## CERTIFIED

## STATE OF CONNECTICUT

## CONNECTICUT SITING COUNCIL

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Petition No. 1443

SR North Stonington, LLC, Petition for a

Declaratory Ruling, Pursuant to Connecticut General

Statutes §4-176 and §16-50k, for the Proposed

Construction, Maintenance and Operation of a

9.9-megawatt AC Solar Photovoltaic Electric Generating

Facility on Five Parcels Located North and South of

Providence-New London Turnpike (State Route 184), West

of Boombridge Road and North of Interstate 95 in North

Stonington, Connecticut

Zoom Remote Council Meeting (Teleconference), on Thursday, July 8, 2021, beginning at 2 p.m.

Held Before:

JOHN MORISSETTE, Member and Presiding Officer

1	Appearances:
2	Council Members:
3	JOHN MORISSETTE, (Hearing Officer)
4	
5	ROBERT HANNON,
6	DEEP Designee
7	
8	QUAT NGUYEN,
9	PURA Designee
10	
11	ROBERT SILVESTRI
12	ED EDELSON
13	DANIEL P. LYNCH, JR.
14	LOUANNE COOLEY
15	
16	Council Staff:
17	MELANIE BACHMAN, ESQ.,
18	Executive Director and Staff Attorney
19	
20	LISA FONTAINE,
21	Fiscal Administrative Officer
22	
23	AARON DeMAREST,
24	Sound Engineer
25	

ppearances:(cont'd)
or SR North Stonington, LLC (Petitioner):
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or the Town of North Stonington (Intervener):
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P.O. Box 1591
New London, Connecticut 06320
By: ROBERT A. AVENA, ESQ.
RAvena@sswbgg.com

THE HEARING OFFICER: Good afternoon, ladies and gentlemen. Can everyone hear me okay?

Very good. Thank you.

This continued remote evidentiary hearing is called to order this Thursday July 8, 2020, at 2 p.m.

My name is John Morissette, member and presiding officer of the Connecticut Siting Council.

As everyone is aware, there currently is a statewide effort to prevent the spread of the coronavirus. This is why the Council is holding this remote hearing, and we ask for your patience. If you haven't done so already, I ask that everyone please mute their computer audio and/or telephones now.

A copy of the prepared agenda is available on the Council's Petition Number 1443 webpage along with the record of this matter and the public hearing notice, instructions for public access to this remote public hearing and the Council's citizens' guide to Siting Council procedures.

Other members of the Council with us today are Mr. Ed Edelson; Mr. Silvestri; Mr. Hannon, designee for Commissioner Katie Dykes of the

Department of Energy and Environmental Protection;
Mr. Nguyen, designee for Chairman Marissa Paslick
Gillett of the Public Utility Regulatory
Authority; Mr. Lynch; Ms. Cooley; Executive
Director Melanie Bachman; Siting Analyst Michael
Perrone; and Fiscal Administrative officer Lisa
Fontaine.

This evidentiary session is a continuation of the remote public hearing held on June 8, 2021. It is held pursuant to the provisions of Title 16 of the Connecticut General Statutes and of the Uniform Administrative Procedure Act upon a petition from SR North Stonington LLC for a declaratory ruling, pursuant to Connecticut General Statutes 4-176 and Section 16-50k, for the proposed construction, maintenance and operation of a 9.9-megawatt AC solar photovoltaic electric generation facility on 5 parcels located north and south of Providence-New London Turnpike, also known as State Route 184, west of Boombridge Road and north of Interstate 95 in North Stonington, Connecticut.

Please be advised that Council does not issue permits for stormwater management. If the proposed project is approved by the Council -- the

Department of Energy and Environmental Protection,

DEEP, a stormwater permit is independently

required. DEEP will hold a public hearing on any

stormwater -- could hold a public hearing on any

stormwater permit application.

Please also be advised that the Council's project evaluation criteria under the statute does not include consideration of property value.

A verbatim transcript will be made available of this hearing and deposited at the North Stonington Town Clerk's office for the convenience of the public.

We'll have the continuation of the appearance by the Petitioner, SR North Stonington, LLC. We will continue with the appearance of the Petitioner to verify the new exhibits that have been submitted marked as Roman numeral two, items B5 and '6.

Attorney Baldwin, please begin by identifying the new exhibits you have filed in this matter, and verifying the exhibits by the appropriate sworn witnesses.

MR. BALDWIN: Thank you, Mr. Morissette.

Good afternoon, Councilmembers, staff.

Again, Ken Baldwin with Robinson & Cole, joined

1 today by Jonathan Schaefer on behalf of the 2 Petitioner, SR North Stonington LLC. 3 Mr. Morissette, our witness panel is the same 4 as it was last time. We have five, five of our 5 panelists here in Hartford. And Vince Ginter 6 remains on video as our sixth witness. 7 I would just remind our witness panel that 8 you remain sworn in this proceeding. 9 CANDELARIA, PETER 10 ALI WEAVER, 11 DEAN GUSTAFSON, 12 DENNIS QUINN, 13 MATT BRAWLEY, 14 VINCENT GINTER, 15 recalled as witnesses, having been previously 16 duly sworn, were examined and testified under 17 oath as follows: 18 19 MR. BALDWIN: As stated, Mr. Morissette, we have two 20 additional exhibits that we'd like to offer. They 21 included in the hearing program Petitioner's 22 Exhibit Number 5, which are Petitioner's responses 23 to interrogatories issued by the Town of North 24 Stonington. Those were filed by the Petitioner on

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July 1st.

1 Also filed on July 1st were the Petitioner's responses to the Council late-file exhibits which 2 3 were issued after the initial evidentiary session 4 back on June 8th. 5 And for the purposes of verification I'll ask 6 our witness panel, did you prepare or assist in 7 the preparation of the new exhibits labeled 8 numbers five and six in the hearing program under 9 Roman two, section B? Mr. Gustafson? 10 THE WITNESS (Gustafson): Dean Gustafson, yes. 11 THE WITNESS (Quinn): Dennis Quinn, yes. 12 THE WITNESS (Candelaria): Pete Candelaria, yes. 13 THE WITNESS (Weaver): Ali Weaver, yes. 14 THE WITNESS (Brawley): Matt Brawley, yes. 15 MR. BALDWIN: Mr. Ginter? You're muted. 16 There you go. 17 THE WITNESS (Ginter): Can you hear me now? 18 MR. BALDWIN: Yes. 19 THE WITNESS (Ginter): Okay. Yes, Vince Ginter. 20 I do. 21 MR. BALDWIN: And do you have corrections, 22 modifications or clarifications that you want to 23 offer to any of those exhibits, or the responses 24 contained in those exhibits at this time? 25 Mr. Gustafson?

1 THE WITNESS (Gustafson): Dean Gustafson, no. 2 MR. BALDWIN: Mr. Quinn? THE WITNESS (Quinn): Dennis Quinn, no. 3 4 MR. BALDWIN: Mr. Candelaria? 5 THE WITNESS (Candelaria): Pete Candelaria, yes. 6 Petitioner's Exhibit 6, item M, the 7 modification to the Petitioner's on-site fuel 8 storage plan. 9 After further review of the considerations 10 from and comments from the Council, we've opted to 11 move in the direction as requested by the Council 12 to maintain mobile fuel support in lieu of the 13 on-site fuel storage tanks, and we'll work with 14 our contractor to develop -- develop temporary 15 containment to facilitate this safely. 16 MR. BALDWIN: Thank you. 17 Ms. weaver? 18 THE WITNESS (Weaver): Ali Weaver, no. 19 MR. BALDWIN: Mr. Brawley? 20 THE WITNESS (Brawley): Matt Brawley, no. 21 MR. BALDWIN: Mr. Ginter? 22 THE WITNESS (Ginter): Vince Ginter, no. 23 MR. BALDWIN: And with those corrections and 24 modifications or clarifications, is the 25 information contained in those exhibits true and

1 accurate to the best of your knowledge? 2 Mr Gustafson? 3 THE WITNESS (Gustafson): Dean Gustafson, yes. 4 MR. BALDWIN: Mr. Quinn? 5 THE WITNESS (Quinn): Dennis Quinn, yes. 6 MR. BALDWIN: Mr. Candelaria? 7 THE WITNESS (Candelaria): Pete Candelaria, yes. 8 MR. BALDWIN: Ms. Weaver? 9 THE WITNESS (Weaver): Ali Weaver, yes. 10 MR. BALDWIN: Mr. Brawley. THE WITNESS (Brawley): Matt Brawley, yes. 11 12 MR. BALDWIN: Mr. Ginter? THE WITNESS (Ginter): Vince Ginter, yes. 13 14 MR. BALDWIN: And do you adopt the information 15 contained in those exhibits as your testimony in 16 this proceeding? Mr. Gustafson? 17 THE WITNESS (Gustafson): Dean Gustafson, yes. 18 THE WITNESS (Quinn): Dennis Quinn, yes. 19 MR. BALDWIN: Mr. Candelaria? 20 THE WITNESS (Candelaria): Pete Candelaria, yes. 21 MR. BALDWIN: Ms. Weaver? 22 THE WITNESS (Weaver): Ali Weaver, yes. 23 MR. BALDWIN: Mr. Brawley? 24 THE WITNESS (Brawley): Matt Brawley, yes. 25 MR. BALDWIN: Mr. Ginter?

1	THE WITNESS (Ginter): Vince Ginter, yes.
2	MR. BALDWIN: Mr. Morissette, we offer them as full
3	exhibits.
4	THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you, Attorney Baldwin.
5	Does any party object to the admission of the
6	Petitioner's new exhibits? Attorney Avena?
7	MR. AVENA: No objection, Mr. Chairman.
8	THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you. The exhibits are
9	hereby admitted.
LO	We will continue with cross-examination of
L1	the Petitioner by the Council starting with
L2	Mr. Perrone.
L3	Mr. Perrone?
L4	MR. PERRONE: Thank you, Mr. Morissette.
L5	I'd like to begin with the cost topic.
L6	Referencing the Late-File Exhibit A, I understand
L7	the total cost is between 15 and 25 million. Do
L8	you have a closer estimate at this time? Or is it
L9	still basically within that range?
20	THE WITNESS (Weaver): Mr. Perrone, this is Ali Weaver.
21	That's that's the best estimate we have at this
22	time. I'm happy to offer the Council any update
23	as we continue through this process.
24	MR. PERRONE: Are the initial then revised project's
25	costs roughly comparable? Regarding the revised

1 project from -- versus the originally proposed 2 project, are they comparable in cost? 3 THE WITNESS (Weaver): Yes, they are comparable in 4 cost. The reason being is we've continued through 5 this process in places where we've had cost 6 increases. There has been other cost savings, and 7 so they've balanced each other out -- is why 8 they're comparable. 9 MR. PERRONE: Did the use of the bifacial solar panels 10 or increasing the panel wattage materially affect 11 your total costs? 12 THE WITNESS (Weaver): Ali Weaver. That was a 13 significant cost increase for us, yes. 14 MR. PERRONE: Is that mostly due to the wattage 15 increase? 16 THE WITNESS (Candelaria): So this is Pete Candelaria. 17 No, it's -- it's due to, you know, the type and --18 and density of module, yes. It's driven by both 19 the fact that it's a bifacial module and the 20 higher density. 21 MR. PERRONE: And with the 475-watt proposed panels, 22 what would be your proposed aisle width, the 23 row-to-row spacing? 24 THE WITNESS (Weaver): Ali Weaver. We are at 25 8.81 feet, which is identified on attachment 4.

MR. PERRONE: And with the revised aisle width and the revised panel size would you expect your capacity factor to decrease due to the inter-row shading? THE WITNESS (Candelaria): No. This is Pete Candelaria. We do not expect our overall capacity factor to decrease. It's our DC/AC ratio that bumps up a bit. So we'll have a bit more DC, but the overall AC capacity factor will remain the same.

MR. PERRONE: In the late-file exhibits, attachment 15, there's the emergency action plan. And looking at section 5 of that plan, 5C there's a section on the response to a fire.

In the event of a fire are there provisions in this plan to shut down the facility, and how would that happen? Would it be remote, or emergency responders would shut it down before entry?

MR. SCHAEFER: For clarification, Mr. Perrone, I believe you meant attachment 14?

MR. PERRONE: Yes, I'm sorry.

THE WITNESS (Candelaria): So this is Pete Candelaria
with Silicon Ranch. We are able to remotely open
our breakers with our -- our system and our
switchgear. So we can isolate the facility

remotely.

MR. PERRONE: Referencing the town exhibits, there is the letter from CLA Engineers dated April 26, 2021. And on the second page of that letter there are five points related to vernal pools, specifically vernal pool 1.

Would the Petitioner be able to respond to those items one through five in the context of the revised project?

THE WITNESS (Gustafson): Yes, yeah. This is Dean
Gustafson. We provided responses in both
Applicant Exhibits 5 and 6 -- so in 5, in our
response to question 37. And then Exhibit 6, the
late file that was associated with the critical
terrestrial habitat impacts, that was a response
to item D.

