

April 5, 2023

Melanie A. Bachman Executive Director Connecticut Siting Council 10 Franklin Square New Britain, CT 06051

RE: **TS-DISH-135-230215** - Dish Wireless, LLC request for an order to approve tower sharing at an existing telecommunications facility located at 168 Catoona Lane, Stamford, Connecticut. Dish Site 13710333

Dear Ms. Bachman,

Thank you for your "incomplete Letter" dated March 14, 2023, receipt of which is hereby acknowledged. In accordance with the items discussed in your letter, enclosed please find three (3) sets of Revised Drawings incorporating the correct code year, and three (3) copies of the Radio-Frequency Analysis with far-field included in the tables on pages 15 and 16.

The explanation of the far-field analysis begins on page 11 of the report, with an illustration of the analysis on page 12. I was advised that PTG uses a standing height of 6.5 feet above the ground instead of 6 feet in order to produce an overly conservative result.

Thank you for your patience in this matter. Dish respectfully requests that the Council approve this request for the use of the tower located at 168 Catoona Lane, Stamford, CT 06902.

If you have any questions, please feel free to contact me.

Sincerely,

Jack Andrews Zoning Manager, Centerline Communications 10130 Donleigh Drive Columbia, MD 21046 443-677-0144

Enclosures:

Jack Andrews, Zoning Manager 10130 Donleigh Drive, Columbia, MD 21046 (443) 677-0144 Centerline Communications • 750 W Center Street, Suite 301, W Bridgewater, MA 02379

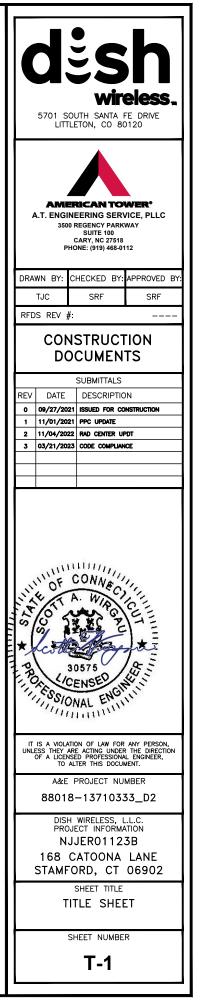
			ORMATION	_
	BIRD WATCH SITE: PLEASE CONTACT BIRD.WATCH@AMERICANTOWER.COM OR AMERICAN TOWER NOC AT 877-518-6937 FOR ASSISTANCE	PROPERTY OWNER: ADDRESS:	AMERICAN TOWER 168 CATOONA LANE STAMFORD, CT 06902	,
CESN		TOWER TYPE:	SELF SUPPORT TOWER	7
		TOWER CO SITE ID:	88018	
	SCOPE OF WORK	TOWER APP NUMBER:	13710333_D2	
wireless	THIS IS NOT AN ALL INCLUSIVE LIST. CONTRACTOR SHALL UTILIZE SPECIFIED EQUIPMENT PART OR ENGINEER APPROVED EQUIVALENT. CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY ALL NEEDED EQUIPMENT TO PROVIDE A FUNCTIONAL SITE.	COUNTY:	FAIRFIELD	E
VII CICSS M	THE PROJECT GENERALLY CONSISTS OF THE FOLLOWING: TOWER SCOPE OF WORK:	LATITUDE (NAD 83): LONGITUDE (NAD 83):	41° 3′ 10.170″ N 41.052825 73° 33′ 46.970″ W	
DISH WIRELESS, L.L.C. SITE ID:	INSTALL (3) PROPOSED PANEL ANTENNAS (1 PER SECTOR) INSTALL (3) PROPOSED ANTENNA SECTOR FRAME MOUNTS (1 PER SECTOR) INSTALL PROPOSED JUMPERS INSTALL PROPOSED JUMPERS	ZONING JURISDICTION:	-73.56304722 STAMFORD, CT	9
NJJER01123B	 INSTALL (6) PROPOSED RRUs (2 PER SECTOR) INSTALL (1) PROPOSED OVER VOLTAGE PROTECTION DEVICE (OVP) INSTALL (1) PROPOSED HYBRID CABLE 	ZONING DISTRICT:	COMMERCIAL	
NJJERUHZJO	GROUND SCOPE OF WORK: • INSTALL (1) PROPOSED METAL PLATFORM • INSTALL (1) PROPOSED ICE BRIDGE	PARCEL NUMBER:	116	(
DISH WIRELESS, L.L.C. SITE ADDRESS:	INSTALL (1) PROPOSED PPC CABINET INSTALL (1) PROPOSED EQUIPMENT CABINET INSTALL (1) PROPOSED POWER CONDUIT	OCCUPANCY GROUP:	U	f
168 CATOONA LANE	INSTALL (1) PROPOSED TELCO CONDUIT INSTALL (1) PROPOSED TELCO-FIBER BOX INSTALL (1) PROPOSED GPS UNIT	CONSTRUCTION TYPE:	II-B	
STAMFORD, CT 06902	INSTALL (1) PROPOSED GPS ONT INSTALL (1) PROPOSED SAFETY SWITCH (IF REQUIRED) INSTALL (1) PROPOSED CIENA BOX (IF REQUIRED) INSTALL (1) PROPOSED METER SOCKET	POWER COMPANY:	EVERSOURCE	
	• INSTALL (1) PROPOSED METER SUCKET	TELEPHONE COMPANY:	FRONTIER COMMUNICATIONS	_
CONNECTICUT CODE COMPLIANCE	SITE PHOTO		DIRECT	[]
CODE CODE BUILDING 2022 CT STATE BUILDING CODE/2021 IBC W/ CT AMENDMENTS MECHANICAL 2022 CT STATE BUILDING CODE/2021 IMC W/ CT AMENDMENTS ELECTRICAL 2022 CT STATE BUILDING CODE/2020 NEC W/ CT AMENDMENTS			-95 TAKE EXIT 6. TURN RIGHT OI T FIRST LIGHT AND FOLLOW ROAD	
SHEET INDEX				L
SHEET NO. SHEET TITLE			(14)	
T-1 TITLE SHEET			в	
A-1 OVERALL AND ENLARGED SITE PLAN A-2 ELEVATION, ANTENNA LAYOUT AND SCHEDULE				
A-3 EQUIPMENT PLATFORM AND H-FRAME DETAILS			NEWFIELD - WESTOVER - TURN OF RIVER	
A-4 EQUIPMENT DETAILS A-5 EQUIPMENT DETAILS	UNDERGROUND SERVICE ALERT CBYD 811	VDH		
A-6 EQUIPMENT DETAILS A-7 EQUIPMENT DETAILS	UTILITY NOTIFICATION CENTER OF CONNECTICUT (800) 922-4455 WWW.CBYD.COM	SITE L	OCATION	
E-1 ELECTRICAL/FIBER ROUTE PLAN AND NOTES	CALL 2 WORKING DAYS UTILITY NOTIFICATION PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION	$\sim 1 h^{\circ}$	Stam	nf
E-2 Electrical details E-3 Electrical one-line, fault calcs & panel schedule			WEST SIDE WATERSIDE SOUTH END	,
G-1 GROUNDING PLANS AND NOTES	GENERAL NOTES			
G-2 GROUNDING DETAILS G-3 GROUNDING DETAILS	THE FACILITY IS UNMANNED AND NOT FOR HUMAN HABITATION. A TECHNICIAN WILL VISIT THE SITE AS REQUIRED FOR ROUTINE MAINTENANCE. THE PROJECT WILL NOT RESULT IN ANY SIGNIFICANT DISTURBANCE OR EFFECT ON DRAINAGE. NO SANITARY SEWER SERVICE, POTABLE WATER, OR TRASH DISPOSAL IS REQUIRED AND NO COMMERCIAL	Greéńwich		
RF-1 RF CABLE COLOR CODE	SIGNAGE IS PROPOSED. THE PROJECT DEPICTED IN THESE PLANS QUALIFIES AS AN ELIGIBLE FACILITIES REQUEST ENTITLED TO EXPEDITED	Re		
GN-1 LEGEND AND ABBREVIATIONS	REVIEW UNDER 47 U.S.C. § 1455(A) AS A MODIFICATION OF AN EXISTING WIRELESS TOWER THAT INVOLVES THE COLLOCATION, REMOVAL, AND/OR REPLACEMENT OF TRANSMISSION EQUIPMENT THAT IS NOT A SUBSTANTIAL CHANGE UNDER CFR § 1.61000 (B)(7).	iter		
GN-2 GENERAL NOTES GN-3 GENERAL NOTES	CHANGE UNDER CFR § 1.61000 (B)(7).			
GN-3 GENERAL NOTES GN-4 GENERAL NOTES	11"x17" PLOT WILL BE HALF SCALE UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED	\bigcirc		
	CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY ALL PLANS, EXISTING DIMENSIONS, AND CONDITIONS ON THE JOB SITE, AND SHALL IMMEDIATELY NOTIFY THE ENGINEER IN WRITING OF ANY DISCREPANCIES BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH THE WORK.			
		NO SCALE		_

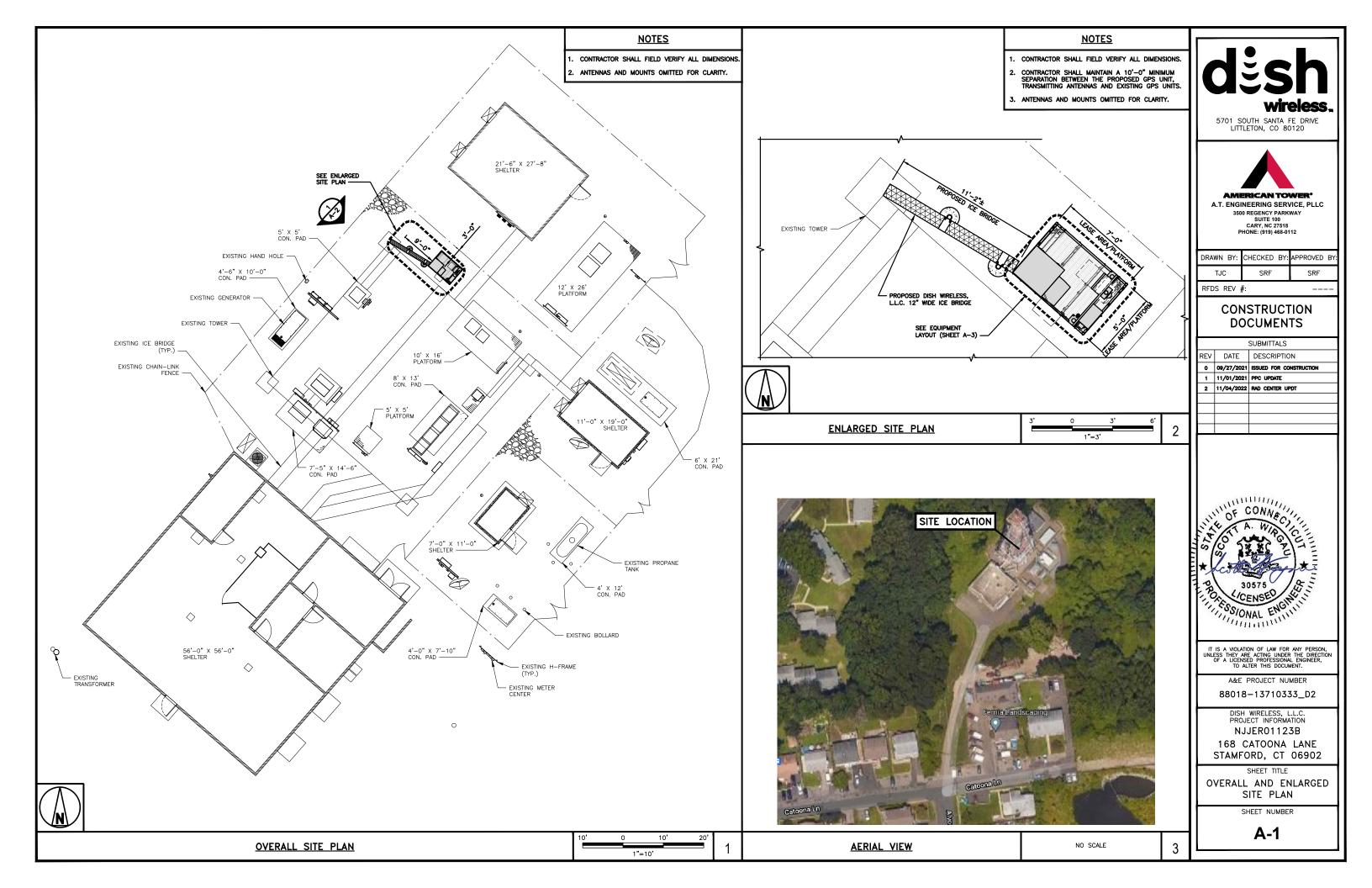
PPLICANT:	5701 S	RELESS, L.L.C. DUTH SANTA FE DRIVE N, CO 80120
OWER OWNER:	10 PRES	N TOWER SIDENTIAL WAY I, MA 01801
NGINEER:	3500 R	VER SERVICES, LLC EGENCY PARKWAY SUITE 100 IC 27518
ITE ACQUISITION:		WILLIAM SNIDER WILLIAM.SNIDER@DISH.COM
ONSTRUCTION M	ANAGER:	VICTOR CORREA VICTOR.CORREA®DISH.COM
F ENGINEER:	MUF	Murugabiran Jayapal Rugabiran.Jayapal@dish.com

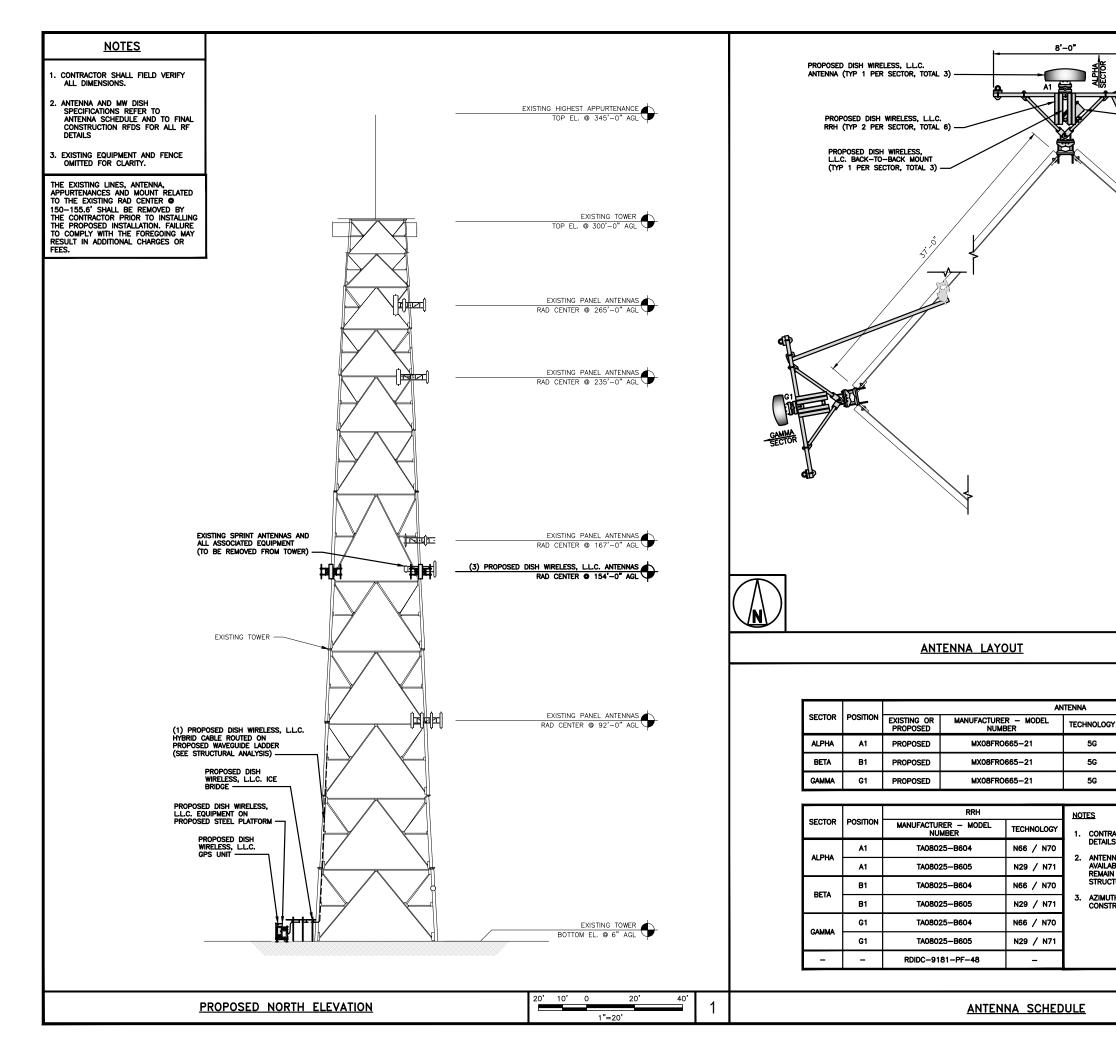
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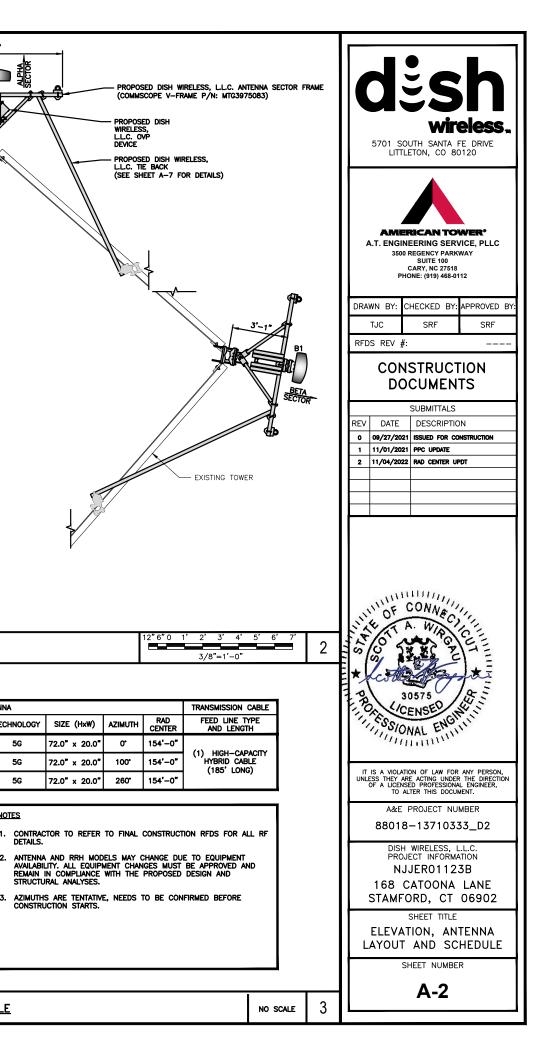
TO WEST AVE. TURN LEFT AT FIRST LIGHT ONTO W. TO END.







