

STATE OF CONNECTICUT

CONNECTICUT SITING COUNCIL

Ten Franklin Square, New Britain, CT 06051 Phone: (860) 827-2935 Fax: (860) 827-2950 E-Mail: siting.council@ct.gov Internet: ct.gov/csc

May 19, 2010

Andrew Moon, Esq. Pocket Communications 2819 NW Loop 410 San Antonio, TX 78230

RE: **EM-POCKET-004-081112** – Youghiogheny Communications-Northeast, LLC d/b/a Pocket Communications notice of intent to modify an existing telecommunications facility located at 277 Huckleberry Hill Road, Avon, Connecticut.

Dear Attorney Moon:

The Connecticut Siting Council (Council) hereby acknowledges your proposed revision to the previously acknowledged modifications to the above referenced telecommunications facility by using 7/8" coax cables instead of the 1 5/8" coax cables that were originally specified.

The proposed modifications are to be implemented as specified in your letter dated May 5, 2010. The modifications are in compliance with the exception criteria in Section 16-50j-72 (b) of the Regulations of Connecticut State Agencies.

This decision is under the exclusive jurisdiction of the Council. Please be advised that the validity of this action shall expire one year from the date of this letter. Any additional change to this facility will require explicit notice to this agency pursuant to Regulations of Connecticut State Agencies Section 16-50j-73.

Thank you for your attention and cooperation.

S. Derek Phelps

SDP/CDM/laf

c: The Honorable Mark W. Zacchio, Chairman Town Council, Town of Avon Brandon Robertson, Town Manager, Town of Avon Steven V. Kushner, Town Planner, Town of Avon TowerCo





Connecticut Siting Council

Attn: S. Derek Phelps Ten Franklin Square

New Britain, CT 06051

RIGINA RECEIVED

May 5, 2010

CONNECTICUT SITING COUNCIL

Re: EM-Pocket-004-081112 – Youghiogheny Communications – Northeast, LLC d/b/a Pocket Communications (Pocket), Notice of Change in Coax Size, Pocket Site ID HFCT-1481A.

Dear Executive Director Phelps;

The referenced site located at 277 Huckleberry Hill Road, Avon, Connecticut was approved by the Connecticut Siting Council (CSC) on December 11, 2008 for modifications to add equipment and shelters for use as a communications facility for Pocket. Part of that particular approval approved the site for a total of six 1 5/8" coax cables. In a recent review of lease terms with the managing agent it was determined that our license only allows for six 7/8" coax cables. The managing agent is unwilling to amend the license and is requiring that we downgrade the facilities to the 7/8" coax cables.

Pocket would like to request acknowledgment and approval from CSC of this change. There will be no increased radio frequency exposure and there will be not be an increased tower rating. Please respond with your approval so that we may make the changes to the tower in a timely manner. If there are any questions please forward them to me by any of the following methods:

Direct Phone:

210.861.2200

E-mail:

amoon@pocket.com

Mail:

2819 NW Loop 410

San Antonio, TX 78230.

I appreciate your prompt response and assistance. I have enclosed five copies of this letter for distribution to the remainder of the CSC. If anything else may be required please do not hesitate to contact me via one of the above methods.

Best Regards,

Andrew Moon

Legal Counsel

CC: Michael Perrone

PULLMAN & COMLEY, LLC ATTORNEYS AT LAW

CARRIE L. LARSON
90 State House Square
Hartford, CT 06103-3702
p (860) 424-4312
f (860) 424-4370

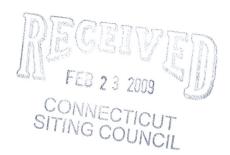
ORIGINAL

www.pullcom.com

February 20, 2009

Via Federal Express

S. Derek Phelps, Executive Director Connecticut Siting Council Ten Franklin Square New Britain, CT 06051



Re:

EM-POCKET-004-081112

TowerCo formerly known as Sprint Sites USA Telecommunications Facility 277 Huckleberry Hill Road, Avon, Connecticut

Dear Mr. Phelps:

Pursuant to your letter dated December 11, 2008 (a copy of which is attached), I have enclosed the new structural for the site indicating that it is below 100%, signed by a professional engineer.

If you should need anything further, please feel free to contact me.

Respectfully Submitted,

Carrie L. Larson

Enclosure



Structural Analysis Report

Prepared for:

TowerCo LLC 5000 Valleystone Drive Cary, NC 27519

ATTN: Mr. Stephen Rambeau

Structure

: 100 ft ELAM Laminated Wood

Monopole

Proposed Carrier : Pocket Communications

Site ID

: CT2020

Site Name

: Avon, CT

County

: Hartford

Date

: December 3, 2008

Usage

: 95.4%

Semaan Engineering Solutions, LLC 1079 N. 205th Street Elkhorn, NE 68022 Phone: 402-289-1888



Introduction

The purpose of this report is to summarize results of the structural analysis performed on the 100 ft ELAM laminated wood monopole located at Avon, CT, Hartford County (site #CT2020). The tower was originally designed and manufactured by ELAM (Drawing #SPSM-0079.06A1 Rev 3 dated July 29, 2005).

Analysis

The tower was analyzed using Semaan Engineering Solutions, Inc., Software. The analysis assumes that the tower is in good, undamaged, and non-corroded condition. The analysis was performed in conformance with TIA/EIA-222 Rev F and local building codes for a basic wind speed of 80 mph and 1/2" radial ice with reduced wind speed (fastest mile). This is in conformance with the IBC 2006: Section 1609.1.1, Exception (4) and Section 3108.4.

Basic Wind Speed:

80.0 mph

Radial Ice:

70 mph w/ 0.50" ice

Code:

TIA/ĖIA-222 Rev F

Antenna Loads

The following antenna loads were used in the tower analysis.

Existing Antennas

| Elev. (ft) | Qty | Antennas | Mount | Coax (in) | Carrier |
|------------|------------------|----------------|--------------|------------|----------|
| 100.0 | 0 3 RR90-17-00DP | | Flush mounts | (12) 1 5/8 | Sprint |
| 90.0 | 6 | 21401 TMA | Elvah mayata | - | Cincular |
| 90.0 | 3 | Powerwave 7770 | Flush mounts | (12) 1 5/8 | Cingular |

Proposed Antennas

| Elev. (ft) | Qty | Antennas | Mount | Coax (in) | Carrier |
|------------|-----|---------------|--------------|-----------|-------------------------|
| 80.0 | 3 | APXV18-206517 | Flush mounts | (6) 7/8 | Pocket Communication |

All transmission lines are assumed running outside of the pole shaft. Each carrier is assumed to be stacked two lines deep on their own side of the pole.

Results

The existing monopole is structurally capable of supporting the existing and proposed antennas.

The maximum structure usage is: 95.4%.

| Pole Reactions | Original Design Reactions | Current Analysis Reactions | % Of Design |
|------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------|
| Moment (ft-kips) | 724.60 | 708.41 | 97.8 |

The analysis reactions are less than the design reactions therefore no foundation modifications are required.

Conclusion

Based on the analysis results, the existing structure meets the requirements per the TIA/EIA-222 Rev F standards for a basic wind speed of 80 mph and 1/2" radial ice with reduced wind speed.

If you have any questions or require additional information, please call 402-289-1888.

Standard Conditions

All engineering services are performed on the basis that the information used is current and correct. This information may consist of, but is not necessary limited, to:

- -- Information supplied by the client regarding the structure itself, the antenna and feed line loading on the structure and its components, or other relevant information.
- -- Information from drawings in the possession of Semaan Engineering Solutions, or generated by field inspections or measurements of the structure.

It is the responsibility of the client to ensure that the information provided to Semaan Engineering Solutions and used in the performance of our engineering services is correct and complete. In the absence of information to the contrary, we assume that all structures were constructed in accordance with the drawings and specifications and are in an un-corroded condition and have not deteriorated; and we, therefore, assume that their capacity has not significantly changed from the "as new" condition.

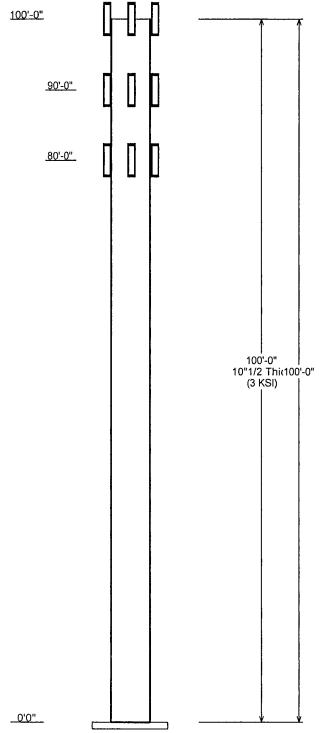
All services will be performed to the codes specified by the client, and we do not imply to meet any other codes or requirements unless explicitly agreed in writing. If wind and ice loads or other relevant parameters are to be different from the minimum values recommended by the codes, the client shall specify the exact requirement. In the absence of information to the contrary, all work will be performed in accordance with the latest relevant revision of ANSI/EIA-222.

All services are performed, results obtained, and recommendations made in accordance with generally accepted engineering principles and practices. Semaan Engineering Solutions is not responsible for the conclusions, opinions and recommendations made by others based on the information we supply.

SEMAAN ENGINEERING SOLUTIONS

1079 N.204th Avenue Elkhorn, NE 68022 Phone: 402-289-1888 Fax: 402-289-1861

Copyright Semaan Engineering Solutions, Inc.



Job Information

Pole: CT2020

Code: TIA/EIA-222 Rev F

Description:

Client: TowerCo LLC

Location: Avon, CT Shape: Round

Base Elev (ft): 0.00

Height: 100.00 (ft)

Taper: 0.000000(in/ft)

| Sections Properties | | | | | | |
|---------------------|----------------|--|-----------------------|---------|------------------|-------------------------|
| Shaft Section | Length (ft) | Diameter (in) Accross Flats Top Bottom | Thick Joint (in) Type | • | Taper (in/ft) | Steel Grade (ksi) |
| 1 | 100.00 | 26.25 26.25 | 10.5 | 0.000 0 | .000000 | 3 |

| Discrete Appurtenance | | | | | |
|-----------------------|--------------------|-----|----------------|--|--|
| Attach Elev (ft) | Force Elev (ft) | Qty | Description | | |
| 100.000 | 100.000 | 3 | RR90-17-00DP | | |
| 90.000 | 90.000 | 6 | 21401 TMA | | |
| 90.000 | 90.000 | 3 | Powerwave 7770 | | |
| 80.000 | 80.000 | 3 | APXV18-206517 | | |

| | | Linear Ap | purtenance | | |
|-------------------|--------|-------------|------------|--|--|
| Elev (ft) Exposed | | | | | |
| From | То | Description | To Wind | | |
| 0.000 | 80.000 | 7/8" Coax | No | | |
| 0.000 | 90.000 | 1 5/8" Coax | Yes | | |
| 0.000 | 100.0 | 1 5/8" Coax | Yes | | |

| | Load Cases |
|--------|----------------------------|
| No Ice | 80.00 mph Wind with No Ice |
| Ice | 69.28 mph Wind with Ice |

| Reactions | | | | | |
|-----------|--------------------|-----------------|-----------------|--|--|
| Load Case | Moment (Kip-ft) | Shear (Kips) | Axial (Kips) | | |
| No Ice | 546.27 | 8.21 | 13.74 | | |
| lce | 497.80 | 7.37 | 18.14 | | |

Wood Pole Spreadsheet (no ice)

Site #

CT33XC589 / CT2020

Address

227 Huckleberry St., Avon, CT

Pole class =

| Pol | ا ما | Pa | ram | ۵t۵ | re |
|-----|------|----|-----|-----|----|
| | | | | | |

| Nidth (trans) (in) = | 26.25 | |
|---------------------------------|--------|--|
| Γop Depth (long) (in) = | 12 | |
| Bottom Depth (long) (in) = | 30.25 | |
| GL Height (ft) = | 100 | |
| SL Embed (ft) = | 17.5 | |
| od Species = | | |
| ot (trans) (in ³) = | 4003.4 | |
| oot (long) (in ³) = | 3474.0 | |
| | | |

Wind Loads

wind pressure (psf) =

41.54 (80/85)²x46.9 = 41.54 for 80 mph

12836

708407

| Item | area (sf) | CL elev (ft) | force (lbs) | moment (ft-lbs) |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|--------------|-------------|-----------------|
| Pole (long) | 176.04 | 42.80 | 7313 | 312992 |
| Pole (trans) | 218.75 | 50.00 | 9087 | 454344 |
| Sprint (3x5.23/1.4) | 14.02 | 100.00 | 582 | 58239 |
| Cingular ((3x5.88+6x.95)/1.4) | 16.67 | 90.00 | 692 | 62322 |
| Pocket(3x5.024x.73/1.4) | 7.86 | 80.00 | 327 | 26120 |
| Coax (2-1 5/8 and 2-7/8 exposed) | 51.70 | 50.00 | 2148 | 107381 |
| Total (long) = | | | 11062 | 567055 |

| Total (trans) = | | |
|-----------------------------------|------|-------|
| f_b (long) (psi) = | 1959 | |
| f _b (trans) (psi) = | 2123 | |
| Allow. Long. Bend. Stress (psi) = | 2053 | 95.4% |
| Allow, Trans, Bend Stress (psi) = | 2500 | 84 99 |

79

CT33XC589 / CT2020

| M (ft-lbs) = | 708407 |
|--------------------------------------|---------|
| V (lbs) = | 12836.0 |
| h (ft) = | 55.19 |
| Allow. Lateral brg. Pressure (psf) = | 400 |
| Embedment depth (ft) = | 17.50 |
| S ₁ = | 2333 |
| b (ft) = | 5.00 |
| A = | 2.57 |
| Min. embed depth (ft) = | 15.02 |



STATE OF CONNECTICUT

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E-Mail: siting.council@ct.gov
www.ct.gov/csc

December 11, 2008

Carrie L. Larson, Esq. Pullman & Comley, LLC 90 State House Square Hartford, CT 06103-3702

RE: EM-POCKET-004-081112 - Youghiogheny Communications-Northeast, LLC d/b/a Pocket Communications notice of intent to modify an existing telecommunications facility located at 277 Huckleberry Hill Road, Avon, Connecticut.

Dear Attorney Larson:

The Connecticut Siting Council (Council) hereby acknowledges your notice to modify this existing telecommunications facility, pursuant to Section 16-50j-73 of the Regulations of Connecticut State Agencies with the following conditions:

- A post-construction tower rating of not more than 100 percent is achieved; and
- A signed letter from a Professional Engineer duly licensed in the State of Connecticut shall be submitted to the Council to certify that a post-construction tower rating of not more than 100 percent has been achieved.

The proposed modifications are to be implemented as specified here and in your notice dated November 11, 2008, including the placement of all necessary equipment and shelters within the tower compound. The modifications are in compliance with the exception criteria in Section 16-50j-72 (b) of the Regulations of Connecticut State Agencies as changes to an existing facility site that would not increase tower height, extend the boundaries of the tower site, increase noise levels at the tower site boundary by six decibels, and increase the total radio frequencies electromagnetic radiation power density measured at the tower site boundary to or above the standard adopted by the State Department of Environmental Protection pursuant to General Statutes § 22a-162. This facility has also been carefully modeled to ensure that radio frequency emissions are conservatively below State and federal standards applicable to the frequencies now used on this tower.

This decision is under the exclusive jurisdiction of the Council. Please be advised that the validity of this action shall expire one year from the date of this letter. Any additional change to this facility will require explicit notice to this agency pursuant to Regulations of Connecticut State Agencies Section 16-50j-73. Such notice shall include all relevant information regarding the proposed change with cumulative worst-case modeling of radio frequency exposure at the closest point of uncontrolled access to the tower base, consistent with Federal Communications Commission, Office of Engineering and Technology, Bulletin 65. Any deviation from this format may result in the Council implementing enforcement proceedings pursuant to General Statutes § 16-50u including, without limitation, imposition of expenses resulting from such failure



EM-POCKET-004-081112 December 10, 2008 Page 2

and of civil penalties in an amount not less than one thousand dollars per day for each day of construction or operation in material violation.

Thank you for your attention and cooperation.

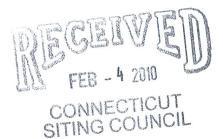
V. W.

Executive Director

SDP/CDM/laf

c: The Honorable John F. Carlson, Chairman Town Council, Town of Avon Philip K. Schenck, Jr., Town Manager, Town of Avon Steven V. Kushner, Town Planner, Town of Avon TowerCo

PULLMAN & COMLEY, LLC ATTORNEYS AT LAW



CARRIE L. LARSON
90 State House Square
Hartford, CT 06103-3702
p (860) 424-4312
f (860) 424-4370

www.pullcom.com

February 4, 2010

Via Hand Delivery

S. Derek Phelps, Executive Director Connecticut Siting Council Ten Franklin Square New Britain, CT 06051

Re:

EM-POCKET-004-081112

TowerCo formerly known as Sprint Sites USA Telecommunications Facility 277 Huckleberry Hill Road, Avon, Connecticut

Dear Mr. Phelps:

On January 20, 2010, Youghiogheny Communications-Northeast, LLC, doing business as Pocket Communications ("Pocket"), submitted a revised structural report for the above-referenced facility. Pursuant to your letter dated December 11, 2008, the above-referenced exempt modification was approved with 7/8" coax cable being utilized instead of Pocket's usual configuration of 1-5/8" coax cable. Since that time, the additional structural analysis was performed and it was determined that Pocket could utilize 1-5/8" coax cable. The report indicated that the capacity for the tower was below 100%, with the use of the 1-5/8" coax cable. For a number of reasons, Pocket has now determined that using the 7/8" cable is their most efficient option at this site. This is to inform you that Pocket will now be going back to it's original planned configuration and will be utilizing 7/8" coax cable at this site.

If you should need anything further, please feel free to contact me.

