1	STATE OF CONNECTICUT
2	CONNECTICUT SITING COUNCIL
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4	Docket No. 487
5	Homeland Towers, LLC and New Cingular
6	Wireless PCS, LLC d/b/a AT&T application for a
7	Certificate of Environmental Compatibility and
8	Public Need for the construction, maintenance, and
9	operation of a telecommunications facility located
10	at 183 Soundview Lane, New Canaan, Connecticut
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13	VIA ZOOM AND TELECONFERENCE
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16	Public Hearing held on Thursday, July 9,
17	2020, beginning at 2 p.m. via remote access.
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20	Held Before:
21	ROBERT SILVESTRI, Presiding Officer
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24	
25	Reporter: Lisa Warner, CSR #061

1	Appearances:
2	
3	Council Members:
4	ROBERT HANNON
5	Designee for Commissioner Katie Dykes
6	Department of Energy and Environmental
7	Protection
8	LINDA GULIUZZA
9	Designee for Chairman Marissa Paslick Gillett
10	Public Utilities Regulatory Authority
11	JOHN MORISSETTE
12	MICHAEL HARDER
13	EDWARD EDELSON
14	
15	Council Staff:
16	MELANIE BACHMAN, ESQ.
17	Executive Director and
18	Staff Attorney
19	
20	MICHAEL PERRONE
21	Siting Analyst
22	
23	LISA FONTAINE
24	Fiscal Administrative Officer
25	

1	Appearances: (Cont'd.)
2	
3	For Homeland Towers, LLC and New Cingular
4	Wireless PCS, LLC d/b/a AT&T:
5	CUDDY & FEDER, LLP
б	445 Hamilton Avenue, 14th Floor
7	White Plains, New York 10601
8	BY: LUCIA CHIOCCHIO, ESQ.
9	DANIEL PATRICK, ESQ.
10	
11	For Soundview Neighbors Group:
12	CUMMINGS & LOCKWOOD LLC
13	6 Landmark Square
14	Stamford, Connecticut 06901
15	BY: JOHN W. CANNAVINO, ESQ.
16	
17	St. Luke's School/St. Luke's Foundation, Inc:
18	JULIA GABRIELE
19	CHRISTOPHER ROSOW
20	
21	Host: Aaron DeMarest
22	
23	
24	**All participants were present via remote access.
25	

1 MR. SILVESTRI: All right. Ladies and 2 gentlemen, good afternoon. This remote public 3 hearing is called to order this Thursday, July 9, 4 2020 at 2 p.m. My name is Robert Silvestri, 5 member and presiding officer of the Connecticut 6 Siting Council. 7 I'll ask the other members of the 8 Council to acknowledge that they are present when 9 introduced for the benefit of those who are only 10 on audio. 11 So I'll start with Mr. Robert Hannon, 12 designee for Commissioner Katie Dykes of the 13 Department of Energy and Environmental Protection. 14 Thank you, Mr. Hannon. 15 MR. HANNON: I'm here by voice only. 16 MR. SILVESTRI: Got you. Thank you. 17 Ms. Linda Guliuzza, designee for 18 Chairman Marissa Paslick Gillett from the Public 19 Utilities Regulatory Authority. 20 MS. GULIUZZA: (No response.) 21 MR. SILVESTRI: Linda? 22 MS. GULIUZZA: (No response.) 23 MR. SILVESTRI: I thought she was on, 24 but I don't see her on my screen, so we'll come 25 back to her in a minute.

1 Mr. John Morissette. 2 MR. MORISSETTE: Present. 3 MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you. Mr. Michael 4 Harder. 5 (Pause.) MR. HARDER: Sorry, my microphone was б 7 muted. I am present. 8 MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you, Mr. Harder. 9 Mr. Edward Edelson. 10 MR. EDELSON: Present. 11 Thank you. I'll move MR. SILVESTRI: 12 right now to members of staff. Ms. Melanie 13 Bachman, executive director and staff attorney. 14 MS. BACHMAN: Present. Thank you. 15 MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you. Mr. Michael 16 Perrone, siting analyst. 17 MR. PERRONE: Present. Thank you. 18 MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you. Ms. Lisa 19 Fontaine, our fiscal administrative officer. 20 MS. FONTAINE: Present. 21 MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you. And I just 22 want to check back with Ms. Linda Guliuzza. Are 23 you here? 24 MS. GULIUZZA: (No response.) 25 MS. BACHMAN: I think Ms. Guliuzza was

in the meeting and may have exited the meeting. So we will announce her presence as soon as she pops up in the waiting room again.

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MR. SILVESTRI: Very good. Thank you, Attorney Bachman.

Please note for everyone that there is currently a statewide effort to prevent the spread of Coronavirus. This is why the Council is holding this first-ever remote public hearing, and we do ask for your patience. If you haven't done so already, I'll ask that everyone please mute their computer audio and/or telephone now.

This hearing is held pursuant to the provisions of Title 16 of the Connecticut General Statutes and of the Uniform Administrative Procedure Act upon an application from Homeland Towers, LLC and New Cingular Wireless PCS, LLC, doing business as AT&T, for a Certificate of Environmental Compatibility and Public Need for the proposed construction, maintenance and operation of a telecommunications facility located at 183 Soundview Lane in New Canaan, Connecticut. This application was received by the Council on February 7, 2020.