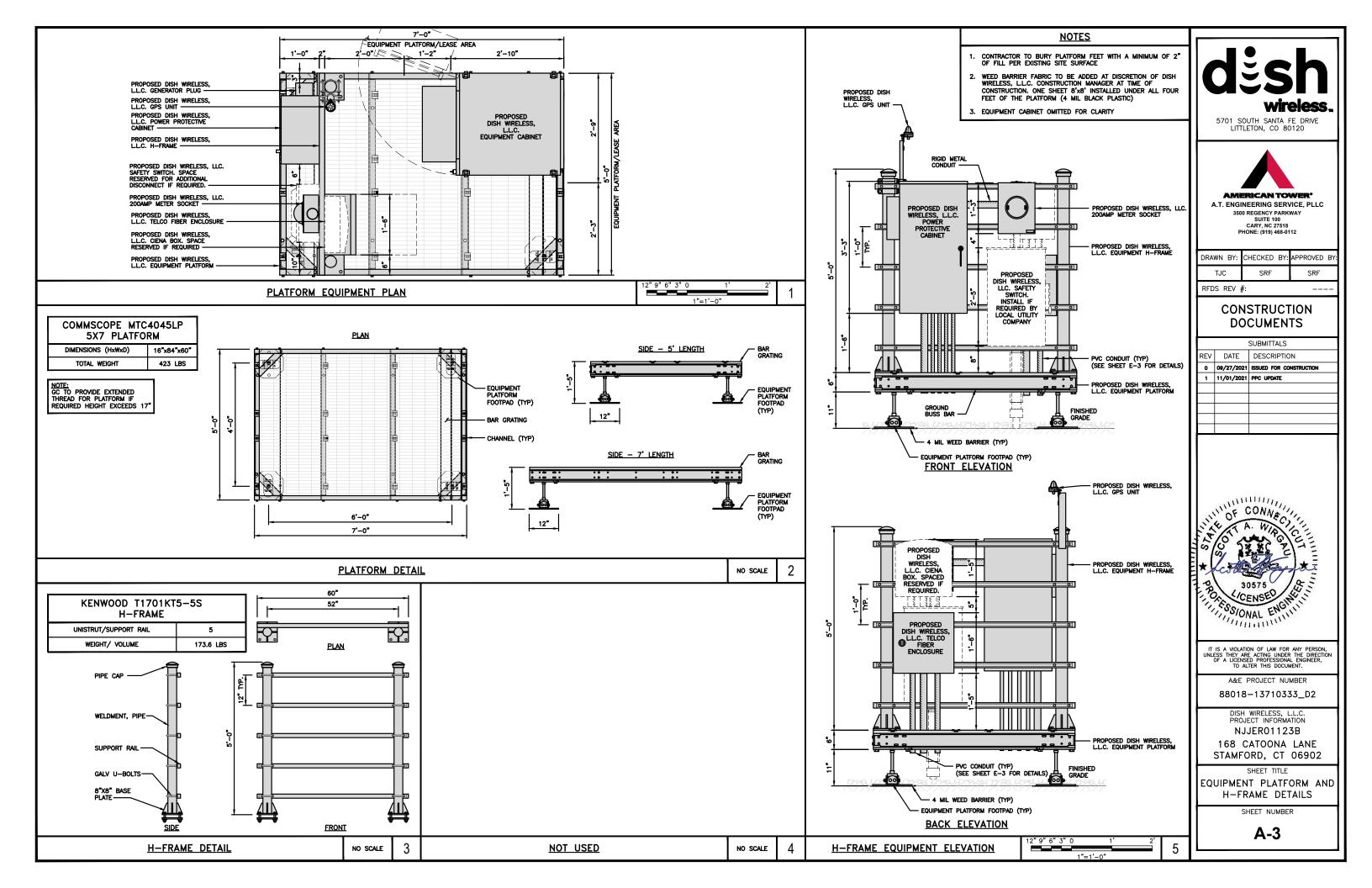


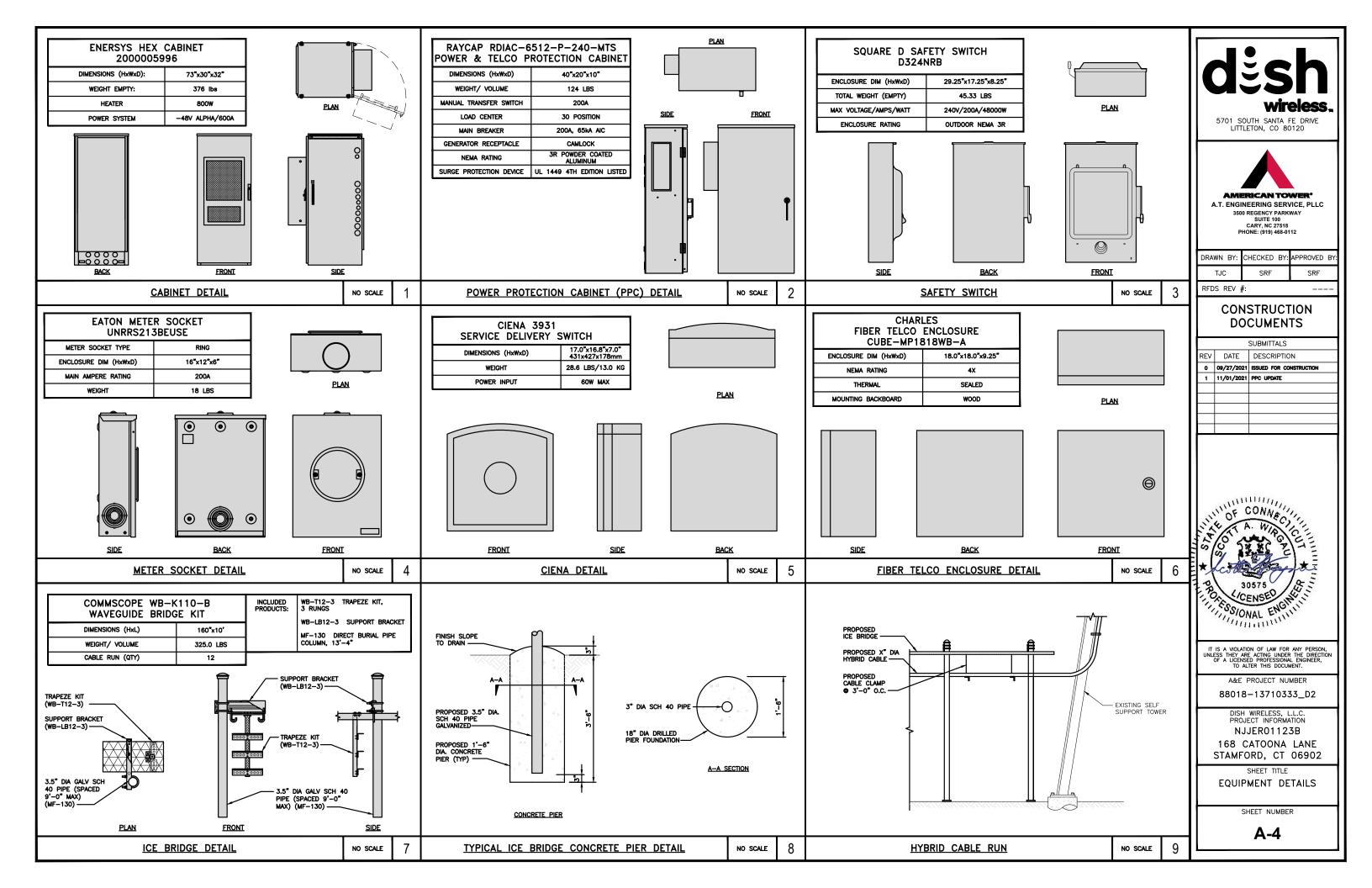


72.0" x 20.0"

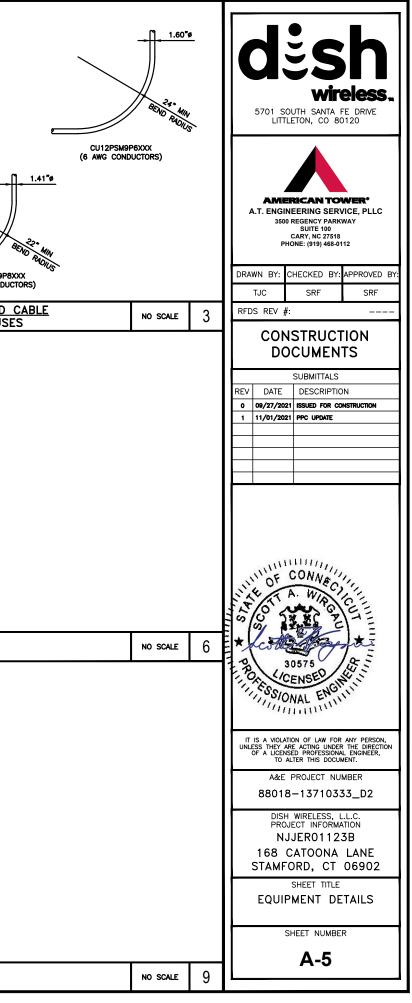
72.0" x 20.0"

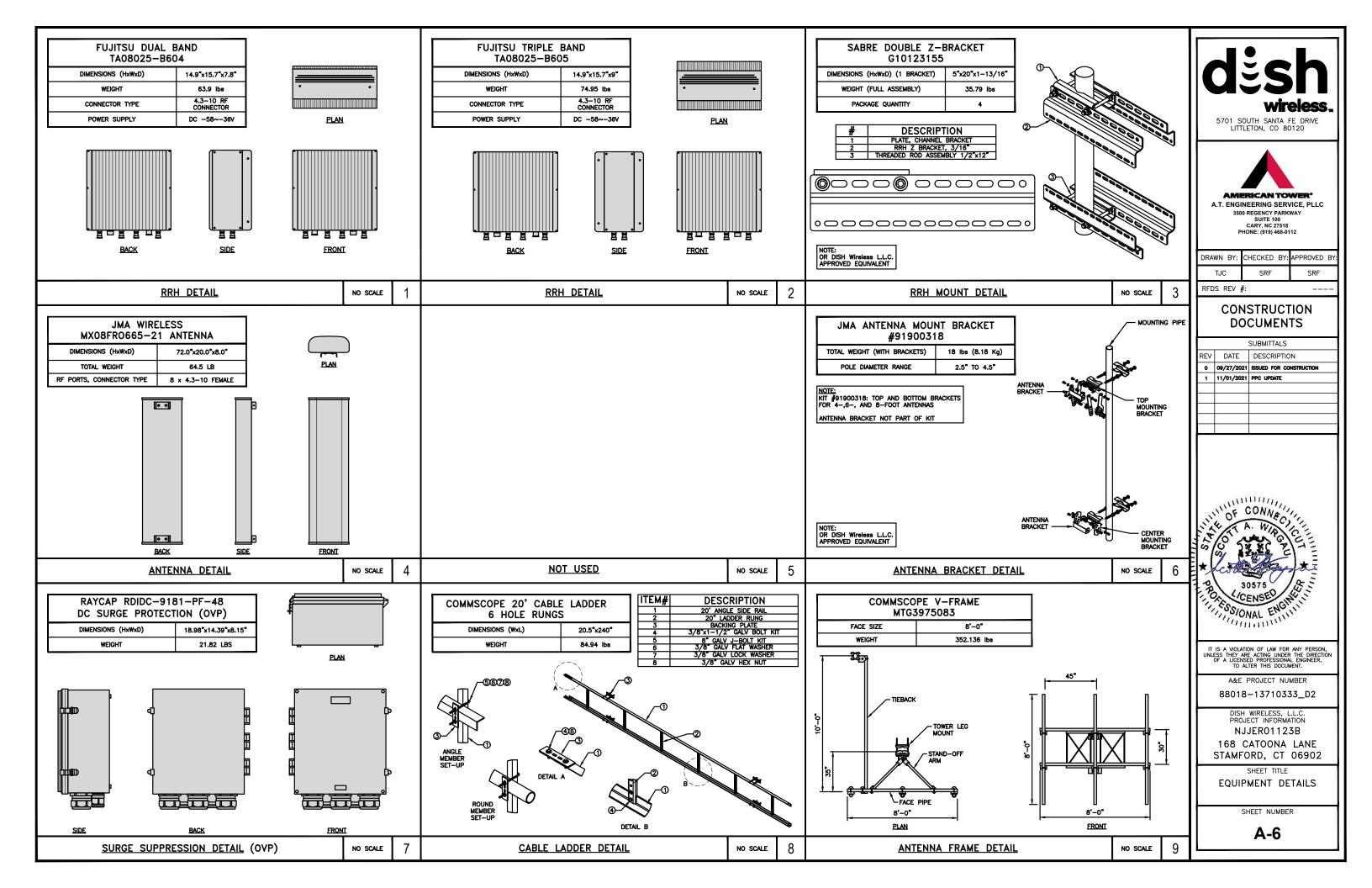
72.0" x 20.0"



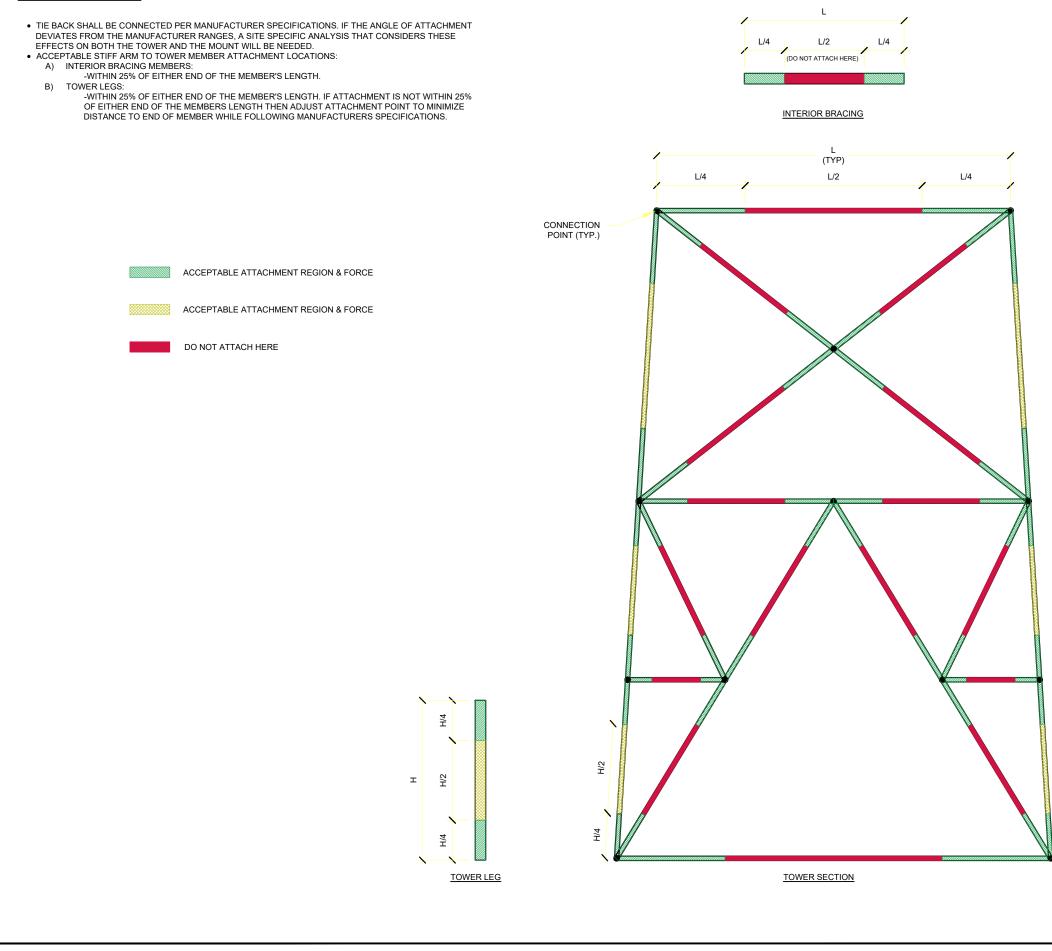


PCTEL GPSGL-TMG-SPI-40NCB DIMENSIONS (DIAxH) MM/INCH 81x184mm 3.2"x7.25" WEIGHT W/ACCESSORIES 075 lbs CONNECTOR N-FEMALE FREQUENCY RANGE 1590 ± 30MHz			MINIMUM OF 75% OR 270° IN ANY DIRECTION GPS GPS UNIT GPS			CU12PSM8P4XXX (4 AWG CONDUCTORS)
<u>GPS_DETAIL</u>	NO SCALE	1	GPS MINIMUM SKY VIEW REQUIREMENTS	NO SCALE	2	CABLES UNLIMITED HYBRID MINIMUM BEND RADIUSE
NOT USED	NO SCALE	4	NOT_USED	NO SCALE	5	NOT USED
				•		
NOT USED	NO SCALE	7	NOT USED	NO SCALE	8	NOT USED
		-		I	Ĺ	

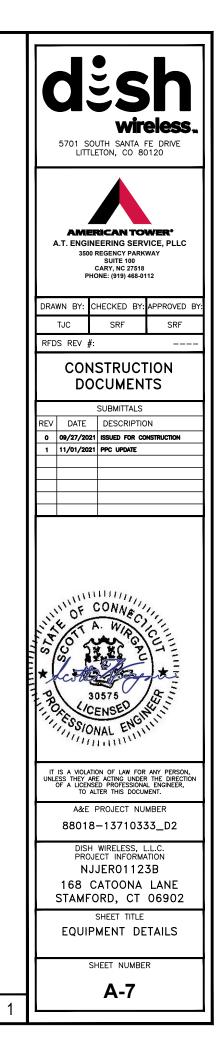




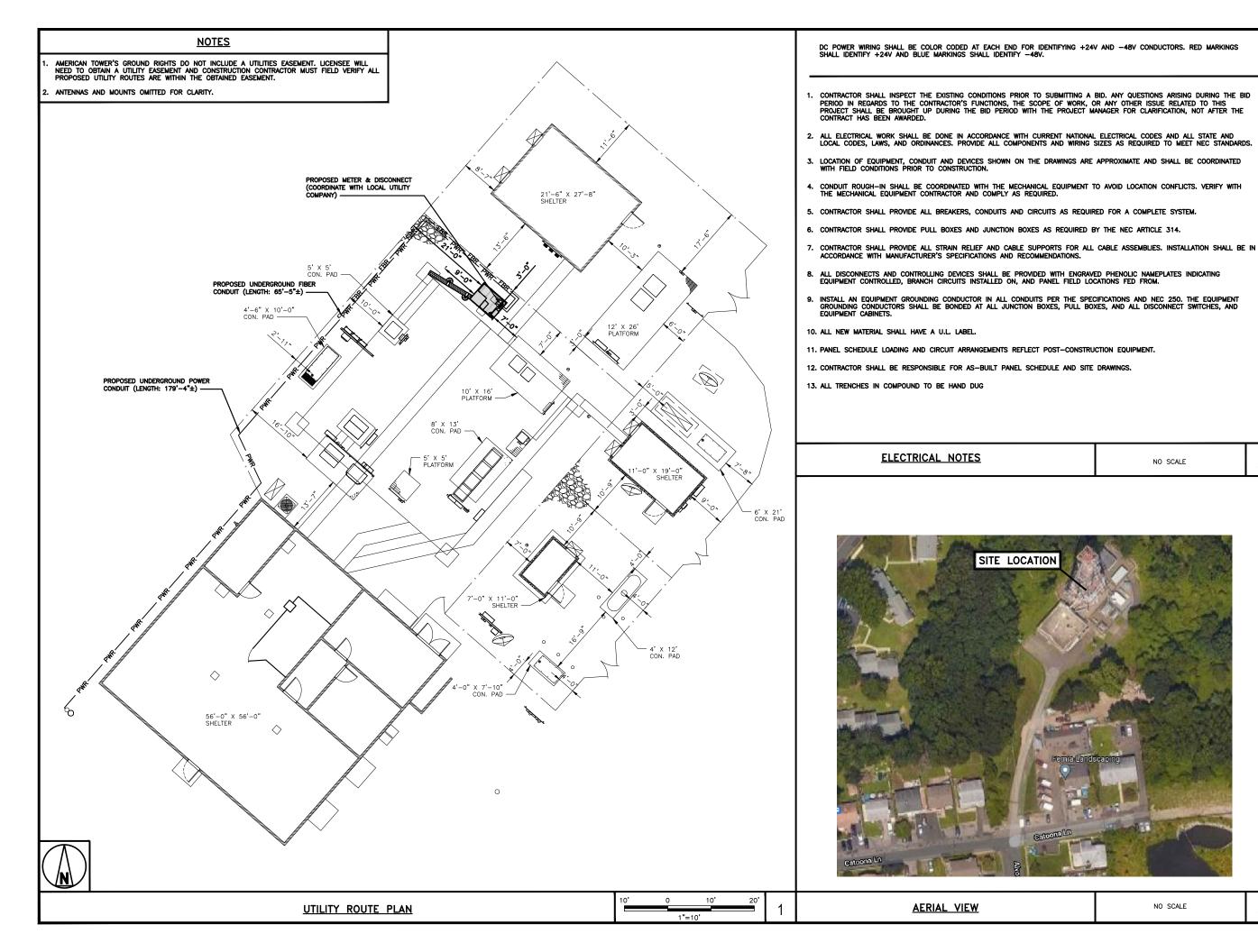
STIFF ARM LOCATION NOTES:

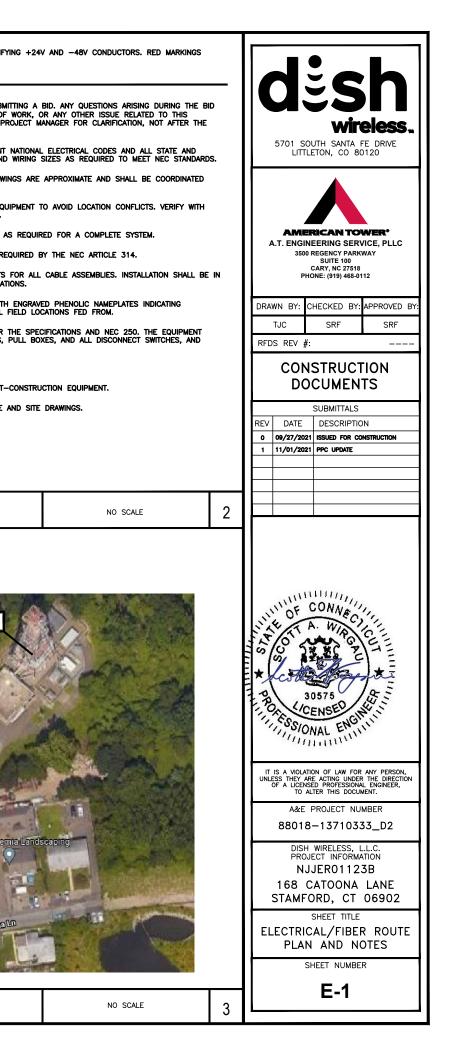


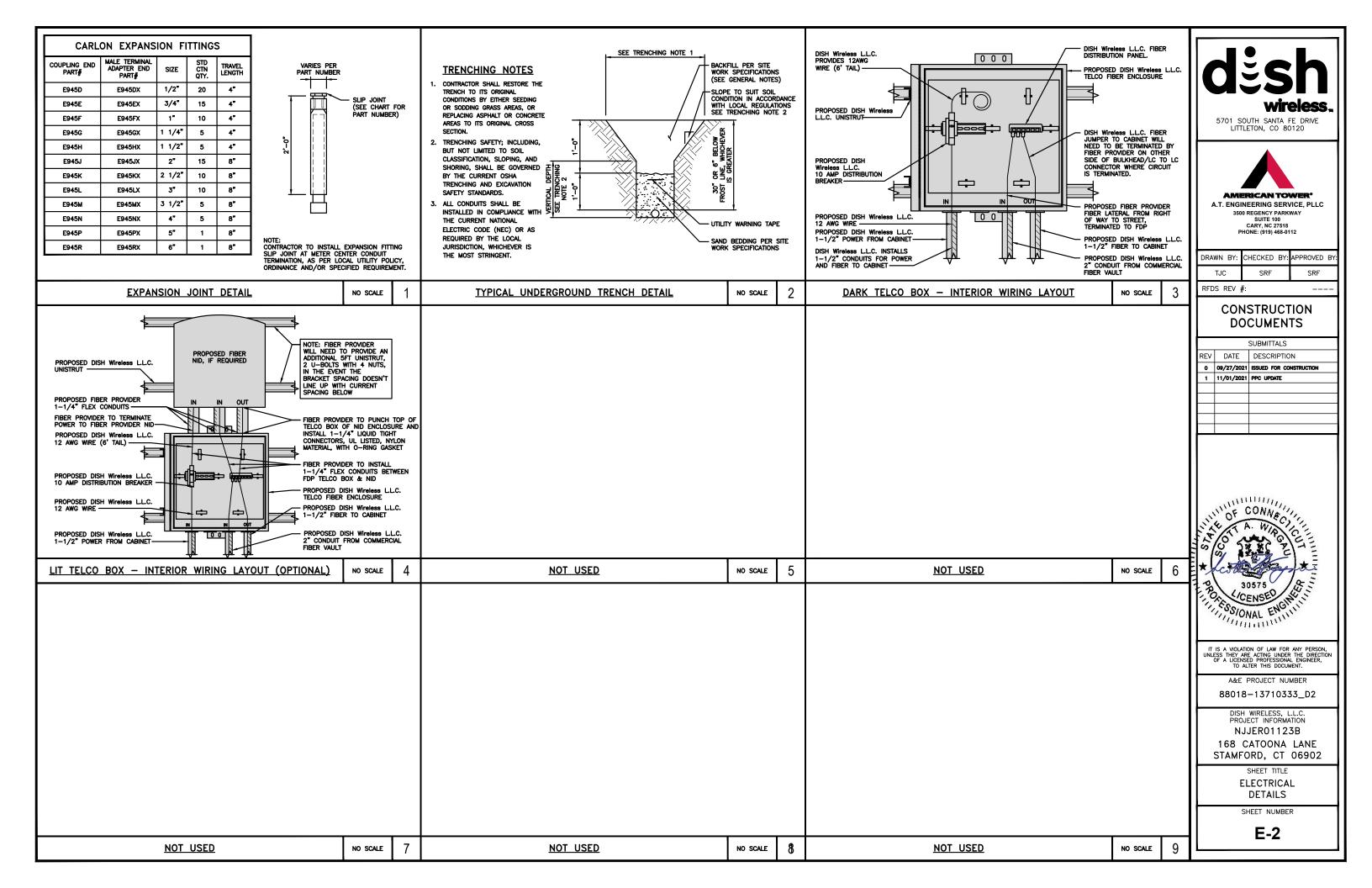
H-FRAME EQUIPMENT ELEVATION

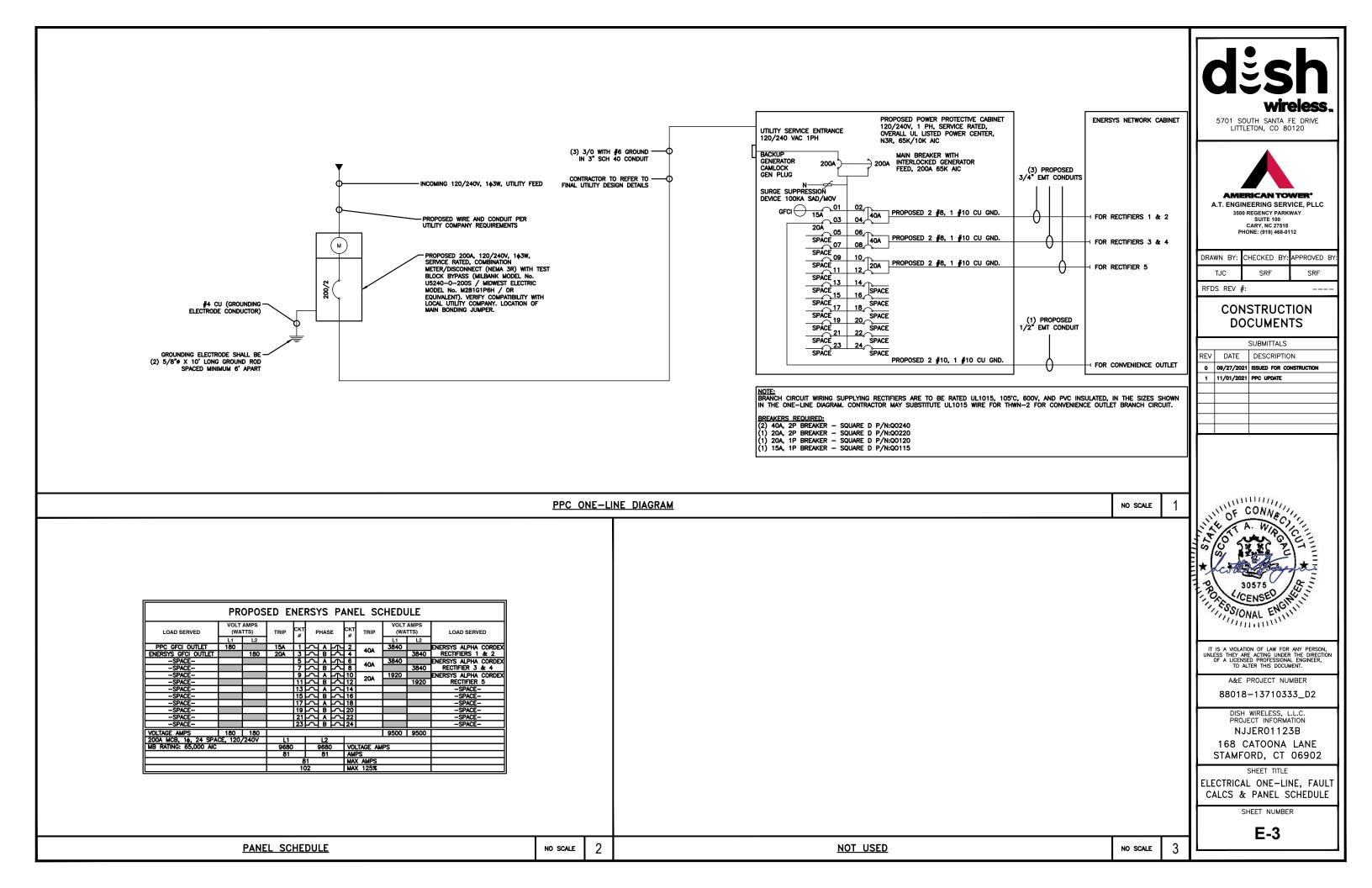


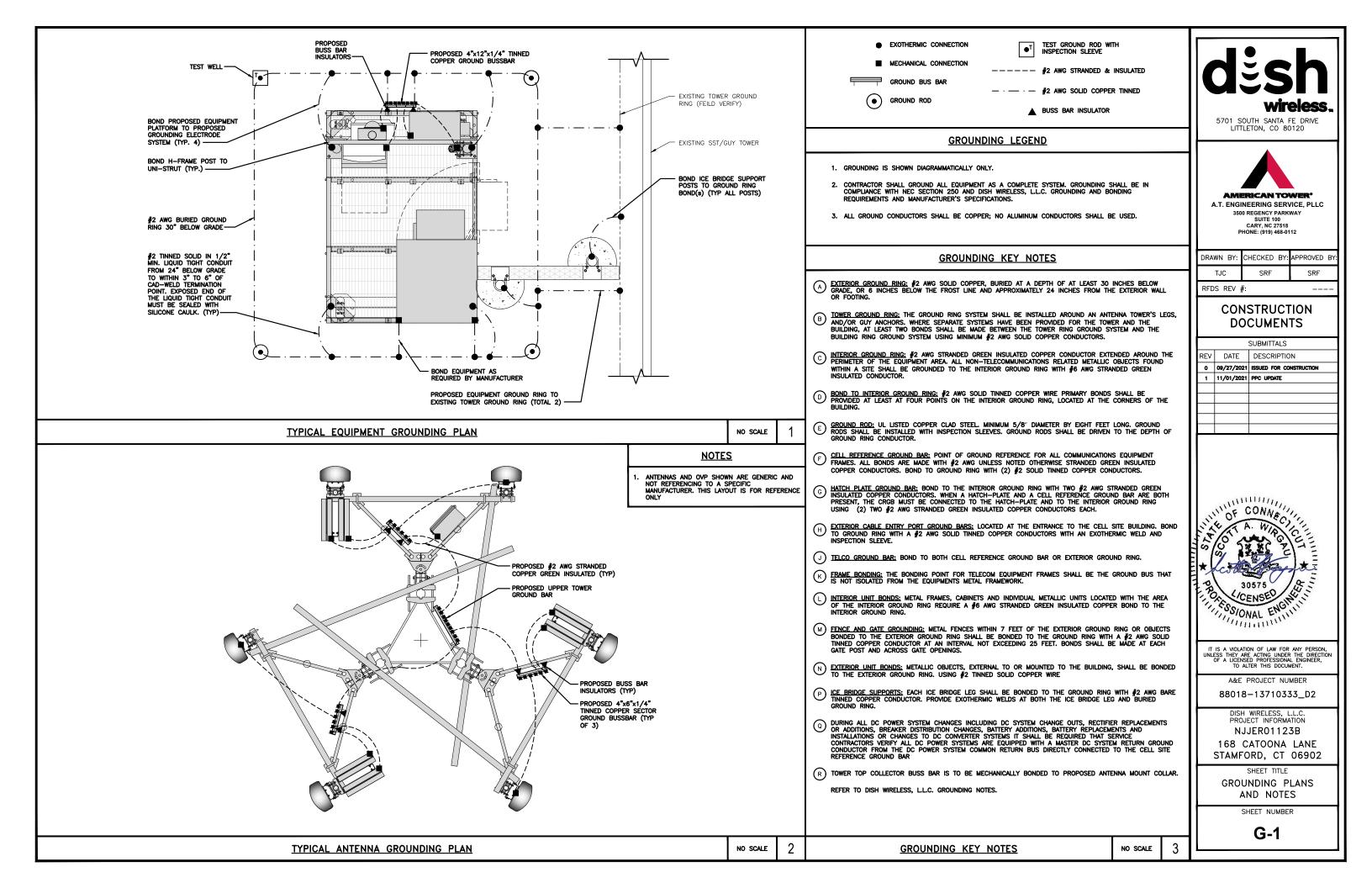
NO SCALE

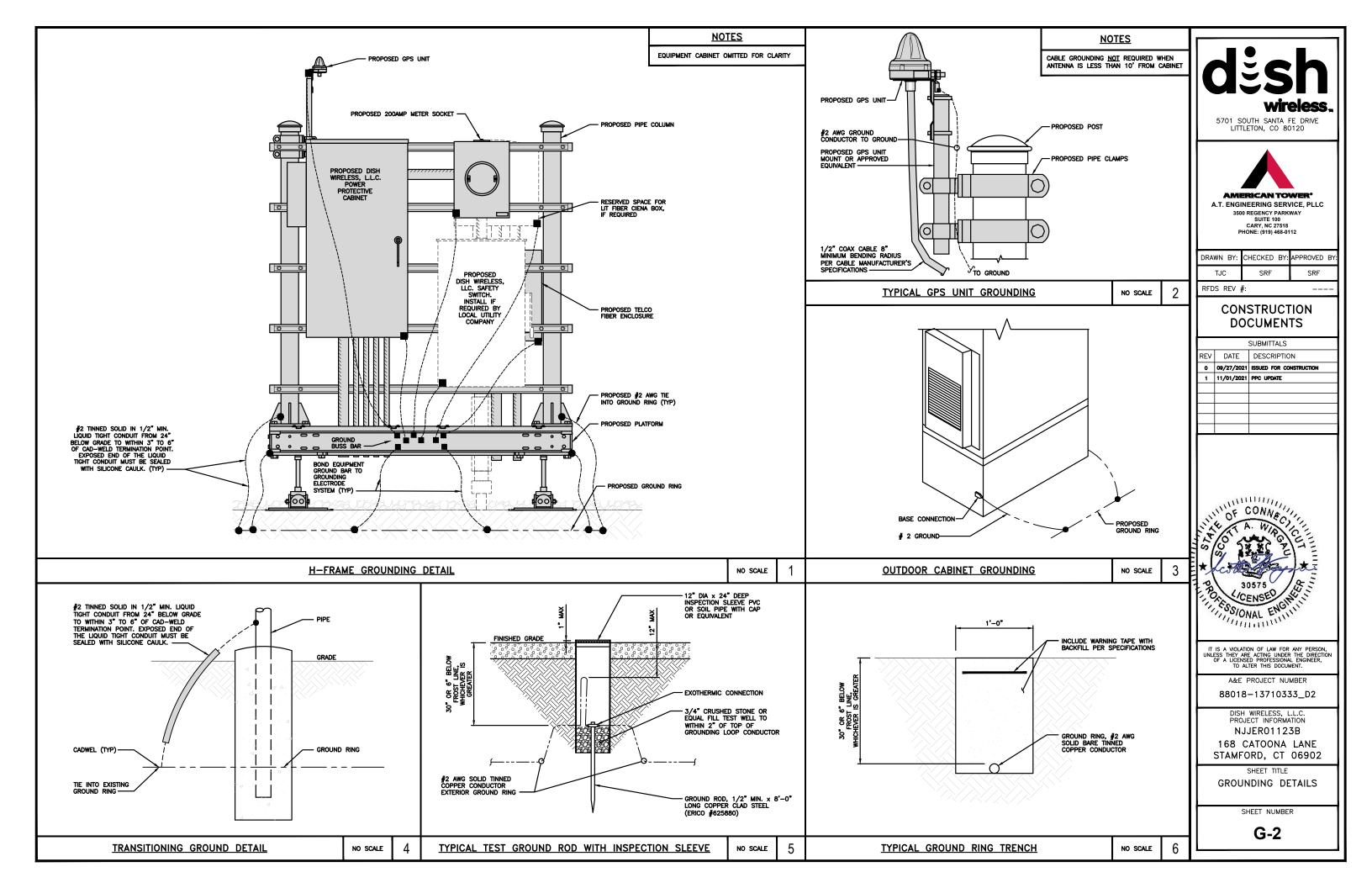




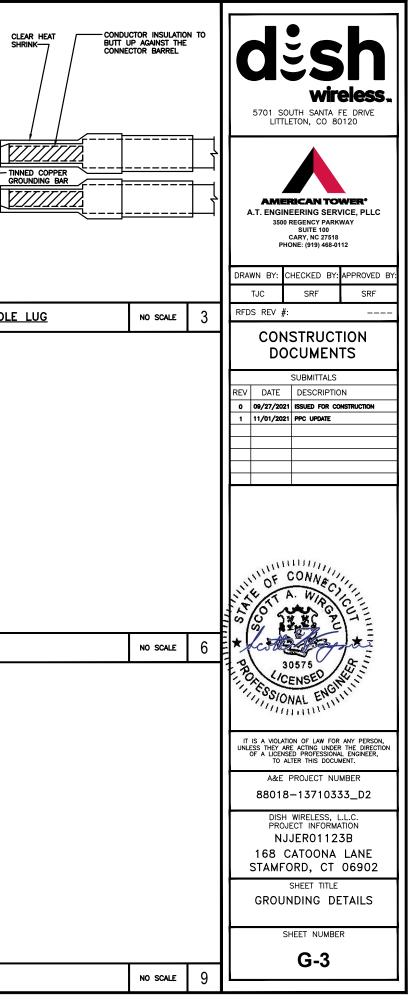




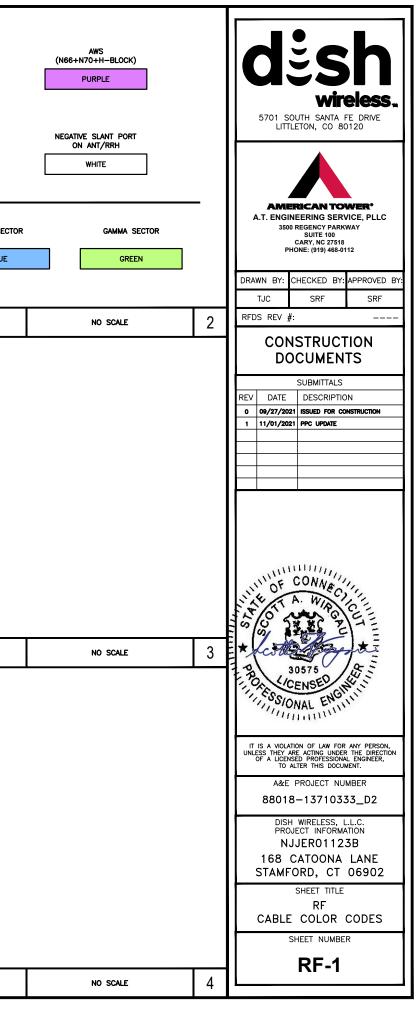




 EXOTHERMIC WELD (2) TWO, #2 AWG BARE TINNED SOLID COPPER CONDUCTORS TO GF BAR. ROUTE CONDUCTORS TO BURIED GROUND RING AND PROVIDE PARALLEL EXOTHERN WELD. ALL EXTERIOR GROUNDING HARDWARE SHALL BE STAINLESS STEEL 3/8" DIAMETER OR ALL HARDWARE 18-8 STAINLESS STEEL INCLUDING LOCK WASHERS, COAT ALL SURFACE AN ANTI-OXIDANT COMPOUND BEFORE MATING. FOR GROUND BOND TO STEEL ONLY: COAT ALL SURFACES WITH AN ANTI-OXIDANT COM BEFORE MATING. DO NOT INSTALL CABLE GROUNDING KIT AT A BEND AND ALWAYS DIRECT GROUND CON DOWN TO GROUNDING BUS. NUT & WASHER SHALL BE PLACED ON THE FRONT SIDE OF THE GROUND BAR AND BC THE BACK SIDE. ALL GROUNDING PARTS AND EQUIPMENT TO BE SUPPLIED AND INSTALLED BY CONTRACT THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR INSTALLING ADDITIONAL GROUND BAR AN REQUIRED. ENSURE THE WIRE INSULATION TERMINATION IS WITHIN 1/8" OF THE BARREL (NO SHIN) 	Larger. ES WITH IPOUND IDUCTOR DULTED ON TTOR. S	TOOTHED EXTERIOR TWO-HOLE SHRINK UV BUTT 3/8" DIA x1 1/2" S/S NUT S/S LOCK WASHER S/S FLAT WASHER TINNED COPPER	UCTOR INSULATION TO UP AGAINST THE ECTOR BARREL	D EXTERNAL TOOTHED J/16" MINIMUM SPACING INSPECTION WINDOW IN BARREL, REQUIRED FOR ALL INTERIOR TWO-HOLE CONNECTORS ALL INTERIOR TWO-HOLE CONNECTORS S/S FLAT WASHER 1/16" MINIMUM SPACING
TYPICAL GROUNDING NOTES	no scale 1	TYPICAL EXTERIOR TWO HOLE LUG	NO SCALE	2 <u>TYPICAL INTERIOR TWO HOL</u>
	WASHER (TYP) JASHER (TYP) JASHER (TYP)			
LUG DETAIL	NO SCALE 4	NOT USED	NO SCALE	5 <u>NOT USED</u>
NOT USED	no scale 7	<u>NOT_USED</u>	NO SCALE	8 <u>NOT USED</u>
		•		-



