VIA EMAIL AND OVERNIGHT DELIVERY

Ms. Melanie A. Bachman Acting Executive Director Connecticut Siting Council Ten Franklin Square New Britain, CT 06051

RE: T-Mobile Northeast LLC CT11104 – Notice of Exempt Modification 32 Peaceable Street, Redding, CT

Dear Ms. Bachman:

This letter and attachments are submitted on behalf of T-Mobile Northeast LLC ("T-Mobile"). T-Mobile is undertaking modifications to certain existing sites in its Connecticut network in order to implement updated technology. In order to do so, T-Mobile will modify antenna and equipment configurations at a number of existing sites. Please accept this letter and attachments as notification, pursuant to R.C.S.A. Section 16-50j-73, of construction which constitutes an exempt modification pursuant to R.C.S.A Section 16-50j-72(b)(2). In compliance with R.C.S.A. Section 16-50j-73, a copy of this letter and attachments is being sent to the First Selectman of the Town of Redding, and the property owner, Eversource Energy. Please also see the letter of authorization from Eversource Energy attached hereto.

T-Mobile plans to modify the existing facility at 32 Peaceable Street owned by Eversource Energy/Connecticut Light and Power (coordinates 41.26870, -73.43043). Attached are drawings depicting the planned changes, and documentation of the structural sufficiency of the tower to accommodate the revised antenna configuration. Also included is a power density calculation reflecting the modification to T-Mobile's operations at the site.

The changes to the facility do not constitute a modification as defined in Connecticut General Statutes ("C.G.S.") Section 16-50i(d) because the general physical characteristics of the facility will not be significantly changed. Rather, the planned changes to the facility fall squarely within those activities explicitly provided for in R.C.S.A. Section 16-50j-72(b)(2).

- 1. The height of the overall structure will be unaffected. T-Mobile proposes to replace two (2) existing antennas at a centerline height of 85' AGL on a replacement mast. Additionally, T-Mobile will install four (4) new 7/8" coax cables and reuse four (4) existing 7/8" cables.
- The proposed changes will not extend the site boundaries. T-Mobile will remove two (2) GMA's and install an RBS 6102 equipment cabinet on the existing

concrete pad. Thus, there will be no effect on the site compound or T-Mobile's leased area.

- The proposed changes will not increase the noise level at the existing facility by six decibels or more. The incremental effect of the proposed changes will be negligible.
- 4. The changes to the facility will not increase the calculated "worst case" power density for the combined operations at the site to a level at or above the applicable standard for uncontrolled environments as calculated for a mixed frequency site. As indicated in the attached power density calculations, T-Mobile's operations at the site will result in a power density of 11.79%; the combined site operations will result in a total power density of 11.79%.

Please feel free to call me with any questions or concerns regarding this matter. Thank you for your consideration.

Respectfully submitted,

Eric Dahl, Agent for T-Mobile

edahl@comcast.net 860-227-1975

Attachments

cc: First Selectman Julia Pemberton, Town of Redding Hank O'Brien, Eversource Energy



September 21, 2015

David Karpinski, General Manager T-Mobile Northeast LLC 35 Griffin Road, South Bloomfield, CT 06002

Re: Site Permitting Authorization

Dear Mr. Karpinski,

Authorization is hereby given to T-Mobile Northeast LLC, its employees and its duly authorized agents and independent contractors (hereinafter collectively referred to as "T-Mobile Northeast LLC"), to apply for any and all local municipal, state and federal licenses, permits and approvals, including but not limited to Connecticut Siting Council, building permits, zoning variances, zoning special exceptions, site plan and subdivision approvals, driveway, wetlands and terrain alteration permits, which are or may be necessary or required for T-Mobile Northeast LLC to construct, operate and maintain a wireless communications system (PCS System), and/or antenna site on the following property owned by The Connecticut Light & Power Company dba Eversource Energy (ES):

32 Peaceable Street Redding, CT 06896 Pole 3261, Line 1470 CT11104A

The foregoing authorization is given subject to the following conditions:

- This authorization shall be nonexclusive. Nothing herein shall prevent or restrict ES from authorizing any other person or entity to apply for any similar licenses, permits or approvals to construct, operate and maintain any other communication system or facility of any type on the property at any time.
- 2. This authorization shall not obligate ES to pay for or reimburse any costs or expenses or to provide any assistance of any kind in connection with any applications, or bind or obligate ES to agree or be responsible for any on-site or off-site improvements, development restrictions, impact fees or assessments, capital improvement charges, bonds or other security, or any other fee, assessment, charge or expense imposed or required as a condition of any license, permit or approval. T-Mobile Northeast LLC shall be solely and fully responsible for all fees, charges costs and expenses of any kind in connection with any applications. ES agrees to reasonably cooperate with T-Mobile Northeast LLC in signing such applications or other similar documents as may be required in order for T-Mobile Northeast LLC to apply for any license, permit or approval.



- 3. This authorization shall not be deemed or construed to grant or transfer to T-Mobile Northeast LLC any interest in the property, whatsoever, and shall not in any respect obligate or require ES to sell, lease or license the Property to T-Mobile Northeast LLC or otherwise allow T-Mobile Northeast LLC to use or occupy the property for any purpose, regardless of whether any licenses, permits and approvals applied for by T-Mobile Northeast LLC for the property are granted. T-Mobile Northeast LLC understands and acknowledges that any and all applications filed by T-Mobile Northeast LLC for the property at T-Mobile Northeast LLC sole risk and without any enforceable expectation that the property will be made available for T-Mobile Northeast LLC 'use.
- 4. T-Mobile Northeast LLC shall be required to supply to ES, free of charge and contemporaneous with T-Mobile Northeast LLC filing of same, a complete copy of any and all applications, plans, reports and other public filings made by T-Mobile Northeast LLC with any local, municipal, state or federal governmental or regulatory officer, agency board, bureau, commission or other person or body for any licenses, permits or approvals for the property, and to keep ES fully informed on a regular basis of the status of T-Mobile Northeast LLC 'applications.
- This authorization shall automatically expire six (6) months after the date of this letter, unless extended in writing by mutual agreement of ES and T-Mobile Northeast LLC.

Very truly yours,

T & D ROW & Survey Engineering

Eversource Energy

AGREED TO ON BEHALF OF T-MOBILE NORTHEAST LLC

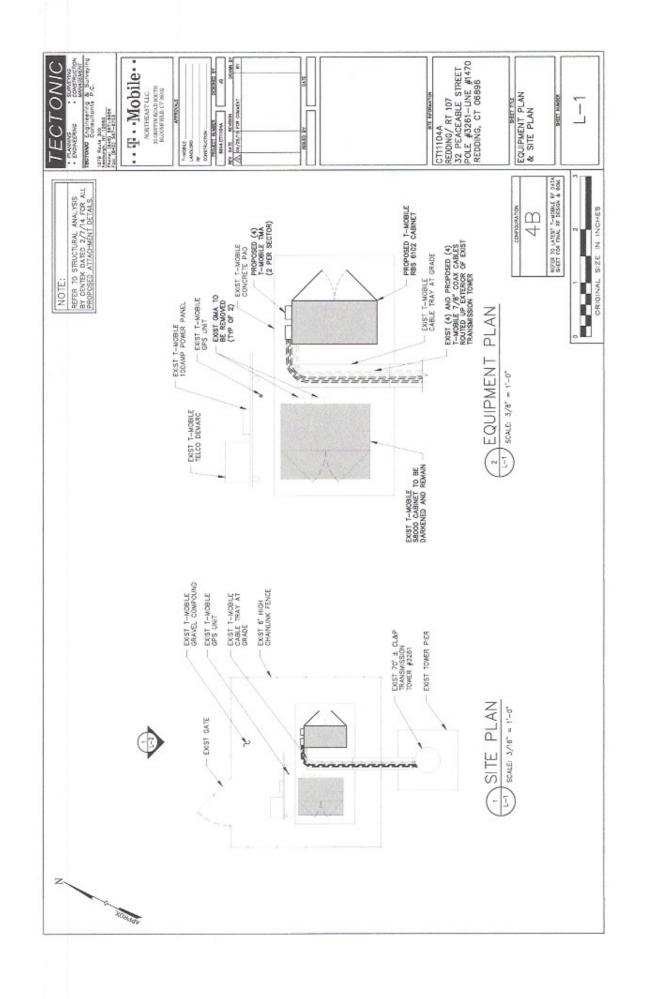
Bv:

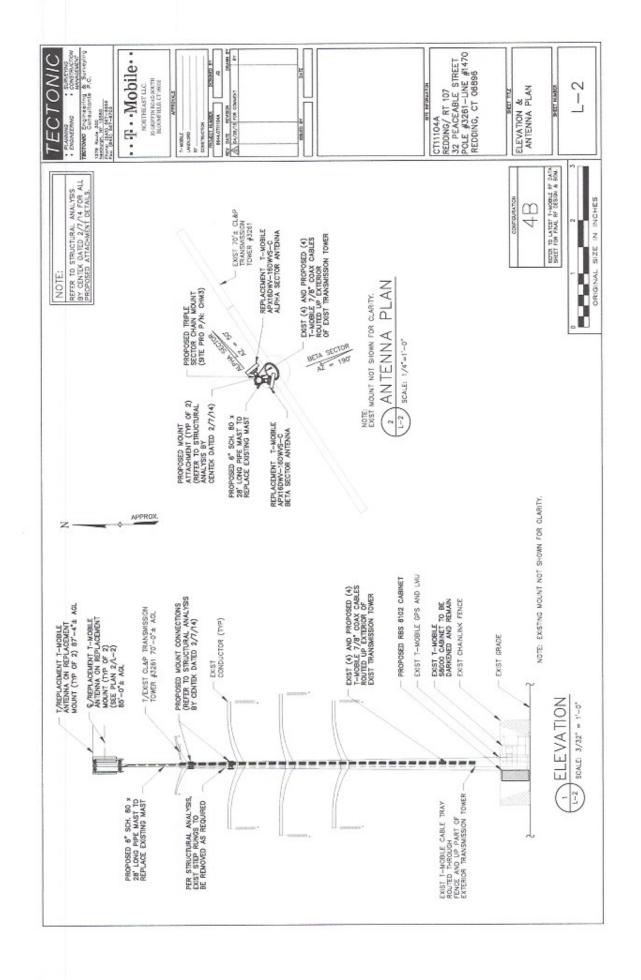
Duly Authorized

Date:

10-9-2015

32 Peaceable Street Redding, CT 06896 Pole 3261, Line 1470 CT11104A







Centered on Solutions™

Structural Analysis of PCS Mast and CL&P Pole

T-Mobile Site Ref: CT11104A

CL&P Structure No. 3261 70' Electric Transmission Pole

32 Peaceable Street Redding, CT

CENTEK Project No. 14025.004

Date: February 7, 2014



Prepared for: T-Mobile Towers 4 Sylvan Way Parsippany, NJ 07054

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Introduction

The purpose of this report is to analyze the existing PCS mast and 70' CL&P tower located at 32 Peaceable Street in Redding, CT for the proposed T-Mobile antenna upgrade.

