U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY TIER I QUALIFIED FACILITY SPCC PLAN

In the event that your facility releases oil to navigable waters or adjoining shorelines, immediately call the National Response Center (NRC) at 1-800-424-8802. The NRC is the federal government's centralized reporting center, which is staffed 24 hours per day by U.S. Coast Guard personnel.

Tier I Qualified Facility SPCC Plan

This template constitutes the SPCC Plan for the facility, when completed and signed by the owner or operator of a facility that meets the applicability criteria in §112.3(g)(1). This template addresses the requirements of 40 CFR part 112. Maintain a complete copy of the Plan at the facility if the facility is normally attended at least four hours per day, or for a facility attended fewer than four hours per day, at the nearest field office. When making operational changes at a facility that are necessary to comply with the rule requirements, the owner/operator should follow state and local requirements (such as for permitting, design and construction) and obtain professional assistance, as appropriate.

Facility Description

Facility Name	North Stonington Solar				
Facility Address	State Route 184				
City	North Stonington	State	СТ	ZIP	06359
County	New London	Tel. Number	(615) 760 - 4455		
Owner or Operator Name	Silicon Ranch Corporation				
Owner or Operator Address	222 Second Avenue South,	, Suite 1900			
City	Nashville	State	TN	ZIP	37201
County	Davidson	Tel. Number	(615) 760 - 4455		

I. Self-Certification Statement (§112.6(a)(1))

The owner or operator of a facility certifies that each of the following is true in order to utilize this template to comply with the SPCC requirements:

- I James Barfield certify that the following is accurate:
 - 1. I am familiar with the applicable requirements of 40 CFR part 112.
 - 2. I have visited and examined the facility.
 - 3. This Plan was prepared in accordance with accepted and sound industry practices and standards.
 - 4. Procedures for required inspections and testing have been established in accordance with industry inspection and testing standards or recommended practices.
 - 5. I will fully implement the Plan.
 - 6. This facility meets the following qualification criteria (under §112.3(g)(1)):
 - a. The aggregate aboveground oil storage capacity of the facility is 10,000 U.S. gallons or less; and
 - b. The facility has had no single discharge as described in §112.1(b) exceeding 1,000 U.S. gallons and no two discharges as described in §112.1(b) each exceeding 42 U.S. gallons within any twelve month period in the three years prior to the SPCC Plan self-certification date, or since becoming subject to 40 CFR part 112 if the facility has been in operation for less than three years (not including oil discharges as described in §112.1(b) that are the result of natural disasters, acts of war, or terrorism); and
 - c. There is no individual oil storage container at the facility with an aboveground capacity greater than 5,000 U.S. gallons.
 - 7. This Plan does not deviate from any requirement of 40 CFR part 112 as allowed by §112.7(a)(2) (environmental equivalence) and §112.7(d) (impracticability of secondary containment) or include any measures pursuant to §112.9(c)(6) for produced water containers and any associated piping.
 - 8. This Plan and individual(s) responsible for implementing this Plan have the full approval of management and I have committed the necessary resources to fully implement this Plan.

I also understand my other obligations relating to the storage of oil at this facility, including, among others:

- 1. To report any oil discharge to navigable waters or adjoining shorelines to the appropriate authorities. Notification information is included in this Plan.
- 2. To review and amend this Plan whenever there is a material change at the facility that affects the potential for an oil discharge, and at least once every five years. Reviews and amendments are recorded in an attached log [See Five Year Review Log and Technical Amendment Log in Attachments 1.1 and 1.2.]
- 3. Optional use of a contingency plan. A contingency plan:
 - a. May be used in lieu of secondary containment for qualified oil-filled operational equipment, in accordance with the requirements under §112.7(k), and.
 - b. Must be prepared for operational oil filled electrical equipment, and.
 - c. Must include an established and documented inspection or monitoring program; must follow the provisions of 40 CFR part 109; and must include a written commitment of manpower, equipment and materials to expeditiously remove any quantity of oil discharged that may be harmful. If applicable, a copy of the contingency plan and any additional documentation will be attached to this Plan as Attachment 2.

I certify that I have satisfied the requirement to prepare and implement a Plan under §112.3 and all of the requirements under §112.6(a). I certify that the information contained in this Plan is true.