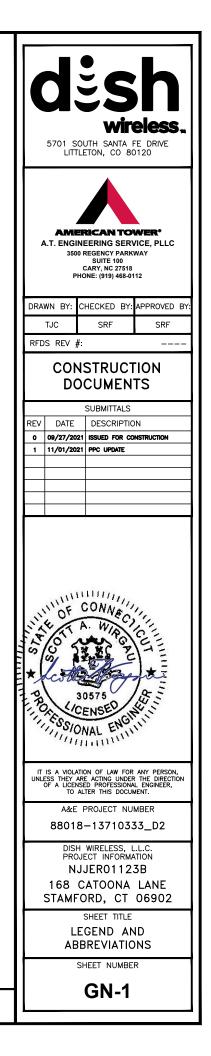
	RF JUMPER COLOR CODING		3/4" TAPE WIDTHS WITH 3/4" SPACI	NG			
	LOW-BAND RRH – (600MHz N71 BASEBAND) + (850MHz N26 BAND) + (700MHz N29 BAND) – OPTIONAL PER MARKET	PORT 1 PORT 2 PORT 3 P + SLANT - SLANT + SLANT -	ORT 4 SLANT + SLANT - SLANT + SLANT -	SLANT + SLANT -	ORT 2 PORT 3 PORT 4 SLANT + SLANT - SLANT		OPTIONAL – (N29)
	ADD FREQUENCY COLOR TO SECTOR BAND (CBRS WILL USE YELLOW BANDS)	WHITE (-) PORT ORANGE O	RANGE (-) PORT ORANGE O	RANGE (-	WHITE) PORT ORANGE ORANGE WHITE		(3 GHz)
	MID-BAND RRH – (AWS BANDS N66+N70)						
	ADD FREQUENCY COLOR TO SECTOR BAND (CBRS WILL USE YELLOW BANDS)	(-) PORT PURPLE P	(-) PORT PORPLE P	(-	-) PORT PORPLE PORPLE		COLOR IDENTIFIER
	HYBRID/DISCREET CABLES	EXAMPLE 1 EXAMPLE 2	EXAMPLE 3				
	INCLUDE SECTOR BANDS BEING SUPPORTED ALONG WITH FREQUENCY BANDS	BLUE BLUE					
	EXAMPLE 1 – HYBRID, OR DISCREET, SUPPORTS ALL SECTORS, BOTH LOW-BANDS AND MID-BANDS						
INCOME AND REVER LANCE SECTOR RED RED RED RED RED RED RED RE	EXAMPLE 2 – HYBRID, OR DISCREET, SUPPORTS CBRS ONLY, ALL SECTORS						
SINCE ONLY RD	FIBER JUMPERS TO RRHs	LOW BAND RRH HIGH BAND RRH	LOW BAND RRH HIGH BAND RRH	LOW BAND RRH	HIGH BAND RRH		
NUME NOT UNIT NOT USE NOT USE NOT USE RED PURPLE PURPLE PURPLE PURPLE PURPLE PURPLE PURPLE RET MOTORS AT ANTENNA 1 ANTENNA 1 ANTENNA 1 ANTENNA 1 ANTENNA 1 PURPLE PURPLE PURPLE RET MOTORS AT ANTENNA 1 ANTENNA 1 ANTENNA 1 ANTENNA 1 ANTENNA 1 PURPLE PURPLE PURPLE RED PURPLE PURPLE PURPLE PURPLE PURPLE PURPLE PURPLE NOT USE PURPLE PURPLE PURPLE PURPLE PURPLE NOT PURPLE PURPLE PURPLE PURPLE PURPLE NOT PURPLE PURPLE PURPLE PURPLE NOT <td< th=""><th>LOW-BAND RRH FIBER CABLES HAVE SECTOR STRIPE ONLY</th><th></th><th></th><th>GREEN</th><th></th><th></th><th></th></td<>	LOW-BAND RRH FIBER CABLES HAVE SECTOR STRIPE ONLY			GREEN			
STRIFE ONLY STRIFE ONLY RED	POWER CABLES TO RRHs	LOW BAND RRH HIGH BAND RRH	LOW BAND RRH HIGH BAND RRH	LOW BAND RRH	HIGH BAND RRH		
RET MOTORS AT ANTENNA 1 LOW BAND/ NGH BAND/ RET MOTORS AT ANTENNA 1 ANTENNA 1 ANTENNA 1 ANTENNA 1 ANTENNA 1 ANTENNA 1 LOW BAND/ NGH BAND/ RED RED RED BLUE BLUE BLUE GREEN GREEN MICROWAYE RADIO LINKS FORWARD AZIMUTH OF 0-120 DEGREES FORWARD AZIMUTH OF 120-240 DEGREES FORWARD AZIMUTH OF 240-360 DEGREES FORWARD AZIMUTH OF 0-120 DEGREES FORWARD AZIMUTH OF 120-240 DEGREES FORWARD AZIMUTH OF 240-360 DEGREES MICROWAYE CALLS OF OVERLAPPING IN THE MODEL HATTE WHITE WHITE WHITE WHITE WHITE WHITE BLUE BLUE BLUE BLUE BLUE BLUE BLUE BLU	LOW-BAND RRH POWER CABLES HAVE SECTOR STRIPE ONLY	RED RED	BLUE BLUE	GREEN	GREEN		
LOW BAND/ HIGH BAND/ LOW BAND/ HIGH BAND/ LOW BAND/ HIGH BAND/ LOW BAND/ HIGH BAND/ HIGH BAND/ RED RED RED BLUE BLUE BLUE BLUE BLUE BLUE BLUE BLUE		PURPLE	PURPLE		PURPLE		<u>NOT USED</u>
MICROWAVE RADIO LINKS FORWARD AZIMUTH OF 0-120 DEGREES FORWARD AZIMUTH OF 120-240 DEGREES FORWARD AZIMUTH OF 240-360 DEGREES LINKS WILL HAVE A 1.5-2 INCH WHITE WRAP WITH EAZIMUTH COLOR OVERLAPPING IN THE MIDDLE. ADD ADDITIONAL SECTOR COLOR BANDS FOR EACH DADDITIONAL WR RADIO. PRIMARY SECONDARY PRIMARY SECONDARY WHITE WHITE WHITE WHITE WHITE WHITE WHITE WHITE WHITE MICROWAVE CABLES WILL REQUIRE P-TOUCH LABELS INSIDE THE CABINET TO IDENTIFY THE RED BLUE WHITE WHITE WHITE WHITE WHITE WHITE WHITE WHITE WHITE WHITE GREEN LOCAL AND REMOTE SITE ID'S WHITE WHITE WHITE WHITE WHITE WHITE	RET MOTORS AT ANTENNAS	LOW BAND/ HIGH BAND/	LOW BAND/ HIGH BAND/	LOW BAND/	HIGH BAND/		
LINKS WILL HAVE A 1.5-2 INCH WHITE WRAP WITH THE AZIMUTH COLOR OVERLAPPING IN THE MIDDLE. ADD ADDITIONAL SECTOR COLOR BANDS FOR EACH ADDITIONAL SECTOR COLOR BANDS FOR EACH WHITE WHITE WHITE WHITE WHITE WHITE WHITE WHITE WHITE INCOME ADDITIONAL SECTOR COLOR BANDS FOR EACH WHITE WHITE WHITE WHITE WHITE WHITE INCOME MICROWAVE CABLES WILL REQUIRE P-TOUCH LABELS INSIDE THE CABINET TO IDENTIFY THE WHITE WHITE WHITE WHITE INCOME LOCAL AND REMOTE SITE ID'S IN COMPANY ADDITIONAL SECTOR COLOR BANDS FOR EACH WHITE WHITE WHITE WHITE WHITE INCOME WHITE INCOME RED BLUE BLUE GREEN WHITE INCOME BLUE BLUE GREEN WHITE INCOME BLUE BLUE INCOME BLUE I				GREEN			
THE AZIMUTH COLOR OVERLAPPING IN THE MIDDLE. ADD ADDITIONAL SECTOR COLOR BANDS FOR EACH ADDITIONAL WW RADIO. WHITE WHITE WHITE WHITE WHITE MICROWAVE CABLES WILL REQUIRE P-TOUCH LABELS INSIDE THE CABINET TO IDENTIFY THE UCCAL AND REMOTE SITE ID'S RED BLUE BLUE GREEN BLUE WHITE WHITE WHITE WHITE GREEN	MICROWAVE RADIO LINKS	ORWARD AZIMUTH OF 0-120 DEGREES	FORWARD AZIMUTH OF 120-240 DEGREES	FORWARD AZIMUTH OF	240-360 DEGREES		
NICROWAVE CABLES WILL REQUIRE P-TOUCH LABELS INSIDE THE CABINET TO IDENTIFY THE RED RED BLUE BLUE GREEN LABELS INSIDE THE CABINET TO IDENTIFY THE WHTE WHTE WHTE WHTE WHTE LOCAL AND REMOTE SITE ID'S RED Image: Comparison of the cabinet comparison of the cabi	LINKS WILL HAVE A 1.5-2 INCH WHITE WRAP WITH THE AZIMUTH COLOR OVERLAPPING IN THE MIDDLE. ADD ADDITIONAL SECTOR COLOR BANDS FOR EACH ADDITIONAL MW RADIO.						
	MICROWAVE CABLES WILL REQUIRE P-TOUCH LABELS INSIDE THE CABINET TO IDENTIFY THE LOCAL AND REMOTE SITE ID'S	RED RED WHITE WHITE RED RED	BLUE BLUE WHITE WHITE BLUE	GREEN	GREEN WHITE GREEN		
						l 	



EXOTHERMIC CONNECTION	•	AB	ANCHOR BOLT ABOVE
MECHANICAL CONNECTION	•	ABV AC	ABOVE ALTERNATING CURRENT
BUSS BAR INSULATOR		ADDL	ADDITIONAL
CHEMICAL ELECTROLYTIC GROUNDING SYSTEM	•	AFF AFG	ABOVE FINISHED FLOOR ABOVE FINISHED GRADE
TEST CHEMICAL ELECTROLYTIC GROUNDING SYST	TEM OT	AGL	ABOVE GROUND LEVEL
EXOTHERMIC WITH INSPECTION SLEEVE	•	AIC	AMPERAGE INTERRUPTION CAPACITY
GROUNDING BAR		ALUM ALT	ALUMINUM ALTERNATE
		ANT	ANTENNA
GROUND ROD	'I ⊢	APPROX	APPROXIMATE ARCHITECTURAL
TEST GROUND ROD WITH INSPECTION SLEEVE	ı ∎ ⊤	ARCH ATS	AUTOMATIC TRANSFER SWITCH
SINGLE POLE SWITCH	\$	AWG	AMERICAN WIRE GAUGE
	Å	BATT BLDG	BATTERY BUILDING
DUPLEX RECEPTACLE	$\bigcup_{i=1}^{n}$	BLK	BLOCK
	(FC)	BLKG	BLOCKING
DUPLEX GFCI RECEPTACLE	·····	BM BTC	BEAM BARE TINNED COPPER CONDUCTOR
FLUORESCENT LIGHTING FIXTURE		BOF	BOTTOM OF FOOTING
(2) TWO LAMPS 48-T8	Lj	CAB	CABINET
	(SD)	CANT	CANTILEVERED
SMOKE DETECTION (DC)		CHG CLG	CHARGING CEILING
EMERGENCY LIGHTING (DC)		CLR	CLEAR
		COL	COLUMN
SECURITY LIGHT W/PHOTOCELL LITHONIA ALXW LED-1-25A400/51K-SR4-120-PE-DDBTXD		COMM	COMMON CONCRETE
CHAIN LINK FENCE	x x x	CONSTR	CONSTRUCTION
WOOD/WROUGHT IRON FENCE	-00000	DBL	DOUBLE
·		DC DEPT	DIRECT CURRENT DEPARTMENT
WALL STRUCTURE		DF	DOUGLAS FIR
LEASE AREA		DIA	DIAMETER
PROPERTY LINE (PL)		DIAG DIM	DIAGONAL DIMENSION
SETBACKS		DWG	DRAWING
ICE BRIDGE		DWL	DOWEL
CABLE TRAY		EA EC	EACH ELECTRICAL CONDUCTOR
WATER LINE	w w w w w	EL.	ELEVATION
UNDERGROUND POWER	UGP UGP UGP UGP	ELEC	ELECTRICAL
UNDERGROUND TELCO	UGT UGT UGT	EMT ENG	ELECTRICAL METALLIC TUBING ENGINEER
OVERHEAD POWER		EQ	EQUAL
		EXP	EXPANSION
OVERHEAD TELCO	онт ——— онт ——— онт ——— онт ———	EXT EW	EXTERIOR EACH WAY
UNDERGROUND TELCO/POWER	UGT/P UGT/P UGT/P	FAB	FABRICATION
ABOVE GROUND POWER	AGP AGP AGP AGP	FF	FINISH FLOOR
ABOVE GROUND TELCO	AGT AGT AGT AGT	FG FIF	FINISH GRADE FACILITY INTERFACE FRAME
ABOVE GROUND TELCO/POWER	AGT/P AGT/P AGT/P	FIN	FINISH(ED)
WORKPOINT	W.P.	FLR	FLOOR
		FDN	
SECTION REFERENCE	$\left(\begin{array}{c} xx \\ x-x \end{array} \right)$	FOC FOM	FACE OF CONCRETE FACE OF MASONRY
	\smile	FOS	FACE OF STUD
DETAIL REFERENCE	x-x	FOW	FACE OF WALL
		FS FT	FINISH SURFACE FOOT
		FTG	FOOTING
		GA	GAUGE
		GEN GFCI	GENERATOR GROUND FAULT CIRCUIT INTERRUPTER
		GLB	GLUE LAMINATED BEAM
		GLV	GALVANIZED
		GPS	GLOBAL POSITIONING SYSTEM GROUND
		GND GSM	GROUND GLOBAL SYSTEM FOR MOBILE
		HDG	HOT DIPPED GALVANIZED
		HDR	HEADER
		HGR HVAC	HANGER HEAT/VENTILATION/AIR CONDITIONING
		нт	HEIGHT
		IGR	INTERIOR GROUND RING
	LEGEND		

IN	INCH
INT	INTERIOR
	POUND(S)
	LINEAR FEET
	LONG TERM EVOLUTION
MAS	MASONRY
MAX	MAXIMUM
MB	MACHINE BOLT
MECH	MECHANICAL
	MANUFACTURER
	MASTER GROUND BAR
MISC MTL	MISCELLANEOUS METAL
	METAL MANUAL TRANSFER SWITCH
	MICROWAVE
	NATIONAL ELECTRIC CODE
NM	NEWTON METERS
NO.	NUMBER
#	NUMBER
NTS	NOT TO SCALE
OC	ON-CENTER
	OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH ADMINISTRATION
	OPENING
P/C	PRECAST CONCRETE
	PERSONAL COMMUNICATION SERVICES
	PRIMARY CONTROL UNIT
	PRIMARY RADIO CABINET
PP PSF	POLARIZING PRESERVING POUNDS PER SQUARE FOOT
	POUNDS PER SQUARE FOOT
	PRESSURE TREATED
	POWER CABINET
QTY	QUANTITY
	RADIUS
RECT	RECTIFIER
REF	REFERENCE
	REINFORCEMENT
	REQUIRED REMOTE ELECTRIC TILT
	RADIO FREQUENCY
	RIGID METALLIC CONDUIT
	REMOTE RADIO HEAD
RRU	REMOTE RADIO UNIT
RWY	RACEWAY
SCH	SCHEDULE
SHT	SHEET
SIAD SIM	SMART INTEGRATED ACCESS DEVICE SIMILAR
	SPECIFICATION
SQ	SQUARE
SS	STAINLESS STEEL
STD	STANDARD
STL	STEEL
TEMP	TEMPORARY
тнк	THICKNESS
TMA	TOWER MOUNTED AMPLIFIER
TN	TOE NAIL TOP OF ANTENNA
TOA TOC	TOP OF ANIENNA TOP OF CURB
TOF	TOP OF CORB
TOP	TOP OF PLATE (PARAPET)
TOS	TOP OF STEEL
TOW	TOP OF WALL
TVSS	TRANSIENT VOLTAGE SURGE SUPPRESSION
TYP	TYPICAL
UG	UNDERGROUND
UL	UNDERWRITERS LABORATORY
UNO	
UMTS	UNIVERSAL MOBILE TELECOMMUNICATIONS SYSTEM
UPS VIF	UNITERRUPTIBLE POWER SYSTEM (DC POWER PLANT) VERIFIED IN FIELD
W	WIDE
w/	WITH
WD	WOOD
WP	WEATHERPROOF
WT	WEIGHT

ABBREVIATIONS



SITE ACTIVITY REQUIREMENTS:

NOTICE TO PROCEED - NO WORK SHALL COMMENCE PRIOR TO CONTRACTOR RECEIVING A WRITTEN NOTICE TO PROCEED (NTP) AND THE ISSUANCE OF A PURCHASE ORDER. PRIOR TO ACCESSING/ENTERING THE SITE YOU MUST CONTACT THE DISH WIRELESS, L.L.C. AND TOWER OWNER NOC & THE DISH WIRELESS, L.L.C. AND TOWER OWNER CONSTRUCTION MANAGER.