Respectfully Submitted,

Ceero

Carrie L. Larson

PULLMAN & COMLEY, LLC ATTORNEYS AT LAW

CARRIE L. LARSON
90 State House Square
Hartford, CT 06103-3702
p (860) 424-4312
f (860) 424-4370

www.pullcom.com

ORIGINAL

January 20, 2010

Via Federal Express

S. Derek Phelps, Executive Director Connecticut Siting Council Ten Franklin Square New Britain, CT 06051 DEGENVED AN 21 2000

CONNECTICUT
SITING COUNCIL

Re: EM- POCKET-004-081112

TowerCo formerly known as Sprint Sites USA Telecommunications Facility 277 Huckleberry Hill Road, Avon, Connecticut

Dear Mr. Phelps:

Youghiogheny Communications-Northeast, LLC, doing business as Pocket Communications ("Pocket"), hereby submits a revised structural report for the above-referenced facility. Pursuant to your letter dated December 11, 2008 (a copy of which is attached), the above-referenced exempt modification was approved with 7/8" coax cable being utilized instead of Pocket's usual configuration of 1-5/8" coax cable. Since that time, an additional structural analysis was performed and it was determined that Pocket could utilize 1-5/8" coax cable. The report indicates that the capacity for the tower is below 100%, with the use of the 1-5/8" coax cable. This is to inform you that Pocket will be utilizing 1-5/8 coax cable on this site in accordance with this revised report.

If you should need anything further, please feel free to contact me.

Respectfully Submitted,

Cen Char

Carrie L. Larson

Enclosure



STATE OF CONNECTICUT

CONNECTICUT SITING COUNCIL

Ten Franklin Square, New Britain, CT 06051 Phone: (860) 827-2935 Fax: (860) 827-2950 E-Mail: siting.council@ct.gov www.ct.gov/csc

December 11, 2008

Carrie L. Larson, Esq. Pullman & Comley, LLC 90 State House Square Hartford, CT 06103-3702

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- · A post-construction tower rating of not more than 100 percent is achieved; and
- A signed letter from a Professional Engineer duly licensed in the State of Connecticut shall be submitted to the Council to certify that a post-construction tower rating of not more than 100 percent has been achieved.

The proposed modifications are to be implemented as specified here and in your notice dated November 11, 2008, including the placement of all necessary equipment and shelters within the tower compound. The modifications are in compliance with the exception criteria in Section 16-50j-72 (b) of the Regulations of Connecticut State Agencies as changes to an existing facility site that would not increase tower height, extend the boundaries of the tower site, increase noise levels at the tower site boundary by six decibels, and increase the total radio frequencies electromagnetic radiation power density measured at the tower site boundary to or above the standard adopted by the State Department of Environmental Protection pursuant to General Statutes § 22a-162. This facility has also been carefully modeled to ensure that radio frequency emissions are conservatively below State and federal standards applicable to the frequencies now used on this tower.

This decision is under the exclusive jurisdiction of the Council. Please be advised that the validity of this action shall expire one year from the date of this letter. Any additional change to this facility will require explicit notice to this agency pursuant to Regulations of Connecticut State Agencies Section 16-50j-73. Such notice shall include all relevant information regarding the proposed change with cumulative worst-case modeling of radio frequency exposure at the closest point of uncontrolled access to the tower base, consistent with Federal Communications Commission, Office of Engineering and Technology, Bulletin 65. Any deviation from this format may result in the Council implementing enforcement proceedings pursuant to General Statutes § 16-50u including, without limitation, imposition of expenses resulting from such failure



and of civil penalties in an amount not less than one thousand dollars per day for each day of construction or operation in material violation.

Thank you for your attention and cooperation.

S. Derek Pheins

Executive Director

SDP/CDM/laf

c: The Honorable John F. Carlson, Chairman Town Council, Town of Avon Philip K. Schenck, Jr., Town Manager, Town of Avon Steven V. Kushner, Town Planner, Town of Avon TowerCo



Structural Analysis Report

100-ft Existing Laminated Wood Monopole

Tower Co. Id #CT2020A

Proposed Pocket Wireless Antenna Installation

Pocket Wireless Site Ref: HFCT1481-Avon Landfill

277 Huckleberry Hill Road Avon, CT

Natcomm Project No. 09127

Date: November 12, 2009 Rev 1: December 9, 2009



Prepared for:

Grapevine Solutions, Inc. P.O. Box 30214 Knoxville, TN 37922

> p: 203.488.0580 f: 203.488.8587 w: nat-eng.com 63-2 N. Branford Rd. Branford, CT 06405

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<u>Introduction</u>

The purpose of this report is to summarize the results of the structural analysis of the antenna installation proposed by Pocket Wireless on the existing laminated wood monopole (tower) owned and operated by Tower Co. located in Avon, Connecticut.

The host tower is a 100-ft tall, four sided, tapered, laminated wood monopole originally designed and manufactured by Laminated Wood Systems, dated July 28, 2005. The tower geometry, structure member sizes and foundation system information were obtained from the original design documents. Antenna and appurtenance information were obtained from a previous structural analysis prepared by Semaan Engineering Solutions dated November 4, 2008. Existing quantity, size and coaxial cable configuration obtained from site documentation provided by Pocket Wireless. Refer to drawing EL-1 within Section 3 of this report for further information.

The width of the pole is 26.25-in (bottom and top) in the transverse direction and 30.25-in (top) and 12.0-in (bottom) in the longitudinal direction.

Pocket Wireless is proposing the installation of three (3) flush mounted panel antennas and six (6) coaxial cables. Refer to the Antenna and Appurtenance Summary below for a detailed description of the proposed antenna and appurtenance configuration.

<u>Antenna and Appurtenance Summary</u>

The existing tower was designed to support several communication antennas. The existing, proposed and future loads considered in this analysis consist of the following:

- SPRINT (Existing):
 - Antennas: Three (3) RR90-17-00DP panel antennas flush mounted with a RAD center elevation of 100-ft above the existing tower base.
 - <u>Coax Cables:</u> Twelve (12) 1-5/8" \varnothing coax cables running on the face of the structure as indicated in section 3 of this report.
- AT&T (Existing):
 - Antennas: Three (3) Powerwave 7770 panel antennas and six (6) Powerwave LGP-214 TMA's flush mounted with a RAD center elevation of 90-ft above the existing tower base.
 - <u>Coax Cables:</u> Twelve (12) 1-5/8" \varnothing coax cables running on the face of the structure as indicated in section 3 of this report.
- POCKET (Proposed):
 - <u>Antennas</u>: Three (3) RFS APXV18-206517 panel antennas flush mounted with a RAD center elevation of 80-ft above the existing tower base.
 - <u>Coax Cables:</u> Six (6) 1-5/8" \varnothing coax cables running on the face of the structure as indicated on drawing EL-1 within section 3 of this report.

Primary Assumptions Used in the Analysis

- Wind Profile: (per Vertical Solutions email dated 11/23/09)
 - Velocity Pressure qz calculated using ASEC 7-02 Section 6.5.13 Design Wind Loads on Open Buildings and Other Structures.
 - Velocity pressure evaluated at a height of 100' AGL for the laminated pole and for the coax cables.
 - Velocity pressure evaluated at RAD center height for antennas and TMA's (100' for Sprint, 90' for AT&T and 80' for Pocket).
 - Three (3) cables exposed to wind in the longitudinal direction from 0'-80'.
 - Two (2) cables exposed to wind in the longitudinal direction from 80'-90'.
 - No cables exposed to wind in the longitudinal direction from 90'-100'.
 - Two (2) cables exposed to wind in the transverse direction from 0'-100'.
 - All existing coax cables to be installed as indicated in section 3 drawing EL-1 of this report.
 - Force coefficient Cf calculated using ASCE 7-02 figure 6-19 for chimneys, tanks, rooftop equipment and similar structures.
- Gust Response Factor: (per Vertical Solutions email dated 11/23/09)
 - Gust response factor G taken as 0.89 from NESC C2-2002 Table 250-3 for a structure height between 80' and 115'.
- The tower structure's theoretical capacity not including any assessment of the condition of the tower.
- The tower carries the horizontal and vertical loads due to the weight of antennas, ice load and wind.
- Tower is properly installed and maintained.
- Tower is in plumb condition.
- Tower loading for antennas and mounts as listed in this report.
- All members are assumed to be as specified in the original tower design documents or reinforcement drawings.
- All member protective coatings are in good condition.
- All tower members were properly designed, detailed, fabricated, installed and have been properly maintained since erection.
- Any deviation from the analyzed antenna loading will require a new analysis for verification of structural adequacy.

<u>Analysis</u>

The existing tower was analyzed for 95 mph basic wind speed (3 second gust) with no ice and a 50 mph basic wind speed (3 second gust) with 1 inch accumulative ice to determine stresses in the existing laminated wood pole as per NDS-2001.

Structure Loading

Tower loading was determined by the basic wind speed as applied to projected surface areas with modification factors per IBC-2003, SEI/ASCE 7-02 and NESC C2-2002, gravity loads of the structure and its components, and the application of 1" radial ice to the structure and its components.

| Basic | Wind |
|-------|------|
| Speed | d: |

Load Cases:

Avon; v = 95 mph (3 second gust) equivalent to v = 77.5 mph (fastest mile)

[Appendix K of the 2005 CT Building Code Supplement]

Load Case 1; 80 mph wind speed w/ no ice plus gravity load – used in calculation of stresses and rotation. This load case typically controls the design of monopole towers.

[IBC 2003 SEI/ASCE 7-02]]

<u>Load Case 2</u>; 50 mph wind speed w/ 1" radial ice plus gravity load – used in calculation of stresses. This load case typically controls the design of

lattice towers.

[IBC 2003 SEI/ASCE 7-02]]

Load Case 3; Seismic – not checked

[Section 1614.5 of State Bldg. Code 2005] does not control in the design of this structure type

Tower Capacity

Calculated stresses were found to be within allowable limits. The tower was found to be at **92.0%** of its total capacity.

| Direction | Stress Ratio (percentage of capacity) | Result |
|---|---------------------------------------|--------|
| Transverse | 83.2% | PASS |
| Longitudinal (Pocket w/ 1-5/8" Ø coax cable) | 92.0% | PASS |
| Longitudinal (Pocket w/ 7/8" Ø coax cable) | 90.3% | PASS |

Foundation

The existing foundation consists of an 5.0-ft \emptyset x 17.5-ft long reinforced concrete pier fully embedded into the ground. The sub-grade conditions used in the analysis of the existing foundation were obtained from the aforementioned Laminated Wood Systems original tower design documents.

Review of the foundation consisted of verification of applied loads obtained from the tower design calculations and code checks of allowable stresses:

The foundation was found to be within allowable limits.

| Foundation | Actual Embedment | Required Embedment | Result |
|-------------------|------------------|-----------------------|--------|
| Reinf. Conc. Pier | 17.5 ft | 13.8 ft | PASS |

Conclusion

This analysis shows that the subject tower <u>is adequate</u> to support the proposed modified antenna configuration.

The analysis is based, in part, on the information provided to this office by Pocket Wireless. If the existing conditions are different than the information in this report, Natcomm, Inc. must be contacted for resolution of any potential issues.

Please feel free to call with any questions or comments.

Respectfully Submitted by:

Carlo F. Centore, PE

Principal ~ Structural Engineer

Prepared by:

Timothy J. Lynn, EIT

Structural Engineer

REPORT

SECTION 1-4

<u>Standard Conditions for Furnishing of</u> <u>Professional Engineering Services on</u> Existing Structures

All engineering services are performed on the basis that the information used is current and correct. This information may consist of, but is not necessarily limited to:

- Information supplied by the client regarding the structure itself, its foundations, the soil
 conditions, the antenna and feed line loading on the structure and its components, or
 other relevant information.
- Information from the field and/or drawings in the possession of Natcomm, Inc. or generated by field inspections or measurements of the structure.
- It is the responsibility of the client to ensure that the information provide to Natcomm, Inc. and used in the performance of our engineering services is correct and complete. In the absence of information to the contrary, we assume that all structures were constructed in accordance with the drawings and specifications and are in an uncorroded condition and have not deteriorated. It is therefore assumed that its capacity has not significantly changed from the "as new" condition.
- All services will be performed to the codes specified by the client, and we do not imply to meet any other codes or requirements unless explicitly agreed in writing. If wind and ice loads or other relevant parameters are to be different from the minimum values recommended by the codes, the client shall specify the exact requirement. In the absence of information to the contrary, all work will be performed in accordance with the latest revision of ANSI/ASCE10 & ANSI/EIA-222
- All services performed, results obtained, and recommendations made are in accordance
 with generally accepted engineering principles and practices. Natcomm, Inc. is not
 responsible for the conclusions, opinions and recommendations made by others based
 on the information we supply.

<u>General Description of Structural</u> <u>Analysis Program</u>

RISA-3D Structural Analysis Program is an integrated structural analysis and design software package for buildings, bridges, tower structures, etc.

Modeling Features:

- Comprehensive CAD-like graphic drawing/editing capabilities that let you draw, modify and load elements as well as snap, move, rotate, copy, mirror, scale, split, merge, mesh, delete, apply, etc.
- Versatile drawing grids (orthogonal, radial, skewed)
- Universal snaps and object snaps allow drawing without grids
- Versatile general truss generator
- Powerful graphic select/unselect tools including box, line, polygon, invert, criteria, spreadsheet selection, with locking
- Saved selections to quickly recall desired selections
- Modification tools that modify single items or entire selections
- Real spreadsheets with cut, paste, fill, math, sort, find, etc.
- Dynamic synchronization between spreadsheets and views so you can edit or view any data in the plotted views or in the spreadsheets
- Simultaneous view of multiple spreadsheets
- Constant in-stream error checking and data validation
- Unlimited undo/redo capability
- Generation templates for grids, disks, cylinders, cones, arcs, trusses, tanks, hydrostatic loads, etc.
- Support for all units systems & conversions at any time
- Automatic interaction with RISASection libraries
- Import DXF, RISA-2D, STAAD and ProSteel 3D files
- Export DXF, SDNF and ProSteel 3D files

Analysis Features:

- Static analysis and P-Delta effects
- Multiple simultaneous dynamic and response spectra analysis using Gupta, CQC or SRSS mode combinations
- Automatic inclusion of mass offset (5% or user defined) for dynamic analysis
- Physical member modeling that does not require members to be broken up at intermediate joints
- State of the art 3 or 4 node plate/shell elements
- High-end automatic mesh generation draw a polygon with any number of sides to create a mesh of well-formed quadrilateral (NOT triangular) elements.
- Accurate analysis of tapered wide flanges web, top and bottom flanges may all taper independently
- Automatic rigid diaphragm modeling
- Area loads with one-way or two-way distributions
- Multiple simultaneous moving loads with standard AASHTO loads and custom moving loads for bridges, cranes, etc.
- Torsional warping calculations for stiffness, stress and design
- Automatic Top of Member offset modeling
- Member end releases & rigid end offsets
- Joint master-slave assignments
- Joints detachable from diaphragms

- Enforced joint displacements
- 1-Way members, for tension only bracing, slipping, etc.
- 1-Way springs, for modeling soils and other effects
- Euler members that take compression up to their buckling load, then turn off.
- Stress calculations on any arbitrary shape
- Inactive members, plates, and diaphragms allows you to quickly remove parts of structures from consideration
- Story drift calculations provide relative drift and ratio to height
- Automatic self-weight calculations for members and plates
- Automatic subgrade soil spring generator

Graphics Features:

- Unlimited simultaneous model view windows
- Extraordinary "true to scale" rendering, even when drawing
- High-speed redraw algorithm for instant refreshing
- Dynamic scrolling stops right where you want
- Plot & print virtually everything with color coding & labeling
- Rotate, zoom, pan, scroll and snap views
- Saved views to guickly restore frequent or desired views
- Full render or wire-frame animations of deflected model and dynamic mode shapes with frame and speed control
- Animation of moving loads with speed control
- High quality customizable graphics printing

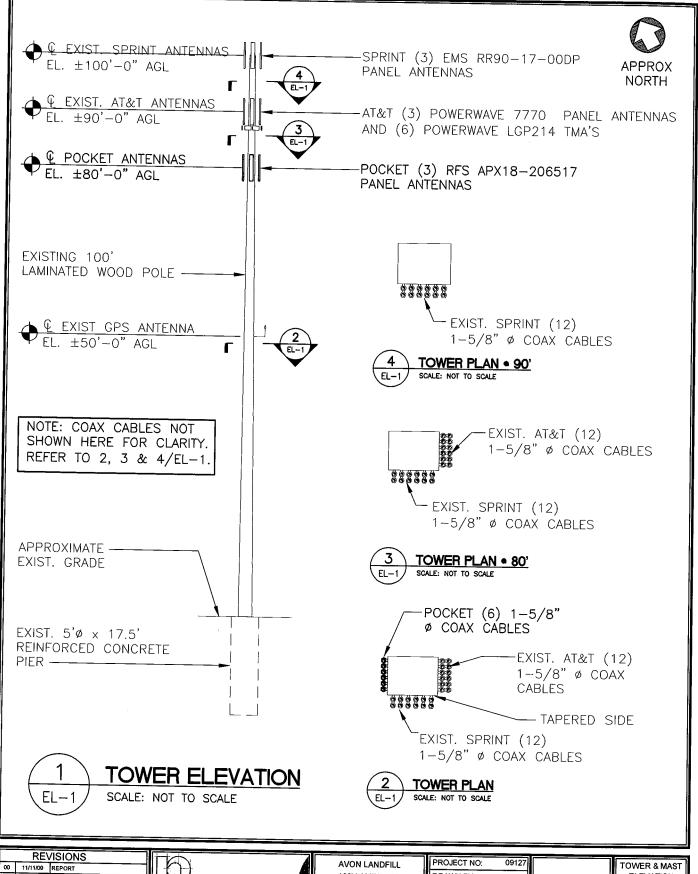
Design Features:

- Designs concrete, hot rolled steel, cold formed steel and wood
- ACI 1999/2002, BS 8110-97, CSA A23.3-94, IS456:2000,EC 2-1992 with consistent bar sizes through adjacent spans
- Exact integration of concrete stress distributions using parabolic or rectangular stress blocks
- Concrete beam detailing (Rectangular, T and L)
- Concrete column interaction diagrams
- Steel Design Codes: AISC ASD 9th, LRFD 2nd & 3rd, HSS Specification, CAN/CSA-S16.1-1994 & 2004, BS 5950-1-2000, IS 800-1984, Euro 3-1993 including local shape databases
- AISI 1999 cold formed steel design
- NDS 1991/1997/2001 wood design, including Structural Composite Lumber, multi-ply, full sawn
- Automatic spectra generation for UBC 1997, IBC 2000/2003
- Generation of load combinations: ASCE, UBC, IBC, BOCA, SBC, ACI
- Unbraced lengths for physical members that recognize connecting elements and full lengths of members
- Automatic approximation of K factors
- Tapered wide flange design with either ASD or LRFD codes
- Optimization of member sizes for all materials and all design codes, controlled by standard or user-defined lists of available sizes and criteria such as maximum depths
- Automatic calculation of custom shape properties
- Steel Shapes: AISC, HSS, CAN, ARBED, British, Euro, Indian, Chilean
- Light Gage Shapes: AISI, SSMA, Dale / Incor, Dietrich, Marino\WARE
- Wood Shapes: Complete NDS species/grade database
- Full seamless integration with RISAFoot (Ver 2 or better) for advanced footing design and detailing

Plate force summation tool

Results Features:

- Graphic presentation of color-coded results and plotted designs
- Color contours of plate stresses and forces with quadratic smoothing, the contours may also be animated
- Spreadsheet results with sorting and filtering of: reactions, member & joint deflections, beam & plate forces/stresses, optimized sizes, code designs, concrete reinforcing, material takeoffs, frequencies and mode shapes
- Standard and user-defined reports
- Graphic member detail reports with force/stress/deflection diagrams and detailed design calculations and expanded diagrams that display magnitudes at any dialed location
- Saved solutions quickly restore analysis and design results.



| O 11/11/09 REPORT O 11/11/09 REPORT REVISED O 14/11/09 REPORT REVISED O 14/11/09 O O 14/11/09 O O O O O O O O | A CON LANDING | PROJECT NO: 09127 DRAWN BY: TJL | | TOWER & MAST ELEVATION |
|---|---------------------------|------------------------------------|-----|---------------------------|
| CONSULTING ENGINEERS • | WOOD POLE | CHECKED BY: CFC | | E1 4 |
| p: 203.488.0580 f: 203.488.8587 w: nat-eng.com e: Info@nat-eng.com 63-2 N. Branford Rd. Branford, CT 06405 | 211 HOCKLEBERRY HILL ROAD | SCALE: AS NOTED DATE: 11/12/09 | l l | DWG. 1 OF 1 |
| | | | | |



Location:

Wind Loading

Avon Landfill Avon, CT

Prepared by: T.J.L. Checked by: C.F.C.

