatic organisms

Due to available data on eliminability/decomposition and bioaccumulation potential prolonged term damage of the environment cannot be excluded.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB Assessment PBT: Not applicable.

vPvB: Not applicable.

**12.6 Other Adverse Effects:** No further relevant information available.

#### SECTION 13 – DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

#### 13.1 Waste Treatment Methods:

**Recommendation:** Must not be disposed together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage system. Damaged materials pose a danger to anyone in the immediate area; consult experts for disposal of damaged products.

The user of this material has the responsibility to dispose of unused material, residues and containers in compliance with all relevant local, state and federal laws and regulations regarding treatment, storage and disposal for hazardous and nonhazardous wastes. Residual materials should be treated as hazardous.

#### Uncleaned Packaging:

**Recommendation:** Disposal must be made according to official regulations.

#### **SECTION 14 – TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

14.1 UN-Number DOT, ADR, IMDG IATA

: UN0042 : FORBIDDEN

SDS# 1108 Date: 07/20/2020



Page 8 of 12

### According to: 1907/2006/EC (REACH), 1272/2008/EC (CLP), and OSHA GHS Trade Name: CAST BOOSTERS

14.2 UN Proper Shipping Na	me
DOT, IMDG	: Boosters, without detonator
ADR	: 0042, BOOSTERS, WITHOUT DETONATOR
ΙΑΤΑ	: FORBIDDEN
14.3 Transport Hazard Class	(es)
DOT. ADR. IMDG	
Class	: 1.1
Label	: 11D
1474	
Class	: FORBIDDEN
14.4 Packing Group	
DOT, ADR, IMDG	:
ΙΑΤΑ	: FORBIDDEN
14.5 Environmental Hazards	
Marine Pollutant:	: No
Special Marking (IATA):	: Prohibited from Transport in Passenger Aircraft.
14.6 Special Precautions for	User: Not applicable.
EMS Number:	: F-B,S-X
14.7 Transport in Bulk Account	rding to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code: Not applicable.
Transport/Additional information	ation:
ADR	
Limited quantities (LQ)	: 0
Excepted quantities (EQ)	Code: E0
(,	Not permitted as Excepted Quantity
Tunnel restriction code	1
IMDG	
Limited Quantities (LQ)	· 0
Excepted Quantities (EQ)	: Code: F0
Excepted Quantities (EQ)	Not permitted as Excepted Quantity
ΙΛΤΛ	
IN "Model Pequilation"	
	. UNUU42, BOOSTERS, WITHOUT DETUNATOR, 1.1D, II

#### SECTION 15 – REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, Health and Environmental Regulations/Legislation Specific for the Substance or Mixture United States (USA)

SARA
Section 355 (Extremely Hazardous Substances)
None of the ingredients are listed.
Section 313 (Specific Toxic Chemical Listings)
7429-90-5 aluminum metal
TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act)
All ingredients are listed.
Proposition 65 (California)
Chemicals known to cause cancer
118-96-7 2,4,6-trinitrotoluene (TNT)
Chemicals known to cause reproductive toxicity for females
None of the ingredients are listed.
Chemicals known to cause reproductive toxicity for males

SDS# 1108 Date: 07/20/2020



Page 9 of 12

### According to: 1907/2006/EC (REACH), 1272/2008/EC (CLP), and OSHA GHS Trade Name: CAST BOOSTERS

None of the ingredients are listed		
Chomicals known to cause (	lovelenmental toxicity	
None of the ingradients are listed		
Caroinagonia Catagorias		
EDA (Environmentel Drotect	ion Agonov)	
EPA (Environmental Protect	ION Agency)	
118-96-7	2,4,6-trinitrotoluene (INI)	
121-82-4	pernyaro-1,3,5-trinitro-1,3,5-triazine (RDX)	
	octanydro-1,3,5,7-tetranitro-1,3,5,7-tetrazocine (HMX)	D
IARC (International Agency		
118-96-7	2,4,6-trinitrotoluene (INI)	3
TLV (Threshold Limit Value	established by ACGIH)	
7429-90-5	aluminum metal	A4
121-82-4	perhydro-1,3,5-trinitro-1,3,5-triazine (RDX)	A4
NIOSH-Ca (National Institute	e for Occupational Safety and Health)	
None of the ingredients are listed.		
Canada		
Canadian Domestic Substances Lis	t (DSL)	
All ingredients are listed.		
Canadian Ingredient Disclos	sure list (limit 0.1%)	
None of the ingredients are listed.		
Canadian Ingredient Disclos	ure list (limit 1%)	
118-96-7 2,4,6-trinitrotoluene (TNT)		
7429-90-5 aluminum metal		
Other regulations, limitations and p	rohibitive regulations	
This product has been classified in acc	cordance with hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Reg	ulations and the
SDS contains all the information require	red by the Controlled Products Regulations.	
Substances of very high concern (S	WHC) according to REACH, Article 57	
None of the ingredients are listed.		
15.2 Chemical safety assessment: A	Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out	

#### SECTION 16 – OTHER INFORMATION

Revision Date : 22/05/2015

Other Information :

**Relevant Phrases** 

- H200 Unstable explosives.
- H201 Explosive; mass explosion hazard.
- H260 In contact with water releases flammable gases which may ignite spontaneously.
- H301 Toxic if swallowed.
- H311 Toxic in contact with skin.
- H331 Toxic if inhaled.
- H315 Causes skin irritation.
- H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
- H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
- R15 Contact with water liberates extremely flammable gases.
- R2 Risk of explosion by shock, friction, fire or other sources of ignition.
- R22 Harmful if swallowed.

SDS# 1108 Date: 07/20/2020



### According to: 1907/2006/EC (REACH), 1272/2008/EC (CLP), and OSHA GHS Trade Name: CAST BOOSTERS

- R23/24/25 Toxic by inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed.
- R24 Toxic in contact with skin.
- R25 Toxic if swallowed.
- R3 Extreme risk of explosion by shock, friction, fire or other sources of ignition.
- R33 Danger of cumulative effects.
- R51/53 Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

#### Abbreviations and acronyms:

- ADR: Accord européen sur le transport des marchandises dangereuses par Route (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods
- DOT: US Department of Transportation
- IATA: International Air Transport Association
- GHS: Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
- ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
- EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
- ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances
- CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)
- NFPA: National Fire Protection Association (USA)
- HMIS: Hazardous Materials Identification System (USA)
- WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (Canada)
- DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level (REACH)
- PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration (REACH)
- LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent
- LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent
- Expl. 1.1: Explosives, Division 1.1
- Unst. Expl.: Explosives, Unstable explosives
- Water-react. 1: Substances and Mixtures which, in contact with water, emit flammable gases, Hazard Category 1
- Acute Tox. 3: Acute toxicity, Hazard Category 3
- STOT RE 2: Specific target organ toxicity Repeated exposure, Hazard Category 2
- Aquatic Chronic 2: Hazardous to the aquatic environment Chronic Hazard, Category 2

#### Sources

SDS Prepared by: ChemTel Inc. 1305 North Florida Avenue Tampa, Florida USA 33602-2902 Toll Free North America 1-888-255-3924 Intl. +01 813-248-0573 Website: www.chemtelinc.com **Party Responsible for the Preparation of This Document** Dyno Nobel Inc. 6440 S. Millrock Drive, Suite 150 Salt Lake City, Utah 84121 Phone: 801-364-4800

SDS# 1108 Date: 07/20/2020



Page 11 of 12

### According to: 1907/2006/EC (REACH), 1272/2008/EC (CLP), and OSHA GHS Trade Name: CAST BOOSTERS

#### Disclaimer

Dyno Nobel Inc. and its subsidiaries disclaim any warranties with respect to this product, the safety or suitability thereof, the information contained herein, or the results to be obtained, whether express or implied, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION, ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE AND/OR OTHER WARRANTY. The information contained herein is provided for reference purposes only and is intended only for persons having relevant technical skills. Because conditions and manner of use are outside of our control, the user is responsible for determining the conditions of safe use of the product. Buyers and users assume all risk, responsibility and liability whatsoever from any and all injuries (including death), losses, or damages to persons or property arising from the use of this product or information. Under no circumstances shall either Dyno Nobel Inc. or any of its subsidiaries be liable for special, consequential or incidental damages or for anticipated loss of profits.

Dyno Nobel SDS





Page 12 of 12

### **BLASTEX**®

Small & Large Diameter Booster Sensitive Emulsion

Prope	erties		SDS #1063
		BLASTEX	BLASTEX PLUS
Density	(g/cc) Avg	1.26	1.26
Energy <sup>a</sup>	(cal/g)	740	800
	(cal/cc)	930	1,010
Relative V	Veight Strength <sup>a</sup>	0.84	0.91
Relative E	Bulk Strength <sup>a,b</sup>	1.29	1.40
<b>Velocity</b> <sup>c</sup>	(m/s)	5,000	4,900
	(ft/s)	16,400	16,100
Detonatio	on Pressure <sup>c</sup> (Kbars)	79	76
Gas Volu	<b>ne</b> ª (moles/kg)	44	39
Fume Cla	SS	IME1 & NRCand	IME1
Shelf Life	Maximum	1 year from da	te of production
Maximum	Water Depth	45 m (	150 ft)
Water Re	sistance	Exce	ellent

<sup>a</sup> All Dyno Nobel Inc. energy and gas volume values are calculated using PRODET™ the computer code developed by Dyno Nobel Inc. for its exclusive use. Other computer codes may give different values.

- <sup>b</sup> ANFO = 1.00 @ 0.82 g/cc
- ° Unconfined @ 75 mm (3 in) diameter
- <sup>d</sup> Approved by Natural Resources Canada as Fume Class 1 in:
   \*valeron chub 50 mm (2 in) diameter and greater
   \*shot bag 125 mm (5 in) diameter and greater

#### **Hazardous Shipping Description**

Explosive, Blasting, Type E, 1.5D, UN 0332 II



#### PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

BLASTEX is a booster sensitive, water resistant, packaged

emulsion explosive designed to satisfy a majority of medium diameter explosive applications for quarry and construction blasting. It is a cost effective alternative to most detonator sensitive, water resistant, packaged emulsion explosives. BLASTEX is available in two grades with increasing energy level for each.



#### **APPLICATION RECOMMENDATIONS**

- Package diameter and type affect product density. Use cartridge count to determine actual explosive charge weight.
- Ensure continuous column loading. For column lengths in excess of 6 m (20 ft) or whenever column separation is suspected, multiple priming is recommended.
- Emulsion explosives are susceptible to "dynamic shock" and may detonate at low order or fail completely when applied in very wet conditions, where explosive charges or decks are closely spaced and/or where geological conditions promote this effect. Consult your Dyno Nobel representative for alternate product recommendations when these conditions exist.
- ALWAYS use a cast booster as a primer for BLASTEX to ensure maximum performance.
- ALWAYS use a 340 g (12 oz) or larger cast booster at internal product temperatures higher than -18° C (0° F). At internal product temperatures below -18° C (0° F) and higher than -34° C (-30° F) use a 454 g (16 oz) or larger cast booster.
- NEVER use BLASTEX at internal product temperatures below -34° C (-30° F). At internal product temperatures below -34° C (-30° F), adequate product warm-up time must be allowed after loading into boreholes and before initiation.
- Use with detonating cord is not recommended.

#### Product Disclaimer: Please see reverse side.

### **BLASTEX**®

Small & Large Diameter Booster Sensitive Emulsion

#### **Properties Cont.**

#### Packaging, Chub

Diameter x Length		Blastex	Blastex	Case	Net Ex Wei	plosive ght*	Net Ex Weight	plosive / Chub
mm	in		Flus	QLY	kg	lbs	kg	lbs
50 x 400	2 x 16	•	•	18	18.0	40	1.00	2.20
57 x 400	2¼ x 16	•	•	14	17.7	39	1.26	2.78
65 x 400	2½ x 16	•	•	12	18.1	40	1.51	3.33
70 x 400	2¾ x 16	•	•	9	17.3	38	1.92	4.23
75 x 400	3 x 16	•	•	8	18.2	40	2.27	5.00
89 x 400	3½ x 16	•	•	6	16.7	37	2.77	6.11

#### Packaging, Shot Bag

Bag Dia	ameter	Bag W	eight	Tote Bag
mm	in	kg	lbs	Quantity
125	5	11.3	25	40

#### TRANSPORTATION, STORAGE AND HANDLING

- BLASTEX and BLASTEX PLUS must be transported, stored, handled and used in conformity with all applicable federal, state, provincial and local laws and regulations.
- Packaged emulsions have a shelf life of one (1) year when stored at temperatures between -18° C and 38° C (0° F and 100° F). Explosive inventory should be rotated. Avoid using new materials before the old. For recommended good practices in transporting, storing, handling and using this product, see the booklet "Prevention of Accidents in the Use of Explosive Materials" packed inside each case ad the Safety Library Publications of the Institute of Makers of Explosives.