2 "LOOK UP" - DISH WIRELESS, L.L.C. AND TOWER OWNER SAFETY CLIMB REQUIREMENT:

THE INTEGRITY OF THE SAFETY CLIMB AND ALL COMPONENTS OF THE CLIMBING FACILITY SHALL BE CONSIDERED DURING ALL STAGES OF DESIGN, INSTALLATION, AND INSPECTION. TOWER MODIFICATION, MOUNT REINFORCEMENTS, AND/OR EQUIPMENT INSTALLATIONS SHALL NOT COMPROMISE THE INTEGRITY OR FUNCTIONAL USE OF THE SAFETY CLIMB OR ANY COMPONENTS OF THE CLIMBING FACILITY ON THE STRUCTURE. THIS SHALL INCLUDE, BUT NOT BE LIMITED TO: PINCHING OF THE WIRE ROPE, BENDING OF THE WIRE ROPE FROM ITS SUPPORTS, DIRECT CONTACT OR CLOSE PROXIMITY TO THE WIRE ROPE WHICH MAY CAUSE FRICTIONAL WEAR, IMPACT TO THE ANCHORAGE POINTS IN ANY WAY, OR TO IMPEDE/BLOCK ITS INTENDED USE. ANY COMPROMISED SAFETY CLIMB, INCLUDING EXISTING CONDITIONS MUST BE TAGGED OUT AND REPORTED TO YOUR DISH WIRELESS, L.L.C. AND DISH WIRELESS, L.L.C. AND TOWER OWNER POC OR CALL THE NOC TO GENERATE A SAFETY CLIMB MAINTENANCE AND CONTRACTOR NOTICE TICKET.

PRIOR TO THE START OF CONSTRUCTION, ALL REQUIRED JURISDICTIONAL PERMITS SHALL BE OBTAINED. THIS INCLUDES, BUT IS NOT LIMITED TO, BUILDING, ELECTRICAL, MECHANICAL, FIRE, FLOOD ZONE, ENVIRONMENTAL, AND ZONING. AFTER ONSITE ACTIVITIES AND CONSTRUCTION ARE COMPLETED, ALL REQUIRED PERMITS SHALL BE SATISFIED AND CLOSED OUT ACCORDING TO LOCAL JURISDICTIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

ALL CONSTRUCTION MEANS AND METHODS; INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO, ERECTION PLANS, RIGGING PLANS, CLIMBING PLANS, AND RESCUE PLANS SHALL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE GENERAL CONTRACTOR RESPONSIBLE FOR THE EXECUTION OF THE WORK CONTAINED HEREIN, AND SHALL MEET ANSI/ASSE A10.48 (LATEST EDITION); FEDERAL, STATE, AND LOCAL REGULATIONS; AND ANY APPLICABLE INDUSTRY CONSENSUS STANDARDS RELATED TO THE CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES BEING PERFORMED. ALL RIGGING PLANS SHALL ADHERE TO ANSI/ASSE A10.48 (LATEST EDITION) AND DISH WIRELESS, L.L.C. AND TOWER OWNER STANDARDS, INCLUDING THE REQUIRED INVOLVEMENT OF A QUALIFIED ENGINEER FOR CLASS IV CONSTRUCTION, TO CERTIFY THE SUPPORTING STRUCTURE(S) IN ACCORDANCE WITH ANSI/TIA-322 (LATEST EDITION).

ALL SITE WORK TO COMPLY WITH DISH WIRELESS, L.L.C. AND TOWER OWNER INSTALLATION STANDARDS FOR CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES ON DISH WIRELESS, L.L.C. AND TOWER OWNER TOWER SITE AND LATEST VERSION OF ANSI/TIA-1019-A-2012 "STANDARD FOR INSTALLATION, ALTERATION, AND MAINTENANCE OF ANTENNA SUPPORTING STRUCTURES AND ANTENNAS."

IF THE SPECIFIED EQUIPMENT CAN NOT BE INSTALLED AS SHOWN ON THESE DRAWINGS, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROPOSE AN ALTERNATIVE INSTALLATION FOR APPROVAL BY DISH WIRELESS, L.L.C. AND TOWER OWNER PRIOR TO PROCEEDING WITH ANY SUCH CHANGE OF INSTALLATION.

ALL MATERIALS FURNISHED AND INSTALLED SHALL BE IN STRICT ACCORDANCE WITH ALL APPLICABLE CODES, REGULATIONS AND ORDINANCES. CONTRACTOR SHALL ISSUE ALL APPROPRIATE NOTICES AND COMPLY WITH ALL LAWS, ORDINANCES, RULES, REGULATIONS AND LAWFUL ORDERS OF ANY PUBLIC AUTHORITY REGARDING THE PERFORMANCE OF THE WORK. ALL WORK CARRIED OUT SHALL COMPLY WITH ALL APPLICABLE MUNICIPAL AND UTILITY COMPANY SPECIFICATIONS AND LOCAL JURISDICTIONAL CODES, ORDINANCES AND APPLICABLE REGULATIONS.

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL INSTALL ALL EQUIPMENT AND MATERIALS IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS UNLESS SPECIFICALLY STATED OTHERWISE.

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CONTACT UTILITY LOCATING SERVICES INCLUDING PRIVATE LOCATES SERVICES PRIOR TO THE START OF CONSTRUCTION.

ALL EXISTING ACTIVE SEWER, WATER, GAS, ELECTRIC AND OTHER UTILITIES WHERE ENCOUNTERED IN THE WORK, SHALL BE 10. PROTECTED AT ALL TIMES AND WHERE REQUIRED FOR THE PROPER EXECUTION OF THE WORK, SHALL BE RELOCATED AS DIRECTED BY CONTRACTOR. EXTREME CAUTION SHOULD BE USED BY THE CONTRACTOR WHEN EXCAVATING OR DRILLING PIERS AROUND OR NEAR UTILITIES. CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE SAFETY TRAINING FOR THE WORKING CREW. THIS WILL INCLUDE BUT NOT BE LIMITED TO A) FALL PROTECTION B) CONFINED SPACE C) ELECTRICAL SAFETY D) TRENCHING AND EXCAVATION E) CONSTRUCTION SAFETY PROCEDURES

ALL SITE WORK SHALL BE AS INDICATED ON THE STAMPED CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS AND DISH PROJECT SPECIFICATIONS. 11. LATEST APPROVED REVISION.

CONTRACTOR SHALL KEEP THE SITE FREE FROM ACCUMULATING WASTE MATERIAL, DEBRIS, AND TRASH AT THE COMPLETION OF 12. THE WORK. IF NECESSARY, RUBBISH, STUMPS, DEBRIS, STICKS, STONES AND OTHER REFUSE SHALL BE REMOVED FROM THE SITE AND DISPOSED OF LEGALLY.

13. ALL EXISTING INACTIVE SEWER, WATER, GAS, ELECTRIC AND OTHER UTILITIES, WHICH INTERFERE WITH THE EXECUTION OF THE WORK, SHALL BE REMOVED AND/OR CAPPED, PLUGGED OR OTHERWISE DISCONTINUED AT POINTS WHICH WILL NOT INTERFERE WITH THE EXECUTION OF THE WORK, SUBJECT TO THE APPROVAL OF DISH WIRELESS, L.L.C. AND TOWER OWNER, AND/OR LOCAL UTILITIES.

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE SITE SIGNAGE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION FOR SITE SIGNAGE REQUIRED BY LOCAL JURISDICTION AND SIGNAGE REQUIRED ON INDIVIDUAL PIECES OF EQUIPMENT, ROOMS, AND SHELTERS.

THE SITE SHALL BE GRADED TO CAUSE SURFACE WATER TO FLOW AWAY FROM THE CARRIER'S EQUIPMENT AND TOWER AREAS. 15.

THE SUB GRADE SHALL BE COMPACTED AND BROUGHT TO A SMOOTH UNIFORM GRADE PRIOR TO FINISHED SURFACE 16 APPI ICATION

THE AREAS OF THE OWNERS PROPERTY DISTURBED BY THE WORK AND NOT COVERED BY THE TOWER, EQUIPMENT OR 17 DRIVEWAY, SHALL BE GRADED TO A UNIFORM SLOPE, AND STABILIZED TO PREVENT EROSION AS SPECIFIED ON THE CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS AND/OR PROJECT SPECIFICATIONS.

CONTRACTOR SHALL MINIMIZE DISTURBANCE TO EXISTING SITE DURING CONSTRUCTION. EROSION CONTROL MEASURES, IF REQUIRED DURING CONSTRUCTION. SHALL BE IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE LOCAL GUIDELINES FOR EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL.

19. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROTECT EXISTING IMPROVEMENTS, PAVEMENTS, CURBS, LANDSCAPING AND STRUCTURES. ANY DAMAGED PART SHALL BE REPAIRED AT CONTRACTOR'S EXPENSE TO THE SATISFACTION OF OWNER.

CONTRACTOR SHALL LEGALLY AND PROPERLY DISPOSE OF ALL SCRAP MATERIALS SUCH AS COAXIAL CABLES AND OTHER ITEMS 20. REMOVED FROM THE EXISTING FACILITY. ANTENNAS AND RADIOS REMOVED SHALL BE RETURNED TO THE OWNER'S DESIGNATED LOCATION.

21. CONTRACTOR SHALL LEAVE PREMISES IN CLEAN CONDITION. TRASH AND DEBRIS SHOULD BE REMOVED FROM SITE ON A DAILY BASIS.

NO FILL OR EMBANKMENT MATERIAL SHALL BE PLACED ON FROZEN GROUND. FROZEN MATERIALS, SNOW OR ICE SHALL NOT 22 BE PLACED IN ANY FILL OR EMBANKMENT.

GENERAL NOTES:

1.FOR THE PURPOSE OF CONSTRUCTION DRAWING, THE FOLLOWING DEFINITIONS SHALL APPLY:

CONTRACTOR: GENERAL CONTRACTOR RESPONSIBLE FOR CONSTRUCTION

CARRIER:DISH WIRELESS, L.L.C.

TOWER OWNER: TOWER OWNER

THESE DRAWINGS HAVE BEEN PREPARED USING STANDARDS OF PROFESSIONAL CARE AND COMPLETENESS NORMALLY EXERCISED UNDER SIMILAR CIRCUMSTANCES BY REPUTABLE ENGINEERS IN THIS OR SIMILAR LOCALITIES. IT IS ASSUMED THAT THE WORK DEPICTED WILL BE PERFORMED BY AN EXPERIENCED CONTRACTOR AND/OR WORKPEOPLE WHO HAVE A WORKING KNOWLEDGE OF THE APPLICABLE CODE STANDARDS AND REQUIREMENTS AND OF INDUSTRY ACCEPTED STANDARD GOOD PRACTICE. AS NOT EVERY CONDITION OR ELEMENT IS (OR CAN BE) EXPLICITLY SHOWN ON THESE DRAWINGS, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL USE INDUSTRY ACCEPTED STANDARD GOOD PRACTICE FOR MISCELLANEOUS WORK NOT EXPLICITLY SHOWN.

3 THESE DRAWINGS REPRESENT THE FINISHED STRUCTURE. THEY DO NOT INDICATE THE MEANS OR METHODS OF CONSTRUCTION. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE SOLELY RESPONSIBLE FOR THE CONSTRUCTION MEANS. METHODS. TECHNIQUES. SEQUENCES, AND PROCEDURES. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE ALL MEASURES NECESSARY FOR PROTECTION OF LIFE AND PROPERTY DURING CONSTRUCTION. SUCH MEASURES SHALL INCLUDE, BUT NOT BE LIMITED TO, BRACING, FORMWORK, SHORING, ETC. SITE VISITS BY THE ENGINEER OR HIS REPRESENTATIVE WILL NOT INCLUDE INSPECTION OF THESE ITEMS AND IS FOR STRUCTURAL OBSERVATION OF THE FINISHED STRUCTURE ONLY.

NOTES AND DETAILS IN THE CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS SHALL TAKE PRECEDENCE OVER GENERAL NOTES AND TYPICAL DETAILS. WHERE NO DETAILS ARE SHOWN, CONSTRUCTION SHALL CONFORM TO SIMILAR WORK ON THE PROJECT, AND/OR AS PROVIDED FOR IN THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS. WHERE DISCREPANCIES OCCUR BETWEEN PLANS, DETAILS, GENERAL NOTES, AND SPECIFICATIONS, THE GREATER, MORE STRICT REQUIREMENTS, SHALL GOVERN. IF FURTHER CLARIFICATION IS REQUIRED CONTACT THE ENGINEER OF RECORD.

SUBSTANTIAL EFFORT HAS BEEN MADE TO PROVIDE ACCURATE DIMENSIONS AND MEASUREMENTS ON THE DRAWINGS TO ASSIST 5. IN THE FABRICATION AND/OR PLACEMENT OF CONSTRUCTION ELEMENTS BUT IT IS THE SOLE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR TO FIELD VERIFY THE DIMENSIONS, MEASUREMENTS, AND/OR CLEARANCES SHOWN IN THE CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS PRIOR TO FABRICATION OR CUTTING OF ANY NEW OR EXISTING CONSTRUCTION ELEMENTS. IF IT IS DETERMINED THAT THERE ARE DISCREPANCIES AND/OR CONFLICTS WITH THE CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS THE ENGINEER OF RECORD IS TO BE NOTIFIED AS SOON AS POSSIBLE.

PRIOR TO THE SUBMISSION OF BIDS, THE BIDDING CONTRACTOR SHALL VISIT THE CELL SITE TO FAMILIARIZE WITH THE EXISTING CONDITIONS AND TO CONFIRM THAT THE WORK CAN BE ACCOMPLISHED AS SHOWN ON THE CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS. ANY DISCREPANCY FOUND SHALL BE BROUGHT TO THE ATTENTION OF CARRIER POC AND TOWER OWNER.

ALL MATERIALS FURNISHED AND INSTALLED SHALL BE IN STRICT ACCORDANCE WITH ALL APPLICABLE CODES, REGULATIONS AND ORDINANCES. CONTRACTOR SHALL ISSUE ALL APPROPRIATE NOTICES AND COMPLY WITH ALL LAWS, ORDINANCES, RULES, REGULATIONS AND LAWFUL ORDERS OF ANY PUBLIC AUTHORITY REGARDING THE PERFORMANCE OF THE WORK. ALL WORK CARRIED OUT SHALL COMPLY WITH ALL APPLICABLE MUNICIPAL AND UTILITY COMPANY SPECIFICATIONS AND LOCAL JURISDICTIONAL CODES, ORDINANCES AND APPLICABLE REGULATIONS.

UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE, THE WORK SHALL INCLUDE FURNISHING MATERIALS, EQUIPMENT, APPURTENANCES AND LABOR NECESSARY TO COMPLETE ALL INSTALLATIONS AS INDICATED ON THE DRAWINGS.

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL INSTALL ALL EQUIPMENT AND MATERIALS IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS 9. UNLESS SPECIFICALLY STATED OTHERWISE.

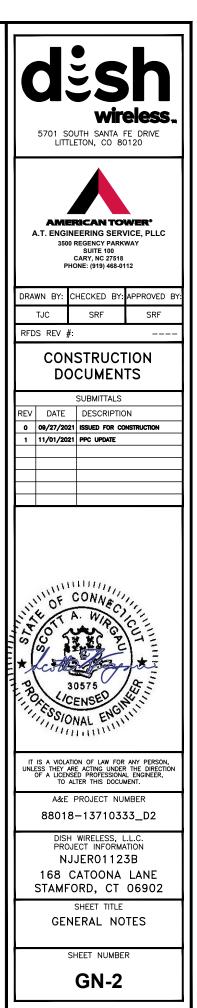
10. IF THE SPECIFIED EQUIPMENT CAN NOT BE INSTALLED AS SHOWN ON THESE DRAWINGS, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROPOSE AN ALTERNATIVE INSTALLATION FOR APPROVAL BY THE CARRIER AND TOWER OWNER PRIOR TO PROCEEDING WITH ANY SUCH CHANGE OF INSTALLATION.

11. CONTRACTOR IS TO PERFORM A SITE INVESTIGATION, BEFORE SUBMITTING BIDS, TO DETERMINE THE BEST ROUTING OF ALL CONDUITS FOR POWER. AND TELCO AND FOR GROUNDING CABLES AS SHOWN IN THE POWER. TELCO. AND GROUNDING PLAN DRAWINGS.

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROTECT EXISTING IMPROVEMENTS, PAVEMENTS, CURBS, LANDSCAPING AND STRUCTURES. ANY 12. DAMAGED PART SHALL BE REPAIRED AT CONTRACTOR'S EXPENSE TO THE SATISFACTION OF DISH WIRELESS. L.L.C. AND TOWER OWNER CONTRACTOR SHALL LEGALLY AND PROPERLY DISPOSE OF ALL SCRAP MATERIALS SUCH AS COAXIAL CABLES AND OTHER ITEMS

REMOVED FROM THE EXISTING FACILITY. ANTENNAS REMOVED SHALL BE RETURNED TO THE OWNER'S DESIGNATED LOCATION.

CONTRACTOR SHALL LEAVE PREMISES IN CLEAN CONDITION. TRASH AND DEBRIS SHOULD BE REMOVED FROM SITE ON A DAILY BASIS.



CONCRETE, FOUNDATIONS, AND REINFORCING STEEL:

ALL CONCRETE WORK SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE ACI 301, ACI 318, ACI 336, ASTM A184, ASTM A185 AND THE DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATION FOR CAST-IN-PLACE CONCRETE.

UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE, SOIL BEARING PRESSURE USED FOR DESIGN OF SLABS AND FOUNDATIONS IS ASSUMED TO BE 1000 psf.

ALL CONCRETE SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (I'c) OF 3000 psi AT 28 DAYS, UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE. NO 3. MORE THAN 90 MINUTES SHALL ELAPSE FROM BATCH TIME TO TIME OF PLACEMENT UNLESS APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER OF RECORD. TEMPERATURE OF CONCRETE SHALL NOT EXCEED 90°F AT TIME OF PLACEMENT.

CONCRETE EXPOSED TO FREEZE-THAW CYCLES SHALL CONTAIN AIR ENTRAINING ADMIXTURES, AMOUNT OF AIR ENTRAINMENT TO BE BASED ON SIZE OF AGGREGATE AND F3 CLASS EXPOSURE (VERY SEVERE). CEMENT USED TO BE TYPE II PORTLAND CEMENT WITH A MAXIMUM WATER-TO-CEMENT RATIO (W/C) OF 0.45.

ALL STEEL REINFORCING SHALL CONFORM TO ASTM A615. ALL WELDED WIRE FABRIC (WWF) SHALL CONFORM TO ASTM A185. ALL SPLICES SHALL BE CLASS "B" TENSION SPLICES, UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE. ALL HOOKS SHALL BE STANDARD 90 DEGREE HOOKS, UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE. YIELD STRENGTH (Fy) OF STANDARD DEFORMED BARS ARE AS FOLLOWS:

#4 BARS AND SMALLER 40 ksi

#5 BARS AND LARGER 60 ksi

THE FOLLOWING MINIMUM CONCRETE COVER SHALL BE PROVIDED FOR REINFORCING STEEL UNLESS SHOWN OTHERWISE ON 6. DRAWINGS

- CONCRETE CAST AGAINST AND PERMANENTLY EXPOSED TO EARTH 3"
- CONCRETE EXPOSED TO EARTH OR WEATHER:
- #6 BARS AND LARGER 2"
- #5 BARS AND SMALLER 1-1/2"
- · CONCRETE NOT EXPOSED TO EARTH OR WEATHER:
- SLAB AND WALLS 3/4"
- BEAMS AND COLUMNS 1-1/2"

A TOOLED EDGE OR A 3/4" CHAMFER SHALL BE PROVIDED AT ALL EXPOSED EDGES OF CONCRETE, UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE, IN ACCORDANCE WITH ACI 301 SECTION 4.2.4.