Job No. 09127

488.0580 ft 203.488.2587 w: nat-eng.com 63-2 N. Biznford Rd., Branford, CT 06405 6: 203,488,0580

Rev. 0: 12/3/09

Design Wind Load on Other Structures:

(Based on IBC 2003 and SEI/ASCE 7-02) mph

Wind Speed =

V := 95

(User Input)

Building Category =

Structure Type =

Exposure Category =

BC := IIExp := C (User Input)

(Conservative)

(User Input)

(Table 1-1) (Sec.6.5.6.3)

based on site specific surface roughness B)

Note: Actual exposure indicative of category B

Structuretype := Square_Chimney

(User Input)

(Table 6-4)

Wind Speed with Ice =

 $V_{ice} = 50$

mph

(User Input)

Ice thickness = Ice Density =

t := 1.0

Id := 56

in

(User Input)

pcf

(User Input)

(NESC C2-2002

(User Input)

Gust Response Factor =

G := 0.89

Table 250-3) (Table 6-1)

Importance Factor =

 $I := 0.87 \text{ if } V \le 100 = 1$ 0.77 if V > 100

1.15 otherwise

Terrain Exposure Constants:

Nominal Height of the Atmospheric Boundary Layer =

zg := 1200 if Exp = B = 900

(Table 6-2)

900 if Exp = C 700 if Exp = D

 $\alpha := 7$ if Exp = B = 9.5

(Table 6-2)

3-Sec Gust Speed Power Law Exponent =

9.5 if Exp = C

11.5 if Exp = D

Topographic Factor =

 $K_{zt} := 1$

(Eq. 6-3)

Wind Directionality Factor =

 $K_{d} = 0.9$

(Table 6-4)

Importance Factor on Ice Thickness =

 $I_i := 0.8 \text{ if BC} = 1 = 1$ 1.0 if BC = 2

1.25 otherwise

(Table 10-1)

Importance Factor on Concurrent Wind Pressure =

 $I_{w} := 1.0$

(Table 10-1)



Location:

Wind Loading

Avon Landfill Avon, CT

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pt 203.488.0580 ft 203.488.0587 wt nationg.com 63-2 N. Biznford Rd., Brandord, CT 06405

Rev. 0: 12/3/09

Height Above Grade =

Z := 100

Exposure Coefficient =
$$K_z := \begin{bmatrix} 2.01 \left(\frac{Z}{zg}\right)^{\left(\frac{Z}{\alpha}\right)} & \text{if } 15 \le Z \le zg \end{bmatrix}$$
 (Table 6-3)

ft

 $K_7 = 1.266$

Velocity Pressure =

$$q_z := 0.00256 \cdot K_z \cdot K_{zt} \cdot K_{d} \cdot V^2 \cdot I = 26.32$$

Velocity Pressure with Ice =

$$q_{z.ice} := 0.00256 \cdot K_z \cdot K_{zt} \cdot K_d \cdot V_{ice}^2 \cdot I_w = 7.29$$

Height Above Grade =

Exposure Coefficient =

$$K_{z.att} := \begin{bmatrix} 2.01 \left(\frac{Z_{att}}{zg} \right)^{\left(\frac{2}{\alpha} \right)} & \text{if } 15 \le Z_{att} \le zg \\ \\ 2.01 \left(\frac{15}{zg} \right)^{\left(\frac{2}{\alpha} \right)} & \text{if } Z_{att} < 15 \end{bmatrix}$$

(Table 6-3)

 $K_{z.att} = 1.238$

Velocity Pressure =

$$q_{z.att} := 0.00256 \cdot K_{z.att} \cdot K_{zt} \cdot K_{d} \cdot V^{2} \cdot I = 25.74$$

(Eq. 6-15)

Velocity Pressure with Ice =

$$q_{z.ice.att} = 0.00256 \cdot K_{z.att} \cdot K_{zt} \cdot K_{d} \cdot V_{ice}^{2} \cdot I_{w} = 7.13$$

(Eq. 6-15)

Height Above Grade =

$$K_{z,pocket} = \begin{cases} 2.01 \left(\frac{Z_{pocket}}{zg} \right)^{\left(\frac{2}{\alpha}\right)} & \text{if } 15 \le Z_{pocket} \le zg \end{cases}$$

$$2.01 \left(\frac{15}{zg} \right)^{\left(\frac{2}{\alpha}\right)} & \text{if } Z_{pocket} < 15 \end{cases}$$

Exposure Coefficient =

 $K_{z,pocket} = 1.208$

Velocity Pressure =

$$q_{z.pocket} := 0.00256 \cdot K_{z.pocket} \cdot K_{zt} \cdot K_{d} \cdot V^{2} \cdot I = 25.11$$

(Eq. 6-15)

Velocity Pressure with Ice =

$$q_{z.ice.pocket} := 0.00256 \cdot K_{z.pocket} \cdot K_{zt} \cdot K_d \cdot V_{ice}^2 \cdot I_W = 6.96$$



Location:

Wind Loading

Avon Landfill Avon, CT

sk 203.488.0580 ft 203.488.3587 with all-eng.com 63-2 N. Branford Rd., Branford, CT 06405

Rev. 0: 12/3/09

Prepared by: T.J.L. Checked by: C.F.C. Job No. 09127

Development of Wind & Ice Load on Laminated Pole

Laminated Pole Data: Longitudinal Direction

> Pole Shape = Flat

Pole Width Top = $W_{pole.top} = 12$

Pole Width Bottom = $W_{pole.bot} = 30.25$ in

> Pole Length = L_{pole} := 100

Pole Weight = Weightpole := 42

Force Coefficient = $C_f := 2.0$ (Fig 6-19)

Wind Load (without ice)

 $A_{pole} := \frac{W_{pole.top}}{12} = 1$ Pole Projected Surface Area = sf/ft

Total Pole Wind Force = $q_z \cdot G \cdot C_f A_{pole} = 47$ plf BLC 6,7

 $A_{pole} := \frac{W_{pole.bot}}{12} = 2.521$ Pole Projected Surface Area = sf/ft

Total Pole Wind Force = $q_z \cdot G \cdot C_f A_{pole} = 118$ BLC 6,7 plf

Wind Load (with ice)

 $AICE_{pole} := \frac{\left(W_{pole.top} + 2 \cdot t\right)}{12} = 1.167$ Pole Projected Surface Area w/ Ice = sf/ft

Total Pole Wind Force w/ Ice = $q_{z.ice} \cdot G \cdot C_f \cdot AICE_{pole} = 15$ plf BLC 5

 $AICE_{pole} := \frac{\left(W_{pole,bot} + 2 \cdot t\right)}{12} = 2.688$ Pole Projected Surface Area w/ Ice = sf/ft

Total Pole Wind Force w/ Ice = $q_{z.ice} \cdot G \cdot C_f \cdot AICE_{pole} = 35$ BLC 5 plf



Subject:

Location:

Rev. 0: 12/3/09

Wind Loading

Avon Landfill Avon, CT

Prepared by: T.J.L. Checked by: C.F.C. Job No. 09127

Development of Wind & Ice Load on Laminated Pole

Laminated Pole Data:

Transverse Direction

Pole Shape =

Flat

 $C_f := 2.0$

Pole Width =

 $W_{pole} := 26.25$ in

Pole Length =

L_{pole} := 100

Force Coefficient =

(Fig 6-19)

Wind Load (without ice)

$$A_{pole} := \frac{W_{pole}}{12} = 2.188$$

sf/ft

Total Pole Wind Force =

$$q_z \cdot G \cdot C_f A_{pole} = 102$$

BLC 4

Wind Load (with ice)

$$AICE_{pole} := \frac{\left(W_{pole} + 2 \cdot t\right)}{12} = 2.354$$

sf/ft

Total Pole Wind Force w/ Ice =

 $q_{z.ice} \cdot G \cdot C_f AICE_{pole} = 31$

plf BLC 3

Gravity Loads (without ice)

$$Area_{top} := W_{pole.top} \cdot W_{pole} = 315$$

Weight of the Pole Top =

Weight_{pole}·
$$\frac{Area_{top}}{144} = 92$$

plf BLC 1

Cross Sectional Area Bottom =

sq in

Weight of the Pole Bottom =

Weight_{pole}.
$$\frac{Area_{bot}}{144} = 232$$

BLC 1 plf

Gravity Loads (ice only)

$$Area_{tot.top} := (W_{pole.top} + 2 \cdot t) \cdot (W_{pole} + 2 \cdot t) = 395.5$$

sq in

Cross Sectional Area Ice Only Top =

 $Area_{ice.top} := Area_{tot.top} - Area_{top} = 80.5$

sq in

Weight of Ice on Pole Top =

$$\frac{\text{redice.top}}{144} \cdot \text{Id} = 31$$

plf BLC 2

Area_{tot.bot} :=
$$(W_{pole.bot} + 2 \cdot t) \cdot (W_{pole} + 2 \cdot t) = 911.063$$

sa in

$$Area_{ice.bot} := Area_{tot.bot} - Area_{bot} = 117$$

$$\frac{\text{Area}_{\text{ice.bot}}}{144} \cdot \text{Id} = 46$$

BLC 2 plf



Location:

Wind Loading

Avon Landfill

Avon, CT

Rev. 0: 12/3/09

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Development of Wind & Ice Load on Antennas

Antenna Data: Sprint

Antenna Model = EMS RR90-17-00DP

Antenna Shape = Flat

Antenna Height = Lant := 56 in

Antenna Width = Want := 8 in

Antenna Thickness = $T_{ant} := 2.75$ in

Antenna Weight = WT_{ant} := 13.5 lbs

Number of Antennas = $N_{ant} = 3$

Force Coefficient = $C_f = 1.4$ (Fig 6-19)

Wind Load (without ice)

Assumes Maximum Possible Wind Pressure on Antennas

Surface Area for One Antenna = $SA_{ant} := \frac{L_{ant} \cdot W_{ant}}{144} = 3.1$ sf

Antenna Projected Surface Area = A_{ant}:= SA_{ant}·N_{ant} = 9.3 sf

Total Antenna Wind Force = $F_{ant} := q_z \cdot G \cdot C_f \cdot A_{ant} = 306$ lbs **BLC 4,6,7**

Wind Load (with ice)

Assumes Maximum Possible Wind Pressure on Antennas

Surface Area for One Antenna w/ Ice = $SA_{ICEant} := \frac{\left(L_{ant} + 2 \cdot t\right) \cdot \left(W_{ant} + 2 \cdot t\right)}{144} = 4$ sf

Antenna Projected Surface Area w/ Ice = A_{ICEant}:= SA_{ICEant}·N_{ant} = 12.1 sf

Total Antenna Wind Force w/ Ice = Fi_{ant} := q_{z,ice}·G·C_fA_{|CEant} = 110 Ibs BLC 3,5

Gravity Load (without ice)

Weight of All Antennas = WT_{ant}·N_{ant} = 41 lbs BLC 1

Gravity Load (ice only)

Volume of Each Antenna = V_{ant} := L_{ant}·W_{ant}·T_{ant} = 1232 cu in

Volume of Ice on Each Antenna = $V_{ice} := (L_{ant} + 2 \cdot t)(W_{ant} + 2 \cdot t) \cdot (T_{ant} + 2 \cdot t) - V_{ant} = 1523$ cu in

Weight of Ice on Each Antenna = $W_{ICEant} := \frac{V_{ice}}{1728} \cdot Id = 49$ Ibs

Weight of Ice on All Antennas = WICEant Nant = 148



Location:

Wind Loading

Avon Landfill

Avon, CT

Prepared by: T.J.L. Checked by: C.F.C. Job No. 09127

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Rev. 0: 12/3/09

Development of Wind & Ice Load on Antennas

Antenna Data: AT&T

Antenna Model = Powerwave 7770

Antenna Shape =

Antenna Height = Lant := 55 in

Antenna Width = $W_{ant} = 11$ in

Antenna Thickness = $T_{ant} = 5$

 $WT_{ant} := 35$ Antenna Weight = lbs

Number of Antennas = $N_{ant} := 3$

Force Coefficient = $C_f = 1.367$ (Fig 6-19)

Wind Load (without ice)

Assumes Maximum Possible Wind Pressure on Antennas

 $SA_{ant} := \frac{L_{ant} \cdot W_{ant}}{144} = 4.2$ Surface Area for One Antenna = sf

Antenna Projected Surface Area = A_{ant} := SA_{ant}·N_{ant} = 12.6 sf

Total Antenna Wind Force =

 $F_{ant} := q_{z,att} \cdot G \cdot C_f A_{ant} = 395$ BLC 4,6,7 lbs

Wind Load (with ice)

Assumes Maximum Possible Wind Pressure on Antennas

 $SA_{ICEant} := \frac{\left(L_{ant} + 2 \cdot t\right) \cdot \left(W_{ant} + 2 \cdot t\right)}{144} = 5.1$ Surface Area for One Antenna w/ Ice = sf

Antenna Projected Surface Area w/ Ice = A_{ICEant} := SA_{ICEant}·N_{ant} = 15.4 sf

Fiant := qz.ice.att · G·Cf·AICEant = 134 Total Antenna Wind Force w/ Ice = BLC 3,5

Gravity Load (without ice)

Weight of All Antennas =

 $WT_{ant} \cdot N_{ant} = 105$ BLC 1 lbs

Gravity Load (ice only)

Volume of Each Antenna = $V_{ant} := L_{ant} \cdot W_{ant} \cdot T_{ant} = 3025$ cu in

 $V_{ice} := (L_{ant} + 2 \cdot t)(W_{ant} + 2 \cdot t) \cdot (T_{ant} + 2 \cdot t) - V_{ant} = 2162$ Volume of Ice on Each Antenna = cu in

 $W_{ICEant} := \frac{V_{ice}}{1728} \cdot Id = 70$ Weight of Ice on Each Antenna = lbs

Weight of Ice on All Antennas = W_{ICEant}·N_{ant} = 210 lbs BLC 2



Location:

Wind Loading

Avon Landfill Avon, CT

Prepared by: T.J.L. Checked by: C.F.C.

sf

BLC 4,6,7

Rev. 0: 12/3/09 Job No. 09127

Development of Wind & Ice Load on TMA's

TMA Data:

TMA Model = Powerwave LGP-214

AT&T

TMA Shape = Flat

L_{TMA} := 9.2 TMA Height =

TMA Width = $W_{TMA} := 14.1$

TMA Thickness = $T_{TMA} = 2.6$

TMA Weight = $WT_{TMA} := 14.1$ lbs

Number of TMA's = $N_{TMA} := 6$

Force Coefficient = $C_{f} = 1.3$ (Fig 6-19)

Wind Load (without ice)

Assumes Maximum Possible Wind Pressure on TMA's

 $SA_{TMA} := \frac{L_{TMA} \cdot W_{TMA}}{144} = 0.9$ Surface Area for One TMA =

TMA Projected Surface Area = $A_{TMA} := SA_{TMA} \cdot N_{TMA} = 5.4$ sf

Total TMA Wind Force = $F_{TMA} := q_{z.att} \cdot G \cdot C_{f} \cdot A_{TMA} = 161$

Wind Load (with ice)

Assumes Maximum Possible Wind Pressure on TMA's

 $SA_{ICETMA} := \frac{\left(L_{TMA} + 2 \cdot t\right) \cdot \left(W_{TMA} + 2 \cdot t\right)}{144} = 1.3$ Surface Area for One TMA w/ Ice =

TMA Projected Surface Area w/ Ice = $A_{ICETMA} := SA_{ICETMA} \cdot N_{TMA} = 7.5$

BLC 3,5 Total TMA Wind Force w/ Ice = Fi_{TMA} := q_{z.ice.att}·G·C_f·A_{ICETMA} = 62

Gravity Load (without ice)

Weight of All TMA's =

 $WT_{TMA} \cdot N_{TMA} = 85$ lbs BLC 1

Gravity Load (ice only)

Volume of Each TMA = $V_{TMA} := L_{TMA} \cdot W_{TMA} \cdot T_{TMA} = 337$ cu in

 $V_{ice} := (L_{TMA} + 2 \cdot t)(W_{TMA} + 2 \cdot t)(T_{TMA} + 2 \cdot t) - V_{TMA} = 492$ Volume of Ice on Each TMA = cu in

 $W_{ICETMA} := \frac{V_{ice}}{1728} \cdot Id = 16$ Weight of Ice on Each TMA = lbs

Weight of Ice on All TMA's BLC 2 WICETMA·NTMA = 96



488.0580 ft 203.488.8587 with all-enquice 63-2 N. Biznford Rd., Branford, CT 06405

Subject:

Location:

Rev. 0: 12/3/09

Wind Loading

Avon Landfill

Avon, CT

Prepared by: T.J.L. Checked by: C.F.C.

