



Michael Gentile, Site Acquisition
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April 4, 2016

Melanie A. Bachman
Acting Executive Director
Connecticut Siting Council
10 Franklin Square
New Britain, CT 06051

**RE: Notice of Exempt Modification // Site Number: CT2151
177 West Rocks Road, Norwalk, CT (Site Name: Norwalk North-West Rocks Rd)
N 41.143922 // W -73.4182611**

Dear Ms. Bachman:

New Cingular Wireless, PCS, LLC (“AT&T”) currently maintains nine (9) antennas at the 111 foot level of the existing 108 foot water tank at 177 West Rocks Road, Norwalk, CT 06851. The water tank is owned by The First Taxing District of the City of Norwalk. They also own the property. AT&T now intends to replace three (3) of its existing antennas with three (3) upgraded models for its LTE upgrade. These antennas would be installed at the 111 foot level of the water tank. AT&T also intends to install three (3) remote radio units and three (3) surge arrestors.

The current proposal involves an antenna swap only (three for three); no antennas will be added. AT&T was originally approved for twelve (12) total antennas on January 5, 2000.

Please accept this letter as notification pursuant to Regulations of Connecticut State Agencies § 16-50j-73, for construction that constitutes an exempt modification pursuant to R.C.S.A. § 16-50j-72(b)(2). In accordance with R.C.S.A. § 16-50j-73, a copy of this letter is being sent to Harry Rilling, City of Norwalk Mayor, as well as the water tank and ground owner, The First Taxing District of the City of Norwalk.

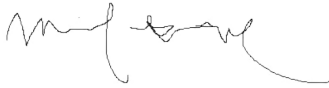
The planned modifications to the facility fall squarely within those activities explicitly provided for in R.C.S.A. § 16-50j-72(b)(2).

Attached to accommodate this filing are construction drawings dated April 4, 2016 by ComEx Consultants, a structural analysis dated March 31, 2016 by Destek Engineering/ComEx Consultants and an Emissions Analysis Report dated February 11, 2016 by EBI Consulting.

1. The proposed modifications will not result in an increase in the height of the existing structure.
2. The proposed modifications will not require the extension of the site boundary.
3. The proposed modifications will not increase noise levels at the facility by six decibels or more, or to levels that exceed state and local criteria.
4. The operation of the replacement antennas will not increase radio frequency emissions at the facility to a level at or above the Federal Communications Commission safety standard.
5. The proposed modifications will not cause a change or alteration in the physical or environmental characteristics of the site.
6. The existing structure and its foundation can support the proposed loading as shown in the attached structural analysis by Destek Engineering dated March 31, 2016.

For the foregoing reasons, AT&T respectfully submits that the proposed modifications to the above referenced telecommunications facility constitute an exempt modification under R.C.S.A. § 16-50j-72(b)(2).

Sincerely,



Michael Gentile, Site Acquisition
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mgentile@centerlincommunications.com

Attachments

cc: Harry Rilling, Mayor, City of Norwalk - as elected official
The First Taxing District of the City of Norwalk - as tower owner
The First Taxing District of the City of Norwalk - as property owner

RADIO FREQUENCY EMISSIONS ANALYSIS REPORT
EVALUATION OF HUMAN EXPOSURE POTENTIAL
TO NON-IONIZING EMISSIONS

AT&T Existing Facility

Site ID: CTU2151

NORWALK NORTH-WEST ROCKS RD
177 West Rocks Road
Norwalk, CT 06851

February 11, 2016

EBI Project Number: 6216000631

Site Compliance Summary	
Compliance Status:	COMPLIANT
Site total MPE% of FCC general public allowable limit:	16.92 %

February 11, 2016

AT&T Mobility – New England
Attn: Cameron Syme, RF Manager
550 Cochituate Road
Suite 550 – 13&14
Framingham, MA 06040

Emissions Analysis for Site: **CTU2151 – NORWALK NORTH-WEST ROCKS RD**

EBI Consulting was directed to analyze the proposed AT&T facility located at **177 West Rocks Road, Norwalk, CT**, for the purpose of determining whether the emissions from the Proposed AT&T Antenna Installation located on this property are within specified federal limits.

All information used in this report was analyzed as a percentage of current Maximum Permissible Exposure (% MPE) as listed in the FCC OET Bulletin 65 Edition 97-01 and ANSI/IEEE Std C95.1. The FCC regulates Maximum Permissible Exposure in units of microwatts per square centimeter ($\mu\text{W}/\text{cm}^2$). The number of $\mu\text{W}/\text{cm}^2$ calculated at each sample point is called the power density. The exposure limit for power density varies depending upon the frequencies being utilized. Wireless Carriers and Paging Services use different frequency bands each with different exposure limits, therefore it is necessary to report results and limits in terms of percent MPE rather than power density.

All results were compared to the FCC (Federal Communications Commission) radio frequency exposure rules, 47 CFR 1.1307(b)(1) – (b)(3), to determine compliance with the Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) limits for General Population/Uncontrolled environments as defined below.

General population/uncontrolled exposure limits apply to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Therefore, members of the general public would always be considered under this category when exposure is not employment related, for example, in the case of a telecommunications tower that exposes persons in a nearby residential area.

Public exposure to radio frequencies is regulated and enforced in units of microwatts per square centimeter ($\mu\text{W}/\text{cm}^2$). The general population exposure limits for the 700 and 850 MHz Bands are approximately $467 \mu\text{W}/\text{cm}^2$ and $567 \mu\text{W}/\text{cm}^2$ respectively. The general population exposure limit for the 1900 MHz (PCS), 2100 MHz (AWS) and 2300 MHz (WCS) bands is $1000 \mu\text{W}/\text{cm}^2$. Because each carrier will be using different frequency bands, and each frequency band has different exposure limits, it is necessary to report percent of MPE rather than power density.

Occupational/controlled exposure limits apply to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment and in which those persons who are exposed have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. Occupational/controlled exposure limits also apply where exposure is of a transient nature as a result of incidental passage through a location where exposure levels may be above general population/uncontrolled limits (see below), as long as the exposed person has been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Additional details can be found in FCC OET 65.

CALCULATIONS

Calculations were done for the proposed AT&T Wireless antenna facility located at **177 West Rocks Road, Norwalk, CT**, using the equipment information listed below. All calculations were performed per the specifications under FCC OET 65. Since AT&T is proposing highly focused directional panel antennas, which project most of the emitted energy out toward the horizon, all calculations were performed assuming a lobe representing the maximum gain of the antenna per the antenna manufactures supplied specifications, minus 10 dB, was focused at the base of the tower. For this report the sample point is the top of a 6 foot person standing at the base of the tower.

For all calculations, all equipment was calculated using the following assumptions:

- 1) 2 UMTS channels (850 MHz) were considered for each sector of the proposed installation. These Channels have a transmit power of 30 Watts per Channel.
- 2) 2 UMTS channels (PCS Band – 1900 MHz) were considered for each sector of the proposed installation. These Channels have a transmit power of 30 Watts per Channel.
- 3) 2 GSM channels (850 MHz) were considered for each sector of the proposed installation. These Channels have a transmit power of 30 Watts per Channel.
- 4) 2 LTE channels (WCS Band – 2300 MHz) were considered for each sector of the proposed installation. These Channels have a transmit power of 60 Watts per Channel.
- 5) 2 LTE channels (700 MHz) were considered for each sector of the proposed installation. These Channels have a transmit power of 60 Watts per Channel.
- 6) 2 LTE channels (PCS Band – 1900 MHz) were considered for each sector of the proposed installation. These Channels have a transmit power of 60 Watts per Channel.

- 7) All radios at the proposed installation were considered to be running at full power and were uncombined in their RF transmissions paths per carrier prescribed configuration. Per FCC OET Bulletin No. 65 - Edition 97-01 recommendations to achieve the maximum anticipated value at each sample point, all power levels emitting from the proposed antenna installation are increased by a factor of 2.56 to account for possible in-phase reflections from the surrounding environment. This is rarely the case, and if so, is never continuous.
- 8) For the following calculations the sample point was the top of a six foot person standing at the base of the tower. The maximum gain of the antenna per the antenna manufactures supplied specifications minus 10 dB was used in this direction. This value is a very conservative estimate as gain reductions for these particular antennas are typically much higher in this direction.
- 9) The antennas used in this modeling are the **CCI HPA-65R-BUU-H6, Powerwave P65-16-XLH-RR and the Powerwave 7770.00** for transmission in the 700 MHz, 850 MHz, 1900 MHz (PCS) and 2300 MHz (WCS) frequency bands. This is based on feedback from the carrier with regards to anticipated antenna selection. Maximum gain values for all antennas are listed in the Inventory and Power Data table below. The maximum gain of the antenna per the antenna manufactures supplied specifications, minus 10 dB, was used for all calculations. This value is a very conservative estimate as gain reductions for these particular antennas are typically much higher in this direction.
- 10) The antenna mounting height centerline of the proposed antennas is **111 feet** above ground level (AGL).
- 11) Emissions values for additional carriers were taken from the Connecticut Siting Council active database. Values in this database are provided by the individual carriers themselves.

All calculations were done with respect to uncontrolled / general public threshold limits.

AT&T Site Inventory and Power Data

Sector:	A	Sector:	B	Sector:	C
Antenna #:	1	Antenna #:	1	Antenna #:	1
Make / Model:	Powerwave 7770.00	Make / Model:	Powerwave 7770.00	Make / Model:	Powerwave 7770.00
Gain:	11.4 / 13.4 dBd	Gain:	11.4 / 13.4 dBd	Gain:	11.4 / 13.4 dBd
Height (AGL):	111 feet	Height (AGL):	111 feet	Height (AGL):	111 feet
Frequency Bands	850 MHz / 1900 MHz (PCS)	Frequency Bands	850 MHz / 1900 MHz (PCS)	Frequency Bands	850 MHz / 1900 MHz (PCS)
Channel Count	4	Channel Count	4	Channel Count	4
Total TX Power(W):	120	Total TX Power(W):	120	Total TX Power(W):	120
ERP (W):	2,140.88	ERP (W):	2,140.88	ERP (W):	2,140.88
Antenna A1 MPE%	0.90	Antenna B1 MPE%	0.90	Antenna C1 MPE%	0.90
Antenna #:	2	Antenna #:	2	Antenna #:	2
Make / Model:	CCI OPA-65R-BUU-H6	Make / Model:	CCI OPA-65R-BUU-H6	Make / Model:	CCI OPA-65R-BUU-H6
Gain:	12.65 / 15.25 dBd	Gain:	12.65 / 15.25 dBd	Gain:	12.65 / 15.25 dBd
Height (AGL):	111 feet	Height (AGL):	111 feet	Height (AGL):	111 feet
Frequency Bands	850 MHz / 2300 MHz (WCS)	Frequency Bands	850 MHz / 2300 MHz (WCS)	Frequency Bands	850 MHz / 2300 MHz (WCS)
Channel Count	4	Channel Count	4	Channel Count	4
Total TX Power(W):	180	Total TX Power(W):	180	Total TX Power(W):	180
ERP (W):	5,124.05	ERP (W):	5,124.05	ERP (W):	5,124.05
Antenna A2 MPE%	1.95	Antenna B2 MPE%	1.95	Antenna C2 MPE%	1.95
Antenna #:	3	Antenna #:	3	Antenna #:	3
Make / Model:	Powerwave P65-16-XLH-RR	Make / Model:	Powerwave P65-16-XLH-RR	Make / Model:	Powerwave P65-16-XLH-RR
Gain:	12.7 / 15.1 dBd	Gain:	12.7 / 15.1 dBd	Gain:	12.7 / 15.1 dBd
Height (AGL):	111 feet	Height (AGL):	111 feet	Height (AGL):	111 feet
Frequency Bands	700 MHz / 1900 MHz (PCS)	Frequency Bands	700 MHz / 1900 MHz (PCS)	Frequency Bands	700 MHz / 1900 MHz (PCS)
Channel Count	4	Channel Count	4	Channel Count	4
Total TX Power(W):	240	Total TX Power(W):	240	Total TX Power(W):	240
ERP (W):	6,117.63	ERP (W):	6,117.63	ERP (W):	6,117.63
Antenna A3 MPE%	2.83	Antenna B3 MPE%	2.83	Antenna C3 MPE%	2.83

Site Composite MPE%	
Carrier	MPE%
AT&T – Max per sector	5.68 %
Verizon Wireless	5.08 %
Clearwire	0.16 %
Nextel	4.73 %
Sprint	1.24 %
T-Mobile	0.03 %
Site Total MPE %:	16.92 %

AT&T Sector 1 Total:	5.68 %
AT&T Sector 2 Total:	5.68 %
AT&T Sector 3 Total:	5.68 %
Site Total:	16.92 %

AT&T _ Per Sector	# Channels	Watts ERP (Per Channel)	Height (feet)	Total Power Density ($\mu\text{W}/\text{cm}^2$)	Frequency (MHz)	Allowable MPE ($\mu\text{W}/\text{cm}^2$)	Calculated % MPE
AT&T 850 MHz UMTS	2	414.12	111	2.70	850	567	0.48 %
AT&T 1900 MHz (PCS) UMTS	2	656.33	111	4.28	1900	1000	0.43 %
AT&T 850 MHz GSM	2	552.23	111	3.60	850	567	0.64 %
AT&T 2300 MHz (WCS) LTE	2	2009.79	111	13.11	2300	1000	1.31 %
AT&T 700 MHz LTE	2	1117.25	111	7.29	700	467	1.56 %
AT&T 1900 MHz (PCS) LTE	2	1941.56	111	12.66	1900	1000	1.27 %
						Total:	5.68 %

Summary

All calculations performed for this analysis yielded results that were **within** the allowable limits for general public exposure to RF Emissions.

The anticipated maximum composite contributions from the AT&T facility as well as the site composite emissions value with regards to compliance with FCC's allowable limits for general public exposure to RF Emissions are shown here:

AT&T Sector	Power Density Value (%)
Sector 1:	5.68 %
Sector 2:	5.68 %
Sector 3 :	5.68 %
AT&T Maximum Total (per sector):	5.68 %
Site Total:	16.92 %
Site Compliance Status:	COMPLIANT

The anticipated composite MPE value for this site assuming all carriers present is **16.92%** of the allowable FCC established general public limit sampled at the ground level. This is based upon values listed in the Connecticut Siting Council database for existing carrier emissions.

FCC guidelines state that if a site is found to be out of compliance (over allowable thresholds), that carriers over a 5% contribution to the composite value will require measures to bring the site into compliance. For this facility, the composite values calculated were well within the allowable 100% threshold standard per the federal government.



Scott Heffernan
RF Engineering Director

EBI Consulting
21 B Street
Burlington, MA 01803

**STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS REPORT
WATER TANK**



Prepared For:
**Com-Ex Consultants, LLC
115 Route 46 – Suite E39
Mountain Lakes, NJ 07046**



Structure Rating:

Water Tank: Pass

Sincerely,
Destek Engineering, LLC

3-31-2016



Ahmet Colakoglu, PE
Connecticut Professional Engineer
License No: 27057

**AT&T Site ID: CT2151
FA: 1005081
Site Name: Norwalk North-West Rocks Rd
177 West Rocks Road
Norwalk, CT 06851**

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1.0 SUBJECT AND REFERENCES

The purpose of this analysis is to evaluate the structural capacity of the telecommunication installation on the existing 108'-0" tall water tank located at 177 West Rocks Road, Norwalk, CT 06851, for the additions and alterations proposed by AT&T Mobility.

The structural analysis is based on the following documentation provided to Destek Engineering, LLC (Destek):

- Construction Drawings prepared by Com-Ex, dated 10/01/2015.
- RFDS provided by AT&T, dated 08/19/2015.
- Structural Evaluation Letter prepared by Centek Engineering, dated 12/15/2014.
- Construction Drawings prepared by Centek Engineering, dated 12/20/2011.
- Structural Certification Letter prepared by Centek Engineering, dated 12/20/2011.
- Structural Analysis Report prepared by Centek Engineering, dated 12/16/2011.

1.1 STRUCTURE

The subject structure is an elevated water tank supported on (4) braced legs. The tank has a diameter of approximately 28 feet and the top of the tank is approximately 108 feet above the ground level (AGL). The tank has an approximate capacity of 135,000 gal. At the RAD center of 111.0 feet AGL, AT&T currently has nine (9) pipe mounted antennas on the existing triangular corral.