#### PACKAGING DETAILS

- Package diameter and type affect product density. Use cartridge count to determine actual explosive charge weight.
- All weights are approximate.
- BLASTEX and BLASTEX PLUS are available in a wide variety of sizes. Custom sizes are subject to surcharge and may require longer than usual lead times.
- Check with your Dyno Nobel representative should you have any questions. \*Add two pounds for Gross Case Weight

#### **Tote Bag Dimensions**

84 x 84 x 94 cm

33 x 33 x 37 in

#### **Case Dimensions**

44 x 35 x 20 cm

17.25 x 13.875 x 7.875 in

#### ADDITIONAL INFORMATION – Visit <u>dynonobel.com</u> for Brochures and Case Studies related to this product.

**Product Disclaimer:** Dyno Nobel Inc. and its subsidiaries disclaim any warranties with respect to this product, the safety or suitability thereof, or the results to be obtained, whether express or implied, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION, ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE AND/OR OTHER WARRANTY. Buyers and users assume all risk, responsibility and liability whatsoever from any and all injuries (including death), losses, or damages to persons or property arising from the use of this product. Under no circumstances shall Dyno Nobel Inc. or any of its subsidiaries be liable for special, consequential or incidental damages or for anticipated loss of profits.





SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION		
Name Address and Telephone of the l	Posponsible Party	
Name, Address, and Telephone of the P	tesponsible Party	SDS #- 4062
6440 S. Millrock Drive, Suite 150		505 #: 1003 Data: 07/20/2020
Solt Lake City, Liteb 84121		Date: 0//20/2020 Supersedes: 10/12/2018
Bhana: 901 264 4900 Eax 901 221 6702		Superseues. 10/12/2010
E Mail: dana hao @am dynanabol com	www.dwnonobol.com	
Product Identifier	ww.uynonobei.com	
Product Identifier		
Product Form. Mixture	asivos	
Trade Name(s):	551765	
Synonyme:		
BLASTEX® PLUS		
BLASTEX® TX		
BEAGTER TR		
Other Means of Identification		
Product Class: Emulsion Explosives, Page	kaged	
Intended Use of the Product:	-	
Industrial blasting applications		
Emergency Telephone Number		
FOR 24 HOUR EMERGENCY, CALL CI	IEMTREC (USA) 800-424-	9300
C	ANUTEC (CANADA) 613-996-	6666
SECTION 2 – HAZARD(S) IDENTIFIC	CATION	
Classification of the Substance or Mixt	ure	
Classification (GHS-US)		
Expl. 1.5	H205	
Label Elements		
GHS-US Labeling	•	
Hazard Pictograms (GHS-US)		
	GHS07	
	Deserve	
Signal Word (GHS-US)	: Danger	. <b>6</b>
Hazard Statements (GHS-US)	: H205 – May mass explode II	n fire
Precautionary Statements (GHS-US)	: P210 - Keep away from heat	t, hot surfaces, open flames, sparks No
	smoking	
	P264 - Wash exposed areas	s. thoroughly after handling
	P280 - wear protective glove	es/protective clothing/eye protection/face
		(EQ: Diseas continuely with water for coveral
	P305+P351+P336 - IF IN E1	rES. Rinse caulously with water for several
	D272 DO NOT fight fire wh	as fire reaches explasives
	P373 - DO NOT light life with	
	P272 Explosion rick in case	Evaluate alea
	PAD1 Store as defined in the	UTINE he Explosives Act of Canada and the provisions
	of the Bureau of Alashel Tal	he capitolives Act of Caliada and the provisions
	OF THE DUIEAU OF AICONOI, 101	Dacco and Filearn's regulations contained in 27
I	UFN Pail 000.	
SDS# 1063 Data: 07/20/2020		Dama 4 - 4 0
303# 1003 Date. 0//20/2020		raye 1 of 8

P501 - Dispose of contents/container according to local, regional, national, and international regulations

#### **Other Hazards**

Hazards Not Otherwise Classified (HNOC): Not available Other Hazards: None

#### SECTION 3 - COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Mixture

Name	Product identifier	% (w/w)	Ingredient Classification (GHS-US)
Ammonium nitrate	(CAS No) 6484-52-2	65 - 85	Ox. Sol. 3, H272
			Eye Irrit. 2A, H319
Sodium nitrate	(CAS No) 7631-99-4	0.1 – 10	Ox. Sol. 3, H272
			Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302
			Eye Irrit. 2A, H319
Aluminum	(CAS No) 7429-90-5	0.1 - 3	Comb. Dust, H232
			Flam. Sol. 1, H228
			Water-react. 2, H261
Mineral Oil	(CAS No) 64742-54-7	0 – 2	Asp. Tox. 1, H304
Wax (paraffin)	(CAS No) 8002-72-2	0.0 – 2.2	Not Classified

Ingredients, other than those mentioned above, as used in this product are not hazardous as defined under current Department of Labor regulations or are present in deminimus concentrations (less than 0.1% for carcinogens, less than 1.0% for other hazardous materials).

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

#### **SECTION 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES**

#### **Description of First Aid Measures**

This is a packaged product that will not result in exposure to the contents under normal conditions of use. In the event of contact, administer first aid appropriate for symptoms present.

**General:** Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If exposed or concerned, seek medical advice and attention.

**Inhalation:** Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Obtain medical attention if breathing difficulty persists.

**Skin Contact:** Remove contaminated clothing. Gently wash with plenty of soap and water followed by rinsing with water for at least 15 minutes. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

**Eye Contact:** Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Obtain medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

Ingestion: Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

#### Most Important Symptoms and Effects Both Acute and Delayed

General: Avoid ingestion, contact with eyes or skin.

Inhalation: May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin Contact: May cause skin irritation.

Eye Contact: May cause serious eye irritation.

Ingestion: Seek medical attention.

Chronic Symptoms: None expected under normal conditions of use.

Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention.

#### SECTION 5 - FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

**Extinguishing Media** 

Suitable Extinguishing Media: DO NOT ATTEMPT TO FIGHT FIRES INVOLVING EXPLOSIVE MATERIALS. Evacuate

SDS# 1063 Date: 07/20/2020



Page 2 of 8

all personnel to a predetermined safe location, no less than 2,500 feet in all directions. Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: DO NOT FIGHT FIRES INVOLVING EXPLOSIVE MATERIALS Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture

**Fire Hazard:** Can explode or detonate under fire conditions. Burning material may produce toxic vapors. **Explosion Hazard:** This product is an explosive with mass detonation hazard. Heating may cause an explosion. **Reactivity:** Stable under normal conditions, may explode when subjected to fire, supersonic shock or high-energy projectile impact, especially when confined or in a large quantity.

#### Advice for Firefighters

**Firefighting Instructions:** DO NOT ATTEMPT TO FIGHT FIRES INVOLVING EXPLOSIVE MATERIALS. Evacuate all personnel to a predetermined safe location, no less than 2,500 feet in all directions. Guard against re-entry. **Protection During Firefighting:** See above

**Hazardous Combustion Products**: Nitrogen Oxides (NOx), Carbon Monoxide (CO). Ammonia. **Reference to Other Sections**: Refer to section 9 for flammability properties.

#### **SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

**General Measures:** Avoid all contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking. Eliminate every possible source of ignition.

#### For Non-Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protection equipment (PPE).

Emergency Procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

#### For Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protection equipment (PPE).

Emergency Procedures: Eliminate ignition sources. Ventilate area.

#### **Environmental Precautions**

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters.

#### Methods and Material for Containment and Cleaning Up

**Methods for Cleaning Up:** Protect from all ignition sources. If no fire danger is present, and product is undamaged and/or uncontaminated, pick up or sweep up and repackage product in original packaging or other clean DOT approved container. Ensure that a complete account of product has been made and is verified. Follow applicable Federal, State, and local spill reporting requirements.

#### **Reference to Other Sections**

See heading 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection. Concerning disposal elimination after cleaning, see section 13.

#### SECTION 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### **Precautions for Safe Handling**

This is a packaged product that will not result in exposure to the contents under normal conditions of use.

Additional Hazards When Processed: This product is an explosive and should only be used under the supervision of trained and licensed personnel. Use accepted safe industry practices when handling and using explosive materials. Unintended detonation of explosives or explosive devices can cause serious injury or death.

**Hygiene Measures:** Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking, or smoking and again when leaving work. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

#### Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities

**Technical Measures:** Store as defined in the Explosives Act of Canada and the provisions of the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms regulations contained in 27 CFR Part 555.

**Storage Conditions:** Store in cool, dry, well-ventialated location. Store in compliance with Federal, State and local regulations. Keep away from heat, flame, ignition sources and strong shock. Do NOT store explosives in a detonator magazine or detonators in an explosive magazine. Keep containers closed. Explosives should be kept well away from initiating explosives; protected from physical damage; separated from oxidizing materials, combustibles, and sources of

SDS# 1063 Date: 07/20/2020



Page 3 of 8

heat. Isolate from incompatibles. **Incompatible Materials:** Corrosives (strong acids and strong bases or alkalis) <u>Specific End Use(s)</u> For industrial blasting applications.

#### SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION Control Parameters

		Occupational Exposure Limits			
Ingredients:	Product identifier:	ACGIH TLV-TWA	OSHA PEL-TWA		
Ammonium nitrate	(CAS No) 6484-52-2	None	None		
Sodium nitrate	(CAS No) 7631-99-4	None	None		
Aluminum	(CAS No) 7429-90-5	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (dust)	15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (total)		
Mineral Oil	(CAS No) 64742-54-7	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (mist)	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (mist)		
Wax (paraffin)	(CAS No) 8002-72-2	2-10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (wax fume)	None		

Ingredients, other than those mentioned above, as used in this product are not hazardous as defined under current Department of Labor regulations, or are present in deminimus concentrations (less than 0.1% for carcinogens, less than 1.0% for other hazardous materials).

#### **Exposure Controls**

**Appropriate Engineering Controls:** Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.



Personal Protective Equipment: Gloves. Protective goggles. Protective clothing.

Materials for Protective Clothing: protective clothing.

Hand Protection: Protect against incidental skin contact.

Eye Protection: Chemical goggles or safety glasses.

Skin and Body Protection: Wear suitable protective clothing.

**Respiratory Protection:** Use a NIOSH-approved respirator or self-contained breathing apparatus whenever exposure may exceed established Occupational Exposure Limits.

Environmental Exposure Controls: Do not allow the product to be released into the environment.

SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES			
Information on Basic Physical and	Chemical Properties		
Physical State	: Solid		
Appearance	: White or pink opaque semi-solid, which will appear gray if product contains aluminum. Typically paper or plastic chub packaging.		
Odor	: Faint petroleum odor		
Odor Threshold	: Not available		
рН	: Not applicable		
Evaporation Rate	: <1		
Melting Point	: Not applicable		
Freezing Point	: Not applicable		
Boiling Point	: Not applicable		
Flash Point	: Not applicable		
CDC# 4000 Data 07/00/0000			

SDS# 1063 Date: 07/20/2020



Page 4 of 8

Auto-ignition Temperature	:	Not available
Decomposition Temperature	:	Ammonium nitrate: 210 °C (410 °F)
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not applicable
Lower Flammable Limit	:	Not applicable
Upper Flammable Limit	:	Not applicable
Vapor Pressure	:	Not applicable
Relative Vapor Density at 20 °C	:	Not applicable
Relative Density	:	Not applicable
Density	:	1.20 - 1.30 g/cc
Specific Gravity	:	Not applicable
Solubility	:	Partially soluble in water
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	Not available
Viscosity	:	Not available
Explosive properties	:	Explosive; mass explosion hazard
Explosion Data – Sensitivity to Mechanical	:	Not sensitive
Impact		
Explosion Data – Sensitivity to Static	:	Not sensitive
Discharge		

#### SECTION 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**Reactivity:** Stable under normal conditions, may explode when subjected to fire, supersonic shock or high-energy projectile impact, especially when confined or in a large quantity.

Chemical Stability: Stable under normal temperature and pressure.

**Possibility of Hazardous Reactions:** Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Conditions to Avoid: Keep away from heat, flame, ignition sources and strong shock.

Incompatible Materials: Corrosives (strong acids and strong bases or alkalis).

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Nitrogen Oxides (NOx), Carbon Monoxide (CO), Ammonia

#### **SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Information on Toxicological Effects - Product Acute Toxicity: Not classified LD50 and LC50 Data: Not available Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Not classified Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: May cause eye irritation. Respiratory or Skin Sensitization: Not classified Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not classified Teratogenicity: Not classified Carcinogenicity: Not classified Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Not classified Reproductive Toxicity: Not classified Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): Not classified Aspiration Hazard: Not classified Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: May cause respiratory irritation. Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: May cause skin irritation. Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: Causes eye irritation. Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: If ingested, seek medical attention.

