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Hartford, CT 06103-3597
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Direct (860) 275-8345

March 8, 2007

Via Hand Delivery

S. Derek Phelps
Executive Director
Connecticut Siting Council
10 Franklin Square
New Britain, CT 06051

Re: **Docket No. 318 – Cellco Partnership d/b/a Verizon Wireless
Bristol West Telecommunications Facility
Terryville Road, Bristol, Connecticut
Development & Management Plan**

Dear Mr. Phelps:

Enclosed please find the original and twenty (20) copies of the following information:

1. Final Development & Management (D&M) Plans for the approved telecommunications facility at the Pequabuck Golf Course, Terryville Road in Bristol;
2. A Geotechnical Evaluation by JGI Eastern, Incorporated; and
3. The proposed tower and foundation design calculations for the approved tower prepared by Engineered Endeavors Incorporated.

Together, this information constitutes the final D&M Plan for Cellco's approved Bristol West facility. We respectfully request that this information be reviewed and this matter be placed on the next available Siting Council agenda for approval. Thank you in advance for your anticipated cooperation.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Ken C Baldwin", written over a horizontal line.

Kenneth C. Baldwin



Law Offices

BOSTON

HARTFORD

NEW LONDON

STAMFORD

WHITE PLAINS

NEW YORK CITY

SARASOTA

www.rc.com

Enclosures

cc: Sandy M. Carter

HART1-1387044-1

Cellco Partnership

d.b.a. **verizon**wireless

DEVELOPMENT & MANAGEMENT PLAN

BRISTOL WEST
1191 TERRYVILLE AVENUE
BRISTOL, CT

SITE INFORMATION

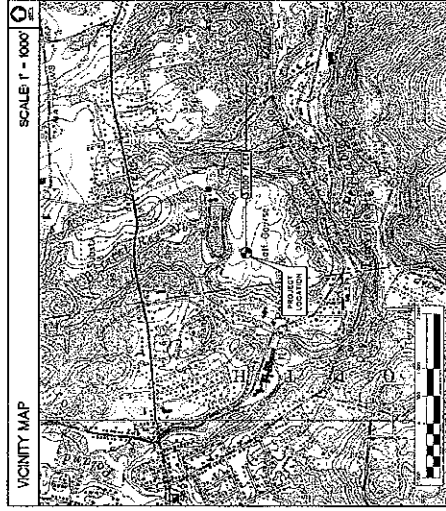
- THE GENERAL SCOPE OF WORK SHALL INCLUDE:
 - THE CONSTRUCTION OF A 48' X 50' FENCED WIRELESS COMMUNICATIONS COMPOUND WITH A 50' X 70' LOSE AREA.
 - A ROW OF SIX (6) DIRECTIONAL PANEL ANTENNAE ARE PROPOSED TO BE MOUNTED WITHIN A 100' X 100' AREA.
 - POLES AND TOWER UTILITIES SHALL BE ROUTED UNDERGROUND FROM A PROPOSED UTILITY TRENCH TO THE ANTENNAE. THE TRENCH SHALL BE 12" DEEP AND 12" WIDE. THE TRENCH SHALL BE LOCATED WITHIN THE PROPOSED COMPOUND. THE TRENCH SHALL BE LOCATED WITHIN THE PROPOSED COMPOUND. THE TRENCH SHALL BE LOCATED WITHIN THE PROPOSED COMPOUND.
 - THE PROPOSED WIRELESS FACILITY INSTALLATION WILL BE DESIGNED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE 2003 CONNECTICUT WIRELESS COMMUNICATIONS ACT AND THE 2003 CONNECTICUT WIRELESS COMMUNICATIONS REGULATIONS.
 - THE PROPOSED WIRELESS FACILITY INSTALLATION WILL BE DESIGNED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE 2003 CONNECTICUT WIRELESS COMMUNICATIONS ACT AND THE 2003 CONNECTICUT WIRELESS COMMUNICATIONS REGULATIONS.
 - THERE WILL NOT BE ANY LIGHTING UNLESS REQUIRED BY THE FCC OR THE FAA.
 - THERE WILL NOT BE ANY SIGNAGE OR ADVERTISING ON THE ANTENNAE OR EQUIPMENT.
 - FOR ADDITIONAL NOTES AND DETAILS REFER TO THE ACCOMPANYING DRAWINGS.

GENERAL NOTES

- PROPOSED ANTENNA LOCATIONS AND HEIGHTS PROVIDED BY CELLCO PARTNERSHIP.

SITE DIRECTIONS

- FROM: 88 EAST MAIN STREET, BRISTOL, CT 06010 TO: 1191 TERRYVILLE AVENUE, BRISTOL, CT 06010
- TURN LEFT ONTO 88 EAST MAIN STREET. 0.2 MILES
 - TURN LEFT ONTO 1191 TERRYVILLE AVENUE. 0.2 MILES
 - TURN RIGHT ONTO CT-74/TERRYVILLE AVE. CONTINUE TO FOLLOW CT-74 W. 2.0 MILES
 - TURN LEFT ONTO CT-74/TERRYVILLE AVE. CONTINUE TO FOLLOW CT-74 W. 2.0 MILES
 - TURN LEFT ONTO 1191 TERRYVILLE AVENUE. CONTINUE TO FOLLOW 1191 TERRYVILLE AVE. 1.0 MILES
 - END AT 1191 TERRYVILLE AVE.



PROJECT SUMMARY	
PROJECT NAME:	BRISTOL WEST
SITE ADDRESS:	1191 TERRYVILLE AVENUE BRISTOL, CT 06010
PROPERTY OWNER:	CELLCO PARTNERSHIP P.O. BOX 218 WEDDINGTON, CT 06181
LEASOR:	PECONICK GOLF CLUB OF BRISTOL
LESSOR:	CELLCO PARTNERSHIP P.O. BOX 218 WEDDINGTON, CT 06181
APPLICANT:	CELLCO PARTNERSHIP P.O. BOX 218 WEDDINGTON, CT 06181
CONTACT PERSON:	MARY GARDNER (860) 484-0233
TOWER COORDINATES:	UTM: 18T UTM: 799711 N ELEVATION: 119.1 M UTM: 18T UTM: 799711 N ELEVATION: 119.1 M

LEGEND

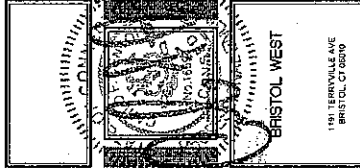
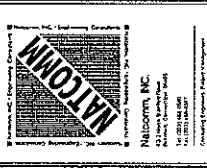
SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
(Symbol)	LOCATION OF TOWER NUMBER
(Symbol)	SHEET WHERE DETAIL SECTION OCCURS
(Symbol)	ELEVATION NUMBER
(Symbol)	SHEET WHERE ELEVATION OCCURS

SHEET INDEX

SHEET NO.	DESCRIPTION	REV. NO.
1-1	TITLE SHEET	01
2-1	GENERAL SURVEY PLAN	01
3-1	PARTIAL SITE PLAN AND ELEVATION	01
4-1	PROPOSED CONTROL DETAILS AND NOTES	01
5-1	SITE DETAILS	01
6-1	SITE UTILITY DETAILS AND SHOTGUN ELEVATIONS	01
7-1	GROUP SHOTGUN FOUNDATION DETAILS AND NOTES	01

REV.	DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION
1	02/20/07	02/20/07	02/20/07
2	02/20/07	02/20/07	02/20/07
3	02/20/07	02/20/07	02/20/07
4	02/20/07	02/20/07	02/20/07
5	02/20/07	02/20/07	02/20/07
6	02/20/07	02/20/07	02/20/07
7	02/20/07	02/20/07	02/20/07
8	02/20/07	02/20/07	02/20/07
9	02/20/07	02/20/07	02/20/07
10	02/20/07	02/20/07	02/20/07

Cellco Partnership
d.b.a. Verizon Wireless



PROJECT NO.	00006
DRAWN BY:	DBS
CHECKED BY:	CFC
SCALE:	AS NOTED
DATE:	12/14/06

TITLE SHEET

T-1

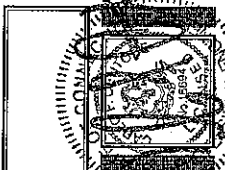
DWG. 1 OF 7

A. RAFAEL MARTINEZ US #18033

REVISIONS	DATE	BY	CHKD
1	01/20/07	J. KIRWAN	
2	02/02/07	J. KIRWAN	
3	02/02/07	J. KIRWAN	
4	02/02/07	J. KIRWAN	
5	02/02/07	J. KIRWAN	
6	02/02/07	J. KIRWAN	
7	02/02/07	J. KIRWAN	
8	02/02/07	J. KIRWAN	
9	02/02/07	J. KIRWAN	
10	02/02/07	J. KIRWAN	

Callico Partnership
d.b.a. verizon/wireless

NATCOM
NATCOM, INC.
Engineering & Construction
10000 N. 10th Street, Suite 100
Tucson, AZ 85710
Tel: (520) 444-0000
Fax: (520) 444-0000
www.natcominc.com

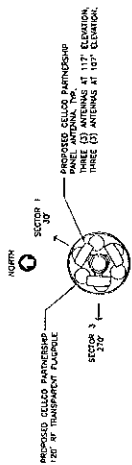


BRISTOL WEST
191 TERRAVILLE AVE
BRISTOL, CT 06010

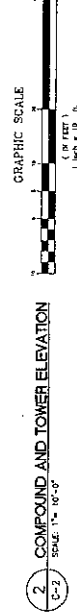
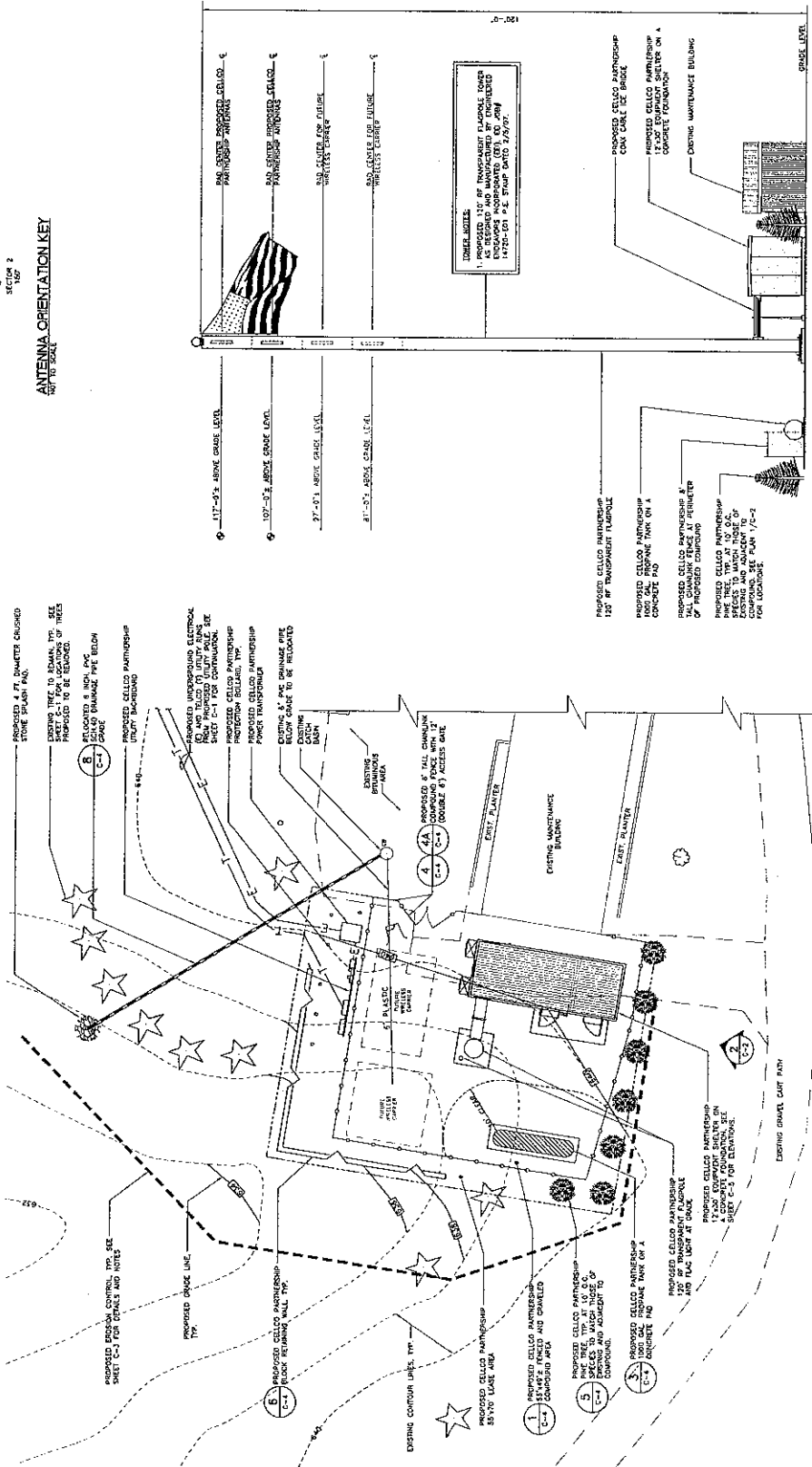
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DRAWN BY: DEB
CHECKED BY: CFC
SCALE: AS NOTED
DATE: 12/14/06