Job No. 09127

Development of Wind & Ice Load on Antennas

Antenna Data:

Pocket

Antenna Model =

RFS APX18-206517

Antenna Shape =

Antenna Height =

Lant := 72.44

in

in

lbs

Antenna Width =

 $W_{ant} := 6.65$

Antenna Thickness =

 $T_{ant} := 3.15$

WT_{ant} := 24.2

Antenna Weight =

 $N_{ant} := 3$

Number of Antennas = Force Coefficient =

 $C_f = 1.53$

(Fig 6-19)

Wind Load (without ice)

Assumes Maximum Possible Wind Pressure on Antennas

Surface Area for One Antenna =

 $SA_{ant} := \frac{L_{ant} \cdot W_{ant}}{144} = 3.3$

sf

Antenna Projected Surface Area =

 $A_{ant} := SA_{ant} \cdot N_{ant} = 10$

sf

Total Antenna Wind Force =

Fant := qz.pocket·G·Cf·Aant = 343

BLC 4,6,7 lbs

Wind Load (with ice)

Assumes Maximum Possible Wind Pressure on Antennas

Surface Area for One Antenna w/ Ice =

 $SA_{ICEant} := \frac{\left(L_{ant} + 2 \cdot t\right) \cdot \left(W_{ant} + 2 \cdot t\right)}{144} = 4.5$

Fiant := qz.ice.pocket G·CfAICEant = 127

AICEant := SAICEant · Nant = 13.4

BLC 3,5

sf

lbs

Antenna Projected Surface Area w/ Ice =

Total Antenna Wind Force w/ Ice =

Gravity Load (without ice)

Weight of All Antennas = Gravity Load (ice only)

Volume of Each Antenna =

 $WT_{ant} \cdot N_{ant} = 73$

BLC 1 lbs

Volume of Ice on Each Antenna =

Vant := Lant·Want·Tant = 1517

 $V_{ice} := (L_{ant} + 2 \cdot t)(W_{ant} + 2 \cdot t) \cdot (T_{ant} + 2 \cdot t) - V_{ant} = 1799$

cu in

 $W_{ICEant} := \frac{V_{ice}}{1728} \cdot Id = 58$

cu in lbs

Weight of Ice on Each Antenna = Weight of Ice on All Antennas =

W_{ICEant}·N_{ant} = 175

lbs BLC 2



Location:

Wind Loading

Job No. 09127

Avon CT

Avon, CT

Prepared by: T.J.L. Checked by: C.F.C.

pt 203.488.0580 ft 203.488.3557 with all-engicon 63-2 N. Branford Rd., Branford, CT 06405 Rev. 0: 12/3/09

Development of Wind & Ice Load on Antennas

Antenna Data:

Antenna Model = GPS

Antenna Shape = Round

Antenna Height = Lant := 24 in

Antenna Width = W_{ant} := 2 in

Antenna Thickness = $T_{ant} := 2$ in

Antenna Weight = WT_{ant} := 10 lbs

Number of Antennas = $N_{ant} := 1$

Force Coefficient = $C_f = 0.91$ (Fig 6-19)

Wind Load (without ice)

Assumes Maximum Possible Wind Pressure on Antennas

Surface Area for One Antenna = $SA_{ant} := \frac{L_{ant} \cdot W_{ant}}{144} = 0.3$ sf

Antenna Projected Surface Area = $A_{ant} := SA_{ant} \cdot N_{ant} = 0.3$ sf

Total Antenna Wind Force =

 $F_{ant} := q_z \cdot G \cdot C_f \cdot A_{ant} = 7$ lbs **BLC 4,6,7**

Wind Load (with ice)

Assumes Maximum Possible Wind Pressure on Antennas

Surface Area for One Antenna w/ Ice = $SA_{ICEant} := \frac{\left(L_{ant} + 2 \cdot t\right) \cdot \left(W_{ant} + 2 \cdot t\right)}{144} = 0.7$ sf

Antenna Projected Surface Area w/ Ice = A_{ICEant} := SA_{ICEant}·N_{ant} = 0.7 sf

Total Antenna Wind Force w/ Ice = Fi_{ant} := q_{z,ice}·G·C_fA_{ICEant} = 4 lbs BLC 3,5

Gravity Load (without ice)

Weight of All Antennas = WT := 10 lbs BLC 1

Gravity Load (ice only)

Volume of Each Antenna = V_{ant} := L_{ant} W_{ant} T_{ant} = 96 cu in

Volume of Ice on Each Antenna = $V_{ice} := \left(L_{ant} + 2 \cdot t\right) \left(W_{ant} + 2 \cdot t\right) \cdot \left(T_{ant} + 2 \cdot t\right) - V_{ant} = 320 \qquad \text{cu in}$

Weight of Ice on Each Antenna = $W_{ICEant} := \frac{V_{ice}}{1728} \cdot Id = 10$ lbs

Weight of Ice on All Antennas = WICEant · Nant = 10 Ibs BLC 2



Location:

Wind Loading

Avon Landfill

Avon, CT

Prepared by: T.J.L. Checked by: C.F.C. Job No. 09127

Rev. 0: 12/3/09

Development of Wind & Ice Load on Coax Cables

Coax Cable Data: Transverse Direction

> Coax Type: Use HELIAX 1-5/8"

> > Shape: Flat

Coax Outside Diameter = D_{coax} := 1.98

Coax Cable Length = $L_{coax} = 100$

Weight of Coax per foot = $WT_{coax} = 1.04$

Total Number of Coax = $N_{coax} = 30$

No. of Coax Projecting Outside Face Pole = $NP_{coax} = 2$

> Force Coefficient = $C_f := 2.0$ (Conservative Actual Cf = 1.2) (Fig 6-19)

Wind Load (without ice)

Coax projected surface area =
$$A_{coax} = \frac{\left(NP_{coax}D_{coax}\right)}{12} = 0.33$$
 sf/ft

Coax Wind Force =
$$F_{coax} := q_z \cdot G \cdot C_f \cdot A_{coax} = 15$$
 plf **BLC 4**

Wind Load (with ice)

Coax projected surface area =
$$AICE_{coax} = \frac{\left(NP_{coax} \cdot D_{coax} + 2 \cdot t\right)}{12} = 0.5$$
 sf/ft

Gravity Loads (without ice)

Gravity Loads (ice only)

Ice Area per Linear Foot =
$$Ai_{coax} := \frac{\pi}{4} \left[\left(D_{coax} + 2 \cdot t \right)^2 - D_{coax}^2 \right] = 9.36$$
 in ²



Location:

Wind Loading

Avon Landfill

Avon, CT

pt 203 A88 8580 ft 203 A88 8587 wt nationg.com 63-2 N. Biznford Rd., Branford, CT 06405

Rev. 0: 12/3/09

Prepared by: T.J.L. Checked by: C.F.C. Job No. 09127

Development of Wind & Ice Load on Coax Cables

Coax Cable Data:

Longitudinal Direction

Coax Type:

Use HELIAX 1-5/8"

Shape:

Flat

Coax Outside Diameter =

 $D_{coax} := 1.98$

Coax Cable Length =

L_{coax} := 100

No. of Coax Projecting Outside Face of Pole =

 $NP_{coax} = 3$

 $C_{f} := 2.0$

Force Coefficient =

(Conservative Actual Cf = 1.2)

(Fig 6-19)

Wind Load (without ice)

Coax projected surface area =

 $A_{\text{coax}} := \frac{\left(NP_{\text{coax}} \cdot D_{\text{coax}}\right)}{12} = 0.5$

sf/ft

Coax Wind Force =

 $F_{coax} := q_z \cdot G \cdot C_f \cdot A_{coax} = 23$

BLC 6

Wind Load (with ice)

Coax projected surface area =

 $AICE_{coax} := \frac{\left(NP_{coax} \cdot D_{coax} + 2 \cdot t\right)}{12} = 0.66$

sf/ft

Coax Wind Force =

 $Fi_{coax} := q_{z.ice} \cdot G \cdot C_f \cdot AICE_{coax} = 9$

BLC 5



Location:

Wind Loading

Avon Landfill

Avon, CT

Rev. 0: 12/3/09

Prepared by: T.J.L. Checked by: C.F.C. Job No. 09127

Development of Wind & Ice Load on Coax Cables

Coax Cable Data:

Longitudinal Direction

Coax Type 1:

Use HELIAX 1-5/8"

Coax Type 2:

Use HELIAX 7/8"

Shape:

Coax Outside Diameter =

 $D_{coax1} := 1.98$

Coax Outside Diameter =

 $D_{coax2} := 1.11$

Coax Cable Length =

 $L_{coax} = 100$

No. of Coax Projecting Outside Face of Pole = No. of Coax Projecting Outside Face of Pole =

 $NP_{coax1} := 2$ $NP_{coax2} := 1$

Force Coefficient =

 $C_f := 2.0$

(Conservative Actual Cf = 1.2)

(Fig 6-19)

Wind Load (without ice)

Coax projected surface area =

 $\mathsf{A}_{\texttt{coax}} \coloneqq \frac{\left(\mathsf{NP}_{\texttt{coax1}} \cdot \mathsf{D}_{\texttt{coax1}} + \mathsf{NP}_{\texttt{coax2}} \cdot \mathsf{D}_{\texttt{coax2}}\right)}{12} = 0.42$

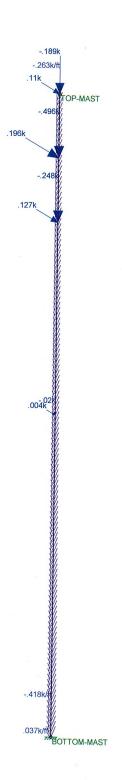
sf/ft

Coax Wind Force =

 $F_{coax} := q_z \cdot G \cdot C_f \cdot A_{coax} = 20$

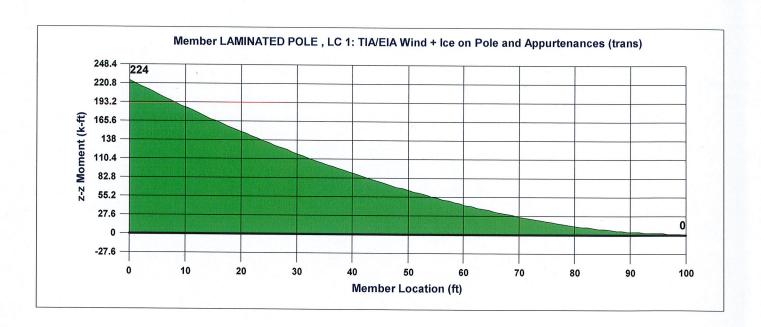
BLC 7



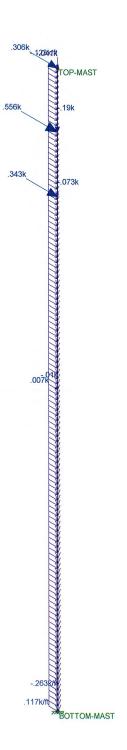


Loads: LC 1, TIA/EIA Wind + Ice on Pole and Appurtenances (trans)

| Avon Landfill | |
|---------------|-------------------------|
| | Dec 4, 2009 at 12:15 PM |
| LC # 1 Loads | EIA-TIA.r3d |
| | |

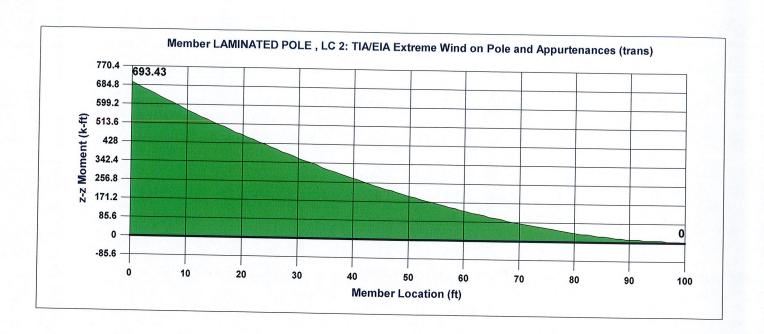




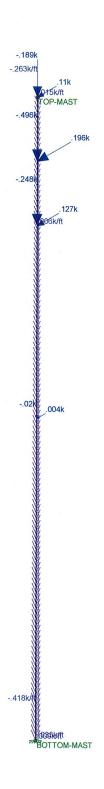


Loads: LC 2, TIA/EIA Extreme Wind on Pole and Appurtenances (trans)

| Natcomm, INC. | Avon Landfill | |
|---------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| tjl, cfc | | Dec 4, 2009 at 12:15 PM |
| 09127 | LC # 2 Loads | EIA-TIA.r3d |

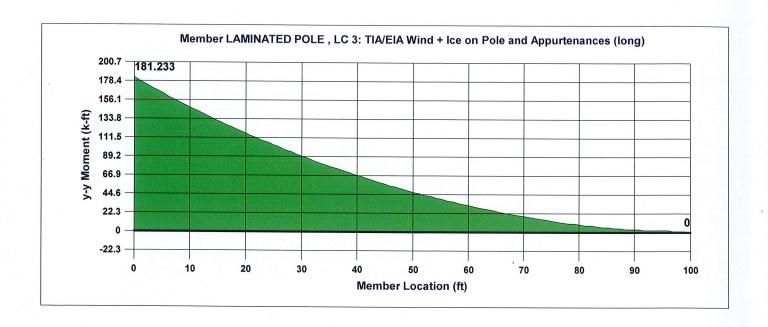




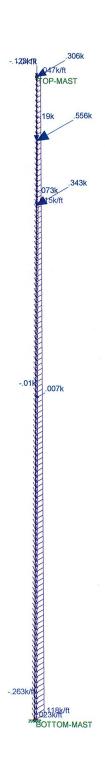


Loads: LC 3, TIA/EIA Wind + Ice on Pole and Appurtenances (long)

| Natcomm, INC. | Avon Landfill | 4 · · · · |
|---------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| tjl, cfc | | Dec 4, 2009 at 12:16 PM |
| 09127 | LC # 3 Loads | EIA-TIA.r3d |
| | | |

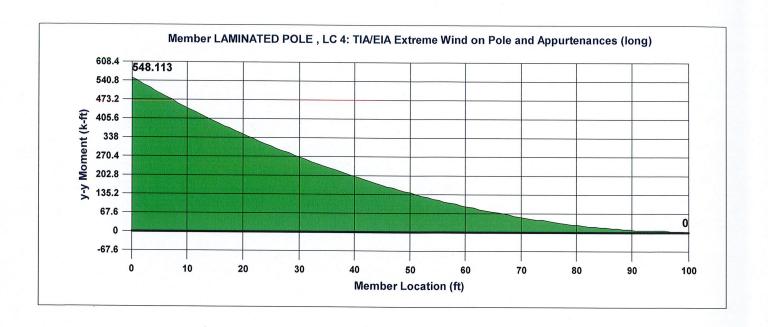




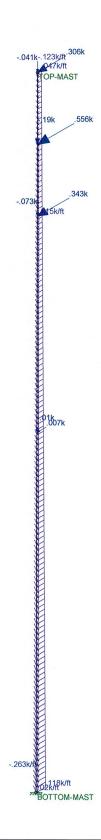


Loads: LC 4, TIA/EIA Extreme Wind on Pole and Appurtenances (long)

| Natcomm, INC. | Avon Landfill | |
|---------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| tjl, cfc | | Dec 4, 2009 at 12:16 PM |
| 09127 | LC # 4 Loads | EIA-TIA.r3d |

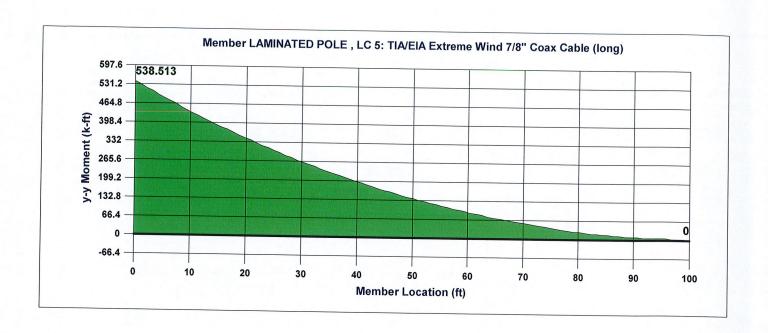






Loads: LC 5, TIA/EIA Extreme Wind 7/8" Coax Cable (long)

| Natcomm, INC. | Avon Landfill | |
|---------------|---------------|------------------------|
| tjl, cfc | | Dec 7, 2009 at 8:59 AM |
| 09127 | LC # 5 Loads | EIA-TIA.r3d |





Location:

Laminated Pole Analysis

Prepared by: T.J.L Checked by: C.F.C.

Avon Landfill Avon, CT

Job No. 09127

A88.0580 (r. 203.A88.858)* w: hall-eng.com 63-2 N. Bianford Rd., Branford, CT 06405

Rev. 0: 12/4/09

Laminated Pole Analysis:

Pole Properties:

Pole Width Transverse Direction Top = W_{trans.top} := 26.25·in (User Input) Pole Width Transverse Direction Bottom = $W_{trans.bot} := 26.25 \cdot in$ (User Input) Pole Width Longitudinal Direction Top = W_{long.top} := 12.0·in (User Input)

Pole Width Longitudinal Direction Top = (User Input) W_{long.bot} := 30.25·in

Length of Pole = L_{pole} := 100·ft (User Input)

Max Allowable Bending Stress Transverse Direction = F_{b.trans} := 2400·psi (LWS Design Documents 7/28/05)

Max Allowable Bending Stress Longitudinal Direction = F_{b.long} := 1750·psi (LWS Design Documents 7/28/05)

Adjustment Factors:

Volume Reduction Factor = CV := 0.814 (N.D.S. 2001 Pg.34)

Load Duration Factor = (N.D.S. 2001 Pg.9 Tbl. 2.3.2) Cd := 1.6

Flat Use Factor = Cfu := 0.92 (N.D.S. 2001 Sup.)