Information on Toxicological Effects - Ingredient(s) LD50 and LC50 Data:

Sodium nitrate (7631-99-4)

SDS# 1063 Date: 07/20/2020



Page 5 of 8

LD50 Oral Rat	> 2000 mg/kg
Ammonium nitrate (6484-52-2)	
LD50 Oral Rat	2217 mg/kg
LC50 Inhalation Rat	> 88.8 mg/l/4h

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFO	DRMATION	
Toxicity Not classified		
Sodium nitrate (7631-99-4)		
LC50 Fish 1	2000 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus [static])	
LC 50 Fish 2	994.4 - 1107 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss [static])	
Persistence and Degradability	/	
Sodium nitrate (7631-99-4)		
Persistence and Degradability	Readily biodegradable in water.	
Bioaccumulative Potential		
Sodium nitrate (7631-99-4)		
Bioaccumulative Potential	Not expected to bioaccumulate.	
Ammonium nitrate (6484-52-	-2)	
BCF fish 1	No bioaccumulation expected.	
Mobility in Soil Not available		
Other Adverse Effects		
Other Information: Avoid release to the environment.		
Toxicity Not classified		

SECTION 13 – DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Waste Disposal Recommendations:** Disposal must comply with Federal, State and local regulations. If product becomes a waste, it is potentially regulated as a hazardous waste as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR, part 261. Review disposal requirements with a person knowledgeable with applicable environmental law (RCRA) before disposing of any explosive material. **Additional Information:** None

<b>SECTION 14 - TRANSPOR</b>	RT INFORMATION
14.1 In Accordance with DO	Т
Proper Shipping Name Hazard Class	:EXPLOSIVE, BLASTING, TYPE E or Agent blasting, Type E :1.5D
Identification Number Label Codes Packing Group	: UN0332 : 1.5D : II
	ì
ERG Number	: 140
14.2 In Accordance with IMI	DG
Proper Shipping Name	: EXPLOSIVE, BLASTING, TYPE E (AGENT, BLASTING, TYPE E)
Hazard Class	: 1.5D
Identification Number	: UN0332

SDS# 1063 Date: 07/20/2020



Page 6 of 8

Label Codes EmS-No. (Fire) EmS-No. (Spillage)	: 1.5D : F-B : S-Y	1.5
14.3 In Accordance with IA Proper Shipping Name Identification Number Hazard Class Label Codes	TA : AGENT, BLASTING TYPE E : UN0332 : 1 : 1.5D	1.5
ERG Code (IATA) 14.4 In Accordance with TE Proper Shipping Name Packing Group Hazard Class Identification Number Label Codes	: 1L <b>G</b> : EXPLOSIVE, BLASTING, TYPE E : II : 1.5D : UN0332 : 1.5D	1.5

SECTION 15 - REGULA	ATORY INFORMATION		
US Federal Regulations			
Packaged Emulsion Exp	olosives		
Bureau of Alcohol Toba	Bureau of Alcohol Tobacco & Firearms (BATF)		
Department of Transpor	tation (DOT)		
Mine Safety & Health Administration (MSHA)			
Canadian Regulations			
Packaged Emulsions			
WHMIS Classification	Note: Explosives are not regulated under WHMIS. They are subject to the regulations		
of the Explosives Act of Canada.			
This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and			

SECTION 16.	OTHER INFORMATIO	TE OF PREPARATION (	OR LAST REVISION

Revision date Other Information 07/20/2020
This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.

#### GHS Full Text Phrases:

Expl. 1.5	Explosive Category 1.5
H205	May mass explode in fire

#### Party Responsible for the Preparation of This Document

the SDS contains all of the information required by CPR.

Dyno Nobel Inc. 6440 S. Millrock Drive, Suite 150 Salt Lake City, Utah 84121 Phone: 801-364-4800

SDS# 1063 Date: 07/20/2020



#### Disclaimer

Dyno Nobel Inc. and its subsidiaries disclaim any warranties with respect to this product, the safety or suitability thereof, the information contained herein, or the results to be obtained, whether express or implied, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION, ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE AND/OR OTHER WARRANTY. The information contained herein is provided for reference purposes only and is intended only for persons having relevant technical skills. Because conditions and manner of use are outside of our control, the user is responsible for determining the conditions of safe use of the product. Buyers and users assume all risk, responsibility and liability whatsoever from any and all injuries (including death), losses, or damages to persons or property arising from the use of this product or information. Under no circumstances shall either Dyno Nobel Inc. or any of its subsidiaries be liable for special, consequential or incidental damages or for anticipated loss of profits.

Dyno Nobel SDS





### NONEL<sup>®</sup> EZ DET 1.4B

#### **Nonelectric Blast Initiation System**

Propertie	S		SDS #1122
Net Explosive Co	ontent per 100 units	0.0810 0.1785	kg bs
Nominal Time msec	Nominal Time msec	Nominal Time msec	Connector Block Color
17 / 350	17 / 500	17 / 700	Yellow
25 / 350	25 / 500	25 / 700	Red
42 / 350	42 / 500	42 / 700	White
25 / 375			Red

#### Note:

This product is also available with a High Strength cap. For more information, please contact your local Dyno Nobel sales representative.

This product is only available in the US

#### Hazardous Shipping Description





#### **PRODUCT DESCRITION**

NONEL® nonelectric delay detonator EZ DET® 1.4B units

consist of a length of orange shock tube with a surface detonator attached to one end and an in-hole, High Strength, detonator on the other. The surface detonator is inside a color-coded plastic EZ<sup>™</sup> Connector block to facilitate easy connections to up to 6 shock tube leads. Easy-to-read, color-coded delay tags display the delay number and nominal firing time prominently.

NONEL EZ DET units can be easily connected to one another to satisfy basic blast design requirements in construction, mining, and quarry operations. They can also be used in combination with NONEL MS, NONEL EZTL™ and/or NONEL TD detonators to satisfy complex blast design requirements and minimize inventory of initiation system components.



#### **APPLICATION RECOMMENDATIONS**

- For detailed application recommendations, ALWAYS request a copy of Dyno Nobel's Product Manual: NONEL® and PRIMACORD® from your Dyno Nobel representative.
- ALWAYS select a NONEL EZ DET unit having more than enough tubing length to extend from the planned primer location in the borehole to the collar of the next hole.
- ALWAYS protect the plastic EZ Connector block and all shock tube leads from impact or damage during the loading and stemming operations. Use care when placing blasting mats and cover material on top of the blasting circuit. The EZ Connector block contains a detonator and is subject to detonation caused by abuse such as impact. Shock tube which has been cut, ruptured or damaged may cause misfires.
- ALWAYS be sure that the shock tube(s) are securely inserted, one at a time, into the EZ Connector block. The head of the EZ Connector block should rise to accept the shock tube and return to a closed position with an audible click.



### NONEL<sup>®</sup> EZ DET 1.4B

#### **Nonelectric Blast Initiation System**

#### **Properties Cont.**

#### Packaging

Length			Quantity/Qaas
meters	feet	Case Type	Quantity/ Case
3.5	12	D*	90
4.5	16	D*	60
7	24	D*	60
9	30	D*	40
12	40	D*	30
15	50	D*	30
18	60	D*	25
24	80	DC	40
30	100	DC	40
37	120	DC	30

• Length rounded to nearest one-half meter.

• Case weight varies by length & delay; see case label for exact weight.

\* Always shipped with 2 cases strapped together. Case dimension width doubles.

#### **Case Dimensions**

Detpak Case (DC) Detpak (D) 48 x 45 x 26 cm 18 ¾ x 17 ¾ x 10 ¾ in 44 x 22 x 25 cm 17 ½ x 8 ¾ x 10 in

# NATION SLSI

#### **APPLICATION RECOMMENDATIONS - continued**

- ALWAYS ensure that individual shock tubes remain aligned side by side in the connector channel and do not cross one over the another on insertion.
- NEVER use NONEL EZ DET units with detonating cord. The low strength surface detonator will not initiate detonating cord and may cause misfires.
- NEVER attempt to disassemble the delay detonator from the plastic EZ Connector block or use the detonator without the connector.
- NEVER place more than 6 shock tube leads into the plastic EZ Connector block. Misfires may result.
- NEVER pull, stretch, kink or put tension on shock tube such that the tube could break.
- NEVER splice NONEL EZ DET shock tube together to extend between holes.
- NEVER connect NONEL EZ DET units together until all holes have been primed, loaded and stemmed and the blast site has been cleared.

#### TRANSPORTATION, STORAGE AND HANDLING

- NONEL EZ Det must be transported, stored, handled and used in conformity with all federal, state, provincial and local laws and regulations.
- For maximum shelf life (3 years), NONEL EZ Det must be stored in a cool, dry, well ventilated magazine. Explosive inventory should be rotated. Avoid using new materials before the old. For recommended good practices in transporting, storing, handling and using this product, see the booklet "Prevention of Accidents in the Use of Explosive Materials" packed inside each case and the Safety Library Publications of the Institute of Makers of Explosives.

#### **ADDITIONAL INFORMATION –** Visit <u>dynonobel.com</u> for Brochures and Case Studies related to this product.

**Product Disclaimer:** Dyno Nobel Inc. and its subsidiaries disclaim any warranties with respect to this product, the safety or suitability thereof, or the results to be obtained, whether express or implied, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION, ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE AND/OR OTHER WARRANTY. Buyers and users assume all risk, responsibility and liability whatsoever from any and all injuries (including death), losses, or damages to persons or property arising from the use of this product. Under no circumstances shall Dyno Nobel Inc. or any of its subsidiaries be liable for special, consequential or incidental damages or for anticipated loss of profits.



### NONEL<sup>®</sup> EZTL™

#### **Nonelectric Trunkline Delay Detonators**

Properties		SDS #1122
Net Explosive Content per 100 units	0.0240 kg 0.0529 lbs	
Delay Time msec	Connector Block Color	
9	Green	
17	Yellow	
25	Red	
33	Green	
42	White	
67	Blue	
100	Black	
109	Black	

#### Hazardous Shipping Description

• Detonator assemblies nonelectric, 1.4B, UN 0361 PG II



#### **PRODUCT DESCRIPTION**

NONEL nonelectric delay detonator EZTL units consist of a

length of yellow shock tube, with a surface detonator attached to one end and the other end sealed. The detonator is housed in a plastic EZ Connector block which facilitates easy connection to shock tube. A white J-hook is affixed near the sealed end. Easyto-read, color-coded delay tags display the delay number and nominal firing time prominently.

EZTL detonators are designed for use with NONEL MS and EZ DET<sup>®</sup> units to provide effective and accurate surface timing between blast holes and/or rows of blast holes in surface and underground blasting designs.



#### **APPLICATION RECOMMENDATIONS**

- For detailed application recommendations, ALWAYS request a copy of Dyno Nobel's Product Manual: NONEL<sup>®</sup> and PRIMACORD<sup>®</sup> from your Dyno Nobel representative.
- ALWAYS be sure that the shock tube(s) are securely inserted, one at a time, into the plastic EZ connector. The head of the connector block should rise to accept the tube, and return to a closed position with an audible click
- ALWAYS ensure that the individual shock tubes remain aligned side by side in the EZ connector channel and do not cross over one another during insertion.
- ALWAYS protect the plastic EZ connector and all shock tube leads from impact or damage. Use care when placing blasting mats and cover material on top of the blasting circuit. The EZ connector contains a detonator and is subject to detonation caused by abuse such as impact. Shock tube which has been cut, ruptured or damaged may cause misfires



### NONEL<sup>®</sup> EZTL™

#### **Nonelectric Trunkline Delay Detonators**

#### **Properties Cont.**

#### Packaging

Length			Quantity / Casa
meters	feet	Case Type	Quantity / Case
3.5	12	D*	90
6	20	D*	75
9	30	D*	60
12	40	D*	50
15	50	D*	45
18	60	D*	35

• Length rounded to nearest one-half meter.

• Case weight varies by length & delay; see case label for exact weight.

\* Always shipped with 2 cases strapped together. Case dimension width doubles.

#### **APPLICATION RECOMMENDATIONS - continued**

- NEVER use NONEL EZTL detonators with detonating cord. The low strength surface detonator will not initiate detonating cord
- NEVER attempt to disassemble the delay detonator from the EZ connector block or use the detonator without the connector
- NEVER place more than 6 shock tube leads into an EZ connector block, misfires may result
- NEVER tie-in NONEL EZTL units to the blast initiation system until all blasthole surface connections have been made and inspected. Ensure the blast site has been cleared. It is important to remove nonessential personnel and equipment prior to the hole-to-hole connection process. Dyno Nobel Field Technical Representatives and product application guides can assist with unique connection situations.

#### TRANSPORTATION, STORAGE AND HANDLING

- NONEL EZTL must be transported, stored, handled and used in conformity with all federal, state, provincial and local laws and regulation
- For maximum shelf life (3 years), NONEL EZTL must be stored in a cool, dry, well ventilated magazine. Explosive inventory should be rotated. Avoid using new materials before the old. For recommended good practices in transporting, storing, handling and using this product, see the booklet "Prevention of Accidents in the Use of Explosive Materials" packed inside each case and the Safety Library Publications of the Institute of Makers of Explosives

#### **Case Dimensions**

Detpak (D)

44 x 22 x 25 cm 17½ x 8¾ x 10 in

#### **ADDITIONAL INFORMATION –** Visit <u>dynonobel.com</u> for Brochures and Case Studies related to this product.

Product Disclaimer: Dyno Nobel Inc. and its subsidiaries disclaim any warranties with respect to this product, the safety or suitability thereof, or the results to be obtained, whether express or implied, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION, ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE AND/OR OTHER WARRANTY. Buyers and users assume all risk, responsibility and liability whatsoever from any and all injuries (including death), losses, or damages to persons or property arising from the use of this product. Under no circumstances shall Dyno Nobel Inc. or any of its subsidiaries be liable for special, consequential or incidental damages or for anticipated loss of profits.