**PARTIAL
SITE PLAN
AND ELEVATION**

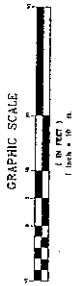
C-2
DWG. 3 OF 7



ANTENNA ORIENTATION KEY

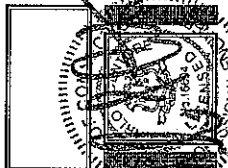
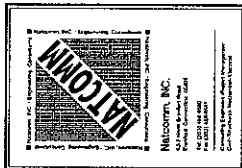
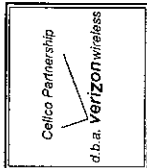


2. COMPOUND AND TOWER ELEVATION
SCALE: 1" = 10'-0"



1. PARTIAL SITE PLAN
SCALE: 1" = 10'-0"

REVISIONS	
NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	ISSUED
2	REVISED
3	REVISED
4	REVISED
5	REVISED
6	REVISED
7	REVISED
8	REVISED
9	REVISED
10	REVISED

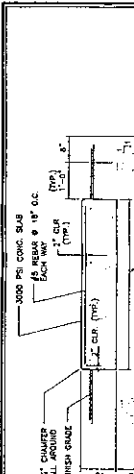


BRISTOL WEST
151 TERRAVILLE AVE
BRISTOL, CT 06010

PROJECT NO: 00986
DRAWN BY: DBB
CHECKED BY: CFC
SCALE: AS NOTED
DATE: 12/14/08

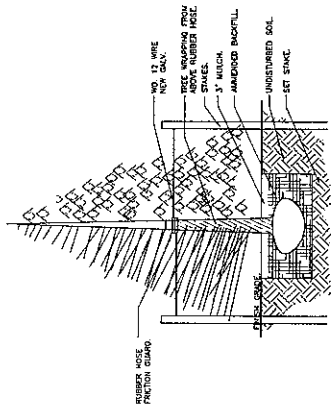
SITE DETAILS

C-4
DWG. 3 OF 7



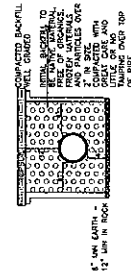
NOTE: PROpane TANK MANUFACTURER FOR RECOMMENDED TANK SIZE AND WEIGHT.

3 PROpane TANK PAD DETAIL
C-4 NOT TO SCALE

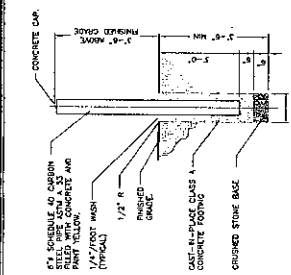


- TREE & SHRUB PLANTING SPECIFICATIONS:**
1. CUT WIRE (NO. 12 NEW GALV) SHALL BE REQUIRED FOR ALL TREES 3\"/>

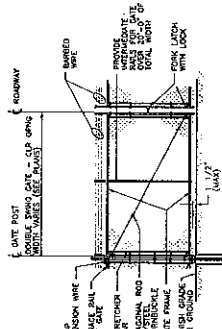
5 TYPICAL TREE PLANTING DETAIL
C-4 NOT TO SCALE



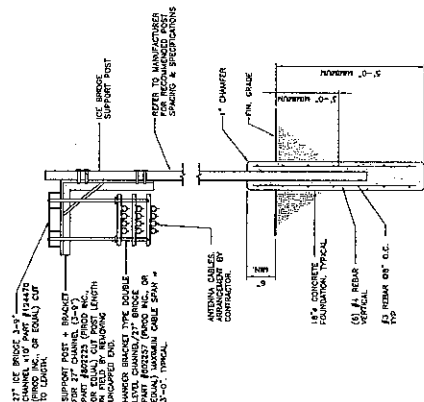
8 PVC BEDDING DETAIL
C-4 NOT TO SCALE



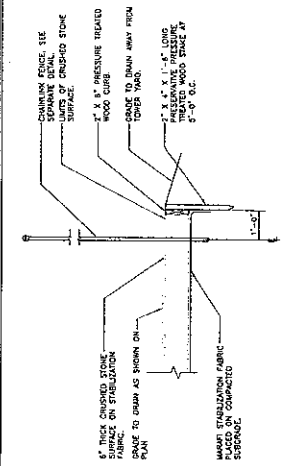
2 BOLLARD DETAIL
C-4 NOT TO SCALE



4A WOVEN WIRE SWING GATE-DOUBLE
C-4 NOT TO SCALE

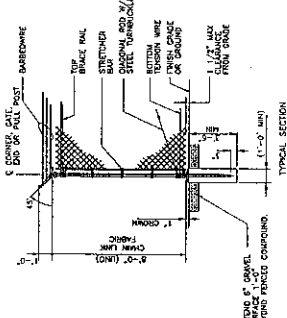


7 ICE BRIDGE DETAIL
C-4 NOT TO SCALE

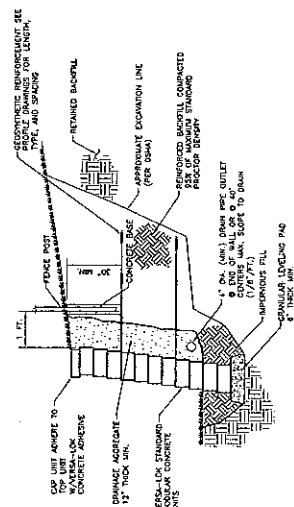


1 COMPOUND SURFACING DETAIL
C-4 NOT TO SCALE

- WOVEN WIRE FENCE NOTES**
1. FENCE SHALL BE 4\"/>



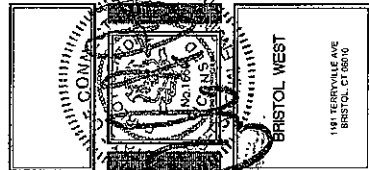
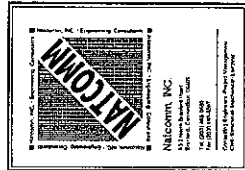
4 WOVEN WIRE FENCE DETAIL
C-4 NOT TO SCALE



6 REINFORCED RETAINING WALL
C-4 NOT TO SCALE

NO.	REVISION	DATE	BY	CHKD.
01	REVISED	01/10/08	D. L. KIM	
02	REVISED	01/10/08	D. L. KIM	
03	REVISED	01/10/08	D. L. KIM	
04	REVISED	01/10/08	D. L. KIM	
05	REVISED	01/10/08	D. L. KIM	
06	REVISED	01/10/08	D. L. KIM	
07	REVISED	01/10/08	D. L. KIM	
08	REVISED	01/10/08	D. L. KIM	
09	REVISED	01/10/08	D. L. KIM	
10	REVISED	01/10/08	D. L. KIM	

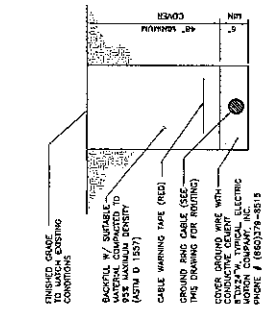
Cellco Partnership
d.b.a. Verizon Wireless



PROJECT NO.	00099
DRAWN BY:	OSB
CHECKED BY:	CFC
SCALE	AS NOTED
DATE	12/1/08

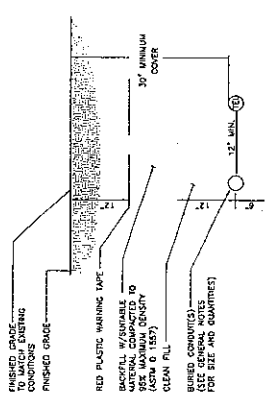
SITE UTILITY
DETAILS AND
SHELTER ELEVATIONS

C-5
DWG. 5 OF 7



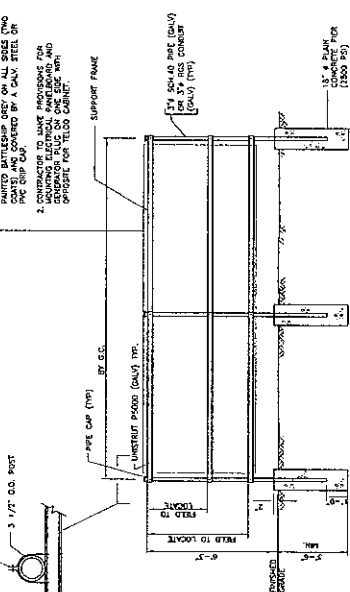
NOTES:
1. BACKFILL SHALL NOT CONTAIN ASPER, CRACKS, SHELLS, DEBRIS OR STONES LARGER THAN 2\"/>

1 TYPICAL BURIAL GROUND CABLE DETAIL
C-5 NOT TO SCALE

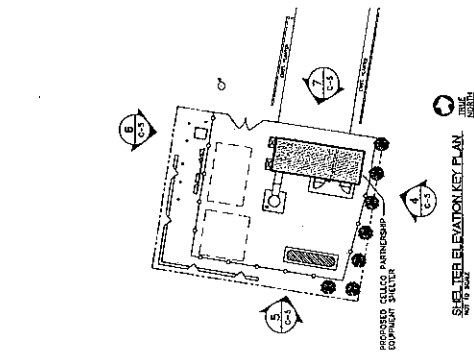


NOTES:
1. CLEAN TEL. SHALL HAVE MINIMUM 1/2\"/>

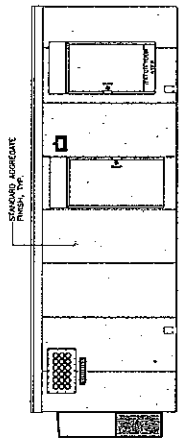
2 TYPICAL ELECTRICAL/TEL. TRENCH DETAIL
C-5 NOT TO SCALE



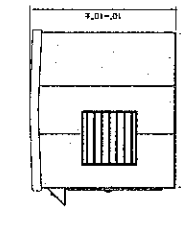
3 UTILITY SUPPORT FRAME (TYP)
C-5 NOT TO SCALE



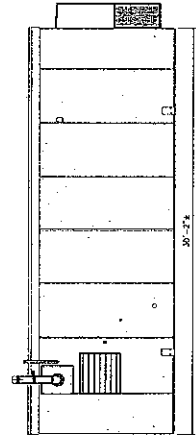
4 SHELTER ELEVATION KEY PLAN
C-5 NOT TO SCALE



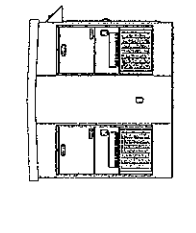
5 SOUTHWEST SHELTER ELEVATION
C-5 SCALE: 1/4\"/>



6 SOUTHEAST SHELTER ELEVATION
C-5 SCALE: 1/4\"/>



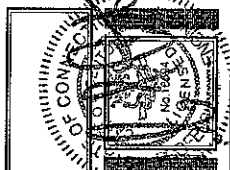
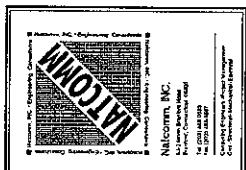
7 NORTHWEST SHELTER ELEVATION
C-5 SCALE: 1/4\"/>



8 NORTHEAST SHELTER ELEVATION
C-5 SCALE: 1/4\"/>

REVISIONS		DATE	BY	REASON
01	02/20/09	01/20/09	D.M.F./J.M.	REVISED

Cellco Partnership
d.b.a. Verizon Wireless



BRISTOL WEST
191 TERRAPLE AVE
BRISTOL CT 06010

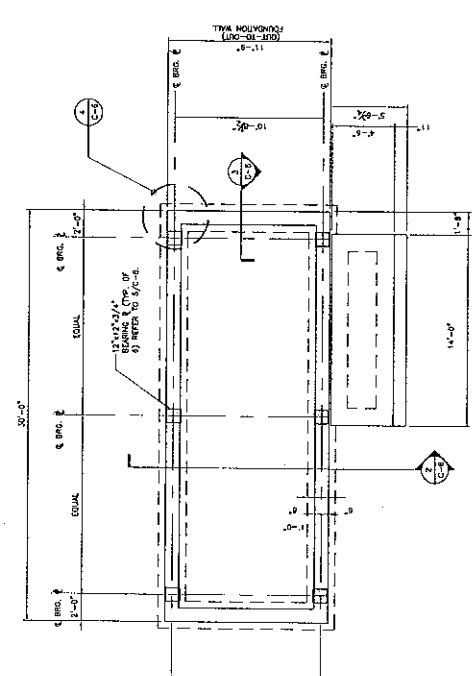
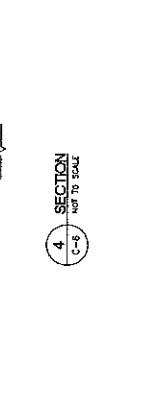
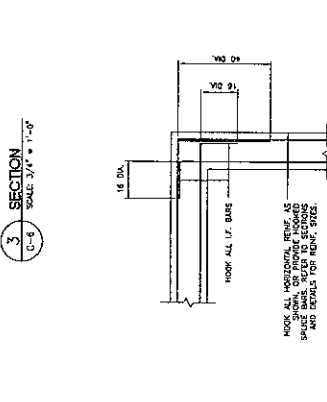
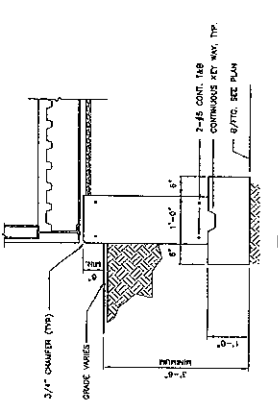
PROJECT NO:	05096
DRAWN BY:	DEB
CHECKED BY:	CFC
SCALE:	AS NOTED
DATE:	12/14/08