2.0 EXISTING AND PROPOSED APPURTENANCES

The analysis is based on the following existing and proposed appurtenances:

Existing AT&T Appurtenances:

Sector	Rad Center (ft.)	Antennas & Equipment	Coax	Mounts
Alpha, Beta & Gamma	111	(6) Powerwave 7770 (3) Powerwave P65-16-XLH-RR (18) Diplexers (6) Surge Arrestors (6) TMA-Powerwave/LGP 21401 (6) RRUS-11 (3) FC-12	(12) 1-5/8"	(9) Pipe Mounts on Triangular Corral

Proposed & Final AT&T Appurtenances:

Sector	Rad Center (ft.)	Antennas & Equipment	Coax	Mounts
Alpha, Beta & Gamma	111	(3) Powerwave 7770 (3) CCI OPA-65R-LCUU-H6 (3) Powerwave P65-16-XLH-RR (12) Diplexers (9) Surge Arrestors (6) TMA-Powerwave/LGP 21401 (6) RRUS-11 (3) RRUS-32 (3) FC-12	(6) 1-5/8", (2) DC trunk, (1) Fiber trunk	(9) Pipe Mounts on Triangular Corral

Others Appurtenances:

Rad Center (ft.)	Antennas & Equipment	Coax	Mounts
94	(12) Verizon Panel Antennas	(18) 1-5/8"	(12) Pipe Mounts on the handrail
103.75	(6) Sprint Panel Antennas	(6) 1-5/8"	(6) Pipe Mounts on the wall of tank
108	(3) T-Mobile Panel Antennas	(12) 1-1/4"	(3) Pipe Mounts on the wall of tank
111	(3) Nextel Panel Antennas	(9) 1-1/4"	(3) Pipe Mounts on the Triangular Corral
111	(3) Clearwire Panel Antennas	(1) 2" inner-duct (2) 1/2" coaxila	(3) Pipe Mounts on the Triangular Corral
111	(3) Unknown Carrier Panel Antennas	--	(3) Pipe Mounts on the Triangular Corral
117	(2) Clearwire 2'-6" Dish (1) Clearwire 2"-0" Dish	(3) 1/2" coaxial	(3) Pipe Mounts on the Triangular Corral

3.0 CODES AND LOADING

The analysis is in accordance with:

- *2005 State Building Code with all of the adopted Supplements and Amendments*
- *Minimum Design Loads for Building and Other Structures ASCE/SEI 7-02*, American Society of Civil Engineers
- *Specifications for Structural Steel Buildings – Allowable Stress ANSI/AISC 335-89s1*, American National Standards Institute/American Institute for Steel Construction

The following loading parameters are used:

- Occupancy Category IV
- S_s : 0.301g
- S_1 : 0.066g
- Seismic Site Class D
- Basic Wind Speed: 105 mph
- Exposure: B

4.0 STANDARD CONDITIONS FOR ENGINEERING SERVICES ON EXISTING STRUCTURES

The analysis is based on the information provided to Destek and is assumed to be current and correct. Unless noted otherwise, the structure and the foundation system are assumed to be in good condition, free of defects and can achieve theoretical strength.

It is assumed that the structure has been maintained and shall be maintained during its service. The superstructure and the foundation system are assumed to be designed with proper engineering practice and fabricated, constructed and erected in accordance with the design documents. Destek will accept no liability which may arise due to any existing deficiency in design, material, fabrication, erection, construction, etc. or lack of maintenance.

The analysis results presented in this report are only applicable for the previously mentioned existing and proposed additions and alterations. Any deviation of the proposed equipment and placement, etc., will require Destek to generate an additional structural analysis.

5.0 **ANALYSIS AND ASSUMPTIONS**

The structure is considered to have adequate strength for the proposed loading if the existing structural members that will be used to support the proposed equipment are structurally adequate per the applicable code criteria, or that the additions or alterations to the existing structure do not increase the force in any structural element by more than 5%.

This analysis was performed by utilizing Risa 3-D, a commercially available structural engineering software package by Risa Technologies, as applicable.

This analysis does not include an evaluation or qualification of the mounts supporting the existing and proposed equipment.

6.0 **RESULTS AND CONCLUSION**

Water Tank: The existing water tank is considered to have **adequate** structural capacity for the proposed additions by AT&T. Utilizing a conservative approach, seismic shear and moment are calculated to be 2.13 & 2.98 times higher than the wind shear and moment respectively, thus tank structural design is governed by seismic loads. The additional gravity load on the tank due to the existing equipment by others and AT&T additions are approximately 1.10% of the design gravity loads, less than 5%. Therefore, further analysis of the tank is not required and the structure is considered to have adequate capacity.

Therefore, the alterations proposed by AT&T **can** be implemented as intended and with the conditions and recommendations outlined in this report.

Should you need any clarifications or have any questions about this report, please contact Ahmet Colakoglu at (770) 693-0835 or acolakoglu@destekengineering.com.

**APPENDIX A
CALCULATIONS**

PURPOSE

The purpose of these calculations is to determine whether the Water Tank located at 177 West Rocks Road, Norwalk, CT 06851, has adequate structural capacity for the proposed changes by AT&T.

Wind Load

(reference Connecticut Building Code 2005 with 2013 Supplement)

The following variables will remain constant throughout the analysis of the water tank and the antennas/appurtenances:

[ASCE 7-02 Reference](#)

Location:	Norwalk, CT 06002	
Occupancy category:	IV	Table 1-1, pg. 3
Exposure category:	Exp := "B"	Section 6.5.6.3, pg. 25
$z_g := \begin{cases} 1200 \cdot \text{ft} & \text{if Exp} = \text{"B"} \\ 900 \cdot \text{ft} & \text{if Exp} = \text{"C"} \\ 700 \cdot \text{ft} & \text{if Exp} = \text{"D"} \end{cases} = 1200 \text{ ft}$ $\alpha := \begin{cases} 7.0 & \text{if Exp} = \text{"B"} \\ 9.5 & \text{if Exp} = \text{"C"} \\ 11.5 & \text{if Exp} = \text{"D"} \end{cases} = 7$		
Topographic factor:	$K_{zt} := 1.0$	Section 6.5.7.2, pg. 26
Wind directional factor:	$K_d := 0.95$	Table 6-4, pg. 80
Basic wind speed:	$V := 105$ mph	Figure 6-1c, pg. 36
Importance factor:	$I := 1.15$	Table 6-1, pg. 77
Gust effect factor:	$G := 0.85$	Section 6.5.8, pg. 26
Velocity pressure:	$q_z := 0.00256 \cdot K_{zt} \cdot K_d \cdot V^2 \cdot I \cdot \text{psf}$ $q_z = 31 \cdot \text{psf}$	Equation 6-15, pg. 27
Force coefficients:		Figure 6-21, pg 74

for Flat surface	for $D \cdot \sqrt{q_z} > 2.5$	for $D \cdot \sqrt{q_z} < 2.5$
$C_{F_flat} := \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1.3 \\ 7 & 1.4 \\ 25 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$	$C_{F_round_1} := \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0.5 \\ 7 & 0.6 \\ 25 & 0.7 \end{pmatrix}$	$C_{F_round_2} := \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0.7 \\ 7 & 0.8 \\ 25 & 1.2 \end{pmatrix}$

Compute Wind Load on the Water Tank

Water Tower Elevation at Critical Elements:

Top of Tank Elevation:	$H_{\text{tank}} := 108\text{ft}$	AGL
Top of Shaft Elevation:	$H_{\text{shaft}} := 78\text{ft}$	AGL
Top of Leg Elevation:	$H_{\text{legs}} := 89\text{ft}$	AGL

Compute Wind Loads on Reservoir:

Height (at one half point): $z_{\text{tank_wind}} := H_{\text{tank}} - \frac{1}{2}(H_{\text{tank}} - H_{\text{shaft}}) = 93\text{ft}$

Velocity pressure exposure coefficient: $K_z := 2.01 \cdot \left(\frac{z_{\text{tank_wind}}}{z_g} \right)^{\frac{2}{\alpha}} = 0.968$ Table 6-3, pg. 79

Reservoir Height: $h_{\text{tank}} := H_{\text{tank}} - H_{\text{shaft}} = 30\text{ft}$

Reservoir Diameter: $D_{\text{tank}} := 28\text{ft}$

Force coefficient: $C_f := \text{linterp} \left(C_{F_round_1}^{\langle 0 \rangle}, C_{F_round_1}^{\langle 1 \rangle}, \frac{D_{\text{tank}}}{h_{\text{tank}}} \right) = 0.499$

Area: $A_{\text{tank}} := \pi \cdot \frac{h_{\text{tank}}}{2} \cdot \frac{D_{\text{tank}}}{2} = 659.7\text{ft}^2$

Wind Load: $F_{\text{tank}} := G \cdot A_{\text{tank}} \cdot C_f \cdot q_z \cdot K_z = 8.3 \cdot \text{kip}$

Compute Wind Loads on Shaft:

Height (at two thirds point): $z_{\text{shaft_wind}} := \frac{2}{3}(H_{\text{shaft}}) = 52\text{ft}$

Velocity pressure exposure coefficient: $K_z := 2.01 \cdot \left(\frac{z_{\text{shaft_wind}}}{z_g} \right)^{\frac{2}{\alpha}} = 0.82$ Table 6-3, pg. 79

Shaft Height: $h_{\text{shaft}} := H_{\text{shaft}} = 78\text{ft}$

Shaft Diameter: $D_{\text{shaft}} := 5\text{ft}$ approximate

Force coefficient: $C_f := \min \left(\text{linterp} \left(C_{F_round_1}^{\langle 0 \rangle}, C_{F_round_1}^{\langle 1 \rangle}, \frac{h_{\text{shaft}}}{D_{\text{shaft}}} \right), 0.7 \right) = 0.648$

Area: $A_{\text{shaft}} := h_{\text{shaft}} \cdot D_{\text{shaft}} = 390\text{ft}^2$

Wind Load: $F_{\text{shaft}} := G \cdot A_{\text{shaft}} \cdot C_f \cdot q_z \cdot K_z = 5.4 \cdot \text{kip}$

Compute Wind Loads on Legs:

Height (at two thirds point):

$$z_{leg_wind} := \frac{2}{3} \cdot H_{legs} = 59.333 \text{ ft}$$

Velocity pressure exposure coefficient:

$$K_z := 2.01 \cdot \left(\frac{z_{leg_wind}}{z_g} \right)^{\frac{2}{\alpha}} = 0.851$$

Table 6-3, pg. 79

Leg Height:

$$h_{leg} := H_{legs} = 89 \text{ ft}$$

Leg width:

$$D_{leg} := 12.4 \text{ in}$$

Number of legs:

$$n_{leg} := 4$$

Force coefficient:

$$C_f := \min \left(\text{linterp} \left(C_{F_round_1}^{(0)}, C_{F_round_1}^{(1)}, \frac{h_{leg}}{D_{leg}} \right), 0.7 \right) = 0.7$$

Area:

$$A_{legs} := n_{leg} \cdot h_{leg} \cdot D_{leg} = 367.87 \text{ ft}^2$$

Wind Load:

$$F_{legs} := G \cdot A_{legs} \cdot C_f \cdot q_z \cdot K_z = 5.7 \cdot \text{kip}$$

Compute Wind Loads on Diagonal Leg Bracing:

For Lower Level:

Height (at two thirds point):

$$z_{DBrace1_wind} := \frac{2}{3} \cdot 30 \text{ ft} = 20 \text{ ft}$$

Velocity pressure exposure coefficient:

$$K_z := 2.01 \cdot \left(\frac{z_{DBrace1_wind}}{z_g} \right)^{\frac{2}{\alpha}} = 0.624$$

Table 6-3, pg. 79

Brace Length:

$$H_{DBrace1} := 38.5 \text{ ft} \quad \text{approximate}$$

Brace Diameter:

$$D_{DBrace1} := 1.125 \text{ in} \quad \text{approximate}$$

Number of Braces:

$$n_{DBrace1} := 8$$

Force coefficient:

$$C_f := \min \left(\text{linterp} \left(C_{F_round_2}^{(0)}, C_{F_round_2}^{(1)}, \frac{H_{DBrace1}}{D_{DBrace1}} \right), 1.2 \right) = 1.2$$

Area:

$$A_{DBrace1} := n_{DBrace1} \cdot H_{DBrace1} \cdot D_{DBrace1} = 28.875 \text{ ft}^2$$

Wind Load:

$$F_{DBrace1} := G \cdot A_{DBrace1} \cdot C_f \cdot q_z \cdot K_z = 0.6 \cdot \text{kip}$$

Compute Wind Loads on Diagonal Leg Bracing:

For Middle Level:

Height (at two thirds point):

$$z_{D\text{Brace}2_wind} := \frac{2}{3} \cdot 30\text{ft} + 30\text{ft} = 50\text{ft}$$

Velocity pressure exposure coefficient:

$$K_z := 2.01 \cdot \left(\frac{z_{D\text{Brace}2_wind}}{z_g} \right)^{\frac{2}{\alpha}} = 0.811$$

Table 6-3, pg. 79

Brace Length:

$$H_{D\text{Brace}2} := 36.3\text{ft} \quad \text{approximate}$$

Brace Diameter:

$$D_{D\text{Brace}2} := 1.0625\text{in} \quad \text{approximate}$$

Number of Braces:

$$n_{D\text{Brace}2} := 8$$

Force coefficient:

$$C_f := \min \left(\text{linterp} \left(C_{F_round_2}^{(0)}, C_{F_round_2}^{(1)}, \frac{H_{D\text{Brace}2}}{D_{D\text{Brace}2}} \right), 1.2 \right) = 1.2$$

Area:

$$A_{D\text{Brace}2} := n_{D\text{Brace}2} \cdot H_{D\text{Brace}2} \cdot D_{D\text{Brace}2} = 25.712\text{ft}^2$$

Wind Load:

$$F_{D\text{Brace}2} := G \cdot A_{D\text{Brace}2} \cdot C_f \cdot q_z \cdot K_z = 0.7 \cdot \text{kip}$$

Compute Wind Loads on Diagonal Leg Bracing:

For Upper Level:

Height (at two thirds point):

$$z_{D\text{Brace}3_wind} := \frac{2}{3} \cdot 30\text{ft} + 60\text{ft} = 80\text{ft}$$

Velocity pressure exposure coefficient:

$$K_z := 2.01 \cdot \left(\frac{z_{D\text{Brace}3_wind}}{z_g} \right)^{\frac{2}{\alpha}} = 0.927$$

Table 6-3, pg. 79

Brace Length:

$$H_{D\text{Brace}3} := 31.75\text{ft} \quad \text{approximate}$$

Brace Diameter:

$$D_{D\text{Brace}3} := 1.0\text{in} \quad \text{approximate}$$

Number of Braces:

$$n_{D\text{Brace}3} := 8$$

Force coefficient:

$$C_f := \min \left(\text{linterp} \left(C_{F_round_2}^{(0)}, C_{F_round_2}^{(1)}, \frac{H_{D\text{Brace}3}}{D_{D\text{Brace}3}} \right), 1.2 \right) = 1.2$$

Area:

$$A_{D\text{Brace}3} := n_{D\text{Brace}3} \cdot H_{D\text{Brace}3} \cdot D_{D\text{Brace}3} = 21.167\text{ft}^2$$

Wind Load:

$$F_{D\text{Brace}3} := G \cdot A_{D\text{Brace}3} \cdot C_f \cdot q_z \cdot K_z = 0.6 \cdot \text{kip}$$

Compute Wind Loads on Horizontal Bracing:

For Lower Member:

Height: $Z_{HBrace1_wind} := 30ft$

Velocity pressure exposure coefficient: $K_z := 2.01 \cdot \left(\frac{Z_{HBrace1_wind}}{z_g} \right)^{\frac{2}{\alpha}} = 0.701$ Table 6-3, pg. 79

Brace Length: $H_{HBrace1} := 30ft$ approximate

Brace Depth: $D_{HBrace1} := 8in$ approximate

Number of Braces: $n_{HBrace1} := 4$

Force coefficient: $C_f := \min \left(\text{linterp} \left(C_{F_flat}^{(0)}, C_{F_flat}^{(1)}, \frac{H_{HBrace1}}{D_{HBrace1}} \right), 2 \right) = 2$

Area: $A_{HBrace1} := n_{HBrace1} \cdot H_{HBrace1} \cdot D_{HBrace1} = 80 ft^2$

Wind Load: $F_{HBrace1} := A_{HBrace1} \cdot C_f \cdot q_z \cdot K_z = 3.456 \cdot kip$

For Upper Member:

Height: $Z_{HBrace2_wind} := 60ft$

Velocity pressure exposure coefficient: $K_z := 2.01 \cdot \left(\frac{Z_{HBrace2_wind}}{z_g} \right)^{\frac{2}{\alpha}} = 0.854$ Table 6-3, pg. 79

Brace Length: $H_{HBrace2} := 25ft$ approximate

Brace Depth: $D_{HBrace2} := 8in$ approximate

Number of Braces: $n_{HBrace2} := 4$

Force coefficient: $C_f := \min \left(\text{linterp} \left(C_{F_flat}^{(0)}, C_{F_flat}^{(1)}, \frac{H_{HBrace2}}{D_{HBrace2}} \right), 2 \right) = 2$

Area: $A_{HBrace2} := n_{HBrace2} \cdot H_{HBrace2} \cdot D_{HBrace2} = 66.667 ft^2$

Wind Load: $F_{HBrace2} := A_{HBrace2} \cdot C_f \cdot q_z \cdot K_z = 3.511 \cdot kip$

Compute Wind Loads on Handrail Members:

For Longitudinal Member:

Height: $z_{HR1_wind} := 111\text{ft}$ Approximate

Velocity pressure exposure coefficient: $K_z := 2.01 \cdot \left(\frac{z_{HR1_wind}}{z_g} \right)^{\frac{2}{\alpha}} = 1.018$ Table 6-3, pg. 79

Member Length: $H_{HR1} := 28\text{ft}$ Approximate

Member Depth: $D_{HR1} := 2\text{in}$ Approximate

Number of Longitudinal Members: $n_{HR1} := 1$ Approximate

Force coefficient: $C_f := \min \left(\text{linterp} \left(C_{F_flat}^{(0)}, C_{F_flat}^{(1)}, \frac{H_{HR1}}{D_{HR1}} \right), 2 \right) = 2$

Area: $A_{HR1} := n_{HR1} \cdot H_{HR1} \cdot D_{HR1} = 4.7\text{ft}^2$

Wind Load: $F_{HR1} := G \cdot A_{HR1} \cdot C_f \cdot q_z \cdot K_z = 0.2 \cdot \text{kip}$

For Bracing Members:

Height: $z_{HR2_wind} := 111\text{ft}$

Velocity pressure exposure coefficient: $K_z := 2.01 \cdot \left(\frac{z_{HR2_wind}}{z_g} \right)^{\frac{2}{\alpha}} = 1.018$ Table 6-3, pg. 79

Vertical Dimension: $H_{HR2} := 3\text{ft}$

Vertical Dimension: $D_{HR2} := 2\text{in}$

Number of Verticals: $n_{HR2} := 18$

Force coefficient: $C_f := \min \left(\text{linterp} \left(C_{F_flat}^{(0)}, C_{F_flat}^{(1)}, \frac{H_{HR2}}{D_{HR2}} \right), 2 \right) = 1.767$

Area: $A_{HR2} := n_{HR2} \cdot H_{HR2} \cdot D_{HR2} = 9\text{ft}^2$

Wind Load: $F_{HR2} := G \cdot A_{HR2} \cdot C_f \cdot q_z \cdot K_z = 0.4 \cdot \text{kip}$

Compute Wind Loads at the Base of the Watertank

Wind Loads on the Water Tank:

Water Tank Sphere: $F_{\text{tank}} = 8.35 \cdot \text{kip}$ $r_{\text{tank_wind}} := H_{\text{tank}} - \frac{1}{2}(H_{\text{tank}} - H_{\text{shaft}}) = 93 \text{ ft}$

Shaft: $F_{\text{shaft}} = 5.428 \cdot \text{kip}$ $r_{\text{shaft_wind}} := \frac{1}{2} \cdot H_{\text{shaft}} = 39 \text{ ft}$

Legs: $F_{\text{legs}} = 5.746 \cdot \text{kip}$ $r_{\text{legs_wind}} := \frac{1}{2} \cdot H_{\text{legs}} = 44.5 \text{ ft}$

Diagonal Bracing: $F_{\text{DBrace1}} = 0.567 \cdot \text{kip}$ $r_{\text{DBrace1}} := 22.5 \text{ ft}$

$F_{\text{DBrace2}} = 0.656 \cdot \text{kip}$ $r_{\text{DBrace2}} := 67.5 \text{ ft}$

$F_{\text{DBrace3}} = 0.617 \cdot \text{kip}$ $r_{\text{DBrace3}} := 112.5 \text{ ft}$

Horizontal Bracing: $F_{\text{HBrace1}} = 3.456 \cdot \text{kip}$ $r_{\text{HBrace1}} := 45 \text{ ft}$

$F_{\text{HBrace2}} = 3.511 \cdot \text{kip}$ $r_{\text{HBrace2}} := 90 \text{ ft}$

Handrail Horizontal: $F_{\text{HR1}} = 0.249 \cdot \text{kip}$ $r_{\text{HR1}} := 127 \text{ ft}$

Handrail Diagonal: $F_{\text{HR2}} = 0.424 \cdot \text{kip}$ $r_{\text{HR2}} := 125 \text{ ft}$

Wind Base Shear:

$$F_{\text{wind_tank_base}} := F_{\text{tank}} + F_{\text{shaft}} + F_{\text{legs}} + F_{\text{DBrace1}} + F_{\text{DBrace2}} + F_{\text{DBrace3}} + F_{\text{HBrace1}} \dots = 29 \cdot \text{kip} \\ + F_{\text{HBrace2}} + F_{\text{HR1}} + F_{\text{HR2}}$$

Wind Base Moment:

$$M_{\text{wind_tank_base}} := F_{\text{tank}} \cdot r_{\text{tank_wind}} + F_{\text{shaft}} \cdot r_{\text{shaft_wind}} + F_{\text{legs}} \cdot r_{\text{legs_wind}} \dots = 1926.6 \cdot \text{kip} \cdot \text{ft} \\ + F_{\text{DBrace1}} \cdot r_{\text{DBrace1}} + F_{\text{DBrace2}} \cdot r_{\text{DBrace2}} + F_{\text{DBrace3}} \cdot r_{\text{DBrace3}} + F_{\text{HBrace1}} \cdot r_{\text{HBrace1}} \dots \\ + F_{\text{HBrace2}} \cdot r_{\text{HBrace2}} + F_{\text{HR1}} \cdot r_{\text{HR1}} + F_{\text{HR2}} \cdot r_{\text{HR2}}$$

Seismic Load per ASCE 7-02

The following variables will remain constant throughout the analysis of the water tank and the antennas/appurtenances:

ASCE 7-02 Reference

Occupancy category:	IV		Table 1-1, pg. 3
Importance factor:	I := 1.5		Table 11.5-1, pg. 116
Spectral Parameters:	S _s := 0.301		Figure 22-1
	S ₁ := 0.066		Figure 22-2
	F _a := 1.546	} Site Class D assumed per code	Table 11.4-1, pg. 115
	F _v := 2.4		Table 11.4-2, pg. 115
	S _{MS} := F _a · S _s	S _{MS} = 0.465	Eq. 11.4-1, pg. 115
	S _{M1} := F _v · S ₁	S _{M1} = 0.158	Eq. 11.4-2, pg. 115
	S _{DS} := $\frac{2}{3} \cdot S_{MS}$	S _{DS} = 0.31	Eq. 11.4-3, pg. 115
	S _{D1} := $\frac{2}{3} \cdot S_{M1}$	S _{D1} = 0.106	Eq. 11.4-4, pg. 115

Response Modification Factor: R := 3 Table 15.4-1, pg. 162

Seismic Reponse Coefficient:

$$C_{s1} := \frac{S_{DS}}{\frac{R}{I}} \quad C_{s1} = 0.1551 \quad \text{Computed from Equation 12.8-2, pg. 129. Must be compared to max. and min. values.}$$

Maximum Value of Cs:

Maximum value of Cs need not be greater than the value given by Equation 12.8-3:

$$C_s = S_{D1} / T(R/I)$$

Period Determination, T:

per Section 12.8.2, pg. 90

Structure Height:	h _n := 108 ft	
Coefficients:	C _t := 0.02	Table 12.8-2, pg. 129
	x := 0.75	Table 12.8-2, pg. 129
Approx. Fundamental Period:	T _a := C _t · h _n ^x = 0.67 sec	Eq. 12.8-7, pg. 129

The fundamental period should not exceed:

$$C_u := 1.686 \quad \text{Table 12.8-1, pg. 129}$$

$$T_{\max} := C_u \cdot T_a = 1.13 \quad \text{sec} \quad \text{Section 12.8.2, pg. 129}$$

Therefore,

$$T := T_a \quad T = 0.67 \quad \text{sec}$$

Maximum Seismic Response Coefficient:

$$C_{s_max} := \frac{S_{D1}}{T \cdot \left(\frac{R}{I}\right)} = 0.0788 \quad \text{Eq. 12.8-3, pg. 129}$$

Minimum value for Cs:

Minimum value of Cs should not be taken less than:

Therefore, use: $C_{s_min} := 0.01 \quad \text{Eq. 12.8-5, pg. 129}$

$$C_s := \min(C_{s1}, C_{s_max}) = 0.0788$$

$$C_s := \max(C_s, C_{s_min}) = 0.0788$$

Compute Seismic Loads at the Base of the Watertank

Height of the tank: $h_{\text{tank}} := 30\text{ft}$

Height of the tank2: $h_{\text{tank}_1} := 10\text{ft}$ Cylindrical Part of tank

$D_{\text{tank}_1} := 28\text{ft}$

Tank Volume2: $\text{TankVolume1} := \pi \cdot \left(\frac{D_{\text{tank}_1}}{2}\right)^2 \cdot h_{\text{tank}_1} = 46061 \text{ gal}$

Height of the tank3: $h_{\text{tank}_2} := 10\text{ft}$ Spherical Part of tank
(top and bottom)

$D_{\text{tank}_2} := 28\text{ft}$

Tank Volume3: $\text{TankVolume2} := \frac{4}{3} \pi \cdot \left(\frac{D_{\text{tank}_2}}{2}\right)^2 \cdot h_{\text{tank}_2} \cdot 2 = 122831 \text{ gal}$

Tank Volume: $\text{TankVolumeTank} := (\text{TankVolume1} + \text{TankVolume2}) \cdot 0.8 = 135113.6 \text{ gal}$ Assume 80% full

Tank Weight: $Weight_{Tank} := TankVolume_{Tank} \cdot 62pcf = 1120 \cdot kip$

Seismic Load Factor: $LF_{Seismic} := 0.7$ IBC 2012 Section 1605.3

Seismic Base Shear: $F_{seismic_tank} := LF_{Seismic} \cdot C_s \cdot Weight_{Tank} = 62 \cdot kip$ Eq. 12.8-1, pg. 89

Seismic Base Moment: $r_{Tank} := H_{shaft} + 0.5 \cdot h_{tank} = 93 \text{ ft}$

$M_{seismic_tank} := F_{seismic_tank} \cdot r_{Tank} = 5745 \cdot kip \cdot ft$

Determine Governing Load

$$\frac{F_{wind_tank_base}}{F_{seismic_tank}} = 0.47$$

$$\frac{M_{wind_tank_base}}{M_{seismic_tank}} = 0.335$$

==> Seismic Load Governs

Compute Antenna Seismic Loads:

$Weight_{ant1} := 64lbf + 7ft \cdot 3.66plf = 89.62 \text{ lbf}$ One antenna (largest) and pipe, use 90 lbf to include accesories and others

AT&T Additions @ 111ft AGL:

Antenna Weight: $W_{adda} := 9 \cdot 90 \cdot lbf = 810 \text{ lbf}$

RRH,TMA, DC2 & FC12,etc Weight: $W_{RRH} := 9 \cdot 53lbf + 6 \cdot 16lbf + 6 \cdot 17lbf + 1 \cdot 21lbf + 12 \cdot 7lbf + 9 \cdot 1lbf = 789 \text{ lbf}$

Coax Weight: $W_{addATTc} := 110 \cdot ft \cdot (1plf \cdot 6 + 4 \cdot 1.25plf) = 1210 \text{ lbf}$

Mounts frame: $W_{mount} := 1500 \cdot lbf$

Total Addition Weight: $W_{ATT} := W_{adda} + W_{addATTc} + W_{mount} + W_{RRH} = 4309 \text{ lbf}$

Other Carrier @ 90ft, 98ft,111ft AGL:

Antenna Weight: $W_{adda} := 30 \cdot 80 \cdot lbf + 3 \cdot 50lbf + 2 \cdot 20lbf = 2590 \text{ lbf}$

Coax Weight: $W_{addOCc1} := 100 \cdot ft \cdot 1plf \cdot 50 = 5000 \text{ lbf}$

Mounts: $W_{mount} := 500 \cdot lbf$

Total Addition Weight: $W_{OC1} := W_{adda} + W_{addOCc1} + W_{mount} = 8090 \text{ lbf}$

Compare Tank and Antenna Addition Loads:

Weight and Seismic Shear Comparison:

Weight Comparison: $\frac{W_{ATT} + W_{OC1}}{Weight_{Tank}} = 1.107\% < 5\% \Rightarrow \text{OK}$

Seismic Shear: $W_{add} := W_{ATT} + W_{OC1} = 12399 \text{ lbf}$

$F_{add} := LF_{Seismic} \cdot W_{add} \cdot C_s = 683.944 \text{ lbf}$

Shear Comparison: $\frac{F_{add}}{F_{seismic_tank}} = 1.107\% < 5\% \Rightarrow \text{OK}$

Seismic Moment Comparison:

Seismic Moment: $M_{add} := \left[(W_{ATT} - W_{addATTc}) \cdot 100\text{ft} + W_{addATTc} \cdot \frac{90\text{ft}}{2} \dots \right] \cdot C_s \cdot LF_{Seismic} = 49.554 \cdot \text{kip} \cdot \text{ft}$
 $+ (W_{OC1} - W_{addOCc1}) \cdot 100\text{ft} + W_{addOCc1} \cdot \frac{90\text{ft}}{2}$

Moment Comparison: $\frac{M_{add}}{M_{seismic_tank}} = 0.863\% < 5\% \Rightarrow \text{OK}$

The total mass with the existing and proposed antennas is increased by less than 5%, thus lateral seismic load and gravity load increase is less than 5%. No further analysis is required.

PROJECT INFORMATION

SCOPE OF WORK: • AT&T ANTENNAS: (1) NEW ANTENNA PER SECTOR, FOR A TOTAL (3) NEW ANTENNAS. (2) EXISTING ANTENNAS PER SECTOR FOR 3 SECTORS, FOR A TOTAL OF (6) EXISTING ANTENNAS TO REMAIN. (1) EXISTING ANTENNA PER SECTOR FOR (3) SECTORS, FOR A TOTAL OF (3) EXISTING ANTENNAS TO BE REMOVED.
 • AT&T RRUS: (1) NEW RRUS PER SECTOR WITH (3) SECTORS, FOR A TOTAL OF (3) NEW RRUS; (2) EXISTING RRU PER SECTOR TO BE REUSED, FOR A TOTAL OF (6) EXISTING RRUS.
 • AT&T SQUID: (1) NEW DC2 SQUID, FOR A TOTAL OF (3) NEW SQUIDS.

SITE ADDRESS: 177 WEST ROCKS ROAD
 NORWALK, CT 06851

LATITUDE: 41.1439089 41° 8' 38.072"N
 LONGITUDE: -73.4183050 -73° 25' 5.898"W

USID: 60432

BUILDING OWNER: TBD

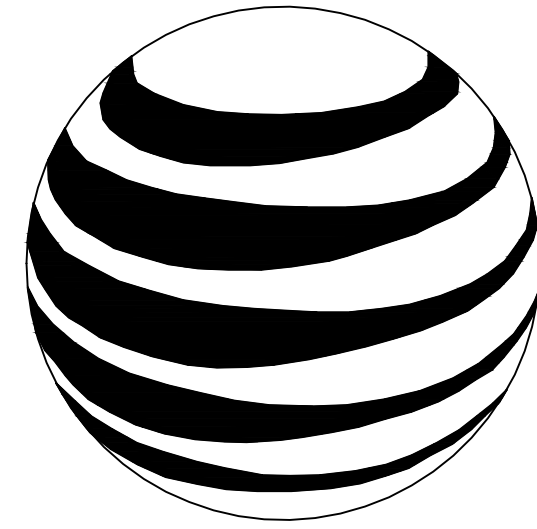
TYPE OF SITE: WATER TOWER

TOWER ELEVATION: 108'-0"±

RAD CENTER: 111'-0"±

CURRENT USE: UNMANNED WIRELESS TELECOMMUNICATIONS FACILITY

PROPOSED USE: UNMANNED WIRELESS TELECOMMUNICATIONS FACILITY



at&t
MOBILITY

FA CODE: 1005081
SITE NUMBER: CT2151
**SITE NAME: NORWALK NORTH-
 WEST ROCKS RD**

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 EMAIL: nbarile@comexconsultants.com

RF ENGINEER:

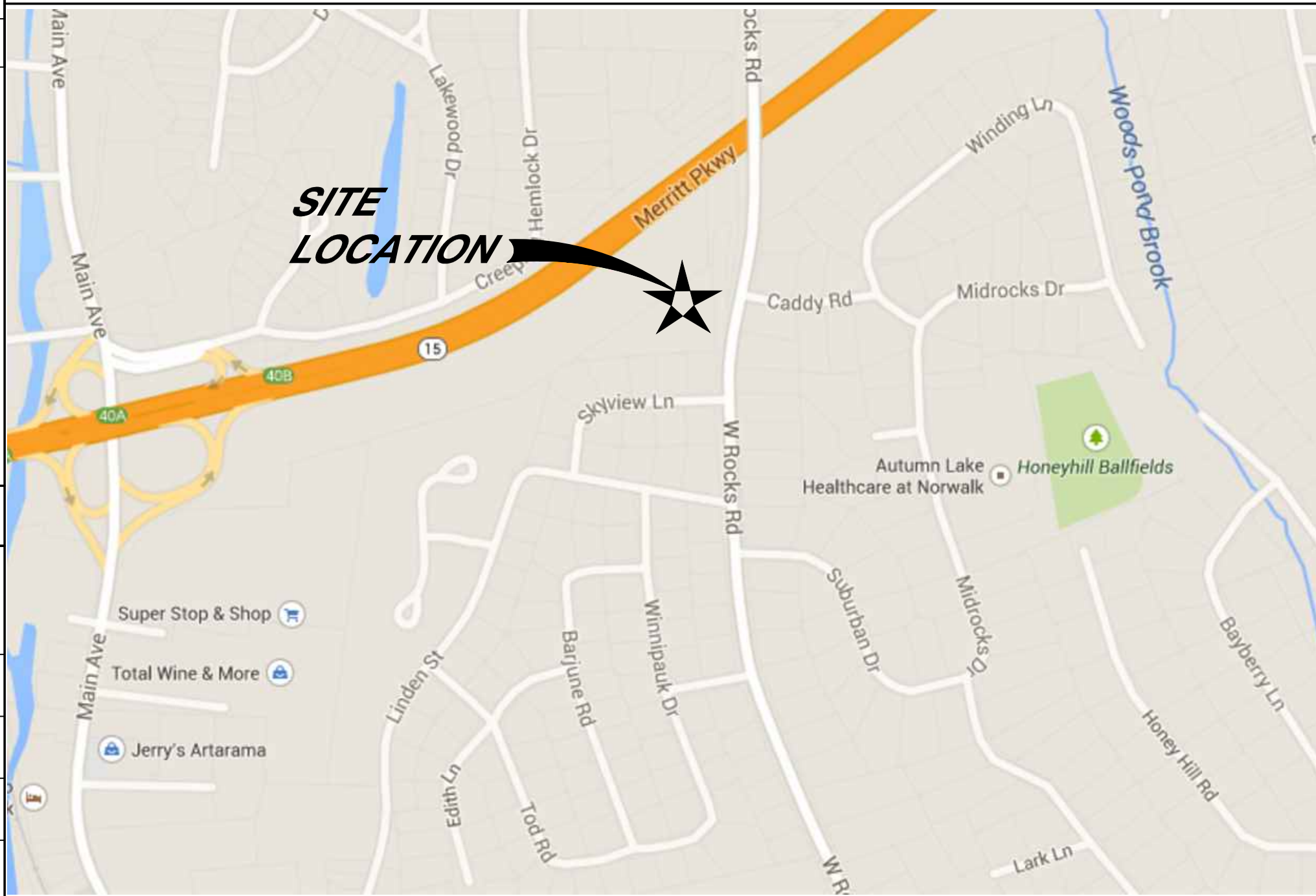
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VICINITY MAP

HEAD WEST ON I-90 W/MASSACHUSETTS TURNPIKE. HEAD EAST TOWARD MA-30 E. TURN RIGHT ONTO MA-30 W. TAKE THE RAMP TO I-90/MASSPIKE/SPRINGFIELD/BOSTON. KEEP LEFT AT THE FORK, FOLLOW SIGNS FOR INTERSTATE 90 W/MASSACHUSETTS TURNPIKE/WORCHESTER/SPRINGFIELD AND MERGE ONTO I-90 W/MASSACHUSETTS TURNPIKE. CONTINUE ON I-90 W/MASSACHUSETTS TURNPIKE. TAKE I-84 AND I-91 S TO CT-15 N IN NORWALK. MERGE ONTO I-90 W/MASSACHUSETTS TURNPIKE. TAKE EXIT 9 FOR I-84 TOWARD US-20/HARTFORD/NEW YORK CITY. CONTINUE ONTO I-84. TAKE EXIT 57 ON THE LEFT FOR CT-15 S TOWARD I-91 S/CHARTER OAK BRIDGE/N Y. CITY. CONTINUE ONTO CT-15 S. CONTINUE ONTO CT-15 S/US-5 S. TAKE EXIT 86 TO MERGE ONTO I-91 S TOWARD NEW HAVEN/NEW YORK CITY. TAKE EXIT 17 FOR CT-15 S/W CROSS PKWY. MERGE ONTO CT-15 S. TAKE EXIT 40A TOWARD US-7 S/NORWALK. TURN RIGHT ONTO MAIN AVE. SHARP LEFT TO MERGE ONTO CT-15 N. SITE WILL BE ON RIGHT.



DRAWING INDEX

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APPROVALS

THE FOLLOWING PARTIES HEREBY APPROVE AND ACCEPT THESE DOCUMENTS AND AUTHORIZE THE SUBCONTRACTOR TO PROCEED WITH THE CONSTRUCTION DESCRIBED HEREIN, ALL DOCUMENTS ARE SUBJECT TO REVIEW BY THE LOCAL BUILDING DEPARTMENT AND MAY IMPOSE CHANGES OR SITE MODIFICATIONS.

DISCIPLINE:	NAME:	DATE:
SITE ACQUISITION:		
CONSTRUCTION MANAGER:		
AT&T PROJECT MANAGER:		

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- CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY ALL PLANS AND EXISTING DIMENSIONS AND CONDITIONS ON THE JOB SITE AND SHALL IMMEDIATELY NOTIFY THE AT&T REPRESENTATIVE IN WRITING OF DISCREPANCIES BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH THE WORK OR BE RESPONSIBLE FOR SAME.



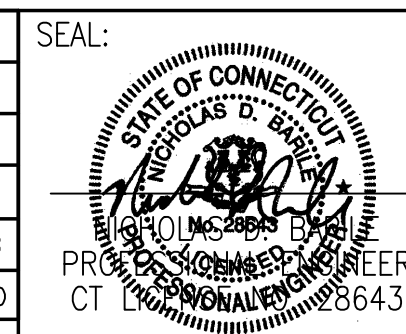
CONNECTICUT LAW REQUIRES TWO WORKING DAYS NOTICE PRIOR TO ANY EARTH MOVING ACTIVITIES BY CALLING 800-922-4455 OR DIAL 811



SITE NUMBER: CTU2151
**SITE NAME: NORWALK NORTH-
 WEST ROCKS RD**
 177 WEST ROCKS ROAD
 NORWALK, CONNECTICUT 06851
 FAIRFIELD COUNTY



0	04/04/16	ISSUED FOR ZONING	NJM	NDB	NDB
NO.	DATE	REVISIONS	BY	CHK	APP'D
SCALE: AS SHOWN		DESIGNED BY: NJM	DRAWN BY: NJM		



AT&T		
DRAWING TITLE: TITLE SHEET		
JOB NUMBER 15069-EMP	DRAWING NUMBER T-1	REV 0

GROUNDING NOTES:

1. THE SUBCONTRACTOR SHALL REVIEW AND INSPECT THE EXISTING FACILITY GROUNDING SYSTEM AND LIGHTNING PROTECTION SYSTEM (AS DESIGNED AND INSTALLED) FOR STRICT COMPLIANCE WITH THE NEC (AS ADOPTED BY THE AHJ), THE SITE-SPECIFIC (UL, LPI, OR NFPA) LIGHTING PROTECTION CODE, AND GENERAL COMPLIANCE WITH TELCORDIA AND TIA GROUNDING STANDARDS. THE SUBCONTRACTOR SHALL REPORT ANY VIOLATIONS OR ADVERSE FINDINGS TO THE CONTRACTOR FOR RESOLUTION.
2. ALL GROUND ELECTRODE SYSTEMS (INCLUDING TELECOMMUNICATION, RADIO, LIGHTNING PROTECTION, AND AC POWER GES'S) SHALL BE BONDED TOGETHER, AT OR BELOW GRADE, BY TWO OR MORE COPPER BONDING CONDUCTORS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE NEC.
3. THE SUBCONTRACTOR SHALL PERFORM IEEE FALL-OF-POTENTIAL RESISTANCE TO EARTH TESTING (PER IEEE 1100 AND 81) FOR NEW GROUND ELECTRODE SYSTEMS. THE SUBCONTRACTOR SHALL FURNISH AND INSTALL SUPPLEMENTAL GROUND ELECTRODES AS NEEDED TO ACHIEVE A TEST RESULT OF 5 OHMS OR LESS. TESTS SHALL BE PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH 25471-000-3PS-EG00-0001, DESIGN & TESTING OF FACILITY GROUNDING FOR CELL SITES.
4. METAL RACEWAY SHALL NOT BE USED AS THE NEC REQUIRED EQUIPMENT GROUND CONDUCTOR. STRANDED COPPER CONDUCTORS WITH GREEN INSULATION, SIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE NEC, SHALL BE FURNISHED AND INSTALLED WITH THE POWER CIRCUITS TO BTS EQUIPMENT.
5. EACH BTS CABINET FRAME SHALL BE DIRECTLY CONNECTED TO THE MASTER GROUND BAR WITH GREEN INSULATED SUPPLEMENTAL EQUIPMENT GROUND WIRES, 6 AWG STRANDED COPPER OR LARGER FOR INDOOR BTS; 2 AWG STRANDED COPPER FOR OUTDOOR BTS.
6. EXOTHERMIC WELDS SHALL BE USED FOR ALL GROUNDING CONNECTIONS BELOW GRADE.
7. APPROVED ANTIOXIDANT COATINGS (I.E., CONDUCTIVE GEL OR PASTE) SHALL BE USED ON ALL COMPRESSION AND BOLTED GROUND CONNECTIONS.
8. ICE BRIDGE BONDING CONDUCTORS SHALL BE EXOTHERMICALLY BONDED OR BOLTED WITH STAINLESS STEEL HARDWARE TO THE BRIDGE AND THE TOWER GROUND BAR.
9. ALUMINUM CONDUCTOR OR COPPER CLAD STEEL CONDUCTOR SHALL NOT BE USED FOR GROUNDING CONNECTIONS.
10. MISCELLANEOUS ELECTRICAL AND NON-ELECTRICAL METAL BOXES, FRAMES AND SUPPORTS SHALL BE BONDED TO THE GROUND RING, IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE NEC.
11. METAL CONDUIT AND TRAY SHALL BE GROUNDED AND MADE ELECTRICALLY CONTINUOUS WITH LISTED BONDING FITTINGS OR BY BONDING ACROSS THE DISCONTINUITY WITH 6 AWG COPPER WIRE UL APPROVED GROUNDING TYPE CONDUIT CLAMPS.
12. GROUND CONDUCTORS USED IN THE FACILITY GROUND AND LIGHTNING PROTECTION SYSTEMS SHALL NOT BE ROUTED THROUGH METALLIC OBJECTS THAT FORM A RING AROUND THE CONDUCTOR, SUCH AS METALLIC CONDUITS, METAL SUPPORT CLIPS OR SLEEVES THROUGH WALLS OR FLOORS. WHEN IT IS REQUIRED TO BE HOUSED IN CONDUIT TO MEET CODE REQUIREMENTS OR LOCAL CONDITIONS, NON-METALLIC MATERIAL SUCH AS PVC PLASTIC CONDUIT SHALL BE USED. WHERE USE OF METAL CONDUIT IS UNAVOIDABLE (E.G., NON-METALLIC CONDUIT PROHIBITED BY LOCAL CODE) THE GROUND CONDUCTOR SHALL BE BONDED TO EACH END OF THE METAL CONDUIT.
13. ALL TOWER GROUNDING SYSTEMS SHALL COMPLY WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF ANSI/TIA 222. FOR TOWERS BEING BUILT TO REV-G OF THE STANDARD, THE WIRE SIZE OF THE BURIED GROUND RING AND CONNECTIONS BETWEEN THE TOWER AND THE BURIED GROUND RING SHALL BE CHANGED FROM 2 AWG TO 2/0 AWG. IN ADDITION, THE MINIMUM LENGTH OF THE GROUND RODS SHALL BE INCREASED FROM EIGHT FEET (8') TO TEN FEET (10').
14. ALL NEW STRUCTURES WITH A FOUNDATION AND/OR FOOTING HAVING 20 FT. OR MORE 1/2" OR GREATER ELECTRICALLY CONDUCTIVE REINFORCING STEEL MUST HAVE IT BONDED TO THE GROUND RING USING AN EXOTHERMIC WELD CONNECTION USING #2 AWG SOLID TINNED COPPER GROUND WIRE, PER NEC 250.50.

GENERAL NOTES:

1. FOR THE PURPOSE OF CONSTRUCTION DRAWING, THE FOLLOWING DEFINITIONS SHALL APPLY:
 CONTRACTOR - EMPIRE TELECOM
 SUBCONTRACTOR - GENERAL CONTRACTOR (CONSTRUCTION)
 OWNER - AT&T MOBILITY
 OEM - ORIGINAL EQUIPMENT MANUFACTURER
2. PRIOR TO THE SUBMISSION OF BIDS, THE BIDDING SUBCONTRACTOR SHALL VISIT THE CELL SITE TO FAMILIARIZE WITH THE EXISTING CONDITIONS AND TO CONFIRM THAT THE WORK CAN BE ACCOMPLISHED AS SHOWN ON THE CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS. ANY DISCREPANCY FOUND SHALL BE BROUGHT TO THE ATTENTION OF CONTRACTOR (EMPIRE TELECOM).
3. ALL MATERIALS FURNISHED AND INSTALLED SHALL BE IN STRICT ACCORDANCE WITH ALL APPLICABLE CODES, REGULATIONS, AND ORDINANCES. SUBCONTRACTOR SHALL ISSUE ALL APPROPRIATE NOTICES AND COMPLY WITH ALL LAWS, ORDINANCES, RULES, REGULATIONS, AND LAWFUL ORDERS OF ANY PUBLIC AUTHORITY REGARDING THE PERFORMANCE OF THE WORK. ALL WORK CARRIED OUT SHALL COMPLY WITH ALL APPLICABLE MUNICIPAL AND UTILITY COMPANY SPECIFICATIONS AND LOCAL JURISDICTIONAL CODES, ORDINANCES AND APPLICABLE REGULATIONS.
4. DRAWINGS PROVIDED HERE ARE NOT TO BE SCALED AND ARE INTENDED TO SHOW OUTLINE ONLY.
5. UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE, THE WORK SHALL INCLUDE FURNISHING MATERIALS, EQUIPMENT, APPURTENANCES, AND LABOR NECESSARY TO COMPLETE ALL INSTALLATIONS AS INDICATED ON THE DRAWINGS.
6. THE SUBCONTRACTOR SHALL INSTALL ALL EQUIPMENT AND MATERIALS IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS UNLESS SPECIFICALLY STATED OTHERWISE.
7. IF THE SPECIFIED EQUIPMENT CANNOT BE INSTALLED AS SHOWN ON THESE DRAWINGS, THE SUBCONTRACTOR SHALL PROPOSE AN ALTERNATIVE INSTALLATION SPACE FOR APPROVAL BY THE CONTRACTOR.
8. SUBCONTRACTOR SHALL DETERMINE ACTUAL ROUTING OF CONDUIT, POWER AND T1 CABLES, GROUNDING CABLES AS SHOWN ON THE POWER, GROUNDING AND TELCO PLAN DRAWING. SUBCONTRACTOR SHALL UTILIZE EXISTING TRAYS AND/OR SHALL ADD NEW TRAYS AS NECESSARY. SUBCONTRACTOR SHALL CONFIRM THE ACTUAL ROUTING WITH THE CONTRACTOR. ROUTING OF TRENCHING SHALL BE APPROVED BY CONTRACTOR
9. THE SUBCONTRACTOR SHALL PROTECT EXISTING IMPROVEMENTS, PAVEMENTS, CURBS, LANDSCAPING AND STRUCTURES. ANY DAMAGED PART SHALL BE REPAIRED AT SUBCONTRACTOR'S EXPENSE TO THE SATISFACTION OF OWNER.
10. SUBCONTRACTOR SHALL LEGALLY AND PROPERLY DISPOSE OFF ALL SCRAP MATERIALS SUCH AS COAXIAL CABLES AND OTHER ITEMS REMOVED FROM THE EXISTING FACILITY. ANTENNAS REMOVED SHALL BE RETURNED TO THE OWNER'S DESIGNATED LOCATION.
11. SUBCONTRACTOR SHALL LEAVE PREMISES IN CLEAN CONDITION.
12. ALL CONCRETE REPAIR WORK SHALL BE DONE IN ACCORDANCE WITH AMERICAN CONCRETE INSTITUTE (ACI) 301.
13. ANY NEW CONCRETE NEEDED FOR THE CONSTRUCTION SHALL HAVE 4000 PSI STRENGTH AT 28 DAYS UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED. ALL CONCRETING WORK SHALL BE DONE IN ACCORDANCE WITH ACI 318 CODE REQUIREMENTS.
14. ALL STRUCTURAL STEEL WORK SHALL BE DETAILED, FABRICATED AND ERECTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH AISC SPECIFICATIONS. ALL STRUCTURAL STEEL SHALL BE ASTM A36 (Fy=36 ksi). ALL STEEL EXPOSED TO WEATHER SHALL BE HOT DIPPED GALVANIZED. TOUCH UP ALL SCRATCHES AND OTHER MARKS IN THE FIELD AFTER STEEL IS ERECTED USING A COMPATIBLE ZINC RICH PAINT.
15. CONSTRUCTION SHALL COMPLY WITH SPECIFICATION 25741-000-3APS-A00Z-00002, "GENERAL CONSTRUCTION SERVICES FOR CONSTRUCTION OF AT&T MOBILITY SITES."
16. SUBCONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY ALL EXISTING DIMENSIONS AND CONDITIONS PRIOR TO COMMENCING ANY WORK. ALL DIMENSIONS OF EXISTING CONSTRUCTION SHOWN ON THE DRAWINGS MUST BE VERIFIED. SUBCONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE CONTRACTOR OF ANY DISCREPANCIES PRIOR TO ORDERING MATERIAL OR PROCEEDING WITH CONSTRUCTION.
17. THE EXISTING CELL SITE IS IN FULL COMMERCIAL OPERATION. ANY CONSTRUCTION WORK BY SUBCONTRACTOR SHALL NOT DISRUPT THE EXISTING NORMAL OPERATION. ANY WORK ON EXISTING EQUIPMENT MUST BE COORDINATED WITH CONTRACTOR. ALSO, WORK MAY NEED TO BE SCHEDULED FOR AN APPROPRIATE MAINTENANCE WINDOW USUALLY IN LOW TRAFFIC PERIODS AFTER MIDNIGHT.
18. SINCE THE CELL SITE MAY BE ACTIVE, ALL SAFETY PRECAUTIONS MUST BE TAKEN WHEN WORKING AROUND HIGH LEVELS OF ELECTROMAGNETIC RADIATION. EQUIPMENT SHOULD BE SHUTDOWN PRIOR TO PERFORMING ANY WORK THAT COULD EXPOSE THE WORKERS TO DANGER. PERSONAL RF EXPOSURE MONITORS ARE REQUIRED TO BE WORN TO ALERT OF ANY DANGEROUS EXPOSURE LEVELS.