#### According to 1907/2006/EC (REACH), 1272/2008/EC (CLP), and OSHA GHS

Trade name: NONEL® Non-electric Delay Detonators

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE C	OMPANY/U	INDERTAKING
Details of the supplier of the Safety Data Sheet		
Manufacturer/Supplier:	SDS #:	1122
Dyno Nobel Inc.	Date:	07/20/2020
6440 S. Millrock Drive. Suite 150	Supersedes:	05/22/2015
Salt Lake City. Utah 84121		
Phone: 801-364-4800 Fax: 801-321-6703		
E-Mail: dnna.hse@am.dynonobel.com		
Product identifier		
Trade name: NONEL® Non-electric Delay Detonators		
Article number: 1122		
Other product identifiers:		
NONEL® MS		
NONEL® EZ DET®		
NONEL® MS ARCTIC		
NONEL® EZTL™		
NONEL® LP NONEL®		
EZ DRIFTER®		
NONEL® SL		
NONEL® SUPER		
NONEL® TD		
NONEL® MS CONNECTOR		
NONEL® TWINPLEX™		
NONEL® STARTER		
Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against No further relevant information available.		
Application of the substance / the mixture		
Explosive product		
Commercial blasting applications		
Emergency telephone number:		
CHEMIREC 1-800-424-9300 (US/Canada)		
+01 /03-527-3887 (International)		

#### **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

Classification of the substance or mixture Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 Classifications listed also are applicable to the OSHA GHS Hazard Communication Standard (29CFR1910.1200).



exploding bomb

Expl. 1.4 H204 Fire or projection hazard.

#### Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC or Directive 1999/45/EC

R5: Heating may cause an explosion.



#### Dyno Nobel Groundbreaking Performance<sup>•</sup>

Information concerning particular hazards for human and environment: The product has to be labelled due to the calculation procedure of the "General Classification guideline for preparations of the EU" in the latest valid version. <b>Classification system:</b> The classification is according to the latest editions of the EU-lists, and extended by company and literature data			
The classification is in accordance with the latest editions of international substances lists, and is supplemented by information from technical literature and by information provided by the company.			
Additional information: There are no other hazard 0 percent of the mixture consists of component(s) of	ds not otherwise classified that have been identified. of unknown toxicity		
Label elements			
Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272	/2008		
The product is additionally classified and labelled a (GHS).	ccording to the Globally Harmonized System within the United States		
The product is classified and labelled according to the <b>Hazard pictograms</b>	the CLP regulation.		
GHS01			
Signal word:	Warning		
Hazard-determining components of labelling:	diazodinitro phenol (DDNP)		
	pentaerythritol tetranitrate (PETN)		
	octahydro-1,3,5,7-tetranitro-1,3,5,7-tetrazocine (HMX)		
	lead diazide orange lead		
Hazard statements:	H204 Fire or projection hazard.		
Precautionary statements:			
P210	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking.		
P250	Do not subject to grinding/shock/friction.		
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face		
	protection.		
P240	Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.		
P373	DO NOT fight fire when fire reaches explosives.		
P370+P380	In case of fire: Evacuate area.		
P372	Explosion risk in case of fire.		
P401	Store in accordance with local/regional/national/international		
	regulations.		
P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with		
	local/regional/national/international regulations.		
Additional information:	EUH201 Contains lead. Should not be used on surfaces liable to be chewed or sucked by children.		
Hazard description:			
WHMIS-symbols:	Explosive products are not classified under WHMIS.		
NFPA ratings (scale 0 - 4):	Not available.		
HMIS-ratings (scale 0 - 4):	Not available.		
HMIS Long Term Health Hazard Substances			
13424-46-9	lead diazide		
7439-92-1	lead		
13463-67-7	titanium dioxide		
7758-97-6	lead chromate		
7778-74-7	potassium perchlorate		
SDS# 1122 Date: 07/20/2020	DYNO <sup>®</sup> Page 2/18		

## Safety Data Sheet

Trade name: NONEL® Non-electric Delay Detonators

According to 1907/2006/EC (REACH), 1272/2008/EC (CLP), and OSHA GHS

### According to 1907/2006/EC (REACH), 1272/2008/EC (CLP), and OSHA GHS Trade name: NONEL® Non-electric Delay Detonators

#### Other hazards

#### **Results of PBT and vPvB assessment**

PBT: vPvB: Not applicable.

**Explosive Product Notice:** PREVENTION OF ACCIDENTS IN THE USE OF EXPLOSIVES - The prevention of accidents in the use of explosives is a result of careful planning and observance of the best known practices. The explosives user must remember that he is dealing with a powerful force and that various devices and methods have been developed to assist him in directing this force. He should realize that this force, if misdirected, may either kill or injure both him and his fellow workers.

WARNING - All explosives are dangerous and must be carefully handled and used following approved safety procedures either by or under the direction of competent, experienced persons in accordance with all applicable federal, state, and local laws, regulations, or ordinances. If you have any questions or doubts as to how to use any explosive product, DO NOT USE IT before consulting with your supervisor, or the manufacturer, if you do not have a supervisor. If your supervisor has any questions or doubts, he should consult the manufacturer before use.

#### **SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

#### Mixtures

Description: Mixture of substances listed below with nonhazardous additions.

Dangerous components:		
CAS: 78-11-5	pentaerythritol tetranitrate (PETN)	
EINECS: 201-084-3	🔶 E R3	
Index number: 603-035-00-5	🔗 Unst. Expl., H200	
CAS: 13424-46-9	lead diazide	
EINECS: 236-542-1	♦ T Repr. Cat. 1. 3 R61:  Xn R62-20/22:  E R3:	
Index number: 082-003-00-7	♦ N R50/53 R33	
	🔮 Unst. Expl., H200	
	Carc. 1B, H350; Repr. 1A, H360Df; STOT RE 2, H373	
	Aquatic Acute 1, H400; Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	
	▼ Acute 10x. 4, H302; Acute 10x. 4, H332	
CAS: 7420.02.1		
EINECS: 231-100-4	Reau ★ T Popr. Cat. 1 P60 61 48/22/25: ♦ N P50/52	
	✓ T Repl. Cal. T R00-01-40/25/25, ✓ N R50/55 ▲ Dopy 1A, H260ED, STOT DE 1, H272	
	Aquatic Acute 1, H400: Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	
CAS: 7440-21-3	silicon	
EINECS: 231-130-8	♦ F R11	
	Flam. Sol. 2, H228	
CAS: 2691-41-0	octahydro-1,3,5,7-tetranitro-1,3,5,7-tetrazocine (HMX)	
EINECS: 220-260-0	🚸 T R24; 🚸 Xn R22; 🤣 E R2	
	Expl. 1.1, H201	
	♦ Acute Tox. 3, H301; Acute Tox. 3, H311	
CAS: 7782-49-2	selenium	
EINECS: 231-957-4	🛞 T R23/25	
Index number: 034-001-00-2	R33-53	
	Acute Tox. 3, H301; Acute Tox. 3, H331	
	SIUI RE 2, H3/3 Aquatic Chronic 4, H413	

SDS# 1122 Date: 07/20/2020



#### According to 1907/2006/EC (REACH), 1272/2008/EC (CLP), and OSHA GHS Trade name: NONEL® Non-electric Delay Detonators

CAS: 1314-41-6	orange lead
EINECS: 215-235-6	✓ T Repr. Cat. 1, 3 R61; ✓ Xn R62-20/22; ✓ N R50/53
	K33 & Carc 1B H350: Repr 1A H360Df: STOT RE 2 H373
	Aquatic Acute 1 H400: Aquatic Chronic 1 H410
	Acute Tox. 4, H302; Acute Tox. 4, H332
CAS: 10294-40-3	barium chromate
EINECS: 233-660-5	♦ Xn R20/22
Index number: 056-002-00-7	& Carc. 1A. H350
	• Acute Tox, 4, H302; Acute Tox, 4, H332
CAS: 7758-97-6	lead chromate
EINECS: 231-846-0	T Carc. Cat. 2. Repr. Cat. 1. 3 R45-61; Xn R62; V N R50/53
Index number: 082-004-00-2	R33
	Carc. 1B, H350; Repr. 1A, H360Df; STOT RE 2, H373
	Aquatic Acute 1, H400; Aquatic Chronic 1, H410
CAS: 4682-03-5	diazodinitro phenol (DDNP)
	✓ Xi R36/38; ✓ Xi R43;
	Unst. Expl., H200
	Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Eye Irrit. 2, H319; Skin Sens. 1, H317
CAS: 7440-36-0	antimony
EINECS: 231-146-5	substance with a Community workplace exposure limit
CAS: 7440-33-7	tungsten
EINECS: 231-143-9	
CAS: 7429-90-5 FINECS: 231-072-3	
Index number: 013-001-00-6	✓ F K 13-17 Ø Dur, Sel, 4, H250: Weter report 2, H264
CAS: 7439-98-7	molybdenum
EINECS: 231-107-2	substance with a Community workplace exposure limit
CAS: 61790-53-2	Diatomaceous earth (Silica-Amorphous)
	substance with a Community workplace exposure limit
CAS: 7778-74-7	potassium perchlorate
EINECS: 231-912-9	(Ì) Xn R22: ⓓ ∩ R0
Index number: 017-008-00-5	(2) Or Sol 1 H271
	4 Acute Tox 4 H302
CAS: 7727-43-7	barium sulphate. natural
EINECS: 231-784-4	substance with a Community workplace exposure limit
SVHC	
13424-46-9	lead diazide
1311-11-6	orange lead
1314-41-0	

-or the listed ingredients, the identity and exact percentages are being withheid as a trade secret.



#### According to 1907/2006/EC (REACH), 1272/2008/EC (CLP), and OSHA GHS

Trade name: NONEL® Non-electric Delay Detonators

#### **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

#### Description of first aid measures

General information: No special measures required.

After inhalation: Unlikely route of exposure.

Supply fresh air; consult doctor in case of complaints.

After skin contact: Generally the product does not irritate the skin.

Wash with soap and water.

If skin irritation is experienced, consult a doctor.

After eye contact: Remove contact lenses if worn.

Rinse opened eye for several minutes under running water. If symptoms persist, consult a doctor.

After swallowing: Unlikely route of exposure.

Do not induce vomiting; call for medical help immediately.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Blast injury if mishandled.

Hazards

Danger of blast or crush-type injuries.

#### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Product may produce physical injury if mishandled. Treatment of these injuries should be based on the blast and compression effects.

#### **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

**Extinguishing media** 

Suitable extinguishing agents: DO NOT fight fire when fire reaches explosives.

For safety reasons unsuitable extinguishing agents: None.

#### Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

DO NOT ATTEMPT TO FIGHT FIRES INVOLVING EXPLOSIVE MATERIALS. Evacuate all personnel to a predetermined safe location, no less than 2,500 feet in all directions. Can explode or detonate under fire conditions. Burning material may produce toxic vapors. It is recommended that users of explosives material be familiar with the Institute of Makers of Explosives Safety Library publications.

Fire or projection hazard.

Product may explode if burned in confined space. Individual cartridges may explode. Mass explosion of many cartridges at once is unlikely.

#### Advice for firefighters

Protective equipment: Wear self-contained respiratory protective device.

Wear fully protective suit.

#### Additional information

Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.

Flammability Classification: (defined by 29 CFR 1910.1200) Explosive. Can explode under fire conditions. Individual devices will randomly explode. Will not mass explode if multiple devices are involved. Burning material may produce toxic and irritating vapors. In unusual cases, shrapnel may be thrown from exploding devices under containment. See 2008 Emergency response Guidebook for further information.

#### SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear protective clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation

Protect from heat.

#### Environmental precautions:

Do not allow to enter sewers/ surface or ground water.

Inform respective authorities in case of seepage into water course or sewage system.

SDS# 1122 Date: 07/20/2020



#### According to 1907/2006/EC (REACH), 1272/2008/EC (CLP), and OSHA GHS

Trade name: NONEL® Non-electric Delay Detonators

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Pick up mechanically. Send for recovery or disposal in suitable receptacles. Dispose unusable material as waste according to item 13.

#### **Reference to other sections**

See Section 7 for information on safe handling. See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment. See Section 13 for disposal information.

#### SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### Precautions for safe handling

Handle with care. Avoid jolting, friction and impact.

Use only in well ventilated areas.

Do not subject to grinding/shock/friction.

Information about fire - and explosion protection: Protect from heat.

Emergency cooling must be available in case of nearby fire.

#### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage:

Requirements to be met by storerooms and receptacles: Store in a cool location.

Avoid storage near extreme heat, ignition sources or open flame.

Information about storage in one common storage facility: Store away from foodstuffs.

Further information about storage conditions: Store in cool, dry conditions in well sealed receptacles.

Keep away from heat.

Specific end use(s) No further relevant information available.

#### SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Additional information about design of technical facilities: No further data; see item 7.