The existing/proposed loads consist of the following:

- T-MOBILE (Existing to be Removed):

 Antennas: One (1) EMS RR65-18-00DP and one (1) EMS RR90-17-02DP panel antennas mounted on a PCS mast with a RAD center elevation of 85-ft above grade.

 Mast: One (1) 4" Sch. 40 pipe mast (O.D. = 4.5").
- T-MOBILE (Existing to remain):
 Coax Cables: Four (4) 7/8" Ø coax cables running on the outside of the tower.
- T-MOBILE (Proposed):

 Antennas: Two (2) RFS APX16DWV-16DWVS-E-A20 panel antennas mounted on a site pro triple sector chain mount p/n CHM3 to the proposed PCS mast with a RAD center elevation of 85-ft above grade.

 Coax Cables: Four (4) 7/8" Ø coax cables running on the outside of the tower.

 Mast: One (1) 6" SCH. 80 pipe mast x 28-ft long (O.D. = 6.625")

Primary assumptions used in the analysis

- Allowable steel stresses are defined by AISC-ASD 9th edition for design of the PCS Mast and antenna supporting elements.
- ASCE Manual No. 72, "Design of Steel Transmission Pole Structures Second Edition", defines allowable steel stresses for evaluation of the CL&P utility pole.
- All utility pole members are adequately protected to prevent corrosion of steel members.
- All proposed antenna mounts are modeled as listed above.
- Pipe mast will be properly installed and maintained.
- No residual stresses exist due to incorrect pole erection.
- All bolts are appropriately tightened providing the necessary connection continuity.
- All welds conform to the requirements of AWS D1.1.
- Pipe mast and utility pole will be in plumb condition.
- Utility pole was properly installed and maintained and all members were properly designed, detailed, fabricated, and installed and have been properly maintained since erection.
- Any deviation from the analyzed loading will require a new analysis for verification of structural adequacy.

Analysis

Structural analysis of the existing PCS Mast Structure was independently completed using the current version of RISA-3D computer program licensed to CENTEK Engineering, Inc.

The existing mast consisting of a 4-in SCH. 40 pipe (O.D. = 4.5") connected at two points to the existing tower was analyzed for its ability to resist loads prescribed by the TIA/EIA standard. Section 5 of this report details these gravity and lateral wind loads. NESC prescribed loads were also applied to the mast structure in order to obtain reactions needed for analyzing the CL&P tower structure. These loads are developed in Section 7 of this report. Load cases and combinations used in RISA-3D for TIA/EIA loading and for NESC/NU loading are listed in report Sections 6 and 8, respectively.

An envelope solution was first made to determine maximum and minimum forces, stresses, and deflections to confirm the selected section as adequate. Additional analyses were then made to determine the NESC forces to be applied to the CL&P tower structure.

The RISA-3D program contains a library of all AISC shapes and corresponding section properties are computed and applied directly within the program. The program's Steel Code Check option was also utilized. The forces calculated in RISA-3D using NESC guidelines were then applied to the CL&P pole using PLS-Pole. Maximum usage for the pole was calculated considering the additional forces from the mast and associated appurtenances.

Design Basis

Our analysis was performed in accordance with TIA/EIA-222-F-1996, ASCE Manual No. 72 – "Design of Steel Transmission Pole Structures Second Edition", NESC C2-2007 and Northeast Utilities Design Criteria

The CL&P pole structure, considering existing and future conductor and shield wire loading, with the pcs antenna mast was analyzed under two conditions:

UTILITY POLE ANALYSIS

The purpose of this analysis is to determine the adequacy of the existing utility pole to support the proposed antenna loads. The loading and design requirements were analyzed in accordance with the NU Design Criteria Table, NESC C2-2007 ~ Construction Grade B, and ASCE Manual No. 72.

Load cases considered:

Load Case 1: NESC Heavy	
Wind Pressure	4.0 psf
Radial Ice Thickness	0.5"
Vertical Overload Capacity Factor	1.50
Wind Overload Capacity Factor	2.50
Wire Tension Overload Capacity Factor	. 1.65
Load Case 2: NESC Extreme	
Wind Speed	110 mph (1)
Radial Ice Thickness	0"

CENTEK Engineering, Inc.

Structural Analysis – 70-ft CL&P Pole # 3261 T-Mobile Antenna Upgrade – CT11104A Redding, CT February 7, 2014

MAST ASSEMBLY ANALYSIS

Mast, appurtenances and connections to the utility pole were analyzed and designed in accordance with the NU Design Criteria Table, TIA/EIA-222-F, and AISC-ASD standards.

Load cases considered:

Load Case 1:

Wind Speed...... 85 mph (2)

Radial Ice Thickness...... 0"

Load Case 2:

Radial Ice Thickness...... 0.5"

Note 2: Per NU Mast Design Criteria Exception 1.

Results

MAST ASSEMBLY

The existing pipe mast was determined to be structurally **inadequate**. Replacement of the existing antenna mast with a **6 SCH**. **80 Pipe x 28-ft long (O.D. = 6.625")**, conforming to ASTM A53, Grade B, F_v = 35 ksi specifications will be required.

Member	Stress Ratio (% of capacity)	Result
6" Sch. 80 Mast	54.8%	PASS
Mast Connection to CL&P Tower	48.6% (1)	PASS

Note 1 - 1/3 increase in allowable stress not used for connection to tower per OTRM 059.

UTILITY POLE

This analysis finds that the subject utility pole is adequate to support the proposed antenna mast and related appurtenances. The pole stresses meet the requirements set forth by the ASCE Manual No. 72, "Design of Steel Transmission Pole Structures Second Edition", for the applied NESC Heavy and Hi-Wind load cases. The detailed analysis results are provided in Section 9 of this report. The analysis results are summarized as follows:

A maximum usage of 59.91% occurs in the utility pole base plate under the NESC Extreme Wind loading condition.

POLE SECTION:

The utility pole was found to be within allowable limits.

Tower Section	Elevation	Stress Ratio (% of capacity)	Result
Tube Number 4	0' -14.17' (AGL)	36.43%	PASS

BASE PLATE:

The base plate was found to be within allowable limits from the PLS output based on 14 bend lines.

Tower Component	Design Limit	Stress Ratio (percentage of capacity)	Result
Base Plate	Bending	59.91%	PASS

REPORT SECTION 1-3

CENTEK Engineering, Inc.

Structural Analysis – 70-ft CL&P Pole # 3261 T-Mobile Antenna Upgrade – CT11104A Redding, CT February 7, 2014

FOUNDATION AND ANCHORS

The existing foundation consists of a 6-ft square x 8.75-ft long reinforced concrete pier with twelve (12) rock anchors embedded 16.5-ft into rock. The base of the tower is connected to the foundation by means of (8) 2.25"Ø, ASTM A615 Gr. 75 anchor bolts embedded approximately 8.25-ft into the concrete foundation structure. Foundation information was obtained from NUSCO drawing no. 01106-60000.

BASE REACTIONS:

From PLS-Pole analysis of CL&P pole based on NESC/NU prescribed loads.

Load Case	Shear	Axial	Moment
NESC Heavy Wind	7.05 kips	31.02 kips	335.22 ft-kips
NESC Extreme Wind	12.45 kips	16.46 kips	580.28 ft-kips

Note 1 - 10% increase applied to tower base reactions per OTRM 051

ANCHOR BOLTS:

The anchor bolts were found to be within allowable limits.

Tower Component	Design Limit	Stress Ratio (% of capacity)	Result
Anchor Bolts	Tension	29.97%	PASS

FOUNDATION:

The foundation was found to be within allowable limits.

Foundation	Design Limit	Allowable Limit	Proposed Loading (2)	Result
Reinforced Conc. Pier w/ Rock Anchors	Overturning	1.0 FS ⁽¹⁾	1.94 FS ⁽¹⁾	PASS

Note 1: FS denotes Factor of Safety

Note 2: 10% increase to PLS base reactions used in foundation analysis per OTRM 051.

NO. 1800A CONNECTION OF CENTRAL O

Conclusions and Recommendations

This analysis shows that the subject utility tower with the replacement of the existing pipe mast as detailed in section 4 of this report is adequate to support the proposed T-Mobile equipment upgrade.

The analysis is based, in part on the information provided to this office by Northeast Utilities and T-Mobile. If the existing conditions are different than the information in this report, CENTEK engineering, Inc. must be contacted for resolution of any potential issues.

Please feel free to call with any questions or comments.

Respectfully Submitted by:

Carlo F. Centore, PE

Principal ~ Structural Engineer

REPORT

Prepared by:

Timothy J. Lynn, PE

Structural Engineer

SECTION 1-4

STANDARD CONDITIONS FOR FURNISHING OF PROFESSIONAL ENGINEERING SERVICES ON EXISTING STRUCTURES

All engineering services are performed on the basis that the information used is current and correct. This information may consist of, but is not necessarily limited to:

- Information supplied by the client regarding the structure itself, its foundations, the soil conditions, the
 antenna and feed line loading on the structure and its components, or other relevant information.
- Information from the field and/or drawings in the possession of CENTEK engineering, Inc. or generated by field inspections or measurements of the structure.
- It is the responsibility of the client to ensure that the information provided to CENTEK engineering, Inc. and used in the performance of our engineering services is correct and complete. In the absence of information to the contrary, we assume that all structures were constructed in accordance with the drawings and specifications and are in an un-corroded condition and have not deteriorated. It is therefore assumed that its capacity has not significantly changed from the "as new" condition.
- All services will be performed to the codes specified by the client, and we do not imply to meet any other codes or requirements unless explicitly agreed in writing. If wind and ice loads or other relevant parameters are to be different from the minimum values recommended by the codes, the client shall specify the exact requirement. In the absence of information to the contrary, all work will be performed in accordance with the latest revision of ANSI/ASCE10 & ANSI/EIA-222.
- All services are performed, results obtained, and recommendations made in accordance with generally accepted engineering principles and practices. CENTEK engineering, Inc. is not responsible for the conclusions, opinions and recommendations made by others based on the information we supply.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS PROGRAM~RISA-3D

RISA-3D Structural Analysis Program is an integrated structural analysis and design software package for buildings, bridges, tower structures, etc.