Signature	Title:	Director, Environmental, Health & Safety
Name James Barfield	Date:	10 / 04/ 2021

II. Record of Plan Review and Amendments

Five Year Review (§112.5(b)):

Complete a review and evaluation of this SPCC Plan at least once every five years. As a result of the review, amend this Plan within six months to include more effective prevention and control measures for the facility, if applicable. Implement any SPCC Plan amendment as soon as possible, but no later than six months following Plan amendment. Document completion of the review and evaluation and complete the Five-Year Review Log in Attachment 1.1. If the facility no longer meets Tier I qualified facility eligibility, the owner or operator must revise the Plan to meet Tier II qualified facility requirements or complete a full PE certified Plan.

Table G-1 Technical Amendments (§§112.5(a), (c) and 112.6(a)(2))		
This SPCC Plan will be amended when there is a change in the facility design, construction, operation, or maintenance that materially affects the potential for a discharge to navigable waters or adjoining shorelines. Examples include adding or removing containers, reconstruction, replacement, or installation of piping systems, changes to secondary containment systems, changes in product stored at this facility, or revisions to standard operating procedures.		
Any technical amendments to this Plan will be re-certified in accordance with Section I of this Plan template. [§112.6(a)(2)] [See Technical Amendment Log in Attachment 1.2]		

III. Plan Requirements

1. Oil Storage Containers (§112.7(a)(3)(i)):

Table G-2 Oil Sto	orage Containers and Capacities			
This table includes a complete list of all oil storage containers (aboveground containers and completely buried				
tanks) with capacity of 55 0.5. gallons or more, unless otherwise exempt from the rule. For mobile/portable				
containers, an estimated number of containers, type	es of oil, and anticipated capacities are	provided.		
Oil Storage Container (indicate whether aboveground (A) or completely buried (B))	Type of Oil	Shell Capacity (gallons)	
Transformer #1	FR3	650		
Transformer #2	FR3	650		
Transformer #3	FR3	650		
	al Aboveground Storage Capacity ^c		allons	
Total Co			allons	
	Facility Total Oil Storage Capacity	ga	allons	

2. Secondary Containment and Oil Spill Control (§§112.6(a)(3)(i) and (ii), 112.7(c) and 112.9(c)(2)):

Table G-3 Secondary Containment and Oil Spill Control Appropriate secondary containment and/or diversionary structures or equipment is provided for all oil handling containers, equipment, and transfer areas to prevent a discharge to navigable waters or adjoining shorelines. The entire secondary containment system, including walls and floor, is capable of containing oil and is constructed so that any discharge from a primary containment system, such as a tank or pipe, will not escape the containment system before cleanup occurs.

^{an} Aboveground storage container that must be included when calculating total facility oil storage capacity include tanks and mobile or portable containers; oil-filled operational equipment (e.g., transformers); other oil-filled equipment, such as flow-through process equipment. Exempt containers that are not included in the capacity calculation include: any container with a storage capacity of less than 55 gallons of oil; containers used exclusively for wastewater treatment; permanently closed containers; motive power containers; hot-mix asphalt containers; heating oil containers used solely at a single-family residence; and pesticide application equipment or related mix containers.

^b Although the criteria to determine eligibility for qualified facilities focuses on the aboveground oil storage containers at the facility, the completely buried tanks at a qualified facility are still subject to the rule requirements and must be addressed in the template; however, they are not counted toward the qualified facility applicability threshold.

^c Counts toward qualified facility applicability threshold.

^a Use one of the following methods of secondary containment or its equivalent: (1) Dikes, berms, or retaining walls sufficiently impervious to contain oil; (2) Curbing; (3) Culverting, gutters, or other drainage systems; (4) Weirs, booms, or other barriers; (5) Spill diversion ponds; (6) Retention ponds; or (7) Sorbent materials.

Table G-4 below identifies the tanks and containers at the facility with the potential for an oil discharge; the mode of failure; the flow direction and potential quantity of the discharge;

and the secondary containment method and containment capacity that is provided.