Control parameters		
Ingredients with limit values the	at require monitoring at the workplace:	
13424-46-9 lead diazide		
PEL (USA)	Long-term value: 0,05 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	as Pb; See 29 CFR 1910,1025	
REL (USA)	Long-term value: 0,05* mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	as Pb;*8-hr TWA; See Pocket Guide App. C	
TLV (USA)	Long-term value: 0,05 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	as Pb; BEI	
EL (Canada)	Long-term value: 0,05 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	as Pb; IARC 2A, R	
7439-92-1 lead		
PEL (USA)	Long-term value: 0,05* mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	*see 29 CFR 1910,1025	
REL (USA)	Long-term value: 0,05* mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	*8-hr TWA, excl. lead arsenate; See PocketGuideApp.C	
TLV (USA)	Long-term value: 0,05* mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	*and inorganic compounds, as Pb; BEI	
EL (Canada)	Long-term value: 0,05 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	R; IARC 2B	
SDS# 1122 Date: 07/20/2020	DYNO	Page 6/18

Dyno Nobel

### According to 1907/2006/EC (REACH), 1272/2008/EC (CLP), and OSHA GHS Trade name: NONEL® Non-electric Delay Detonators

EV (Canada)	Long-term value: 0,05 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	as Pb, Skin (organic compounds)	
7440-21-3 silicon		
PEL (USA)	Long-term value: 15* 5** mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	*total dust **respirable fraction	
REL (USA)	Long-term value: 10* 5** mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	*total dust **respirable fraction	
TLV (USA)	ILV withdrawn	
EL (Canada)	Long-term value: 10° 3°° mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
EV (Canada)	total dust, respirable fraction	
	Long-term value. To mg/m	
7782 40 2 colonium	lotal dust	
PEL (USA)	Long-term value: 0,2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	as Se	
REL (USA)		
	l ong-term value: 0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	as Se	
EL (Canada)	Long-term value: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
EV (Canada)	Long-term value: 0,2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
1314-41-6 orange lead		
	Long-term value: 0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	as Ph: See 29 CER 1910 1025	
REL (USA)	Long-term value: $0.05^{\circ}$ mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	as Pb:*8-hr TWA: See Pocket Guide App. C	
TLV (USA)	Long-term value: 0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
()	as Pb; BEI	
EL (Canada)	Long-term value: 0,05 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	as Pb; IARC 2A, R	
EV (Canada)	Long-term value: 0,05 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	as Pb, Skin (organic compounds)	
13463-67-7 titanium dioxide		
PEL (USA)	Long-term value: 15* mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	*total dust	
REL (USA)	See Pocket Guide App. A	
TLV (USA)	Long-term value: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	withdrawn from NIC	
EL (Canada)	Long-term value: 10* 3** mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	^total dust;^^respirable fraction; IARC 2B	
EV (Canada)	Long-term value: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	lotar dust	
	Long term value: $0.005*$ m <sup>2</sup> /m <sup>3</sup>	
PEL (USA)	Long-term value: 0,005 mg/m <sup>2</sup>	
REL (LISA)	as U(VI) as U(U), SEE 23 UFR 1310,1020	
	as Cr. See Pocket Guide Apps A and C	
TLV (USA)	Long-term value: $0.01 \text{ mg/m}^3$	
	as Cr	
		<b>_</b> =
SDS# 1122 Date: 07/20/2020		Page 7/18
	Dyno Nobel	

### According to 1907/2006/EC (REACH), 1272/2008/EC (CLP), and OSHA GHS Trade name: NONEL® Non-electric Delay Detonators

EL (Canada)	Long-term value: 0,01 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	as Cr; ACGIH A1 IARC 1	
7758-97-6 lead chromate		
IOELV (EU)	Long-term value: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	as Cr	
PEL (USA)	Long-term value: 0,005* mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	Ceiling limit: 0,1** mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	*as Cr(VI) **as CrO3; see 29 CFR 1910,1026	
REL (USA)	Long-term value: 0,0002 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
T1) ( (10))	as Cr; See Pocket Guide Apps. A and C	
TLV (USA)	Long-term value: 0,05* 0,012** mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	*as Pb; BEI; **as Cr	
EL (Canada)	Long-term value: 0,05° 0,012°° mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
$\mathbf{F}(\mathbf{r})$	ACIGH A2, IARC 2A; R; ^as Pb; ^as Cr	
EV (Canada)	Long-term value: 0,012° 0,05°° mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	as Cr, mas Pb	
1121-43-7 barium sulphate, natural		
PEL (USA)	Long-term value: 15° 5°° mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	ntotal dust in respirable fraction	
REL (USA)	Long-term value: 10° 5°° mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
TIN((100)	rtotal dust rrespirable fraction	
ILV (USA)	Long-term value: 5° mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	"Innalable fraction; E	
EL (Canada)	Long-term value: 10° 3°° mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
$\Gamma (/(Conodo))$	"total dust, "respirable fraction	
EV (Canada)	Long-term value: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
61700 E2 2 Distomassaus carth (Silica A		
DEL (USA)	20mppot or 20mg/m2 /0/ SiO2	
	Long term value: 6 mg/m3 Soo Backet Guide App. C	
TLV(USA)	TLV withdrawn	
FL (Canada)	Long-term value: $4*1.5**$ mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	*total **respirable	
EV (Canada)	l ong-term value: 10* 3** mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	uncalcined: *inhalable:**respirable	
7439-98-7 molybdenum		
PEL (USA)	Long-term value: 15* mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	*Total dust	
TLV (USA)	Long-term value: 10* 3** mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	as Mo; *inhalable fraction ** respirable fraction	
EL (Canada)	Long-term value: 3* 10** mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	as Mo; *respirable **inhalable	
EV (Canada)	Long-term value: 10* 3** 0,5*** mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	metal,insol.compd.:*inh;**resp;sol.compd.:***resp	
7440-33-7 tungsten		
PEL (USA)	and insoluble compounds, as We	
REL (USA)	Short-term value: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	Long-term value: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	as vv	
SDS# 1122 Date: 07/20/2020	DINO	Page 8/18

### According to 1907/2006/EC (REACH), 1272/2008/EC (CLP), and OSHA GHS Trade name: NONEL® Non-electric Delay Detonators

Trade Hame: NoneEe Nen electre B	
TLV (USA)	Short-term value: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Long-term value: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	as W
EL (Canada)	Short-term value: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Long-term value: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
EV/ (Conodo)	d5 VV Chart term values 10* 2** mg/m3
EV (Canada)	
	Long-term value: 5" 1"" mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	(as tungsten; compds.:^water-insol.;^^water-sol.
7429-90-5 aluminium powder (pyrophoric	
PEL (USA)	Long-term value: 15*; 15** mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	*Total dust; ** Respirable fraction
REL (USA)	Long-term value: 10* 5** mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	as Al*Total dust**Respirable/pyro powd./welding f.
TLV (USA)	Long-term value: 1* mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	as AI: *as respirable fraction
EL (Canada)	Long-term value: 1.0 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	respirable as Al
EV (Canada)	Long-term value: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	aluminium-containing (as aluminium)
7440.26.0 antimony	
PEL (USA)	Long-term value: 0,5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	as Sb
REL (USA)	Long-term value: 0,5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	as Sb
TLV (USA)	Long-term value: 0,5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	as Sb
EL (Canada)	Long-term value: 0,5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
EV (Canada)	Long-term value: 0,5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
<b>DNFL s</b> No further relevant information availa	hle
PNECs No further relevant information availa	
Ingrediente with biological limit values	
ingredients with biological limit values.	
13424-46-9 lead diazide	
BEI (USA)	30 μg/100 ml
	Medium: blood
	Time: not critical
	Parameter: Load
7420 02 1 lood	
	20
BEI (USA)	
	Medium: blood
	Time: not critical
	Parameter: Lead
	10 µg/100 ml
	Medium: blood
	Time: not critical
I	



#### According to 1907/2006/EC (REACH), 1272/2008/EC (CLP), and OSHA GHS

Trade name: NONEL® Non-electric Delay Detonators

	Parameter: Lead (women of child bearing potential)	
1314-41-6 orange lead		
BEI (USA)	30 µg/100 ml	
	Medium: blood	
	Time: not critical	
	Parameter: Lead	
10294-40-3 barium chromate		
BEI (USA)	25 µg/L Madium: urina	
	Time: and of shift at and of workweak	
	Parameter: Total chromium (fume)	
	10 μg/L	
	Medium: urine	
	Time: increase during shift	
	Deremeter: Tetal abromium (fuma)	
	Parameter. Total chromium (lume)	
7758-97-6 lead chromate	20	
BEI (USA)	30 µg/100 mi Madium: bload	
	Time: not critical	
	Parameter: Lead	
	10 μg/100 ml	
	Medium: blood	
	Time: not critical	
	Parameter: Lead (women of child bearing potential)	
Additional information: The lists valid durin	g the making were used as basis.	
Exposure controls		
Personal protective equipment:		
General protective and hygienic measures	S	
The usual precautionary measures are to be	adhered to when handling chemicals.	
Keep away from foodstuffs beverages and fe	bed	
Wash hands before breaks and at the end of	work.	
Respiratory protection:		
Not required under normal conditions of use.		
Respiratory protection may be required after product use.		
Protection of hands:		
Wear gloves for the protection against mechanical hazards according to NIOSH or FN 388		
Material of gloves:		
The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality and		

The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer. As the product is a preparation of several substances, the resistance of

SDS# 1122 Date: 07/20/2020



#### According to 1907/2006/EC (REACH), 1272/2008/EC (CLP), and OSHA GHS

Trade name: NONEL® Non-electric Delay Detonators

the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.

#### Penetration time of glove material:

The exact break through time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed. **Eye protection:** 

Face protection



Safety glasses

**Body protection:** Impervious protective clothing **Limitation and supervision of exposure into the environment:** No further relevant information available. **Risk management measures:** Organizational measures should be in place for all activities involving this product.

#### SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties **General Information** Appearance: Form: Solid material Colour: According to product specification Odour: Odourless **Odour threshold:** Not determined. pH-value: Not applicable. Change in condition Melting point/Melting range: Not determined. **Boiling point/Boiling range:** Undetermined. Flash point: Not applicable. Flammability (solid, gaseous): Fire or projection hazard. Auto/Self-ignition temperature: Not determined. **Decomposition temperature:** Not determined. Self-igniting: Product is not self-igniting. Danger of explosion: Heating may cause an explosion. **Explosion limits:** Lower: Not determined. Upper: Not determined. Vapour pressure: Not applicable. **Density:** Not determined. **Relative density** Not determined. Vapour density Not applicable. **Evaporation rate** Not applicable. Solubility in / Miscibility with water: Variable, dependent upon product composition and packaging. Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): Not determined. Viscosity: **Dynamic:** Not applicable. **Kinematic:** Not applicable. Other information No further relevant information available.

SDS# 1122 Date: 07/20/2020



### According to 1907/2006/EC (REACH), 1272/2008/EC (CLP), and OSHA GHS Trade name: NONEL® Non-electric Delay Detonators

#### **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY** Reactivity **Chemical stability** Thermal decomposition / conditions to be avoided: No decomposition if used and stored according to specifications. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Possibility of hazardous reactions Danger of explosion. Toxic fumes may be released if heated above the decomposition point. Reacts violently with oxidising agents. Conditions to avoid Keep ignition sources away - Do not smoke. Incompatible materials: No further relevant information available. Hazardous decomposition products: Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide Hydrocarbons Leadoxide vapour Bariumoxide vapour Toxic metal oxide smoke Chlorine compounds Danger of forming toxic pyrolysis products. Nitrogen oxides **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION** Information on toxicological effects Acute toxicity: LD/LC50 values relevant for classification:

7439-92-1 lead Oral LD50 >2000 mg/kg (rat) 7782-49-2 selenium

Oral LD50 6700 mg/kg (rat)

7758-97-6 lead chromate

Oral LD50 12000 mg/kg (mouse)

Primary irritant effect:

on the skin: Not a skin irritant in unused form. Vapors/particles from used product are possibly irritating to skin. on the eye: Not an eye irritant in unused form. Vapors/particles from used product are possibly irritating to eyes. Sensitisation: No sensitising effects known.

Subacute to chronic toxicity: No further relevant information available.

Acute effects (acute toxicity, irritation and corrosivity): Danger of blast or crush-type injuries.

**Repeated dose toxicity:** Contains known or suspect carcinogens when inhaled. Product is in non-inhalable form and is nonclassifiable as a carcinogen.

**CMR effects (carcinogenity, mutagenicity and toxicity for reproduction):** Contains known or suspect carcinogens when inhaled. Product is in non-inhalable form and is non- classifiable as a carcinogen.

#### SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

Aquatic toxicity: Toxic for aquatic organisms Persistence and degradability: No further relevant information available. Bioaccumulative potential: May be accumulated in organism Mobility in soil: No further relevant information available. Ecotoxical effects: Remark: Toxic for fish

SDS# 1122 Date: 07/20/2020


## According to 1907/2006/EC (REACH), 1272/2008/EC (CLP), and OSHA GHS Trade name: NONEL® Non-electric Delay Detonators

#### Additional ecological information:

**General notes:** Water hazard class 3 (German Regulation) (Self-assessment): extremely hazardous for water Do not allow product to reach ground water, water course or sewage system, even in small quantities. Danger to drinking water if even extremely small quantities leak into the ground.

Also poisonous for fish and plankton in water bodies.