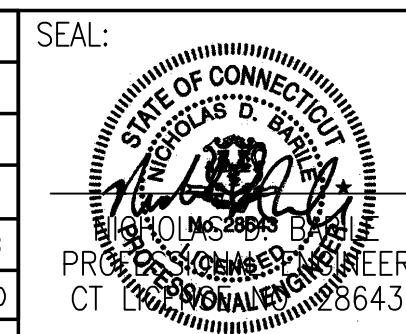
19. SUBCONTRACTOR'S WORK SHALL COMPLY WITH ALL APPLICABLE NATIONAL, STATE, AND LOCAL CODES AS ADOPTED BY THE LOCAL AUTHORITY HAVING JURISDICTION (AHJ) FOR THE LOCATION. THE EDITION OF THE AHJ ADOPTED CODES AND STANDARDS IN EFFECT ON THE DATE OF CONTRACT AWARD SHALL GOVERN THE DESIGN.
 - INTERNATIONAL BUILDING CODE: IBC 2009 WITH LOCAL & COUNTY AMENDMENTS
 - NATIONAL ELECTRICAL CODE: NEC 2011 WITH LOCAL & COUNTY AMENDMENTS
 - FIRE/LIFE SAFETY CODE: NFPA-101 2009 WITH LOCAL & COUNTY AMENDMENTS
20. SUBCONTRACTOR'S WORK SHALL COMPLY WITH THE LATEST EDITION OF THE FOLLOWING STANDARDS:
 - AMERICAN CONCRETE INSTITUTE (ACI) 318, BUILDING CODE REQUIREMENTS FOR STRUCTURAL CONCRETE
 - AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF STEEL CONSTRUCTION (AISC), MANUAL OF STEEL CONSTRUCTION, THIRTEENTH EDITION
 - AMERICAN SOCIETY OF TESTING OF MATERIALS, ASTM
 - TELECOMMUNICATIONS INDUSTRY ASSOCIATION (ANSI/TIA-222-G-1), STRUCTURAL STANDARDS FOR STEEL ANTENNA TOWER AND ANTENNA SUPPORTING STRUCTURES:
 - TIA 607, COMMERCIAL BUILDING GROUNDING AND BONDING REQUIREMENTS FOR TELECOMMUNICATIONS
 - OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH ADMINISTRATION, OSHA
 - INSTITUTE FOR ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERS (IEEE) 81, GUIDE FOR MEASURING EARTH RESISTIVELY, GROUND IMPEDANCE, AND EARTH SURFACE POTENTIALS OF A GROUND SYSTEM IEEE 1100 (1999) RECOMMENDED PRACTICE FOR POWERING AND GROUNDING OF ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT
 - TELCORDIA GR-1503, COAXIAL CABLE CONNECTIONS
21. FOR ANY CONFLICTS BETWEEN SECTIONS OF LISTED CODES AND STANDARDS REGARDING MATERIAL, METHODS OF CONSTRUCTION, OR OTHER REQUIREMENTS, THE MOST RESTRICTIVE REQUIREMENT SHALL GOVERN. WHERE THERE IS CONFLICT BETWEEN A GENERAL REQUIREMENT AND A SPECIFIC REQUIREMENT, THE SPECIFIC REQUIREMENT SHALL GOVERN.
22. CONTRACTOR SHALL FIELD VERIFY ALL DIMENSIONS, ELEVATIONS, ANGLES AND EXISTING CONDITIONS AT THE SITE PRIOR TO FABRICATION AND/OR INSTALLATION OF ANY WORK IN THE CONTRACT AREA AND SUBMIT TO THE ENGINEER ANY DISCREPANCIES FROM THE DRAWINGS.



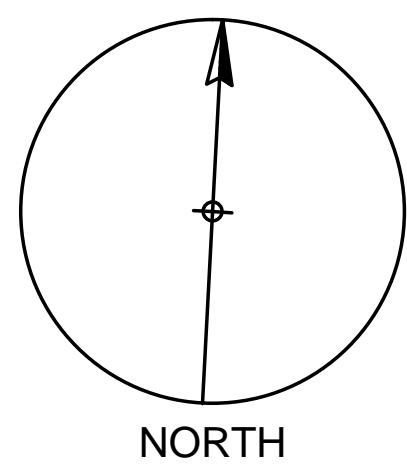
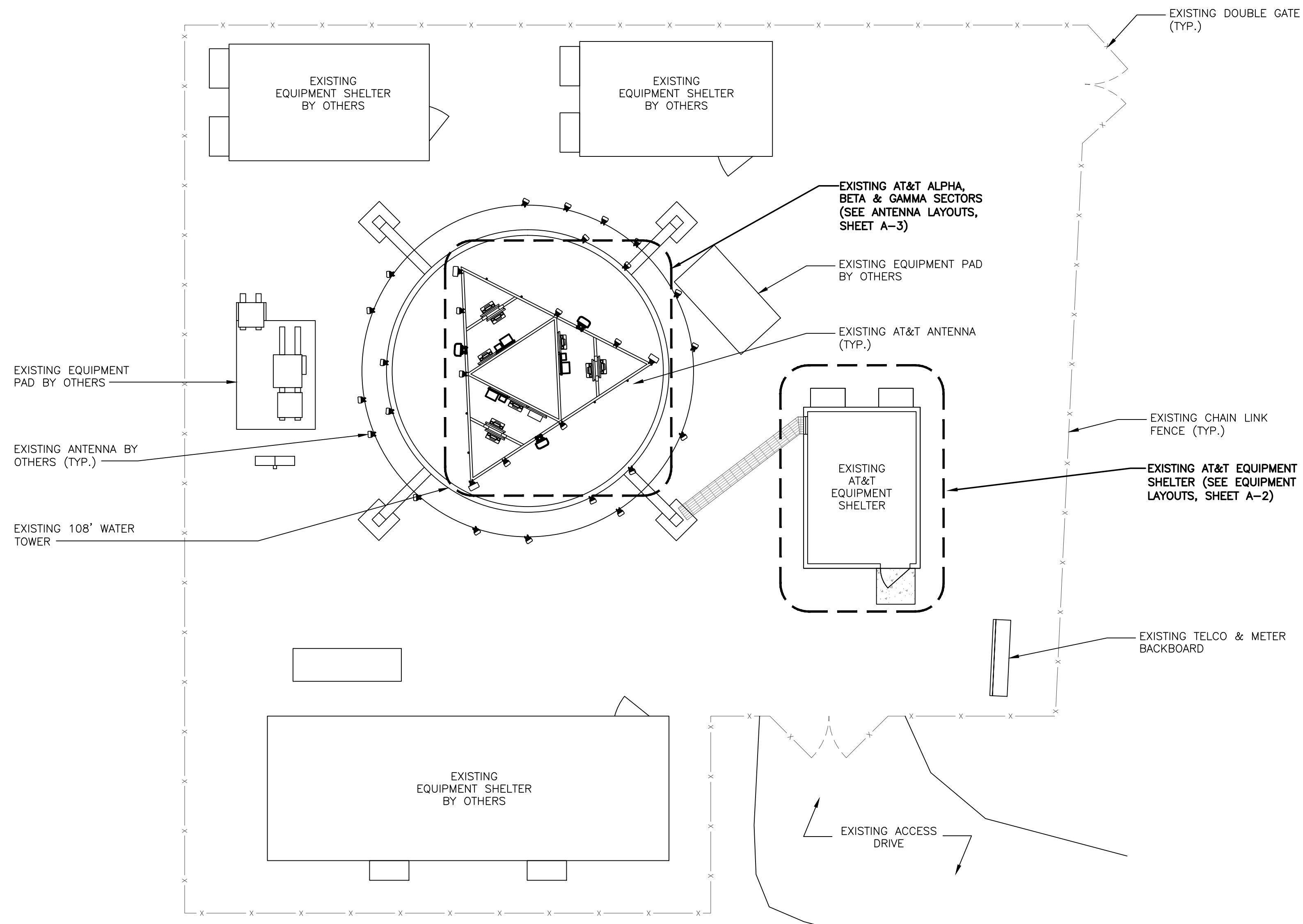
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**SITE NAME: NORWALK NORTH-
 WEST ROCKS RD**
 177 WEST ROCKS ROAD
 NORWALK, CONNECTICUT 06851
 FAIRFIELD COUNTY



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NO.	DATE	REVISIONS	BY	CHK	APP'D
SCALE: AS SHOWN		DESIGNED BY: NJM	DRAWN BY: NJM		



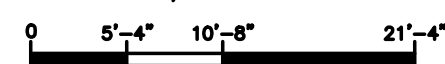
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JOB NUMBER 15069-EMP	DRAWING NUMBER GN-1	REV 0



NORTH

COMPOUND LAYOUT

SCALE: 3/32" = 1'-0"



GRAPHIC SCALE: 3/32"=1'-0"

NOTE:
CONTRACTOR SHALL FIELD VERIFY ALL DIMENSIONS, ELEVATIONS, ANGLES, AND EXISTING CONDITIONS AT THE SITE PRIOR TO FABRICATION AND/OR INSTALLATION OF ANY WORK IN THE CONTRACT AREA AND SUBMIT TO THE ENGINEER ANY DISCREPANCIES FROM THE DRAWINGS.

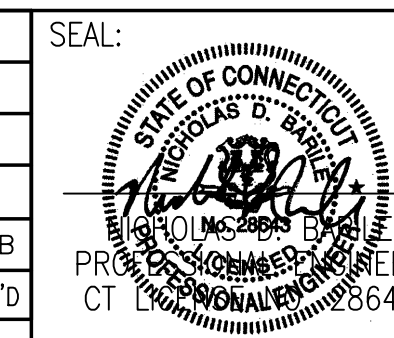
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115 ROUTE 46
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BILLERICA, MA 01821

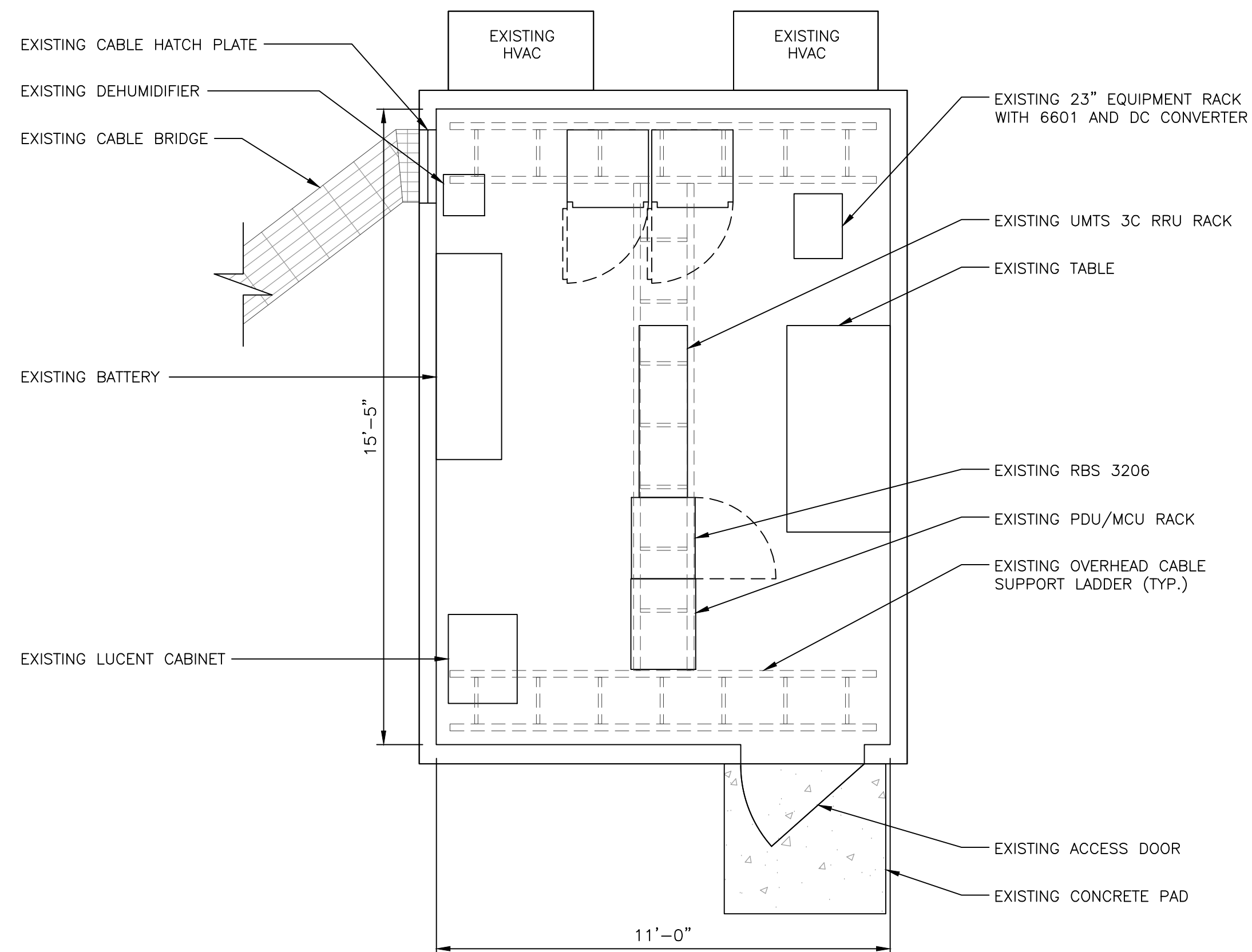
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FAIRFIELD COUNTY

at&t
MOBILITY
550 COCHITUATE ROAD
FRAMINGHAM, MA 01701

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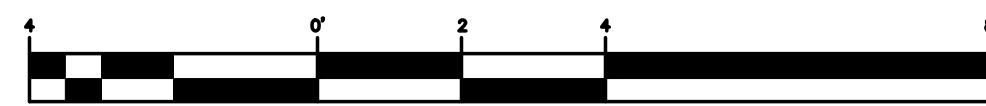


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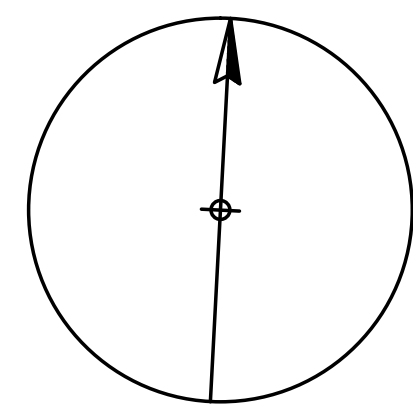