	Table G-4 Containers with Pote	ential for an Oi	l Discharge		
		Potential	Direction of		Secondary
Araa	Type of failure (discharge acceptio)	discharge	flow for	Secondary containment	containment
Area	Type of failure (discharge scenario)	volume	uncontained	method	capacity
		(gallons)	discharge		(gallons)
Bulk Storage Containers and Mobile/Port	able Containers	,			,
Oil-filled Operational Equipment (e.g., hyd	draulic equipment, transformers) c				
Transformer #1 41°26'2.31"N, 71°49'4.26"W	Damage to cooling fins, external corrosion	650	West	Poly-lined berms sufficient to hold volume of equipment and precipitation.	900
Transformer #2 41°25'58.20"N, 71°49'19.48"W	Damage to cooling fins, external corrosion	650	East	Poly-lined berms sufficient to hold volume of equipment and precipitation.	900
Transformer #3 41°26'5.40"N, 71°49'19.32"W	Damage to cooling fins, external corrosion	650	East	Poly-lined berms sufficient to hold volume of equipment and precipitation.	900
Piping, Valves, etc.	,	•	•		1
Product Transfer Areas (location where o	oil is loaded to or from a container, pipe or other pie	ce of equipment.)	I	l	1
Other Oil-Handling Areas or Oil-Filled Equ	uipment (e.g., flow-through process vessels at an c	oil production facili	ity)	1	1

^a Use one of the following methods of secondary containment or its equivalent: (1) Dikes, berms, or retaining walls sufficiently impervious to contain oil; (2) Curbing; (3) Culverting, gutters, or other drainage systems; (4) Weirs, booms, or other barriers; (5) Spill diversion ponds; (6) Retention ponds; or (7) Sorbent materials.

^b for storage tanks and bulk storage containers, the secondary containment capacity must be at least the capacity of the largest container plus additional capacity to contain rainfall or other precipitation.

of or oil-filled operational equipment: Document in the table above if alternative measures to secondary containment (as described in §112.7(k)) are implemented at the facility.

3. Inspections, Testing, Recordkeeping and Personnel Training (§§112.7(e) and (f), 112.8(c)(6) and (d)(4), 112.9(c)(3), 112.12(c)(6) and (d)(4)):

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Table G-5 Inspections, Testing, Recordkeeping and Personnel Training	
An inspection and/or testing program is implemented for all aboveground bulk storage containers and piping at this facility. [§§112.8(c)(6) and (d)(4), 112.9(c)(3), 112.12(c)(6) and (d)(4)]	\boxtimes
The following is a description of the inspection and/or testing program (e.g., reference to industry standard utilized, scope, frequency, method inspection or test, and person conducting the inspection) for all aboveground bulk storage containers and piping at this facility:	of
Silicon Ranch Corporation "SRC" has overall responsibility for this plan and the site EHS representative will revie inspection reports of each responsible subcontractor and perform an audit of these inspections every two weeks. pertinent SRC personnel have been trained in the requirements of 40 CFR 112.	
During construction operations, a Miller Brothers designated employee will inspect pad mount transformers week leaks and spills. This inspection will be documented and submitted weekly to SRC EHS representative.	ly for
All Miller Brothers personnel will be briefed on the SPCC Plan prior to working at the site, and spill prevention will topic discussed at least once per quarter at safety meetings. Miller Brothers instructs its personnel in the operand maintenance of equipment to prevent discharges of oil. The SPCC training and periodic briefings will high and describe on-the-job environmental updates, known spill events or failures, malfunctioning components, and recently developed precautionary measures. With this training, the personnel will recognize the importance of the need for prevention and control of oil spills.	eration light
Miller Brothers employees specifically responsible for handling and installation of the oil are thoroughly trained as proper techniques that must be used to reduce the probability of an oil spill. Special emphasis is directed toward employees since the likelihood of an oil spill is more prevalent during this handling process. Maintenance and installation personnel have received basic training in handling hazardous materials and are certified by OSHA.	
Inspections, tests, and records are conducted in accordance with written procedures developed for the facility.	
Records of inspections and tests kept under usual and customary business practices will suffice for purposes of this paragraph. [§112.7(e)]	\boxtimes
A record of the inspections and tests are kept at the facility or with the SPCC Plan for a period of three years. [§112.7(e)] [See Inspection Log and Schedule in Attachment 3.1]	\boxtimes
Inspections and tests are signed by the appropriate supervisor or inspector. [§112.7(e)]	\boxtimes
Personnel, training, and discharge prevention procedures [§112.7(f)]	
Oil-handling personnel are trained in the operation and maintenance of equipment to prevent discharges; discharge procedure protocols; applicable pollution control laws, rules, and regulations; general facility operations; and the contents of the facility SPCC Plan. [§112.7(f)]	\boxtimes
A person who reports to facility management is designated and accountable for discharge prevention. [§112.7(f)]	\boxtimes
Name/Title: Dee Kohler	
Discharge prevention briefings are conducted for oil-handling personnel annually to assure adequate understanding of the SPCC Plan for that facility. Such briefings highlight and describe past reportable discharges or failures, malfunctioning components, and any recently developed precautionary measures. [§112.7(f)] ISee Oil-handling Personnel Training and Briefing Log in Attachment 3.41	

4. Security (excluding oil production facilities) §112.7(g):

Table G-6 Implementation and Description of Security Measures

Security measures are implemented at this facility to prevent unauthorized access to oil handling, processing, and storage area.