We've effectively revised the project to -for vernal pool 1, specifically. We've eliminated
all of the impacts within the vernal pool
envelope, and we have increased the buffer to
project activities at VP1. Originally it was
76 feet, so we were within the vernal pool
envelope. We expanded that to 396 feet.

So -- and we've also analyzed the amount of activities within the critical terrestrial habitat

for vernal pool 1. Originally it was at 43.3 percent in the developed condition with the original design. And the -- the revised design, that's been reduced by almost 7 acres of activity, so that we're down to 26 percent of the developed condition.

If you look at just the fence line of the facility we're down to 23 percent of the critical terrestrial habitat within vernal pool 1.

So with -- with those detailed responses we feel that we've adequately addressed all five of those points from CLA Engineers' letter.

MR. PERRONE: And one last question on that topic. At the end of the CLA letter, CLA believes VP-1 is a high-quality vernal pool.

Does the Petitioner agree with that?

THE WITNESS (Gustafson): Yes. Yeah, it's the most productive vernal pool within the project limits, and so we don't disagree with that qualification.

MR. PERRONE: In the transcript there was mention of two kennels adjacent to the site.

Do you know where those are?

THE WITNESS (Weaver): This is Ali Weaver. One kennel is located at 454 Providence-New London. The second kennel is located at 202 Boombridge Road.

There's -- and Mr. Perrone, I apologize.

There's one more at 476 Providence-New London that is -- the woman is breeding dogs. It's not necessarily a kennel, but wanted you to know.

MR. PERRONE: And how would the location of those

kennels impact the hosting of sheep, if any?

THE WITNESS (Weaver): We don't expect any impact.

MR. PERRONE: Next, I'd like to turn to consultations with the DEEP. On page 32 of the transcript there was mention of a pre-application meeting with DEEP stormwater scheduled for June 9th.

My question is, what was the outcome of the meeting with DEEP stormwater, and did DEEP stormwater give you any recommendations regarding the revised project?

THE WITNESS (Weaver): This is Ali Weaver. The -- the pre-application meeting discussed the -- the project, I would say more in a broad-stroke manner. We were reviewing another project that the Commissioner had simultaneously. I mean, the conversations were directing towards the other project.

There weren't any follow-up comments or questions that -- action items, I should say, that came from that meeting in particular to this

1 project. 2 MR. PERRONE: Did you have any discussions with DEEP 3 dam safety regarding a potential need for a dam 4 permit or registration? 5 THE WITNESS (Brawley): This is Matt Brawley. We 6 discussed with them, and their limits for storage 7 and embankment heights we are well under. So at 8 this time they didn't think that they would need 9 any, but they would look at it when we actually 10 apply to DEEP. 11 MR. PERRONE: Thank you. That's all I have. 12 THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you, Mr. Perrone. 13 We'll now continue with cross-examination by 14 Mr. Edelson, and we will follow up with 15 Mr. Silvestri. 16 Mr. Edelson? 17 MR. EDELSON: Thank you, Mr. Morissette. 18 I really only have just one, I think it's 19 sort of a correction or clarification. And that's 20 in the Intervener's question number 14. And you 21 reference for them to look at your late file, 22 subsection N. And I believe you mean M. 23 So you have "N" as an Nancy, but I think it 24 should be "M" as in Mary. Could you clarify that 25 first?

MR. BALDWIN: Mr. Edelson, which question was that again? I'm sorry.

MR. EDELSON: I'll look at it again -- I think it's 14.

THE WITNESS (Weaver): This is Ali Weaver. Yes, that's correct, Mr. Edelson. Thank you for correcting that. The response should refer to, "M" as in Mary.

MR. EDELSON: And so looking at section M -- and unfortunately I don't think I could hear

Mr. Candelaria's explanation of the change, but could we look at that text? And can you explain to me what are you saying is different there now than what's in front of us?

THE WITNESS (Candelaria): Sure. This is Pete

Candelaria. So what we have proposed in the

language was a use of an on-site storage tank,

double walled. And you know, we have an alarm

system in between the walls that help alert us if

there is indeed a leak within the primary storage

tank.

We are opting to move towards the mobile fuel source versus the on-site stored fuel tank. It's what -- so our proposal now, what's different from what's currently drafted is that we will use a mobile storage as recommended -- or requested by

1 the Council in the previous hearing. MR. EDELSON: So again, just looking at the text 2 3 there -- so I don't know how to identify this, but 4 I guess it's sort of the top of page 10, where it 5 says, utilizing a central on-site fixed fuel 6 storage? 7 THE WITNESS (Candelaria): That's right. 8 MR. EDELSON: You would replace that with basically 9 saying you would be using a mobile fixed -- I'm 10 sorry. A mobile fuel storage? 11 THE WITNESS (Candelaria): Mobile fuel trucks. That's 12 right. 13 MR. EDELSON: Okay. And so they would just come 14 on-site, fuel, and then leave? 15 THE WITNESS (Candelaria): That's right. 16 MR. EDELSON: I guess I'm being a little dense. 17 mean, you've got to fuel something up. There's still some sort of tankage. That has secondary --18 19 where that fuel is being delivered to is a tank of 20 some sort. Right? 21 That's got to store fuel for the next, either 22 test, or in light of an emergency you want to have 23 enough fuel. 24 That is -- you're indicating that tank is 25 different than a storage tank. You're calling

1	that something different?
2	THE WITNESS (Candelaria): And so the storage tank
3	is this is for a very temporary duration during
4	when when we're doing the civil side work.
5	Right?
6	And so you would use on-site fuel storage to
7	fuel the vehicles that are performing the site
8	civil work.
9	MR. EDELSON: Right.
10	THE WITNESS (Candelaria): And so in lieu of using an
11	on-site storage tank, we're going to have a mobile
12	tank come in and fuel those vehicles over night,
13	or you know, after shift. And then they're ready
14	to go for the next shift.
15	MR. EDELSON: Okay. I think I was being a little
16	dense. I appreciate your patience.
17	THE WITNESS (Candelaria): No, no problem.
18	MR. EDELSON: And with that, Mr. Morissette, that's all
19	I have at this point. Thank you.
20	THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you, Mr. Edelson.
21	We will now continue with Mr. Silvestri
22	followed by Mr. Hannon.
23	Mr. Silvestri?
24	MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you, Mr. Morissette.
25	Just to be clear to follow up with

Mr. Edelson, you're not proposing any aboveground storage tanks for fuel storage. Is that correct?

THE WITNESS (Candelaria): That's correct.

MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you, do you have any indication of how much fuel would be expected to be used each day to refuel equipment?

THE WITNESS (Candelaria): We can certainly follow up. MR. SILVESTRI: I missed the beginning part of that.

I'm sorry?

THE WITNESS (Candelaria): I do not have those figures.

We can follow up as soon as we can pull that

information together.

MR. SILVESTRI: Yeah, if there's something you can put together before the end of today, that would be appreciated. Again, I'm just trying to get a sense of how much fuel you need per day.

Actually, I had a lot of questions about the aboveground tanks, and with the change a lot of them become moot -- but I am curious. During the hearing we had, again I had posed the question if fuel storage was discussed with Connecticut DEEP.

And the response I got basically said, you folks are going to meet the next day, the following day with DEEP. And I don't know where we stood. So I'm kind of curious. Did you bring

up aboveground fuel storage with DEEP when you did meet with them?

THE WITNESS (Candelaria): Sir, I was not -- I did not attend that meeting. And I'm not sure, but we can certainly follow up with that today as well.

MR. SILVESTRI: Yeah. Again, going back to the first hearing that we had a couple weeks ago it was mentioned to us that you were going to follow up with DEEP with some type of meeting the following day.

So I'm curious if that transpired, if anything was discussed about aboveground storage tanks? And also I'm curious if there was any discussion with DEEP at that time regarding sheep?

THE WITNESS (Candelaria): Okay.

MR. SILVESTRI: And on the topic of sheep I have two follow-up questions. One of them, are there any plans for the emergency evacuation of sheep should something happen, should a severe thunderstorm come through, should a fire break out, et cetera?

Are there any plans on how to mobilize the sheep and get them out of there?

THE WITNESS (Weaver): Mr. Silvestri, this is Ali
Weaver. If you look at attachment 14, which is
the emergency action plan, we've detailed there

1 under 5C some brief comments about livestock, 2 which generally state that if there are livestock 3 on site that the first person to deploy, if it was 4 safe to do so, would help remove them from the 5 location, and the rancher would simultaneously be 6 called on site as well. 7 MR. SILVESTRI: So whoever takes care of the sheep 8 would have to be called in to facilitate that. 9 Is that correct? 10 THE WITNESS (Weaver): The first point actually would 11 be the first -- the first contractor or employee on site. If it was safe for that person to be 12 13 able to facilitate moving them, that person would, 14 if that was the first person.

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If the rancher was the first person and that person could do it, then the rancher would be as well. It would be the first one that could come to action between the two.

MR. SILVESTRI: Okay. Thank you. With the late-file exhibit, attachment number 2, where were the sheep grazing photos taken?

THE WITNESS (Weaver): Mr. Silvestri, this is Ali
Weaver. Let me confirm and we'll get back to you,
please?

MR. SILVESTRI: Okay. So I'm just marking the

followups that you owe me at this point.

A different type of question at this point regarding Miller Brothers. Is Miller Brothers a Connecticut DEEP permitted spill response contractor and transporter?

THE WITNESS (Weaver): Mr. Silvestri, this is Ali Weaver. We will confirm that as well.

I know that they have done several projects in the state. So we believe so, but let us confirm.

MR. SILVESTRI: Okay. Thank you.

A different topic for you. In the redesign was any attempt made to increase the fence setback and perhaps the access road on the north side of area four?

Right now what I saw was the 0.5-foot setback with the fence. I'm curious if that was changed at all?

- THE WITNESS (Weaver): This is Ali Weaver. That

  distance has remained the same predominantly

  because of the wetlands that are nearby. It kept

  us that close.
- MR. SILVESTRI: All right. And with that same area on the north side of area four has there been further discussions for landscaping or screening with the

1 abutting landowner? And if there is, could you 2 detail what might happen if the project is 3 approved? 4 THE WITNESS (Weaver): This is Ali Weaver. Do you mind 5 clarifying for me, Mr. Silvestri, was that 6 specific landowner at 476 Providence? 7 MR. SILVESTRI: I think so. A little hard to see on a 8 small-scale map -- but in the area where you have 9 the 0.5-foot fence clearance from the property 10 line, that's the one I'm looking at. 11 I believe they had a dog kennel or two set up 12 in that area. 13 THE WITNESS (Weaver): Correct. 14 Okay. Mr. Silvestri, this is Ali Weaver. 15 Exhibit 6, the PURA late-file exhibit, if you turn 16 to our response under "P" as in Peter, we detailed the update to our -- to the surrounding abutters, 17 18 our conversations. We are in ongoing 19 conversations with that abutter about visual 20 screening. 21 MR. SILVESTRI: But nothing concrete at this point? 22 THE WITNESS (Weaver): No, sir. It's still in process. 23 MR. SILVESTRI: Okay. Thank you. 24 And Mr. Morissette, I believe that's all the 25 questions I do have, again pending the responses

1 of the questions that they couldn't answer at this 2 point. 3 Thank you. 4 THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you, Mr. Silvestri. 5 We'll now continue with cross-examination 6 with Mr. Hannon, followed by Mr. Nguyen. 7 Mr. Hannon? 8 MR. HANNON: Thank you, Mr. Morissette. I just have 9 one follow-up question regarding fuel and fueling 10 vehicles on the site. Will there be a 11 specifically designated spot on the site in which 12 to refuel vehicles? Or will the mobile vehicles 13 be wandering over the entire site? 14 THE WITNESS (Candelaria): Hello, Mr. Hannon. This is 15 Pete Candelaria. We will be designating areas for 16 fuel. They will not be wandering all over the 17 site. 18 MR. HANNON: Okay. And then to sort of follow up on 19 that, are you proposing -- or at least hopefully 20 proposing to put in some type of impervious mat, 21 or something like that? 22 I know Mr. Silvestri likes to make sure that 23 the emergency spill kits are available, things of 24 that nature. So I'm just wondering if all of that 25 will end up being coordinated?

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THE WITNESS (Candelaria): Coordinated with our contractor; we'll have emergency spill kits and we'll have -- we'll work with them to come up with some temporary containment, well, whether it be berms or such to make sure we do not have an issue, an environmental related issue.

MR. HANNON: Okay. Thank you. I mean, that pretty much does it for me, Mr. Morissette. Thank you.

We will now continue with Mr. Nguyen followed by Mr. Lynch. Mr. Nguyen?

MR. NGUYEN: Thank you, Mr. Morissette, and good afternoon.

> Based on the latest revision is it fair to say that the total fencing would be reduced as well? Is that a fair assessment?

THE WITNESS (Brawley): This is Matt Brawley. If you go to the late-filed exhibit, Exhibit 6? question number 20, the response stated, the fencing, we removed 407 linear feet from area one; 690 linear feet from area two; and 1,680 linear feet from area four.

And all of those were along the respective access roadways, and we brought the fencing back closer to the array.