ELECTRICAL INSTALLATION NOTES:

ALL ELECTRICAL WORK SHALL BE PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROJECT SPECIFICATIONS, NEC AND ALL APPLICABLE FEDERAL, STATE, AND LOCAL CODES/ORDINANCES.

CONDUIT ROUTINGS ARE SCHEMATIC. CONTRACTOR SHALL INSTALL CONDUITS SO THAT ACCESS TO EQUIPMENT IS NOT BLOCKED AND TRIP HAZARDS ARE ELIMINATED.

- WIRING, RACEWAY AND SUPPORT METHODS AND MATERIALS SHALL COMPLY WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE NEC. 3.
- ALL CIRCUITS SHALL BE SEGREGATED AND MAINTAIN MINIMUM CABLE SEPARATION AS REQUIRED BY THE NEC.

ALL EQUIPMENT SHALL BEAR THE UNDERWRITERS LABORATORIES LABEL OF APPROVAL, AND SHALL CONFORM TO REQUIREMENT OF THE NATIONAL ELECTRICAL CODE.

ALL OVERCURRENT DEVICES SHALL HAVE AN INTERRUPTING CURRENT RATING THAT SHALL BE GREATER THAN THE SHORT CIRCUIT CURRENT TO WHICH THEY ARE SUBJECTED, 22,000 AIC MINIMUM. VERIFY AVAILABLE SHORT CIRCUIT CURRENT DOES NOT EXCEED THE RATING OF ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT IN ACCORDANCE WITH ARTICLE 110.24 NEC OR THE MOST CURRENT ADOPTED CODE PRE THE GOVERNING JURISDICTION.

EACH END OF EVERY POWER PHASE CONDUCTOR, GROUNDING CONDUCTOR, AND TELCO CONDUCTOR OR CABLE SHALL BE LABELED WITH COLOR-CODED INSULATION OR ELECTRICAL TAPE (3M BRAND, 1/2" PLASTIC ELECTRICAL TAPE WITH UV PROTECTION, OR EQUAL), THE IDENTIFICATION METHOD SHALL CONFORM WITH NEC AND OSHA.

ALL ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS SHALL BE CLEARLY LABELED WITH LAMICOID TAGS SHOWING THEIR RATED VOLTAGE, PHASE CONFIGURATION, WIRE CONFIGURATION, POWER OR AMPACITY RATING AND BRANCH CIRCUIT ID NUMBERS (i.e. PANEL BOARD AND CIRCUIT ID'S).

7. PANEL BOARDS (ID NUMBERS) SHALL BE CLEARLY LABELED WITH PLASTIC LABELS.

TIE WRAPS ARE NOT ALLOWED.

ALL POWER AND EQUIPMENT GROUND WIRING IN TUBING OR CONDUIT SHALL BE SINGLE COPPER CONDUCTOR (#14 OR LARGER) WITH TYPE THHW, THWN, THWN-2, XHHW, XHHW-2, THW, THW-2, RHW, OR RHW-2 INSULATION UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.

SUPPLEMENTAL EQUIPMENT GROUND WIRING LOCATED INDOORS SHALL BE SINGLE COPPER CONDUCTOR (#6 OR LARGER) WITH TYPE THHW, THWN, THWN-2, XHHW, XHHW-2, THW, THW-2, RHW, OR RHW-2 INSULATION UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.

POWER AND CONTROL WIRING IN FLEXIBLE CORD SHALL BE MULTI-CONDUCTOR, TYPE SOOW CORD (#14 OR LARGER) UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.

POWER AND CONTROL WIRING FOR USE IN CABLE TRAY SHALL BE MULTI-CONDUCTOR, TYPE TC CABLE (#14 OR LARGER), WITH 12 TYPE THHW, THWN, THWN-2, XHHW, XHHW-2, THW, THW-2, RHW, OR RHW-2 INSULATION UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.

ALL POWER AND GROUNDING CONNECTIONS SHALL BE CRIMP-STYLE, COMPRESSION WIRE LUGS AND WIRE NUTS BY THOMAS AND 13 BETTS (OR EQUAL). LUGS AND WIRE NUTS SHALL BE RATED FOR OPERATION NOT LESS THAN 75° C (90° C IF AVAILABLE).

RACEWAY AND CABLE TRAY SHALL BE LISTED OR LABELED FOR ELECTRICAL USE IN ACCORDANCE WITH NEMA, UL, ANSI/IEEE AND NEC.

ELECTRICAL METALLIC TUBING (EMT), INTERMEDIATE METAL CONDUIT (IMC), OR RIGID METAL CONDUIT (RMC) SHALL BE USED FOR 15 EXPOSED INDOOR LOCATIONS.

ELECTRICAL METALLIC TUBING (EMT) OR METAL-CLAD CABLE (MC) SHALL BE USED FOR CONCEALED INDOOR LOCATIONS. SCHEDULE 40 PVC UNDERGROUND ON STRAIGHTS AND SCHEDULE 80 PVC FOR ALL ELBOWS/90s AND ALL APPROVED ABOVE LIQUID-TIGHT FLEXIBLE METALLIC CONDUIT (LIQUID-TITE FLEX) SHALL BE USED INDOORS AND OUTDOORS, WHERE VIBRATION CONDUIT AND TUBING FITTINGS SHALL BE THREADED OR COMPRESSION-TYPE AND APPROVED FOR THE LOCATION USED. SET 5701 SOUTH SANTA FE DRIVE LITTLETON, CO 80120 CABINETS, BOXES AND WIRE WAYS SHALL BE LABELED FOR ELECTRICAL USE IN ACCORDANCE WITH NEMA, UL, ANSI/IEEE AND THE WIREWAYS SHALL BE METAL WITH AN ENAMEL FINISH AND INCLUDE A HINGED COVER, DESIGNED TO SWING OPEN DOWNWARDS SLOTTED WIRING DUCT SHALL BE PVC AND INCLUDE COVER (PANDUIT TYPE E OR EQUAL). IERICAN TOWE CONDUITS SHALL BE FASTENED SECURELY IN PLACE WITH APPROVED NON-PERFORATED STRAPS AND HANGERS. EXPLOSIVE A.T. ENGINEERING SERVICE. PLLC 3500 REGENCY PARKWAY SUITE 100 CARY, NC 27518 PHONE: (919) 468-0112 DRAWN BY: CHECKED BY: APPROVED B SRF TJC SRF EQUIPMENT CABINETS, TERMINAL BOXES, JUNCTION BOXES AND PULL BOXES SHALL BE GALVANIZED OR EPOXY-COATED SHEET REDS REV # CONSTRUCTION METAL RECEPTACLE, SWITCH AND DEVICE BOXES SHALL BE GALVANIZED, EPOXY-COATED OR NON-CORRODING; SHALL MEET OR DOCUMENTS SUBMITTALS NONMETALLIC RECEPTACLE, SWITCH AND DEVICE BOXES SHALL MEET OR EXCEED NEMA OS 2 (NEWEST REVISION) AND BE RATED REV DATE DESCRIPTION 0 09/27/2021 ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY AND OBTAIN NECESSARY AUTHORIZATION FROM THE CARRIER AND/OR DISH WIRELESS, L.L.C. AND 1 11/01/2021 PPC UPDATE THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE NECESSARY TAGGING ON THE BREAKERS, CABLES AND DISTRIBUTION PANELS IN ACCORDANCE INSTALL LAMICOID LABEL ON THE METER CENTER TO SHOW "DISH WIRELESS, L.L.C.". ALL EMPTY/SPARE CONDUITS THAT ARE INSTALLED ARE TO HAVE A METERED MULE TAPE PULL CORD INSTALLED. OF CONNE 30575 CENSED SSIONAL ENG MONAL ENN IT IS A VIOLATION OF LAW FOR ANY PERSON, JNLESS THEY ARE ACTING UNDER THE DIRECTION OF A LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER, TO ALTER THIS DOCUMENT. UNLESS A&E PROJECT NUMBER 88018-13710333_D2 DISH WIRELESS, L.L.C PROJECT INFORMATION NJJER01123B 168 CATOONA LANE

16. 17. GRADE PVC CONDUIT. 18. OCCURS OR FLEXIBILITY IS NEEDED. 19. SCREW FITTINGS ARE NOT ACCEPTABLE. 20. NEC. 21 (WIREMOLD SPECMATE WIREWAY). 22. 23. DEVICES (i.e. POWDER-ACTUATED) FOR ATTACHING HANGERS TO STRUCTURE WILL NOT BE PERMITTED. CLOSELY FOLLOW THE LINES OF THE STRUCTURE, MAINTAIN CLOSE PROXIMITY TO THE STRUCTURE AND KEEP CONDUITS IN TIGHT ENVELOPES. CHANGES IN DIRECTION TO ROUTE AROUND OBSTACLES SHALL BE MADE WITH CONDUIT OUTLET BODIES. CONDUIT SHALL BE INSTALLED IN A NEAT AND WORKMANLIKE MANNER. PARALLEL AND PERPENDICULAR TO STRUCTURE WALL AND CEILING LINES. ALL CONDUIT SHALL BE FISHED TO CLEAR OBSTRUCTIONS. ENDS OF CONDUITS SHALL BE TEMPORARILY CAPPED FLUSH TO FINISH GRADE TO PREVENT CONCRETE, PLASTER OR DIRT FROM ENTERING. CONDUITS SHALL BE RIGIDLY CLAMPED TO BOXES BY GALVANIZED MALLEABLE IRON BUSHING ON INSIDE AND GALVANIZED MALLEABLE IRON LOCKNUT ON OUTSIDE AND INSIDE. 24. STEEL. SHALL MEET OR EXCEED UL 50 AND BE RATED NEMA 1 (OR BETTER) FOR INTERIOR LOCATIONS AND NEMA 3 (OR BETTER) FOR EXTERIOR LOCATIONS. 25. EXCEED UL 514A AND NEMA OS 1 AND BE RATED NEMA 1 (OR BETTER) FOR INTERIOR LOCATIONS AND WEATHER PROTECTED (WP OR BETTER) FOR EXTERIOR LOCATIONS. 26. NEMA 1 (OR BETTER) FOR INTERIOR LOCATIONS AND WEATHER PROTECTED (WP OR BETTER) FOR EXTERIOR LOCATIONS. 27 TOWER OWNER BEFORE COMMENCING WORK ON THE AC POWER DISTRIBUTION PANELS. 28. WITH THE APPLICABLE CODES AND STANDARDS TO SAFEGUARD LIFE AND PROPERTY. 29. 30.

STAMFORD, CT 06902 SHEET TITLE GENERAL NOTES

SHEET NUMBER

GN-3

GROUNDING NOTES:

ALL GROUND ELECTRODE SYSTEMS (INCLUDING TELECOMMUNICATION, RADIO, LIGHTNING PROTECTION AND AC POWER GES'S) SHALL BE BONDED TOGETHER AT OR BELOW GRADE, BY TWO OR MORE COPPER BONDING CONDUCTORS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE NEC. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PERFORM IEEE FALL-OF-POTENTIAL RESISTANCE TO EARTH TESTING (PER IEEE 1100 AND 81) FOR GROUND ELECTRODE SYSTEMS, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL FURNISH AND INSTALL SUPPLEMENTAL GROUND ELECTRODES AS NEEDED TO ACHIEVE A TEST RESULT OF 5 OHMS OR LESS. THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR PROPERLY SEQUENCING GROUNDING AND UNDERGROUND CONDUIT INSTALLATION AS TO PREVENT ANY LOSS OF CONTINUITY IN THE GROUNDING SYSTEM OR DAMAGE TO THE CONDUIT AND PROVIDE TESTING RESULTS. METAL CONDUIT AND TRAY SHALL BE GROUNDED AND MADE ELECTRICALLY CONTINUOUS WITH LISTED BONDING FITTINGS OR BY BONDING ACROSS THE DISCONTINUITY WITH #6 COPPER WIRE UL APPROVED GROUNDING TYPE CONDUIT CLAMPS.

METAL RACEWAY SHALL NOT BE USED AS THE NEC REQUIRED EQUIPMENT GROUND CONDUCTOR. STRANDED COPPER CONDUCTORS WITH GREEN INSULATION. SIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE NEC. SHALL BE FURNISHED AND INSTALLED WITH THE POWER CIRCUITS TO BTS EQUIPMENT.

EACH CABINET FRAME SHALL BE DIRECTLY CONNECTED TO THE MASTER GROUND BAR WITH GREEN INSULATED SUPPLEMENTAL EQUIPMENT GROUND WIRES, #6 STRANDED COPPER OR LARGER FOR INDOOR BTS; #2 BARE SOLID TINNED COPPER FOR OUTDOOR BTS.

CONNECTIONS TO THE GROUND BUS SHALL NOT BE DOUBLED UP OR STACKED BACK TO BACK CONNECTIONS ON OPPOSITE SIDE OF THE GROUND BUS ARE PERMITTED.

ALL EXTERIOR GROUND CONDUCTORS BETWEEN EQUIPMENT/GROUND BARS AND THE GROUND RING SHALL BE #2 SOLID TINNED COPPER UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED.

ALUMINUM CONDUCTOR OR COPPER CLAD STEEL CONDUCTOR SHALL NOT BE USED FOR GROUNDING CONNECTIONS.

10. USE OF 90° BENDS IN THE PROTECTION GROUNDING CONDUCTORS SHALL BE AVOIDED WHEN 45° BENDS CAN BE ADEQUATELY SUPPORTED.

EXOTHERMIC WELDS SHALL BE USED FOR ALL GROUNDING CONNECTIONS BELOW GRADE. 11.

ALL GROUND CONNECTIONS ABOVE GRADE (INTERIOR AND EXTERIOR) SHALL BE FORMED USING HIGH PRESS CRIMPS. 12.

COMPRESSION GROUND CONNECTIONS MAY BE REPLACED BY EXOTHERMIC WELD CONNECTIONS. 13.

ICE BRIDGE BONDING CONDUCTORS SHALL BE EXOTHERMICALLY BONDED OR BOLTED TO THE BRIDGE AND THE TOWER GROUND BAR

APPROVED ANTIOXIDANT COATINGS (i.e. CONDUCTIVE GEL OR PASTE) SHALL BE USED ON ALL COMPRESSION AND BOLTED GROUND 15. CONNECTIONS.

ALL EXTERIOR GROUND CONNECTIONS SHALL BE COATED WITH A CORROSION RESISTANT MATERIAL. 16.

MISCELLANEOUS ELECTRICAL AND NON-ELECTRICAL METAL BOXES, FRAMES AND SUPPORTS SHALL BE BONDED TO THE GROUND RING. IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE NEC.

BOND ALL METALLIC OBJECTS WITHIN 6 ft OF MAIN GROUND RING WITH (1) #2 BARE SOLID TINNED COPPER GROUND 18. CONDUCTOR.

GROUND CONDUCTORS USED FOR THE FACILITY GROUNDING AND LIGHTNING PROTECTION SYSTEMS SHALL NOT BE ROUTED 19. THROUGH METALLIC OBJECTS THAT FORM A RING AROUND THE CONDUCTOR. SUCH AS METALLIC CONDUITS, METAL SUPPORT CLIPS OR SLEEVES THROUGH WALLS OR FLOORS. WHEN IT IS REQUIRED TO BE HOUSED IN CONDUIT TO MEET CODE REQUIREMENTS OR LOCAL CONDITIONS, NON-METALLIC MATERIAL SUCH AS PVC CONDUIT SHALL BE USED. WHERE USE OF METAL CONDUIT IS UNAVOIDABLE (i.e., NONMETALLIC CONDUIT PROHIBITED BY LOCAL CODE) THE GROUND CONDUCTOR SHALL BE BONDED TO EACH END OF THE METAL CONDUIT.

ALL GROUNDS THAT TRANSITION FROM BELOW GRADE TO ABOVE GRADE MUST BE #2 BARE SOLID TINNED COPPER IN 3/4" 20. NON-METALLIC, FLEXIBLE CONDUIT FROM 24" BELOW GRADE TO WITHIN 3" TO 6" OF CAD-WELD TERMINATION POINT. THE EXPOSED END OF THE CONDUIT MUST BE SEALED WITH SILICONE CAULK. (ADD TRANSITIONING GROUND STANDARD DETAIL AS WELL).

BUILDINGS WHERE THE MAIN GROUNDING CONDUCTORS ARE REQUIRED TO BE ROUTED TO GRADE, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL ROUTE 21. TWO GROUNDING CONDUCTORS FROM THE ROOFTOP, TOWERS, AND WATER TOWERS GROUNDING RING, TO THE EXISTING GROUNDING SYSTEM, THE GROUNDING CONDUCTORS SHALL NOT BE SMALLER THAN 2/0 COPPER. ROOFTOP GROUNDING RING SHALL BE BONDED TO THE EXISTING GROUNDING SYSTEM. THE BUILDING STEEL COLUMNS. LIGHTNING PROTECTION SYSTEM, AND BUILDING MAIN WATER LINE (FERROUS OR NONFERROUS METAL PIPING ONLY). DO NOT ATTACH GROUNDING TO FIRE SPRINKLER SYSTEM PIPES.

STRUCTURAL STEEL NOTES:

STRUCTURAL STEEL SHALL CONFORM TO THE LATEST EDITION OF THE AISC "SPECIFICATION FOR THE DESIGN, FABRICATION AND ERECTION OF STRUCTURAL STEEL FOR BUILDINGS."

2. STRUCTURAL STEEL ROLLED SHAPES. PLATES AND BARS SHALL CONFORM TO THE FOLLOWING ASTM DESIGNATIONS:

A. ASTM A-572, GRADE 50 - ALL W SHAPES, UNLESS NOTED OR A992 OTHERWISE

B. ASTM A-36 - ALL OTHER ROLLED SHAPES, PLATES AND BARS UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE.

- C. ASTM A-500, GRADE B HSS SECTION (SQUARE, RECTANGULAR, AND ROUND)
- D. ASTM A-325, TYPE SC OR N ALL BOLTS FOR CONNECTING STRUCTURAL MEMBERS
- E. ASTM F-1554 07 ALL ANCHOR BOLTS, UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE

ALL EXPOSED STRUCTURAL STEEL MEMBERS SHALL BE HOT-DIPPED GALVANIZED AFTER FABRICATION PER ASTM A123. EXPOSED STEEL HARDWARE AND ANCHOR BOLTS SHALL BE GALVANIZED PER ASTM A153 OR B695.

4. ALL FIELD CUT SURFACES, FIELD DRILLED HOLES AND GROUND SURFACES WHERE EXISTING PAINT OR GALVANIZATION REMOVAL WAS REQUIRED SHALL BE REPAIRED WITH (2) BRUSHED COATS OF ZRC GALVILITE COLD GALVANIZING COMPOUND PER ASTM A780 AND MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS

5. DO NOT DRILL HOLES THROUGH STRUCTURAL STEEL MEMBERS EXCEPT AS SHOWN AND DETAILED ON STRUCTURAL DRAWINGS.

6. CONNECTIONS:

ALL WELDING TO BE PERFORMED BY AWS CERTIFIED WELDERS AND CONDUCTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LATEST EDITION OF THE Α. AWS WELDING CODE D1.1.

ALL WELDS SHALL BE INSPECTED VISUALLY. 25% OF WELDS SHALL BE INSPECTED WITH DYE PENETRANT OR MAGNETIC PARTICLE TO MEET THE ACCEPTANCE CRITERIA OF AWS D1.1. REPAIR ALL WELDS AS NECESSARY.

C. INSPECTION SHALL BE PERFORMED BY AN AWS CERTIFIED WELD INSPECTOR.

IT IS THE CONTRACTORS RESPONSIBILITY TO PROVIDE BURNING/WELDING PERMITS AS REQUIRED BY LOCAL GOVERNING AUTHORITY AND IF REQUIRED SHALL HAVE FIRE DEPARTMENT DETAIL FOR ANY WELDING ACTIVITY.