 \boxtimes

The following is a description of how you secure and control access to the oil handling, processing, and storage areas; secure master flow and drain valves; prevent unauthorized access to starter controls on oil pumps; secure out-of-service and loading/unloading connections of oil pipelines; address the appropriateness of security lighting to both prevent acts of vandalism and assist in the discovery of oil discharges:

To prevent unauthorized access, the entire site is surrounded by an 8-foot high fence, and all gates are securely locked. The fence and gates are conspicuously marked with posted signs as a warning to intruders that they are trespassing on private property where dangerous high-voltage equipment is located.

5. Emergency Procedures and Notifications (§112.7(a)(3)(iv) and 112.7(a)(5)):

Table G-7 Description of Emergency Procedures and Notifications

The following is a description of the immediate actions to be taken by facility personnel in the event of a discharge to navigable waters or adjoining shorelines $[\S112.7(a)(3)(iv)]$ and 112.7(a)(5):

Personnel shall take the following actions in response to an oil spill event:

- 1. Protect yourself:
 - a. Be aware of electrical hazards
 - b. Determine exposure routes from chemical contaminants (if applicable)
 - c. Wear and use proper protective gear (glove and eye protection at a minimum)
- 2. Contain the spill:
 - a. Construct earthen berms to divert potential entry into drains and waterways
 - b. Use absorbent materials available in the provided spill kits
- 3. Secure the area:
 - a. Isolate the area to prevent access.
 - b. Limit entry into the area to authorized personnel wearing appropriate protective gear.
 - c. Use plastic over the spill area to prevent additional spreading or human contact.
 - d. Post warning signs.
- 4. Report the spill:
 - a. Contact Silicon Ranch Corporation and Miller Brothers EPC who are responsible for effective construction operations of North Stonington Solar with the following information:
 - i. Location
 - ii. Source of Spill
 - iii. Volume of spill
 - iv. Extents of spill within the property or beyond
 - v. Identification of the equipment
 - vi. Individuals known to be in contact with the oil
 - b. Miller Brothers EPC will direct crews to the spill site.
 - c. Silicon Ranch Corporation will contact the necessary environmental agencies as show in the oil reporting procedure.
- 5. Proceed with cleanup activities:
 - a. For small spills,
 - i. Use a sump or other mechanism to remove oil from spill site and place in a sealed 55-gallon drum or spill kit drum.
 - ii. excavate the contaminated soil with onsite tools and equipment. Place excavated soil into sealed 55-gallon drums or spill kit drum for proper disposal.
 - b. For large spills,

Contact remediation contractor, Clean Harbors, for soil excavation.

6. Contact List (§112.7(a)(3)(vi)):

Table G-8 Co	ontact List
Contact Organization / Person	Telephone Number
National Response Center (NRC)	1-800-424-8802
Cleanup Contractor(s) Clean Harbors – Cranston Field Services	(401) 228-2435
Key Facility Personnel	
Designated Person Accountable for Discharge Prevention: Dee Kohler	Office: (512) 924-3595
Silicon Ranch Corporation	Emergency: (512) 924-3595
Jim Barfield	Office: (704) 985-3316
Silicon Ranch Corporation	Emergency: (704) 985-3316
TBD	Office: TBD
Miller Brothers	Emergency: TBD
	Office:
	Emergency:
State Oil Pollution Control Agencies	(866) 337-7745
Department of Energy and Environmental Protection (DEEP)	(860) 424-3338
Other State, Federal, and Local Agencies	
Local Fire Department North Stonington Volunteer Fire Department	911 OR (860) 535-0937
Local Police Department	911 OR
Connecticut State Police	(860) 535-1451
Hospital Westerley Hospital	911 OR (401) 596-6000
Other Contact References (e.g., downstream water intakes or neighboring facilities)	