Modeling Features:

- Comprehensive CAD-like graphic drawing/editing capabilities that let you draw, modify and load elements as well as snap, move, rotate, copy, mirror, scale, split, merge, mesh, delete, apply, etc.
- Versatile drawing grids (orthogonal, radial, skewed)
- Universal snaps and object snaps allow drawing without grids
- Versatile general truss generator
- Powerful graphic select/unselect tools including box, line, polygon, invert, criteria, spreadsheet selection, with locking
- Saved selections to quickly recall desired selections
- Modification tools that modify single items or entire selections
- Real spreadsheets with cut, paste, fill, math, sort, find, etc.
- Dynamic synchronization between spreadsheets and views so you can edit or view any data in the plotted views or in the spreadsheets
- Simultaneous view of multiple spreadsheets
- Constant in-stream error checking and data validation
- Unlimited undo/redo capability
- Generation templates for grids, disks, cylinders, cones, arcs, trusses, tanks, hydrostatic loads, etc.
- Support for all units systems & conversions at any time
- Automatic interaction with RISASection libraries
- Import DXF, RISA-2D, STAAD and ProSteel 3D files
- Export DXF, SDNF and ProSteel 3D files

Analysis Features:

- Static analysis and P-Delta effects
- Multiple simultaneous dynamic and response spectra analysis using Gupta, CQC or SRSS mode combinations
- Automatic inclusion of mass offset (5% or user defined) for dynamic analysis
- Physical member modeling that does not require members to be broken up at intermediate ioints
- State of the art 3 or 4 node plate/shell elements
- High-end automatic mesh generation draw a polygon with any number of sides to create a mesh of well-formed quadrilateral (NOT triangular) elements.
- Accurate analysis of tapered wide flanges web, top and bottom flanges may all taper independently
- Automatic rigid diaphragm modeling
- Area loads with one-way or two-way distributions
- Multiple simultaneous moving loads with standard AASHTO loads and custom moving loads for bridges, cranes, etc.
- Torsional warping calculations for stiffness, stress and design
- Automatic Top of Member offset modeling
- Member end releases & rigid end offsets
- Joint master-slave assignments
- Joints detachable from diaphragms
- Enforced joint displacements
- 1-Way members, for tension only bracing, slipping, etc.

CENTEK Engineering, Inc.

Structural Analysis – 70-ft CL&P Pole # 3261 T-Mobile Antenna Upgrade – CT11104A Redding, CT February 7, 2014

- 1-Way springs, for modeling soils and other effects
- Euler members that take compression up to their buckling load, then turn off.
- Stress calculations on any arbitrary shape
- Inactive members, plates, and diaphragms allows you to quickly remove parts of structures from consideration
- Story drift calculations provide relative drift and ratio to height
- Automatic self-weight calculations for members and plates
- Automatic subgrade soil spring generator

Graphics Features:

- Unlimited simultaneous model view windows
- Extraordinary "true to scale" rendering, even when drawing
- High-speed redraw algorithm for instant refreshing
- Dynamic scrolling stops right where you want
- Plot & print virtually everything with color coding & labeling
- Rotate, zoom, pan, scroll and snap views
- Saved views to quickly restore frequent or desired views
- Full render or wire-frame animations of deflected model and dynamic mode shapes with frame and speed control
- Animation of moving loads with speed control
- High quality customizable graphics printing

Design Features:

- Designs concrete, hot rolled steel, cold formed steel and wood
- ACI 1999/2002, BS 8110-97, CSA A23.3-94, IS456:2000,EC 2-1992 with consistent bar sizes through adjacent spans
- Exact integration of concrete stress distributions using parabolic or rectangular stress blocks
- Concrete beam detailing (Rectangular, T and L)
- Concrete column interaction diagrams
- Steel Design Codes: AISC ASD 9th, LRFD 2nd & 3rd, HSS Specification, CAN/CSA-S16.1-1994 & 2004, BS 5950-1-2000, IS 800-1984, Euro 3-1993 including local shape databases
- AISI 1999 cold formed steel design
- NDS 1991/1997/2001 wood design, including Structural Composite Lumber, multi-ply, full sawn
- Automatic spectra generation for UBC 1997, IBC 2000/2003
- Generation of load combinations: ASCE, UBC, IBC, BOCA, SBC, ACI
- Unbraced lengths for physical members that recognize connecting elements and full lengths of members
- Automatic approximation of K factors
- Tapered wide flange design with either ASD or LRFD codes
- Optimization of member sizes for all materials and all design codes, controlled by standard or user-defined lists of available sizes and criteria such as maximum depths
- Automatic calculation of custom shape properties
- Steel Shapes: AISC, HSS, CAN, ARBED, British, Euro, Indian, Chilean
- Light Gage Shapes: AISI, SSMA, Dale / Incor, Dietrich, Marino\WARE
- Wood Shapes: Complete NDS species/grade database
- Full seamless integration with RISAFoot (Ver 2 or better) for advanced footing design and detailing
- Plate force summation tool

CENTEK Engineering, Inc. Structural Analysis – 70-ft CL&P Pole # 3261

T-Mobile Antenna Upgrade – CT11104A Redding, CT February 7, 2014

Results Features:

- Graphic presentation of color-coded results and plotted designs
- Color contours of plate stresses and forces with quadratic smoothing, the contours may also be animated
- Spreadsheet results with sorting and filtering of: reactions, member & joint deflections, beam & plate forces/stresses, optimized sizes, code designs, concrete reinforcing, material takeoffs, frequencies and mode shapes
- Standard and user-defined reports
- Graphic member detail reports with force/stress/deflection diagrams and detailed design calculations and expanded diagrams that display magnitudes at any dialed location
- Saved solutions quickly restore analysis and design results.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS PROGRAM~PLS-POLE

PLS-POLE provides all of the capabilities a structural engineer requires to design transmission, substation or communications structures. It does so using a simple easy to use graphical interface that rests upon our time tested finite element engine. Regardless of whether you want to model a simple wood pole or a guyed steel X-Frame; PLS-POLE can handle the job simply, reliably and efficiently.

Modeling Features:

- Structures are made of standard reusable components that are available in libraries. You can
 easily create your own libraries or get them from a manufacturer
- Structure models are built interactively using interactive menus and graphical commands
- Automatic generation of underlying finite element model of structure
- Steel poles can have circular, 4, 6, 8, 12, 16, or 18-sided, regular, elliptical or user input cross sections (flat-to-flat or tip-to-tip orientations)
- Steel and concrete poles can be selected from standard sizes available from manufacturers
- Automatic pole class selection
- Cross brace position optimizer
- Capability to specify pole ground line rotations
- Capability to model foundation displacements
- Can optionally model foundation stiffness
- Guys are easily handled (modeled as exact cable elements in nonlinear analysis)
- Powerful graphics module (members color-coded by stress usage)
- Graphical selection of joints and components allows graphical editing and checking
- Poles can be shown as lines, wire frames or can be rendered as 3-d polygon surfaces

Analysis Features:

- Automatic distribution of loads in 2-part suspension insulators (v-strings, horizontal vees, etc.)
- Design checks for ASCE, ANSI/TIA/EIA 222 (Revisions F and G) or other requirements
- Automatic calculation of dead and wind loads
- Automated loading on structure (wind, ice and drag coefficients) according to:
 - ASCE 74-1991
 - NESC 2002
 - NESC 2007
 - IEC 60826:2003
 - EN50341-1:2001 (CENELEC)
 - EN50341-3-9:2001 (UK NNA)
 - EN50341-3-17:2001 (Portugal NNA)
 - ESAA C(b)1-2003 (Australia)
 - TPNZ (New Zealand)
 - REE (Spain)
 - EIA/TIA 222-F
 - ANSI/TIA 222-G
 - CSA S37-01
- Automated microwave antenna loading as per EIA/TIA 222-F and ANSI/TIA 222-G
- Detects buckling by nonlinear analysis

CENTEK Engineering, Inc Structural Analysis – 70-ft CL&P Pole # 3261 T-Mobile Antenna Upgrade – CT11104A

Redding, CT February 7, 2014

Results Features:

- Detects buckling by nonlinear analysis
- Easy to interpret text, spreadsheet and graphics design summaries
- Automatic determination of allowable wind and weight spans
- Automatic determination of interaction diagrams between allowable wind and weight spans
- Automatic tracking of part numbers and costs

Criteria for Design of PCS Facilities On or Extending Above Metal Electric Transmission Towers & Analysis of Transmission Towers Supporting PCS Masts (1)

Introduction

This criteria is the result from an evaluation of the methods and loadings specified by the separate standards, which are used in designing telecommunications towers and electric transmission towers. That evaluation is detailed elsewhere, but in summary; the methods and loadings are significantly different. This criteria specifies the manner in which the appropriate standard is used to design PCS facilities including masts and brackets (hereafter referred to as "masts"), and to evaluate the electric transmission towers to support PCS masts. The intent is to achieve an equivalent level of safety and security under the extreme design conditions expected in Connecticut and Massachusetts.

ANSI Standard TIA/EIA-222 covering the design of telecommunications structures specifies a working strength/allowable stress design approach. This approach applies the loads from extreme weather loading conditions, and designs the structure so that it does not exceed some defined percentage of failure strength (allowable stress).

ANSI Standard C2-2007 (National Electrical Safety Code) covering the design of electric transmission metal structures is based upon an ultimate strength/yield stress design approach. This approach applies a multiplier (overload capacity factor) to the loads possible from extreme weather loading conditions, and designs the structure so that it does not exceed its ultimate strength (yield stress).

Each standard defines the details of how loads are to be calculated differently. Most of the NU effort in "unifying" both codes was to establish what level of strength each approach would provide, and then increasing the appropriate elements of each to achieve a similar level of security under extreme weather loadings.