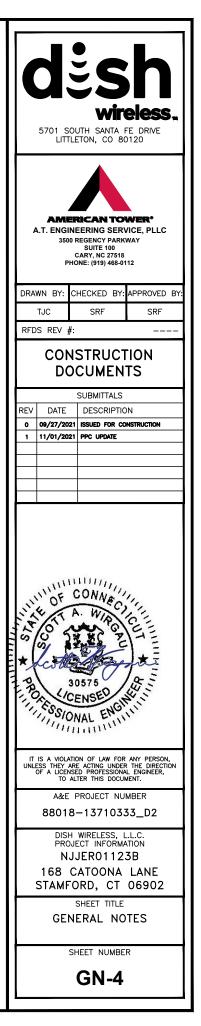
E. ALL ELECTRODES TO BE LOW HYDROGEN, MATCHING FILLER METAL, PER AWS D1.1, UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE.

F. MINIMUM WELD SIZE TO BE 0.1875 INCH FILLET WELDS, UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE.

PRIOR TO FIELD WELDING GALVANIZING MATERIAL, CONTRACTOR SHALL GRIND OFF GALVANIZING 1/2" BEYOND ALL FIELD WELD SURFACES. G AFTER WELD AND WELD INSPECTION IS COMPLETE, REPAIR ALL GROUND AND WELDED SURFACES WITH ZRC GALVILITE COLD GALVANIZING COMPOUND PER ASTM A780 AND MANUFACTURERS RECOMMENDATIONS.

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE ADEQUATE SHORING AND/OR BRACING WHERE REQUIRED DURING CONSTRUCTION UNTIL ALL CONNECTIONS ARE COMPLETE.

ANY FIELD CHANGES OR SUBSTITUTIONS SHALL HAVE PRIOR APPROVAL FROM THE ENGINEER, AND DISH WIRELESS L.L.C. PROJECT MANAGER IN WRITING

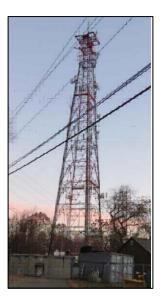




Pinnacle Telecom Group

Professional and Technical Services

ANTENNA SITE FCC RF Compliance Assessment and Report for Municipal Submission



Prepared for:

Site ID: Site Address:

Latitude: Longitude: Structure type: Report date:

Compliance Conclusion:

Dish Wireless, LLC NJJERO1123B 168 Catoona Lane Stamford, CT

N 41.052825 W 73.56304722 Lattice Tower March 11, 2022

Dish Wireless, LLC will be in compliance with the rules and regulations as described in OET Bulletin 65, following the implementation of the proposed mitigation as detailed in the report.

14 Ridgedale Avenue - Suite 260 • Cedar Knolls, NJ 07927 • 973-451-1630

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Certification

Appendix A. Documents Used to Prepare the Analysis

Appendix B. Background on the FCC MPE Limit

Appendix C. Proposed Signage

Appendix D. Summary of Expert Qualifications

Introduction and Summary

At the request of Dish Wireless, LLC ("Dish"), Pinnacle Telecom Group has performed an independent expert assessment of radiofrequency (RF) levels and related FCC compliance for proposed wireless base station antenna operations on an existing lattice tower located at 168 Catoona Lane in Stamford, CT. Dish refers to the antenna site by the code "NJJER01123B", and its proposed operation involves directional panel antennas and transmission in the 600 MHz, 2000 MHz and 2100 MHz frequency bands licensed to it by the FCC.

The FCC requires all wireless antenna operators to perform an assessment of potential human exposure to radiofrequency (RF) fields emanating from all the transmitting antennas at a site whenever antenna operations are added or modified, and to ensure compliance with the Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) limit in the FCC's regulations. In this case, the compliance assessment needs to take into account the RF effects of other existing antenna operations at the site by AT&T, Clearwire, MetroPCS, Sprint, T-Mobile, Verizon Wireless, Marcus Spectrum Holding, LLC, Spectrum Holding Company, LLC, and the State of Connecticut. Note that while the site drawings indicate there may be other antennas at the site, a search of FCC records indicates there are no other licensed transmitting antenna operations to include in the compliance assessment for the site. FCC regulations require any future antenna collocators to assess and assure continuing compliance based on the cumulative effects of all then-proposed and then-existing antennas at the site.

This report describes a mathematical analysis of RF levels resulting around the site in areas of unrestricted public access, that is, at street level around the site. The compliance analysis employs a standard FCC formula for calculating the effects of the antennas in a very conservative manner, in order to overstate the RF levels and to ensure "safe-side" conclusions regarding compliance with the FCC limit for safe continuous exposure of the general public.

The results of a compliance assessment can be described in layman's terms by expressing the calculated RF levels as simple percentages of the FCC MPE limit. If the normalized reference for that limit is 100 percent, then calculated RF levels

higher than 100 percent indicate the MPE limit is exceeded and there is a need to mitigate the potential exposure. On the other hand, calculated RF levels consistently below 100 percent serve as a clear and sufficient demonstration of compliance with the MPE limit. We can (and will) also describe the overall worst-case result via the "plain-English" equivalent "times-below-the-limit" factor.

The result of the RF compliance assessment in this case is as follows:

- At street level, the conservatively calculated maximum RF level from the combination of proposed and existing antenna operations at the site is 2.8380 percent of the FCC general population MPE limit well below the 100-percent reference for compliance. In other words, the worst-case calculated RF level intentionally and significantly overstated by the calculations is still more than 35 times below the FCC limit for safe, continuous exposure of the general public.
- A supplemental analysis of the RF levels at the same height as the Dish antennas indicate that the FCC MPE limit is potentially exceeded. Therefore, it is recommended that four Caution signs be installed six feet below the antennas. In addition, NOC Information signs are to be installed at the base of the tower.
- The results of the calculations, along with the proposed mitigation, combine to satisfy the FCC requirements and associated guidelines on RF compliance at street level around the site and on the subject roof. Moreover, because of the significant conservatism incorporated in the analysis, RF levels actually caused by the antennas will be lower than these calculations indicate.

The remainder of this report provides the following:

- relevant technical data on the proposed Dish antenna operations at the site, as well as on the other existing antenna operations;
- a description of the applicable FCC mathematical model for calculating RF levels, and application of the relevant technical data to that model;

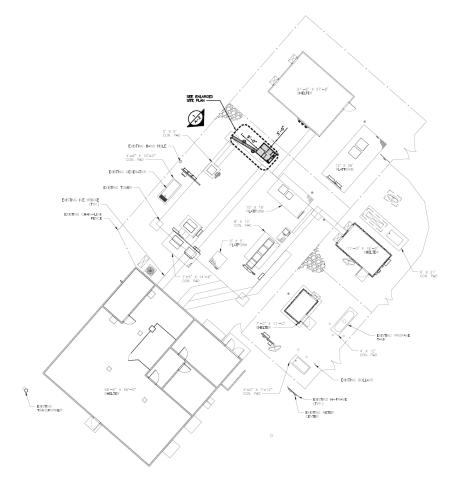
 analysis of the results of the calculations against the FCC MPE limit, and the compliance conclusion for the site.

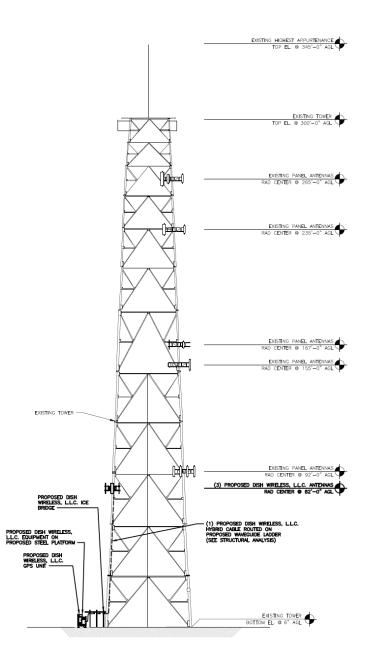
In addition, four Appendices are included. Appendix A provides information on the documents used to prepare the analysis. Appendix B provides background on the FCC MPE limit. Appendix C details the proposed mitigation to satisfy the FCC requirements and associated guidelines on RF compliance. Appendix D provides a summary of the qualifications of the expert certifying FCC compliance for this site.

ANTENNA AND TRANSMISSION DATA

The plan and elevation views that follow, extracted from the site drawings, illustrate the mounting positions of the Dish antennas at the site.

<u>Plan View:</u>





The table that follows summarizes the relevant data for the proposed Dish antenna operations. Note that the "Z" height references the centerline of the antenna.

Ant. ID	Carrier	Antenna Manufacturer	Antenna Model	Туре	Freq (MHz)	Ant. Dim. (ft.)	Total Input Power (watts)	Total ERP (watts)	Z AGL (ft)	Ant. Gain (dBd)	B/W	Azimuth	EDT	MDT
0	Dish	JMA Wireless	MX08FRO665-21	Panel	600	6	120	1637	82	11.46	68	0	2	0
0	Dish	JMA Wireless	MX08FRO665-21	Panel	2000	6	160	6011	82	16.16	62	0	2	0
0	Dish	JMA Wireless	MX08FRO665-21	Panel	2100	6	160	7567	82	16.66	64	0	2	0
0	Dish	JMA Wireless	MX08FRO665-21	Panel	600	6	120	1637	82	11.46	68	100	2	0
0	Dish	JMA Wireless	MX08FRO665-21	Panel	2000	6	160	6011	82	16.16	62	100	2	0
0	Dish	JMA Wireless	MX08FRO665-21	Panel	2100	6	160	7567	82	16.66	64	100	2	0
0	Dish	JMA Wireless	MX08FRO665-21	Panel	600	6	120	1637	82	11.46	68	260	2	0
0	Dish	JMA Wireless	MX08FRO665-21	Panel	2000	6	160	6011	82	16.16	62	260	2	0
6	Dish	JMA Wireless	MX08FRO665-21	Panel	2100	6	160	7567	82	16.66	64	260	2	0

The area below the antennas, at street level, is of interest in terms of potential "uncontrolled" exposure of the general public, so the antenna's vertical-plane emission characteristic is used in the calculations, as it is a key determinant of the relative amount of RF emissions in the "downward" direction.

By way of illustration, Figure 1 that follows shows the vertical-plane radiation pattern of the proposed antenna model in the 600 MHz frequency band. In this type of antenna radiation pattern diagram, the antenna is effectively pointed at the three o'clock position (the horizon) and the relative strength of the pattern at different angles is described using decibel units.

Note that the use of a decibel scale to describe the relative pattern at different angles actually serves to significantly understate the actual focusing effects of the antenna. Where the antenna pattern reads 20 dB the relative RF energy emitted at the corresponding downward angle is 1/100th of the maximum that occurs in the main beam (at 0 degrees); at 30 dB, the energy is only 1/1000th of the maximum.

Finally, note that the automatic pattern-scaling feature of our internal software may skew side-by-side visual comparisons of different antenna models, or even different parties' depictions of the same antenna model.

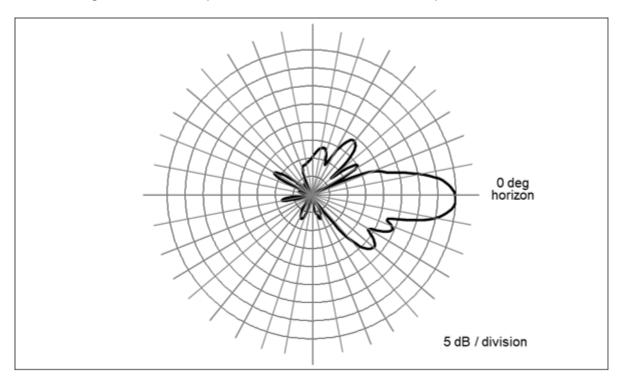


Figure 1. Commscope FFVV-65B-R2 – 600 MHz Vertical-plane Pattern

As noted at the outset, there are existing antenna operations to include in the compliance assessment. For each of the wireless operators, we will conservatively assume operation with maximum channel capacity and at maximum transmitter power per channel to be used by each wireless operator in each of their respective FCC-licensed frequency bands. For each of the other operators, we will rely on the transmission parameters in their respective FCC licenses.

The table that follows summarizes the relevant data for the collocated antenna operations.

Carrier	Antenna Manufacturer	Antenna Model	Туре	Freq (MHz)	Total ERP (watts)	Ant. Gain (dBd)	Azimuth
AT&T	Generic	Generic	Panel	700	4945	11.26	N/A
AT&T	Generic	Generic	Panel	850	2400	11.76	N/A
AT&T	Generic	Generic	Panel	1900	5756	15.56	N/A
AT&T	Generic	Generic	Panel	2100	5890	15.66	N/A
AT&T	Generic	Generic	Panel	2300	4131	16.16	N/A
Clearwire	Generic	Generic	Panel	2500	2972	15.70	N/A
Clearwire	Generic	Generic	Dish	11000	70	32.40	N/A
Sprint	Generic	Generic	Panel	800	2168	13.36	N/A
Sprint	Generic	Generic	Panel	1900	6168	15.86	N/A
Sprint	Generic	Generic	Panel	2500	4669	15.90	N/A
T-Mobile	Generic	Generic	Panel	600	3163	12.96	N/A
T-Mobile	Generic	Generic	Panel	700	867	13.36	N/A
T-Mobile	Generic	Generic	Panel	1900	4123	15.36	N/A
T-Mobile	Generic	Generic	Panel	1900	1452	15.60	N/A
T-Mobile	Generic	Generic	Panel	2100	4626	15.86	N/A
T-Mobile	Generic	Generic	Panel	1900	1419	15.50	N/A
T-Mobile	Generic	Generic	Panel	2500	12804	22.35	N/A
Verizon Wireless	Generic	Generic	Panel	746	2400	11.76	N/A
Verizon Wireless	Generic	Generic	Panel	869	5166	12.36	N/A
Verizon Wireless	Generic	Generic	Panel	1900	5372	15.26	N/A
Verizon Wireless	Generic	Generic	Panel	2100	5625	15.46	N/A
Marcus Spectrum Holdings, Inc.	Generic	Generic	Omni	451	400	3.86	N/A
Marcus Spectrum Holdings, Inc.	Generic	Generic	Omni	464	225	3.86	N/A
Marcus Spectrum Holdings, Inc.	Generic	Generic	Omni	462	400	3.86	N/A
Spectrum Holding Company, LLC	Generic	Generic	Dish	6000	14288	39.56	N/A
State of Connecticut	Generic	Generic	Omni	173	500	3.66	N/A

COMPLIANCE ANALYSIS

FCC Office of Engineering and Technology Bulletin 65 ("OET Bulletin 65") provides guidelines for mathematical models to calculate the RF levels at various points around transmitting antennas. Different models apply in different areas around antennas, with one model applying to street level around a site, and another applying to the rooftop near the antennas. We will address each area of interest in turn in the subsections that follow.

Street Level Analysis

At street-level around an antenna site (in what is called the "far field" of the antennas), the RF levels are directly proportional to the total antenna input power and the relative antenna gain in the downward direction of interest – and the levels are otherwise inversely proportional to the square of the straight-line distance to the antenna.

Conservative calculations also assume the potential RF exposure is enhanced by reflection of the RF energy from the intervening ground. Our calculations will assume a 100% "perfect", mirror-like reflection, which is the absolute worst-case scenario.

The formula for street-level compliance assessment for any given wireless antenna operation is as follows:

MPE% = (100 * Chans * TxPower * 10 (Gmax-Vdisc/10) * 4) / (MPE * 4π * R²)

where

MPE%	=	RF level, expressed as a percentage of the MPE limit applicable to continuous exposure of the general public
100	=	factor to convert the raw result to a percentage
Chans	=	maximum number of RF channels per sector
TxPower	=	maximum transmitter power per channel, in milliwatts

10 (Gmax-Vdisc/10)	=	numeric equivalent of the relative antenna gain in the downward direction of interest; data on the antenna vertical-plane pattern is taken from manufacturer specifications				
4	=	factor to account for a 100-percent-efficient energy reflection from the ground, and the squared relationship between RF field strength and power density $(2^2 = 4)$				
MPE	=	FCC general population MPE limit				
R	=	straight-line distance from the RF source to the point of interest, centimeters				

The MPE% calculations are performed out to a distance of 500 feet from the facility to points 6.5 feet (approximately two meters, the FCC-recommended standing height) off the ground, as illustrated in Figure 2, below.

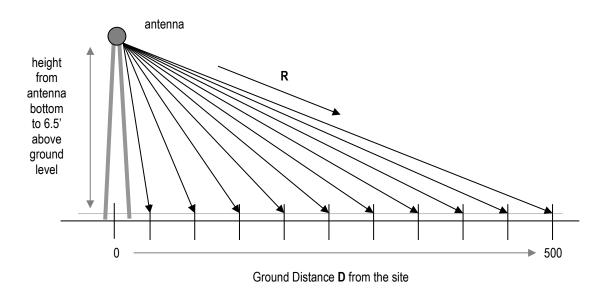


Figure 2. Street-level MPE% Calculation Geometry

It is popularly understood that the farther away one is from an antenna, the lower the RF level – which is generally but not universally correct. The results of MPE% calculations fairly close to the site will reflect the variations in the vertical-plane antenna pattern as well as the variation in straight-line distance to the antenna.

Therefore, RF levels may actually increase slightly with increasing distance within the range of zero to 500 feet from the site. As the distance approaches 500 feet and beyond, though, the antenna pattern factor becomes less significant, the RF levels become primarily distance-controlled and, as a result, the RF levels generally decrease with increasing distance. In any case, the RF levels more than 500 feet from a wireless antenna site are well understood to be sufficiently low to be comfortably in compliance.

According to the FCC, when directional antennas (such as panels) are used, compliance assessments are based on the RF effect of a single (facing) antenna sector, as the effects of directional antennas pointed away from the point(s) of interest are considered insignificant. If the different parameters apply in the different sectors, compliance is based on the worst-case parameters.

Street level FCC compliance for a collocated antenna site is assessed in the following manner. At each distance point along the ground, an MPE% calculation is made for each antenna operation (including each frequency band), and the sum of the individual MPE% contributions at each point is compared to 100 percent, the normalized reference for compliance with the MPE limit. We refer to the sum of the individual MPE% contributions as "total MPE%", and any calculated total MPE% result exceeding 100 percent is, by definition, higher than the FCC limit and represents non-compliance and a need to mitigate the potential exposure. If all results are consistently below 100 percent, on the other hand, that set of results serves as a clear and sufficient demonstration of compliance with the MPE limit.

Note that the following conservative methodology and assumptions are incorporated into the MPE% calculations on a general basis:

- 1. The antennas are assumed to be operating continuously at maximum power and maximum channel capacity.
- 2. The power-attenuation effects of shadowing or other obstructions to the line-of-sight path from the antenna to the point of interest are ignored.
- 3. The calculations intentionally minimize the distance factor (R) by assuming a 6'6" human and performing the calculations from the bottom (rather than

the centerline) of each operator's lowest-mounted antenna, as applicable.

- 4. The calculations also conservatively take into account, when applicable, the different technical characteristics and related RF effects of the use of multiple antennas for transmission in the same frequency band.
- 5. The RF exposure at ground level is assumed to be 100-percent enhanced (increased) via a "perfect" field reflection from the intervening ground.

The net result of these assumptions is to intentionally and significantly overstate the calculated RF levels relative to the levels that will actually result from the antenna operations – and the purpose of this conservatism is to allow very "safeside" conclusions about compliance.

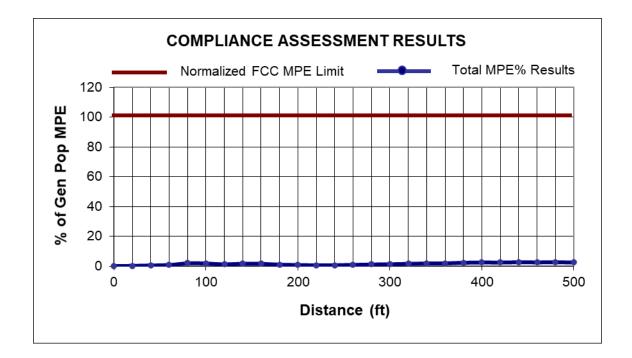
The tables that follow provide the results of the MPE% calculations for each antenna operation, with the overall worst-case calculated result highlighted in bold in the last column of the last table. Note that the transmission parameters for each Dish antenna sector are identical, and the calculations reflect the worst-case result for any/all sectors.