7. NRC Notification Procedure (§112.7(a)(4) and (a)(5)):

Table G-9 NRC Notification Procedure

In the event of a discharge of oil to navigable waters or adjoining shorelines, the following information identified in Attachment 4 will be provided to the National Response Center immediately following identification of a discharge to navigable waters or adjoining shorelines [See Discharge Notification Form in Attachment 4]: [§112.7(a)(4)]



- The exact address or location and phone number of the facility.
- Date and time of the discharge.
- Type of material discharged.
- Estimate of the total quantity discharged.
- Estimate of the quantity discharged to navigable waters.
- Source of the discharge;

- Description of all affected media.
- Cause of the discharge.
- Any damages or injuries caused by the discharge.
- Actions being used to stop, remove, and mitigate the effects of the discharge.
- · Whether an evacuation may be needed; and
- Names of individuals and/or organizations who have also been contacted.

8. SPCC Spill Reporting Requirements (Report within 60 days) (§112.4):

Submit information to the EPA Regional Administrator (RA) and the appropriate agency or agencies in charge of oil pollution control activities in the State in which the facility is located within 60 days from one of the following discharge events:

A single discharge of more than 1,000 U.S. gallons of oil to navigable waters or adjoining shorelines or Two discharges to navigable waters or adjoining shorelines each more than 42 U.S. gallons of oil occurring within any twelve-month period

You must submit the following information to the RA:

- (1) Name of the facility.
- (2) Your name.
- (3) Location of the facility.
- (4) Maximum storage or handling capacity of the facility and normal daily throughput.
- (5) Corrective action and countermeasures you have taken, including a description of equipment repairs and replacements.
- (6) An adequate description of the facility, including maps, flow diagrams, and topographical maps, as necessary.
- (7) The cause of the reportable discharge, including a failure analysis of the system or subsystem in which the failure occurred; and
- (8) Additional preventive measures you have taken or contemplated to minimize the possibility of recurrence
- (9) Such other information as the Regional Administrator may reasonably require pertinent to the Plan or discharge

* * * * *

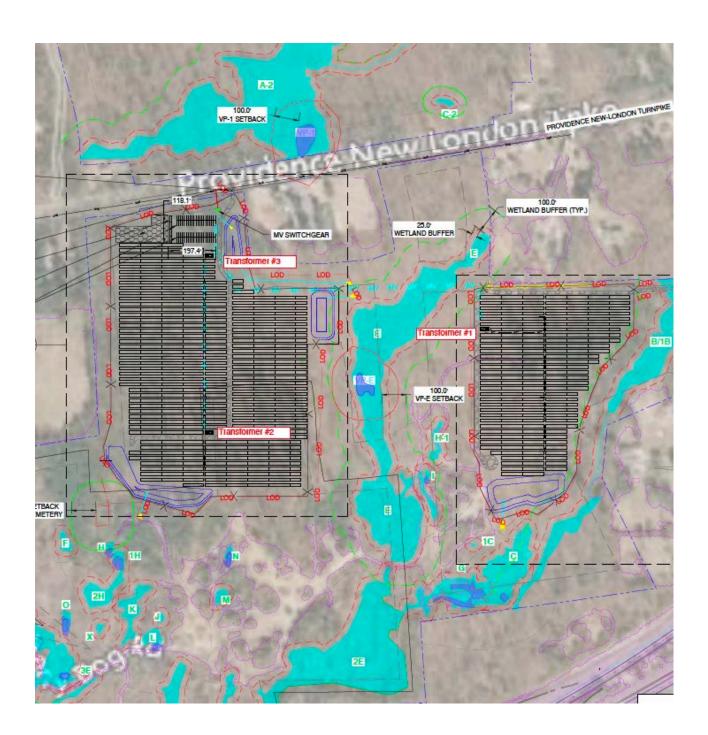
A. Onshore Facilities (excluding production) (§§112.8(b) through (d), 112.12(b) through (d)):

The owner or operator must meet the general rule requirements as well as requirements under this section. Note that not all provisions may be applicable to all owners/operators. For example, a facility may not maintain completely buried metallic storage tanks installed after January 10, 1974, and thus would not have to abide by requirements in §§112.8(c)(4) and 112.12(c)(4), listed below. In cases where a provision is not applicable, write "N/A".