Wet Use Factor = Cw := 0.8(N.D.S. 2001 Pg.63 Tbl. 5B)

Allowable Bending Stress Transverse Direction = $F_{b.trans} := 2400 \cdot psi \cdot CV \cdot Cd \cdot Cw = 2501psi$

Allowable Bending Stress Longitudinal Direction = $F_{b.long} := 1750 \cdot psi \cdot Cfu \cdot Cd \cdot Cw = 2061 psi$

> $S_{trans.top} := \frac{W_{trans.top} \cdot W_{long.top}^{2}}{6} = 630 \cdot in^{3}$ Section Modulus trans-direction Top =

 $S_{trans.bot} := \frac{W_{trans.bot} \cdot W_{long.bot}}{6} = 4003 \cdot in^3$ Section Modulus trans-direction Bottom =

 $S_{long.top} := \frac{W_{long.top} \cdot W_{trans.top}}{6} = 1378 \cdot in^{3}$ Section Modulus long-direction Top =

 $S_{long.bot} := \frac{W_{long.bot} \cdot W_{trans.bot}}{6} = 3474 \cdot in^{3}$ Section Modulus long-direction Bottom =

Bending Moments:

Bending Moment trans-direction Top = (User Input from RISA-3D) $M_{trans.top} := 0 \cdot kip \cdot ft$

Bending Moment trans-direction Bottom = M_{trans.bot} := 694·kip·ft (User Input from RISA-3D)

Bending Moment long-direction Top = (User Input from RISA-3D) $M_{long.top} := 0 \cdot kip \cdot ft$

Bending Moment long-direction Bottom = (User Input from RISA-3D) $M_{long.bot} := 549 kip \cdot ft$



Location:

Laminated Pole Analysis

Avon Landfill Avon, CT

Prepared by: T.J.L Checked by: C.F.C. Job No. 09127

Rev. 0: 12/4/09

100·ft 95-ft 90·ft 85∙ft 80·ft 75.ft 70-ft 65-ft 60·ft 55.ft Distance Above Ground Level = 50.ft 45-ft 40-ft 35-ft 30.ft 25.ft 20·ft 15-ft 10-ft 5∙ft 0.ft

Section Modulus trans-direction @ 5' Increments =

$$\mathbf{S_{Xi}} \coloneqq \mathbf{S_{trans.bot}} - \frac{\left(\mathbf{S_{trans.bot}} - \mathbf{S_{trans.top}}\right)}{\mathsf{L_{pole}}} \cdot \mathsf{d_{i}}$$

Section Modulus long-direction @ 5' Increments =

$$s_{yi} \coloneqq s_{long.bot} - \frac{\left(s_{long.bot} - s_{long.top}\right)}{L_{pole}} \cdot d_i$$

Bending Moment x-direction @ 5' Increments =

$$\mathsf{M}_{\mathsf{X}\mathsf{i}} \coloneqq \mathsf{M}_{\mathsf{trans.bot}} - \frac{\left(\mathsf{M}_{\mathsf{trans.bot}} - \mathsf{M}_{\mathsf{trans.top}}\right)}{\mathsf{L}_{\mathsf{pole}}} \cdot \mathsf{d}_{\mathsf{i}}$$

Bending Moment y-direction @ 5' Increments =

$$\mathbf{M_{yi}} \coloneqq \mathbf{M_{long.bot}} - \frac{\left(\mathbf{M_{long.bot}} - \mathbf{M_{long.top}}\right)}{\mathbf{L_{pole}}} \cdot \mathbf{d_{i}}$$



Location:

Laminated Pole Analysis

Avon Landfill Avon, CT

Job No. 09127

Prepared by: T.J.L Checked by: C.F.C.

pt 203.488.6580 (f: 203.488.8587 w: nat-eng.com 63-2 N. Bianford Rd., Branford, CT 06405

Rev. 0: 12/4/09

| 0 | | 0 |
|-------|---|--------|
| 630 | 0 | 1378.1 |
| 798.7 | 1 | 1482.9 |
| 967.3 | 2 | 1587.7 |

1304.7 1473.3

1810.7 1979.4

S_{xi} = 2316.7 2485.4 2822.7 2991.4

3328.7

3497.4

3666.1

3834.7

4003.4

1692.5 1797.3 1902.1 2006.9 2216.5 2321.3 2530.9 2635.7 2740.5 2845.3 3054.8 3159.6 3264.4 3369.2

·kip·ft



Location:

Laminated Pole Analysis

Avon Landfill Avon, CT

Prepared by: T.J.L Checked by: C.F.C. Job No. 09127

px 203 A E8 (0580 ft 203 A E8 2587 with all-engycom 63-2 N. Bizarford Pd., Branford, CT 06405

Rev. 0: 12/4/09

Bending Stress x-direction @ 5' Increments =

Bending Stress y-direction @ 5' Increments =

| | | 0 | u 5 |
|----------------------------------|--------|--------|----------|
| | 0 | 0 | w |
| | 1 | 521.4 | - |
| | 2 | 860.9 | 9.5 |
| | 3 | 1099.6 | |
| | 4 | 1276.6 | |
| | 5 | 1413.1 | |
| | 6 | 1521.5 | |
| | 7 | 1609.8 | |
| | 8 | 1683 | |
| [| 9 | 1744.7 | ·psi |
| bxi = 10 | 10 | 1797.4 | poi |
| | 11 | 1842.9 | = # K |
| 12 | 12 | 1882.7 | |
| | 13 | 1917.7 | |
| 14 15 16 17 18 19 | 14 | 1948.8 | _ '' |
| | 1976.6 | | |
| | 2001.5 | | |
| | 2024 | | |
| | 2044.5 | _ | |
| | 19 | 2063.1 | |
| | 20 | 2080.2 | |

| | | 0 | |
|--------------------|----|--------|------|
| n la | 0 | 0 | |
| | 1 | 222.1 | |
| | 2 | 414.9 | |
| 1 1 | 3 | 583.9 | |
| | 4 | 733.1 | |
| | 5 | 865.9 | |
| | 6 | 984.8 | |
| | 7 | 1091.9 | |
| . 1 | 8 | 1188.9 | |
| f = | 9 | 1277.1 | ·psi |
| f _{byi} = | 10 | 1357.7 | poi |
| | 11 | 1431.7 | |
| | 12 | 1499.7 | |
| | 13 | 1562.6 | |
| | 14 | 1620.8 | |
| | 15 | 1674.9 | 3 |
| | 16 | 1725.3 | |
| | 17 | 1772.3 | |
| | 18 | 1816.3 | |
| | 19 | 1857.6 | .79 |
| | 20 | 1896.4 | |

Maximum Bending Stress trans-direction =

f_{b.trans.max} := 2080.2·psi

Percent Stressed =

$$\frac{f_{b.trans.max}}{F_{b.trans}} = 83.2 \cdot \%$$

 $Bending_Check_trans := if\!\!\left(f_{b.trans.max} < F_{b.trans}, "OK" \;, "NG"\right)$

Bending_Check_trans = "OK"

Maximum Bending Stress y-direction =

f_{b.long.max}:= 1896.4⋅psi

Percent Stressed =

$$\frac{f_{b.long.max}}{F_{b.long}} = 92.0 \cdot \%$$

 $Bending_Check_long := if\!\!\left(f_{b.long.max}\!< F_{b.long}, "OK" , "NG"\right)$

Bending_Check_long = "OK"



Location:

Laminated Pole Analysis

Avon Landfill Avon, CT

Prepared by: T.J.L Checked by: C.F.C. Job No. 09127

Rev. 0: 12/4/09

Bending Moment long-direction Top =

 $M_{long.top} := 0 \cdot kip \cdot ft$

(User Input from RISA-3D)

Bending Moment long-direction Bottom =

 $M_{long.bot} := 539 kip \cdot ft$

(User Input from RISA-3D)

Bending Moment y-direction @ 5' Increments =

$$\mathsf{M}_{yi} \coloneqq \mathsf{M}_{long.bot} - \frac{\left(\mathsf{M}_{long.bot} - \mathsf{M}_{long.top}\right)}{\mathsf{L}_{pole}} \!\cdot\! \mathsf{d}_{i}$$

| | | 0 | |
|-------------------|----|-----|---------|
| | 0 | 0 | |
| | 1 | 27 | |
| | 2 | 54 | |
| | 3 | 81 | |
| | 4 | 108 | |
| | 5 | 135 | |
| | 6 | 162 | |
| | 7 | 189 | |
| | 8 | 216 | |
| M _{yi} = | 9 | 243 | ⋅kip⋅ft |
| ···yı – | 10 | 270 | I TOP I |
| | 11 | 296 | • - |
| | 12 | 323 | |
| | 13 | 350 | |
| | 14 | 377 | |
| | 15 | 404 | |
| | 16 | 431 | |
| | 17 | 458 | |
| | 18 | 485 | |
| | 19 | 512 | |
| | 20 | 539 | |



Location:

Laminated Pole Analysis

Avon Landfill Avon, CT

Prepared by: T.J.L Checked by: C.F.C. Job No. 09127

pt 203.488.0580 (f: 203.488.0587 w: hat-engleom 63-2 N. Branford Rd., Branford, CT 06405

Rev. 0: 12/4/09

Bending Stress y-direction @ 5' Increments =

| | | 0 | |
|--------------------|----|--------|------|
| | 0 | 0 | |
| | 1 | 218.1 | |
| | 2 | 407.4 | |
| | 3 | 573.2 | |
| | 4 | 719.7 | |
| | 5 | 850.1 | |
| | 6 | 966.9 | |
| -18 | 7 | 1072 | |
| 100 | 8 | 1167.3 | |
| f – | 9 | 1253.9 | ·psi |
| f _{byi} = | 10 | 1333 | poi |
| | 11 | 1405.6 | |
| | 12 | 1472.4 | |
| | 13 | 1534.1 | |
| | 14 | 1591.3 | -^_ |
| | 15 | 1644.4 | |
| | 16 | 1693.8 | |
| | 17 | 1740 | |
| | 18 | 1783.2 | |
| | 19 | 1823.7 | |
| | 20 | 1861.8 | |
| | | | |

Maximum Bending Stress y-direction =

f_{b.long.max}:= 1861.8⋅psi

Percent Stressed =

 $\frac{f_{b.long.max}}{} = 90.3 \cdot \%$ $\mathsf{F}_{\mathsf{b}.\mathsf{long}}$

 $Bending_Check_long := if\!\!\left(f_{b.long.max} < F_{b.long}, "OK" \ , "NG"\right)$

Bending_Check_long = "OK"



Location:

Foundation Analysis

Avon Landfill Avon, CT

Prepared by: T.J.L Checked by: C.F.C. Job No. 09127

Rev. 0: 12/4/09

Foundation Analysis:

(Based on Pocket Wireless with 1-5/8" Φ Coax Cables)

Depth of Foundation Embedment =

$$d_{act} = 17.5$$

Diameter of Foundation =

ft psf

 $S_1 := 2333$

(At 1/3 total depth. Eq. to 200 psf/sf for sandy gravel)

Moment at Ground Line =

ft-lbs

Height Above Ground Level to Equivalent Lateral Force =

Allowable Lateral Soil Bearing Capacity =

ft

Equivalent Lateral Force =

$$P := \frac{M}{h} = 13880$$

$$A := \frac{2.34 \cdot P}{S_1 \cdot b} = 2.784$$

(IBC 2003 Sec 1805.7.2)

Required Embendment Depth =

$$d_{req} := 0.5 \cdot A \cdot \left[1 + \sqrt{\left(1 + \frac{4.36 \cdot h}{A}\right)} \right] = 13.8$$
 ft (Eq. 18-1 IBC 2003)

$$\label{eq:dact} \text{Embedment} \coloneqq \text{if}\!\!\left(\mathtt{d}_{\mbox{act}} > \mathtt{d}_{\mbox{req}}, \text{"OK"}, \text{"NG"} \right)$$

Embedment = "OK"





RR90-17-XXDP

DualPol® Polarization 1850 MHz - 1990 MHz



Electrical Specifications

Azimuth Beamwidth
Elevation Beamwidth
Gain
Polarization
Port-to-Port Isolation
Front-to-Back Ratio
Electrical Downtilt Options
VSWR
Connectors

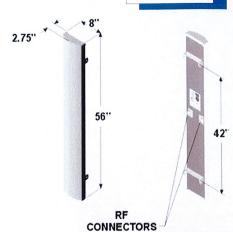
Lightning Protection

Passive Intermodulation

Power Handling

90°
6.8°
16.5 dBi (14.4 dBd)
Dual Linear Slant (± 45°)
≥ 30 dB
> 34 dB
0°, 2°, 4°, 6°
1.35:1 Max
2; 7-16 DIN (female)
250 Watts CW
≤ -150 dBc

[2 x 20 W (+ 43 dBm)] Chassis Ground



Mechanical Specifications

Dimensions (L x W x D)

Rated Wind Velocity Equivalent Flat Plate Area Front Wind Load @ 100 mph (161 kph) Side Wind Load @ 100 mph (161 kph) Weight (Without Mounting Kit) 56 in x 8 in x 2.75 in (142 cm x 20.3 cm x 7.0 cm) 150 mph (241 km/hr) 3.1ft² (.29 m²) 92 lbs (409 N) 31lbs (139 N) 13.5 lbs (6.2 kg)

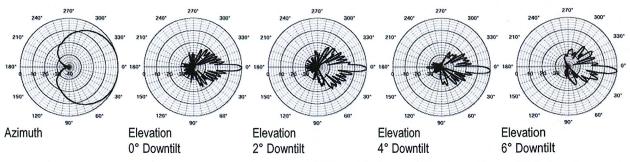


Mounting Options

MTG-P00-10, MTG-S02-10, MTG-DXX-20*, MTG-CXX-10*, MTG-C02-10, MTG-TXX-10*

Note: *Model number shown represents a series of products. See Mounting Options section for specific model number.

Patterns



EMS' antennas are protected by one or more of the following U.S. patents: 5,844,529; 6,067,053; 6,462,710; 6,392,600; 6,069,590; 5,966,102; 5,757,246. EMS' antenna designs may also be covered by pending U.S. patent applications and by pending & awarded international patents.

Revised 04/21/04

Product Description

Dense urban networks where site aspect is essential.

Features/Benefits

- Very broadband design operating from GSM1800 up to 3G-UMTS.
- Reduction of visual impact by gathering 3 antennas in a cylindrical volume.
- · Reduction of site dimensions will ease site acceptance.
- Possible camouflage solution on demand.
- · Wind load thrust highly reduced.
- Compatible with usual base stations with 35 dB typical isolation between ports.
- Effective polarization diversity ensured by high cross polar discrimination.
- Optimized suppression of side lobes allows strong mechanical tilt.

Technical Specifications

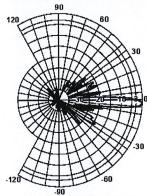
| Electrical Specifications | | | |
|------------------------------------|---------------------|----------------|----|
| Frequency Range, MHz | 1710-1900 | 1900-2170 | |
| Horizontal Beamwidth, deg | 68 | 64 | |
| Vertical Beamwidth, deg | 5 | 4.5 | |
| Electrical Downtilt, deg | | 2 | |
| Gain, dBi (dBd) | 18.5 (16.4) | 19 (16.9) | |
| 1st Upper Sidelobe Suppression, dB | >20 | >18 (typ 20) | |
| Front-To-Back Ratio, dB | >30 | >25 | |
| Polarization | D | ual pol +/-45° | |
| VSWR | < 1.4:1 | | |
| Isolation between Ports, dB | >30 (typ 35) | | |
| 3rd Order IMP @ 2 x 43 dBm, dBc | | >150, N/A | |
| 7th Order IMP @ 2 x 46 dBm, dBc | | N/A, >170 | |
| Impedance, Ohms | | 50 | |
| Maximum Power Input, W | 300 | | 14 |
| Lightning Protection | | Direct Ground | |
| Connector Type | (2) 7-16 DIN Female | | |

Mechanical Specifications

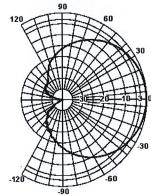
| wechanical Specifications | |
|--|--|
| Dimensions - HxWxD, mm (in) | 1840 x 169 x 80 (72.44 x 6.65 x 3.15) |
| Weight w/o Mtg Hardware, kg (lb) | 11 (24.2) |
| Survival Wind Speed, km/h (mph) | 200 (125) |
| Rated Wind Speed, km/h (mph) | 160 (100) |
| Max Wind Loading Area, m² (ft²) | 0.31 (3.32) |
| Front Thrust @ Rated Wind, N (lbf) | 553 (124) |
| Maximum Thrust @ Rated Wind, N (lbf) | 553 (124) |
| Wind Load - Side @ Rated Wind, N (lbf) | 322 (72) |
| Wind Load - Rear @ Rated Wind, N (lbf) | 267 (60) |
| Radome Material | Fiberglass |
| Radome Color | Light Grey RAL7035 |
| Mounting Hardware Material | Diecasted Aluminum |
| Shipping Weight, kg (lb) | 16.5 (36.3) |
| Packing Dimensions, HxWxD, mm (in) | 1964 x 251 x 203 (77.32 x 9.88 x 7.99) |
| | |

Ordering Information

| Gracing information | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|--|--|--|
| Mounting Hardware | APM40-2 | | | |
| Mounting Hardware Weight, kg (lb) | 3.4 (7.5) | | | |



Low Band Vertical Pattern



Low Band Horizontal Pattern

Tower Mounted Amplifier

Dual Band 1900 MHz with 850 MHz Bypass

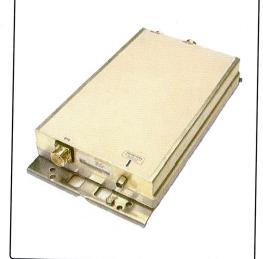
Part Number: LGP 214nn Up-link: 1850-1910 MHz Down-link: 1930-1990 MHz Bypass: 824-894 MHz

Gain: 12 dB

Noise Figure: < 1.7 dB

The Powerwave® TMA-DD 1900/850 is a dual band Tower Mounted Amplifier (TMA) to be installed near the antenna. Deployed in an AMPS, GSM, GPRS, EDGE and CDMA network it will increase capacity and coverage as well as extend the battery life time for the handsets. The TMA System will provide enhanced coverage and improved up-link signal quality. Appropriate for new rollouts by optimizing coverage with a reduced number of BTSs or as an upgrade to existing BTSs for enhancing the existing coverage.