The product contains heavy metals. Avoid transfer into the environment. Specific preliminary treatments are necessary Toxic for aquatic organisms

Due to available data on eliminability/decomposition and bioaccumulation potential prolonged term damage of the environment can not be excluded.

#### Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

**PBT:** Not applicable.

vPvB: Not applicable.

Other adverse effects: No further relevant information available.

#### SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

#### Waste treatment methods:

#### Recommendation:

Must not be disposed together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage system.

Damaged materials pose a danger to anyone in the immediate area; consult experts for disposal of damaged products. The user of this material has the responsibility to dispose of unused material, residues and containers in compliance with all relevant local, state and federal laws and regulations regarding treatment, storage and disposal for hazardous and nonhazardous wastes. Residual materials should be treated as hazardous.

### Uncleaned packaging:

Recommendation: Disposal must be made according to official regulations.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION		
UN-Number		
DOT, ADR, IMDG, IATA	UN0361	
UN proper shipping name		
DOT	Detonator assemblies, non-electric	
ADR	0361 DETONATOR ASSEMBLIES, NONELECTRIC,	
IMDG	DETONATOR ASSEMBLIES, NONELECTRIC,	
ΙΑΤΑ	DETONATOR ASSEMBLIES, NON-ELECTRIC	
Transport hazard class(es)		
DOT, ADR, IMDG, IATA		
Class	1.4	
Label	1.4B	
Packing group DOT, ADR, IMDG, IATA Environmental hazards: Marine pollutant:	II No	



### According to 1907/2006/EC (REACH), 1272/2008/EC (CLP), and OSHA GHS Trade name: NONEL® Non-electric Delay Detonators

Cargo Aircraft Only.	
Special precautions for user EMS Number: Segregation groups Transport in bulk according to of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC ( Transport/Additional information	Not applicable. F-B, S-X Lead and its compounds Annex II ode Not applicable. n:
ADR Limited quantities (LQ) Excepted quantities (EQ) Tunnel restriction code IMDG Limited quantities (LQ) Excepted quantities (EQ) UN "Model Regulation":	) Code: EO 2 (E) Code: EO JN 0361, DETONATOR ASSEMBLIES,

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION			
Safety, nearth and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture			
	USA)		
JARA			
Section	355 (extremely hazardous substances):		
None of the ing	predients are listed.		
Section	313 (Specific toxic chemical listings):		
13424-46-9	lead diazide		
7439-92-1	lead		
7782-49-2	selenium		
1314-41-6	orange lead		
10294-40-3	barium chromate		
7758-97-6	lead chromate		
7727-43-7	barium sulphate, natural		
7429-90-5	aluminium powder (pyrophoric)		
7440-36-0	antimony		
TSCA (	Toxic Substances Control Act):		
All ingredients	are listed.		
Propos	ition 65 (California):		
Chemic	als known to cause cancer:		
13424-46-9	lead diazide		
7439-92-1	lead		
1314-41-6	orange lead		
SDS# 1122 Date: 07	7/20/2020 DYNO <sup>°</sup> Page 14/18		



## According to 1907/2006/EC (REACH), 1272/2008/EC (CLP), and OSHA GHS Trade name: NONEL® Non-electric Delay Detonators

13463-67-7	titanium dioxide	
10294-40-3	barium chromate	
7758-97-6	lead chromate	
Chemic	Chemicals known to cause reproductive toxicity for females:	
7439-92-1	lead	
10294-40-3	harium chromate	
7758-97-6	lead chromate	
Chemic	als known to cause reproductive toxicity for males	•
7439-92-1	lead	•
10294-40-3	barium chromate	
7758-97-6	lead chromate	
Chemic	als known to cause developmental toxicity:	
13424-46-9	lead diazide	
7439-92-1	lead	
10294-40-3	barium chromate	
7758-97-6 lead	chromate	
Carcino	ogenic Categories	
EPA (E	nvironmental Protection Agency)	
13424-46-9	lead diazide	B2
7439-92-1	lead	B2
7782-49-2	selenium	D
1314-41-6	orange lead	B2
10294-40-3	barium chromate	A(inh), D(oral), K/L(inh), CBD(oral)
7758-97-6	lead chromate	К
7727-43-7	barium sulphate, natural	D, CBD(inh), NL(oral)
7778-74-7	potassium perchlorate	NL
2691-41-0	octahydro-1,3,5,7-tetranitro-1,3,5,7-tetrazocine (HMX)	D
IARC (I	nternational Agency for Research on Cancer)	
13424-46-9	lead diazide	2A
7439-92-1	lead	2B
7782-49-2	selenium	3
1314-41-6	orange lead	2A
13463-67-7	titanium dioxide	2B
10294-40-3	barium chromate	1
7758-97-6	lead chromate	1
61790-53-2	Diatomaceous earth (Silica-Amorphous)	3
TLV (Tł	reshold Limit Value established by ACGIH)	
13424-46-9	lead diazide	A3
7439-92-1	lead	A3
1314-41-6	orange lead	A3
13463-67-7	titanium dioxide	A4
10294-40-3	barium chromate	A1





### According to 1907/2006/EC (REACH), 1272/2008/EC (CLP), and OSHA GHS Trade name: NONEL® Non-electric Delay Detonators

ridue nume. i	Tome Leg Hom clothing Belonators	
7758-97-6	lead chromate	A2
7439-98-7	molybdenum	A3
7429-90-5	aluminium powder (pyrophoric)	A4
NIOSH-	Ca (National Institute for Occupational Safety and	Health)
13463-67-7	titanium dioxide	
10294-40-3	barium chromate	
7758-97-6	lead chromate	
Canada		
Canadia	an Domestic Substances List (DSL)	
Some compone	ents are listed on the NDSL. All ingredients are listed.	
Canadi	an Ingredient Disclosure list (limit 0.1%)	
7439-92-1	lead	
7782-49-2	2 selenium	
10294-40-3	barium chromate	
7758-97-6	7758-97-6 lead chromate	
Canadi	an Ingredient Disclosure list (limit 1%)	
7439-98-7	molybdenum	
7440-33-7	tungsten	
7429-90-5	aluminium powder (pyrophoric)	
7440-36-0	7440-36-0 antimony	
Other regulation	ons, limitations and prohibitive regulations	
This product h	as been classified in accordance with hazard criteria	a of the Controlled Products
Regulations an	id the SDS contains all the information required by the	Controlled Products Regulations.
Substances o	f very high concern (SVHC) according to REACH, A	vrticle 57
13424-46-9	13424-46-9 lead diazide	
1314-41-6	1314-41-6 orange lead	
7758-97-6	7758-97-6 lead chromate	
Chemical safet	y assessment: A Chemical Safety Assessment has not	t been carried out.
<b>SECTION 16:</b>	OTHER INFORMATION	
Relevant phras	ses	

H200 Unstable explosives.	
H201 Explosive; mass explosion hazard.	
H228 Flammable solid.	
H250 Catches fire spontaneously if exposed to air.	
H261 In contact with water releases flammable gases.	
H271 May cause fire or explosion; strong oxidiser.	
H301 Toxic if swallowed.	
H302 Harmful if swallowed.	
H311 Toxic in contact with skin.	
H315 Causes skin irritation.	
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.	

SDS# 1122 Date: 07/20/2020



Page 16/18

## According to 1907/2006/EC (REACH), 1272/2008/EC (CLP), and OSHA GHS Trade name: NONEL® Non-electric Delay Detonators

H331 Toxic if inhaled	
H332 Harmful if inhaled	
H350 May cause cancer	
H260Df May damage the unbern child. Suspected of damaging fortility	
H260ED May damage fortility. May damage the unberg shild	
HSOUFD May damage tertuinty. May damage the unboint child.	
H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	
H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	
H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.	
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
H413 May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.	
R11 Highly flammable.	
R15 Contact with water liberates extremely flammable gases.	
R17 Spontaneously flammable in air.	
R2 Risk of explosion by shock, friction, fire or other sources of ignition.	
R20/22 Harmful by inhalation and if swallowed.	
R22 Harmful if swallowed.	
R23/25 Toxic by inhalation and if swallowed.	
R24 Toxic in contact with skin.	
R3 Extreme risk of explosion by shock, friction, fire or other sources	
of ignition.	
R33 Danger of cumulative effects.	
R36/38 Irritating to eyes and skin.	
R43 May cause sensitisation by skin contact.	
R45 May cause cancer.	
R48/23/25 Toxic: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure	
through inhalation and if swallowed.	
R50/53 Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects	
in the aquatic environment.	
R53 May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.	
R60 May impair fertility.	
R61 May cause harm to the unborn child.	
R62 Possible risk of impaired fertility.	
R9 Explosive when mixed with combustible material.	
Abbreviations and acronyms:	
ADR: Accord europeen sur le transport des marchandises dangereuses par	
Koute (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of	
Dangerous Goods by Road)	
IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods DOT: US	
IATA: International Air Transport Association	
GHS: Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling	
AUGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists	
EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances	
ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances	
CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American	
Chemical Society)	
NFPA: National Fire Protection Association (USA)	

SDS# 1122 Date: 07/20/2020



## According to 1907/2006/EC (REACH), 1272/2008/EC (CLP), and OSHA GHS Trade name: NONEL® Non-electric Delay Detonators

HMIS: Hazardous Materials Identification System (USA)	
WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (Canada)	
DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level (REACH)	
PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration (REACH) LC50: Lethal	
concentration, 50 percent	
LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent	
Expl. 1.1: Explosives, Division 1.1	
Expl. 1.4: Explosives, Division 1.4	
Unst. Expl.: Explosives, Unstable explosives	
Flam. Sol. 2: Flammable solids, Hazard Category 2	
Pyr. Sol. 1: Pyorphoric Solids, Hazard Category 1	
Water-react. 2: Substances and Mixtures which, in contact with water, emit	
flammable gases, Hazard Category 2	
Ox. Sol. 1: Oxidising Solids, Hazard Category 1	
Acute Tox. 3: Acute toxicity, Hazard Category 3	
Acute Tox. 4: Acute toxicity, Hazard Category 4	
Skin Irrit. 2: Skin corrosion/irritation, Hazard Category 2	
Eye Irrit. 2: Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Hazard Category 2	
Skin Sens. 1: Sensitisation - Skin, Hazard Category 1	
Carc. 1A: Carcinogenicity, Hazard Category 1A Carc. 1B: Carcinogenicity,	
Hazard Category 1B	
Repr. 1A: Reproductive toxicity, Hazard Category 1A Repr. 1A: Reproductive	
toxicity, Hazard Category 1A	
STOT RE 1: Specific target organ toxicity - Repeated exposure, Hazard	
Category 1	
STOT RE 2: Specific target organ toxicity - Repeated exposure, Hazard	
Category 2	
Aquatic Acute 1: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - AcuteHazard,	
Calegoly I	
Aqualic Chronic T. Hazardous to the aqualic environment - Chronic Hazard,	
Aquatic Chronic 4: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard	
Category 4	
Sources	
SDS Prepared by: ChemTel Inc.	
1305 North Florida Avenue	
Tampa, Florida USA 33602-2902	
Toll Free North America 1-888-255-3924 Intl. +01 813-248-0573	
website: <u>www.chemtelinc.com</u>	
Party Pasnansible for the Prenaration of this Document	
Dyng Nobel Inc	
6440 S. Millrock Drive, Suite 150	
Salt Lake City Ultah 84121	
Phone: 801-364-4800	

#### Disclaimer

Dyno Nobel Inc. and its subsidiaries disclaim any warranties with respect to this product, the safety or suitability thereof, the information contained herein, or the results to be obtained, whether express or implied, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION, ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE AND/OR OTHER WARRANTY. The information contained herein is provided for reference purposes only and is

SDS# 1122 Date: 07/20/2020



Page 18/18

## According to 1907/2006/EC (REACH), 1272/2008/EC (CLP), and OSHA GHS Trade name: NONEL® Non-electric Delay Detonators

intended only for persons having relevant technical skills. Because conditions and manner of use are outside of our control, the user is responsible for determining the conditions of safe use of the product. Buyers and users assume all risk, responsibility and liability whatsoever from any and all injuries (including death), losses, or damages to persons or property arising from the use of this product or information. Under no circumstances shall either Dyno Nobel Inc. or any of its subsidiaries be liable for special, consequential or incidental damages or for anticipated loss of profits.

SDS# 1122 Date: 07/20/2020



Page 19/18

## TECHNICAL DATA SHEET

### **NONEL® LEAD LINE**

### **Nonelectric Shock Tube**



PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

NONEL LEAD LINE is NONEL shock tube spooled at the

factory in 763 meter (2,500 foot) lengths for easy application and deployment. NONEL LEAD LINE shock tube is a small diameter, three-layer plastic tube coated on the innermost wall with a reactive explosive compound. When initiated, NONEL shock tube propagates a low energy signal, similar to a dust explosion, at approximately 2000 m/ sec (6,500 ft/sec) along the tube's length with minimal disturbance to the outside of the tube. The signal is transmitted from one NONEL shock tube to another through field-assembled splices.

NONEL LEAD LINE provides maximum flexibility to the blaster in choosing a position of safety from which to initiate nonelectric blast rounds in either underground or surface applications. NONEL LEAD LINE is the <u>only</u> NONEL product that can be cut and spliced into a NONEL detonator product to construct a custom length nonelectric starter assembly.