Table G-10 General Rule Requirements for Onshore Facilities	N/A
Drainage from diked storage areas is restrained by valves to prevent a discharge into the drainage system or facility effluent treatment system, except where facility systems are designed to control such discharge. Diked areas may be emptied by pumps or ejectors that must be manually activated after inspecting the condition of the accumulation to ensure no oil will be discharged. [§§112.8(b)(1) and 112.12(b)(1)]	
Valves of manual, open-and-closed design are used for the drainage of diked areas. [§§112.8(b)(2) and 112.12(b)(2)]	\boxtimes
The containers at the facility are compatible with materials stored and conditions of storage such as pressure and temperature. [§§112.8(c)(1) and 112.12(c)(1)]	
Secondary containment for the bulk storage containers (including mobile/portable oil storage containers) holds the capacity of the largest container plus additional capacity to contain precipitation. Mobile or portable oil storage containers are positioned to prevent a discharge as described in §112.1(b). [§112.6(a)(3)(ii)]	
If uncontaminated rainwater from diked areas drains into a storm drain or open watercourse the following procedures will be implemented at the facility: [§§112.8(c)(3) and 112.12(c)(3)]	
Bypass valve is normally sealed closed	
 Retained rainwater is inspected to ensure that its presence will not cause a discharge to navigable waters or adjoining shorelines 	
Bypass valve is opened and resealed under responsible supervision	
Adequate records of drainage are kept [See Dike Drainage Log in Attachment 3.3]	
For completely buried metallic tanks installed on or after January 10, 1974, at this facility [§§112.8(c)(4) and 112.12(c)(4)]:	
Tanks have corrosion protection with coatings or cathodic protection compatible with local soil conditions.	
Regular leak testing is conducted.	
For partially buried or bunkered metallic tanks [§112.8(c)(5) and §112.12(c)(5)]:	
 Tanks have corrosion protection with coatings or cathodic protection compatible with local soil conditions. 	
Each aboveground bulk container is tested or inspected for integrity on a regular schedule and whenever material repairs are made. Scope and frequency of the inspections and inspector qualifications are in accordance with industry standards. Container supports and foundations are regularly inspected.	
[See Inspection Log and Schedule and Bulk Storage Container Inspection Schedule in Attachments 3.1 and 3.2] [§112.8(c)(6) and §112.12(c)(6)(i)]	
Outsides of bulk storage containers are frequently inspected for signs of deterioration, discharges, or accumulation of oil inside diked areas. [See Inspection Log and Schedule in Attachment 3.1] [§§112.8(c)(6) and 112.12(c)(6)]	
For bulk storage containers that are subject to 21 CFR part 110 which are shop-fabricated, constructed of austenitic stainless steel, elevated and have no external insulation, formal visual inspection is conducted on a regular schedule. Appropriate qualifications for personnel performing tests and inspections are documented. [See Inspection Log and Schedule and Bulk Storage Container Inspection Schedule in Attachments 3.1 and 3.21 [\$112.12(c)(6)(ii)]	

Table G-10 General Rule Requirements for Onshore Facilities			
Procedure A. (For vehicle and equipment fueling)	\boxtimes		
 The vehicle engine shall be off. Prior to fueling, the valve on any secondary containment shall be closed and any nearby basins covered with the provided flexible rubber mat. Ensure that the fuel is the proper type of fuel. Verify that absorbent spill clean-up materials and spill kits are available in the fueling area. Nozzles used in vehicle and equipment fueling shall be equipped with an automatic shut-off to prevent overfill. Fuel tanks shall not be "topped-off". Clearly post in a prominent area of the fueling area, instructions for safe operation offueling equipment, and appropriate contact information for the person(s) responsible for spill response. Clearly label fuel pump master shut-off switch and maintain clear and easy access 	I		
 Fuel may only be dispensed by a trained and designated employee. When not in use and if practical, the pump is to remain locked. During normal workinghours the pump key is to be stored by project supervision. 	۶,		
 Conduct cleanups of any fuel spills immediately after discovery. Uncontained spills are to be cleaned using dry cleaning methods only. Spills shall be cleaned up with a dry, absorbent material (e.g., kitty litter, sawdust, etc.) and absorbent materials sh be collected and place in a container for disposal. Collected waste is to be disposed of properly. Contact the Silicon Ranch Corporation EHS&S Department to report. 			
Maintenance and Inspection			
1. Fueling areas shall be inspected daily. 2. Keep an ample supply of spill cleanup material on the site. 3. Any equipment, tanks, pumps, piping and fuel dispensing equipment found to be leaking or disrepair must be repaired or replaced immediately.			
Liquid level sensing devices are regularly tested to ensure proper operation [See Inspection Log at Schedule in Attachment 3.1]. [§112.6(a)(3)(iii)] Visible discharges which result in a loss of oil from the container, including but not limited to seams,			
gaskets, piping, pumps, valves, rivets, and bolts are promptly corrected and oil in diked areas is prorremoved. [§§112.8(c)(10) and 112.12(c)(10)]			
Aboveground valves, piping, and appurtenances such as flange joints, expansion joints, valve gland bodies, catch pans, pipeline supports, locking of valves, and metal surfaces are inspected regularly. Inspection Log and Schedule in Attachment 3.1 [§§112.8(d)(4) and 112.12(d)(4)]		\boxtimes	
Integrity and leak testing are conducted on buried piping at the time of installation, modification, construction, relocation, or replacement. [See Inspection Log and Schedule in Attachment 3.1] [§§112.8(d)(4) and 112.12(d)(4)]			