1	MR. NGUYEN: And with respect to the tree clearing do
2	you know the trees, how much of the tree clearing
3	is reduced for each of the array? I'm wondering
4	if you have that information?
5	THE WITNESS (Weaver): My. Nguyen, this is Ali Weaver.
6	We can put that information together and get it to
7	you quickly.
8	THE WITNESS (Brawley): And Mr. Nguyen, this is Matt
9	Brawley. I just want to clarify the last response
10	was to the Town's interrogatories in Exhibit 5.
11	MR. BALDWIN: Related to the fencing?
12	THE WITNESS (Brawley): Uh-huh.
13	MR. NGUYEN: And then while we're at it, do you have
14	that total tree clearing number as well?
15	THE WITNESS (Weaver): Mr. Nguyen, this is Ali Weaver.
16	The tree clearing is going to follow the line of
17	disturbance, which is 44.61 acres, and that can be
18	found on attachment 4.
19	MR. NGUYEN: And another question regarding the
20	emergency action plans, which is attachment 14.
21	And I'm looking at the front page and I see,
22	emergency action plan North Stonington solar, and
23	then there's an "XXX" Route 184.
24	And I also see an attachment appendix A, I
25	see a lot of to be determined, and I'm just

curious as to when will these be finalized? THE WITNESS (Weaver): Ali Weaver. The on the first page the "XXX" Route 184 is because we haven't yet been assigned an address for this project, which we expect will happen during the building permit phase after we've completed the Siting Council process. We're happy to follow up with the project address once it has been assigned. MR. NGUYEN: Okay. THE WITNESS (Weaver): On Exhibit A the contacts who will be each prospective manager will also be 13 finalized likely later this fall, and we're happy 14 to provide an updated emergency response plan to the Council -- if it's been updated. MR. BALDWIN: Mr. Nguyen, those are typically items that would included as a part of a development and management plan following the Council's approval. MR. NGUYEN: Okay. That's all I have, Mr. Morissette. Thank you very much. THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you, Mr. Nguyen. 22 We'll now follow up with Mr. Lynch. Mr. Lynch, are you with us? MR. LYNCH: (Inaudible.) THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you.

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We'll now continue with Ms. Cooley with cross-examination. Ms. Cooley?

MS. COOLEY: Yes. Thank you. Just a few question.

To go back to the sheep, on other sites that you have used sheep you had a single area where -- on the site where the sheep have grazed? Or have you had sites with multiple areas like this one?

THE WITNESS (Weaver): This is Ali Weaver. Yes, on all of our sites where we have sheep that are grazing typically the entire project area, meaning inside the fence.

- MS. COOLEY: Yes, but on the site there are four separate fenced areas. Do you have any sites that are like that? Or are they a single fenced area with the panels?
- THE WITNESS (Weaver): My apologies. Yes, we do have projects like this that have separate fenced areas where we run sheep.
- MS. COOLEY: Okay. And how are the sheep moved from site to site -- oh, sorry. Area to area within the site? Will they be herded down Providence-New London Turnpike? Will they be trucked and carried to the various sites?
- THE WITNESS (Candelaria): Hello, Mrs. Cooley. This is

  Pete Candelaria. They would be trucked just like

they would from one site to the next site.

They'll be --

MS. COOLEY: Okay.

THE WITNESS (Candelaria): They'll be managed the same way.

MS. COOLEY: Okay. So they will never have access outside of the fenced areas. They won't be herded across the Woodlands, for example?

THE WITNESS (Candelaria): Absolutely not.

MS. COOLEY: Okay. All right. And then another question I had was -- I think it was to question three on page 9. My question was, you had mentioned briefly that you consulted with abutters who wished to have their stone wall height increased.

And my question is, it says these stone walls are on the property line. Are they on the site property, on the abutter's property? And have they been evaluated by SHPO for any historic reasons? And how high would the property owners want their wall? How high are the walls now, and how high are they asking them to be raised?

THE WITNESS (Weaver): Ms. Cooley, this is Ali Weaver.

I know you asked a couple of questions so I'll try to answer, and if I forget please let me know.

MS. COOLEY: Sure.

THE WITNESS (Weaver): Yes, all of -- well first, the stone walls are on the property lines that we've been in discussions with the abutters about these particular walls. The entire property including those walls have been evaluated under the -- the archaeological surveys that have been included as a part of this filing.

And the height of those walls varied depending upon where they are, and sometimes it's along, you know, a property line or the -- the size of the walls vary, the height. And I would say that the range is somewhere between three feet and four feet for most of those walls.

Part of the ongoing conversation is, you know, all of the things that you just mentioned which is that we can't just raise the height of those walls. So those are the discussions that we're having at the moment with the abutters, and looking into exactly what would need to happen for us to be able to -- to do something like that.

MS. COOLEY: Okay. My last question is referring back to the spadefoot toad survey. Was there ever a final report on that survey? We'd heard some preliminary evaluations I think last time.

THE WITNESS (Quinn): Yes. This is Dennis Quinn. We are still continuing our survey efforts out there. We have now done a total of twelve nocturnal surveys. We have three more nocturnal surveys still to go.

Once those total of 15 nocturnal surveys are complete we will be compiling a final report from our investigations and the results of those investigations. To date no spadefoots have been found on the property.

MS. COOLEY: Okay. Thank you. I think that's the conclusion of my questions.

THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you, Ms. Cooley.

I have a few follow-up questions. I would like to follow up on Mr. Silvestri's questioning relating to the access road on area four.

My understanding is that there's a half a foot between the road and the fencing, and then the road, for a total setback of about 23 feet.

Am I understanding that correctly?

THE WITNESS (Weaver): Mr. Morissette, this is Ali

Weaver. The fence is a about a half of a foot

from the property line. The road is 16 feet in

width, so the distance from the property line to

the first panel is about 16 and a half feet.

1 THE HEARING OFFICER: Okay. I thought your late file 2 said the panels were at 23 feet. 3 So you're saying the panels would be 16 and a 4 half feet from the property lines? 5 THE WITNESS (Brawley): Mr. Morissette, this is Matt 6 Brawley. There's a fence, and then we have a 7 clear space before the road that's 16 feet, and 8 then we have another setback between the road and 9 the panels. So it's at 23 feet. 10 THE HEARING OFFICER: Okay. So you have the fence. 11 You have a gap. Then you've got the road. And 12 there's another gap, and the panels are at 13 23 feet? 14 THE WITNESS (Brawley): Correct. 15 THE HEARING OFFICER: Okay. Is that an existing access 16 road? Is it there now? 17 THE WITNESS (Brawley): This is Matt Brawley. Yes, the 18 existing road does come in off Boombridge already, 19 and does cross B/1B and A/1A wetlands to get to 20 that area. 21 THE HEARING OFFICER: So from the wetlands west that is 22 a new access road coming off the property line? 23 THE WITNESS (Brawley): This is Matt Brawley. Let me 24 take a look at that and I will let you know. 25 THE HEARING OFFICER: Okay. While you're looking at

1 that, I have a question on the crossing at wetland 2 A/1A. My understanding is that you're going to 3 bridge that now. Is that where the bridge is going, or is it 4 5 the other one, B/1B? 6 THE WITNESS (Brawley): Oh. 7 This is Matt Brawley again. It's not going 8 to a bridge. It's going to be an arch culvert --9 but yes, it will completely span that wetland 10 area. Wetland B/1B has impacts. It's a larger 11 12 wetland area that we cannot span completely. 13 THE HEARING OFFICER: Okay. So the large culvert will 14 be at A/1A? 15 THE WITNESS (Brawley): Both areas will have arch 16 culvert. Just the one of A/1A will be able to bridge the entire wetland. 17 18 THE HEARING OFFICER: Great. Thank you. 19 In response to Mr. Silvestri's question, the 20 response was you couldn't move that access road to 21 the south because of wetland impacts. 22 What wetland impacts are you referring to? 23 Is it associated with the crossings? 24 THE WITNESS (Gustafson): Mr. Morissette, could you 25 clarify your question? I'm just want to make sure

I'm clear on what area you're talking about.

THE HEARING OFFICER: Okay. I'm talking about area four, the access road that parallels the property line. Mr. Silvestri had inquired about the possibility of moving that access road further south away from the property line. And the response that was given was, no, we can't because it impacts on wetlands.

What impacts on wetlands are you referring to?

THE WITNESS (Gustafson): Yeah. Thank you for the clarification. That helps. So the -- we have two existing wetland crossings following an existing farm road off of Boombridge Road that first crosses wetland A/1A. And the -- the frontage of the property is fairly narrow. You know, you could conceivably shift it a little bit further south of the location, but you would be impacting an area of A/1A that is currently not impacted.

For the second crossing at B/1B it's a similar story. Although the wetland width is somewhat similar to the existing crossing, we're dealing with an existing wetland impact area and existing crossing.

Both of them have existing culverts with

fill, and so you would be shifting it further to the south to essentially an unaltered portion of that wetland system. And so I would deem both of those alternatives as not feasible and prudent because it would result in significantly greater wetland impact for those locations.

THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you, Mr. Gustafson.

I understand that that area of the access drive is, based on what you've testified to, is pretty much a given because if you continue further west, however, away from the wetland area, couldn't that access road be moved some?

THE WITNESS (Gustafson): Okay. I understand what you're getting at. So conceivably it could, but it would require a shift of that area four further to the south, and that would impinge upon those wetland systems, B/1B, C/1C in particular, and would be encroaching closer to those wetland buffers.

Currently we're providing essentially a hundred-foot buffer off those wetland areas. That would create some impingement on those currently provided buffer zones, and it may end up being noncompliant with appendix A in the -- in the Connecticut DEEP general stormwater permit for

construction activities.

Mr. Brawley to maybe expand upon that discussion.

THE WITNESS (Brawley): This is Matt Brawley. You know, one thing we looked at originally with bringing that road in and turning it down the eastern side, and that was getting -- that's an area of fairly high slope and that was putting our LOD within the hundred-foot creek setback, and into the hundred-foot wetland buffers.

And I would -- I would just look to

THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you. That was my follow-up question as to why, why you didn't go down the eastern side.

Do you know what North Stonington's setback rule requirements are under their zoning regs?

MR. BALDWIN: Mr. Morissette, are you talking about setbacks for structures -- just to clarify?

THE HEARING OFFICER: Yes. Yes, and I'm curious as to whether roads are included in there, in the setback provision, but I'm not sure on whether it is or not.

But we'll start with structures.

THE WITNESS (Weaver): Mr. Morissette, this is Ali
Weaver. I don't believe that we've answered that
in any of our filings, no, but we can't get that.

THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you. I believe it's 25 feet from it.

Okay. I'd like to move on to questions relating to the interconnection, and I know we talked a bit about it at the June 8th hearing, but I thought I'd -- I wasn't totally clear on it.

And my questions are relating to the internal connection, not the interconnection to the distribution company. And let's start off with area one and two.

How are those facilities connected or routed to the point of interconnection? Is it along the road, or is it underground? If you could please describe that?

THE WITNESS (Weaver): Mr. Morissette, this is Ali
Weaver. If we're looking at attachment four,
which is the latest preliminary exhibit here, the
medium voltage cable is identified in a light
blue -- which obviously makes it hard to see, but
starting in area one in the northwest.

THE HEARING OFFICER: Okay. Hang on one second. Let me get there.

THE WITNESS (Weaver): Okay.

THE HEARING OFFICER: Okay. Just so we're -- we're looking at PV-100. Is that correct?

1 Yes. THE WITNESS (Weaver): 2 THE HEARING OFFICER: Okay. All right. I'm with you 3 so far. 4 THE WITNESS (Weaver): And truthfully -- actually, if 5 you looked at PV-101, that second page, it 6 actually gives us a zoom-in there. It's a little 7 bit easier to see. 8 THE HEARING OFFICER: Okay. All right. I'm there. 9 THE WITNESS (Weaver): Okay. Great. So the 10 (unintelligible) medium voltage cable is 11 identified in a light blue. It goes from the 12 inverter and it follows along the eastern side of 13 the access road. 14 THE HEARING OFFICER: Okay. I see it. 15 THE WITNESS (Weaver): Do you see that? 16 THE HEARING OFFICER: Yeah, I see it. 17 THE WITNESS (Weaver): Okay. It's hard to see. 18 There's so much detail. 19 As you had, you know, as you get to 20 Providence-New London the medium voltage cable 21 will head east. And then you'll see that it looks 22 like it's continuing to run along, but what that 23 is is the medium voltage cable for area two. 24 Those two cables will meet at the same point 25 to cross Providence-New London in the same place.

1 THE HEARING OFFICER: Okay. And that's all 2 underground? 3 THE WITNESS (Weaver): Yes. 4 THE HEARING OFFICER: Okay. 5 THE WITNESS (Weaver): That's going to be underground, 6 and of course the crossing of Providence-New 7 London, we've aligned it to try to be directly 8 across the point of interconnection. So that's 9 how that location was established. THE HEARING OFFICER: Okay. And that's also under the 10 11 road? 12 THE WITNESS (Weaver): Correct. 13 THE HEARING OFFICER: You're going to cross under the 14 road? 15 THE WITNESS (Weaver): Yes, sir. 16 THE HEARING OFFICER: Okay. So how is area four 17 getting to area three? You're going through a 18 wetland. Is that right? 19 THE WITNESS (Weaver): Mr. Morissette, this is Ali 20 Weaver. So for area four there's kind of two 21 options, is we can bore under the wetland to not 22 impact, or we can go overhead and span the entire 23 wetland. 24 THE HEARING OFFICER: Okay. At this point you haven't 25 decided?