Two extreme weather conditions are considered. The first is an extreme wind condition (hurricane) based upon a 50-year recurrence (2% annual probability). The second is a winter condition combining wind and ice loadings.

The following sections describe the design criteria for any PCS mast extending above the top of an electric transmission tower, and the analysis criteria for evaluating the loads on the transmission tower from such a mast from the lower portions of such a mast, and loads on the pre-existing electric lower portions of such a mast, and loads on the pre-existing electric transmission tower and the conductors it supports.

Note 1: Prepared from documentation provide from Northeast Utilities.

PCS Mast

The PCS facility (mast, external cable/trays, including the initial and any planned future support platforms, antennas, etc. extending the full height above the top level of the electric transmission structure) shall be designed in accordance with the provisions of TIA/EIA Standard 222 with two exceptions:

- An 85 mph extreme wind speed shall be used for locations in all counties throughout the NU system.
- The allowable stress increase of TIA Section 3.1.1.1 is allowed for mast section, but is disallowed for the mast to CL&P structure connection.
- The combined wind and ice condition shall consider ½" radial ice in combination with the wind load (0.75 Wi) as specified in TIA section 2.3.16.

ELECTRIC TRANSMISSION TOWER

The electric transmission tower shall be analyzed using yield stress theory in accordance with the attached table titled "NU Design Criteria". This specifies uniform loadings (different from the TIA loadings) on the each of the following components of the installed facility:

- PCS mast for its total height above ground level, including the initial and planned future support platforms, antennas, etc. above the top of an electric transmission structure.
- Conductors are related devices and hardware.
- Electric transmission structure. The loads from the PCS facility and from the electric conductors shall be applied to the structure at conductor and PCS mast attachment points, where those load transfer to the tower.

The uniform loadings and factors specified for the above components in the table are based upon the National Electrical Safety Code 2007 Edition Extreme Wind (Rule 250C) and Combined Ice and Wind (Rule 250B-Heavy) Loadings. These provide equivalent loadings compared to TIA and its loads and factors with the exceptions noted above. (Note that the NESC does not require the projected wind surfaces of structures and equipment to be increased by the ice covering.)

In the event that the electric transmission tower is not sufficient to support the additional loadings of the PCS mast, reinforcement will be necessary to upgrade the strength of the overstressed members.



Northeast Utilities Overhead Transmission Standards



Attachment A

NU Design Criteria

			2		coign orner				
			Basic Wind Speed	Pressure	Height Factor	Gust Factor	Load or Stress Factor	Force Coef - Shape Factor	
_			V (MPH)	Q (PSF)	Kz	Gh	TIA, Section		
nc	TIA/EIA	Antenna Mount	TIA	TIA (.75Wi)	TIA	TIA	3.1.1.1 disallowed for connection design	TIA	
Ice Condition	NESC Heavy	Tower/Pole Analysis with antennas extending above top of Tower/Pole (Yield Stress)		4	1.00	1.00	2.50	1.6 Flat Surfaces 1.3 Round Surfaces	
		Tower/Pole Analysis with Antennas below top of Tower/Pole (on two faces)		4	1,00	1.00	2.50	1.6 Flat Surfaces 1.3 Round Surfaces	
		Conductors:	X-1.33-00	Conductor loads provided by NU					
dtion	TIA/EIA	Antenna Mount	85	TIA	TIA	TIA	TIA, Section 3.1.1.1 disallowed for connection design	TIA	
High Wind Condtion	Extreme	Tower/Pole Analysis with antennas extending above top of Tower/Pole	Use	Use NESC C2-2007, Section 25, Rule 250C: Extreme Wind Loading 1.25 x Gust Response Factor Height above ground level based on top of Mast/Antenna					
High M	NESC Extr	Tower/Pole Analysis with Antennas below top of Tower/Pole	Use		Section 25, Rule 25 ground level based			1.6 Flat Surfaces 1.3 Round Surfaces	
	2	Conductors:			Conductor	loads provided by	yNU		
vind Vind	Wind on*	Tower/Pole Analysis with antennas extending above top of Tower/Pole		Use NESC C2-2007, Section 25, Rule 250D: Extreme Ice with Wind Loading 4PSF Wind Load 1.25 x Gust Response Factor Height above ground level based on lop of Mast/Antenna				1.6 Flat Surfaces 1.3 Round Surfaces	
NESC Extreme	Ice with Wind Conditon*	Tower/Pole Analysis with Aniennas below top of Tower/Pole		Use NESC C2-2007, Section 25, Rule 250D: Extreme Ice with Wind Loading 4PSF Wind Load Height above ground level based on top of Tower/Pole				1.6 Flat Surfaces 1.3 Round Surfaces	
Z	-	Conductors:		Conductor loads provided by NU					
		* Only for Structures Installed af	0007	department of the second					

Communication Antennas on Transmission Structures (CL&P & WMECo On				
Northeast Utilities	Design	OTRM 059	Rev.1	
Approved by: KMS (NU)	NU Confidential Information	Page 7 of 9	03/17/2011	



Northeast Utilities Overhead Transmission Standards



Shape Factor Criteria shall be per TIA Shape Factors.

2) STEP 2 - The electric transmission structure analysis and evaluation shall be performed in accordance with NESC requirements and shall include the mast and antenna loads determined from NESC applied loading conditions (not TIA/EIA Loads) on the structure and mount as specified below, and shall include the wireless communication mast and antenna loads per NESC criteria)

The structure shall be analyzed using yield stress theory in accordance with Attachment A, "NU Design Criteria." This specifies uniform loadings (different from the TIA loadings) on each of the following components of the installed facility:

- a) Wireless communication mast for its total height above ground level, including the initial and any planned future equipment (Support Platforms, Antennas, TMA's etc.) above the top of an electric transmission structure.
- b) Conductors and related devices and hardware (wire loads will be provided by NU).
- c) Electric Transmission Structure
 - i) The loads from the wireless communication equipment components based on NESC and NU Criteria in Attachment A, and from the electric conductors shall be applied to the structure at conductor and wireless communication mast attachment points, where those loads transfer to the tower.
 - ii) Shape Factor Multiplier:

NESC Structure Shape	Cd
Polyround (for polygonal steel poles)	1.3
Flat	1.6
Open Lattice	3.2

iii) When Coaxial Cables are mounted along side the pole structure, the shape multiplier shall be:

Mount Type	Cable Cd	Pole Cd	
Coaxial Cables on outside periphery (One layer)	1.45	1.45	
Coaxial Cables mounted on stand offs	1.6	1.3	

d) The uniform loadings and factors specified for the above components in Attachment A, "NU Design Criteria" are based upon the National Electric Safety Code 2007 Edition Extreme Wind (Rule 250C) and Combined Ice and Wind (Rule 250B-Heavy) Loadings. These provide equivalent loadings compared to the TIA and its loads and factors with the exceptions noted above.

Note: The NESC does not require ice load be included in the supporting structure. (Ice on conductors and shield wire only, and NU will provide these loads).

 e) Mast reaction loads shall be evaluated for local effects on the transmission structure members at the attachment points.

Communication Antennas on Transmission Structures (CL&P & WMECo Only)				
Northeast Utilities	Design	OTRM 059	Rev.1	
Approved by: KMS (NU)	NU Confidential Information	Page 3 of 9	03/17/2011	



Job:

Description:

INPUT DATA

Spec. Number Computed by Checked by

Page of of Sheet 2/6/14

Date Date

3261

TOWER ID:

Structure Height (ft): 70

Wind Zone: NW CT and MA (blue)

Wind Speed:

100 mph

Tower Type : O Suspension

Extreme Wind Model: PCS Addition

Strain

Shield Wire Properties:

<u></u>	BACK	AHEAD
NAME =	3/8 AW	3/8 AW
DESCRIPTION =	3/8	3/8
STRANDING =	7 #8 Al Weld	7 #8 Al Weld
DIAMETER =	0.385 in	0.385 in
WEIGHT =	0.262 lb/ft	0.262 lb/ft

Conductor Properties:

		BACK	AHEAD		
	NAME =	BITTERN	BITTERN		
Number of Conductors	1	1272.000	1272.000	1	Number of Conductors per
per phase		45/7 ACSR	45/7 ACSR	,	phase
D	IAMETER =	1.345 in	1.345 in		
	WEIGHT =	1.432 lb/ft	1.432 lb/ft		

200 lbs Insulator Weight =

Broken Wire Side = AHEAD SPAN

Horizontal Line Tensions:

	BACK		AH	EAD
	Shield	Conductor	Shield	Conductor
NESC HEAVY =	4,200	5,000	4,200	5,000
EXTREME WIND =	3,130	4,930	3,130	4,930
LONG. WIND =	na	na	na	na
250D COMBINED =	na	na	na	na
NESC W/O OLF =	na	na	na	na
60 DEG F NO WIND =	1,973	2,254	1,973	2,254

Line Geometry:

					SUM
LINE ANGLE (deg) =	BACK:	0	AHEAD:	0	0
WIND SPAN (ft) =	BACK:	155	AHEAD:	155	310
WEIGHT SPAN (ft) =	BACK:	235	AHEAD:	235	470



Job:

Description:

Spec. Number Computed by Checked by Page Sheet Date

Date

of 2/6/14

of

TOWER ID: [

3261

WIRE LOADING AT ATTACHMENTS

Wind Span = Weight Span = Total Angle = 310 ft 470 ft 0 degrees Broken Wire Span = AHEAD SPAN
Type of Insulator Attachment = STRAIN

1. NESC RULE 250B Heavy Loading:

1	INTACT CONDITION			BROKE	EN WIRE CON	DITION
	Horizontal	Longitudinal	Vertical	Horizontal	Longitudinal	Vertical
Shield Wire =	358 lb	0 lb	573 lb	179 lb	6,930 lb	286 lb
Conductor =	606 lb	0 lb	2,418 lb	303 lb	8,250 lb	1,209 lb

2. NESC RULE 250C Transverse Extreme Wind Loading:

	Horizontal	Longitudinal	Vertical
Shield Wire =	244 lb	0 lb	123 lb
Conductor =	853 lb	0 lb	1,073 lb

3. NESC RULE 250C Longitudinal Extreme Wind Loading:

	Horizontal	Longitudinal	Vertical
Shield Wire =	#VALUE!	#VALUE!	123 lb
Conductor =	#VALUE!	#VALUE!	1.073 lb