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ATTACHMENT 1 – Five Year Review and Technical Amendment Logs

ATTACHMENT 1.1 – Five Year Review Log

I have completed a review and evaluation of the SPCC Plan for this facility and will/will not amend this Plan as a result.

Table G-13 Review and Evaluation of SPCC Plan for Facility			
Review Date	Plan An	nendment	Name and signature of person authorized to review this
	Will Amend	Will Not Amend	Plan
	_	_	
		П	
		Ш	
		<u> </u>	
		П	

Facility Name:	North Stonington Solar	

Any technical amendments to this Plan will be re-certified in accordance with Section I of this Plan template.

ATTACHMENT 1.2 – Technical Amendment Log

Table G-15 Description and Certification of Technical Amendments Date Date			
Date	Description of Technical Amendment	Name and signature of person certifying this technical amendment	

ATTACHMENT 2 – Oil Spill Contingency Plan and Checklist

An oil spill contingency plan and written commitment of resources is required for:

• Qualified oil-filled operational equipment which has no secondary containment.

An oil spill contingency plan meeting the provisions of 40 CFR part 109, as described below, and a written	\boxtimes
commitment of manpower, equipment and materials required to expeditiously control and remove any quantity	
of oil discharged that may be harmful is attached to this Plan.	

Complete the checklist below to verify that the necessary operations outlined in 40 CFR part 109 - Criteria for State, Local and Regional Oil Removal Contingency Plans - have been included.

Table G-15 Checklist of Development and Implementation Criteria for State, Local and Regional Oil Remo	oval
(a) Definition of the authorities, responsibilities and duties of all persons, organizations or agencies which are to be involved in planning or directing oil removal operations.	
(b) Establishment of notification procedures for the purpose of early detection and timely notification of an oil discharge including:	
(1) The identification of critical water use areas to facilitate the reporting of and response to oil discharges.(2) A current list of names, telephone numbers and addresses of the responsible persons (with alternates) and organizations to be notified when an oil discharge is discovered.	\boxtimes
(3) Provisions for access to a reliable communications system for timely notification of an oil discharge, and the capability of interconnection with the communications systems established under related oil removal contingency plans, particularly State and National plans (e.g., NCP).	
(4) An established, prearranged procedure for requesting assistance during a major disaster or when the situation exceeds the response capability of the State, local or regional authority.	
(c) Provisions to assure that full resource capability is known and can be committed during an oil discharge situation including:	
(1) The identification and inventory of applicable equipment, materials and supplies which are available locally and regionally.	
(2) An estimate of the equipment, materials and supplies which would be required to remove the maximum oil discharge to be anticipated.	\boxtimes
(3) Development of agreements and arrangements in advance of an oil discharge for the acquisition of equipment, materials and supplies to be used in responding to such a discharge.	\boxtimes
(d) Provisions for well defined and specific actions to be taken after discovery and notification of an oil discharge including:	
(1) Specification of an oil discharge response operating team consisting of trained, prepared, and available operating personnel.	\boxtimes
(2) Predesignation of a properly qualified oil discharge response coordinator who is charged with the responsibility and delegated commensurate authority for directing and coordinating response operations and who knows how to request assistance from Federal authorities operating under existing national and regional contingency plans.	\boxtimes
(3) A preplanned location for an oil discharge response operations center and a reliable communications system for directing the coordinated overall response operations.	\boxtimes
(4) Provisions for varying degrees of response effort depending on the severity of the oil discharge.	\boxtimes
(5) Specification of the order of priority in which the various water uses are to be protected where more than one water use may be adversely affected as a result of an oil discharge and where response operations may not be adequate to protect all uses.	
(6) Specific and well-defined procedures to facilitate recovery of damages and enforcement measures as provided for by State and local statutes and ordinances.	\boxtimes