EQUIP. SHELTER
FOUNDATION
DETAILS AND NOTES

C-6
DWG. 1 OF 7

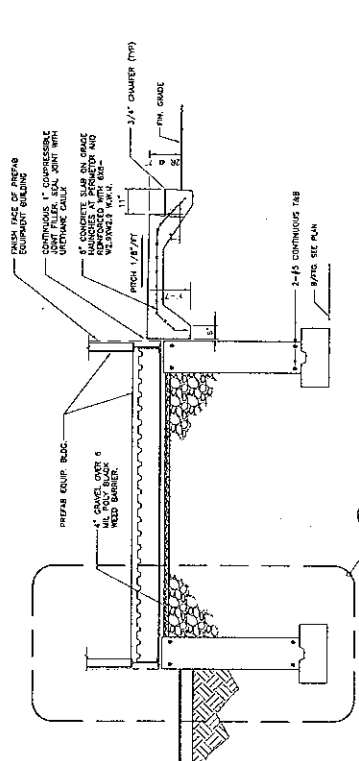
GENERAL NOTES

- IF ANY FIELD CONDITIONS EXIST WHICH PRECLUDE COMPLIANCE WITH THE DRAWINGS, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL IMMEDIATELY NOTIFY THE ENGINEER AND SHALL NOT PROCEED WITH ANY WORK UNTIL THE ENGINEER HAS BEEN ADVISED AND APPROVED.
- ALL EQUIPMENT SHALL BE CHECKED AGAINST THE MANUFACTURER'S EQUIPMENT REQUIREMENTS AND SHALL BE CHECKED AGAINST THE MANUFACTURER'S EQUIPMENT REQUIREMENTS.
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY AND CORROBORATE THE SIZE AND LOCATION OF ALL EQUIPMENT, SLEEVES AND ANCHOR BOLTS AS REQUIRED BY ALL TANKS.
- REFER TO DRAWING 11 FOR ADDITIONAL NOTES AND REQUIREMENTS.
- CONCRETE SHALL BE:
 - CONCRETE SHALL BE PLACED AND CURED AS A FOUNDATION FOR STRUCTURES, WHERE SHOWN ON THE CONTRACT DRAWINGS OR DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
 - CONCRETE SHALL CONFORM TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF ARTICLE 1602 OF THE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR HIGHWAYS AND BRIDGES, LATEST EDITION, AS AMENDED, AND THE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR CONCRETE, LATEST EDITION, AS AMENDED, AND THE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR CONCRETE, LATEST EDITION, AS AMENDED, AND THE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR CONCRETE, LATEST EDITION, AS AMENDED.
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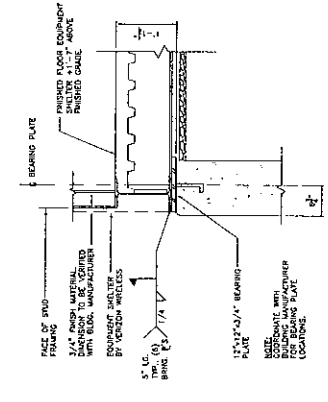


1. FOUNDATION PLAN
SCALE: 1/4\"/>

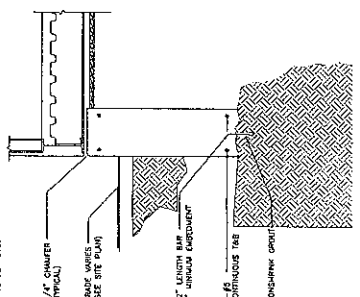
EQUIPMENT SHELTER BY VERIZON WIRELESS. VERIFY ALL SHELTER DIMENSIONS, EQUIPMENT DIMENSIONS, EQUIPMENT LOCATIONS AND UTILITY OPENINGS WITH BUILDING SHOP DRAWINGS PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF WORK.



2. TYPICAL SECTION
SCALE: 1/2\"/>



5. BUILDING TIE DOWN
SCALE: 1/4\"/>



6. FOUNDATION OVER LEDGE (TYPICAL)
SCALE: 3/4\"/>

**SERVICES**

- Geotechnical
- Environmental
- Construction Monitoring
- Materials Testing

January 22, 2007

Mr. Daniel Bolan
NATCOMM, LLC
63-2 North Branford Road
Branford, CT 06405

Advance Copy by Fax

Re: Geotechnical Evaluation
Verizon Wireless (Bristol West)
1191 Terryville Avenue
Bristol, Connecticut

JGI Project No. 06817G

Dear Mr. Bolan:

The following report, prepared by JGI EASTERN, Inc. (JGI), presents our geotechnical engineering evaluation of subsurface conditions as they relate to foundation design and earthwork construction for the proposed communications tower development. Our services, conducted in accordance with our email correspondence, dated December 15, 2006, are subject to the limitations contained in this report.

SITE AND PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The proposed tower site is located approximately 20 feet southwest of an existing maintenance building within the Pequabuck Golf Course in Bristol, Connecticut. The tower lease area is currently undeveloped and moderately wooded. The topography within the proposed lease area gradually slopes downward to the west from approximately Elevation (El) of 640 to 634 feet.

The project involves constructing a 120-foot tall, steel flagpole type communications tower within a 55-foot by 70-foot lease area. Current plans indicate that prefabricated equipment shelters and a 1,000-gallon propane above ground storage tank will be constructed within the lease area. In addition, a retaining wall with an overall height of about 4 to 6 feet is planned at the west corner of the lease area. Access to the site will be from the existing paved access drive to the maintenance building. The proposed tower development, existing conditions and exploration locations are shown on Figure 1, Subsurface Exploration Location Plan.

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Mr. Daniel Bolan

Page 2

January 22, 2007

SUBSURFACE EXPLORATIONS AND CONDITIONS

JGI monitored the advancement of one test boring (JB-1) and four probes (JP-1 through JP-4) drilled by New England Boring Contractors Inc. of Glastonbury, Connecticut on January 19, 2007. The test boring was advanced approximately 15 feet north of the tower center with 4-inch inside diameter hollow stem augers (HSA) to a depth of 40 feet below the existing ground surface. A roller bit and drive-and-wash methods were used from 40 to 61 feet. Soil samples were obtained semi-continuously to a depth of 12 feet, and at 5-foot intervals thereafter with a standard 2.0-inch outside diameter split-barrel sampler. Standard Penetration Tests (SPTs) were performed at sampling intervals, in general accordance with ASTM D1586. The approximate exploration location is shown on Figure 1.

The subsurface profile consists of fill underlain by a glaciofluvial deposit over glacial till. The fill has a thickness of about 6 feet and consists of loose to dense, brown, medium to fine sand, some gravel, trace to little silt, occasional cobbles, with deleterious material including brick. The glaciofluvial deposit was encountered below the fill, extending to a depth of about 59 feet. The glaciofluvial deposit consists of medium dense, brown, medium to fine sand, trace to some gravel, trace to little silt. The glacial till was inferred by resistance to the roller bit at a depth of 59 feet.

Test probes were advanced with 4-inch diameter solid stem augers (SSA) to further evaluate the subsurface soil conditions near the proposed tower. The probes encountered soil conditions similar to JB-1. However, a lesser thickness of fill was encountered in the probes. The probes were terminated at a depth of 10 feet, without refusal. The approximate exploration locations are shown on Figure 1. The exploration logs are attached.

At the time of the exploration program, groundwater was not observed to a depth of 40 feet during augering. Drive and wash methods, which were utilized below a depth of 40 feet introduced water into the boring, preventing groundwater observations and measurements. Groundwater levels vary depending upon season, precipitation and other conditions that may be different from those at the time of drilling.

Following drilling, *in situ* soil resistivity testing was completed. Resistivity testing was performed in accordance with ASTM G57 by the Wenner Four Probe Method using a 16gl Earth Resistivity Meter. Two resistivity lines were completed with electrodes spaced at 5, 10, 20, 30, and 40 feet. At the time of resistivity testing, the surficial soil was relatively dry. The location and orientation of resistivity lines are shown on Figure 1. The resistivity test results are summarized below:

Electrode Spacing (ft)	Resistivity (ohm-cm)	
	Line 1	Line 2
5	380,510	457,395
10	716,975	464,385
20	985,460	1,106,485
30	1,010,545	1,290,900
40	788,215	1,319,815

Mr. Daniel Bolan

Page 3

January 22, 2007

FOUNDATION TYPE AND DESIGN RECOMMENDATIONS

Tower

The tower may be supported on either a monolithic mat or a pier and pad foundation bearing directly on the glaciofluvial deposit or on compacted structural fill or minus ¾-inch crushed stone placed on the glaciofluvial deposit. The tower foundation may be designed on the basis of a net allowable bearing pressure of 4.0 kips per square foot (ksf). The allowable bearing pressure may be increased by one third for transient loadings, such as wind and seismic. Bearing pressure is unlikely to govern the design, with overturning determining the size of the foundation. We estimate that settlement of the tower foundation will be about 1 inch.

An ultimate friction factor ($\tan \delta$) of 0.4 may be used for calculation of the sliding resistance between the bearing materials and concrete surfaces. A factor of safety of at least 1.5 should be applied to the sliding resistance. A total unit weight (γ) of 120 pounds per cubic foot and an ultimate passive earth pressure coefficient, K_p , of 3.0 should be used for the calculation of passive resistance provided by compacted backfill adjacent to the tower foundation. The passive pressure calculated with these parameters should be reduced by at least a factor of safety of 3, to reflect the amount of movement required to mobilize the passive resistance.

The underside of the tower foundation should be at least 3.5 feet below adjacent final grade to reduce the likelihood of frost heave. To increase the overturning resistance of the footing, the mat or pad could be located deeper and extended to the surface with a pier. This would reduce the size of the concrete foundation and utilize the mass of the fill placed above the footing to increase overturning resistance. The excavation around and above the foundation should be backfilled with compacted fill.

Control of backfill compaction above and around the foundation will be required to provide uplift and lateral resistance. Care should be exercised during excavation for the tower foundation to minimize disturbance to the soil surrounding the excavation; disturbance to the adjacent soils will influence resistance to lateral loads.

Excavations for the proposed tower should not extend into the foundation bearing zone of the footings of the existing maintenance building. The foundation bearing zone is defined as the volume below 1H:1V lines extending outward and downward from the lower edges of the footings. If the foundation bearing zone will be impacted by construction activities, temporary sheeting, shoring, and/or bracing will be required to reduce the likelihood of undermining the existing footings, which are likely spread footings founded at a depth of 3.5 feet below existing grade in accordance with the Connecticut State Building Code. As an alternative to braced excavations, the existing garage foundations along the north side of the structure could be extended to the bottom of the proposed tower foundation through the use of concrete underpinning piers. Underpinning piers should be designed by a licensed engineer. Excavation and construction of the underpinning piers should be observed by a geotechnical engineer. Specifically, the geotechnical engineer, or his delegate, should observe and monitor:

Mr. Daniel Bolan

Page 4

January 22, 2007

- Excavation of soil or concrete adjacent to the existing maintenance building
- Removal of soil or concrete supporting the existing footings
- Soil conditions at each underpinning pier
- Reinforcing steel installation in each underpinning pier, if required
- Concrete placement in each underpinning pier

As an alternative, the flagpole-type communications tower may be supported by a drilled shaft foundation. Soil parameters associated with the design of a drilled shaft are summarized on Table 1. We anticipate that the design length of the shaft will be primarily dependent on the embedment/lateral capacity required to resist live loading, such as the combination of wind and ice loads. An allowable deflection at the top of the drilled shaft of 0.5 inch is recommended for calculating lateral capacity.

The drilled shaft diameter should be at least the diameter of the tower base. The compression capacity of the shaft will be based on a combination of end bearing and side friction within the glaciofluvial deposit. Because of the difficulty of preparing the base of the shaft in sands potentially below the groundwater table, the allowable end bearing pressure has been reduced. The uplift capacity of the shaft will be based on side friction in the glaciofluvial deposit. The drilled shaft will be designed to resist tension loads and therefore should have reinforcing steel installed throughout the entire length of the shaft.