4. NESC RULE 250D Extreme Ice & Wind Loading:

	Horizontal	Longitudinal	Vertical
Shield Wire =	#VALUE!	#VALUE!	933 lb
Conductor =	#VALUE!	#VALUE!	2,444 lb

5. NESC RULE 250B w/o OLF's

	Horizontal	Longitudinal	Vertical
Shield Wire =	#VALUE!	#VALUE!	382 lb
Conductor =	#VALUE!	#VALUE!	1,612 lb

6. 60 Deg. F, No Wind

	Horizontal	Longitudinal	Vertical
Shield Wire =	0 lb	0 lb	123 lb
Conductor =	0 lb	0 lb	1,073 lb

7. Construction

	Horizontal	Longitudinal	Vertical
Shield Wire =	0 lb	0 lb	123 lb
Conductor =	0 lb	0 lb	1,073 lb



Job : Description: Spec. Number Computed by Checked by Page Sheet Date Date

of 2/6/14

of

NOTE: All loads include required overload factors (OLF's).

shield - back shield - ahead SHIELD - SUM conductor - back conductor - ahead CONDUCTOR - SUM shield - back shield - ahead SHIELD - SUM	178.8958333 178.8958333 357.7916667 302.8958333 302.8958333 605.7916667 HORIZONTAL 122.1364544 122.1364544	6930 -6930 0 8250 -8250 0 LONGITUDINAL 3130	286.2545299 286.2545299 572.5090597 1209.158198 1209.158198 2418.316396 VERTICAL
SHIELD - SUM conductor - back conductor - ahead CONDUCTOR - SUM shield - back shield - ahead SHIELD - SUM	357.7916667 302.8958333 302.8958333 605.7916667 HORIZONTAL 122.1364544	0 8250 -8250 0 LONGITUDINAL	572.5090597 1209.158198 1209.158198 2418.316396 VERTICAL
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shield - back shield - ahead SHIELD - SUM	605.7916667 HORIZONTAL 122.1364544	-8250 0 LONGITUDINAL	2418.316396 VERTICAL
shield - back shield - ahead SHIELD - SUM	HORIZONTAL 122.1364544	0 LONGITUDINAL	VERTICAL
shield - ahead SHIELD - SUM	122.1364544		
shield - ahead SHIELD - SUM		3130	
SHIELD - SUM	122.1364544		61.523
		-3130	61.523
conductor - back	244.2729088	0	123.046
	426.6844965	4930	536.52
conductor - ahead	426.6844965	-4930	536.52
CONDUCTOR - SUM	853.3689929	0	1073.04
	HORIZONTAL	LONGITUDINAL	VERTICAL
shield - back	#VALUE!	#VALUE!	61.523
shield - ahead	#VALUE!	#VALUE!	61.523
SHIELD - SUM	#VALUE!	#VALUE!	123.046
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		100000000000000000000000000000000000000	466,2664898
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			1221.807714
and the second s	and the second s	The second secon	2443.615427
COMBOOTOR COM			VERTICAL
shield - back	THE RESERVE OF THE PERSON NAMED IN		190.8363532
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CONDUCTOR COM			VERTICAL
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Market and the street of Market and the Market and	100	0.000.000	61.523
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			536.52
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	0	0	1073.04
OCHECOTOR COM	HORIZONTAL	LONGITUDINAL	VERTICAL
shield - back		_	61.523
	13.1	F 353 S 353	61.523
			123.046
			536.52
		100000000000000000000000000000000000000	536.52
			1073.04
	shield - ahead	shield - back shield - ahead conductor - back conductor - back shield - ahead shi	HORIZONTAL LONGITUDINAL shield - back shield - ahead #VALUE! #VALUE! SHIELD - SUM #VALUE! #VALUE! conductor - back #VALUE! #VALUE! conductor - ahead #VALUE! #VALUE! CONDUCTOR - SUM #VALUE! #VALUE! BHORIZONTAL HONGITUDINAL shield - back shield - ahead #VALUE! #VALUE! conductor - back #VALUE! #VALUE! conductor - ahead #VALUE! #VALUE! CONDUCTOR - SUM #VALUE! #VALUE! BHORIZONTAL HONGITUDINAL shield - back #VALUE! #VALUE! shield - back #VALUE! #VALUE! conductor - SUM #VALUE! #VALUE! CONDUCTOR - SUM #VALUE! #VALUE! CONDUCTOR - SUM #VALUE! #VALUE! conductor - back #VALUE! #VALUE! CONDUCTOR - SUM #VALUE! #VALUE! CONDUCTOR - SUM #VALUE! #VALUE! CONDUCTOR - SUM #VALUE! #VALUE! Shield - ahead #VALUE! #VALUE! CONDUCTOR - SUM #VALUE! #VALUE! CONDUCTOR - SUM #VALUE! #VALUE! CONDUCTOR - SUM #VALUE! #VALUE! AHORIZONTAL LONGITUDINAL shield - back #VALUE! LONGITUDINAL Shield - ahead #VALUE! LONGITUDINAL Shield - back #VALUE! LONGITUDINAL Shield - back #VALUE! LONGITUDINAL Shield - ahead #VALUE! LONGITUDINAL Shield - ahead #VALUE! LONGITUDINAL Shield - ahead #VALUE! #VALUE! CONDUCTOR - SUM #VALUE! #VALUE! CONDUCTOR - SUM #VALUE! #VALUE! SHIELD - SUM #VALUE! #VALUE! CONDUCTOR - SUM #VALUE! CONDUCTOR



Connecticut Light & Power

CL&P STRUCT. NO. 3261
T-MOBILE - CT11104A
32 PEACEABLE STREET
REDDING, CT 06896



2 8	PROJECT SUMMARY	0 4 0 0		
HOO	SITE ADDRESS:	32 PEACEABLE STREET REDDING, CT 06896		
ECT	PROJECT COORDINATES:	LAT: 41"-16"-07.25"N LON: 73"-25"-49.55"W ELEV:±486" AMSL		SMIN DE BOY O
STR	CL&P STRUCT NO:	3261		HOMEN A
P C0	CL&P CONTACT:	ROBERT GRAY 860,665,3175		3.0 Y
-MOBILE	SITE REF.:	CT11104A		#600 1
T-MOBILE	CONTACT:	MARK RICHARD 860.692.7143		(M) 1/24 1/27 0
TENNA	ANTENNA CL HEIGHT:	86,-0,,		Yes
GINEER	ENGINEER OF RECORD:	CENTEK ENGINEERING, INC. 63—2 NORTH BRANFORD ROAD BRANFORD, CT 06405		KENNO WORDS
CENTEK O	CONTACT:	CARLO F. CENTORE, PE 203,488.0580 ext. 122		
SHEET	INDEX			
SHT. NO.	DESCRIPTION	7	REV.	
T-1	TITLE SHEET		0	, may 10
L N	DESIGN BASIS	& GENERAL NOTES	0	AND
N-2	STRUCTURAL	STEEL NOTES	0	
- N	MODIFICATION	INSPECTION REQUIREMENTS	0	CONTRACT U1104A
S-1	TOWER ELEVATION	TION & FEEDLINE PLAN	0	CL CL
S-2	TOP CONNECTION	TION DETAILS	0	
5-3	воттом сом	BOTTOM CONNECTION DETAILS	0	5040 AS 9478/14 5040 AS 9478/ 428 RC. 1428/4264
S-4	CL&P POLE C	DIMENSIONS	0	
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0 2/02/14 124 CPC (05900 POR HBMO) 100 AND HBMON DEBIGN BABIB AND GENERAL NOTES F CLAP STRUCTURE 3261 CT11104A SLIBOM-T 5. BEFORE BEGINNING THE WORK, THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR MAKING SUCH INVESTIGATIONS CONCERNING PHYSICAL CONDITIONS (SURPAGE AND SUBSURFACE) AT OR CONTIGUOUS TO THE SITE WHICH MAY AFFECT PERFORMANCE AND COST OF THE WORK, THIS INCLUDES VERPTING ALL DIMENSIONS, LECKATIONS, ANGLES, AND EXISTING CONDITIONS AT THE SITE, PRIOR TO FABRICATION AND/OR INSTALLATION OF ANY WORK IN THE CONTRACTOR REA. CONTRACTOR SHALL TAKE FIELD MEASUREMENTS NECESSARY TO ASSURE PROPER FIT OF ALL FINISHED WORK. DRAWINGS INDICATE THE MINIMUM STANDARDS, BUT IF ANY WORK SHOULD BE INDICATED TO BE SUBSTANDARD TO ANY ORDINANCES, LAWS, CODES, RULES, OR REGULATIONS DRABING ON THE WORK, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL INCLUDE IN HIS SCOPE OF WORK AND SHALL EXECUTE THE WORK CORRECTLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH SUCH ORDINANCES, LAWS, COSTS. ALL DAMAGE CAUSED TO ANY EXISTING STRUCTURE SHALL BE THE SOLE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR. THE CONTRACTOR WILL BE HELD LABLE FOR ALL REPAIRS CONSTRUCTION FOR EXISTING STRUCTURES IF DAMAGED DURING CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES. 'n IF ANY FIELD CONDITIONS EXIST WHICH PRECLUDE COMPLIANCE WITH THE DRAWNOS, THE CONTRACTIOR SHALL PROCEED MAREDATED WORK AFTER CONFLICT IS SATISFACTORILY WITH AFFECTED WORK AFTER CONFLICT IS SATISFACTORILY PCS MAST INSTALLATION SHALL BE CONDUCTED BY FIELD CREWS EXPERIENCED IN THE ASSEMBLY AND ERECTION OF TRANSMISSION STRUCTURES, ALL SAFETY PROCEDURES, RIGGING AND ERECTION METHODS SHALL BE STANDARD TO THE INDUSTRY AND IN COMPLIANCE WITH OSHA. TOWER GEOMETRY AND STRUCTURE MEMBER SIZES WERE OBTAMED FROM THE TOWER DESIGN DRAWINGS PREPARED MEYER INDUSTRIES INC.; JOB NO. T-4011-RR DATED FEBRUARY 26, 1973. NO DRILLING WELDING OR TAPING IS PERMITTED ON CLARP OWNED EQUIPMENT. REFER TO STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS AND PCS MAST DESIGN PREPARED BY CENTEK ENGINEERING, INC., FOR T-MOBILE, DATED 2/07/14. BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE ALL CONSTRUCTION SHALL GOVERNING BUILDING CODE GENERAL NOTES

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BASED

BASIC WIND SPEED (V) =85 MPH (FASTEST MILE); ON TIA/EIA-222F AND NU MAST DESIGN CRITERIA EXCEPTION 1.