Extended band TMA facilitates simplified logistics, especially when the frequency bands are scattered. The unit comprises of high Q band-pass filters, dual balanced low noise amplifiers with circuits for active bias, supervision, alarms and lightning protection circuit. The Powerwave patented design with all active components integrated within the filter body provides an extremely reliable, compact and lightweight TMA solution. The vented enclosure design is employed to prevent the effect of condensation, thereby guaranteeing long, reliable, maintenance-free service in all environmental conditions. These TMAs offer an easy to install, maintenance free, cost effective solution for coverage enhancement and increased quality in mobile communication networks.



Key Benefits:

- 850 MHz Bypass
- · Improved Network Quality
- Increased Coverage
- State of the Art Performance
- Excellent Power Handling
- Low Tx Loss
- Exceptional Reliability





Tower Mounted Amplifier



Technical Specifications

Product Number

LGP214nn

850 MHz

Bypass (MHz)

Return loss* (dB)

824-894 > 20

Insertion loss* (dB)

< 0.3

1900 MHz

Up-link

Frequency range, full band (60 MHz)

1850-1910 12

Nominal gain (dB) Return loss* (dB)

> 20

Noise figure* (dB)
Output 3rd order Intercept Point* (dBm)

< 1.7 > +23

Down-link

Frequency range, full band (60 MHz)

1930-1990 < 0.6

R

Insertion loss* (dB) Return loss* (dB)

> 20

Intermodulation

2 Tx@x43 dBm (dBc)

<-158

Alarm Functionality

Power Consumption

Two levels, individually supervised LNAs

@12 VDC

1.2 W

* Typical

All specifications subject to change without notice. Please contact your Powerwave representative for complete performance data.

Mechanical Specifications

Size,W x H x D (without mounting plate)

Weight Color

Housing

RF-connectors Mounting kit

Temperature range

MTBF Safety

Ingress protection, IP 65 Environmental

EMC

235 x 366 x 66 mm (9.2 x 14.4 x 2.6 in)

6.4 kg (14.1 lbs)

Off white (NCS 1502-R)

Aluminum

DIN 7/16 female.

Mounting kit for pole and wall is included

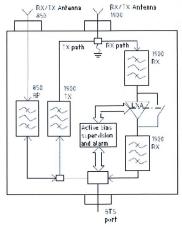
-40 °C to +65 °C (-40 °F to +149 °F)

>1 million hours

UL 60 950

EN 60 529

ETS 300 019 FCC Part 15



Corporate Headquarters

Powerwave Technologies, Inc. 1801 East St. Andrew Place Santa Ana, CA 92705 USA Tel: 714-466-1000 Fax: 714-466-5800 www.powerwave.com Main European Office Antennvägen 6 SE-187 80 Täby Sweden

Sweden Tel: +46 8 540 822 00 Fax: +46 8 540 823 40 Main Asia-Pacific Office 23 F Tai Yau Building 181 Johnston Road Wanchai, Hong Kong Tel: +852 2512 6123

Fax: +852 2575 4860



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COVERAGE AND CAPAGE

TECHNOLOGY LEADERSHI

GLOBAL PARTNER

INTEGRATED SOLUTIONS

QUALITY AND RELIABILITY

Dual Broadband Antenna

90° 1.4 m MET Antenna

806-960/17/0-2170 WHZ

Part Number: 7770.00

Horizontal Beamwidth: 90° Gain: 13.5/16 dBi

Electrical Downtilt: Adjustable Connector Type: 7/16 female

The Powerwave dual band dual polarized broadband antenna has individual adjustable electrical downtilt per band (upgradeable to Remote Electrical Tilt (RET). Four connector ports allow separate tilts on each frequency band and ensure the use of diversity concepts. The phase shifter technology, based on a patented sliding dielectric, minimizes intermodulation distortion and maximizes efficiency. The slant +/- 45° dual polarization system provides the independent fading signals needed for achieving top-quality coverage via diversity concepts. The Powerwave Broadband antenna design is based on a patented stacked aperture-coupled patch technology, which provides high isolation performance and a wide VSWR bandwidth. The antennas have superior radiation patterns due to a unique reflector design which provides a very small variation of the –3dB horizontal beam width over the frequency band as well as a high front-to-back ratio.



Key Benefits

- Excellent broad- and multi-band capabilities
- · Polarization purity makes good diversity gain
- Excellent pattern performance and high gain over frequency
- High passive intermodulation performance
- · Light, slim and robust design

Preliminary



BASE STATION SYSTEMS

COVERAGE Systems

| Frequency band (MHz) | 806-960 | | 1710-2170 | |
|--|-----------------|------------------|----------------|--|
| Gain, ± 0.5dB (dBi) | 13.5 | | 16.0 | |
| Polarization | | Dual linear ±45° | | |
| Nominal Impedance (Ohm) | | 50 | | |
| VSWR | 1.5:1 | | | |
| VSWR | | | 1.5:1 | |
| Isolation between inputs (dB) | 30 | | | |
| Isolation between inputs (dB) | | | 30 | |
| Inter band isolation (dB) | | 40 | | |
| Horizontal -3 dB beamwidth | 85 ± 5° | | 85 ± 5° | |
| Tracking, Horizontal plane, ±60° (dB) | <2.0 | | | |
| Tracking, Horizontal plane, ±60° (dB) | | | <2.0 | |
| Electrical downtilt range (adjustable) | 0° to 10° | | 0° to 8° | |
| Vertical -3 dB beamwidth | 14.3 ± 2.0° | | 6.6 ± 1° | |
| Sidelobe suppression, Vertical 1 st upper (dB) | >17,16,15 | | > 17, 16,15 | |
| | x=0, 5, 10° MET | | x=0, 4, 8° MET | |
| Vertical beam squint | <0.8° | | <0.5° | |
| First null-fill (dB) | <-25 | | <-25 | |
| Front-to-back ratio (dB) | >25 | | >27 | |
| Front-to-back ratio, total power (dB) | >20 | | >23 | |
| M3, 2Tx@43dBm (dBc) | <-153 | | | |
| M3, 2Tx@43dBm (dBc) | | | <-153 | |
| M7, 2Tx@43dBm (dBc) | | | <-160 | |
| Power Handling, Average per input (W) | 400 | | 250 | |
| Power Handling, Average total (W) | 800 | | 500 | |

Mechanical Specifications

4 x 7/16 DIN female Connector Type

Bottom Connector Position

1408mm x 280mm x 125mm (55"x11"x5") Dimensions, HxWxD

Weight Including Brackets 15.8 kg (35 lbs) Wind Load, Frontal, 42m/s Cd=1 435N (98 lbf) Survival Wind Speed (m/s) 70 (156mph) Lightning Protection DC grounded

Radome Material GRP Radome Color Light Gray

Pre-mounted Standard Brackets Mounting

Packing Size 1550mm x 355mm x 255mm (61"x14"x10")

Corporate Headquarters

Powerwave Technologies, Inc. Tel: 714-466-1000 1801 East St. Andrew Place Fax: 714-466-5800 Santa Ana, CA 92705 USA www.powerwave.com

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GLOBAL PARTNER

QUALITY AND RELIABILITY



STATE OF CONNECTICUT

. CONNECTICUT SITING COUNCIL

Ten Franklin Square, New Britain, CT 06051 Phone: (860) 827-2935 Fax: (860) 827-2950 E-Mail: siting.council@ct.gov www.ct.gov/csc

December 11, 2008

Carrie L. Larson, Esq. Pullman & Comley, LLC 90 State House Square Hartford, CT 06103-3702

RE: **EM-POCKET-004-081112** – Youghiogheny Communications-Northeast, LLC d/b/a Pocket Communications notice of intent to modify an existing telecommunications facility located at 277 Huckleberry Hill Road, Avon, Connecticut.

Dear Attorney Larson:

The Connecticut Siting Council (Council) hereby acknowledges your notice to modify this existing telecommunications facility, pursuant to Section 16-50j-73 of the Regulations of Connecticut State Agencies with the following conditions:

- A post-construction tower rating of not more than 100 percent is achieved; and
- A signed letter from a Professional Engineer duly licensed in the State of Connecticut shall be submitted to the Council to certify that a post-construction tower rating of not more than 100 percent has been achieved.

The proposed modifications are to be implemented as specified here and in your notice dated November 11, 2008, including the placement of all necessary equipment and shelters within the tower compound. The modifications are in compliance with the exception criteria in Section 16-50j-72 (b) of the Regulations of Connecticut State Agencies as changes to an existing facility site that would not increase tower height, extend the boundaries of the tower site, increase noise levels at the tower site boundary by six decibels, and increase the total radio frequencies electromagnetic radiation power density measured at the tower site boundary to or above the standard adopted by the State Department of Environmental Protection pursuant to General Statutes § 22a-162. This facility has also been carefully modeled to ensure that radio frequency emissions are conservatively below State and federal standards applicable to the frequencies now used on this tower.

This decision is under the exclusive jurisdiction of the Council. Please be advised that the validity of this action shall expire one year from the date of this letter. Any additional change to this facility will require explicit notice to this agency pursuant to Regulations of Connecticut State Agencies Section 16-50j-73. Such notice shall include all relevant information regarding the proposed change with cumulative worst-case modeling of radio frequency exposure at the closest point of uncontrolled access to the tower base, consistent with Federal Communications Commission, Office of Engineering and Technology, Bulletin 65. Any deviation from this format may result in the Council implementing enforcement proceedings pursuant to General Statutes § 16-50u including, without limitation, imposition of expenses resulting from such failure



and of civil penalties in an amount not less than one thousand dollars per day for each day of construction or operation in material violation.

Thank you for your attention and cooperation.

S Donale Dhalms

Executive Director

SDP/CDM/laf

c: The Honorable John F. Carlson, Chairman Town Council, Town of Avon Philip K. Schenck, Jr., Town Manager, Town of Avon Steven V. Kushner, Town Planner, Town of Avon TowerCo

PULLMAN & COMLEY, LLC ATTORNEYS AT LAW

EM-POCKET-004-081112

CARRIE L. LARSON
90 State House Square
Hartford, CT 06103-3702
p (860) 424-4312
f (860) 424-4370

ORIGINAL

www.pullcom.com

November 11, 2008

Via Federal Express

S. Derek Phelps, Executive Director Connecticut Siting Council Ten Franklin Square New Britain, CT 06051 REGERVED

NOV 12 2008

CONNECTICUT

SITTING COUNCIL

Re:

Notice of Exempt Modification

TowerCo formerly known as Sprint Sites USA Telecommunications Facility 277 Huckleberry Hill Road, Avon, Connecticut

Dear Mr. Phelps:

Youghiogheny Communications-Northeast, LLC, Pocket doing business Communications ("Pocket"), intends to install antennas and appurtenant equipment at the existing 100-foot ELAM Laminated Wood Monopole facility owned by TowerCo, formerly owned by Sprint Sites USA and located at 277 Huckleberry Hill Road, Avon, Connecticut ("Facility"). Pocket Communications provides prepaid, flat rate wireless voice and data services to more than a quarter of a million subscribers. Pocket is licensed by the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) to provide PCS wireless telecommunications service in the State of Connecticut, which includes the area to be served by the proposed installation. This installation constitutes an exempt modification pursuant to the Public Utility Environmental Standards Act, Connecticut General Statutes Section 16-50g et. seq. (PUESA), and Section 16-50j-72(b)(2) of the Regulations of the Connecticut State Agencies adopted pursuant to PUESA. In accordance with R.C.S.A. Section 16-50j-73, a copy of this notice has been sent to Philip K. Schenck, Jr., Town Manager, Town of Avon.

The existing Facility consists of a 100-foot ELAM Laminated Wood monopole tower capable of supporting multiple carriers within a fenced compound. The coordinates for the Facility are Lat: 41°-47'-17" and Long: 72°-55'-5.3". The tower is located in the eastern portion of Avon, roughly 1,700 feet east of the Farmington River, its border with Burlington. The Facility is approximately 2,000 feet east of Canton Road (Route 179) and roughly 1,800 feet west of Huckleberry Hill Road (see Site Map, attached as Exhibit A). The tower currently supports AT&T antennas at the ninety foot level (90') centerline AGL (above ground level); and Sprint antennas at the one hundred foot level (100') AGL. Pocket proposes to install three APXV18-206517-C flush mount antennas on the tower at the eighty foot level (80') AGL, and a Nortel CDMA Micro BTS 3231 cabinet, mounted on an "H-Frame," contained within a six foot by six foot (6'-0" x 6'-0") lease area. A small GPS antenna will be mounted to the tower at the

PULLMAN & COMLEY, LLC ATTORNEYS AT LAW

Page 2

approximate forty five foot (45') level AGL. An ice bridge which will run from the lease area to the tower. Utilities will be run via a proposed underground conduit from an existing utility backboard, within the compound (See Design Drawings and Equipment Specifications, attached as Exhibits B and C respectively).

For the following reasons, the proposed modifications to the Huckleberry Hill Road Facility meet the exempt modification criteria set forth in R.C.S.A. Section 16-50j-72(b)(2):

- 1. The proposed modification will not increase the height of the tower as Pocket's antennas will be installed at a center line height of approximately 80 feet.
- 2. The installation of Pocket's equipment and shelter will not require an extension of the site boundaries.
- 3. The proposed modifications will not increase the noise levels at the existing Facility by six decibels or more.
- 4. The operation of the additional antennas will not increase the total radio frequency (RF) power density, measured at the site boundary, to a level at or above the standard adopted by the Connecticut Department of Environmental Protection as set forth in Section 22a-162 of the Connecticut General Statutes and MPE limits established by the Federal Communications Commission. The worst-case RF power density calculations for the proposed Pocket antennas would be 47.83% of the FCC standard (see general power density calculations table, attached as Exhibit D).

Also attached, Exhibit E, is a structural analysis confirming that the tower can support the existing and proposed antennas and associated equipment.

For the foregoing reasons, Pocket respectfully submits that the proposed antenna installation and equipment at the Avon Facility constitutes an exempt modification under R.C.S.A. Section 16-50j-72(b)(2).

Respectfully Submitted,

Cecc

Carrie L. Larson

cc: Philip K. Schenck, Jr., Town Manager, Town of Avon is also underlying property owner

Exhibit A

Site Map Pocket Site HFCT1481A 277 Huckleberry Hill Road Avon, Connecticut

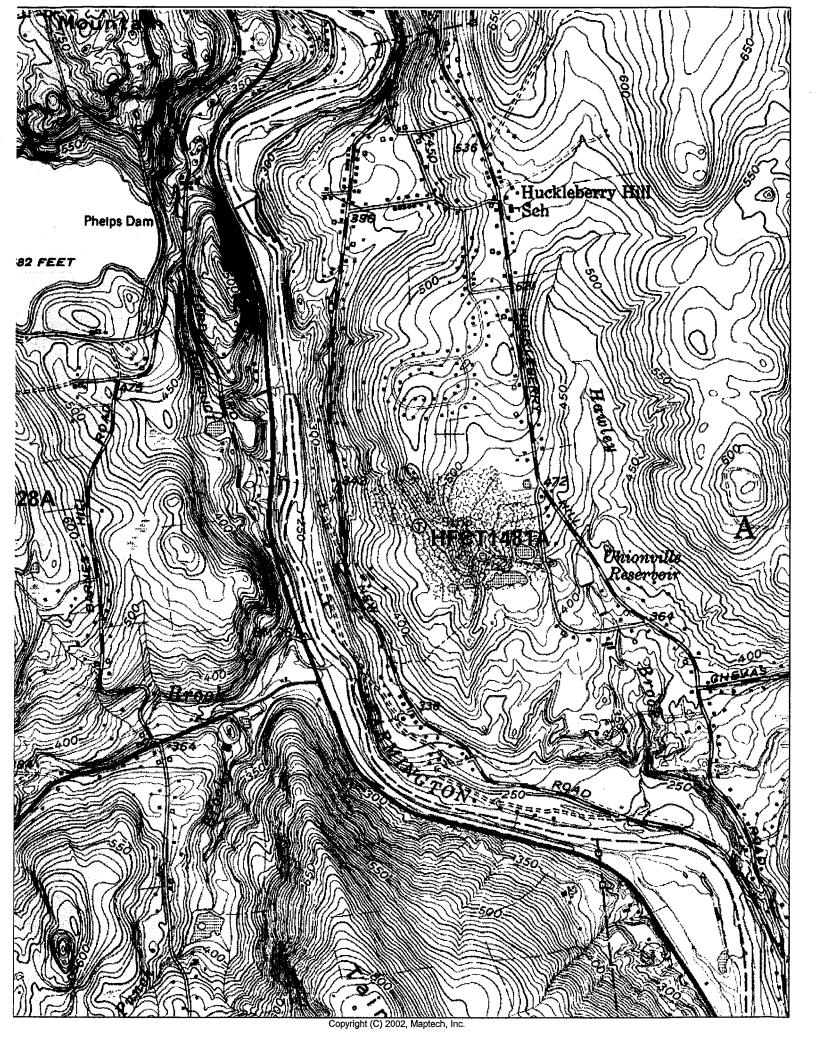


Exhibit B

Design Drawings Pocket Site HFCT1481A 277 Huckleberry Hill Road Avon, Connecticut

277 SUITE 38 YOUGHIOGHENY COMMUNICATIONS—NORTHEAST LLC 2819 NW LODP 410 SAN ANTONIO, TX 78230 227 HUCKLEBERRY HILL ROAD AVON, CT 06001 CONNECTICUT SITING COUNCIL PROJECT INFORMATION SPRINT SITES USA 1825 LOCKEWAY DRIVE SUITE 201 ALPHARETTA, GA 30004 URS CORPORATION AES 500 ENTERPRISE DRIVE, S ROCKY HILL, CT 06067 PHONE: 860—529—8862 SSUSA CT33XC589 CL&P 1-860-947-2121 AT&7 1-888-727-8368 41.788161 100° AGL × ZONING CLASSIFICATION: TELEPHONE COMPANY: ZONING JURISDICTION: STRUCTURE HEIGHT: OWNER SITE ID#: APPLICANT: POWER COMPANY TOWER OWNER:

SITE ADDRESS: COUNTY: LATITUDE: LONGITUDE:

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|---------------|-------------|---------------------|--|-------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|
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| | • | 0 | ٥ | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| DRAWING INDEX | TITLE SHEET | SITE PLAN AND NOTES | TOWER ELEVATION, ANTENNA PLAN AND DETAILS | GROUNDING DETAILS | GROUNDING PLAN AND DETAILS | ELECTRICAL DETAILS |
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FROM HARTFORD.