THE WITNESS (Weaver): No, sir.

THE HEARING OFFICER: Okay.

THE WITNESS (Weaver): Either one would be for no impact to the wetland.

THE HEARING OFFICER: Okay. Great. Thank you. That was very helpful.

Any update on your discussions with

Eversource about moving the distribution poles?

THE WITNESS (Candelaria): Yes. Mr. Morissette, this
is Pete Candelaria. We did meet with Eversource.

So this is a new request. They -- they've never
done an interconnection with PC gear this way.

Their standard is to use a three-pole lineup.

You know, we have made the request. Getting the utility to change a standard is not an easy ask. So I -- I'll be honest with you. I don't know what our chances of success are going to be at this point to actually get them to make the adjustment.

Considering this would be their first venture into that type of interconnection, you know, our expectation is it's likely going to be a fairly expensive path for -- for them to -- to work through. But, you know, we're still in the discussion phases. They're not to eager to make

1 that change at this point in time. 2 THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you. This is not a new 3 issue for us, and we've been pushing back on 4 Eversource on several projects relating to the 5 visual impact of the distribution poles along the 6 interconnection. So don't give up. 7 Okay. Moving on -- thank you for that 8 update. It sounds like nothing has changed since 9 your responses to the late file. 10 I would like to switch gears now to the 11 changes in your panel size. You've gone to a 12 475-kilowatt panel. You're still at 13 9.9 megawatts. 14 Is that right, based on those panel sizes? THE WITNESS (Candelaria): Mr. Morissette, that's 15 16 correct. Our AC capacity is the same. 17 THE HEARING OFFICER: Okay. Is that a function of your 18 inverters being the same? 19 THE WITNESS (Candelaria): Mr. Morissette, that is 20 correct. 21 THE HEARING OFFICER: Okay. Thank you. Now if you 22 were able to increase the size of your inverters, 23 you increase the AC output. 24 First of all, is that a possibility that you 25 could possibly reduce some of the panels to the

board and maintain the same AC output as your contract requires?

THE WITNESS (Candelaria): Mr. Morissette, this is Pete Candelaria. Unfortunately with the way the shading has come together, we're -- I wish that were the case. I really wish that were the case. That would have helped us save some development costs as well.

Unfortunately, in order for us to maintain compliance with our PBAs, and to hit the production numbers we need to hit to stay in compliance. We're -- we're effectively at that threshold now.

THE HEARING OFFICER: But if you were not at all -when I find another question -- let's start there,
as, can the inverters be switched out for
inverters that have higher AC output?

THE WITNESS (Candelaria): Oh, so -- so one -unfortunately, no. So it's contracted to that
limit. Both our PBA and our inner -- and our
interconnection agreements are contracted to
specific inverter models and -- and size.

So the interconnection agreement dictates what type of inverter you can use and what size, and then -- then the PBA agreement is -- dictates

the overall size of the facility on an AC basis.

so even if we could, though -- and in an answer to a question from a technical perspective, if we could increase our AC size, we're still limited by the DC production. That's effectively the -- what's catching all the fuel, and because of the shading and things, that the way that's impacted it's not as efficient of a design as it would have been under the prior layout that we had where -- where we had a bit more tree clearing and spacing involved.

So we, we've had to condense that down to -to accommodate those adjustments. And as a result
it's not -- not as an efficient plant, but it
meets all the requirements.

THE HEARING OFFICER: Very good. Thank you for that response. I would like to move on to questions relating to wetland M, and Mr. Gustafson would be responding to these.

My understanding is that wetland M -- there's no vernal pool in it, but wetland N, there is a vernal pool labeled vernal pool N.

Is that correct so far?

THE WITNESS (Gustafson): Yes, Dean Gustafson. Yes, that's correct.

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THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you. Now there's been some correspondence that has basically said that these two, these two wetlands are very low functioning areas and at minimum they decrease the buffer area to 25 feet. If you could discuss that a little bit for me and tell me why that's not a good idea? THE WITNESS (Gustafson): The area, the site that you're discussing is within the limits of the former quarry activities. And so my response needs to kind of take into context the -- the landscape setting of those two wetland features which, you know, for all apparent purposes, either they were existing wetlands that were disturbed or there they're now, you know, created wetlands from the historic gravel operations.

That area is -- has been, you know, turning into a successional road, successional habitat for quite a number of years. And those, although those wetlands unto themselves based on their characteristics and their small size aren't providing, you know, significant wetland function and values; in the context of the landscape that is an important habitat because it's currently supporting some listed species that were documented during previous investigations of the

site, and it is in a context of some of the surrounding terrestrial habitat.

There's some xeric habitat that is, you know, supporting, you know, sand-bearing type habitat, which is a DEP designated critical habitat. And there's also the potential that it could be supporting, you know, some additional sand variant type species.

So from a standpoint of trying to expand the facility into that area, we feel in the context of those notations that, you know, that area provides some unique and important ecological habitat to this property and to the region, and the reason why we're recommending that the facility, you know, not be pushed further to the south here, irregardless of the findings of Dennis Quinn's spadefoot, eastern spadefoot survey results.

THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you. That was very, very helpful.

THE WITNESS (Gustafson): You're welcome.

THE HEARING OFFICER: That concludes my questioning.

Thank you all for your responses.

We will now continue with cross-examination of the Petitioner by the Town of North Stonington.

Attorney Avena?

MR. AVENA: Good afternoon, everyone. Attorney Rob

Avena on behalf of the Town of North Stonington

(unintelligible) to this matter, and I appreciated

everyone's help in letting us present to you.

My first question, probably regarding the wetlands, is that the Town continues to focus its attention primarily on the residential and natural resource impacts resulting from this proposed construction activity on the parcels north of Route 184.

The Town in its questions will refer to the reissued plan for the site construction, Number C-600, Site Plan 1, and C-601, Site Plan 2. These have been modified up until, I guess, a week or so ago now.

Please explain and justify the presence of the 50-foot buffers along portions of wetland A2, especially the intermittent stream belt which provides moisture and protection of vernal pool 1?

Dennis, if you could go back through your thing here on the 50-foot buffers, rather than a larger buffer there?

THE WITNESS (Gustafson): Yeah, I can. I can start the response. Dean Gustafson. So we did look at the quality of wetland B2, and in particular vernal

pool 1. And we've, in regards to vernal pool 1
we've expanded our project's buffer significantly.
You know now we have -- our closest activity to
the edge of vernal pool 1 is 396 feet.

With respect to the edge of vernal pool -- I mean, of wetland A2 and in the northwestern portion, you know, we feel that providing a 50-foot buffer, a non-service buffer along that wetland adequately protects the principal function of values currently supported by that wetland.

We've also taken a look at the -- the changes in any drainage patterns that may occur with respect to the proposed development north of 184 and how it may affect those wetland features in vernal pool 1. And we've concluded that there will be no adverse effect to that hydrology.

And I would just ask that Mr. Brawley provide some additional details as far as his analysis of the -- the drainage, how the drainage patterns may or may not change when we expect our development in that area?

THE WITNESS (Brawley): Yes, this is Matt Brawley.

In our response in appendix I, attachment four, we have delineated the drainage area that goes to vernal pool 1 existing at 49.4 acres.

With the changes to the site and adding of a diversion berm to keep offsite water coming through the panel area, our proposed area that would feed into vernal pool 1 would be 53.9 acres.

MR. AVENA: And then turning both of your attentions to wetland B2, which is up in the corner of the proposed panels on numbers two -- given on the drainage on the property, isn't wetland B2 part of the vernal pool process here where the B2 wetland is emptying and intermittently draining probably in the springtime down into vernal pool 1?

THE WITNESS (Gustafson): So yeah, I would agree that, you know, the way the drainage patterns currently work on site -- I mean, wetland B2 does drain into the -- the wetland B2 quarter of which vernal pool 1 is part of. But the, you know, we've -- we've eliminated the crossing of wetland B2 and eliminated the previous design's development located north of wetland B2. And the current layout of the facility located in the southeastern corner just south of B2 will not have any adverse effect on B2.

And I would just again ask Mr. Brawley to maybe expand on how the drainage will work with the proposed development in that particular

location?

THE WITNESS (Brawley): Oh, yes. This is Matt Brawley.

We have pulled back along B2 to almost -- in the array portion to almost a hundred feet to where the diversion ditch will be catching the water that would be coming off the panel area. The place that we get the closest to Wetland B2 is down at the tie-in slopes of the stormwater basin and the outlet structure.

So what we're doing is we're catching the required water quality and treating it in stormwater basin one, and outletting the current post development flow rates equal to the preconstruction flow rates back into wetland --well, the intermittent stream between wetland B2 and wetland A2.

MR. AVENA: So in looking at that and following the Council on Environmental Quality and our wetlands experts' recommendation, if you were a hundred feet from the statutorily regulated intermittent stream it would necessitate -- right? The stormwater basin would be pulled back and the area that's now solar panels would be restricted in that area -- I mean, for another 50 feet.

Is that correct?

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MR. BALDWIN: Could I just get a clarification,

Attorney Avena? You said a 100-foot statutory --

MR. AVENA: No, I'm sorry. What I said was the Council on Environmental Quality has a submission in the in the record. So their recommendation was for a hundred feet from any of the -- certainly, vernal pools we can discuss, but from any of the statutorily protected assets. It was the Council's recommendation that you adhere to the hundred-foot buffer for those assets.

We've heard a lot about vernal pools, but I just wanted to bring to the Petitioner's attention that the intermittent stream is a statutorily critical asset in and of itself.

MR. BALDWIN: And again, when you say, Council, you're referring to the Council on Environmental Quality.

Correct?

MR. AVENA: Correct.

19 MR. BALDWIN: Thank you.

MR. AVENA: Yeah, thanks.

THE WITNESS (Gustafson): So again, Dean Gustafson. In the Applicant's Exhibit 5, which again are interrogatory responses to question 26 where we address the Council on Environmental Quality's comments, we do provide a detailed assessment of

the -- the, you know, buffer zones that are being -- currently being provided by the proposed redesign that adequately protect the resources in question.

With respect to the intermittent stream, you know, the -- the DEP fisheries division, there their buffer guidance is to try to maintain a 50-foot non-disturb zone for intermittent streams, and effectively we're doing that with this design.

So again, I'll state that, you know, the proposed development in that location on the site is adequately protecting the functions and values of that intermittent stream. We're not altering the hydrology that's affecting either that stream or any of the downstream resources.

MR. AVENA: I just again wanted to bring it to the Petitioner's attention, and we'll discuss it a little bit later on about the southern parcels, but there seemed to be a great deal of effort on the southern parcel to regulate a 100-foot buffer line or setback.

Whereas there seems to be justifications coming up on the north parcel not to do that. And I was just wondering why there wasn't a consistent application both to the north and south parcels.

THE WITNESS (Gustafson): I can start the discussion and the rest of the panel can weigh in.

You know, we are working with the -- the various environmental constraints on this property, including topographic constraints, you know, critical resource, critical resource constraints, rare species habitat constraints.

So overall, what we try to do with these type of developments is try to balance all of those.

So it -- if may be perceived that, you know, we're -- we're not able to provide a 100-foot buffer zone for all of the proposed facility, but it is a result of the power purchase agreement requirements for the facility, and then trying to balance all of the various resource constraints.

MR. AVENA: And I appreciate that. And I want to get to that space issue in a moment, because we just want to highlight what your reports have shown, that there's a core forest on the north parcel. It's substantially wetlands. I guess you could tell me the percentage of wetlands on the north parcel.

It has a robust, and in our opinion and in experts' opinion, a substantial and important vernal pool, natural. It's not man made down in

the sand and gravel pit. And it has all these features, and it's nestled within our residential zone.

Some of the hardest zoning I do is whenever you're trying to take industrial projects and put them in the middle of a residential zone, nevermind the aquifer. So our position has been -- and would have told you earlier if the meetings had occurred with the Town -- but the north parcel is a very, you know, challenging parcel for you to be in.

That that's our concern.

MR. BALDWIN: Is there a question, Attorney Avena?

MR. AVENA: Yeah, I'm going to follow up -- but the question is, if we are able to establish that there is other room in the southern parcel, is there any particular financial reason or otherwise that you are looking to develop?

What I understand in my calculation, less
than 15 percent of the project is now left in the
north parcel. So is there still some other reason
I'm not getting to be in the north parcel?

THE WITNESS (Candelaria): 15 percent of the facility
is -- is a significant impact to the project. I
mean, we cannot lose 15 percent of our capacity.

And from my understanding and, you know,
working -- and rest of the panel speak to this -Pete Candelaria, by the way.