^{at} the contingency plan must be consistent with all applicable state and local plans, Area Contingency Plans, and the National Contingency Plan (NCP)

ATTACHMENT 3 – Inspections, Dike Drainage and Personnel Training Logs

ATTACHMENT 3.1 – Inspection Log and Schedule

Table G-16 Inspection Log and Schedule This log is intended to document compliance with §§112.6(a)(3)(iii), 112.8(c)(6), 112.8(d)(4), 112.9(b)(2), 112.9(c)(3), 112.9(d)(1), 112.9(d)(4), 112.12.(c)(6), and 112.12(d)(4), as applicable.					
Date of Inspection	Container / Piping / Equipment	Describe Scope (Or cite Industry Standard)	Observations	Name/ Signature of Inspector	Records maintained separately ^a

Facility Name: North Stonington Solar Page 14 Tier I Qualified Facility SPCC Plan

^a Indicate in the table above if records of facility inspections are maintained separately at this facility.

ATTACHMENT 3.2 – Bulk Storage Container Inspection Schedule – onshore facilities (excluding production):

To comply with integrity inspection requirement for bulk storage containers, inspect/test each shop-built aboveground bulk storage container on a regular schedule in accordance with a recognized container inspection standard based on the minimum requirements in the following table.

Table G-17 Bulk Storage Container Inspection Schedule				
Container Size and Design Specification	Inspection requirement			
Portable containers (including drums, totes, and intermodal bulk containers (IBC))	Visually inspect monthly for signs of deterioration, discharges or accumulation of oil inside diked areas			
55 to 1,100 gallons with sized secondary containment 1,101 to 5,000 gallons with sized secondary containment and a means of leak detection	Visually inspect monthly for signs of deterioration, discharges or accumulation of oil inside diked areas plus any annual inspection elements per industry inspection standards			
1,101 to 5,000 gallons with sized secondary containment and no method of leak detection	Visually inspect daily for signs of deterioration, discharges or accumulation of oil inside diked areas, plus any annual inspection elements and other specific integrity tests that may be required per industry inspection standards			

^{an} Examples of leak detection include, but are not limited to, double-walled tanks and elevated containers where a leak can be visually identified.

ATTACHMENT 3.3 – Dike Drainage Log

Table G-18 Dike Drainage Log						
Date	Bypass valve sealed closed	Rainwater inspected to be sure no oil (or sheen) is visible	Open bypass valve and reseal it following drainage	Drainage activity supervised	Observations	Signature of Inspector

ATTACHMENT 3.4 – Oil-handling Personnel Training and Briefing Log

Table G-19 Oil-Handling Personnel Training and Briefing Log Date Description / Scope Attendees				
Date	Description / Scope	Attendees		

ATTACHMENT 4 – Discharge Notification Form

In the event of a discharge of oil to navigable waters or adjoining shorelines, the following information will be provided to the National Response Center [also see the notification information provided in Section 7 of the Plan]:

Table G-20 Information provided to the National Response Center in the Event of a Discharge				
Discharge/Discovery Date		Time		
Facility Name				
Facility Location (Address/Lat- Long/Section Township Range)				
Name of reporting individual		Telephone #		
Type of material discharged		Estimated total quantity discharged	Gallons/Barrels	
Source of the discharge		Media affected	Soil	
			☐ Water (specify)	
			Other (specify)	
Actions taken				
Damage or injuries	☐ No ☐ Yes (specify)	Evacuation needed?	☐ No ☐ Yes (specify)	
Organizations and individuals contacted	☐ National Response C	Center 800-424-8802 Time		
Contacted	☐ Cleanup contractor (Specify) Time			
☐ Facility personnel (Specify) Time				
☐ State Agency (Specify) Time				
	Other (Specify) Time			