WIND LOAD; (PCS MAST) DESIGN CRITERIA

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SS.

GOVERNING CODE: 2003 INTERNATIONAL BUILDING CODE AND 2009 AMENDMENTS.

DESIGN BASIS

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TA/EIA-222-F-1996, ASCE MANUAL NO. 72 - "DESIGN OF STEEL TRANSMISSION POLE STRUCTURES SECOND EDITION", NESC C2-2007 AND NORTHEAST UTILITIES DESIGN CRITERIA.

iń

WIND LOAD: (UTILITY POLE & FOUNDATION)
BASIC WIND SPEED (V) =110 MPH (3-SECOND GUST)
BASED ON NESC C2-2007, SECTION 25 RULE 250C.

RESOLVED.

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Monumeration() 1340-143 (Memor) 1341	MICE SUPPLIES AND THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY		STEEL NOTES STEEL NOTES NOTE: NOTE
MILL BEARING ENDS OF COLUMNS, STIFFENERS, AND OTHER BEARING SURFACES TO TRANSFER LOAD OVER ENTIRE CROSS SECTION. FABRICATE BEAMS WITH MILL CAMBER UP. LEVEL AND PLUMB INDMIDUAL MEMBERS OF THE STRUCTURE TO AN ACCURACY OF 1:500, BUT NOT TO EXCEED 1/4" IN THE FULL HEIGHT OF THE COLUMN. COMMENCEMENT OF STRUCTURAL STEEL WORK WITHOUT NOTIFYING THE ENGINEER OF ANY DISCREPANCIES WILL BE CONSIDERED ACCEPTANCE OF PRECEDING WORK.			

22.

23.

ALL BOLTS, ANCHORS AND MISCELLANEOUS HARDWARE SHALL BE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ASTM 4153 "ZINC COATING (HOT-DIP) ON IRON AND STEEL

HARDWARE"

STRUCTURAL STEEL (OTHER SHAPES) --- ASTM A36

--ASTM A992

STRUCTURAL STEEL (W SHAPES)-

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS

ri

STRESS DESIGN (ASD).

(FY = 50 KSI)

2

--ASTM

STRUCTURAL HSS (RECTANGULAR SHAPES)-A500 GRADE B, (FY = 46 KS) STRUCTURAL HSS (ROUND SHAPES)----GRADE B, (FY = 42 KSI)

(TOWER REINF. SOLID ROUND BAR)-

FY = 36 KSI). STRUCTURAL STEEL

7

ASTM A572_GR50 (50 KSI)

-ASTM A500

--ASTM A53 GRADE B (FY = 35 KSI)

-3dld

FASTENER SPECIFICATIONS CONNECTION BOLTS-

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ALL STEEL MATERIAL (EXPOSED TO WEATHER) SHALL BE GALVANIZED AFTER FABRICATION IN ACCORDANCE WITH ASTM A123 "ZINC (HOT DIPPED GALVANIZED) COATINGS" ON IRONS AND STEEL PRODUCTS.

10

ALL STRUCTURAL STEEL IS DESIGNED BY ALLOWABLE

STRUCTURAL STEEL

21.

24.

WELDS, AND

CONTRACTOR SHALL COMPLY WITH AWS CODE FOR PROCEDURES APPERANCE AND QUALITY OF WELDS WELDING PROCESSES SHALL BE QUALIFIED IN ACCORDANCE WITH AWS "STANDARD QUALIFICATION

PROCEDURES, ALL WELDING SHALL BE DONE USING THE SCHEDULED ELECTRODES AND WELDING SHALL CONFORM TO ASC AND WELDING SHALL SHOUND STARL STARL NELD SIZES ARE NOT SHOWN, PROVIDE THE MINIMUM SIZE PER TABLET J2.4 IN THE ASC "MANUAL OF STEEL WELD SOMSTRUCTION" 9TH EDITION, AT THE COMPLETION OF WELDING, ALL DAMAGE TO GALYANIZED COATING SHALL BE REPAIRED.

THE ENGINEER SHALL BE NOTHED OF ANY INCORRECTLY FABRICATED, DAMAGED OR OTHERWISE MISTITING OR NO CONFORMING MATERIALS OR CONDITIONS TO REMEDIAL OR CORRECTIVE ACTION. ANY SUCH ACTION SHALL REQUIRE ENGINEER REVIEW.

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-ASTM A325-N, UNLESS

28

OTHERWISE SCHEDULED.

B U-BOLTS——ASTM A307
C. ANCHOR RODS——ASTM F1854
D. WELDING ELECTRODES——ASTM E70XX FOR A36
A572_GR60 STEELS, ASTM E80XX FOR
E. BLIND BOLTS——AS1252 PROPERTY CLASS 8.8

(FU=120 KSI).

4

CONNECTION ANGLES SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM THICKNESS

OF 1/4 INCHES.

5

CONTRACTOR TO REVIEW ALL SHOP DRAWINGS AND SUBMIT COPY TO ENGINEER FOR APPROVAL. DRAWINGS MUST BEAR THE CHECKER'S INITIALS BEFORE SUBMITTING TO THE ENGINEER FOR REVIEW, SHOP DRAWINGS SHALL INCLUDE THE FOLLOWINGS: SECTION PROFILES, SIZES, CONNECTION ATTACHMENTS, REINFORCING, ANCHORAGE, SIZE AND TYPE OF FASTENERS AND ACCESSORES. INCLUDE ERECTION DRAWINGS, ELEVATIONS AND DETAILS.

4

STRUCTURAL CONNECTION BOLTS SHALL CONFORM TO ASTM AZES, ALL BOLTS SHALL BE 3/4" DAMETER MINIBULM AND SHALL HAVE A MINIBUM OF TWO BOLTS, UNLESS OTHERWISE ON THE DRAWINGS.

ALL BOLTS SHALL BE INSTALLED PER THE REQUIREMENTS OF AISC 14TH EDITION & RCSC "SPECIFICATION FOR STRUCTURAL JOINTS USING HIGH

16.

STRENGTH BOLTS".

17

STRUCTURAL STEEL SHALL BE DETAILED, FABRICATED AND ERECTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LATEST PROVISIONS OF AISC MANUAL OF STEEL CONSTRUCTION.

só

ALL BOLTS SHALL BE INSTALLED AS SNUG-TIGHT
CONNECTIONS UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED.
CONNECTIONS SPECIFIED AS PRETENSIONED OF
SUP-CRITICAL SHALL BE TIGHTENED TO A BOLT TENSION
NOT LESS THAN THAT GIVEN IN TABLE J3.1 OF AISC

LOCK WASHER ARE NOT PERMITTED FOR A325 BOLTED

9 18 20.

FIT AND SHOP ASSEMBLE FABRICATIONS IN THE LARGEST PRACTICAL SECTIONS FOR DELIVERY TO SITE.

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PROVIDE ALL PLATES, CLIP ANGLES, CLOSURE PIECES, STRAP ANCHORS, MISCELLANEOUS PIECES AND HOLES REQUIRED TO COMPLETE THE STRUCTURE.

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INSTALL FABRICATIONS PLUMB AND LEVEL, ACCURATELY PITTED, AND FREE FROM DISTORTIONS OR DEFECTS.

4TH EDITION.

LOAD INDICATOR WASHERS SHALL BE UTILIZED ON ALL PRETENSIONED OR SLIP-CRITICAL CONNECTIONS.

SHOP CONNECTIONS SHALL BE WELDED OR HIGH STRENGTH BOLTED.

AFTER ERECTION OF STRUCTURES, TOUCHUP ALL WELDS, ABRASIONS AND NON-CALVANIZED SURFACES WITH A 95% ORGANIC ZINC RICH PAINT IN ACCORDANCE WITH ASSIM 780.

	PRE-CONSTUCTION		DURNO CONSTRUCTION		POST-CONSTRUCTION
SCHEDULED ITEN	PRIPORT ITEM	CET MESS	HETORY THEM	SCHEDULED	PEPORT ITEM
×	EOR MODIFICATION INSPECTION DRAWING	1	FOUNDATIONS	×	MODIFICATION INSPECTOR RECORD REDUNE DRAWING
×	EOR APPROVED SHOP DRAWINGS	1	EARTHWORK: BACKFILL MATERIAL & COMPACTION		POST-INSTALLED ANCHOR ROD PULL-OUT TEST
-1	EOR APPROVED POST-INSTALLED ANCHOR MPII	1	REBAR & FORNWORK GEOMETRY VERIFICATION	×	PHOTOGRAPHS
,	FABRICATION INSPECTION	1	CONCRETE TESTING		
1	FABRICATOR CERTIFIED WELDER INSPECTION	×	STEEL INSPECTION		
×	MATERIAL CERTFICATIONS	1	POST INSTALLED ANCHOR ROD VERFICATION		
		1	BASE PLATE GROUT VERIFICATION		
		1	CONTRACTOR'S CERTIFIED WELD INSPECTION		
		×	ON-SITE COLD GALVANZING VERIFICATION		
		×	CONTRACTOR AS-BUILT REDUNE DRAWINGS		
NOTES.	REFER TO MODIFICATION INSPECTION NOTES FOR ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS AT DEMOTES DOCUMENT REQUIRED FOR INCLUSION IN MODIFICATION INSPECTION FINAL REPORT. "" DEMOTES DOCUMENT NOT REQUIRED FOR INCLUSION IN MODIFICATION INSPECTION FINAL REPORT, EDIGINEER FOR FRECHED ANNI ANNI MACHINE FOR FRECHED FOR INSPECTION CRITICAL REPORT.	EQUIREMENTS CATION INSPEC	ONTOWAL REQUIREMENTS THIS MODELCATION INSPECTION FINAL REPORT. THE MODELCATION INSPECTION FINAL REPORT. THE MODELCATION INSPECTION FINAL REPORT.		