Ground Distance (ft)	Dish 600 MHz MPE%	Dish 2000 MHz MPE%	Dish 2100 MHz MPE%	AT&T MPE%	Clearwire MPE%	Sprint MPE%	T-Mobile MPE%	Subtotal MPE%
0	0.0027	0.0035	0.0001	0.0231	0.0002	0.0186	0.0639	0.1121
20	0.0170	0.0424	0.0267	0.0193	0.0016	0.0114	0.0834	0.2018
40	0.0056	0.0383	0.0494	0.0306	0.0004	0.0085	0.0924	0.2252
60	0.0030	0.0210	0.1594	0.0452	0.0004	0.0098	0.0924	0.4274
80	0.3287	0.1833	0.8979	0.0566	0.0010	0.0294	0.1536	1.6505
100	0.1622	0.4638	0.2795	0.0500	0.0010	0.0294	0.1530	1.2139
120		0.4638			0.0002			
-	0.0832		0.0571	0.0867		0.0499	0.2179	0.5272
140	0.1614	0.1187	0.0188	0.1052	0.0001	0.0407	0.1963	0.6412
160	0.1923	0.1515	0.1048	0.1305	0.0024	0.0426	0.1685	0.7926
180	0.1341	0.0327	0.0451	0.1245	0.0055	0.0774	0.1361	0.5554
200	0.0809	0.1033	0.0987	0.1105	0.0004	0.1123	0.0992	0.6053
220	0.0682	0.0725	0.0563	0.1402	0.0015	0.0923	0.0913	0.5223
240	0.1216	0.0633	0.0564	0.1868	0.0080	0.0555	0.0863	0.5779
260	0.1782	0.0846	0.1017	0.2239	0.0057	0.0294	0.0983	0.7218
280	0.2517	0.0737	0.1041	0.2381	0.0010	0.0239	0.1151	0.8076
300	0.3424	0.0310	0.0551	0.2231	0.0011	0.0401	0.1371	0.8299
320	0.4379	0.0017	0.0079	0.2220	0.0065	0.0447	0.1662	0.8869
340	0.3901	0.0015	0.0070	0.2454	0.0084	0.0476	0.2050	0.9050
360	0.4938	0.0071	0.0036	0.2573	0.0083	0.0509	0.2238	1.0448
380	0.5866	0.0202	0.0216	0.2992	0.0036	0.0538	0.2945	1.2795
400	0.5312	0.0183	0.0196	0.2942	0.0011	0.0460	0.3299	1.2403
420	0.6083	0.0098	0.0152	0.2746	0.0002	0.0488	0.3701	1.3270
440	0.5557	0.0089	0.0138	0.2402	0.0002	0.0325	0.4784	1.3297
460	0.6127	0.0026	0.0001	0.2049	0.0010	0.0157	0.5175	1.3545
480	0.5638	0.0024	0.0001	0.1667	0.0023	0.0108	0.5534	1.2995
500	0.5205	0.0022	0.0001	0.1296	0.0033	0.0101	0.5846	1.2504

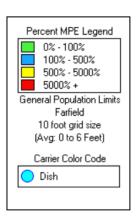
Ground Distance (ft)	Subtotal MPE%	Verizon Wireless MPE%	Marcus Spectrum Holdings MPE%	Spectrum Holdings Company MPE%	State of Connecticut MPE%	Total MPE%
0	0.1101	0.0496	0.0000	0.0050	0.0005	0.4670
0	0.1121	0.0486	0.0002	0.0058	0.0005	0.1672
20	0.2018	0.0921	0.0049	0.0055	0.0050	0.3093
40	0.2252	0.3040	0.0173	0.0049	0.0157	0.5671
60	0.4274	0.3466	0.0304	0.0041	0.0313	0.8398
80	1.6505	0.3215	0.0483	0.0033	0.0459	2.0695
100	1.2139	0.6404	0.0577	0.0027	0.0569	1.9716
120	0.5272	0.7128	0.0581	0.0022	0.0639	1.3642
140	0.6412	1.0638	0.0483	0.0018	0.0651	1.8202
160	0.7926	0.9001	0.0264	0.0015	0.0616	1.7822
180	0.5554	0.5229	0.0109	0.0049	0.0530	1.1471
200	0.6053	0.2303	0.0017	0.0041	0.0414	0.8828
220	0.5223	0.0613	0.0043	0.0035	0.0301	0.6215
240	0.5779	0.0596	0.0133	0.0030	0.0162	0.6700
260	0.7218	0.2236	0.0267	0.0053	0.0096	0.9870
280	0.8076	0.3650	0.0527	0.0046	0.0047	1.2346
300	0.8299	0.5447	0.0670	0.0041	0.0017	1.4474
320	0.8869	0.7484	0.0711	0.0036	0.0012	1.7112
340	0.9050	0.9821	0.0790	0.0032	0.0033	1.9726
360	1.0448	0.8814	0.0783	0.0073	0.0047	2.0165
380	1.2795	1.0991	0.0726	0.0066	0.0101	2.4679
400	1.2403	1.3319	0.0659	0.0060	0.0128	2.6569
420	1.3270	1.2128	0.0572	0.0055	0.0194	2.6219
440	1.3297	1.4206	0.0424	0.0050	0.0224	2.8201
460	1.3545	1.3036	0.0329	0.0046	0.0253	2.7209
480	1.2995	1.4797	0.0239	0.0042	0.0307	2.8380
500	1.2504	1.3669	0.0166	0.0039	0.0340	2.6718

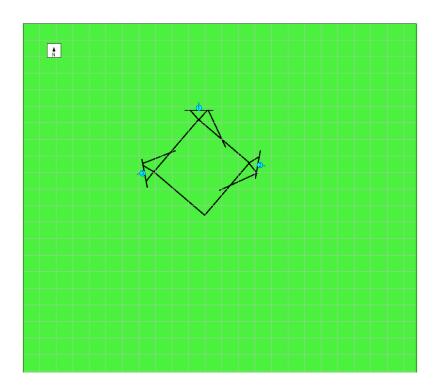
As indicated, the maximum calculated overall RF level is 2.8380 percent of the FCC MPE limit – well below the 100-percent reference for compliance.

A graph of the overall calculation results, shown below, perhaps provides a clearer *visual* illustration of the relative compliance of the calculated RF levels. The line representing the overall calculation results shows an obviously clear, consistent margin to the FCC MPE limit.



The graphic output for the areas at street level surrounding the site is reproduced on the next page.



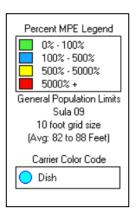


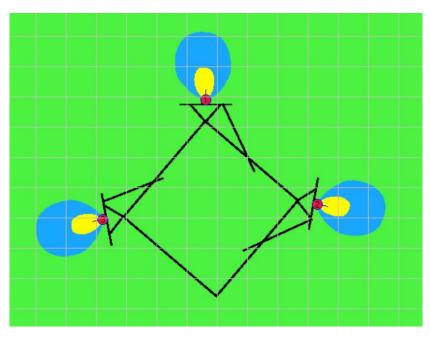
Near-field Analysis

The compliance analysis for the same height as the antennas is performed using the RoofMaster program by Waterford Consultants.

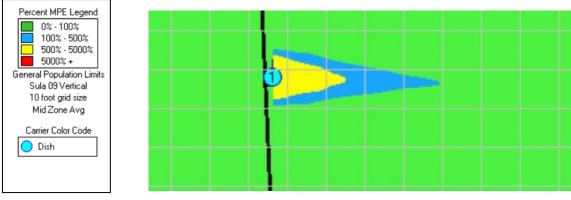
RF levels in the near field of an antenna depend on the power input to the antenna, the antenna's length and horizontal beamwidth, the mounting height of the antenna above nearby roof, and one's position and distance from the antenna. RF levels in front of a directional antenna are higher than they are to the sides or rear, and in any given horizontal direction are inversely proportional to the straight-line distance to the antenna.

The RoofMaster graphic outputs for the same height as the Dish antennas are reproduced on the next page.





RoofMaster – Same Height as the Antennas – Alpha / Beta / Gamma sectors



RoofMaster – Same Height as the Antennas – Alpha / Beta / Gamma sectors

COMPLIANCE CONCLUSION

According to the FCC, the MPE limit has been constructed in such a manner that continuous human exposure to RF fields up to and including 100 percent of the MPE limit is acceptable and safe.

The conservative analysis in this case shows that the maximum calculated RF level from the combination of proposed and existing antenna operations at street level around the site is 2.8380 percent of the FCC general population MPE limit. At the same height as the antennas, the analysis shows that the calculated RF levels potentially exceed the FCC MPE limit. Per Dish guidelines, and consistent with FCC guidance on compliance, it is recommended that four Caution signs be installed six feet below the antennas. In addition, NOC Information signs be installed at the base of the tower.

The results of the calculations, along with the described RF mitigation, combine to satisfy the FCC's RF compliance requirements and associated guidelines on compliance.

Moreover, because of the extremely conservative calculation methodology and operational assumptions we applied in the analysis, RF levels actually caused by the antennas will be significantly lower than the calculation results here indicate.

Certification

It is the policy of Pinnacle Telecom Group that all FCC RF compliance assessments are reviewed, approved, and signed by the firm's Chief Technical Officer who certifies as follows:

- 1. I have read and fully understand the FCC regulations concerning RF safety and the control of human exposure to RF fields (47 CFR 1.1301 *et seq*).
- 2. To the best of my knowledge, the statements and information disclosed in this report are true, complete and accurate.
- 3. The analysis of site RF compliance provided herein is consistent with the applicable FCC regulations, additional guidelines issued by the FCC, and industry practice.
- 4. The results of the analysis indicate that the subject antenna operations will be in compliance with the FCC regulations concerning the control of potential human exposure to the RF emissions from antennas.

Daniel J. Collins Chief Teennical Officer Pinnacle Telecom Group, LLC

3/11/22 Date

Appendix A. Documents Used to Prepare the Analysis

RFDS: RFDS-NJJER01123B-Final-20211115-v.0_20211116091330

CD: NJJER01123B_FinalStampedCDs_20211104113639

Appendix B. Background on the FCC MPE Limit

As directed by the Telecommunications Act of 1996, the FCC has established limits for maximum continuous human exposure to RF fields.

The FCC maximum permissible exposure (MPE) limits represent the consensus of federal agencies and independent experts responsible for RF safety matters. Those agencies include the National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurements (NCRP), the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), the American National Standards Institute (ANSI), the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), and the Food and Drug Administration (FDA). In formulating its guidelines, the FCC also considered input from the public and technical community – notably the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE).

The FCC's RF exposure guidelines are incorporated in Section 1.301 *et seq* of its Rules and Regulations (47 CFR 1.1301-1.1310). Those guidelines specify MPE limits for both occupational and general population exposure.

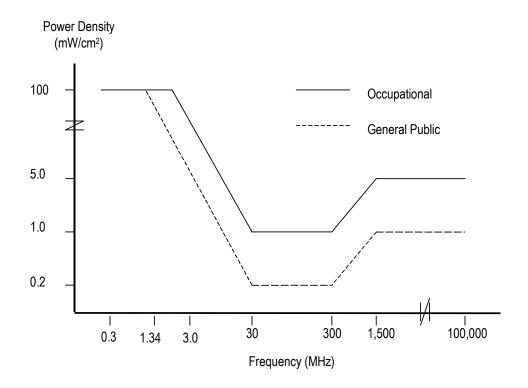
The specified continuous exposure MPE limits are based on known variation of human body susceptibility in different frequency ranges, and a Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) of 4 watts per kilogram, which is universally considered to accurately represent human capacity to dissipate incident RF energy (in the form of heat). The occupational MPE guidelines incorporate a safety factor of 10 or greater with respect to RF levels known to represent a health hazard, and an additional safety factor of five is applied to the MPE limits for general population exposure. Thus, the general population MPE limit has a built-in safety factor of more than 50. The limits were constructed to appropriately protect humans of both sexes and all ages and sizes and under all conditions – and continuous exposure at levels equal to or below the applicable MPE limits is considered to result in no adverse health effects or even health risk.

The reason for *two* tiers of MPE limits is based on an understanding and assumption that members of the general public are unlikely to have had appropriate RF safety training and may not be aware of the exposures they receive; occupational exposure in controlled environments, on the other hand, is assumed to involve individuals who have had such training, are aware of the exposures, and know how to maintain a safe personal work environment.

The FCC's RF exposure limits are expressed in two equivalent forms, using alternative units of field strength (expressed in volts per meter, or V/m), and power density (expressed in milliwatts per square centimeter, or mW/cm²). The table on the next page lists the FCC limits for both occupational and general population exposures, using the mW/cm² reference, for the different radio frequency ranges.

Frequency Range (F) (MHz)	Occupational Exposure (mW/cm²)	General Public Exposure (mW/cm²)
0.3 - 1.34	100	100
1.34 - 3.0	100	180 / F ²
3.0 - 30	900 / F ²	180 / F ²
30 - 300	1.0	0.2
300 - 1,500	F / 300	F / 1500
1,500 - 100,000	5.0	1.0

The diagram below provides a graphical illustration of both the FCC's occupational and general population MPE limits.



Because the FCC's RF exposure limits are frequency-shaped, the exact MPE limits applicable to the instant situation depend on the frequency range used by the systems of interest.

The most appropriate method of determining RF compliance is to calculate the RF power density attributable to a particular system and compare that to the MPE limit applicable to the operating frequency in question. The result is usually expressed as a percentage of the MPE limit.

For potential exposure from multiple systems, the respective percentages of the MPE limits are added, and the total percentage compared to 100 (percent of the limit). If the result is less than 100, the total exposure is in compliance; if it is more than 100, exposure mitigation measures are necessary to achieve compliance.

Note that the FCC "categorically excludes" all "non-building-mounted" wireless antenna operations whose mounting heights are more than 10 meters (32.8 feet) from the routine requirement to demonstrate compliance with the MPE limit, because such operations "are deemed, individually and cumulatively, to have no significant effect on the human environment". The categorical exclusion also applies to *all* point-to-point antenna operations, regardless of the type of structure they're mounted on. Note that the FCC considers any facility qualifying for the categorical exclusion to be automatically in compliance.

In addition, FCC Rules and Regulations Section 1.1307(b)(3) describes a provision known in the industry as "the 5% rule". It describes that when a specific location – like a spot on a rooftop – is subject to an overall exposure level exceeding the applicable MPE limit, operators with antennas whose MPE% contributions at the point of interest are less than 5% are exempted from the obligation otherwise shared by all operators to bring the site into compliance, and those antennas are automatically deemed by the FCC to satisfy the rooftop compliance requirement.

FCC References on RF Compliance

47 CFR, FCC Rules and Regulations, Part 1 (Practice and Procedure), Section 1.1310 (Radiofrequency radiation exposure limits).

FCC Second Memorandum Opinion and Order and Notice of Proposed Rulemaking (FCC 97-303), In the Matter of Procedures for Reviewing Requests for Relief From State and Local Regulations Pursuant to Section 332(c)(7)(B)(v) of the Communications Act of 1934 (WT Docket 97-192), Guidelines for Evaluating the Environmental Effects of Radiofrequency Radiation (ET Docket 93-62), and Petition for Rulemaking of the Cellular Telecommunications Industry Association Concerning Amendment of the Commission's Rules to Preempt State and Local Regulation of Commercial Mobile Radio Service Transmitting Facilities, released August 25, 1997.

FCC First Memorandum Opinion and Order, ET Docket 93-62, *In the Matter of Guidelines for Evaluating the Environmental Effects of Radiofrequency Radiation*, released December 24, 1996.

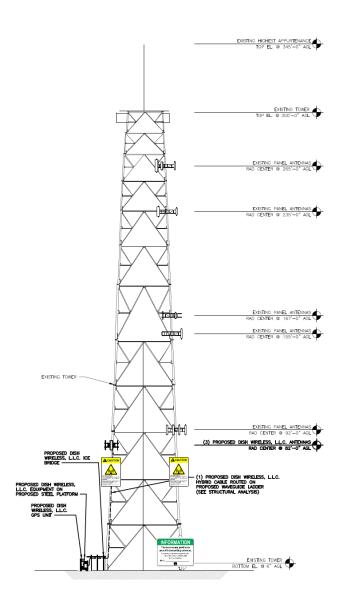
FCC Report and Order, ET Docket 93-62, *In the Matter of Guidelines for Evaluating the Environmental Effects of Radiofrequency Radiation*, released August 1, 1996.

FCC Report and Order, Notice of Proposed Rulemaking, Memorandum Opinion and Order (FCC 19-126), Proposed Changes in the Commission's Rules Regarding Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Reassessment of Federal Communications Commission Radiofrequency Exposure Limits and Policies, released December 4, 2019.

FCC Office of Engineering and Technology (OET) Bulletin 65, "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields", Edition 97-01, August 1997.

FCC Office of Engineering and Technology (OET) Bulletin 56, "Questions and Answers About Biological Effects and Potential Hazards of RF Radiation", edition 4, August 1999.

Appendix C. Proposed Signage



NOC Information Sign	INFORMATION This is an access paint to an area with beaming and the transmitting of the state of a state and for the state of a state and the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state is a state of the state of the state of the state of the state is a state of the state of t	Caution Sign	CAUTION Ending and the second Ending and th
Guidelines Sign	ADDATE AND A CONTRACT AND A CON	Warning Sign	CONTRACTOR
Notice Sign	NOTICE (())) Marcan and the Marcan and the		

Appendix D. Summary of Expert Qualifications

Synopsis:	 40+ years of experience in all aspects of wireless system engineering, related regulation, and RF exposure Has performed or led RF exposure compliance assessments on more than 20,000 antenna sites since the latest FCC regulations went into effect in 1997 Has provided testimony as an RF compliance expert more than 1,500 times since 1997 Have been accepted as an FCC compliance expert in New York, New Jersey, Connecticut, Pennsylvania and more than 40 other states, as well as by the FCC
Education:	 B.E.E., City College of New York (Sch. Of Eng.), 1971 M.B.A., 1982, Fairleigh Dickinson University, 1982 Bronx High School of Science, 1966
Current Responsibilities:	• Leads all PTG staff work involving RF safety and FCC compliance, microwave and satellite system engineering, and consulting on wireless technology and regulation
Prior Experience:	 Edwards & Kelcey, VP – RF Engineering and Chief Information Technology Officer, 1996-99 Bellcore (a Bell Labs offshoot after AT&T's 1984 divestiture), Executive Director – Regulation and Public Policy, 1983-96 AT&T (Corp. HQ), Division Manager – RF Engineering, and Director – Radio Spectrum Management, 1977-83 AT&T Long Lines, Group Supervisor – Microwave Radio System Design, 1972-77
Specific RF Safety / Compliance Experience:	 Involved in RF exposure matters since 1972 Have had lead corporate responsibility for RF safety and compliance at AT&T, Bellcore, Edwards & Kelcey, and PTG While at AT&T, helped develop the mathematical models for calculating RF exposure levels Have been relied on for compliance by all major wireless carriers, as well as by the federal government, several state and local governments, equipment manufacturers, system integrators, and other consulting / engineering firms
Other Background:	 Author, <i>Microwave System Engineering</i> (AT&T, 1974) Co-author and executive editor, <i>A Guide to New</i> <i>Technologies and Services</i> (Bellcore, 1993) National Spectrum Management Association (NSMA) – former three-term President and Chairman of the Board of Directors; was founding member, twice-elected Vice President, long-time member of the Board, and was named an NSMA Fellow in 1991 Have published more than 35 articles in industry magazines

Daniel J. Collins, Chief Technical Officer, Pinnacle Telecom Group, LLC