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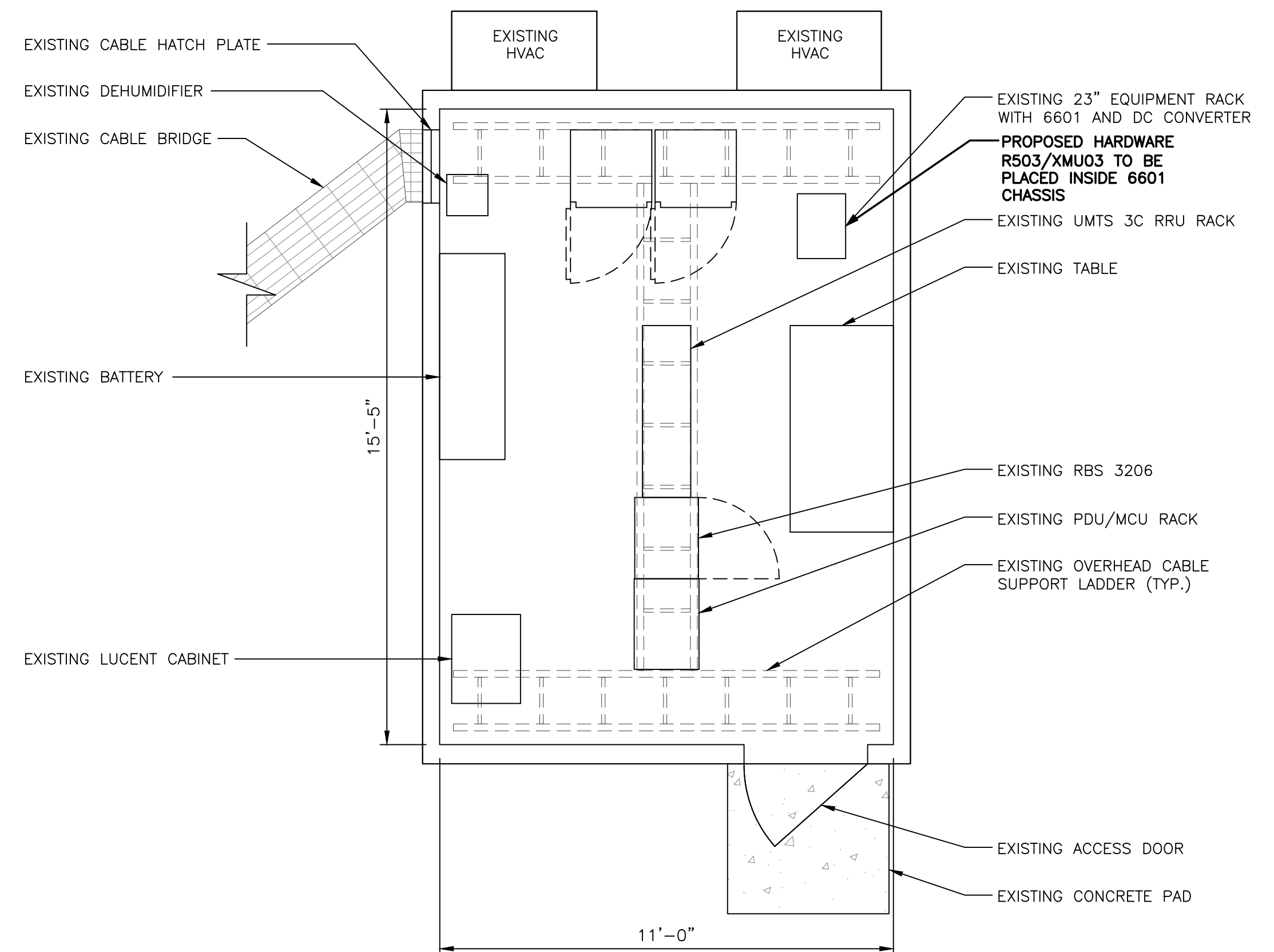
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(IN FEET)
3/8 Inch = 1 Foot

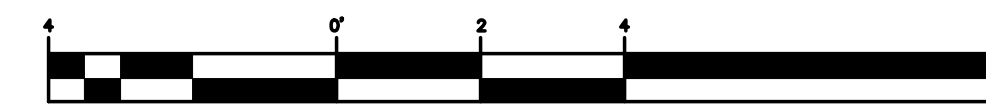


NORTH



EXISTING EQUIPMENT LAYOUT

SCALE: 3/8" = 1'-0"



(IN FEET)
3/8 Inch = 1 Foot

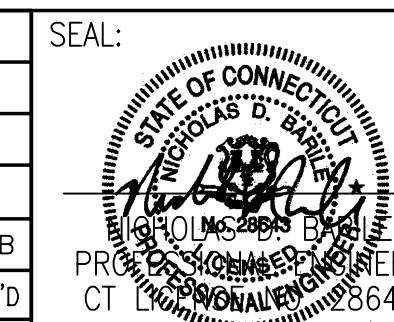
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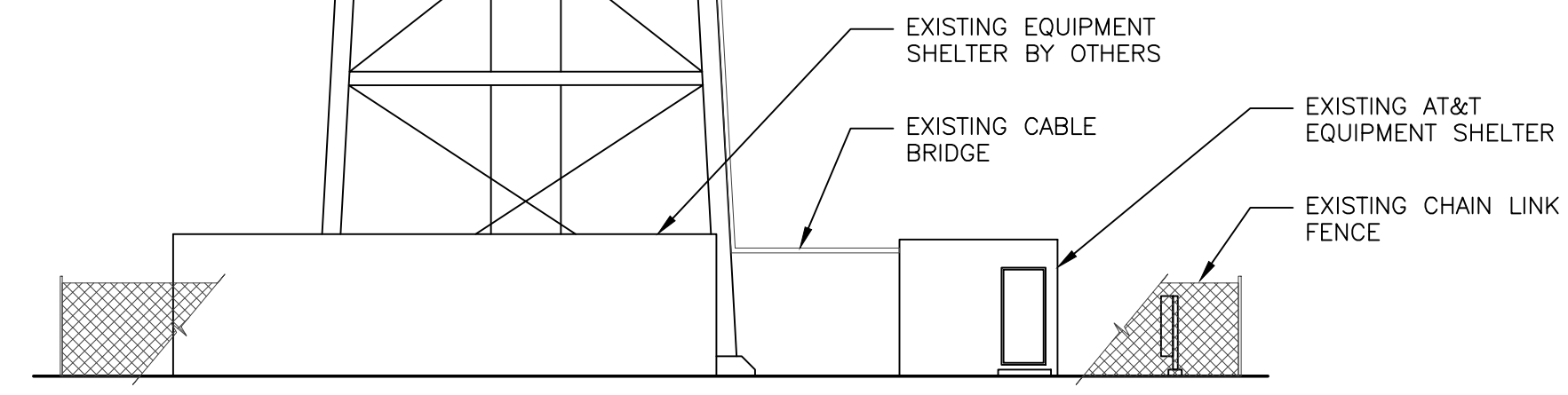
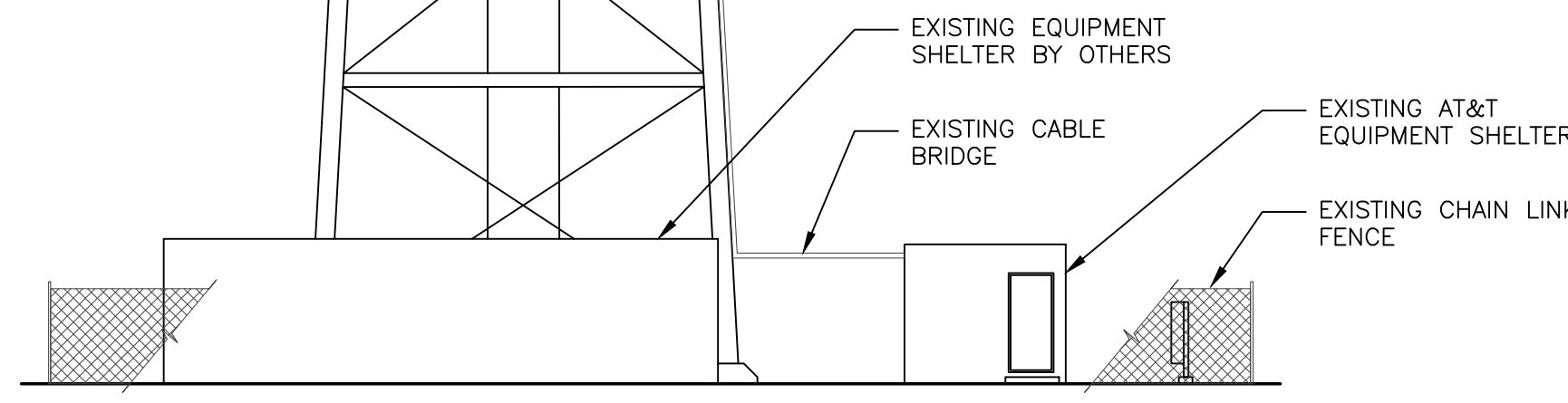
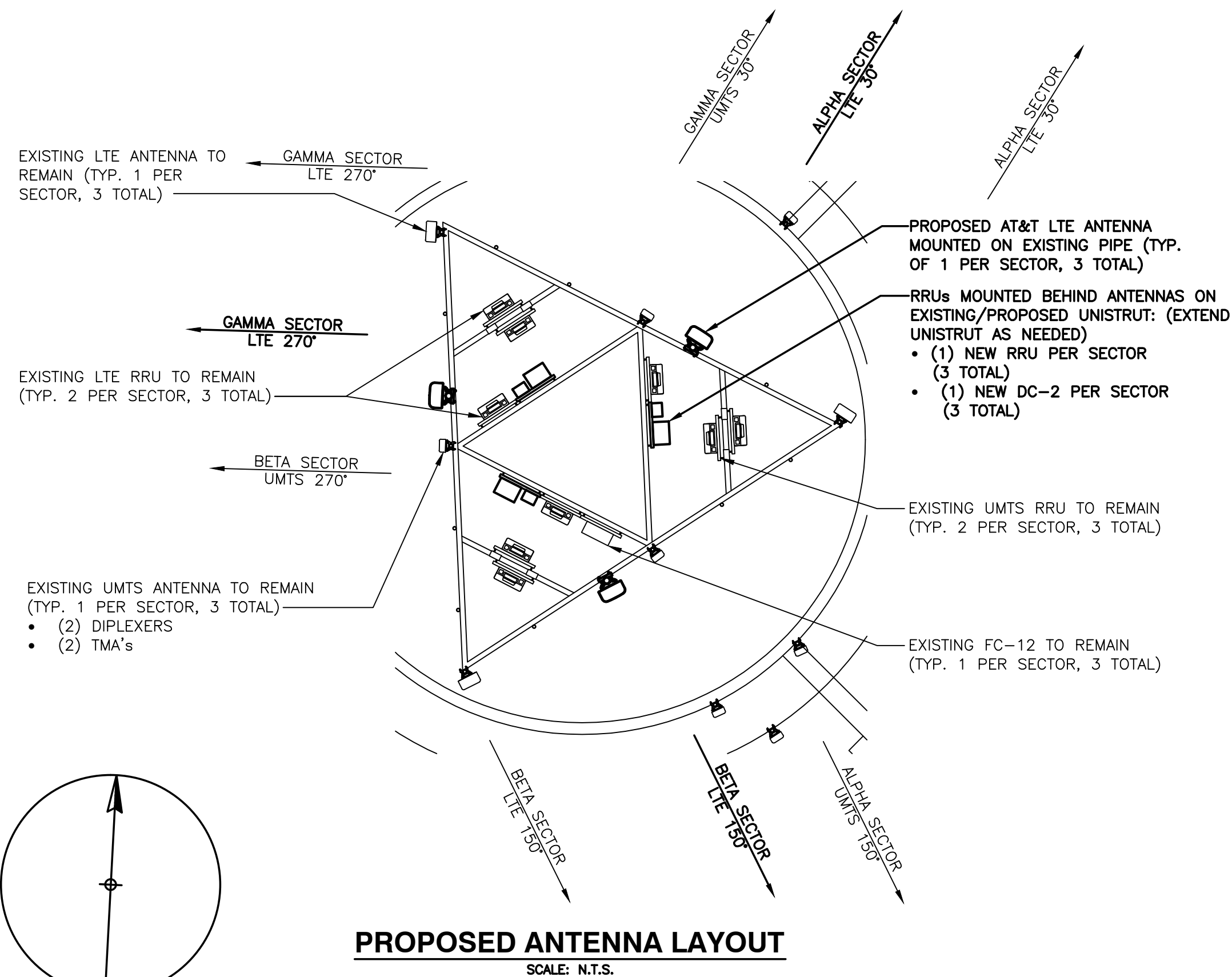
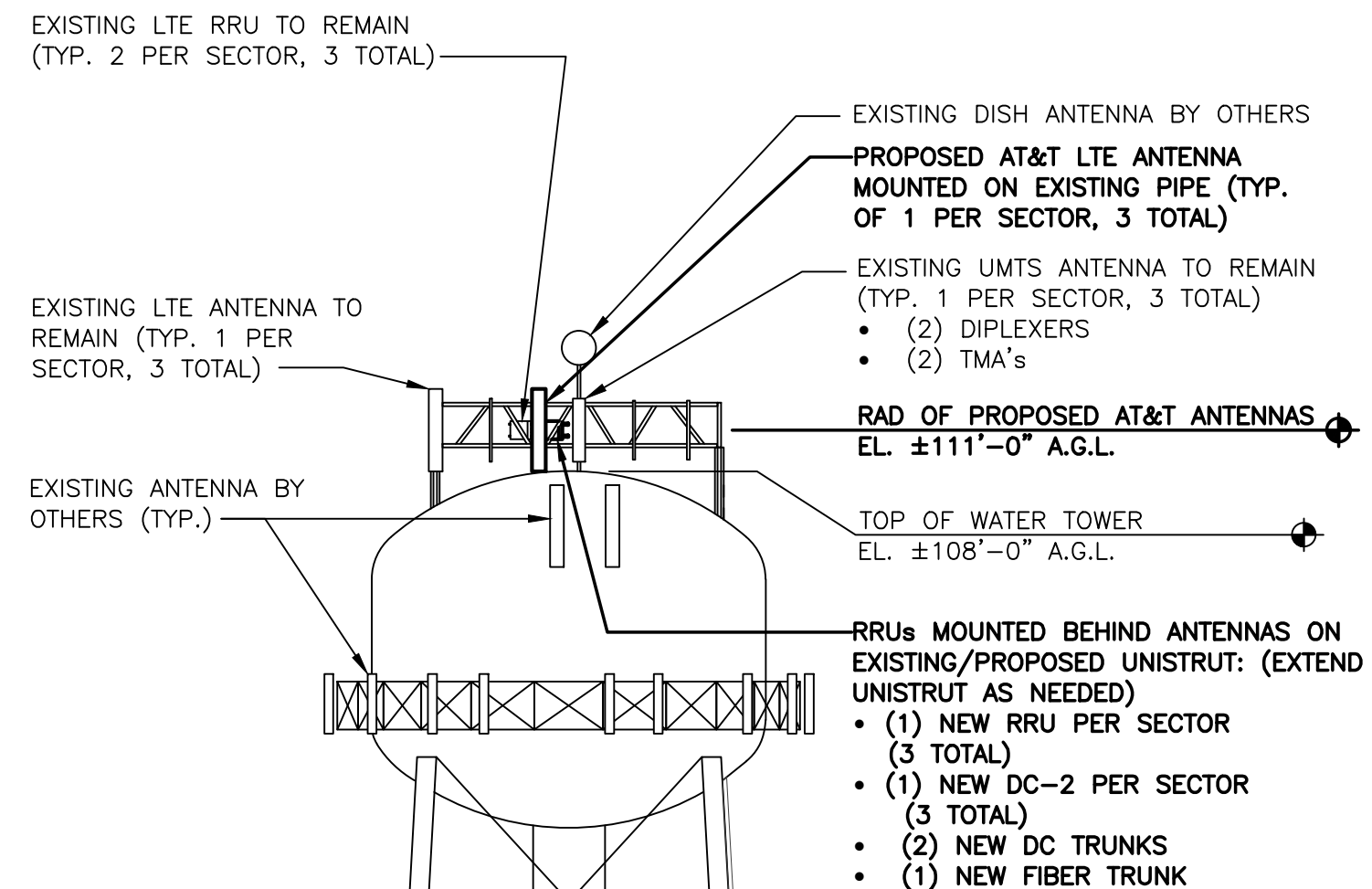
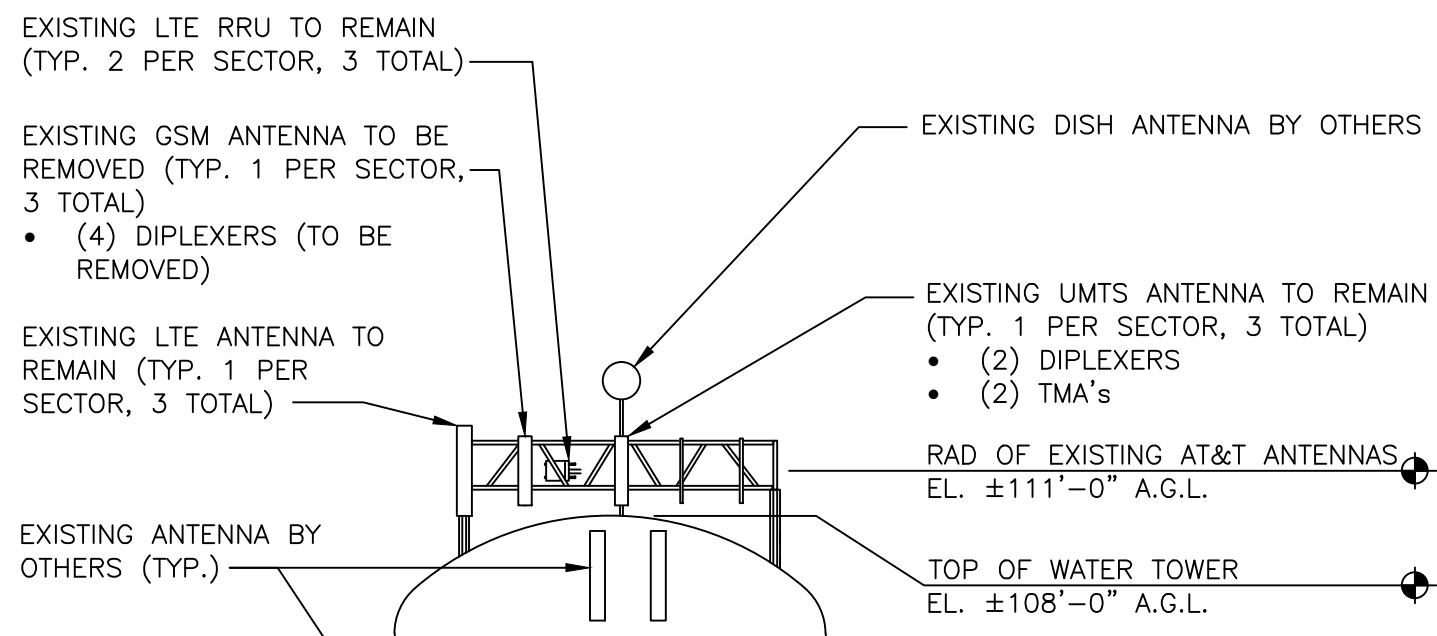
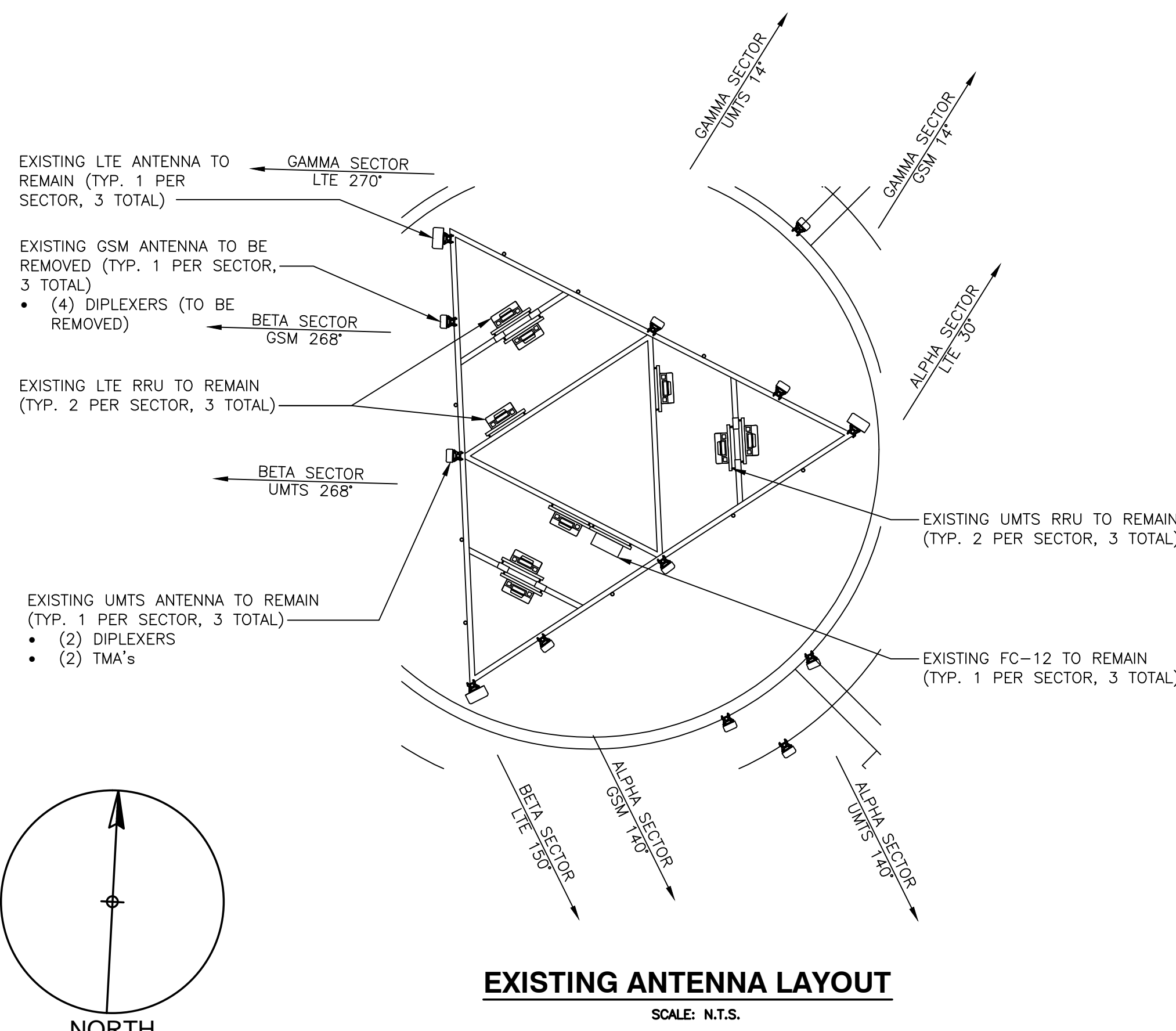
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JOB NUMBER 15069-EMP	DRAWING NUMBER A-2	REV 0