MONTH OF STATEMENT OF ALL MANOR

GENERAL

- ENGINEER OF THE MODIFICATION INSPECTION IS A VISUAL INSPECTION OF STRUCTURAL MODIFICATIONS, TO INCLUDE A REVIEW AND COMPILATION OF SPECIFIED SUBMITTALS AND CONSTRUCTION INSPECTIONS, AS AN ASSURANCE OF COMPLIANCE WITH THE CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENTS PREPARED UNDER THE DIRECTION OF THE ENGINEER OF RECORD (EOR).
- THE MODIFICATION INSPECTION IS TO CONFIRM INSTALLATION CONFIGURATION AND GENERAL WORKMANSHIP AND IS REVIEW OF THE MODIFICATION DESIGN OWNERSHIP OF THE MODIFICATION DESIGN EFFECTIVENESS AND INTENT RESIDES WITH THE ENGINEER OF RECORD. ò
- TO ENSURE COMPLIANCE WITH THE MODIFICATION INSPECTION REQUIREMENT ON TO CONTRACTOR (CG) AND THE MODIFICATION INSPECTIOR (M) COMMENCE COMMUNICATION UPON AUTHORIZATION TO PROCEED BY THE CLIENT, EACH PARRY SHALL BE PROACTIVE IN CONTACTING THE OTHER. THE EOR SHALL BE CONTACTED IF SPECIFIC GC/MI CONTACT INFORMATION IS NOT MADE F SPECIFIC GC/MI CONTACT INFORMATION IS NOT MADE AVAILABLE. ró
- THE GC SHALL PROVIDE THE MI WITH A MINIMUM OF BUSINESS DAYS NOTICE OF IMPENDING INSPECTIONS.
- WHEN POSSIBLE, THE GC AND MI SHALL BE ON SITE DURING THE MODIFICATION INSPECTION TO HAVE ANY NOTED DEFICIENCES ADDRESSED DURING THE INITIAL MODIFICATION INSPECTION. ιά

MODIFICATION INSPECTOR (MI)

- à THE MI SHALL CONTACT THE GC UPON AUTHORIZATION THE CLENT TO:
- REVIEW THE MODIFICATION INSPECTION REPORT REQUIREMENTS.
- WORK WITH THE GC IN DEVELOPMENT OF A SCHEDULE FOR ON-SITE INSPECTIONS.

 DISCUSS CRITICAL INSPECTIONS AND PROJECT - DISCUSS CONCERNS.
- THE MI IS RESPONSIBLE FOR COLLECTION OF ALL INSPECTION AND TEST REPORTS, REPORTING REPORTS, REPORTING SECTION AND CONNEXTS, CONDUCTING ON-SITE INSPECTIONS AND COMPLATION & SUBMISSION OF THE MODIFICATION INSPECTION REPORT TO THE is

GENERAL CONTRACTOR (GC)

- BY THE THE GC IS REQUIRED TO CONTACT THE GC UPON AUTHORIZATION TO PROCEED WITH CONSTRUCTION CLIENT TO:
- REVIEW THE MODIFICATION INSPECTION REPORT
 REQUIREMENTS.
 WORK WITH THE MI IN DEVELOPMENT OF A SCHEDULE
 FOR ON-SITE INSPECTIONS.
 OISCUSS CRITICAL INSPECTIONS AND PROJECT
- THE GC IS RESPONSIBLE FOR COORDINATING AND SCHEDULING IN ADVANCE ALL REQUIRED INSPECTIONS AND TESTS WITH THE MI. ri

CORRECTION OF FAILING MODIFICATION INSPECTION

- SHOULD THE STRUCTURAL MODIFICATION NOT COMPLY WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENTS, THE GC SHALL WORK WITH THE MODIFICATION INSPECTOR IN A VIABLE REMEDIATION PLAN AS FOLLOWS:
- CORRECT ALL DEFICIENCIES TO COMPLY WITH THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS AND COORDINATE WITH THE MI FOR A FOLLOW UP INSPECTION.

 WITH CLIENT AUTHORIZATION, THE GC MAY WORK WITH THE EOR TO REMALYZE THE MODIFICATION USING THE AS-BUILT CONDITION.

REQUIRED PHOTOGRAPHS

THE GC AND MI SHALL AT MINIMUM PHOTO DOCUMENT THE FOLLOWING FOR INCLUSION IN THE MODIFICATION INSPECTION REPORT:

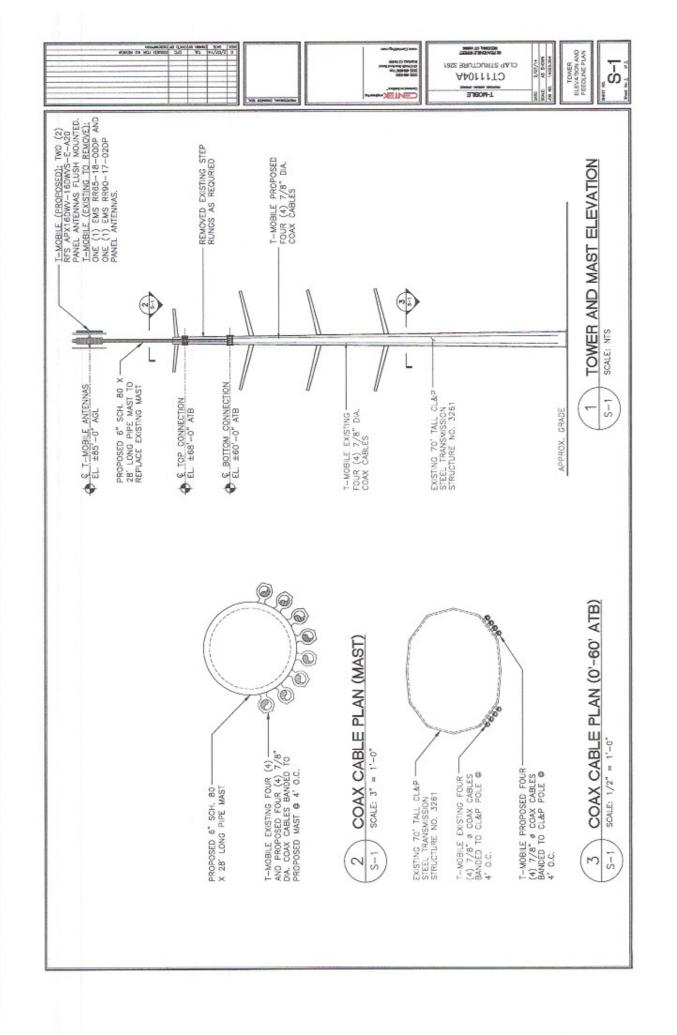
СТ11104A ССБР 5780 СТ11104 3.180M-T

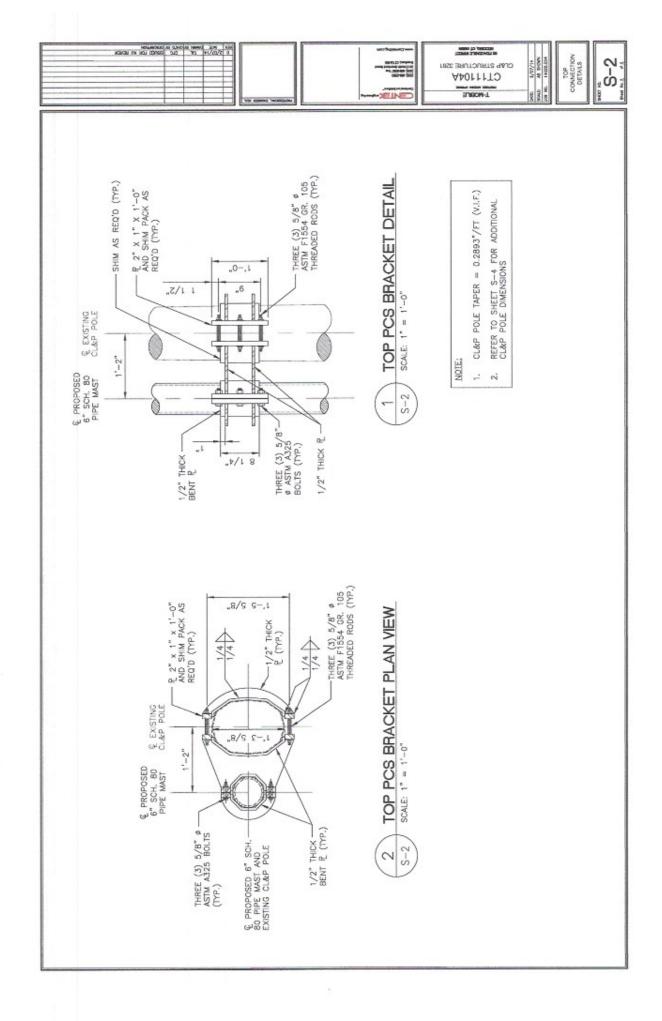
- PRE-CONSTRUCTION: GENERAL CONDITION OF THE STITE.

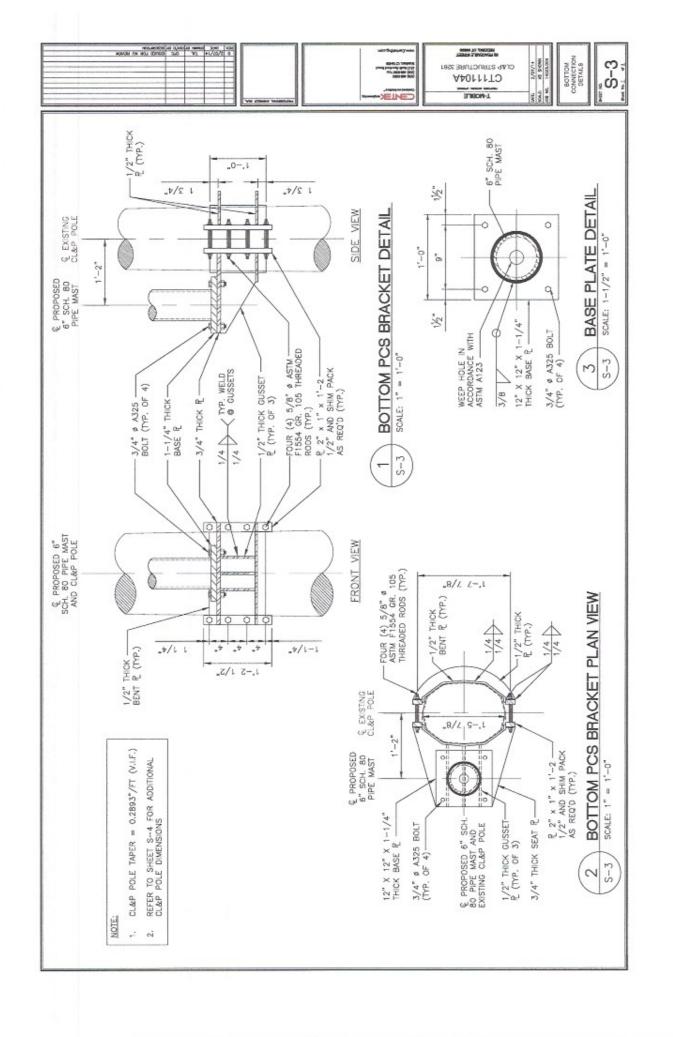
 DURANG CONSTRUCTION: RAW MATERALS, CRITICAL DETAILS, WELD PREPARATION, BOLT INSTALLATION & DETAILS, INAL. INSTALLED CONDITION & SURFACE COATING REPARAS.