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APPLICABLE BUILDING CODES AND STANDARDS

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the second of th

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ELECTRICAL CODE: 2005 NATIONAL ELECTRICAL CODE

SMART WIRELESS

HFCT1481A

CONNECTICUT STATE FIRE SAFETY CODE 2003 INTERNATIONAL FIRE CODE

WAERICAN CONCRETE INSTITUTE (ACI) 318, BUILDING CODE REQUIREMENTS FOR STRUCTURAL CONTRACTOR'S WORK SHALL COMPLY WITH THE LATEST APPROVED EDITION OF THE FOLLOWING STANDARDS.

VANCACK STEEL CONSTRUCTION (AISO), MANUAL OF STEEL CONSTRUCTION, MINISTEDING, MINISTEDING, MINISTEDING, MINISTERY ASSOCIATION (TM, 222-F. STRUCTIOR, STANDARD FOR STRUCTURE, STANDARD FOR STRUCTURES, COMMERCAL BUILDING GROUNDING AND BONDING REQUIREMENTS
FOR TELECOMMUNICATIONS

nistiute for electrical and electronics engineers (IEE) 81, guide for measuring Eätiit resistivity, ground impedance, and earth surface potentals of a ground

WOOD POLE

CKLEBERRY

ROAD

DESIGN FIRM:

IEEE 1100 (1999) RECOMMENDED PRACTICE FOR POWERING AND GROUNDING OF ELECTRONIC EDUPMENT IEEE C82.41, RECOMMENDED PRACTICES ON SURCE VOLTAGES IN LOW VOLTAGE AC POWER CIRCUITS (FOR LOCATION CATEGORY "C3" AND "HIGH SYSTEM EXPOSURE")

TELCORDIA GR-1275 GENERAL INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS

TELCORDIA GR-1503 COAXIAL CABLE CONNECTIONS

ANSI T1.311, FOR TELECOM - DC POWER SYSTEMS - TELECOM, ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION FOR ANY CONFLICTS BETWEEN SECTIONS OF LISTED CODES AND STANDARDS RECARDING MATERAL, METHODS OF CONSTRUCTION, OR PURPER RECOLURBEAINTS, THE MOST RESTRICTIVE RECUMENATES SAME SHEEF IN SAME OFFERS, WHERE THERE IS CONFLICT BETWEEN A RENDEAU, RECUIREMENAND AS PECIFIC, RECUIREMENT SHALL SONERN.

SITE NOTES

TITLE SHEET

HFCT1481A, 277 HUCKLEBERRY HILL ROAD b<u>ő</u>cke<u>r</u>

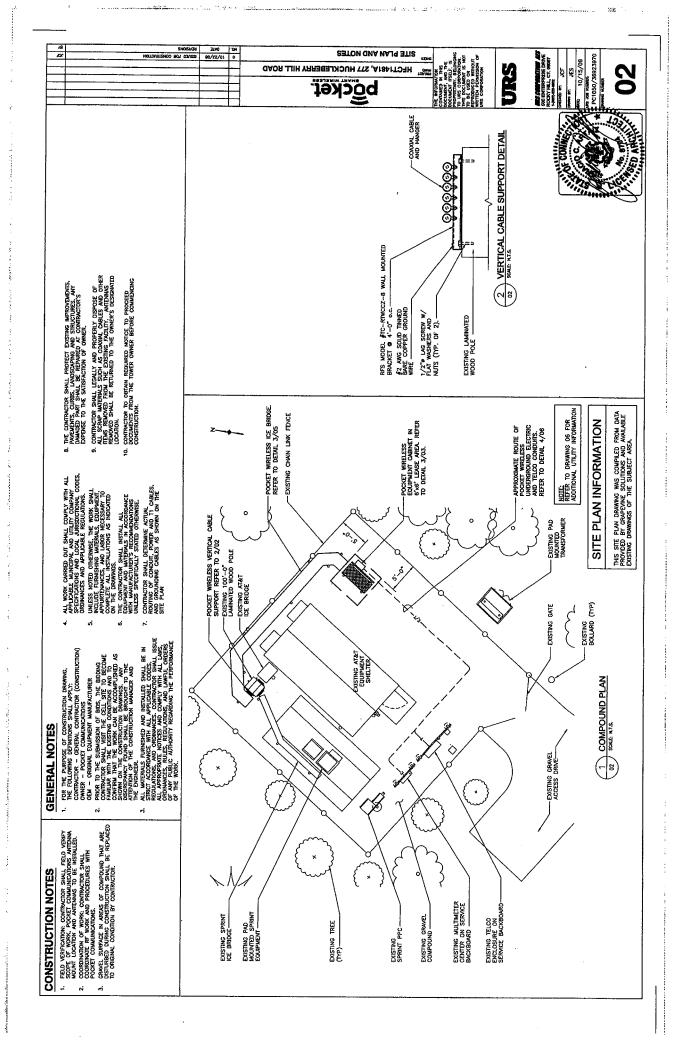
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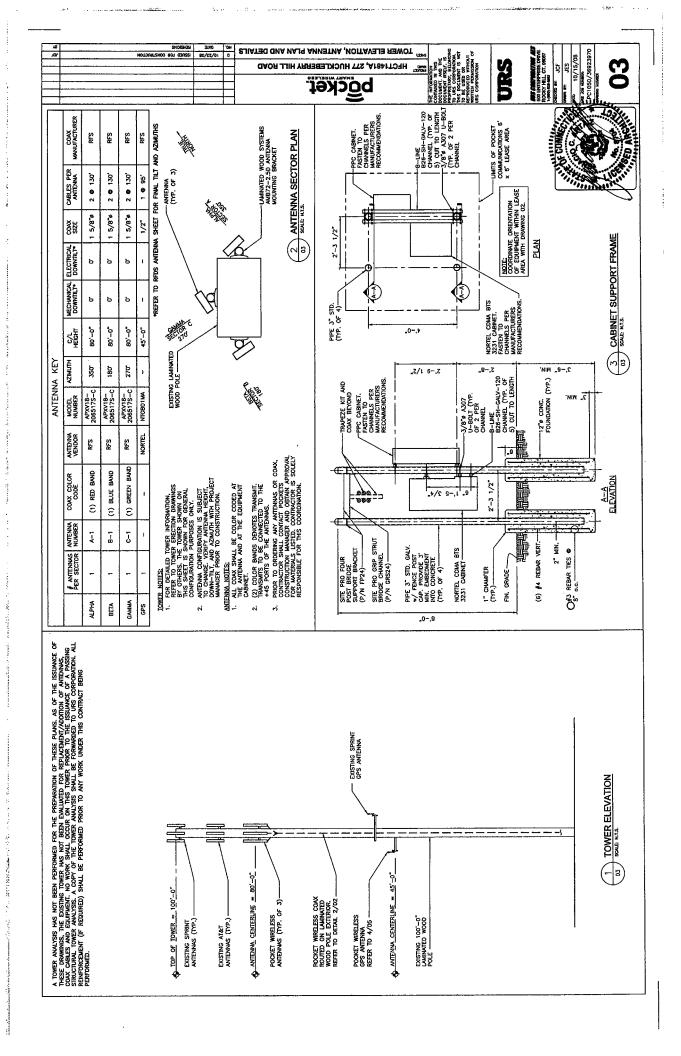
NO POTABLE WATER SUPPLY IS TO BE PROMOED AI THIS LOCATION.
NO WASTE WATER WILL BE CENTEATED AT THIS LOCATION.
NO SOLID WASTER WILL BE CENTEATED AT THIS LOCATION.
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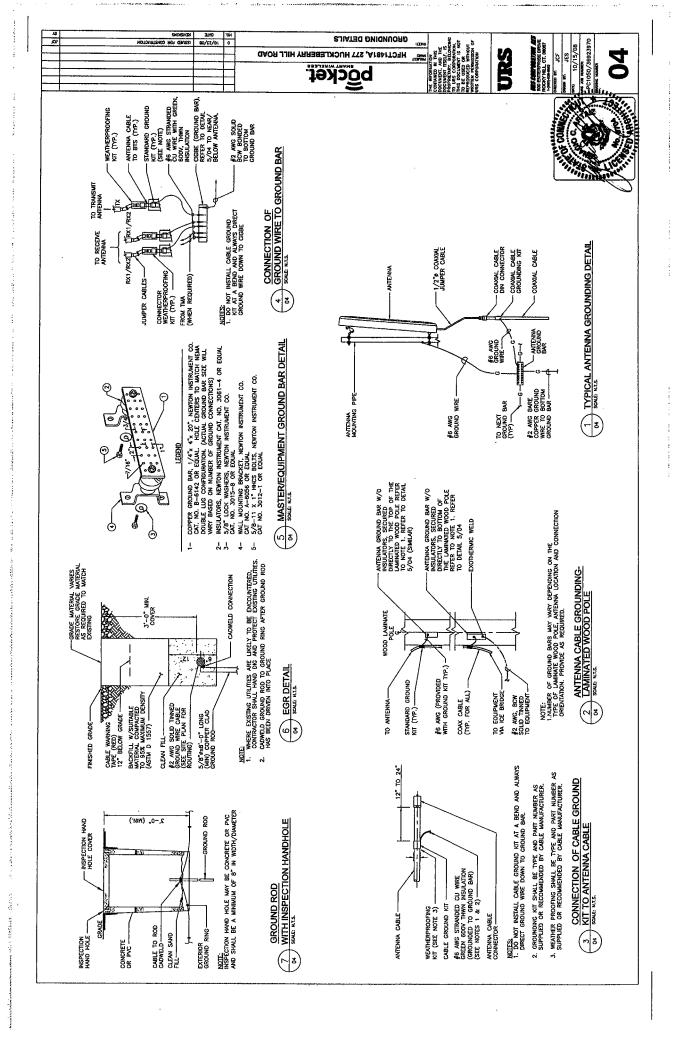
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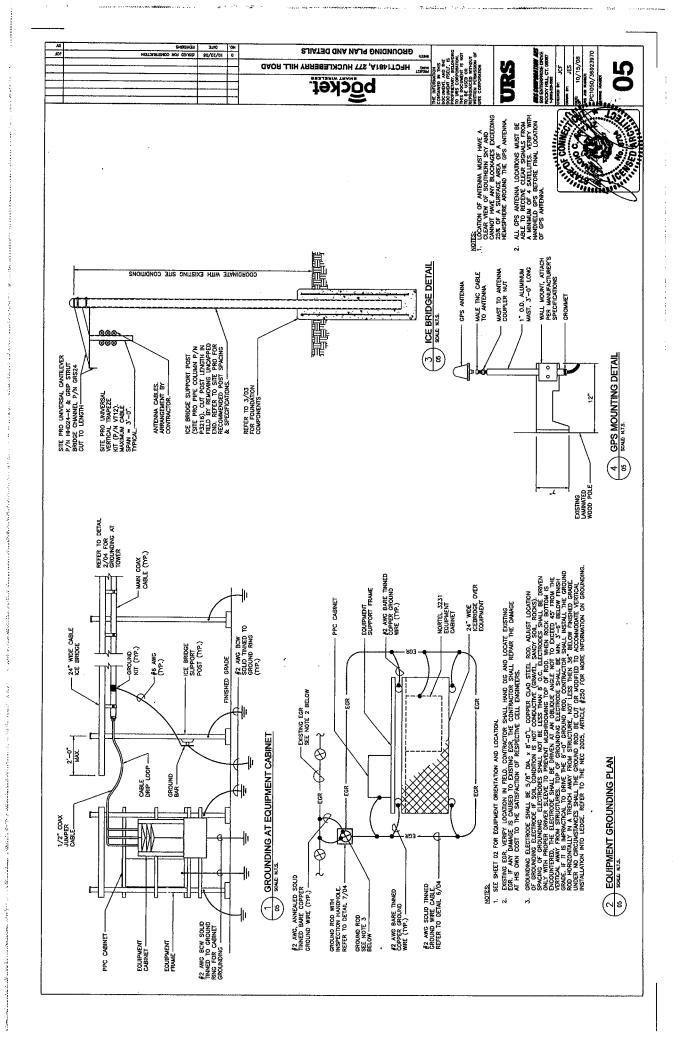












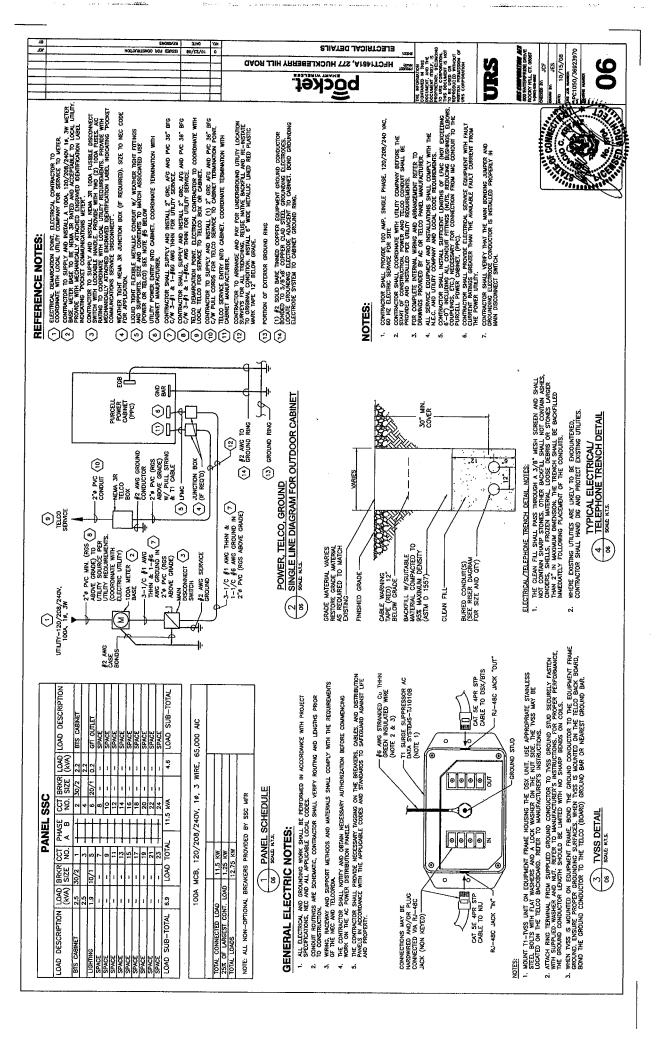


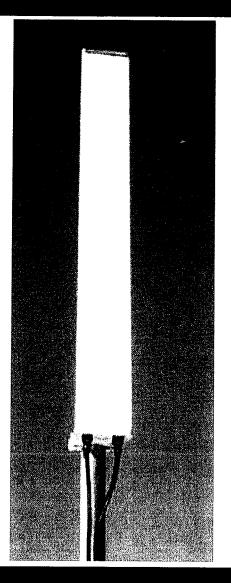
Exhibit C

Equipment Specifications Pocket Site HFCT1481A 277 Huckleberry Hill Road Avon, Connecticut



Product Description

This variable tilt antenna provides exceptional suppression of all upper sidelobes at all downtilt angles. It also features null fill and a wide downtilt range with optional remote tilt.



Features/Benefits

- Variable electrical downtilt provides enhanced precision in controlling intercell interference. The tilt is infield adjustable 0-10 deg.
- High Suppression of all Upper Sidelobes (Typically <-20dB).
- Optional remote tilt can be retrofitted.
- · Broadband design.
- Dual polarization.
- Low profile for low visual impact.

| Technical Features | |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Frequency Band | 3G/UMTS (Single, Broad, Dual and Triple-Band) |
| Horizontal Pattern | Directional |
| Antenna Type | Panel Dual Polarized |
| Electrical Down Tilt Option | Variable |

RFS The Clear Choice ™ APXV18-206517S-C Print Date: 02.09.2008

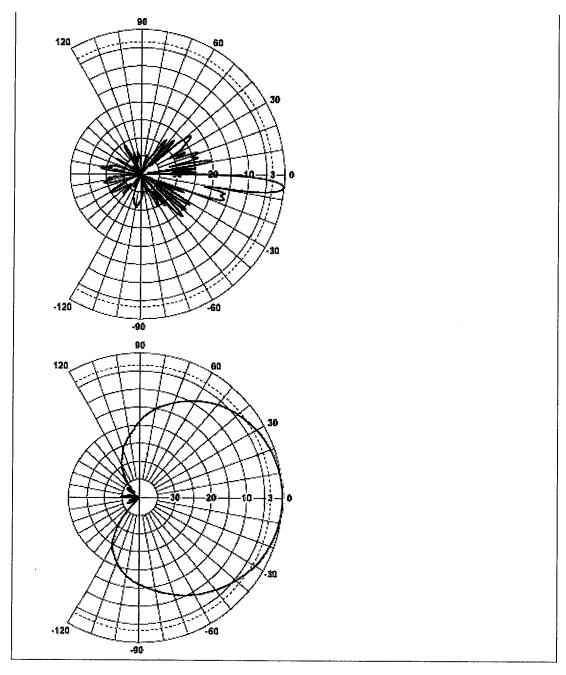


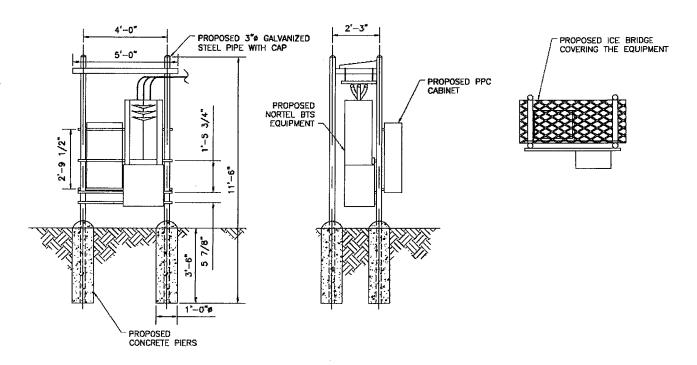
| Gain, dBi (dBd) | 18.8 (16.7) , 19.0 (16.9) |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| Frequency Range, MHz | 1710-1900, 1900-2170 |
| Connector Type | (2) 7-16 DIN Female |
| Connector Location | Bottom |
| Mount Type | Downtilt |
| Electrical Downtilt, deg | 0-10 |
| Horizontal Beamwidth, deg | 67 , 63 |
| Mounting Hardware | APM40-2 |
| Rated Wind Speed, km/h (mph) | 160 (100) |
| VSWR | < 1.5:1 |
| Vertical Beamwidth, deg | 5.0 , 4.6 |
| Upper Sidelobe Suppression, dB | >17 , >18 all (Typically >20) |
| Polarization | Dual pol +/-45° |
| Front-To-Back Ratio, dB | >30 |
| Maximum Power Input, W | 300 |
| Isolation between Ports, dB | >30 |
| Lightning Protection | Direct Ground |
| 3rd Order IMP @ 2 x 43 dBm, dBc | >150 |
| 7th Order IMP @ 2x46 dBm, dBc | >170 |
| Impedance, Ohms | 50 |
| Overall Length, m (ft) | 1.85 (6.06) |
| Mounting Hardware Weight, kg (lb) | 3.4 (7.5) |
| Dimensions - HxWxD, mm (in) | 1850 x 175 x 80 (72.0 x 6.8 x 3.15) |
| Weight w/o Mtg Hardware, kg (lb) | 12 (26.4) |
| Weight w/ Mtg Hardware, kg (lb) | 14.8 (32.5) |
| Radiating Element Material | Brass |
| Radome Color | Light Grey RAL7035 |
| Radome Material | Fiberglass |
| Mounting Hardware Material | Diecasted Aluminum |
| Reflector Material | Aluminum |
| Max Wind Loading Area, m² (ft²) | 0.31 (3.3) |
| Survival Wind Speed, km/h (mph) | 200 (125) |
| Maximum Thrust @ Rated Wind, N (lbf) | 558 (125) |
| Front Thrust @ Rated Wind, N (lbf) | 558 (125) |
| Shipping Weight, kg (lb) | 18.3 (39.8) |
| Packing Dimensions, HxWxD, mm (in) | 2021 x 260 x 200 (79.5 x 10.2 x 7.8) |
| | 1000 10 |

| RFS The Clear Choice ™ | APXV18-206517S-C | Print Date: 02.09.2 |
|------------------------|------------------|---------------------|