We -- we've exhausted all of our options on the south. We've -- without -- without impacting something else from an environmental perspective, we will -- well, we've -- we've done all we can do in the south.

MR. AVENA: Yeah, I appreciate that.

And what we're suggesting is that we know it's the percentage of the project, and we are trying to determine whether it's locatable to the south. And obviously depending on the next report -- which no one has, which is the endangered species report -- we would perhaps know how many resources to the south need a greater deal of protection than what we just listed as resources to the north.

So it's a balancing. You know, there's many, many resources here.

THE WITNESS (Quinn): This is Dennis Quinn. I just
would like to say I understand that, you know, the
resources that we're referring to in the northern
parcel are species that do not have any state
listing. The ones that's primarily in vernal

pools, dependent or obligate species, spotted salamanders and -- and wood frogs. The species that we have of concern in the southern parcel are all state listed species.

We have not documented any spadefoot toads or guarded state species listed as endangered here in the State of Connecticut, but we have documented multiple individuals of amphibian and reptile, which are state listed as special concern.

So when you're talking about listing status of the species, the complexity of the southern parcel, the mosaic of habitats, the xeric habitats, the early successional, late successional and wetland complexes; they form a beautiful mosaic which supports a wide diversity and a great assemblage of amphibians and -- amphibians and reptiles in that southern portion.

Therefore, you have a large number of species using that portion of the site relative to this fewer number of species that are using the northern portion of this site, not to mention that the ones that are using the southern portion are state listed special concern.

And I think it's very important to recognize that this early successional habitat is a very

rare habitat within the state. I know that oftentimes these abandoned sand and gravel pits are looked at as wastelands. They absolutely are not wastelands.

They're one of the most important resources that we have in the state, especially as they begin to revert to a successional process, and that they go back over.

What we're looking at in this project in evaluating this site for spadefoot toads in this year, 2021. This does not mean that 10, 20, 15 and 50 years down the line spadefoot toads will not move into that parcel and recolonize that, recolonize that parcel.

Right now they are not there, but we have to look and shift our thinking from the now to the future. We need to look down the line and make our conservation decisions an informed decision now to how they might be applied in 50 to a hundred years from now.

This site with management may support spadefoot toads in 20, 30, 40, 50 years down the line.

MR. AVENA: So it would be -- then it's your job then to propose a robust management plan for the

southern areas because of the location of these particular endangered listings that you have discovered up to the spaded toad? So that your -- THE WITNESS (Quinn): That is correct. I have not identified any endangered species. I've identified some species that are protected as special concern in the State of Connecticut, or listed as special concern.

But yes, I will be providing a management plan for the southern parcel, which will not only include -- you know, it's going to include primarily the maintenance of invasive vegetation. That's -- that's primarily what you need to do to keep these early successional habitats in their early successional state.

If we do encounter other issues with spadefoot toads, there might be additional recommendations being made at this time, but we will continue in our monitoring efforts on that site.

And if we do end up encountering spadefoots at some point in the future, yes, there might be some other actions that may take place, and those actions probably would not be -- I work a lot. A lot of these issues I work out with the State of

Connecticut. We do a lot of monitoring through
the Connecticut Department of Energy and
Environmental Protection, and we manage these
sites throughout the region, through the State of
Connecticut.

- MR. AVENA: And so is that something that the

  Petitioner is committed to, as Attorney Baldwin

  referred to, to a subsequent plan that gets drawn

  up after these hearings?
- MR. BALDWIN: I was referring to a standard requirement of the Siting Council for what's called a Development and Management Plan -- which yes, frankly, would include that type of study, but there are other requirements that are part of that development and management plan.
- MR. AVENA: Again, we obviously are highly concerned, not just because of the natural resources in the north, but the impact, direct impacts to the neighbors up there -- and we'll get to that in a second also.

Going down to the southern parcel; a couple of questions I had in reviewing. And I believe -- again, I apologize if I'm not quite up to date.

The plans are moving quickly here, but on C-601, Site Plan 2, just to the south of 184 above the

channels, number three.

Can someone review with me that entire rectangle area to the left of the stormwater basin, and to the north of the projected panels?

I see a lay-down area, and then there looks to be something next to that. What are those? What are those plans?

THE WITNESS (Brawley): This is Matt Brawley. That

area is for the lay-down area and construction

parking, and other related construction items that

need to be located on the site for the

construction to take place.

MR. AVENA: Thank you. And in the future, if I were to look at that, given the disturbances you're going to already make in a temporary manner, is that lay-down area available, or a portion of it available for a further extension of panels in that area?

THE WITNESS (Weaver): This is Ali Weaver. Technically yes, however we don't foresee -- that would have to be a separate project that would be granted, you know, by Eversource or a separate counterparty for a PBA. That's highly unlikely in a space that small.

THE WITNESS (Candelaria): This is Pete Candelaria with

Silicon Ridge.

We typically will maintain that lay-down area space for spare parts and storage for our operations and maintenance team. It also gives us a room to deal with whatever might come up with our grazing process and such. We've -- we've got an area that -- for -- to facilitate that type of operation.

MR. AVENA: And subsequent to completion, though, at least of the other plans I've reviewed as town attorney, the ultimate amount of parking you would need -- correct? Is quite limited. Don't you just have a couple of folks come in to bring the sheep in, and to inspect the panels?

So I've counted it up -- and again it's very hard to read these, but it was over 80 parking spaces and the parking channel through the center of them.

Again we're trying to help, I think, to find any space we can to limit the number of panels to the north, and again strengthen that buffer, widen that buffer. And of course, we'll get to a little bit to protect some of the areas to the north of the neighbors.

But is that possible? I don't know what I'm

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counting here, but I would probably say -- it's kind of hard to read these panels, but are the panels so many feet wide, and then they can be located in a part of that area? Or am I stretching too much?

THE WITNESS (Candelaria): This is Pete Candelaria. No, it's not too much of a stretch. I mean, each panel is about the size of a sheet of plywood, you know, roughly.

So I think what you're asking is if we can just paint our way out of the room, kind of exercise. And you know, we can take a look at it. We've just got to give ourselves enough room. Like I said, we -- for our spare parts storage, we typically are using something along the size of a Conex -- if you're familiar with those, like a sea container type scale to maintain, you know, part storage and things.

And we just need to be able to have our parts locked up and -- and maintained on site, you know, for maintenance and such, so.

THE WITNESS (Weaver): If I can? This is Ali Weaver to add, I think the important part here is that we have to have a lay-down yard for construction. Even though it is temporary, we have to identify a space that allows people that are going to be there on a daily basis to park.

We absolutely encourage people to carpool as best as possible, given it's such a limited space, but there will be a construction trailer that's there on site. We have to have room for a safety muster point, and we'll have deliveries taken at this location.

So as we've looked at that spot with all of our contractors throughout this process, we really do feel like we have gotten that space to be as small as possible and still be operating in a safe and efficient manner.

Once the project is in, it's really hard for us to be able to come back and add panels to that location.

MR. AVENA: Appreciate it. Again, painting the way out of the room was exactly my analogy.

The second issue, just to quickly say to you folks that there, there is -- I just wanted to mention, if that's helpful, that there's a truck stop about 2 miles away that's a 24-hour truck stop. And it has both, obviously diesel and regular fuel.

Is that the type of thing that you would need

to go back and forth and then use the -- is that the area you would use to be refueling up in that area?

THE WITNESS (Candelaria): This is Pete Candelaria.

More than likely we're going to be trucking in a fuel truck specifically for fueling heavy equipment. We -- the duration of the civil work will -- won't be that long. We're talking a duration of a few weeks, but during that time we're using, you know, heavy, heavy equipment type, you know, caterpillar type equipment.

You're not necessarily going to drive those up and down the road to fuel at a truck stop, so we'll have a separate fueling vehicle come in to facilitate that work.

MR. AVENA: I appreciate that.

Again, turning attention to the southern -and I know I may be going over some old ground,
but it is obviously very important to the Town to
continue to seek places for that, for that 15
percent remaining in the north.

Drawing your attention to the southeast section of Panel Field Number Three, there's been some discussion -- and I'm sort of drawing it back again that there's an area southeast of that panel

section, which would still be well without -outside the 100-foot vernal pool envelope
identified there, vernal pool N.

There's a very small -- and I couldn't find a whole lot of information on it on, on wetland M last night. And so you, you'll end up with sort of a rectangular area. I think I measured it a hundred or so feet wide, and maybe 200 or 250 feet long extending off the southeastern fence of the existing proposal.

Is there a topographical challenge there as well as the argument to keep that entire area without panels?

THE WITNESS (Brawley): This is Matt Brawley. That area, there is no real topographic impacts, you know. But to move into that area, again we would also have to have ancillary structures with stormwater basins, conveyance ditches and anything else to fit in that area also to collect any of the runoff to meet the current standards for, you know, one inch of water quality across our impervious areas and to get in sediment and erosion control measures.

MR. AVENA: And I think I was just looking at that, and the fact that to the southwest of my designated

area, before you get to wetland 2E you have some greater location there that would still be outside the vernal pool.

And again, we have so many wetlands, so many vernal pools; we're just trying to make sure that they get a bit classified, as the report did, showing which ones are more vital. So we thought there might be some room there for some improvements.

Again, we're getting closer to the highway, which is not residential. So that's another concern we have.

Further down south, closer to I-95 is better than the residential neighborhoods. The question on that, I guess, was that the reason we're so concerned is that the Town, again from all earlier indications from the State it was the Romanella sand and gravel operation that was originally designated.

So it's been a bit of a shock that you have identified and located so much more outside the original area that was in the information sent to the Town.

All right. Getting to the tree removal, is there a breakdown between the amount of trees to

1 be removed in the north versus the south in terms of numbers? 2 3 THE WITNESS (Brawley): This is Matt Brawley. Yes, we 4 have those numbers. The area one, which would be 5 the northwest, would have 6.48 acres; and area 6 two, which is the northeast, would have 3.18 7 acres. 8 And area -- I'll go ahead and finish. Area 9 three, which is the southwest, would have 22.75 10 acres; and area four, which is the southeast, 11 would have 11.85 acres; for a total of 44.3. 12 MR. AVENA: And translating it into my understandable 13 terms, is there a number you've given? I believe 14 it's -- is it over 3,000 trees that would be 15 removed under that acreage? 16 THE WITNESS (Brawley): Yes. In response to -- in 17 response to the interrogatories question 25 on the 18 previous, there would be approximately 3,344 trees 19 removed. 20 MR. AVENA: And about, if I'm calculating correctly, 21 about 20, 25 percent or so would be in the north 22 parcel? 23 THE WITNESS (Quinn): This is Matt Brawley. It would 24 be somewhere around 20 percent. 25 So that would be a little lower than a MR. AVENA:

thousand trees?

THE WITNESS (Brawley): Correct.

MR. AVENA: And if you could, if someone is able to walk us through -- skipping back to my north site, kind of visualize or explain to me where that cluster minus 800 to a thousand trees, what that would look like? Or what kind of impacts?

Would our naturalists on the panel there

explain to me what the impact of that removal would be? Is there anything of concern there?

MR. BALDWIN: Could you be more specific, Attorney Avena? I'm not sure -- what impacts are you talking about in particular? The actual tree removal?

MR. AVENA: Yeah -- well, I'm saying that right now,
even though we have a lot of drawings, it's
perfectly preserved in that area. There are no
structures that I'm aware of, other than the stone
walls -- and they're quite old -- that it's
basically an undisturbed area.

When you go in and take out that number of trees, is there any discussion about how that might impact the other natural resources on the parcel and result in any negative effects, including drainage?

THE WITNESS (Gustafson): Dean Gustafson. I'll start
the discussion and the rest of the panel can feel
free to weigh in.

I mean, from a wetland impact perspective we were maintaining appropriate buffers to the clearing zones there, and the -- my understanding of the design for both the soil erosion and sedimentation controls during construction as well as the temporary and permanent stormwater controls is that the construction activities will be properly buffered by those, those various measures to avoid any type of incidental impacts of those wetland areas.

You know, once the facility is constructed, it -- it essentially generates no traffic. So there aren't any incidental impacts to wetlands due to, you know, high volume of traffic or, you know, high level of human activity. So we're not concerned about those type of, you know, impacts that would be, you know, typically associated with a residential development or commercial development.

In addition, the -- underneath the panels will be, you know, meadow type habitat that will promote, you know, the sheep grazing and then

around the perimeter of the fencing it will be a meadow mix of native species that will be beneficial to pollinators. And those, the ground cover will help attenuate any runoff before it reaches any of the control features there.

There, there wouldn't be in any type of impact for thermal impacts for stormwater discharge based on the underlying ground cover that will be used for the facility.

And there the change in cover type from forest to essentially meadow will change the CN values slightly so that there we anticipate that there will be a slight increase in total volume of discharge with those wetlands, but we don't -- that won't have any adverse effects to the hydrology of those wetlands, receiving wetlands or vernal pool 1.