Technical specifications should be prepared that require:

- material and installation detail submittals
- proof of experience in drilled shaft installation
- concrete placement methods
- use and removal of temporary steel casing

We can prepare appropriate technical specifications, at your request.

Equipment Cabinet and Propane Tank

The equipment cabinet and propane tank may be supported on either concrete pier foundations or slabs-on-grade. For a heavily loaded equipment cabinet, we recommend that the foundation bear on the native glaciofluvial deposit. Footings may be designed using a maximum net allowable bearing pressure of 3.0 ksf. Settlements will be small, likely less than 1/2 inch, most of which will occur as load is applied. Strip footings should have a minimum width of 12 inches. Piers should have a minimum side dimension/diameter of 12 inches.

Slabs-on-grade should be underlain by a minimum 12-inch thick layer of compacted structural fill or minus 1/4-inch crushed stone placed on the existing granular fill or on the glaciofluvial deposit, if the existing fill has been removed. A modulus of subgrade reaction (k_s) of 225 pounds per cubic inch may be used for design of slabs constructed in this way. Consideration should be given to using dense insulation boards (Dow Styrofoam Highload, or similar) under and adjacent to lightly loaded slabs-on-grade, to provide the equivalent of 3.5 feet of earth cover, thus reducing frost penetration. Settlements of the slabs-on-grade should be less than about 1/2 inch.

Mr. Daniel Bolan

Page 5

January 22, 2007

Air entraining admixtures should be used for concrete exposed to freezing. To reduce the likelihood of frost heave, the underside of foundation elements should be at least 3.5 feet below finish ground surface, unless adequately protected by insulation boards.

Lateral Earth Pressures

Retaining walls should be designed to resist combined lateral forces resulting from static soil pressures, surcharges, and additional pressures under seismic events. Surcharge due to water pressure may be neglected if geotextile-wrapped foundation drains are installed behind the retaining wall adjacent to the footing. Retaining walls are generally free to rotate and therefore may be designed on the basis of the "yielding" parameters, unless the top of the wall is fixed or braced. Other surcharge loads should be considered where they are located within a horizontal distance behind the wall equal to 1.5 times the height of the wall. Restrained walls, if used, should be designed on the basis of the "non-yielding" parameters. The following design criteria are recommended for yielding and non-yielding walls:

	Yielding 38 pcf (pounds per cubic foot)	Non-Yielding 60 pcf
Static Lateral Earth Pressure (Compacted structural fill as equivalent fluid unit weight)		
Traffic Surcharge (Distributed uniformly over height of wall)	70 psf	110 psf
Seismic Forces	11H psf/foot (distributed as an inverse triangle)	11H psf/foot (uniform pressure distribution)

Note: H is equal to the exposed height of the wall, i.e. above the permanent ground level in front of the wall. Surcharge stresses due to point loads, line loads, and those of limited extent, such as compaction equipment, should be evaluated using elastic theory.

Retaining structures should be backfilled evenly to the extent practical. Temporary bracing should be specified if walls, that are designed to be supported by other structural elements, are permitted to be backfilled before the permanent support is in place. Lateral pressures based on the above parameters are cumulative for computing overall factors of safety. To account for effect on the wall of compaction equipment during construction, the lateral pressure should not be less than 200 psf, distributed uniformly over the height of the wall.

We recommend that a passive earth pressure coefficient, K_p , of 3.0 and a total unit weight (γ) of 120 pounds per cubic foot (pcf) should be used for calculating the passive soil resistance to lateral loading. The passive pressure calculated with these parameters should be reduced by at least a factor of safety of 3, to reflect the amount of movement required to mobilize the passive resistance.

Seismic Design Criteria

Seismic design requirements for State of Connecticut are based on the Connecticut State Building Code, which uses the Seismic Design Category approach from the 2003 International Building Code. The Seismic Design Category determination is based on:

Mr. Daniel Bolan

Page 6

January 22, 2007

- Building Importance (grouping based on use of building)
- Mapping factors (expected maximum considered ground motions at rock level)
- Site classification (soil type)

We consider that the site subsurface conditions match the Soil General Description of "Stiff Soil Profile". The Site Classification is therefore D. We expect that the communications tower will be classified as Category III Seismic Use Group, i.e. "designated for emergency preparedness, communication, and operation centers and other facilities required for emergency response". Based on the above, and a review of USGS National Seismic Hazard Mapping, we would consider the facility to be in Seismic Design Category C. This determination should be confirmed by the structural engineer. The site does not appear to be susceptible to liquefaction in the event of an earthquake.

EARTHWORK AND CONSTRUCTION RECOMMENDATIONS

Compacted Structural Fill

Excavated fill and glaciofluvial sands may be selectively reused as fill adjacent to and over the tower foundation, provided they can be adequately compacted. However, the glaciofluvial deposit, and possibly the existing fill, may have an elevated silt content and may therefore be difficult to compact when wet. Because of the high silt content, the glaciofluvial soils, and possibly the existing fill, will also be sensitive to moisture and lose strength quickly when wet. Consequently, the recommendation for reusing these soils is only applicable during periods when the climate and moisture are favorable for reusing silty soil as compacted fill.

Structural fill originating from an off-site source should conform to the gradation requirements for Bank or Crushed Gravel (M.2.06, Grading B) as defined by the *State of Connecticut Department of Transportation Standard Specifications*. Fill, where required, should be placed in loose lifts not exceeding 8 inches in thickness. Structural fill should be compacted to at least 95 percent of the maximum dry density as determined by ASTM D1557.

Mat and Equipment Foundation Subgrades

The foundation bearing subgrades should be prepared by the contractor as outlined in this report and observed by the geotechnical engineer, prior to foundation construction. The existing fill is not suitable for tower foundation support and should be removed within the foundation bearing zone. Neither fill nor concrete should be placed on frozen subgrades. Frozen materials should not be used as fill.

Upon completion of the foundation excavation for the mat, spread and strip footings, and for slabs-on-grade, the subgrade, consisting of undisturbed glaciofluvial soils for the tower foundation, and likely existing granular fill for slabs-on-grade, should be proofrolled with a least 6 passes of a vibratory roller or heavy plate compactor. Unstable subgrades should be removed and replaced with compacted structural fill or minus ¾-inch crushed stone, as necessary.

Mr. Daniel Bolan

Page 7

January 22, 2007

Drilled Shaft/Rock Socket

The drilled shaft/socket, if utilized, should be aligned vertically. The drilling method or combination of methods selected by the contractor should be submitted for review by the geotechnical engineer. Concrete placed for the shaft/socket should have a minimum 28-day unconfined compressive strength of 4,000 pounds per square inch (psi). Concrete should be placed by tremie. Concrete should not be allowed to segregate by hitting either the reinforcing steel cage or the sides of the shaft.

The existing fill may contain large diameter boulders. Specifications should include payment provisions for removing obstructions. Provisions may include the contractor to be paid based on time and materials or by the cubic yard for obstruction removal.

Temporary Excavation and Dewatering

Excavations greater than 4 feet deep will be required for construction of the tower foundation or during underpinning of the existing structure, if required. Temporary construction slopes in the existing fill and glaciofluvial deposit should be designed in compliance with recent governing regulations. Construction slopes should be cut to a stable in-slope or braced, depending upon the excavation depth and encountered subsurface conditions.

Construction slopes should be reviewed for signs of mass movement. If movement/potential stability problems are observed, work should cease; the geotechnical engineer should be immediately contacted. The responsibility for excavation safety and stability of temporary construction slopes should lie solely with the contractor.

We do not anticipate significant construction dewatering. The contractor should prevent groundwater, if encountered, and surface water runoff from collecting in excavations. Subgrade soils that become unstable because of such water and/or reworking by construction activity should be replaced with compacted granular structural fill or minus ¾-inch crushed stone encapsulated within a geotextile separation fabric, as necessary.

LIMITATIONS

The analyses and recommendations submitted in this report are based upon the data obtained from a single test boring and four test probes. The nature and extent of variations from the conditions observed within the exploration may not become evident until construction. If variations then appear evident, JGI should re-evaluate the recommendations of this report.

Field resistivity test results may be influenced by boulders, concrete foundations, and underground and above ground utilities within the test area. Resistivity results will also fluctuate depending on the degree of compaction, moisture content, soil constituent solubility, and temperature. Field resistivity values may vary depending upon season, precipitation, and other conditions, which may be different from those at the time of testing.

Mr. Daniel Bolan

Page 8

January 22, 2007

We request the opportunity to review final design drawings and specifications to evaluate the appropriate implementation of our recommendations. In the event that changes in the nature, design, or location of the proposed areas are planned, the conclusions and recommendations contained in this report shall not be considered valid unless we review the changes, and conclusions of the report are modified or verified by us in writing.

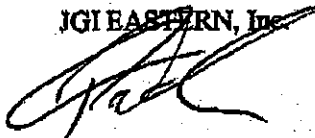
A geotechnical engineer should be retained to provide testing and monitoring services during the earthwork phases of the project. This is to observe compliance with our design concepts, specifications, and recommendations and to allow design changes in the event that subsurface conditions differ from those anticipated prior to the start of construction.

This report has been prepared for the exclusive use of NATCOMM, LLC in accordance with generally accepted soil and foundation engineering practices. No other warranty, expressed or implied, is made. This report has been prepared for preliminary design purposes and may be limited in its scope to complete an accurate bid. Contractors wishing a copy of the report may secure it with the understanding that its scope is limited to evaluation only.

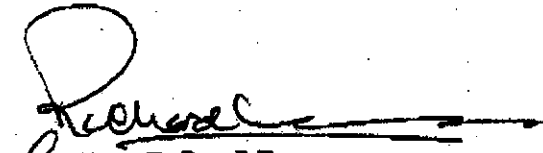
If you have questions, please contact us. It was a pleasure working with you on this project and we look forward to working with you in the future.

Very truly yours,

JGI EASTERN, Inc.



Robert W. Olah, EIT
Engineer II


Ryan R. Roy P.E.
Principal/Senior Engineer

/dew/06817G

Attachments: Table 1 -- Drilled Shaft/Rock Socket Foundation Design Criteria
Figure 1 -- Subsurface Exploration Location Plan
Test Boring Log, JB-1
Test Probe Logs, JP-1 through JP-4

TABLE 1

Communications Tower
Verizon Wireless (Bristol West)
Bristol, Connecticut
Project No. 06817G

Drilled Shaft Foundation Design Criteria

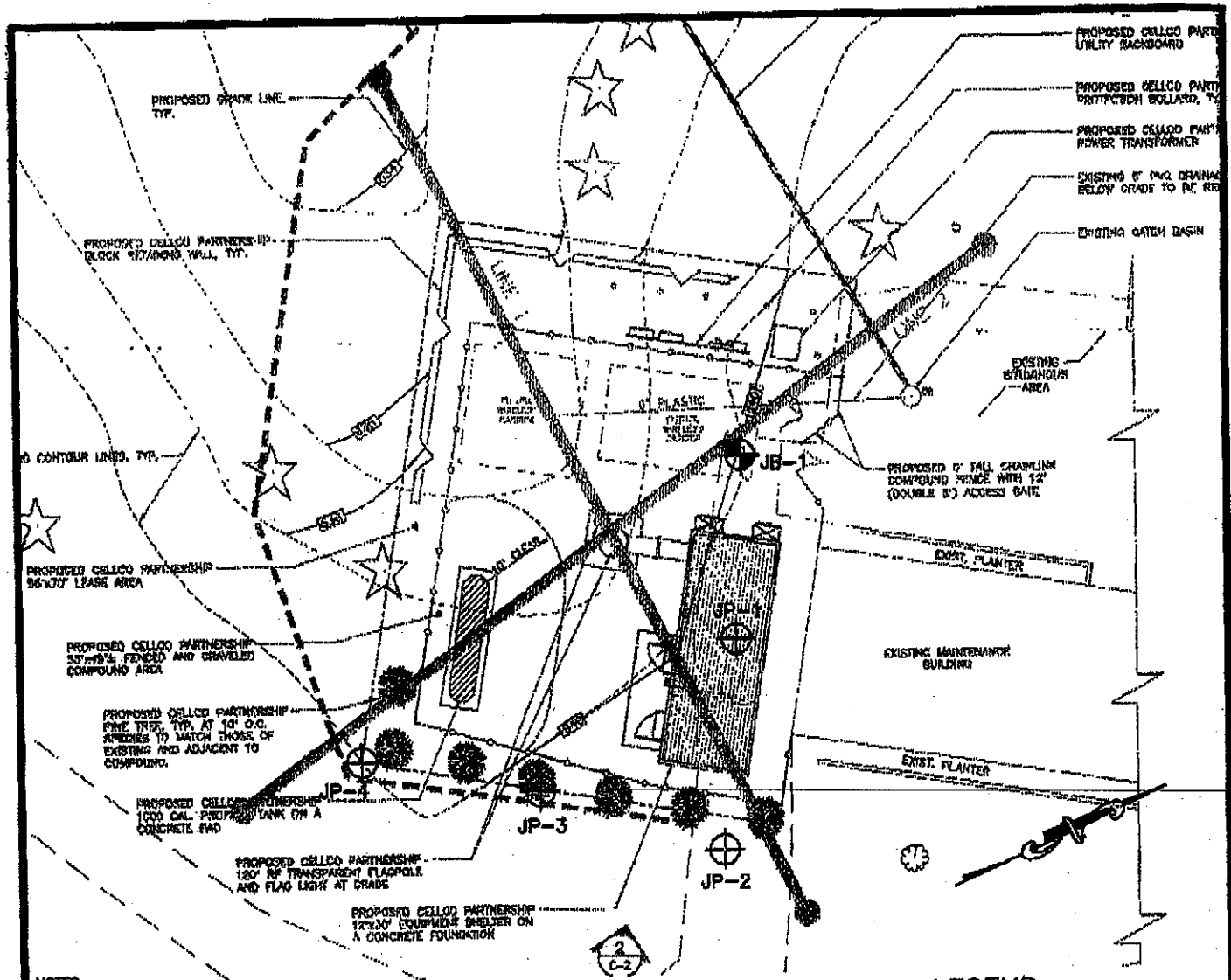
Design Parameter	Design Value
Net Allowable Bearing Capacity (ksf) Glaciofluvial Deposit	6
Ultimate Side Friction (ksf) Glaciofluvial Deposit	1.5
Coefficient of Lateral Subgrade Reaction (ksf) Glaciofluvial Deposit	20 (z/D)
Angle of Internal Friction (degrees) Glaciofluvial Deposit	32
Estimated <i>In situ</i> Soil Unit Weight (pcf) Glaciofluvial Deposit	120
Approximate Groundwater Depth on 1/19/07 (feet)	>40*