Print Date: 02.09.2008







Pocket/Youghiogheny Communications – Northeast, LLC Rack Detail



CDMA BTS 3231 AWS 1.7/2.1 GHz (Outdoor/Indoor)

CDMA BTS 3231

Industry's Highest Capacity AWS Micro BTS

The CDMA BTS 3231 is the latest extension to Nortel Networks BTS (Base Transceiver Station) portfolio providing the ideal solution for urban, sub-urban and rural deployments. The CDMA BTS 3231 is a 3-carrier, 3-sector outdoor/indoor BTS operating at the AWS band of 1.7/2.1 GHz supporting IS-95, 1XRTT and 1xEV-DO simultaneously. BTS 3231 provides flexible deployments solutions including floor, rack, and wall mount options. The power consumption of BTS3231 is industry leading consuming only 630W for 3C3S. The BTS 3231 is also very light at 240lbs making it easy

to transport to hard to reach locations such as the top of a high rise building.

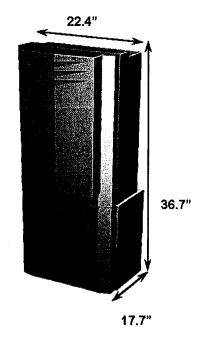


Exhibit D

Power Density Calculations Pocket Site HFCT1481A 277 Huckleberry Hill Road Avon, Connecticut



C Squared Systems, LLC 920 Candia Road Manchester, NH 03109 Phone: (603) 657 9702 E-mail:

Calculated Radio Frequency Emissions



CT-1481 aka HFCT1481

277 Huckleberry Hill Road, Avon, CT

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1. Introduction

The purpose of this report is to investigate compliance with applicable FCC regulations for the proposed Pocket antennas to be installed on the existing tower at 277 Huckleberry Hill Road, Avon, CT.

These calculations assume that the antennas are operating at 100 percent capacity, that all antenna channels are transmitting simultaneously, and that the radio transmitters are operating at full power. Obstructions (trees, buildings etc.) that would normally attenuate the signal are not taken into account. As a result, the predicted signal levels are much more conservative (higher) than the actual signal levels will be from the finished installation.

Public exposure to radio frequencies is regulated and enforced in units of microwatts per square centimeter (mW/cm²). The number of mW/cm² emitted is called the power density. The general population exposure limit for the cellular band is 0.567-0.593 mW/cm², and the general population exposure limit for the PCS/AWS band is 1.0 mW/cm². Because each carrier will be using different frequency bands, and each frequency band has different exposure limits, it is necessary to report percent of MPE rather than power density.

The FCC general population / uncontrolled limits set the maximum exposure to which most people may be subjected. General population / uncontrolled exposures apply in situations in which the general public may be exposed, or in which persons that are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure.

Higher exposure limits are permitted under the occupational / controlled exposure category, but only for persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment and who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure (through training), and they must be able to exercise control over their exposure. General population / uncontrolled limits are five times more stringent than the levels that are acceptable for occupational, or radio frequency trained individuals."

The FCC describes exposure to radio frequency (RF) energy in terms of percentage of maximum permissible exposure (MPE) with 100% being the maximum allowed. Rather than the FCC presenting the user specification in terms of complex power density figures over a specified surface area, this MPE measure is particularly useful, and even more so when considering that power density limits actually vary by frequency because of the different absorptive properties of the human body at different frequencies.

MPE limits are specified as time-averaged exposure limits. This means that exposure can be averaged over 30 minutes for general population / uncontrolled exposure (or 6 minutes for occupational / controlled exposure). However, for the case of exposure of the general public, time averaging is usually not applied because of uncertainties over exact exposure conditions and difficulty in controlling time of exposure. Therefore, the typical conservative approach is to assume that any RF exposure to the general public will be continuous.

Finally, it should be noted that the MPE limits adopted by the FCC for both general population / uncontrolled exposure and for occupational / controlled exposure incorporate a substantial margin of safety and have been established to be well below levels generally accepted as having the potential to cause adverse health effects.

2. FCC Guidelines for Evaluating RF Radiation Exposure Limits

In 1985, the FCC established rules to regulate radio frequency (RF) exposure from FCC licensed antenna facilities. In 1996, the FCC updated these rules, which were further amended in August 1997 by OET Bulletin 65 Edition 97-01. These new rules include limits for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) for transmitters operating between 300 kHz and 100 GHz. The FCC MPE limits are based on exposure limits recommended by the National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurements (NCRP), the exposure limits developed by the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc., (IEEE) and adopted by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI).

Attachment B contains excerpts from OET Bulletin 65 and defines the Maximum Exposure Limit. As shown in these excerpts, each frequency band has different exposure limits, requiring power density to be reported as a percent of Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) when dealing with carriers transmitting in different frequency bands.

3. RF Exposure Prediction Methods

The emission field calculation results displayed in the following figures were generated using the following formula as outlined in FCC bulletin OET 65:

Power Density =
$$\left(\frac{EIRP}{\pi \times R^2}\right) \times \text{Off Beam Loss}$$

Where:

EIRP = Effective Isotropic Radiated Power

$$R = Radial Distance = \sqrt{H^2 + V^2}$$

H = Horizontal Distance from antenna

V = Vertical Distance from bottom of antenna

Off Beam Loss is determined by the selected antenna patterns

4. Calculation Results

Table 1 below outlines the power density information for the site. All information for carriers other than Pocket was obtained from current CSC database.

| Carrier | Number of Trans. | Effective Radiated Power (ERP) Per Transmitter (Watts) | Antenna Height (Feet) | Operating Frequency (MHz) | Total ERP (Watts) | Power Density (mw/cm^2) | Limit | %МРЕ |
|---------|------------------|---|-----------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------|--------|--------|
| Sprint | 11 | 234.7 | 100 | 1962.5 | 2581.7 | 0.0928 | 1.0000 | 9.28% |
| АТ&Т | 6 | 296 | 90 | 880 | 1776 | 0.0788 | 0.5867 | 13.44% |
| АТ&Т | 3 | 427 | 90 | 1930 | 1281 | 0.0569 | 1.0000 | 5.69% |
| Pocket | 3 | 631 | 80 | 2130-2133.75 | 1893 | 0.1942 | 1.0000 | 19.42% |
| | · | | | | | | Total | 47.83% |

Table 1: Proposed Carrier Information

5. Conclusion

The above analysis verifies that emissions from the proposed site will be well below the maximum power density levels as outlined by the FCC in the OET Bulletin 65 Ed. 97-01. Even when using conservative methods, the cumulative power density from the proposed transmit antennas at the existing facility is well below the limits for the general public. The highest expected percent of Maximum Permissible Exposure at the base of the tower is 47.83% of the FCC limit.

As noted in the introduction, obstructions (trees, buildings etc.) that would normally attenuate the signal are not taken into account. As a result, the predicted signal levels are more conservative (higher) than the actual signal levels will be from the finished installation.

6. Statement of Certification

I certify to the best of my knowledge that the statements in this report are true and accurate. The calculations follow guidelines set forth in ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.3, ANSI/IEE Std. C95.1 and FCC OET Bulletin 65 Edition 97-01.

October 30, 2008

Date

Daniel l. Goulet C Squared Systems, LLC

Attachment A: References

OET Bulletin 65 - Edition 97-01 - August 1997 Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology

ANSI C95.1-1982, American National Standard Safety Levels With Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 300 kHz to 100 GHz. IEEE-SA Standards Board

<u>IEEE Std C95.3-1991 (Reaff 1997), IEEE Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields - RF and Microwave.</u> IEEE-SA Standards Board

Attachment B: FCC Limits For Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE)

(A) Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure

| Frequency | Electric Field | Magnetic Field | Power Density (S) | Averaging Time |
|--------------|----------------|----------------|-------------------|----------------------------|
| Range | Strength (E) | Strength (E) | , , , | $ E ^{2}$, $ H ^{2}$ or S |
| (MHz) | (V/m) | (A/m) | (mW/cm^2) | (minutes) |
| 0.3-3.0 | 614 | 1.63 | (100)* | 6 |
| 3.0-30 | 1842/f | 4.89/f | $(900/f^2)*$ | 6 |
| 30-300 | 61.4 | 0.163 | 1.0 | 6 |
| 300-1500 | - | - | f/300 | 6 |
| 1500-100,000 | - | - | 5 | 6 |

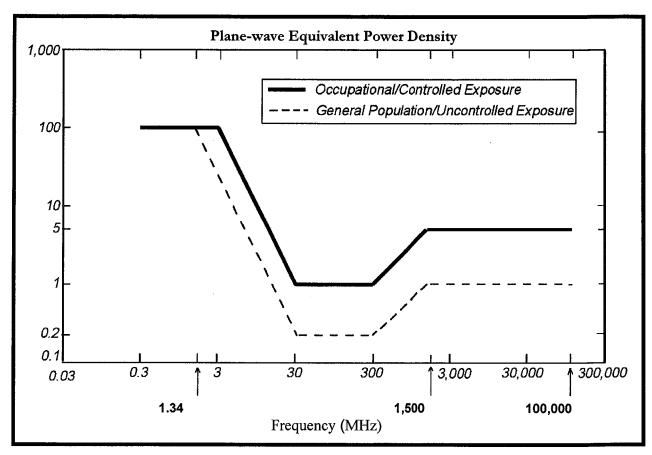
(B) Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure

| Frequency | Electric Field | Magnetic Field | Power Density | Averaging Time |
|--------------|----------------|----------------|------------------|------------------------|
| Range | Strength (E) | Strength (E) | (S) ['] | $ E ^2$, $ H ^2$ or S |
| (MHz) | (V/m) | (A/m) | $(mW)/cm^2$ | (minutes) |
| 0.3-1.34 | 614 | 1.63 | (100)* | 30 |
| 1.34-30 | 824/f | 2.19/f | $(180/f^2)*$ | 30 |
| 30-300 | 27.5 | 0.073 | 0.2 | 30 |
| 300-1500 | - | _ | f/1500 | 30 |
| 1500-100,000 | - | - | 1.0 | 30 |

f = frequency in MHz * Plane-wave equivalent power density

NOTE 1: Occupational/controlled limits apply in situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment provided those persons are fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. Limits for occupational/controlled exposure also apply in situations when an individual is transient through a location where occupational/controlled limits apply provided he or she is made aware of the potential for exposure.

NOTE 2: General population/uncontrolled exposures apply in situations in which the general public may be exposed, or in which persons that are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be fully aware of the potential for exposure or can not exercise control over their exposure.



• FCC Limits for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE)

Exhibit E

Structural Analysis Pocket Site HFCT1481A 277 Huckleberry Hill Road Avon, Connecticut

1079 N. 205th Street Elkhorn, NE 68022 Ph: 402-289-1888 Fax: 402-289-1861

SEMAAN ENGINEERING SOLUTIONS

100 ft ELAM Laminated Wood Monopole Structural Analysis

Prepared for: TowerCo LLC 112 Towerview Court Cary, NC 27513

Site: CT2020 Pocket Communications Avon, CT



November 4, 2008

1079 N. 205th Street Elkhorn, NE 68022 Ph: 402-289-1888 Fax: 402-289-1861

SEMAAN ENGINEERING SOLUTIONS

100 ft ELAM Laminated Wood Monopole Structural Analysis

Prepared for: TowerCo LLC 112 Towerview Court Cary, NC 27513

Site: CT2020 Pocket Communications Avon, CT

November 4, 2008

Mr. Stephen Rambeau TowerCo LLC 112 Towerview Court Cary, NC 27513

Re: Site Number CT2020 - Avon, CT.

Dear Mr. Rambeau:

We have completed the structural analysis for the existing monopole, located at the above referenced site. The purpose of this analysis is to determine that the existing monopole design is in conformance with the TIA/EIA-222 Rev F standard and local building codes for the proposed antennae loads installation. Refer to the Review and Recommendations section at the end of this report for the analysis results.

Description of Structure:

The structure is a 100 ft ELAM laminated wood monopole.

Refer to ELAM drawing SPSM-0079.06A1 Rev 3 dated July 29, 2005 for a detailed description of the structure.

Method of analysis:

The tower was analyzed using Semaan Engineering Solutions' software suite for communication structures. The structural analysis is performed using the SAPS finite element engine. The method is 3D, non-linear, which accounts for the second order geometric effects due to the displacements. It also treats guys as exact cable elements and therefore is ideal for guyed towers. The analysis was performed in conformance with TIA/EIA-222 Rev F and local building codes for a basic wind speed of 80 mph and 1/2" radial ice with reduced wind speed (fastest mile). This is in conformance with the IBC 2006: Section 1609.1.1, Exception (4) and Section 3108.4. Wind is applied to the structure, accessories and antennas.

Structure loading:

The following loads were used in the tower analysis:

| Elev (ft) | Qty | Antennas | Mounts | Coax | Carrier |
|-----------|---------|----------------|--------------|------------|----------|
| 100.0 | 3 | RR90-17-00DP | Flush mounts | (12) 1 5/8 | Sprint |
| 90.0 | 6 21401 | 21401 TMA | | _ | 0: |
| 90.0 | 3 | Powerwave 7770 | Flush mounts | (12) 1 5/8 | Cingular |

Proposed Loads:

| Qty | Antennas | Mounts | Coax | Carrier |
|-----|---------------|--------------|-----------|--------------------------|
| 3 | APXV18-206517 | Flush mounts | (6) 1 5/8 | Pocket Communications |
| | Qty 3 | | | |

All transmission lines are assumed running outside of the pole shaft with (4) lines exposed to the wind beyond the profile of the monopole.

Results of Analysis:

Refer to the attached Computer Summary sheets for detailed analysis results.

Structure:

The existing monopole is structurally capable of supporting the existing and proposed antennas.

The maximum structure usage is: 100.6%.

Foundation:

| Pole Reactions | Original Design | Current Analysis | % Of | |
|------------------|-----------------|------------------|--------|--|
| | Reactions | Reactions | Design | |
| Moment (ft-kips) | 724.60 | 739.48 | 102.1 | |

The reactions calculated from the analysis exceed the ones indicated on the original structural design. However, upon reviewing the foundation documents, they were found to be adequate and therefore the foundation will not require modification.

Review and Recommendations:

Based on the analysis results, the existing structure meets the requirements per the TIA/EIA-222 Rev F standards for a basic wind speed of 80 mph and 1/2" radial ice with reduced wind speed.

Wood Pole Spreadsheet (no ice)

Site #

CT33XC589 / CT2020

Address

227 Huckleberry St., Avon, CT

Pole class =

Pole Parameters

Wind Loads

wind pressure (psf) =

Allow. Trans. Bend Stress (psi) =

41.54 (80/85)^2x46.9 = 41.54 for 80 mph

88.7%

| Item | area (sf) | CL elev (ft) | force (lbs) | moment (ft-lbs) |
|--|--------------|--------------|-----------------------|---------------------|
| Pole (long) | 176.04 | 42.80 | 7313 | 312992 |
| Pole (trans) | 218.75 | 50.00 | 9087 | 454344 |
| Sprint (3x5.23/1.4) | 14.02 | 100.00 | 582 | 58239 |
| Cingular ((3x5.88+6x.95)/1.4) | 16.67 | 90.00 | 692 | 62322 |
| Pocket(3x5.024x.73/1.4) | 7.86 | 80.00 | 327 | 26120 |
| Coax (4 1-5/8 exposed) | 66.66 | 50.00 | 2769 | 138453 |
| Total (long) = | | | 11683 | 598127 |
| Total (trans) = | | | 13457 | 739478 |
| f _b (long) (psi) = | 2066 | | | |
| f _b (trans) (psi) = | 2217 | | | |
| Allow. Long. Bend. Stress (psi) = | 2053 | 100.6% | | |
| Coax (4 1-5/8 exposed) Total (long) = Total (trans) = f_b (long) (psi) = f_b (trans) (psi) = | 2066 2217 | 50.00 | 2769 11 683 | 1384 5981 |

2500

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CT33XC589 / CT2020

| M (ft-lbs) = | 739478 |
|--------------------------------------|---------|
| V (lbs) = | 13457.0 |
| h (ft) = | 54.95 |
| Allow. Lateral brg. Pressure (psf) = | 400 |
| Embedment depth (ft) = | 17.50 |
| S ₁ = | 2333 |
| b (ft) = | 5.00 |
| A = | 2.70 |
| Min. embed depth (ft) = | 15.41 |