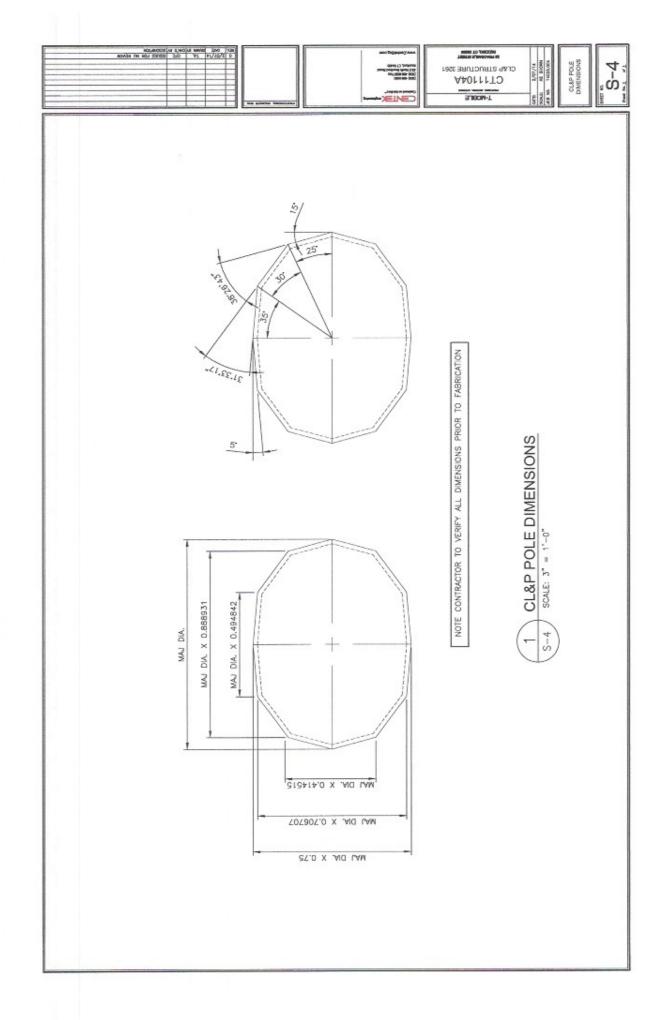
 POST-CONSTRUCTION: FINAL CONDITION OF THE SITE.

MODIFICATION INSPECTION REQUIREMENTS











RADIO FREQUENCY EMISSIONS ANALYSIS REPORT **EVALUATION OF HUMAN EXPOSURE POTENTIAL** TO NON-IONIZING EMISSIONS

T-Mobile Existing Facility

Site ID: CT11104A

Redding Rt 107 32 Peaceable Street Redding, CT 06896

January 8, 2015

Site Compliance	e Summary
Compliance Status:	COMPLIANT
Site total MPE% of FCC general public allowable limit:	11.79 %



January 8, 2015

T-Mobile USA Attn: Jason Overbey, RF Manager 35 Griffin Road South Bloomfield, CT 06002

Emissions Analysis for Site: CT11104A - Redding Rt 107

EBI Consulting was directed to analyze the proposed T-Mobile facility located at 32 Peaceable Street, Redding, CT, for the purpose of determining whether the emissions from the Proposed T-Mobile Antenna Installation located on this property are within specified federal limits.

All information used in this report was analyzed as a percentage of current Maximum Permissible Exposure (% MPE) as listed in the FCC OET Bulletin 65 Edition 97-01and ANSI/IEEE Std C95.1. The FCC regulates Maximum Permissible Exposure in units of microwatts per square centimeter (μW/cm2). The number of μW/cm² calculated at each sample point is called the power density. The exposure limit for power density varies depending upon the frequencies being utilized. Wireless Carriers and Paging Services use different frequency bands each with different exposure limits, therefore it is necessary to report results and limits in terms of percent MPE rather than power density.

All results were compared to the FCC (Federal Communications Commission) radio frequency exposure rules, 47 CFR 1.1307(b)(1) – (b)(3), to determine compliance with the Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) limits for General Population/Uncontrolled environments as defined below.

General population/uncontrolled exposure limits apply to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Therefore, members of the general public would always be considered under this category when exposure is not employment related, for example, in the case of a telecommunications tower that exposes persons in a nearby residential area.

Public exposure to radio frequencies is regulated and enforced in units of microwatts per square centimeter (μ W/cm²). The general population exposure limit for both the PCS and AWS bands is 1000 μ W/cm². Because each carrier will be using different frequency bands, and each frequency band has different exposure limits, it is necessary to report percent of MPE rather than power density.



Occupational/controlled exposure limits apply to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment and in which those persons who are exposed have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. Occupational/controlled exposure limits also apply where exposure is of a transient nature as a result of incidental passage through a location where exposure levels may be above general population/uncontrolled limits (see below), as long as the exposed person has been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Additional details can be found in FCC OET 65.

CALCULATIONS

Calculations were done for the proposed T-Mobile Wireless antenna facility located at 32 Peaceable Street, Redding, CT, using the equipment information listed below. All calculations were performed per the specifications under FCC OET 65. Since T-Mobile is proposing highly focused directional panel antennas, which project most of the emitted energy out toward the horizon, all calculations were performed assuming a lobe representing the maximum gain of the antenna per the antenna manufactures supplied specifications, minus 10 dB, was focused at the base of the tower. For this report the sample point is the top of a 6 foot person standing at the base of the tower.

For all calculations, all equipment was calculated using the following assumptions:

- 2 GSM channels (PCS Band 1900 MHz) were considered for each sector of the proposed installation. These Channels have a transmit power of 30 Watts per Channel
- 2 UMTS channels (AWS Band 2100 MHz) were considered for each sector of the proposed installation. These Channels have a transmit power of 30 Watts per Channel.
- 2 LTE channels (AWS Band 2100 MHz) were considered for each sector of the proposed installation. These Channels have a transmit power of 60 Watts per Channel.
- 4) All radios at the proposed installation were considered to be running at full power and were uncombined in their RF transmissions paths per carrier prescribed configuration. Per FCC OET Bulletin No. 65 Edition 97-01 recommendations to achieve the maximum anticipated value at each sample point, all power levels emitting from the proposed antenna installation are increased by a factor of 2.56 to account for possible in-phase reflections from the surrounding environment. This is rarely the case, and if so, is never continuous.



- 5) For the following calculations the sample point was the top of a six foot person standing at the base of the tower. The maximum gain of the antenna per the antenna manufactures supplied specifications minus 10 dB was used in this direction. This value is a very conservative estimate as gain reductions for these particular antennas are typically much higher in this direction.
- 6) The antennas used in this modeling are the RFS APX16DWV-16DWVS-E-A20 for 1900 MHz (PCS) and 2100 MHz (AWS) channels. This is based on feedback from the carrier with regards to anticipated antenna selection. The RFS APX16DWV-16DWVS-E-A20 has a maximum gain of 16.3 dBd at its main lobe. The maximum gain of the antenna per the antenna manufactures supplied specifications, minus 10 dB, was used for all calculations. This value is a very conservative estimate as gain reductions for these particular antennas are typically much higher in this direction.
- The antenna mounting height centerline of the proposed antennas is 85 feet above ground level (AGL).
- 8) Emissions values for additional carriers were taken from the Connecticut Siting Council active database. Values in this database are provided by the individual carriers themselves. Per the Connecticut Siting Council active database there are no additional carriers located at this facility.

All calculations were done with respect to uncontrolled / general public threshold limits.



T-Mobile Site Inventory and Power Data

Sector:	A	Sector:	В
Antenna #:	1	Antenna #:	1
Make / Model:	RFS APX16DWV- 16DWVS-E-A20	Make / Model:	RFS APX16DWV- 16DWVS-E-A20
Gain:	16.3 dBd	Gain:	16.3 dBd
Height (AGL):	85	Height (AGL):	85
Frequency Bands	1900 MHz(PCS) / 2100 MHz (AWS)	Frequency Bands	1900 MHz(PCS) / 2100 MHz (AWS)
Channel Count	6	Channel Count	6
Total TX Power:	240	Total TX Power:	240
ERP (W):	10,237.91	ERP (W):	10,237.91
Antenna A1 MPE%	5.90	Antenna B1 MPE%	5.90

Site Composite	MPE%
Carrier	MPE%
T-Mobile	11.79
Site Total MPE %:	11.79 %

T-Mobile Sector 1 Total:	5.90 %
T-Mobile Sector 2 Total:	5.90 %
T-Mobile Sector 3 Total:	0.00 %

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Summary

All calculations performed for this analysis yielded results that were within the allowable limits for general public exposure to RF Emissions.

The anticipated maximum composite contributions from the T-Mobile facility as well as the site composite emissions value with regards to compliance with FCC's allowable limits for general public exposure to RF Emissions are shown here:

T-Mobile Sector	Power Density Value (%)
Sector 1:	5.90 %
Sector 2:	5.90 %
T-Mobile Total:	11.79 %
Site Total:	11.79 %
Site Compliance Status:	COMPLIANT

The anticipated composite MPE value for this site assuming all carriers present is 11.79% of the allowable FCC established general public limit sampled at the ground level. This is based upon values listed in the Connecticut Siting Council database for existing carrier emissions.

FCC guidelines state that if a site is found to be out of compliance (over allowable thresholds), that carriers over a 5% contribution to the composite value will require measures to bring the site into compliance. For this facility, the composite values calculated were well within the allowable 100% threshold standard per the federal government.

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Scott Heffernan

RF Engineering Director

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