THE WITNESS (Brawley): This is Matt Brawley. And just to expand a little bit upon that, in the hydrology and hydraulics design of the project we followed the DEEP regulations which is, you know, we changed a half step for all the soil conditions from -- from pre to post-construction along with, you know, we did the changes to the CN number and changes to time of concentrations and everything

else, which allowed for our discharge points to be sized accordingly where our post-development discharge was less than or equal to our pre-development.

MR. AVENA: Thank you. And a followup on the stormwater. Is there a plan or a way that the basins do not end up trying basically to end up being traps for the species seeking or trying to seek out the vernal pools?

I've heard that could be quite an issue if stormwater basins are within proximity to vernal pools. Is there a way to prevent that?

THE WITNESS (Gustafson): Yes. Dean Gustafson. The way that the design is currently laid out where, you know, we do have a significant buffer. You know, we're still talking about the north side of the facility.

The vernal pool 1 -- so that we don't feel that the two basins, one to the east, one to the west, will likely serve as what's coined as a decoy pool, but we will also just as an additional conservation protection measure during the development management phase of the project, should the council approve this, we will recommend and propose restrictive fencing, wildlife

1	restrictive fencing so that any reptiles and			
2	amphibians could not get into those basin areas.			
3	MR. AVENA: Thank you.			
4	THE HEARING OFFICER: Excuse me, Attorney Avena.			
5	It's time for us to take a break. We can			
6	continue if your questioning is going to be short,			
7	but if not, we'll take a ten-minute break.			
8	MR. AVENA: Ten minutes sounds great. Thank you,			
9	Mr. Chair.			
10	THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you. We will adjourn until			
11	3:45.			
12	Thank you everyone.			
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14	(Pause: 3:35 p.m. to 3:45 p.m.)			
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16	THE HEARING OFFICER: We'll now go back on the record.			
17	Is the Court Reporter logged in?			
18	THE REPORTER: I am standing by, ready to go.			
19	THE HEARING OFFICER: Very good. Thank you.			
20	Please continue, Attorney Avena.			
21	MR. AVENA: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.			
22	Going back			
23	MR. BALDWIN: Excuse me for the interruption. We did			
24	spend a lot of our spare time in the last ten			
25	minutes discussing your suggestion related to some			

additional lands to the south of the larger solar array around the south of 184.

If we could -- if you wouldn't mind, can we go back and talk through that just a little bit?

Because I think we looked at that and want to talk through some of the issues that might present some limitations in that area.

So maybe we can start with Mr. Brawley just to further respond to your prior question.

MR. AVENA: If I could just interject for one moment?

And that's fine. I was going to also mention -
if you're going to discuss it, directly south of

the stormwater basin which would be along the

eastern side of that rectangle, to the northeast

of it, there's quite a corridor there that would

still be 100 feet from that stream bed.

So yes, if you could also include that, that particular area. The fence ends quite a ways from the buffer to the stream bed. So go ahead. Thank you.

THE WITNESS (Brawley): This is Matt Brawley. With the layouts of the panels being, you know, each one of them being approximately, as Mr. Candelaria said, the size of a piece of plywood, you know, in areas that are a hundred feet wide by a couple hundred

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feet long, you know, to get an amount of panels in there along with -- since these are down gradient of existing basins, another basin in each of the areas on both sides of the vernal pools, there would not be any room left to bring in any number of panels that would move the needle of moving anything from the north.

MR. AVENA: Yeah, again. And it's hard. It's hard to look at these tiny plans and come up with that. I appreciate your comments on that.

Again, we are looking -- and I began with the idea of the hypothesis that we're somewhat, 15 percent of where we need to be, in my humble opinion and in the Town's opinion. So I am asking questions.

I'm actually trying to seek out where those areas are and what concerns are in those areas, versus going into the north -- which I really believe is a undisturbed natural resource of the Town of North Stonington at the moment.

Also, if you could point out to me on the array -- which is number four, are there similar issues with going to the west of that array, the entire length of the array?

And there's a stream belt, but if we come

within a hundred feet of the stream belt it looks like we might pick up at least one stretch of plywood panel's size all the way down the fence.

And I wasn't sure again what's your comments on that might be?

THE WITNESS (Brawley): This is Matt Brawley again. As you go to the west side of area four, the topography drops off fairly quickly going down to those streams and creeks. So to do anything in that area there would have to be grading, which would start pushing our limits of disturbance into those buffers.

And the way these panels run on fixed racking systems is in the east/west direction. So what you try to do is get a certain number of them on each racking. So one or two panels wide is really not constructable.

MR. AVENA: So in terms of what I was conceiving of is sort of adding on. So you know, it's sort of like the array just keeps going. So you haven't built it yet.

So it would just be one more or two more rows. Correct?

THE WITNESS (Brawley): This is Matt Brawley again.

The way these are laid out is you have to have so

many modules that feed an inverter. And if you have more modules than what an inverter can handle, you either have to take that wiring and move it to another area to a different inverter, or you have to change your DC/AC ratio in that area of, which again would be a net zero gain.

MR. AVENA: All right. This may become a little bit superfluous then if your argument is that those areas are simply not available to you, because I was going to ask again over to -- I believe it's Dean -- reading the report done by George Logan.

Did he in fact kind of rate the vernal pools?

There are so many of them that when I read it, it
seemed to me there was a ranking of vernal pools
in terms of the ones that were more productive.

How would you term that?

THE WITNESS (Gustafson): Yeah. So George did a fairly exhaustive vernal pool survey over a few seasons and noted both the species quantity and diversity for each pool, as far as egg mass counts.

So he was able to quantify, and if you looked at the tabulation that he provided in his report, there is some variation from season to season, but there are some general trends that you could take away from that data.

And the -- and he did provide a qualitative assessment, you know, comparatively of the various vernal pools and noted that, you know, vernal pool 1 and vernal pool E. Comparatively are the highest, highest value vernal pools.

That doesn't mean to say that some of the other vernal pools to the south that have lower productivity are not valuable resources. It's just providing a comparative analysis.

MR. AVENA: No, I understand. And again, we're just looking at that ranking as we try to, I believe in some ways, put ten pounds of potatoes in a five-pound bag. So we're just trying to make sure we are aware of what resources to be specifically protected in a ranking.

And again it's the topographical that you just testified to on the west side of the solar panels 4. For instance vernal pool, I guess, is that "I?" I think it's "I," and then just above it, wetland H.

THE WITNESS (Quinn): Yes. So those would be ranked lower, but then if they are down a cliff, I guess I'm in the wrong territory.

THE WITNESS (Gustafson): Yeah. Again, Dean Gustafson.

I think as you heard from Mr. Brawley, you know,

that we do have a topographic constraint on the west side there that is really the driving force. From a vernal pool and wetland protection standpoint, certainly we could support moving the facility a little bit further -- a little bit closer to those resources, but the overriding constraint, design constraint is topographic driven in that area.

MR. AVENA: All right. Moving on, to get a little bit more into the -- and I believe some of your supplemental filings might have done this. Please explain what efforts were made to identify all private residential wells located on abutting properties used for domestic purposes and consumption, and what steps are proposed to protect these drinking water sites?

And I think from prior testimony, I just wanted to note as the Town Attorney that there's no public water in the area whatsoever. You will be in a position of having to bring it some 10 or 20 miles if any of those wells are affected by industrial or these commercial activities.

So has that work been done at this point?

THE WITNESS (Weaver): Attorney Avena, this is Ali

Weaver. We've included all the -- the information

1 on the private wells in question 33, the response 2 to 33 in the interrogatories. 3 MR. AVENA: And in doing so is there any concern about 4 the number of wells, private wells that surround 5 your development? 6 THE WITNESS (Weaver): This is Ali Weaver. Based on 7 our statements in our response to question 33, you 8 know, we -- we don't expect any activities to 9 affect the surrounding wells or the water quality. 10 MR. AVENA: And I know you're also aware that you're 11 building within an aquifer protection zone. 12 Do you have any experience in your 140 13 projects in which you were involved in building on 14 top of an aquifer protection zone? THE WITNESS (Weaver): I'd have to go back to confirm 15 16 if there's something that's exactly the same, or 17 could be qualified exactly the same as an aquifer protection zone. 18 19 But I will say that we have worked on many 20 projects that surround protected waters, wetlands, 21 river streams, et cetera, and are very practiced 22 on maintaining the best management practices. THE WITNESS (Candelaria): Now this is Pete Candelaria. 23 24 We've also worked over aguifers as well, but this 25 protection zone language is specific to this

region. We -- we'd need to look to see if there's an equivalent.

MR. AVENA: No, I appreciate it. Again, we don't have a lot of options there, and that is why in effect it was zoned for residential. There are concerns; obviously there are no sewers, there are no public water systems. So the purposes behind the zoning in each town in Connecticut is well planned out, so it makes these projects quite challenging.

Lead in the drinking water is a serious and dangerous concern. The leachable lead level analyzed through the EPA toxic characteristics leachability procedure from four different panel samples -- am I correct in the record that It ranged from 1 to 2 milligrams per liter.

Is there a lead person on the panel? Is there any lead leaching issues?

- MR. BALDWIN: Put us to the exhibit that you're referring to, or the response? I just want to make sure we have it in front of the panel before we respond.
- MR. AVENA: It's from 18, toxicity characteristic leaching procedure report.
- THE WITNESS (Candelaria): Yeah. So this is Pete

  Candelaria with Silicon Ranch. Section three,

you're referencing the laminate material which is less than .1 percent. Is that what you're referring to?

MR. AVENA: According to our notes, there was a testing procedure on four different panel samples. I know you're using different panels at the moment -- that indicated that there was a leachable lead level.

And I know in the previous hearing -- I thought there was discussion that there was no lead in your choice of panel now, but I'm not sure whether that's the case.

Is there an actual lead content to the panels?

- THE WITNESS (Candelaria): So we provided a product data sheet with -- with that information. So on -- on that section it's -- it's noted as less than .1 percent.
- MR. AVENA: Okay. I guess what we're asking is that if there is such contaminants within the panels -- and I agree with the plan as to basically leave them out there, and not a whole lot of maintenance to do as we approach another, you know, one to two-inch rainstorm tonight.

What happens in our aquifer protection area

when the rainfall starts to leach out these
chemicals or materials and puts them on the
ground?

Is that something that you have looked at in
past projects? Is there any concern there?

past projects? Is there any concern there?

THE WITNESS (Candelaria): Leachable lead, this is part of the material makeup. We will provide some additional clarity for that for the -- for the materials and -- and further address your questions.

MR. AVENA: Yeah, it's just again important because we have a double-edged sword here. We've got both private wells and we have our aquifer protection for the Town.

So we are so far considering that this is benign material, but some of the reports we saw concerned us and we would appreciate any followup on that.

THE HEARING OFFICER: Excuse me. Mr. Candelaria, is that something that you can provide before the end of the hearing today?

THE WITNESS (Candelaria): Mr. Morissette, I'm working on it right now.

THE HEARING OFFICER: Very good. Thank you.

MR. AVENA: One another notation, I guess, between the

last time we met and today was that I've been driving around noticing the fencing around these projects, and I would agree with the description of the particular type of fence you're using.

But what I did not notice was any barbed wire around any of the projects that I saw, and I think I saw about half a dozen. And I was concerned about that on sort of a safety side, too as to whether that makes sense to put it up.

Is that part of sort of the sheep issue, that we don't want them to -- I don't know if they're like goats, but can they climb out of the enclosures?

THE WITNESS (Candelaria): This is Pete Candelaria.

No, it's not for the sheep. It's actually to keep people out of the facility, not to keep folks or sheep in.

So yeah, that that -- so it's really for public safety. The barbed wire is intended to keep, you know, frankly curious children out of the facility.

MR. AVENA: As someone who got hung up on one of those as a child, I'll tell you that they're going to learn a hard lesson. And I would just suggest that if the fences are high enough, that perhaps

you could look at that feature. It's a residential neighborhood for sure -- a residential area, but not quite a neighborhood. Thank you.

Going back again in history a bit, under the PURA amendment can you describe the process to amend a particular project location and layout?

Does this require notice to the municipality? And does the DEP weigh in whenever these departures are requested from the original selection?

I don't know if that's for the -- if Attorney Baldwin was involved when the original amendment was made to PURA.

MR. BALDWIN: Yeah. I'll chime in because I think it relates to a legal question, Mr. Morissette, so if you'll allow me the process -- I'm sorry.

THE HEARING OFFICER: Please continue.

MR. BALDWIN: The process at the point of the amendment requires notification and approval from DEEP, because they were the ones who initially issued the RFP.

And then the modification that had to be made to the power purchase agreement was improved by the public utility authority as we described, I think, in the interrogatory response to the Council.

So it's a two-part process. Does it require notification to the Town? No, it does not.

But I would point out that, you know, the issues that the Town is raising with respect to the project is not an issue that would be raised as a part of a power purchase agreement amendment process, if they are matters and issues that are raised as a part of this process, the Siting Council process.

Because ultimately the Siting Council is the one who decides on the environmental effects side of that equation. The public benefit I think is addressed as a part of the DEEP RFP process. And now this Siting Council evaluates the environmental effects side of the process.

Thank you, Mr. Morissette.

THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you, Attorney Baldwin.