PROPOSED TOWER ELEVATION
SCALE: N.T.S.

PROJECT OWNER IS RESPONSIBLE FOR PROVIDING A STRUCTURAL STABILITY ANALYSIS TO DETERMINE THE CAPACITY AND SUITABILITY OF THE EXISTING ANTENNA SUPPORT STRUCTURE TO SAFELY CARRY ALL ADDITIONAL LOADS IMPOSED BY THE PROPOSED EQUIPMENT AS SHOWN HEREIN. GENERAL CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR INCORPORATING ANY REQUIRED STRUCTURAL MODIFICATIONS INTO THEIR SCOPE OF WORK.

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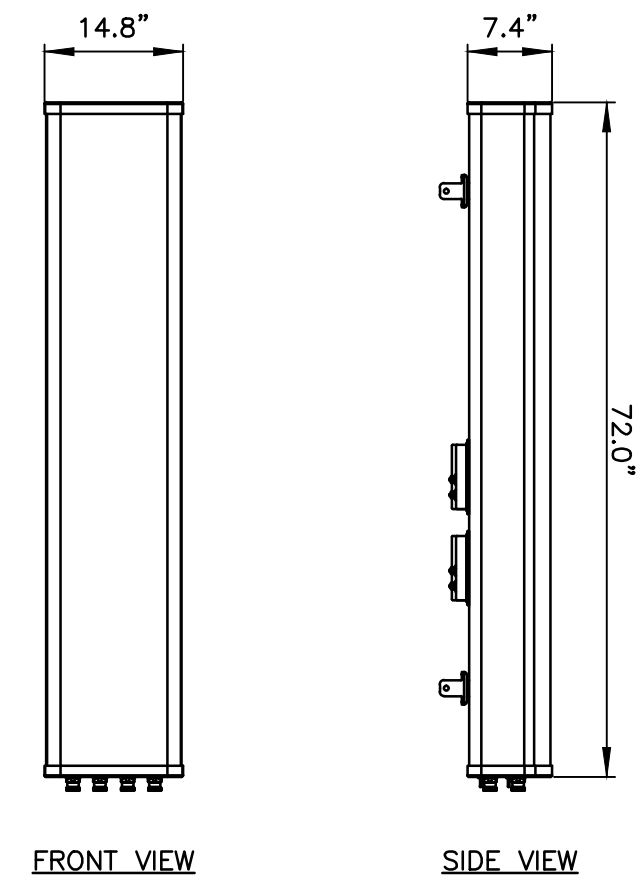
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NO.	DATE	REVISIONS	BY	CHK	APP'D
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SEAL:
STATE OF CONNECTICUT
PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER
CT LICENSE NO. 28643

AT&T

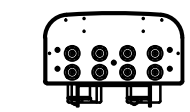
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ANTENNA LAYOUTS & ELEVATIONS

JOB NUMBER	DRAWING NUMBER	REV
15069-EMP	A-3	0



FRONT VIEW

SIDE VIEW

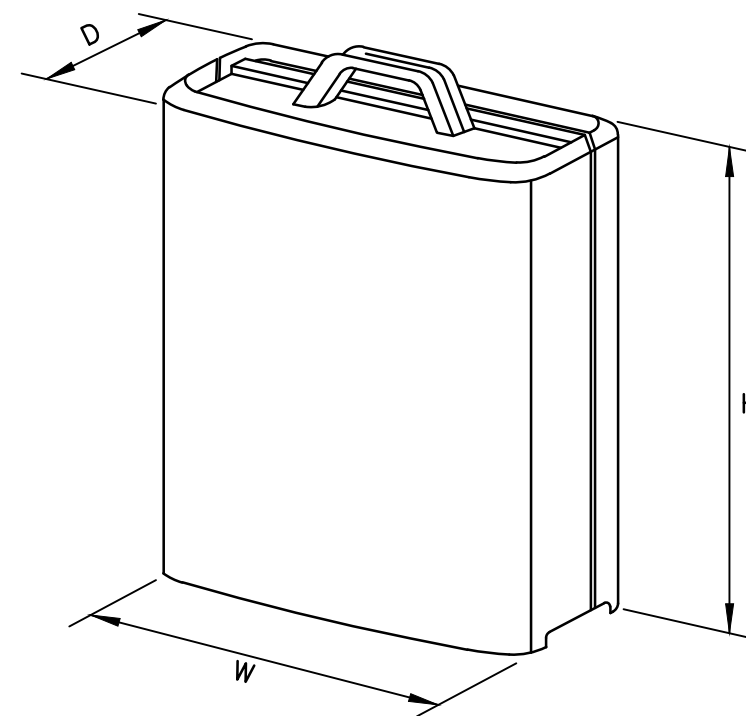


BOTTOM VIEW

MANUFACTURER	CCI
MODEL	OPA-65R-LCUU-H6
WEIGHT	73 LBS

LTE ANTENNA DETAIL

SCALE: N.T.S.



MODEL	L x W x H	WEIGHT
*RRUS-11	19.69" x 16.97" x 7.17"	50.7 LBS
RRUS-32	29.9" x 13.3" x 9.5"	77 LBS

*DENOTES EXISTING.

RRUS DETAIL

SCALE: N.T.S.

EXISTING ANTENNA SCHEDULE

SECTOR	POSITION	MAKE	MODEL	SIZE (INCHES)
ALPHA	A1	POWERWAVE	7770	55"x11"x5"
	A2	-	-	-
	A3	POWERWAVE	7770	55"x11"x5"
	A4	POWERWAVE	P65-16-XLH-RR	72"x12"x6"
BETA	B1	POWERWAVE	7770	55"x11"x5"
	B2	-	-	-
	B3	POWERWAVE	7770	55"x11"x5"
	B4	POWERWAVE	P65-16-XLH-RR	72"x12"x6"
GAMMA	G1	POWERWAVE	7770	55"x11"x5"
	G2	-	-	-
	G3	POWERWAVE	7770	55"x11"x5"
	G4	POWERWAVE	P65-16-XLH-RR	72"x12"x6"

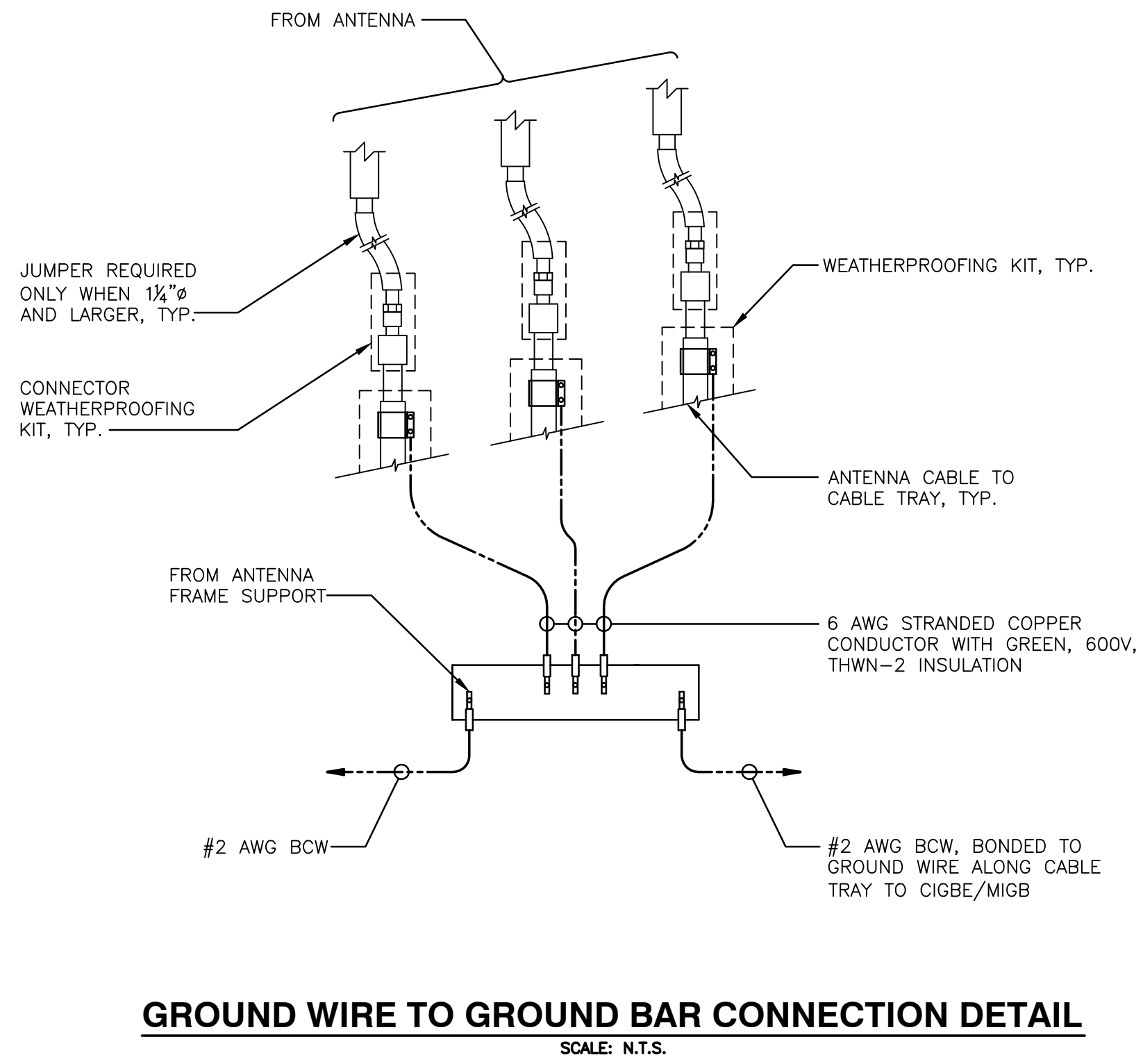
FINAL ANTENNA SCHEDULE

SECTOR	POSITION	MAKE	MODEL	SIZE (INCHES)
ALPHA	A1	POWERWAVE	7770	55"x11"x5"
	A2	CCI	OPA-65R-LCUU-H6	72"x14.8"x7.4"
	A3	-	-	-
	A4	POWERWAVE	P65-16-XLH-RR	72"x12"x6"
BETA	B1	POWERWAVE	7770	55"x11"x5"
	B2	CCI	OPA-65R-LCUU-H6	72"x14.8"x7.4"
	B3	-	-	-
	B4	POWERWAVE	P65-16-XLH-RR	72"x12"x6"
GAMMA	G1	POWERWAVE	7770	55"x11"x5"
	G2	CCI	OPA-65R-LCUU-H6	72"x14.8"x7.4"
	G3	-	-	-
	G4	POWERWAVE	P65-16-XLH-RR	72"x12"x6"