Note:

The contribution to shaft capacity from soil above a depth of 6 feet should be ignored.

z = depth below the ground surface (feet)	D = diameter of shaft (feet)
ksf = kips per square foot	kcf = kips per cubic foot
pcf = pounds per cubic foot	> greater than

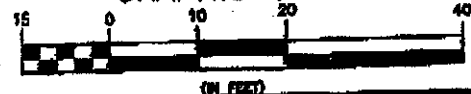
* This represents the depth of augering before water was introduced into the boring to facilitate drive-and-wash methods. Groundwater may have been higher and not had time to stabilize within the boring before water was introduced.



LEGEND

- JB-1  TEST BORING LOCATION
JP-1  TEST PROBE LOCATION (TYP)
LINE 1  RESISTIVITY TEST LOCATION (TYP)

GRAPHIC SCALE



NOTES:

1. THIS PLAN WAS PREPARED FROM NATCOMM, LLC OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT PROJECT NUMBER: 05095 SHEET NUMBER: C-2 TITLED: "PARTIAL SITE PLAN AND ELEVATION" DATED: 7/21/08.
2. THE SUBSURFACE EXPLORATIONS SHOWN AS JB-1 AND JP-1 THROUGH JP-4 WERE ADVANCED ON JANUARY 19, 2007 UNDER THE DIRECTION OF JGI WITH EQUIPMENT OWNED AND OPERATED BY NEW ENGLAND BORING CONTRACTORS, INC. OF GLASTONBURY, CONNECTICUT.
3. RESISTIVITY TESTING WAS PERFORMED ON JANUARY 19, 2007 BY A JGI FIELD ENGINEER.
4. THE APPROXIMATE LOCATIONS OF THE SUBSURFACE EXPLORATIONS AND RESISTIVITY TESTS WERE TAPED FROM EXISTING SITE FEATURES. THE LOCATIONS SHOULD BE CONSIDERED ACCURATE ONLY TO THE DEGREE IMPLIED BY THE METHOD USED.
5. USE OF THIS PLAN IS LIMITED TO THE ILLUSTRATION OF THE APPROXIMATE LOCATIONS OF THE SUBSURFACE EXPLORATIONS, RESISTIVITY TESTS AND OTHER PERTINENT SITE FEATURES. ANY OTHER USE OF THIS PLAN WITHOUT PERMISSION FROM JGI EASTERN INC. IS PROHIBITED.

**PROPOSED COMMUNICATIONS TOWER
VERIZON WIRELESS (BRISTOL WEST)
BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT**

PREPARED FOR:
NATCOMM, LLC
63-2 NORTH BRANFORD RD
BRANFORD, CT 06405

DATE: JANUARY 2007
SCALE: 1" = 20'
PROJECT NO: 06817

FIGURE 1
SUBSURFACE
EXPLORATION
LOCATION
PLAN



EASTERN, Inc.
114 Woodlawn Road
Berlin, Connecticut 06037

06617

TEST BORING LOG

FROM NAME: Verizon Wireless (Bristol West) LOCATION: Bristol, Connecticut PROJECT NO.: 06817 DATE START: January 19, 2007 DATE END: January 19, 2007		TYPE: Safety SIZE: 140 lbs. FALL: 30"		SS 2" OD Drop Method:		CASING HSA 4" ID Winch/Cable		SELECTED JB-1 LOCATION: See Plan SURF. ELEV. 641' ±	
BORING CO.: New England Boring, Inc. LOCATION: Glastonbury, CT FOREMAN: Trant Roe LOG. REP.: Brian Opp		GROUNDWATER OBSERVATIONS DATE: 1/19/07 DEPTH: Not Encountered CASING AT: DURATION AFTER DRILLING:							

SAMPLING				Sample Description	Strata Change Depth (ft)	Notes
No.	Depth (ft.)	Blows/ 6"	Penet./ Rec. (in)			
SS-1	0-2	11-3	24/6	SS-1: Asphalt Loose, brown, medium to fine SAND, some Gravel, little Silt.	0.1	
SS-2	2-4	7-7	24/5	SS-2: Medium dense, brown, medium to fine SAND, some Gravel, trace Silt.		
SS-3	5-5.9	20-75/3"	11/8	SS-3: Very dense, brown, medium to fine SAND and Gravel, trace Roots, occasional Cobbles. (FBI)	6.0	
SS-4	7-9	11-13	24/10	SS-4: Dense, brown, medium to fine SAND, little Gravel and Silt.		
SS-5	10-12	6-5	24/17	SS-5: Medium dense, brown, medium to fine SAND, little Gravel, trace Silt.		
SS-6	15-17	3-5	24/18	SS-6: Similar to SS-5.		
SS-7	20-22	7-6	24/18	SS-7: Medium dense, brown, medium to fine SAND, trace Gravel and Silt.		
SS-8	25-27	5-7	24/15	SS-8: Medium dense, brown, coarse to fine SAND, some Gravel, trace Silt.		



Notes:

Proportions Used: trace (1-10%), little (11-20%), some (21-35%), and (35-50%)
Cohesive Consistency (Blows/ft.)
 very soft 0-2
 soft 2-4
 medium stiff 4-8
 stiff 8-15
 very stiff 15-30
 hard 30+

Cohesionless Relative Density (Blows/ft.)
 very loose 0-4
 loose 4-10
 medium dense 10-30
 dense 30-50
 very dense 50+

Boring No. JB-1

PROJECT NAME:		Verizon Wireless (Bristol West)				
LOCATION:		Bristol, Connecticut				
PROJECT NO.:		06817				
DATE START:		January 19, 2007				
DATE END:		January 19, 2007				
BORING ID:		New England Boring, Inc.				
CORE LOCATION:		Glastonbury, CT				
FOREMAN:		Trent Roe				
USER:		Brian Opp				
		GROUNDEWATER OBSERVATIONS				
DATE	DEPTH	CASING AT	DURATION AFTER DRILLING			
1/19/07	Not Encountered					
SAMPLING						
No.	Depth (ft.)	Blows/ 6"	Penet./ Rec. (in)	Sample Description	Strata Change Depth (ft)	Notes
SS-9	30-32	4-8	24/17	SS-9: Medium dense, light brown, fine SAND, trace Gravel and Silt.		
		9-12				
35						
SS-10	35-37	9-10	24/20	SS-10: Medium dense, brown-gray, fine SAND, trace Gravel and Silt.		
		10-13				
40						
SS-11	40-42	6-8	24/20	SS-11: Similar to SS-10.		
		11-13				
45						
50						
SS-12	51-53	18-16	24/18	SS-12: Medium dense, brown, fine SAND, trace Gravel and Silt.		
		13-15				
55						
				(Glaciofluvial Deposit)	59.0	
60						
Notes:				Proportions Used: trace (<10%), silt (10-20%), some (20-35%), and (35-60%). Cohesion Consistency (Blows/ft.): very soft 0-2 Cohesionless Relative Density (Blows/ft) 2-4 very loose 4-4 4-8 loose 4-10 medium stiff 8-15 medium dense 10-30 stiff 15-30 dense 30-50 very stiff 30+ very dense 50+ hard 30+		
JGI EASTERN, Inc.				Boring No. JB-1		

TEST BORING LOG

PROJ. NAME: Verizon Wireless (Bristol West) LOCATION: Bristol, Connecticut PROJECT NO.: 06817 DATE START: January 19, 2007 DATE END: January 19, 2007		TYPE: Safety SIZE: 140 lbs. FALL: 30"		SS 2" OD Drop Method: Winch/Cable		HSA 4" ID Winch/Cable		BORING: JB-1 LOCATION: See Plan SURF. ELEV.: 641' ±		
BORING CO.: New England Boring, Inc. ADDRESS: Glastonbury, CT PERSON: Trant Roe PHONE: Brian Opp		GROUNDWATER OBSERVATIONS DATE: 1/19/07 DEPTH: Not Encountered CASING AT: DURATION AFTER DRILLING:								
SAMPLING No. Depth (ft.) Blows/6" Penet./Rec. (in)					Sample Description			Strata Change Depth (ft)		Notes
					Moderate effort with roller bit to advance. (Probably Glacial Till)			61.0		Exploration Terminated at 61.0'
65										
70										
75										
80										
85										
90										
					Notes:			Proportions (hard, fines (1-10%), little (10-20%), some (20-35%), and (35-60%)) Cohesive Consistency (Blows/ft.) Cohesionless Relative Density (Blows/ft.) very soft 0-2 very loose 0-4 soft 2-4 loose 4-10 medium stiff 4-8 medium dense 10-30 stiff 8-15 dense 30-50 very stiff 15-20 very dense 50+ hard 30+		
					Boring No.			JB-1		

TEST PROBE LOG

PROJECT NAME: Verizon Wireless (Bristol West)		EQUIPMENT: SSA		PROJECT NO.: JP-1	
LOCATION: Bristol, Connecticut		TYPE: 4-inch dia.		PROBE NO.: See Plan	
PROJECT NO.: 06817				SURFACE EL.: 641' ±	
DATE START: January 19, 2007					
DATE END: January 19, 2007					
BORING CO.: New England Boring, Inc.		GROUNDWATER OBSERVATIONS			
BO LOCATION: Glastonbury, CT		DATE	DEPTH	CASING AT	STABILIZATION PERIOD
BOREMAN: Trent Roe		1/19/07	Not Encountered		15 Minutes
JOEYSPECTOR: Brian Opp					

Depth (ft.)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	Strata Change Depth (ft)	Notes
1	Brown, coarse to fine SAND, some Gravel, little Silt, occasional Cobbles with Brick. (Fill)	3.0	
2			
3			
4	Brown, medium to fine SAND, little Gravel and Silt. (Glaciofluvial Deposit)		
5			
6			
7			
8			
9			
10			
11	Exploration Terminated at 10.0'		
12			
13			
14			
15			
16			
17			
18			
19			
20			

NOTES:

REMARKS: The stratification lines represent the approximate boundary between soil types and the transition may be gradual. Water level readings have been made in the test probes at times under conditions stated on the log. Fluctuations in the level of the groundwater may occur due to other factors than those present at the time measurements were made.
Proportions Used: trace (0-10%), little (10-20%), some (20-35%), and (35-50%)



TEST PROBE LOG

PROJECT NAME		Verizon Wireless (Bristol West)		EQUIPMENT		SHEET NO.	
LOCATION		Bristol, Connecticut		TYPE		IP-2	
PROJECT NO.		06817		SIZE		See Plan	
DATE START		January 19, 2007		LOCATION		SURFACE ELEV.	
DATE END		January 19, 2007				640' ±	
BORING CO.		New England Boring, Inc.		GROUNDWATER OBSERVATIONS			
COL. LOCATION		Glastonbury, CT		DATE	DEPTH	CASING AT	STABILIZATION PERIOD
FOREMAN		Trent Roca		1/19/07	Not Encountered		
GEOTECHNICAL		Brian Opp					

Depth (ft.)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	Strata Change Depth (ft)	Notes
1	Brown, coarse to fine SAND, some Gravel, little Silt, occasional Cobbles.		
2			
3			
4	Brown, medium to fine SAND, little Gravel, trace Silt.		
5			
6			
7			
8			
9			
10			
11	Exploration Terminated at 10.0'		
12			
13			
14			
15			
16			
17			
18			
19			
20			

NOTES:

REMARKS: The stratification lines represent the approximate boundary between soil types and the transition may be gradual. Water level readings have been made in the test probes at times under conditions stated on the log. Fluctuations in the level of the groundwater may occur due to other factors than those present at the time measurements were made.