The power purchase agreement is outside the approval of the power purchase agreements outside this building -- so please continue.

MR. AVENA: Yes. Regarding a geotechnical engineering report -- I thought this was brought up last time, but we wanted to ask whether the work on the geotechnical was also done on the north parcel.

We can't seem to find any analysis of the results

1 for the north parcel.

THE WITNESS (Weaver): This is Ali. Yes, the geotechnical report was done on all of the parcels, and that's included as attachment 15.

MR. AVENA: Yeah, because we -- we had difficulty. We didn't know if there were test holes done on the north parcel. Is that part of that report?

THE WITNESS (Weaver): Yes. All these -- yes, all the information is contained within that report.

We're happy to have a conversation with you outside of this hearing and walk you through the report for further clarification, if that's

MR. AVENA: I appreciate it.

helpful.

Again, bringing up a couple of follow-up questions to the Council's questions regarding the distinction between your project and the residential areas around it.

Obviously, we have concerns about the wells and we also have concerns about the noise, which we received answers from you in the interrogatories. The third thing is about the buffering for the neighbors.

I'm starting to have the understanding it's kind of an ongoing process, and you're not really

amending your plans to indicate, you know, arborvitae or other ways to -- on your property side. Even if you have 20 feet I would think an arborvitae would begin to protect some of the views and activities from the abutting residential neighbors.

Is that what you're trying to accomplish at this point?

THE WITNESS (Weaver): We're having very specific and detailed conversations with our abutters, because each abutter has a different viewshed than the other with different distances between. So we think it's appropriate to have those very, you know, specific and specialized conversations which is, you know, what we're in the process of doing now.

Those are ongoing, but we are very committed,

I think as the abutters are, to reaching a

solution that works for both parties. And we

expect to detail these solutions that we come to

in the D and M plan.

MR. AVENA: So in terms of where we would come from conventionally in the town, the visual screening that you often see whenever you have that dramatic difference between residential use and commercial

or industrial use, they would normally be on your side of the property.

Are you waiting to see what the neighbors are looking for before designing those features? Do you have enough room to put such a screening feature in?

THE WITNESS (Weaver): I think the answer is, it

depends on which neighbor we're talking about.

And thankfully we have -- truthfully have had very

productive and cordial conversations with our

abutters that we're looking at solutions that may

not necessarily be on our property, that would

be -- provide actually a better screening

solution.

So we're trying to look at all options right now and make sure that we're working with those abutters to identify the best one.

MR. AVENA: Yeah, you've got a bunch of them. You've got the one to the northeast of panels three; directly north of panels four, which was mentioned by the councilmembers regarding the access road; the parties to panels two to the east; and then the parties to the north of panels one.

So we certainly are concerned from the Town's perspective, and I think under the comfortable

criteria, neighborhood impacts as well as the natural resource impacts.

And again, I think I was asking questions
before -- but we just wanted to know is there any
difference? We realized you went upgrade on the
panels and on their power output. Is there any
other differences that we should be aware of in
the Town as to those characteristics of those
panels, how they're made, or anything that would
be different from the original submission?

THE WITNESS (Candelaria): Attorney Avena, this is Pete
Candelaria.

So they're both using the same type of fundamental technology. They're both using crystalline modules -- cells for voltaics.

MR. AVENA: All right. That's all the questions I have at the moment, Mr. Chairman.

THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you, Attorney Avena.

It's my understanding that Councilman Silvestri has some additional questions.

Mr. Silvestri?

MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you, Mr. Morissette.

Attorney Avena's questions kind of sparked more questions in my head. The question I have first to start this, how many panels are there in

1 area one?

THE WITNESS (Brawley): This is Matt Brawley. Area one has approximately 2,780 panels.

MR. SILVESTRI: 2,780. Thank you.

Now the original project started out with 28,971 panels at 455 watts. The redesign, if I have it right, is looking at 475-watt panels at 29,625 -- and it's still not clear in my head why that went up as far as the number of panels -- but let me continue on my thought.

From a back-of-the-envelope calculation, if it were possible to go from 475 to 550-watt panels, which are commercially available, I'm calculating that you would need approximately 25,585 panels, or about 4,000 less.

Is that feasible to go with a higher watt panel and totally get off of area one because you don't need the panels anymore?

THE WITNESS (Candelaria): Mr. Silvestri, this is Pete Candelaria with Silicon Ranch. We -- we -- so in order to make these schedules work, you've got to make commitments to these supplies well in advance.

550-watt modules aren't necessarily readily commercially available modules to begin with.

Number two, we don't necessarily just buy from any manufacturer. We have a very select group of vendors that we work with, that we very thoroughly vet, that we need to make sure that they're bankable projects, that they're quality projects, that we don't have hazardous material concerns, that we mitigate a lot of the risks, and some of the other issues and challenges that some of the other folks have raised. And so that really narrows down the list of options that you have available to you.

I will say in 2023 we'll see that wattage density be a lot more prevalent and see that be an option that will roll out more frequently. For -- for this particular project it's not a realistic solution for us to try to get something that -- that works and meets schedule, meets all the obligations, this and that. No, it's not an option.

There's -- the form factor of that module is also much larger and it just doesn't lay out well. So what happens is the way the solar industry works is you'll have advances in the model technology and that road map gets laid out. And then the racking vendors, and all of the tracking

vendors and all that need to catch up and they've got to marry up equipment to it -- being an early adopter doesn't necessarily make you a winner on these products.

And again, you know, having -- you still want to be able to vet, make sure everything works.

Being an early adopter of a new form factor or module has risks in itself.

You know, will the module break down under hail? Will it break down under heavy wind? You know there's risk that you take as an owner being an early adopter of any new module product out there, or -- or any product, inverter product, whatever.

But taking those kinds of flyers, it's not the way we operate. We're -- we're sticking with a very tried-and-true product, tried-and-true form factor, and we're very comfortable with this solution.

MR. SILVESTRI: I appreciate your response, but I bring it up because we have been approached by at least one applicant that I could recall that did have panels in the 500-plus wattage range -- which is why I bring it up.

Because to me it becomes economics. I hear

your concern about electrical compatibility, you know, how you do that and how you rack it. I'm also looking at if you avoid that whole area, your economics go way down because you don't have to disturb the ground, put in everything, et cetera, et cetera.

So that's why I brought it up. I was hoping that would be a balance that would ultimately get you off of area one.

THE WITNESS (Candelaria): Yeah, I'm with you. We -we worked really hard to optimize these sites to
do our best to minimize our impact and our costs.
And it's -- I can assure you if there was an
option we would -- we would exercise it.

MR. SILVESTRI: All right. Then let me pose the follow-up questions. Were you able to find the answers to the questions I posed earlier?

THE WITNESS (Weaver): Mr. Silvestri, This is Ali
Weaver. If I could offer? The location of the
sheep photos is in Chattanooga, Tennessee.

I know there was a question about whether
Miller Brothers was the Connecticut licensed spill
responder. And after speaking with them, they are
not a licensed spill clean-up contractor, but will
be exploring becoming one. And we can confirm

1 whether that has occurred by the time that we 2 submit the D and M plan. 3 MR. SILVESTRI: Okay. Stop. Stop there. On the Miller thing, I had an answer to the 4 5 question before I posed it, because I always like 6 to see what an applicant might respond to. 7 If you check the Connecticut DEEP website; 8 they are permitted for spill response. They're 9 also permitted for transport. So somebody should 10 get that straight before you go forward with 11 Miller Brothers. 12 But going back to the photo with the sheep, I 13 didn't hear your response. 14 THE WITNESS (Weaver): The photos are in Chattanooga, 15 Tennessee. 16 MR. SILVESTRI: Is that a facility of yours? 17 THE WITNESS (Weaver): Yes. It's in partnership with 18 Volkswagen. 19 MR. SILVESTRI: And out of curiosity, how big is that 20 facility? 21 THE WITNESS (Candelaria): Mr. Silvestri, this is Pete 22 Candelaria. It's very similar in size. We're at 23 10 megawatts AC for that project. 24 MR. SILVESTRI: Very good. Thank you. 25 Okay. How about the other responses to the

1 questions? 2 THE WITNESS (Weaver): I believe another one of the 3 questions was what the zoning district was for the 4 southerly parcels -- which we found is medium 5 density residential. 6 The setbacks there are 20 feet for side and 7 rear yard, and 40 feet for the front yard. 8 MR. SILVESTRI: Yeah. That wasn't actually my 9 question, but whoever had it -- that's okay. 10 The followup I had was on fuels. How much 11 fuel might be expected to be used each day? 12 THE WITNESS (Weaver): Yes, sir. We're looking into 13 that still, and if we can, we'd like to provide 14 that as a part of the D and M plan as well. 15 MR. SILVESTRI: And was there any other followup that 16 people could remember about speaking with 17 Connecticut DEEP regarding sheep and/or regarding 18 fuel storage? 19 THE WITNESS (Weaver): Yes. Those conversations we 20 don't believe occurred with DEEP during the 21 pre-application. 22 MR. SILVESTRI: I'm sorry. Do not believe occurred. 23 Is that right? 24 THE WITNESS (Weaver): Right, not in this first 25 pre-application meeting, but we expect that they

1	will come up as we move along. It was just our			
2	first meeting.			
3	MR. SILVESTRI: Very good. And a followup, anything			
4	with the fire marshal? Any discussions with him			
5	or her.			
6	THE WITNESS (Weaver): We did we reach out to the fire			
7	marshal, you know, to touch base again. Our			
8	expectation is that we will try to coordinate any			
9	trainings closer to the time of construction.			
10	MR. SILVESTRI: Okay. Thank you, Mr. Morissette. I			
11	believe that's all the followups that I had.			
12	Thank you again.			
13	THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you, Mr. Silvestri.			
14	That pretty much clears up my laundry list of			
15	items that were open as well.			
16	MR. EDELSON: Mr. Morissette, I did have one question.			
17	A followup?			
18	THE HEARING OFFICER: Yes, Mr. Edelson. Please			
19	continue.			
20	MR. EDELSON: Okay. If I understood the Intervener's			
21	question regarding the north parcel, I think they			
22	indicated that this represented a significant			
23	environmental resource for the Town.			
24	My question to the Petitioner is, are you			
25	aware of anything in the deed for this property or			

1	any other document that provides a specific			
2	designation or restriction because of this being a			
3	significant environmental resource to the Town of			
4	North Stonington?			
5	THE WITNESS (Weaver): This is Ali Weaver. No, we're			
6	not.			
7	MR. EDELSON: And this is a quick followup. Has the			
8	Town ever approached you to purchase any of these			
9	properties because of their significance to the			
10	Town?			
11	Somehow I think you went on mute. I didn't			
12	hear that.			
13	THE WITNESS (Weaver): To my knowledge, no, they have			
14	not.			
15	MR. EDELSON: Okay, thank you.			
16	That's it, Mr. Morissette.			
17	THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you, Mr. Edelson.			
18	We'll now continue with the appearance of the			
19	party, the Town of North Stonington.			
20	Will the party present its witness panel for			
21	the purpose of taking the oath, and Attorney			
22	Bachman will administer the oath.			
23	MR. AVENA: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.			
24	Attorney Robert Avena for the Town of North			
25	Stonington.			

1 With me today is Juliet Hodge, the Town Planner of the Town of North Stonington. And also 2 3 with me today is Robert Russo, wetlands expert 4 from CLA Engineers of Norwich. 5 Attorney Bachman? 6 Thank you, Mr. Morissette. MS. BACHMAN: 7 JULIET HODGE, 8 ROBERT RUSSO, 9 called as witnesses, being first duly sworn 10 by the Executive Director, were examined and 11 testified under oath as follows: 12 13 THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you, Attorney Bachman. 14 Attorney Avena, please begin by verifying all 15 the exhibits by the appropriate sworn-in 16 witnesses. 17 MR. AVENA: Thank you. Ms. Hodge and Mr. Russo, did 18 you personally prepare the submitted exhibits on 19 behalf of the Town in North Stonington that are 20 part of the record today? 21 THE WITNESS (Hodge): I did. 22 THE WITNESS (Russo): I did. 23 MR. AVENA: And is the information contained in those 24 exhibits true and accurate to the best of your 25 knowledge and belief?

1 THE WITNESS (Hodge): It is. 2 THE WITNESS (Russo): Yes, it is. 3 MR. AVENA: Do you have any changes to that information 4 which you would like to inform to the Council 5 today? THE WITNESS (Hodge): I do not. 6 7 THE WITNESS (Russo): I do not. 8 MR. AVENA: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. 9 THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you, Attorney Avena. 10 Does the Applicant object to the admission of 11 the Town of North Stonington's exhibits, Attorney 12 Baldwin? 13 MR. BALDWIN: No objection, Mr. Morissette. 14 THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you, Attorney Baldwin. The 15 exhibits are hereby admitted. 16 We'll now begin with cross examination of the 17 Town of North Stonington by the Council starting 18 with Mr. Perrone, followed by Mr. Edelson. 19 Mr. Perrone? 20 MR. PERRONE: Thank you, Mr. Morissette. 21 Does the Town have any additional comments or 22 concerns related to the revised project at this 23 time? 24 THE WITNESS (Hodge): This is Juliet Hodge, Town 25 Planner. I'm still a little bit concerned about

the geotechnical report. The map I'm looking at just simply does not indicate any -- any exploration done on the parcel that's north of 184. So I'm confused about that.