#### APPLICATION RECOMMENDATIONS

- ALWAYS splice NONEL LEAD LINE to NONEL EZTL<sup>™</sup> nonelectric trunkline delay detonators, NONEL EZ DET<sup>®</sup> nonelectric blast initiation system, NONEL TD or NONEL Starter detonators to make-up the nonelectric starter assembly when using NONEL LEAD LINE as the primary initiator for NONEL blast rounds.
- ALWAYS trim at least 3 m [10 ft] of tubing before inserting into a nonelectric shock tube starting device or whenever dirt and/or moisture may have compromised the open tube ends before making a splice connection.



## TECHNICAL DATA SHEET

### **NONEL® LEAD LINE**

### **Nonelectric Shock Tube**

#### TRANSPORTATION, STORAGE AND HANDLING

- NONEL LEAD LINE must be transported, stored, handled and used in conformity with all federal, state, provincial and local laws and regulations.
- For maximum shelf life (3 years), NONEL LEAD LINE must be stored in a cool, dry, well ventilated magazine. Explosive inventory should be rotated. Avoid using new materials before the old. For recommended good practices in transporting, storing, handling and using this product, see the booklet "Prevention of Accidents in the Use of Explosive Materials" packed inside each case and the Safety Library Publications of the Institute of Makers of Explosives.

#### **APPLICATION RECOMMENDATIONS - continued**

up another nonelectric starter assembly.

• ALWAYS replace the plastic tube closure over the open end of any NONEL LEAD LINE that remains on the spool and is intended to be used to make

• ALWAYS make the final hook-up of the nonelectric starter assembly to the blast round only after all equipment and non-essential personnel are clear of the blast area.

• ALWAYS unspool NONEL LEAD LINE by hand if the starter assembly has been spliced to it and is attached to the blast round.

• ALWAYS keep any NONEL LEAD LINE tube ends sealed and free from dirt and moisture since dirt or moisture in the shock tube may cause a misfire.

• NEVER use NONEL LEAD LINE for in-hole use. NONEL LEAD LINE is for use outside the borehole only.

• NEVER attempt to knot different lengths of shock tube together. Shock tube will not initiate itself through knot connections. It must be spliced.

• NEVER remove the plastic tube closure from the NONEL LEAD LINE shock tube until just before splicing.

• NEVER attach the starter assembly to the blast round until after the LEAD LINE deployment is complete whenever NONEL LEAD LINE is to be unspooled by any method other than by hand,

• NEVER run over NONEL LEAD LINE with equipment. This may damage the shock tube and may cause a misfire.

- ALWAYS replace the NONEL LEAD LINE if it is damaged
- When making a nonelectric starter assembly using NONEL LEAD LINE, ALWAYS remove the plastic tube closure and save for later use. Splice two freshly-cut ends of NONEL shock tube together (one from the NONEL LEAD LINE and the other from the NONEL detonator) by inserting them into opposite ends of the plastic connector sleeve and pushing them toward one another until they are both at least ½ cm (¼ in) in the splice.

#### **ADDITIONAL INFORMATION –** Visit <u>dynonobel.com</u> for Brochures and Case Studies related to this product.

Product Disclaimer: Dyno Nobel Inc. and its subsidiaries disclaim any warranties with respect to this product, the safety or suitability thereof, or the results to be obtained, whether express or implied, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION, ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE AND/OR OTHER WARRANTY. Buyers and users assume all risk, responsibility and liability whatsoever from any and all injuries (including death), losses, or damages to persons or property arising from the use of this product. Under no circumstances shall Dyno Nobel Inc. or any of its subsidiaries be liable for special, consequential or incidental damages or for anticipated loss of profits.





## According to: 1907/2006/EC (REACH), 1272/2008/EC (CLP), and OSHA GHS Trade Name: Shock Tube

### SECTION 1 – IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

Name, Address, and Telephone of the Responsible PartyDyno Nobel Inc.6440 S. Millrock Drive, Suite 150Salt Lake City, Utah 84121Phone: 801-364-4800 Fax 801-321-6703E-Mail: dnna.hse@am.dynonobel.comwww.dynonobel.comwww.dynonobel.com

**SDS #:** 1124 **Date:** 12/13/2022 Supersedes: 05/22/2015

Does not apply to 10k ft Shock Tube Spools with Terminated Ends, Contact Product Management for Details.

**1.1 Product Identifier Trade Name:** Shock Tube **Article Number:** 1124 **Other Product Identifiers:** 

NONEL<sup>®</sup> LEAD LINE

**1.2 Relevant Identified uses of the Substance or Mixture and uses Advised Against** No further relevant information available.

Application of the Substance / the Mixture Explosive product.

Commercial blasting applications.

1.3. Emergency Telephone Number CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (US/Canada) +01 703-527-3887 (International)

#### **SECTION 2 – HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION**

2.1 Classification of the Substance or Mixture

Classification According to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Classifications listed also are applicable to the OSHA GHS Hazard Communication Standard (29CFR1910.1200).

explo

exploding bomb

Expl. 1.4 H204 Fire or projection hazard. Classification According to Directive 67/548/EEC or Directive 1999/45/EC

R5: Heating may cause an explosion.

**Information Concerning Particular Hazards for Human and Environment:** Not applicable. **Additional Information:** There are no other hazards not otherwise classified that have been identified. 0 percent of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown toxicity

#### 2.2 Label Elements

Labelling According to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

The product is additionally classified and labelled according to the Globally Harmonized System within the United States (GHS).

The product is classified and labelled according to the CLP regulation.

Hazard Pictograms



SDS# 1124 Date: 07/20/2020



Page 1 of 10

### According to: 1907/2006/EC (REACH), 1272/2008/EC (CLP), and OSHA GHS

Trade Name: Shock Tube

Signal Word	: Warning
Hazard-determining components of	labelling : octahydro-1,3,5,7-tetranitro-1,3,5,7-tetrazocine (HMX)
Hazard Statements	: H204 Fire or projection hazard.
Precautionary Statements	: P210 - Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces.
	- No smoking.
	P250 - Do not subject to grinding/shock/friction.
	P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye
	protection/face protection.
	P240 - Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.
	P373 - DO NOT fight fire when fire reaches explosives.
	P370+P380 - In case of fire: Evacuate area.
	P372 - Explosion risk in case of fire.
	P401 - Store in accordance with local/regional/national/international
	regulations.
	P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with
	local/regional/national/international regulations.
Hazard Description	· Evelopics and ducto and not close if a low der MUMAO
WHWIS-Symbols	: Explosive products are not classified under WHIVIIS.
NFPA Ratings (scale 0 - 4)	. Not available.
HMIS-Ratings (Scale 0 - 4)	. NOL AVAIIADIE.
None of the ingredients are listed	Stances
2 3 Othor Hazards	
2.5 Other Hazards	nt
DRT	: Not available
vPvB	: Not available.
. INUL AVAIIADIE. Explosive Product Notice: PREVENTION OF ACCIDENTS IN THE LISE OF EXPLOSIVES - The provention of	
accidents in the use of explosives in	a result of careful planning and observance of the best known practices. The
explosives user must remember that h	e is dealing with a powerful force and that various devices and methods have been
developed to assist him in directing th	s force. He should realize that this force if misdirected may either kill or injure both
him and his fellow workers	
WARNING - All explosives are dange	ous and must be carefully handled and used following approved safety procedures
either by or under the direction of co	npetent, experienced persons in accordance with all applicable federal, state, and
local laws, regulations, or ordinances	If you have any questions or doubts as to how to use any explosive product. DO
NOT USE IT before consulting with	vour supervisor, or the manufacturer, if you do not have a supervisor. If your
supervisor has any questions or doubt	s, he should consult the manufacturer before use.
2.4 Mixturee	ORMATION ON INGREDIENTS
5.1 WIXTURES	ted helew with nenhezerdeus additions
Description. Mixture of substances in	
Dangerous components:	
CAS: 2691-41-0	octahydro-1,3,5,7-tetranitro-1,3,5,7-tetrazocine (HMX)
EINECS: 220-260-0	🥙 T R24; 💔 Xn R22; 🧇 E R2
-	
	× Expl. 1.1, H201
	Cute Tox. 3, H301; Acute Tox. 3, H311
CAS: 7429-90-5	aluminium powder (pyrophoric)
EINECS: 231-072-3	🕸 F R15-17
Index number: 013-001-00-6	
Additional Information: For the listed ingredients, the identity and exact percentages are being withheld as a trade secret	
For the wording of the listed risk phras	es refer to section 16.

SDS# 1124 Date: 07/20/2020



Page 2 of 10

### According to: 1907/2006/EC (REACH), 1272/2008/EC (CLP), and OSHA GHS

Trade Name: Shock Tube

#### **SECTION 4 – FIRST AID MEASURES** 4.1 Description of First Aid Measures General Information: No special measures required. After Inhalation: Unlikely route of exposure. Supply fresh air; consult doctor in case of complaints. After Skin Contact: Generally the product does not irritate the skin. Wash with soap and water. If skin irritation is experienced, consult a doctor. After Eye Contact: Remove contact lenses if worn. Rinse opened eye for several minutes under running water. If symptoms persist, consult a doctor. After Swallowing: Unlikely route of exposure. Do not induce vomiting; call for medical help immediately. 4.2 Most Important Symptoms and Effects, Both Acute and Delayed Blast injury if mishandled. Hazards Danger of blast or crush-type injuries. 4.3 Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

Product may produce physical injury if mishandled. Treatment of these injuries should be based on the blast and compression effects.

#### **SECTION 5 – FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

5.1 Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Agents: DO NOT FIGHT FIRE WHEN FIRE REACHES EXPLOSIVES.

For Safety Reasons Unsuitable Extinguishing Agents: None.

#### 5.2 Special Hazards Arising from the Substance or Mixture

DO NOT ATTEMPT TO FIGHT FIRES INVOLVING EXPLOSIVE MATERIALS. Evacuate all personnel to a predetermined safe location, no less than 2,500 feet in all directions. Can explode or detonate under fire conditions. Burning material may produce toxic vapors. It is recommended that users of explosives material be familiar with the Institute of Makers of Explosives Safety Library publications.

Product may explode if burned in confined space. Individual cartridges may explode. Mass explosion of many cartridges at once is unlikely.

#### 5.3 Advice for Firefighters

Protective Equipment: Wear self-contained respiratory protective device.

#### Wear fully protective suit.

#### Additional Information

Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Flammability Classification: (defined by 29 CFR 1910.1200) Explosive. Can explode under fire conditions. Individual devices will randomly explode. Will not mass explode if multiple devices are involved. Burning material may produce toxic and irritating vapors. In unusual cases, shrapnel may be thrown from exploding devices under containment. See 2008 Emergency response Guidebook for further information.

#### SECTION 6 – ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### 6.1 Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

Remove persons from danger area. Ensure adequate ventilation

Wear protective clothing.

Protect from heat.

Evacuate area.

Isolate area and prevent access.

SDS# 1124 Date: 07/20/2020



Page 3 of 10

### According to: 1907/2006/EC (REACH), 1272/2008/EC (CLP), and OSHA GHS

Trade Name: Shock Tube

#### **6.2 Environmental Precautions**

No special measures required.

#### 6.3 Methods and Material for Containment and Cleaning Up

Pick up mechanically.

Send for recovery or disposal in suitable receptacles. Dispose unusable material as waste according to item 13.

#### 6.4 Reference to Other Sections

See Section 7 for information on safe handling.

See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.

See Section 13 for disposal information.

### SECTION 7 – HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for Safe Handling

Handle with care. Avoid jolting, friction and impact.

Use only in well ventilated areas.

Do not subject to grinding/shock/friction.

Information About Fire - and Explosion Protection: Protect from heat. Emergency cooling must be available in case of nearby fire.

#### 7.2 Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities Storage:

Requirements to be Met by Storerooms and Receptacles: Store in a cool location.

Avoid storage near extreme heat, ignition sources or open flame.

Information About Storage in One Common Storage Facility: Store away from foodstuffs.

Further Information About Storage Conditions: Store in cool, dry conditions in well sealed receptacles.

Keep away from heat.

7.3 Specific End Use(s): No further relevant information available.

### SECTION 8 – EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Additional Information About Design of Technical Facilities: No further data; see item 7.

**8.1 Control Parameters** 

**Ingredients with Limit Values that Require Monitoring at the Workplace:** The product does not contain any relevant quantities of materials with critical values that have to be monitored at the workplace.

**DNELs:** No further relevant information available.

**PNECs:** No further relevant information available.

Additional Information: The lists valid during the making were used as basis.

#### 8.2 Exposure Controls

#### **Personal Protective Equipment:**

General Protective and Hygienic Measures: The usual precautionary measures are to be adhered to when handling chemicals.

Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed.

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work.

Respiratory Protection: Not required under normal conditions of use.

Respiratory protection may be required after product use.

**Protection of Hands:** Wear gloves for the protection against mechanical hazards according to NIOSH or EN 388. **Material of Gloves:** The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of guality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer.

**Penetration Time of Glove Material:** The exact break through time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed.