Proportions Used: trace (0-10%), little (10-20%), some (20-35%), and (35-50%)



JGI
EASTERN, Inc.

TEST PROBE LOG

PROJECT NAME		Verizon Wireless (Bristol West)		EQUIPMENT		PROBE NO.		JP-3	
LOCATION		Bristol, Connecticut		TYPE:		BORE NO.		See Plan	
PROJECT NO.		06817		SIZE:		4-inch dia		DEPTH	
DATE START		January 19, 2007						640' ±	
DATE END		January 19, 2007		GROUNDWATER OBSERVATIONS					
BORING CO.		New England Boring, Inc.		DATE		DEPTH		CASING AT	
CO. LOCATION		Glastonbury, CT		1/19/07		Not Encountered		STABILIZATION PERIOD	
FOREMAN		Trent Roe							
JGI INSPECTOR		Brian Opp							

Depth (ft.)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	Strata Change Depth (ft)	Notes
1			
2	Brown, coarse to fine SAND, some Silt, trace Gravel, occasional Cobbles.		
3	(Fill)	3.0	
4			
5			
6	Brown, medium to fine SAND, little Gravel and Silt.		
7			
8			
9			
10	(Glaciofluvial Deposit)		
11	Exploration Terminated at 10.0'		
12			
13			
14			
15			
16			
17			
18			
19			
20			

NOTES:		
REMARKS: The stratification lines represent the approximate boundary between soil types and the transition may be gradual. Water level readings have been made in the test probes at times under conditions stated on the log. Fluctuations in the level of the groundwater may occur due to other factors than those present at the time measurements were made. Proportions Used: trace (0-10%), little (10-20%), some (20-35%), and (35-50%)		

TEST PROBE LOG

PROJECT NAME: Verizon Wireless (Bristol West)		EQUIPMENT: SSA		SHEET OR: JP-4	
LOCATION: Bristol, Connecticut		TYPE: 4-inch dia		PROJECT NO.: See Plan	
PROJECT NO.: 06817				SUSPENDED: 640' ±	
DATE START: January 19, 2007					
DATE END: January 19, 2007					
BORING CO.: New England Boring, Inc.		GROUNDWATER OBSERVATIONS			
EQ. LOCATION: Glastonbury, CT		DATE: 1/19/07	DEPTH: Not Encountered	CASING AT: Removed	STABILIZATION PERIOD: 15 Minutes
FOREMAN: Trant Roe					
JOB INSPECTOR: Brian Opp					

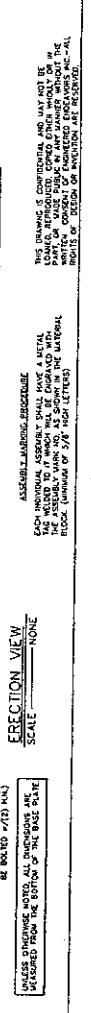
Depth (ft.)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	Strata Change Depth (ft)	Notes
1	Topsoil	0.5	
2			
3			
4			
5	Brown, medium to fine SAND, little Gravel and Silt.		
6			
7			
8			
9			
10	(Glaciofluvial Deposit)		
11	Exploration Terminated at 10.0'		
12			
13			
14			
15			
16			
17			
18			
19			
20			

NOTES:	
REMARKS: The stratification lines represent the approximate boundary between soil types and the transition may be gradual. Water level readings have been made in the test probes at times under conditions stated on the log. Fluctuations in the level of the groundwater may occur due to other factors than those present at the time measurements were made. Proportions Used: trace (0-10%), little (10-20%), some (20-35%), and (35-50%)	



NatComm
Structure Design Calculations
120' Monopole
Site: Bristol West
EEI Job #: 14720-E01

ENGINEERED ENDEAVORS INCORPORATED

[illegible][illegible]

ENGINEERED ENDEAVORS INCORPORATED		The Expansion of Pole & Pole	
31450 Lakeside Drive, Suite 100 Cincinnati, OH 45260-4872 PH: (440) 516-1101 • FAX: (440) 516-1102 F: (440) 516-1108 • www.eigcorp.com			
120'-0" FLAG POLE			
NATCOMM/CT			
BRISTOL WEST			
BRISTOL, CT			
DATE	NAME	PROJECT NO.	14720
BY	DATE	DRAWING NO.	GS56684
0	COMPLETED	APPROVAL	DWG
NO.	REVISION	DATE	BY



**ENGINEERED
ENDEAVORS
INCORPORATED**
The Experienced Point of View

Customer: NATCOMM/CT
Description: 120' FLAG POLE
EEI Job Number: 14720

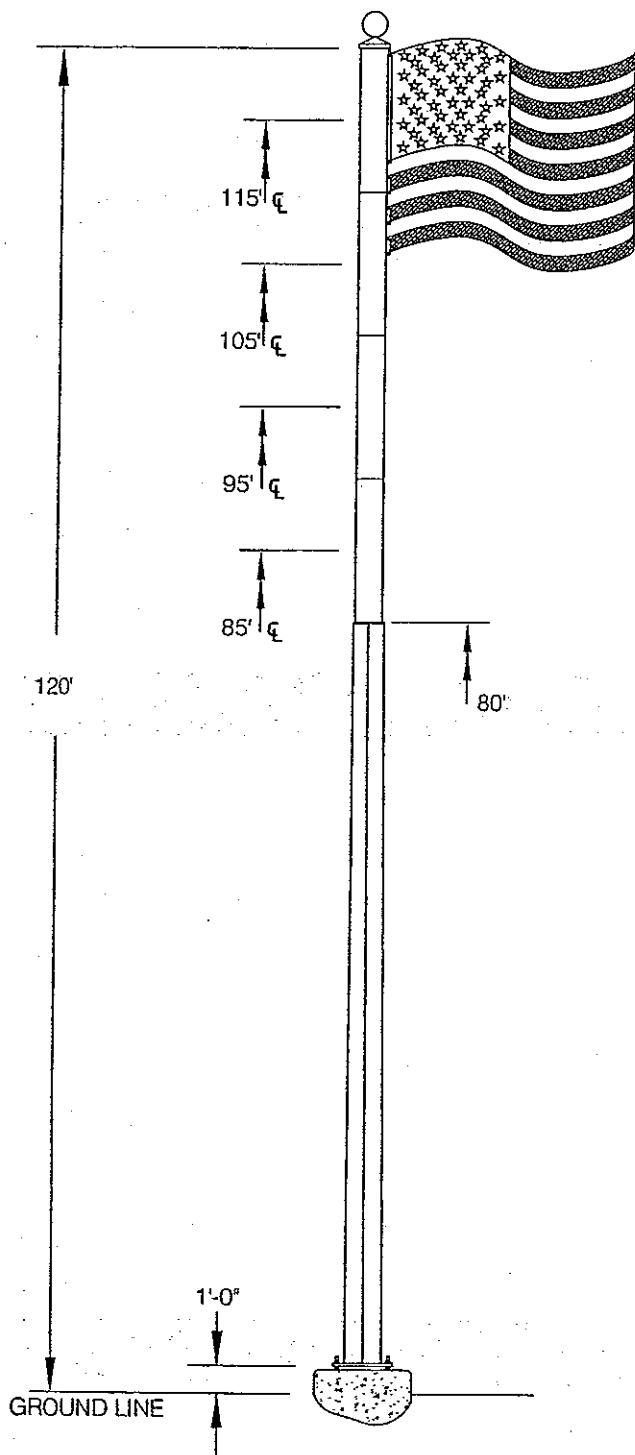


SITE INFORMATION

Location: BRISTOL, CT
Site Name: BRISTOL WEST
Site Number: N/A

DESIGN INFORMATION

Designed By: N.PFEUTI
Design Date: 01/31/2007
Status: REVISION 0



ANTENNA LOADING

- (1) 12x18 AMERICAN FLAG
- (3) PANEL ANTENNAS* MOUNTED IN A 26"Ø x 10' AMS AT 115' ±
- (3) PANEL ANTENNAS* MOUNTED IN A 26"Ø x 10' AMS AT 105' ±
- (3) PANEL ANTENNAS** MOUNTED IN A 26"Ø x 10' AMS AT 95' ±
- (3) PANEL ANTENNAS** MOUNTED IN A 26"Ø x 10' AMS AT 85' ±

* (2) BXA185085/12CF+(1) BXA185063/12

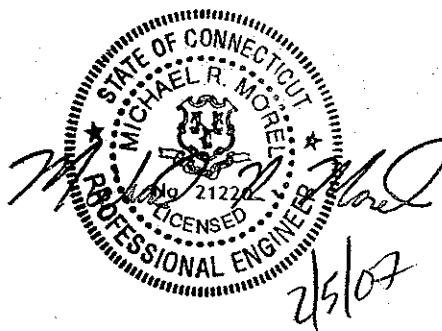
** FUTURE

DESIGN CRITERIA

DESIGNED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TIA/EIA 222-F
FOR 80 MPH FASTEST MILE WIND SPEED AND 1/2"
RADIAL ICE (NON-SIMULTANEOUS)

ENGINEERED ENDEAVORS, INC.

7610 Jenther Drive • Mentor, Ohio 44060-4872
Phone: (440) 918-1101 • Phone: (888) 270-3855
Fax: (440) 918-1108 • www.engend.com



Engineered Endeavors Inc.

7610 Jenther Drive
Mentor, Ohio 44060
Tel (440) 918-1101 Fax (440) 918-1108

Communications Structure Nonlinear Analysis and Design Program

10:30:00 02-01-2007
Revision 1.3 - 1/22/01
Engineer: N.PFEUTI

Customer NATCOMM/CT
Job Name 14720
Structure 120' FLAG POLE
Location BRISTOL, CT
Site BRISTOL WEST

OD BOT	OD TOP	NUM. SIDES	THICK INCH	TAPER IN/FT	LENGTH FT	JOINT INCH	JOINT TYPE	YIELD KSI	WEIGHT LBS	JOINT HEIGHT
30.12	25.50	18	0.1875	0.152	30.42	52.00	SLIP	65.0	1681.	50.75
37.00	28.96	18	0.2500	0.152	52.92	0.00	BASEPL	65.0	4620.	-0.00
TOTAL TUBE WEIGHT								6300.	POUNDS	
POLE SHAFT LENGTH								79.00	FEET	

E = 29600.0 KSI
UNIT WGT = 0.283 LBS/CU IN
AISC constants are used for stress reductions.
TUBE SECTIONS HAVE 18 SIDES AND ARE TREATED AS ROUND
Internal bend radius = 3 X T
Tube diameters are measured flat to flat.
Tube diameters are increased by 1.020 for wind across points.
Drag coefficients are increase by 1.300 for steps on the pole.
AISC Tube Shape Coefficient of 1.000 is applied.
ORIGINAL DATA FILE NAME 14720
REVISED DATA FILE NAME 14720

APPURTENANCES

DESCRIPTION	NUM.	ELEV.	Kz	< WITHOUT ICE >		< WITH ICE >		Ca	FACTOR
				AREA	WGT	AREA	WGT		
5 in x 10 ft LIGHT	1	114.	1.425	22.32	643.	23.35	810.	0.8000	1.00
5 in x 10 ft MEDIUM	1	104.	1.388	22.32	965.	23.35	1127.	0.8000	1.00
5 in x 10 ft HEAVY	1	94.	1.349	22.32	1449.	23.35	1616.	0.8000	1.00
5 in x 10 ft EXTRA	1	84.	1.306	22.32	1887.	23.35	2054.	0.8000	1.00

LOAD CASE 1

BASIC LOADING

DEAD LOAD FACTOR 1.00 WIND PSF REDUCTION 1.00 RADIAL ICE 0.00 IN.