And if we have any idea if that site is suitable for panels, you know, my overall concern is just for the health and safety and welfare of -- of the Town, its natural resources, this neighborhood.

Had I known that this was going to be located on these parcels, I would have had some major concerns early on. So we're -- we're still -- we appreciate all the -- the effort to relocate as many of the panels down to the south.

We're just hoping that we can find a spot, you know, in the old gravel bank where it was designed to be that we can get them down there somehow, because the geotechnical report does indicate that it's usable.

MR. PERRONE: Turning to the March 25, 2020, letter from P and Z, on page 2 there's mention of an animal boarding and grooming facility. And my question is, how close is that roughly to the parcel to the north?

THE WITNESS (Hodge): Across the street, directly --

1 just right on the other side of 184. It's -- it's 2 right up on the -- on the road, so. 3 I mean, the building it set back, but the 4 property line is -- it's probably 150 feet or so 5 from the road. 6 MR. PERRONE: And turning to the April 26, 2021, letter 7 from the land use department, on page 2 there's 8 mention of a microgrid that was included by the 9 original bidder. 10 Do you have any information on that 11 microgrid, any details? 12 THE WITNESS (Hodge): Of what -- what it was proposed 13 to be? 14 MR. PERRONE: Yes. 15 THE WITNESS (Hodge): All right. Well, my 16 understanding of the original DEEP solicitation --17 I'm sorry. I don't know what it was called but --18 that the original project included energy storage. 19 It wasn't just an energy production facility. 20 It was supposed to have energy storage and a park, 21 and you know, all these great things. 22 So other than what was included in -- in 23 their original submittal of -- not by this 24 company, but by CES, I believe it was, that was 25 part of the original project and part of the

1 original program, to reuse brownfields and provide 2 for energy storage. 3 MR. PERRONE: Thank you. That's all I have. 4 THE WITNESS (Hodge): We're going to let the wetlands 5 person move in. Sorry. 6 THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you, Mr. Perrone. 7 We'll continue with cross examination by 8 Mr. Edelson, followed by Mr. Silvestri. 9 Mr. Edelson? 10 MR. EDELSON: I don't have any questions at this time. 11 Thank you, Mr. Morissette. 12 THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you, Mr. Edelson. 13 We'll continue with Mr. Silvestri, followed 14 by Mr. Hannon. 15 Mr. Silvestri. 16 MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you, Mr. Morissette. 17 Looking at a little bit of history that I'm 18 hoping you could provide, the old Providence-New 19 London Road, the old roadbed I guess dates back to 20 the 1800s or so. 21 Could you maybe give me a little bit of 22 history on that and where it stands today? 23 THE WITNESS (Hodge): It's to connect with Stillman 24 Road. I believe it is on the western side of the 25 northern parcel there. So it was the old cut

1 through from Route 184 to Stillman Road. 2 was a tavern on the corner where I think it's 3 430 -- 447 Providence-New London Turnpike. 4 house used to be an old tavern. So that's just 5 sort of the thoroughfare. 6 It's a beautiful, beautiful stone wall that 7 lines the old bed that's, you know, still very 8 visible through the entire parcel. 9 North Stonington, they love their roads, 10 that's for sure. And they love their stonewall 11 lined roads, and I wish we had been offered it to 12 buy. We would have. 13 MR. SILVESTRI: Is it safe to say that that goes back 14 to the, quote, unquote, horse-and-buggy days? 15 THE WITNESS (Hodge): Absolutely. 16 MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you. Is that house that you 17 mentioned, was that the tollhouse that was on that 18 road? 19 THE WITNESS (Hodge): I know it was a tavern. It could 20 have been a tollhouse, I suppose. I -- I don't 21 know for sure. I know it was the tavern, but --22 MR. SILVESTRI: And that house, that house is no longer 23 there. Is that correct? 24 THE WITNESS (Hodge): No, it's there. 25 MR. SILVESTRI: Oh, it's still there. Okay.

1	Very good. Thank you.			
2	Mr. Morissette, that's all the questions I			
3	had. Thank you.			
4	THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you, Mr. Silvestri.			
5	I understand Mr. Hannon is having technical			
6	difficulties with his connection, but he has no			
7	questions. Thank you, Mr. Hannon, for letting me			
8	know that.			
9	I will now move on to Mr. Nguyen, followed by			
10	Mr. Lynch.			
11	Mr. Nguyen, do you have any questions?			
12	MR. NGUYEN: I don't have any questions,			
13	Mr. Morissette. Thank you.			
14	THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you, Mr. Nguyen.			
15	We'll now continue with Mr. Lynch followed by			
16	Ms. Cooley. Mr. Lynch?			
17				
18	(No response.)			
19				
20	THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you, Mr. Lynch.			
21	He's not connected. We'll continue with			
22	Ms. Cooley. Ms. Cooley, do you have any			
23	questions? Thank you.			
24	MS. COOLEY: Thank you, Mr. Morissette.			
25	I do not have any questions for the			

1 Intervener. Thanks. 2 THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you, Ms. Cooley. I have a 3 follow-up question. 4 The Applicant followed up with a question on 5 the setback, and just testified that it's a 6 residential area. It's 20 feet for the side yards 7 and 40 feet for the front yards. 8 Well, first of all, do you agree with the 9 20 feet? 10 THE WITNESS (Hodge): They are the -- the setbacks to 11 structures, yes. There are additional setback 12 requirements for buffering if there's a 13 nonresidential use next-door to a residential use. 14 That buffer would increase to effectively 15 25 feet rather than the 20, landscaped buffering, 16 not just space. It would have to be landscaped. 17 THE HEARING OFFICER: So 25 feet of landscaped space? 18 THE WITNESS (Hodge): Yeah, providing year-round, you 19 know, screening. 20 THE HEARING OFFICER: And having a road in that 25 feet 21 space is not permissible? 22 THE WITNESS (Hodge): No, that would have -- you would 23 still have to provide some sort of a landscape buffer. It would -- yeah, I mean, the road we --24 25 we expect ten feet on either side of the road,

24-food width. So they would have to try to buffer it, yeah.

THE HEARING OFFICER: So they would be --

THE WITNESS (Hodge): It would make it hard to put it there.

THE HEARING OFFICER: So the road is considered a structure. Am I interpreting that correctly?

THE WITNESS (Hodge): We have -- we have -- our buffering regulations are slightly complicated, but for any access way they're supposed to line both sides of that. If it's a commercial development or nonresidential development you would line both sides of the road with -- with some sort of landscaping.

Once you got to the point of the structure, in this case, I would call that the solar panels. Then you would jump to the 25-foot fully screening type landscaping buffer.

So you would have to try to fit in landscaping on either side of the road to sort of buffer the impact of light and noise, and dust and whatnot. But once you got to the structure, the panels in this case, it would have to be a 25-foot length.

THE HEARING OFFICER: Let me make sure I understand

1 correctly. 2 So the road itself requires a ten-foot buffer 3 on each side for landscaping, and then an 4 additional 25 on the panel side for setback to the 5 panels? THE WITNESS (Hodge): Correct. 6 7 THE HEARING OFFICER: For a total of 35 feet from the 8 road -- okay. Well, that's helpful. 9 So that's 25, 35 -- 45 plus the width of the 10 road is -- how many feet? 11 THE WITNESS (Hodge): Depending on two-way traffic or 12 whatnot, it would be a 24-foot roadbed for two-way 13 traffic, and probably around 14 for one-way. 14 THE HEARING OFFICER: Fourteen? They're proposing 16. So this is an access drive. It's not really a 15 16 road. Does that still apply? THE WITNESS (Hodge): For a commercial development it 17 18 would. We would -- we would not consider this 19 residential development, so the commercial regulations would, you know, be in effect. 20 21 THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you. Anything else you 22 want to add associated with the access road? 23 THE WITNESS (Hodge): No, and I'm not sure what the 24 surface was, but there was -- there's requirements 25 for, you know, all-weather surface and firetruck,

1 you know, accessibility and whatnot, but -- and snow stacking would be another concern, so. 2 But 3 I'm not sure how often they would be plowing this 4 one, so. 5 THE HEARING OFFICER: Very good. Thank you. That was 6 a very helpful discussion. 7 That concludes my cross-examination. We will 8 now continue with the cross-examination of North 9 Stonington by the Petitioner. 10 Attorney Baldwin? 11 Attorney Baldwin? 12 Sorry, technical difficulties here. MR. BALDWIN: Ι 13 was on mute. I wanted to follow up on this, the 14 road issue, because I think we've got an 15 apples-to-oranges comparison here. 16 First of all, Ms. Hodge, you're aware that the local zoning regulations are only advisory as 17 18 it relates to the Siting Council's jurisdiction 19 which supersedes local zoning authority? 20 Is that your understanding? 21 THE WITNESS (Hodge): Yes, it is. 22 MR. BALDWIN: You mentioned a 24-foot wide commercial 23 road. You understand that what we're talking 24 about here are simply gravel access driveways that 25 would be used infrequently by site technicians

when they would visit the site for maintenance
purposes, and that this is not a use of a
commercial road of any kind?

THE WITNESS (Hodge): I believe I was being in asked in the context of North Stonington if I had to label a use for this it wouldn't be residential. And therefore, if I did have jurisdiction I would apply the commercial standards.

I do understand that it's not under our jurisdiction, but if it were that's what the standards would be.

MR. BALDWIN: Two and three in the Council's hearing program are identified as comments of the Chairman of the PZC and the Inland Wetlands Commission.

Can you tell us for the purposes of the record what planning zoning commission meeting and what inland wetlands commission meeting, those comments were discussed and voted on by the respective commissions? We took a look and we couldn't find them in the minutes.

THE WITNESS (Hodge): I don't know that off the top of my head. I don't have my unit book in front of me -- but I'm trying to think.

It was the meetings in -- when were they first due? March? Within the first or second

1 Tuesday -- or first or second Thursday in March, 2 and wetlands meets the Wednesday in between 3 typically. 4 Plus, you know, we just -- there were members 5 of that, those commissions on the sidewalk that 6 day, you know, we've had discussions. 7 MR. BALDWIN: Did they take a formal vote on the final 8 product? 9 THE WITNESS (Hodge): That isn't -- they wouldn't for 10 this. There wouldn't be a vote. Neither 11 commission voted on any of it, but they don't have 12 to. 13 So it's not under their jurisdiction, so it's 14 not -- it wasn't an application before them, or an 15 action that they had to take. It was me saying, 16 do you want to respond to this project? And if 17 so, provide your comments and I will summarize 18 them into a document. 19 MR. BALDWIN: Okay. I have nothing further. 20 Thank you, Mr. Morissette. 21 THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you, Attorney Baldwin. 22 Well, that pretty much wraps it up. So 23 before closing the evidentiary record in this 24 matter the Connecticut Siting Council announces 25 that briefs and proposed findings of fact may be

filed with the Council by any party or intervener no later than August 7, 2021.

The submission of briefs or proposed findings of fact are not required by this Council. Rather, we leave it to the choice of the parties and the intervenors. Anyone who has not become a party or intervener but desires to make his or her views known to the Council may file statements with the Council within 30 days of the date hereof.

The Council will issue draft findings of fact, and thereafter parties and interveners may identify errors or inconsistencies between the Council's draft findings of fact and the record, however no new information, no new evidence, no argument and no reply briefs without our permission will be considered by the Council.

Copies of the transcript of this hearing will be filed at the North Stonington Town clerk's office.

I hereby declare this hearing adjourned. And thank you, everyone, for your participation.

(End: 4:35 p.m.)

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## CERTIFICATE

I hereby certify that the foregoing 112 pages are a complete and accurate computer-aided transcription of my original verbatim notes taken of the Zoom Remote Siting Council Meeting (Teleconference) in Re: CONNECTICUT SITING COUNCIL PETITION NO. 1443, SR NORTH STONINGTON, LLC, PETITION FOR A DECLARATORY RULING, PURSUANT TO CONNECTICUT GENERAL STATUTES §4-176 AND §16-50K, FOR THE PROPOSED CONSTRUCTION, MAINTENANCE AND OPERATION OF A 9.9-MEGAWATT AC SOLAR PHOTOVOLTAIC ELECTRIC GENERATING FACILITY ON FIVE PARCELS LOCATED NORTH AND SOUTH OF PROVIDENCE NEW LONDON TURNPIKE (STATE ROUTE 184), WEST OF BOOMBRIDGE ROAD AND NORTH OF INTERSTATE 95 IN NORTH STONINGTON, CONNECTICUT, which was held before JOHN MORISSETTE, Member and Presiding Officer, on July 8, 2020.

Robert G. Dixon, CVR-M 857

Notary Public BCT Reporting, LLC

55 Whiting Street, Suite 1A

Plainville, CT 06062

My Commission Expires: 6/30/2025

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