SDS# 1124 Date: 07/20/2020



Page 4 of 10

According to: 1907/2006/EC (REACH), 1272/2008/EC (CLP), and OSHA GHS Trade Name: Shock Tube

#### Eye Protection:



Safety glasses

Face protection Body Protection: Protective work clothing Limitation and Supervision of Exposure into the Environment: No further relevant information available. Risk Management Measures: Organizational measures should be in place for all activities involving this product.

#### **SECTION 9 – PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES** 9.1 Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties General Information Appearance Form Solid material Colour According to product specification Odour : Odourless **Odour Threshold** : Not determined. pH- Value : Not applicable. **Change in Condition** Melting point/Melting range Not Determined. **Boiling point/Boiling range** : Undetermined. **Flash Point** : Not applicable. Flammability (solid, gaseous) : Fire or projection hazard. Auto/Self-ignition temperature : Not determined. Decomposition temperature : Not determined. Self-igniting Not determined. : Danger of explosion : Heating may cause an explosion. **Explosion limits** Lower : Not determined. Upper Not determined. Vapour pressure Not applicable. Density Not determined. **Relative density** : Not determined. Vapour density : Not applicable. **Evaporation rate** : Not applicable. Solubility in / Miscibility with water : Variable, dependent upon product composition and packaging. Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water) Not determined. : Viscosity Dynamic Not applicable. **Kinematic** 2 Not applicable. 9.2 Other Information No further relevant information available.

SDS# 1124 Date: 07/20/2020



### According to: 1907/2006/EC (REACH), 1272/2008/EC (CLP), and OSHA GHS

Trade Name: Shock Tube

### SECTION 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity:

10.2 Chemical Stability:

Thermal Decomposition / Conditions to be Avoided: Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.

10.3 Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Danger of explosion.

Toxic fumes may be released if heated above the decomposition point.

10.4 Conditions to Avoid: No further relevant information available.

10.5 Incompatible Materials: No further relevant information available.

10.6 Hazardous Decomposition Products: Possible in traces.

Nitrogen oxides.

#### SECTION 11 – TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on Toxicological Effects

Acute Toxicity:

LD/LC50 Values Relevant for Classification: None.

Sensitisation: No sensitising effects known.

Primary irritant effect:

On the Skin: Not a skin irritant in unused form. Vapors/particles from used product are possibly irritating to skin.

On the Eye: Not an eye irritant in unused form. Vapors/particles from used product are possibly irritating to eyes. Sensitisation: No sensitising effects known.

Subacute to Chronic Toxicity: No further relevant information available.

Acute Effects (Acute toxicity, Irritation and Corrosivity): Danger of blast or crush-type injuries.

Repeated dose toxicity: No further relevant information available.

### SECTION 12 – ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

Aquatic Toxicity: No further relevant information available.

**12.2 Persistence and Degradability:** No further relevant information available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative Potential: No further relevant information available.

**12.4 Mobility in Soil:** No further relevant information available.

#### Additional Ecological Information

**General Notes:** Water hazard class 1 (German Regulation) (Self-assessment): slightly hazardous for water Do not allow undiluted product or large quantities of it to reach ground water, water course or sewage system.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB Assessment

**PBT:** Not applicable.

vPvB: Not applicable.

**12.6 Other Adverse Effects:** No further relevant information available.

SDS# 1124 Date: 07/20/2020



### According to: 1907/2006/EC (REACH), 1272/2008/EC (CLP), and OSHA GHS

Trade Name: Shock Tube

#### **SECTION 13 – DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### 13.1 Waste Treatment Methods:

**Recommendation:** Must not be disposed together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage system. Damaged materials pose a danger to anyone in the immediate area; consult experts for disposal of damaged products.

The user of this material has the responsibility to dispose of unused material, residues and containers in compliance with all relevant local, state and federal laws and regulations regarding treatment, storage and disposal for hazardous and nonhazardous wastes. Residual materials should be treated as hazardous.

#### **Uncleaned Packaging:**

Recommendation: Disposal must be made according to official regulations.

SECTION 14 – TRANSPORT INFORMATION		
14.1 UN-Number DOT, ADR, IMDG, IATA 14.2 UN Proper Shipping DOT	: UN0349 <b>Name</b> ARTICLES, EXPLOSIVE, N.O.S	
ADR IMDG, IATA 14.3 Transport Hazard Cla DOT	ARTICLES, EXPLOSIVE, N.O.S : ARTICLES, EXPLOSIVE, N.O.S : ARTICLES, EXPLOSIVE, N.O.S iss(es)	
Class Label	: 1.4S : 1.4S	
ADR, IMDG, IATA Class Label	: 1.4S : 1.4S	
14.4 Packing Group DOT, ADR, IMDG, IATA 14.5 Environmental Hazar Marine Pollutant: 14.6 Special Precautions EMS Number 14.7 Transport in Bulk Ac Transport/Additional infor ADR	: ds: : No for User: Not applicable. : F-B, S-X cording to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code: Not applicable. rmation:	
Limited Quantities (LQ) Excepted Quantities (EQ) UN "Model Regulation"	<ul> <li>: 0</li> <li>: Code: E0</li> <li>Not permitted as Excepted Quantity</li> <li>: UN0349, ARTICLES, EXPLOSIVE, N.O.S., 1.4S, II</li> </ul>	

SDS# 1124 Date: 07/20/2020



Page 7 of 10

## According to: 1907/2006/EC (REACH), 1272/2008/EC (CLP), and OSHA GHS Trade Name: Shock Tube

SECTION 15 – REGULATORY INFORMATION
15.1 Safety, Health and Environmental Regulations/Legislation Specific for the Substance or Mixture
United States (USA)
SARA
Section 355 (Extremely Hazardous Substances)
None of the ingredients are listed.
Section 313 (Specific Toxic Chemical Listings)
None of the ingredients are listed.
TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act)
All ingredients are listed.
Proposition 65 (California)
Chemicals known to cause cancer
None of the ingredients is listed.
Chemicals known to cause reproductive toxicity for females
None of the ingredients are listed.
Chemicals known to cause reproductive toxicity for males
None of the ingredients are listed.
Chemicals known to cause developmental toxicity
None of the ingredients are listed.
Carcinogenic Categories
EPA (Environmental Protection Agency)
2691-41-0 octahydro-1,3,5,7-tetranitro-1,3,5,7-tetrazocine (HMX) D
IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)
None of the ingredients are listed.
TLV (Threshold Limit Value established by ACGIH)
7429-90-5     aluminium powder (pyrophoric)     A4
NIOSH-Ca (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health)
None of the ingredients are listed.
Canada
Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL)
All ingredients are listed.
Canadian Ingredient Disclosure list (limit 0.1%)
None of the ingredients are listed.
Canadian Ingredient Disclosure list (limit 1%)
None of the ingredients are listed.
Other regulations, limitations and prohibitive regulations
This product has been classified in accordance with hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the
SDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.
Substances of very high concern (SVHC) according to REACH, Article 57
None of the ingreatents are listed.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment: A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.



### According to: 1907/2006/EC (REACH), 1272/2008/EC (CLP), and OSHA GHS

Trade Name: Shock Tube

SECTION 16 – OTHER INFORMATION		
Revision Date	07/20/2020	
Other Information :	This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200	
Does not apply to 10k ft Shock Tube	Spools with Terminated Ends	
Relevant Phrases		
<ul> <li>H201 Explosive; mass explos</li> </ul>	ion hazard.	
H250 Catches fire spontaneo	usly if exposed to air.	
H261 In contact with water re	leases flammable gases.	
H301 Toxic if swallowed.		
<ul> <li>H311 Toxic in contact with sk</li> </ul>	in.	
<ul> <li>R15 Contact with water libera</li> </ul>	tes extremely flammable gases.	
<ul> <li>R17 Spontaneously flammable</li> </ul>	e in air.	
<ul> <li>R2 Risk of explosion by shoch</li> </ul>	<, friction, fire or other sources of ignition.	
R22 Harmful if swallowed.		
<ul> <li>R24 Toxic in contact with skir</li> </ul>	l.	
Abbreviations and acronyms:		
<ul> <li>ADR: Accord européen sur le concerning the International</li> </ul>	e transport des marchandises dangereuses par Route (European Agreement Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)	
<ul> <li>IMDG: International Maritime</li> </ul>	Code for Dangerous Goods	
<ul> <li>DOT: US Department of Trans</li> </ul>	nsportation	
IATA: International Air Trans	IATA: International Air Transport Association	
GHS: Globally Harmonised S	GHS: Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals	
ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists		
<ul> <li>EINECS: European Inventory</li> </ul>	EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances	
ELINCS: European List of No.	otified Chemical Substances	
CAS: Chemical Abstracts Se	rvice (division of the American Chemical Society)	
NFPA: National Fire Protection	NFPA: National Fire Protection Association (USA)	
HMIS: Hazardous Materials	dentification System (USA)	
WHMIS: Workplace Hazardo	us Materials Information System (Canada)	
DNEL: Derived No-Effect Lev	vel (REACH)	
PNEC: Predicted No-Effect C	Concentration (REACH)	
LC50: Lethal concentration,	50 percent	
LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent	nt	
Expl. 1.1: Explosives, Divisio	n 1.1	
• Expl. 1.4: Explosives, Divisio	n 1.4	
Pyr. Sol. 1: Pyorphoric Solids	s, Hazard Category 1	
Water-react. 2: Substances a	and Mixtures which, in contact with water, emit flammable gases, Hazard Category 2	
• Acute Tox. 3: Acute toxicity,	Hazard Category 3	

SDS# 1124 Date: 07/20/2020



Page 9 of 10

## According to: 1907/2006/EC (REACH), 1272/2008/EC (CLP), and OSHA GHS Trade Name: Shock Tube

#### Sources

SDS Prepared by: ChemTel Inc. 1305 North Florida Avenue Tampa, Florida USA 33602-2902 Toll Free North America 1-888-255-3924 Intl. +01 813-248-0573 Website: www.chemtelinc.com

Party Responsible for the Preparation of This Document Dyno Nobel Inc. 6440 S. Millrock Drive, Suite 150 Salt Lake City, Utah 84121 Phone: 801-364-4800

#### Disclaimer

Dyno Nobel Inc. and its subsidiaries disclaim any warranties with respect to this product, the safety or suitability thereof, the information contained herein, or the results to be obtained, whether express or implied, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION, ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE AND/OR OTHER WARRANTY. The information contained herein is provided for reference purposes only and is intended only for persons having relevant technical skills. Because conditions and manner of use are outside of our control, the user is responsible for determining the conditions of safe use of the product. Buyers and users assume all risk, responsibility and liability whatsoever from any and all injuries (including death), losses, or damages to persons or property arising from the use of this product or information. Under no circumstances shall either Dyno Nobel Inc. or any of its subsidiaries be liable for special, consequential or incidental damages or for anticipated loss of profits.

Dyno Nobel SDS

SDS# 1124 Date: 07/20/2020



Page 10 of 10

STATE OF CONNECTICUT DEPAR DIVISION OF FIRE, EMERGENC	TMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY Y AND BUILDING SERVICES THE STATE FIRE MARSHAL
TRANSPORT, AND U	ISE EXPLOSIVES *
APPLICATION TO PURCHAGE, MARINE	DATE March 27, 2023
MUNICIPALITY North stonington In accordance with the applicable statutes and regulations of th hereby make application topurchase, transport, a	e State of Connecticut, I ind x use explosives.
1. David A. Boutin, 21 Kingswood Drive, North StoingLas, -	
2 23 years Cherenzia Construction Company	a.)
(Previous experience as a topy 1333 Boston Post Road, Madis	on, CT 06443
3. (Full name and address of employer )	bac
4. Drilling & blasting for recurring including location.)	
5. 15147	
(State scense for use.) 14872	hard a
6. (Method of transportation.) (Transport licen	ise number.)
7. L19347 02/28/2024	
Shoreline Blasting Corp., 1333 Boston Post Road, Mzadison, CT 06443	
8. (Name and address of company supplying the explosives.)	
9. 300 lbs. Hi-Ex, 1500 lbs. blasting agent and 500 caps	(based)
(Amount and type of explosives to be purchased, standported, and a 20231204507	
10. (Call before you dig number.)	
11. Attavched	
(Insurance information. [where applicable ])	
I understand that any information given herein which I of and which information is intended to mislead a public set of his / her official duties, is a crime under C.G.S., Section 5 Signature of Applicant	to not believe to be true, ervant in the performance 3a-157.
PERMIT TO PURCHASE, TRANSPORT, AND	USE EXPLOSIVES
MUNICIPALITY North Stonington	DATE March 27, 2023
granted to David A. Boutin to purchase.	x transport, and x use
explosives in accordance with the atornooing application. This permit will exp ALC Fect + STHTE Res	ire on 05.27-2023
Limited to any conditions? If so, state. Signature of Fire Marshal	200 re
10	0
NOTICE - Reverse side must be completed by supplier of the explosives. NOTICE - Vehicles must be inspected and licensed by the State Fire Marshal. formation subject to false statement provisions of C. G. S. Section 53a-157.	White Copy: Permittee Yellow Copy: Local Fire Marshal Green Copy: State Fire Marshal