WIND VELOCITY 80 BOTTOM 16.52 PSF TOP 20.64 PSF

MAX BASE ROTATION 0.00 DEG

APPLIED APPURTENANCE FORCES

	ELEVATION FT	WEIGHT KIPS	WIND KIPS
--	-----------------	----------------	--------------

6 in x 10 ft LIGHT AMS	114.00	0.643	0.705
6 in x 10 ft MEDIUM AMS	104.00	0.965	0.686
6 in x 10 ft HEAVY AMS	94.00	1.449	0.667
6 in x 10 ft EXTRA HEAVY AMS	84.00	1.887	0.646

ADDITIONAL FORCES - KIPS AND KIP-FeET

ELEVATION FT	TRANS FORCE	VERT FORCE	WIND FORCE	TRAN MOMENT	VERT MOMENT	WIND MOMENT
1 119.00	0.00	-0.20	0.30	0.0	0.0	0.0

TUBE PROPERTIES			MEMBER FORCES			STRESSES		STRESS	TOTAL		
ELEV FT	DIAM IN	WALL IN	SHEAR K	BENDING K-FT	AXIAL K	AXIAL KSI	BEND. KSI	ALLOW KSI	RATIOS	DEFL IN	TILT DEG
79.00	25.50	0.1875	3.49	67.09	5.53	0.37	8.59	46.98	0.18	15.7	1.80
54.75	27.66	0.1875	3.49	116.83	5.53	0.34	12.70	46.15	0.28	10.7	1.53
50.75	29.79	0.1875	4.13	174.67	6.31	0.36	16.34	45.45	0.37	6.7	1.20
TYPE OF JOINT: SLIP JOINT											
50.75	29.29	0.2500	4.69	174.67	7.47	0.33	12.77	48.68	0.27	6.7	1.20
40.00	30.92	0.2500	4.69	225.11	7.47	0.31	14.74	48.03	0.31	4.2	0.98
30.00	32.44	0.2500	5.14	276.52	8.33	0.33	16.43	47.48	0.35	2.4	0.75
20.00	33.96	0.2500	5.57	332.18	9.19	0.35	17.99	46.99	0.39	1.1	0.51
10.00	35.48	0.2500	6.00	392.20	10.10	0.36	19.45	46.53	0.42	0.3	0.26
0.00	37.00	0.2500	6.70	456.67	11.53	0.40	20.80	46.12	0.46	0.0	0.00

REACTION COMPONENTS (KIPS AND FT-KIPS)

TRANSVERSE SHEAR	VERTICAL FORCE	WIND SHEAR	MOMENT ABOUT TRANSVERSE	MOMENT ABOUT VERTICAL	MOMENT ABOUT WIND AXIS
0.000	11.528	-6.697	456.668	0.000	0.000

LOAD CASE 2

BASIC LOADING PLUS ICE

DEAD LOAD FACTOR 1.00 WIND PSF REDUCTION 0.75 RADIAL ICE 0.50 IN.

WIND VELOCITY 80 BOTTOM 12.39 PSF TOP 15.48 PSF
MAX BASE ROTATION 0.00 DEG

			APPLIED APPURTENANCE FORCES		
			ELEVATION	WEIGHT	WIND
			FT	KIPS	KIPS
6 in x 10 ft	LIGHT AMS		114.00	0.810	0.553
6 in x 10 ft	MEDIUM AMS		104.00	1.127	0.538
6 in x 10 ft	HEAVY AMS		94.00	1.616	0.523
6 in x 10 ft	EXTRA HEAVY AMS		84.00	2.054	0.507

ADDITIONAL FORCES - KIPS AND KIP-FEET						
ELEVATION	TRANS	VERT	WIND	TRAN	VERT	WIND
FT	FORCE	FORCE	FORCE	MOMENT	MOMENT	MOMENT
1 119.00	0.00	-0.20	0.30	0.0	0.0	0.0

TUBE PROPERTIES			MEMBER FORCES			STRESSES			STRESS	TOTAL	
ELEV	DIAM	WALL	SHEAR	BENDING	AXIAL	AXIAL	BEND.	ALLOW	RATIOS	DEFL	TILT
FT	IN	IN	K	K-FT	K	KSI	KSI	KSI		IN	DEG
79.00	25.50	0.1875	2.82	55.23	6.19	0.41	7.08	46.98	0.15	12.7	1.46
54.75	27.66	0.1875	2.82	95.44	6.19	0.38	10.37	46.15	0.23	8.6	1.24
50.75	29.79	0.1875	3.32	141.86	6.97	0.40	13.27	45.45	0.30	5.4	0.97
TYPE OF JOINT: SLIP JOINT											
50.75	29.29	0.2500	3.75	141.86	8.14	0.36	10.37	48.68	0.22	5.4	0.97
40.00	30.92	0.2500	3.75	182.14	8.14	0.34	11.93	48.03	0.25	3.4	0.79
30.00	32.44	0.2500	4.09	223.06	8.99	0.36	13.26	47.48	0.29	1.9	0.60
20.00	33.96	0.2500	4.42	267.24	9.86	0.37	14.48	46.99	0.31	0.9	0.41
10.00	35.48	0.2500	4.75	314.74	10.76	0.39	15.61	46.53	0.34	0.2	0.21
0.00	37.00	0.2500	5.28	365.65	12.19	0.42	16.66	46.12	0.37	0.0	0.00

REACTION COMPONENTS (KIPS AND FT-KIPS)						
TRANSVERSE	VERTICAL	WIND	MOMENT ABOUT	MOMENT ABOUT	MOMENT ABOUT	
SHEAR	FORCE	SHEAR	TRANSVERSE	VERTICAL	WIND AXIS	
0.000	12.191	-5.283	365.646	0.000	0.000	

SUMMARY TABLE

ELEV	STRESS RATIO	AXIAL	BENDING	LOADING
79.00	0.18	5.53	67.1	1 BASIC LOADING
64.75	0.28	5.53	116.8	1 BASIC LOADING
50.75	0.37	6.31	174.7	1 BASIC LOADING
40.00	0.31	7.47	225.1	1 BASIC LOADING
30.00	0.35	8.33	276.5	1 BASIC LOADING
20.00	0.39	9.19	332.2	1 BASIC LOADING
10.00	0.42	10.10	392.2	1 BASIC LOADING
0.00	0.46	11.53	456.7	1 BASIC LOADING

MAXIMUM SUPPORT MOMENT K-FT	456.67
CORRESPONDING AXIAL FORCE KIPS	11.53
CORRESPONDING SHEAR FORCE KIPS	6.70

BASE PLATE AT ELEVATION 0.00 FEET

TUBE DIAMETER 37.00 INCHES

DESIGN MOMENT 456.7 KIP FT

DESIGN MOMENT IS 0. DEGREES FROM THE WIND DIRECTION

BOLTS ARE ON THE KNUCKLES OF THE TUBE

APPLIED AXIAL FORCE 11.5 KIPS

APPLIED SHEAR 6.70 KIPS

BOLT DATA

BOLT TYPE A615 GR75

BOLTS ARE EVENLY SPACED

DIAMETER 2.250 INCHES

EFFECTIVE AREA 3.250 SQ IN

TOTAL LENGTH 8.0 FEET

MINIMUM EMBEDMENT 6.4 FEET

NUMBER OF BOLTS 4

BOLT CIRCLE DIAMETER 45.00 INCHES

ALLOWABLE STRESS 60.0 KSI

APPLIED AXIAL STRESS 38.4 KSI

MAX BOLT FORCE 124.7 KIPS

BOLT BENDING STRESS 2.4 KSI

COMBINED BOLT STRESS 40.8 KSI

CLEARANCE UNDER PLATE 3.25 INCHES

BOLT WEIGHT 451.2 POUNDS

PLATE DATA

DIAMETER OF PLATE 51.00 INCHES

MATERIAL A871 GR60

PROVIDED THICKNESS 1.750 INCHES

REQUIRED THICKNESS 1.192 INCHES

BOLT HOLE DIAMETER 2.625 INCHES

CENTER HOLE SIZE 27.00 INCHES

NET WEIGHT 717.4 POUNDS

RAW STOCK WEIGHT 1288.1 POUNDS

SURFACE AREA 20.12 SQ FT

ALLOWABLE STRESS 59.99 KSI

MAX APPLIED STRESS 27.83 KSI

CONCRETE STRENGTH 3000. PSI

Base Plate - use 51.00 inch ROUND x 1.750 inch A871 GR60
with (4) 2.250 diameter x 8.00 foot caged A615 GR75 bolts
on a 45.00 inch bolt circle.

LOADING DEVELOPMENT AND AMS SELECTION

PER ANSI TIA/EIA 222-F AND AISC ASD 9th EDITION



CUSTOMER: NATCOMM/CT

DATE: 01/31/07

LOCATION: BRISTOL, CT

STRUCTURE: 120' FLAG POLE

SITE NAME: BRISTOL WEST

JOB NUMBER: 14720

SITE NUMBER: N/A

STATUS: Revision 0

GENERAL INFORMATION

AMS DIAMETER: 26 in
 Ca FACTOR: 0.80
 DESIGN WIND SPEED: 80 mph
 ICE THICKNESS: 0.50 in

FLAG SIZE: 12 ft by 18 ft
 FLAG WIND AREA: 216 ft²
 FLAG LOAD: 0.301 kips

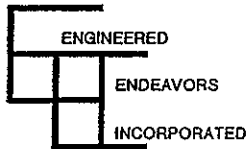
AMS INFORMATION

DESCRIPTION	LENGTH <i>ft</i>	HEIGHT <i>ft</i>	K _z FACTOR	WIND AREA		WEIGHT		WIND FORCE <i>kips</i>
				WITHOUT ICE <i>ft²</i>	WITH ICE <i>ft²</i>	WITHOUT ICE <i>lbs</i>	WITH ICE <i>lbs</i>	
26 in x 0 ft AMS								
26 in x 0 ft AMS								
26 in x 0 ft AMS								
26 in x 0 ft AMS								
26 in x 10 ft AMS	10	115.00	1.429	22.32	23.35	643	810	0.706
26 in x 10 ft AMS	10	105.00	1.392	22.32	23.35	960	1127	0.688
26 in x 10 ft AMS	10	95.00	1.353	22.32	23.35	1449	1616	0.669
26 in x 10 ft AMS	10	85.00	1.310	22.32	23.35	1887	2054	0.648

AMS SELECTION

DESCRIPTION	BASE REACTIONS			KIT	AMS RATING	COMMENTS
	MOMENT <i>in-kips</i>	SHEAR <i>kips</i>	AXIAL <i>kips</i>			
26 in x 0 ft AMS						
26 in x 0 ft AMS						
26 in x 0 ft AMS						
26 in x 0 ft AMS						
26 in x 10 ft AMS	78.5	1.007	0.643	K11334	LIGHT	
26 in x 10 ft AMS	240.6	1.696	1.603	K11335	MEDIUM	
26 in x 10 ft AMS	484.2	2.364	3.052	K11668	HEAVY	
26 in x 10 ft AMS	806.8	3.012	4.939	K11665	EXTRA HEAVY	

FOUNDATION DESIGN CALCULATIONS FOR A SPREAD FOOTER FOUNDATION



ENGINEERED ENDEAVORS INCORPORATED
7610 Jenther Drive * Mentor, Ohio 44060
Tel: (440) 918-1101 * Fax: (440) 918-1108

CUSTOMER: NATCOMM/CT
STRUCTURE: 120' FLAG POLE
JOB NUMBER: 14720
LOCATION: BRISTOL, CT
SITE NAME: BRISTOL WEST

SERVICE LOADS AT BASE OF THE MONOPOLE

DESIGN LOADING	
MOMENT	456.7 ft-kips
SHEAR	6.7 kips
AXIAL	11.5 kips

ANCHOR BOLTS	QUANTITY	4.0
	LENGTH	8.0 ft
	BOLT CIRCLE	45.0 in
	PROJECTION	12.0 in

FOUNDATION PARAMETERS

MINIMUM PEDESTAL WIDTH	65.0 in
PEDESTAL PROJECTION	12.0 in
MINIMUM FOUNDATION HEIGHT	7.5 ft

FOOTING	HEIGHT	3.00 ft	WIDTH	12.00 ft	SOIL UNIT WEIGHT	120 pcf
PEDESTAL	HEIGHT	5.00 ft	WIDTH	6.00 ft	CONCRETE WEIGHT	150 pcf
					ANGLE OF FRICTION	32 degrees

FOUNDATION WEIGHT	91.80 kips	
CONCRETE VOLUME	22.67 yds ³	
SOIL WEIGHT	84.63 kips	H= 4.00
TOTAL VERTICAL LOAD	187.96 kips	B= 17.00
KERN OF ECCENTRICITY	2.00 ft	
ACTUAL ECCENTRICITY	2.71 ft	
OVERTURNING MOMENT	510.3 ft-kips	
RESISTING MOMENT	1127.8 ft-kips	
ALLOWABLE GROSS SOIL PRESSURE	0.0 ksf	
ALLOWABLE NET SOIL PRESSURE	6.0 ksf	

SOIL PRESSURE	MAXIMUM q=	GROSS	NET
	MINIMUM q=	3.18 ksf	1.95 ksf
		0.00 ksf	

SAFETY FACTOR Sf = 2.21

ULTIMATE STRENGTH DESIGN OF FOOTING

CONCRETE, psi	4000
STEEL, KSI	60

SHEAR IN FOOTING

1. CASE I - DEAD LOAD, TWO-WAY SHEAR

$$U = 1.4 \cdot D$$

Ultimate Vertical Load, kips	263.15
Ultimate Pressure, ksf	1.83

Ultimate shear V, kips	131.12
Design shear Vn, kips	2632.03

O.K.

2. CASE II - WIND LOAD, ONE-WAY SHEAR

$$U = 0.9 \cdot D + 1.6 \cdot W$$

Ultimate Moment, kip-ft	816.43
Ultimate Vertical Load, kips	169.17
Eccentricity, ft	4.83
Ultimate Pressure, ksf	qult= 8.01
Dist. from edge to critical sect., ft	0.50
Pressure distance ft	c= 3.52
Pressure @ critical section, ksf	6.87

Ultimate Shear, kips	44.63
Design Shear, kips	464.48

O.K.