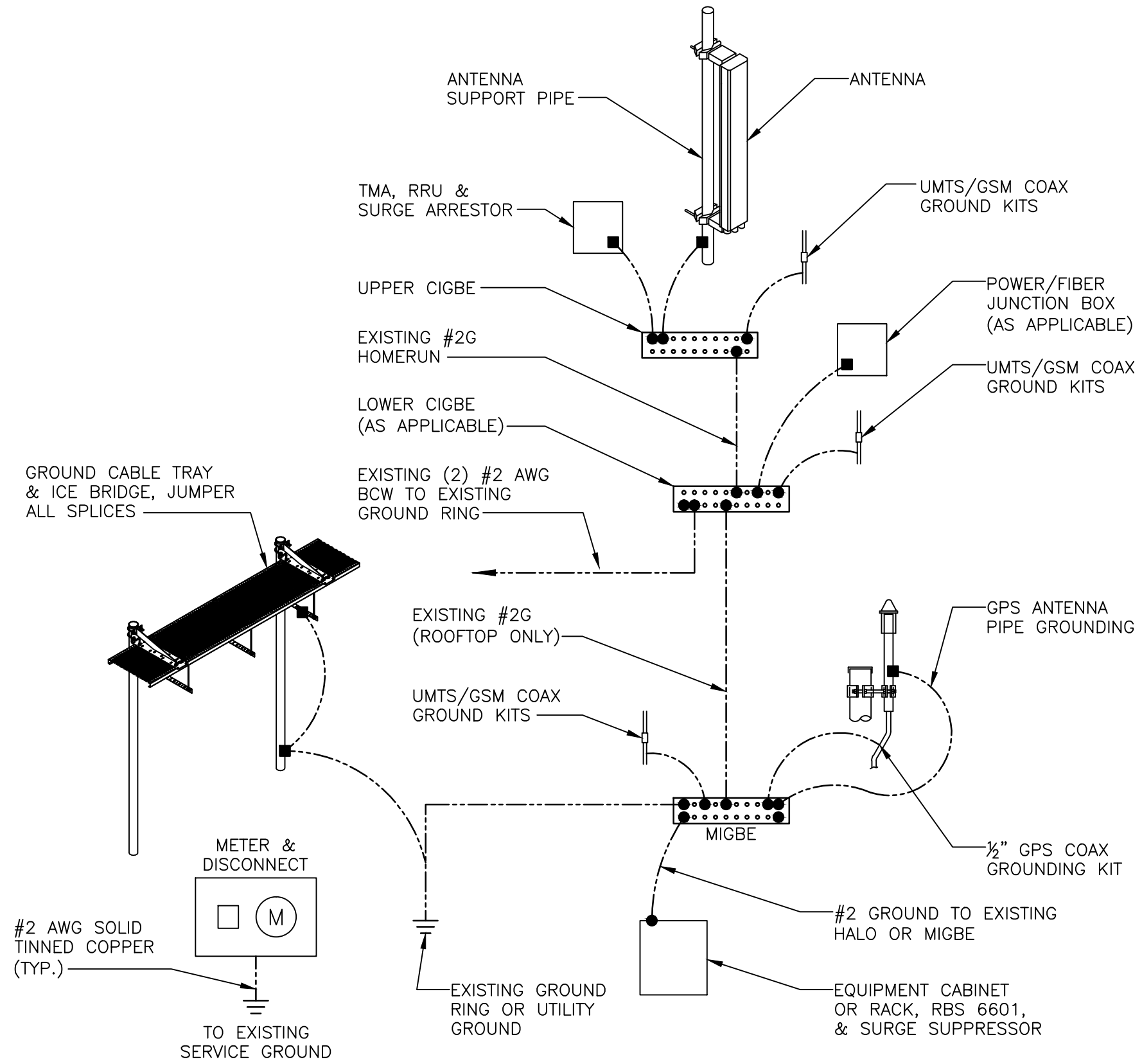
PROPOSED RRU SCHEDULE

SECTOR	MAKE	MODEL	SIZE (INCHES)	ADDITIONAL COMPONENT	SIZE (INCHES)
ALPHA	ERICSSON	RRUS-32	29.9"x13.3"x9.5"	-	-
	ERICSSON	RRUS-11 (EXISTING)	19.7"x16.9"x7.2"	-	-
	ERICSSON	RRUS-11 (EXISTING)	19.7"x16.9"x7.2"	-	-
BETA	ERICSSON	RRUS-32	29.9"x13.3"x9.5"	-	-
	ERICSSON	RRUS-11 (EXISTING)	19.7"x16.9"x7.2"	-	-
	ERICSSON	RRUS-11 (EXISTING)	19.7"x16.9"x7.2"	-	-
GAMMA	ERICSSON	RRUS-32	29.9"x13.3"x9.5"	-	-
	ERICSSON	RRUS-11 (EXISTING)	19.7"x16.9"x7.2"	-	-
	ERICSSON	RRUS-11 (EXISTING)	19.7"x16.9"x7.2"	-	-

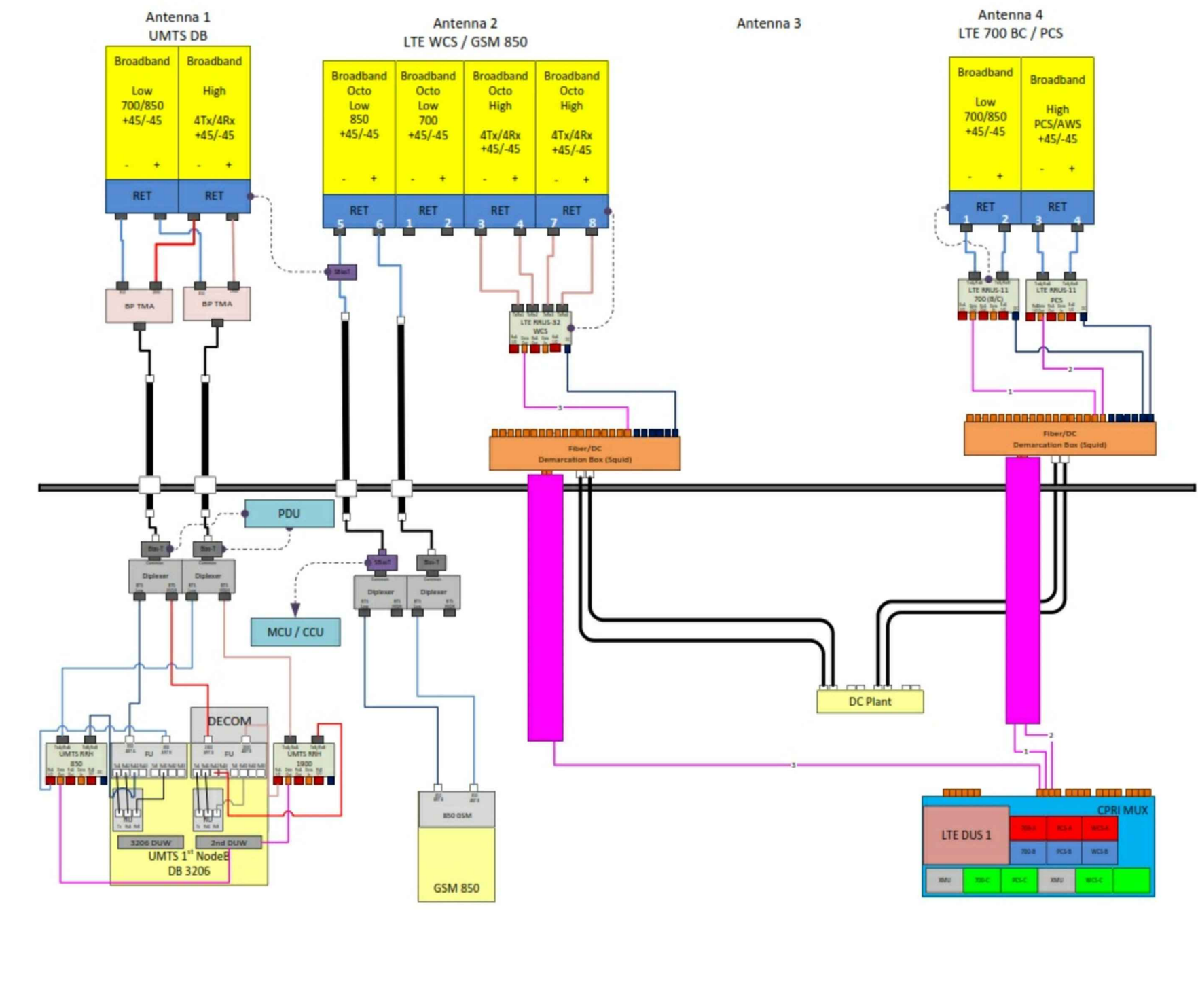
PROJECT OWNER IS RESPONSIBLE FOR PROVIDING A STRUCTURAL STABILITY ANALYSIS TO DETERMINE THE CAPACITY AND SUITABILITY OF THE EXISTING ANTENNA SUPPORT STRUCTURE TO SAFELY CARRY ALL ADDITIONAL LOADS IMPOSED BY THE PROPOSED EQUIPMENT AS SHOWN HEREIN. GENERAL CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR INCORPORATING ANY REQUIRED STRUCTURAL MODIFICATIONS INTO THEIR SCOPE OF WORK.



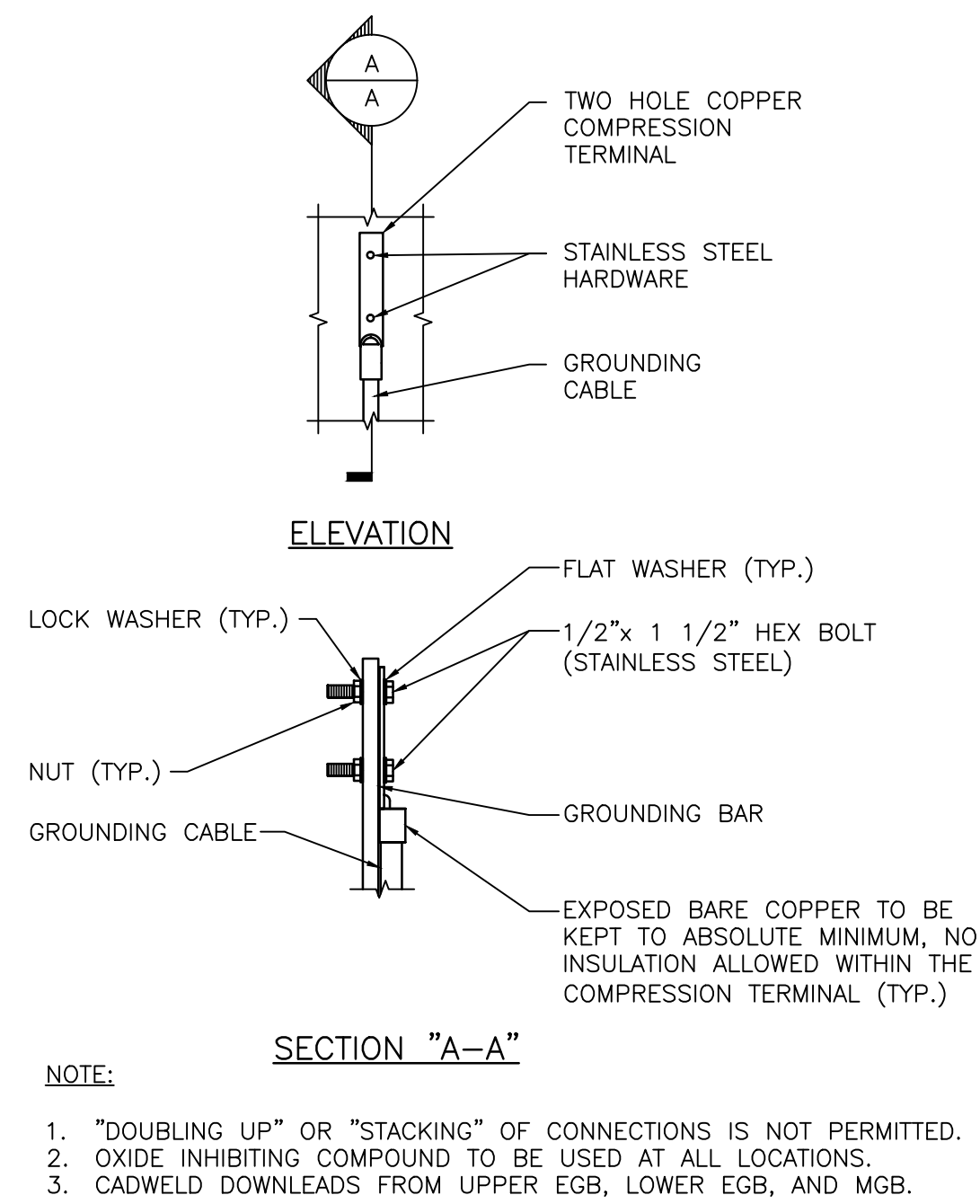
GROUND WIRE TO GROUND BAR CONNECTION DETAIL
SCALE: N.T.S.



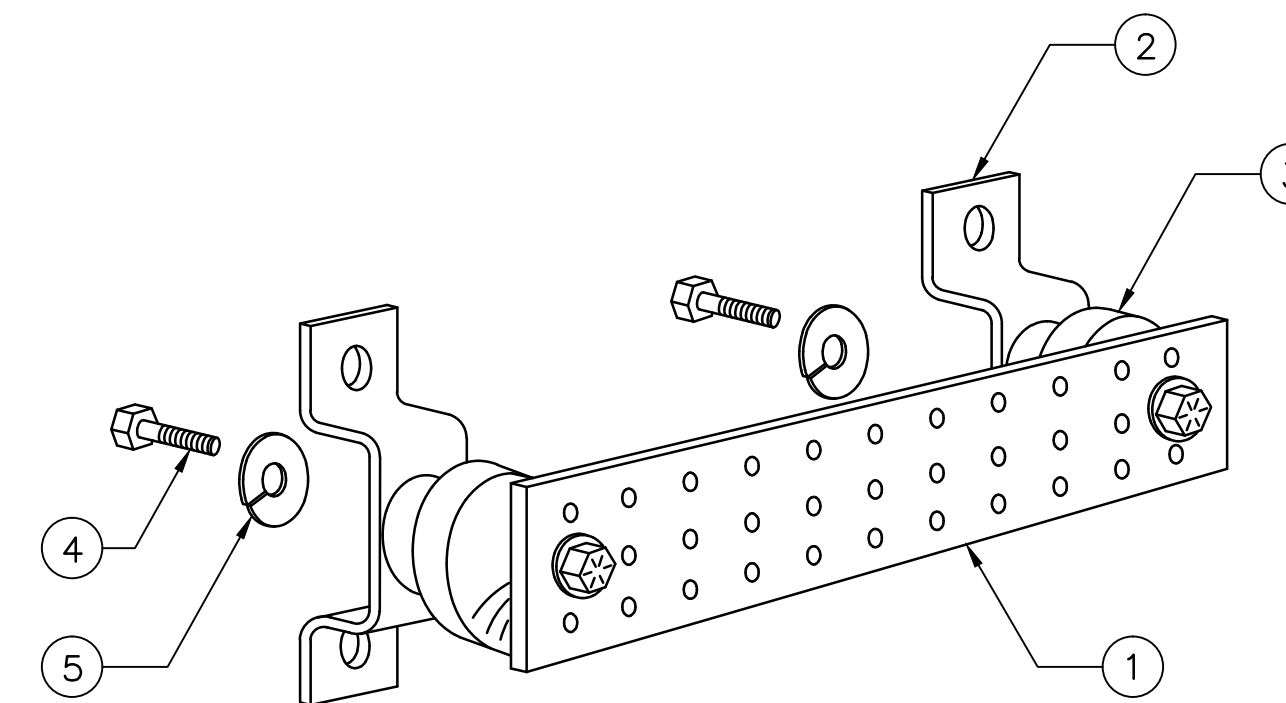
GROUNDING RISER DIAGRAM
SCALE: N.T.S.



TYPICAL PLUMBING DIAGRAM (PER SECTOR)
SCALE: N.T.S.



TYPICAL GROUND BAR CONNECTION DETAIL
SCALE: N.T.S.



ITEM NO.	QTY.	DESCRIPTION
1	1	SOLID GROUND BAR (20"x 4"x 1/4")
2	2	WALL MOUNTING BRACKET
3	2	INSULATORS
4	4	5/8"-11x1" H.H.C.S.
5	4	5/8" LOCK WASHER

- NOTES:
- EACH GROUND CONDUCTOR TERMINATING ON ANY GROUND BAR SHALL HAVE AN IDENTIFICATION TAG ATTACHED AT EACH END THAT WILL IDENTIFY ITS ORIGIN AND DESTINATION
- SECTION "P" - SURGE PRODUCERS**
- CABLE ENTRY PORTS (HATCH PLATES) (#2)
 - GENERATOR FRAMEWORK (IF AVAILABLE) (#2)
 - TELCO GROUND BAR
 - COMMERCIAL POWER COMMON NEUTRAL/GROUND BOND (#2)
 - +24V POWER SUPPLY RETURN BAR (#2)
 - -48V POWER SUPPLY RETURN BAR (#2)
 - RECTIFIER FRAMES
- SECTION "A" - SURGE ABSORBERS**
- INTERIOR GROUND RING (#2)
 - EXTERNAL EARTH GROUND FIELD (BURIED GROUND RING) (#2)
 - METALLIC COLD WATER PIPE (IF AVAILABLE) (#2)
 - BUILDING STEEL (IF AVAILABLE) (#2)

GROUND BAR DETAIL
SCALE: N.T.S.