FLEXURE STRENGTH DESIGN

Ultimate Moment, kip-ft	Case I	98.68	
	Case II	555.14	q1= 1.19

Coefficient of Resistance	Rn=	57.1
Reinforcement Ratio	r=	0.00096
Min. Reinforcement Ratio	r min	0.00180
Min. Steel Area, sq.in.	A1	7.78
Type of Bars	#	8
	Ab, in^2=	0.79

BOTTOM	Min. Number of Bars	9.84
	Actual Number of Bars	10.00
	Actual Steel Area, sq.in.	7.90
	Steel Ratio Actual	ra= 0.00183
	Revised Coef. of Resist	Rn= 109.71

Design Moment, kip-ft	1066.42
-----------------------	---------

Horizontal Spacing, in	shor= 15.33
------------------------	-------------

TOP	Min. Steel Area, sq.in	7.78
	Min. Number of Bars	9.84
	Actual Number of Bars	10.00
	Top Steel Area, sq.in	7.90
	Horizontal Spacing, in	shor= 15.33

PEDESTAL DESIGN

Pedestal Width, in	72
Concrete, ksi	4
Reinforcement, ksi	60
Rebars, #8 Q-ty	36
Design Rebars Q-ty	12
Minimum reinforcement ratio	0.0050
Actual reinforcement ratio	0.0055
Concrete cover, in	4.5
Rebar layout radius, in	31.00

Ultim. Moment	784.3
Area, sq.in	0.79
Area, sq.in	2.37
Rebar space, in	5.41

Bending about the major axis

No.	Angle, deg	Coord., in	Edge Dist., in	No.	Angle, deg	Coord., in	Edge Dist., in
1	0	31.00	5.00	7	180	-31.00	67.00
2	30	26.85	9.15	8	210	-26.85	62.85
3	60	15.50	20.50	9	240	-15.50	51.50
4	90	0.00	36.00	10	270	0.00	36.00
5	120	-15.50	51.50	11	300	15.50	20.50
6	150	-26.85	62.85	12	330	26.85	9.15

Location of neutral axis $c=$, in 6.6759
 Compression zone, $a=$ 5.67

No.	e	Force kips
1	0.0008	43.70
eu=	0.003	

No.	e	Force kips
2	0.0011	76.51
3	0.0062	142.20
4	0.0132	142.20
5	0.0201	142.20
6	0.0252	142.20
7	0.0271	142.20
8	0.0252	142.20
9	0.0201	142.20
10	0.0132	142.20
11	0.0062	142.20
12	0.0011	76.51

Concrete, kips 1389.12

Total compression 1432.82

Total tension, kips 1432.83

Moment due to compression

Rebars	Force kips	Mom. Arm. in	Moment k-ft
1	43.70	31.00	112.90
Concrete	1389.12	33.16	3838.92

Total in compressor 3951.82

Moment due to tension

Rebars	Force kips	Mom. Arm. in	Moment k-ft
2	76.51	26.85	-171.18
3	142.20	15.50	-183.68
4	142.20	0.00	0.00
5	142.20	-15.50	183.68
6	142.20	-26.85	318.13
7	142.20	-31.00	367.35
8	142.20	-26.85	318.13
9	142.20	-15.50	183.68
10	142.20	0.00	0.00
11	142.20	15.50	-183.68
12	76.51	26.85	-171.18

Total in tension 661.26

Design moment about the major axis, kip-ft 4151.78

Bending about the diagonal

No.	Angle, deg phi	Coord., in c1	Edge Dist., in di
1	0	31.00	19.91
2	30	26.85	24.06
3	60	15.50	35.41
4	90	0.00	50.91
5	120	-15.50	66.41
6	150	-26.85	77.76

No.	Angle, deg phi	Coord., in c1	Edge Dist., in di
7	180	-31.00	81.91
8	210	-26.85	77.76
9	240	-15.50	66.41
10	270	0.00	50.91
11	300	15.50	35.41
12	330	26.85	24.06

Location of neutral axis $c=$, in 22.509
 Compression zone, $a=$ 19.13

No.	e	Force kips
1	0.00034617	15.73
2		
12		

$e_u=$ 0.003

Concrete, kips 1244.60

Total compression 1260.33

No.	e	Force kips
2	0.0002	14.25
3	0.0017	118.19
4	0.0038	142.20
5	0.0059	142.20
6	0.0074	142.20
7	0.0079	142.20
8	0.0074	142.20
9	0.0059	142.20
10	0.0038	142.20
11	0.0017	118.19
12	0.0002	14.25

$e_y=$ 0.00207

Total tension, kips 1260.291

Moment due to compression

Rebars	Force kips	Mom. Arm. in	Moment k-ft
1	15.73	31.00	40.65
2	0.00	26.85	0.00
12	0.00	26.85	0.00
Concrete	1244.60	44.53	4618.93

Total in compressor 4659.57

Design Moment, kip-ft 4701.06

Pedestal Design Moment, kip-ft 4151.78

Moment due to tension

Rebars	Force kips	Mom. Arm. in	Moment k-ft
3	118.19	15.50	-152.67
4	142.20	15.50	-183.68
5	142.20	0.00	0.00
6	142.20	-15.50	183.68
7	142.20	-31.00	367.35
8	142.20	-26.85	318.13
9	142.20	-15.50	183.68
10	142.20	0.00	0.00
11	118.19	15.50	-152.67

Total in tension 563.83

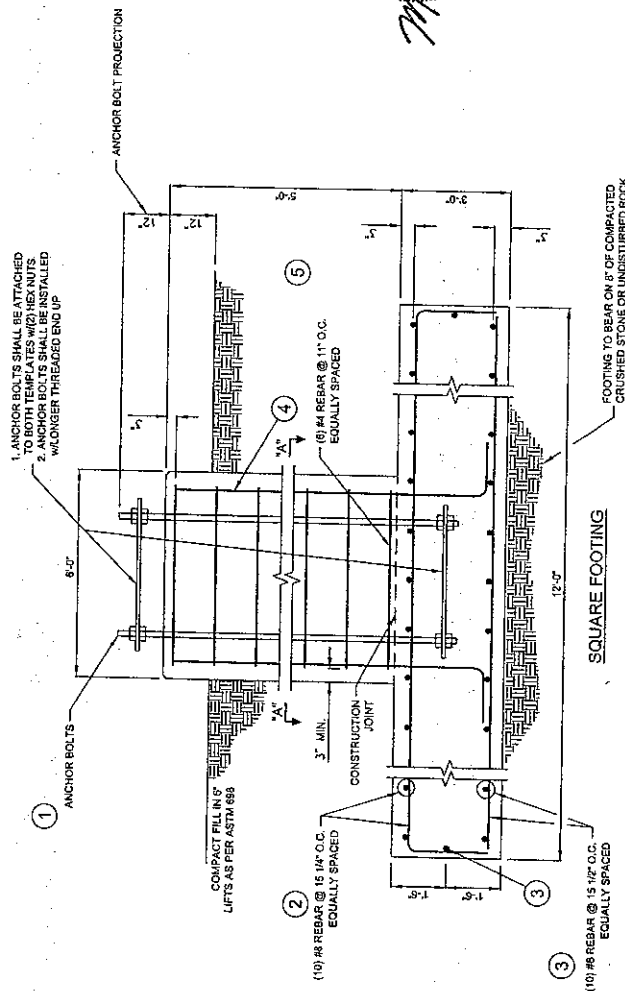
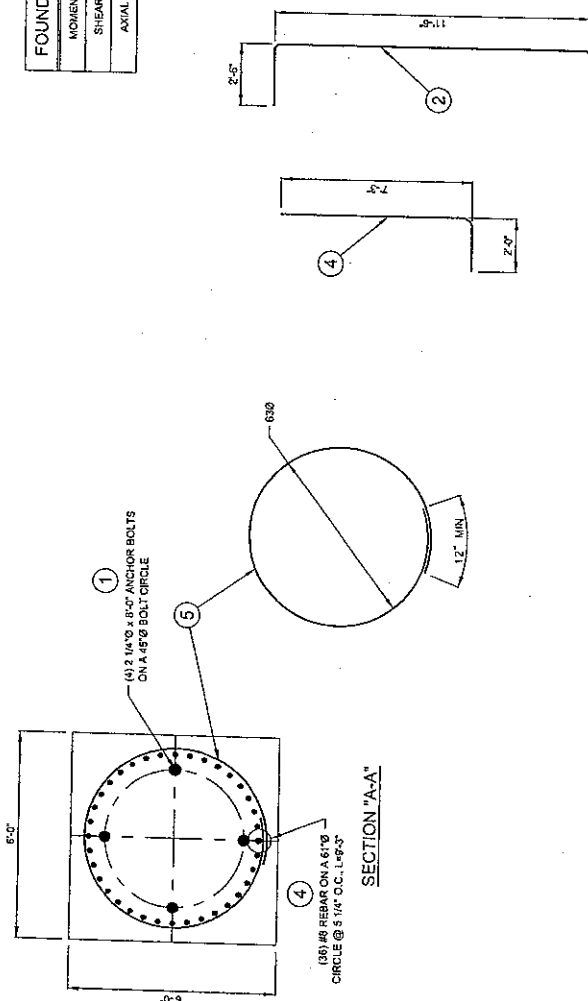
FOUNDATION LOADING	
MOMENT	458.7 kip-ft
SHEAR	6.7 kips
AXIAL	11.5 kips

MATERIAL LIST	
ITEM	QTY.
1	4
2	20
3	24
4	36
5	6

VOL. CONCRETE @ 4000 psi (TYPE II CEMENT)	22.7 yd ³
STEEL (ASTM A615-GR 60)	3070.2 lbs

GENERAL NOTES:

- FOUNDATION DESIGN IS BASED ON THE FOLLOWING: EBL JOB# 14720, DRAWING# GS56884, SOIL REPORT BY JGI EASTERN, INC., REPORT NO. 068176 - 1/22/07
- FOUNDATION SUBMITTAL IS SUBMITTED FROM THE TIME OF SOIL INVESTIGATION AS SHOWN IN THE SOIL REPORT. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE DESIGN OF THE FOUNDATION. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE DESIGN OF THE FOUNDATION. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE DESIGN OF THE FOUNDATION.
- SOIL REPORT SHOULD BE CONSULTED PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION. STEEL CASING OR SLURRY METHOD MAY BE REQUIRED TO PREVENT COLLAPSE OF THE GROUND. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE DESIGN OF THE FOUNDATION. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE DESIGN OF THE FOUNDATION.
- FOUNDATION EXCAVATION SHALL BE INSPECTED PRIOR TO PLACEMENT OF REINFORCEMENT AND ANCHOR BOLTS.
- SPECIAL INSPECTION OF REINFORCEMENT, ANCHOR BOLT INSTALLATION, AND CONCRETE IS REQUIRED. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE DESIGN OF THE FOUNDATION. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE DESIGN OF THE FOUNDATION.
- REINFORCING STEEL SHALL CONFORM TO ASTM A615-57, F_y=60 ksi. REINFORCEMENT SHALL BE ASSEMBLED USING STEEL WIRE. WELDING IS NOT PERMITTED. MINIMUM SPLICE LENGTH: FOR NO. 6 BARS AND SMALLER - 44 x DBAR; FOR NO. 7 BARS AND LARGER - 55 x DBAR. HORIZONTAL TIES SHALL BE STAGGERED WITH NO MORE THAN 50% OF SPLICES IN ONE PLACE.
- CONCRETE MIX DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION PROCEDURE SHALL BE IN COMPLIANCE WITH ACI 318-02, ACI 308.3R-03, AND ALL APPLICABLE STATE AND LOCAL CODES.
- MINIMUM COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH - 4000 psi AT 28 DAYS. USE TYPE I CEMENT UNLESS STATED OTHERWISE.
- CONCRETE MIX SHOULD HAVE A SLUMP OF 7" (4") FOR DRILLED PIER AND 3" (4") FOR MAT FOUNDATIONS.
- FOR DRILLED PIERS ONLY THE CONCRETE OVER THE ENTIRE LENGTH OF ANCHOR BOLTS SHALL BE VIBRATED. FOR MAT FOUNDATIONS ALL CONCRETE SHALL BE VIBRATED.
- ANCHOR BOLT ORIENTATION REQUIRED PRIOR TO CONCRETE PLACEMENT. THE CONTRACTOR SHOULD CONSULT THE SITE PLAN AND MONOPOLE DRAWING FOR PROPER ACCESS PORT ORIENTATION.



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NATCOM/CT
120'-0" MONOPOLE
BRISTOL WEST
BRISTOL, CT

SCALE: N.T.S.	PROJECT NO. 14720
SHEET 1 of 1	DRAWING NO. 14720S-120.0

REV.	DESCRIPTION	DATE	BY	CHK.
0	COMPLETED DRAWING	3/20/07	N.P.	