The Council's legal notice of the date

and time of this remote public hearing was published in The New Canaan Advertiser on June 4, 2020. Upon this Council's request, the applicants erected a sign at the proposed site so as to inform the public of the name of the applicants, the type of facility, the remote public hearing date, and contact information for the Council, which included the web site and phone number.

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As a reminder to all, off-the-record communications with a member of the Council or a member of the Council's staff upon the merits of this application is prohibited by law.

The parties and intervenors to the proceeding are as follows: The applicants, Homeland Towers, LLC and New Cingular Wireless PCS, LLC, its representatives Lucia Chiocchio, Esquire and Daniel Patrick, Esquire from Cuddy & Feder, LLP. The party Soundview Neighbors Group, its representative John W. Cannavino, Esquire from Cummings & Lockwood LLC. The party St. Luke's School/St. Luke's Foundation, Incorporated, its representatives Julia Gabriele and Christopher Rosow. And I hope I pronounced that correctly.

We will proceed in accordance with the prepared agenda, a copy of which is available on

the Council's Docket No. 487 web page, along with the record of this matter, the public hearing notice, instructions for public access to this remote public hearing, and the Council's Citizens Guide to Siting Council Procedures.

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Interested parties may join any session of this public hearing to listen, but no public comments will be received during the 2 p.m. evidentiary session. At the end of the evidentiary session, we will recess until 6:30 p.m. for the public comment session. And please be advised that any person may be removed from the remote evidentiary session or public comment session at the discretion of the Council.

The 6:30 p.m. public comment session is reserved for the public to make brief statements into the record. And I wish to note that the applicants, parties and intervenors, including their representatives, witnesses and members, are not allowed to participate in the public comment session.

I also wish to note for those who are
 listening and for the benefit of your friends and
 neighbors who are unable to join us for the remote
 public comment session that you or they may send

written comments to the Council within 30 days of the date hereof, either by mail or by email, and such written statements will be given the same weight as if spoken during the remote public comment session.

A verbatim transcript of this remote public hearing will be posted on the Council's Docket No. 487 web page and deposited with the Town Clerk's office in New Canaan for the convenience of the public.

I'll also note that the Council will take approximately a 10 to 15 minute break at a convenient juncture somewhere around 3:30 p.m. this afternoon.

I wish to call your attention now to those items that are shown on the hearing program marked as Roman Numeral I-C, Items 1 through 75, that the Council has administratively noticed.

Does any party or intervenor have an
 objection to the items that the Council has
 administratively noticed? Attorney Chiocchio.
 MS. CHIOCCHIO: No objection. Thank

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MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you. Attorney
 Cannavino.

1 MR. CANNAVINO: No objection. 2 MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you. 3 Ms. Gabriele and Mr. Rosow, any objections? 4 MS. GABRIELE: No objections. 5 MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you kindly. 6 Accordingly, the Council hereby administratively 7 notices those items. 8 (Council Administrative notice taken of 9 Items I-C-1 through I-C-75.) 10 MR. SILVESTRI: Will the applicants 11 present its witness panel for the purpose of 12 taking the oath? And once presented, Attorney 13 Bachman will administer the oath. 14 Attorney Chiocchio. 15 MS. CHIOCCHIO: Thank you. The 16 applicants' witness panel includes Ray Vergati, 17 regional manager of Homeland Towers; Harry Carey, external affairs with AT&T; Robert Burns, 18 19 professional engineer, project manager, All-Points 20 Technology; Michael Libertine, director of siting 21 and permitting, All-Points Technology; Brian 22 Gaudet, project manager, All-Points Technology; 23 Martin Lavin, radio frequency engineer, C Squared 24 Systems on behalf of AT&T; and we also have Dan 25 Stebbins who is AT&T's FirstNet network consultant

1 for any questions regarding emergency 2 communication services. 3 MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you, counselor. 4 Going forward, I don't know if we could increase 5 your audio on our side, or if you might be able to 6 increase your audio on your side. I did hear you, 7 but barely. So that would be appreciated. 8 Attorney Bachman, would you please 9 administer the oath? 10 RAYMOND VERGATI, 11 HARRY CAREY, 12 ROBERT BURNS, 13 MICHAEL LIBERTINE, 14 BRIAN GAUDET, 15 MARTIN LAVIN, 16 DAN STEBBINS, 17 called as witnesses, being first duly sworn 18 (remotely) by Attorney Bachman, were examined 19 and testified on their oaths as follows: 20 MR. SILVESTRI: I think we got 21 everybody in there, Attorney Bachman. 22 Attorney Chiocchio, could you please 23 begin by verifying all the exhibits by the 24 appropriate sworn witnesses? 25 MS. CHIOCCHIO: Thank you. Is this

1 better as far as audio level? 2 MR. SILVESTRI: A little bit. If you 3 can increase it even more, that would be 4 fantastic. I even have headphones on to block out 5 any stray noise. б DIRECT EXAMINATION 7 MS. CHIOCCHIO: On behalf of the 8 applicants, we have ten exhibits to be offered. 9 And I'm going to walk my witnesses through a 10 series of questions with respect to those exhibits 11 and ask each to identify themselves when they 12 answer the question. 13 Did you prepare and assist in the 14 preparation of the exhibits as identified? 15 THE WITNESS (Vergati): Ray Vergati, 16 Homeland Towers. I did. 17 THE WITNESS (Burns): Robert Burns, 18 All-Points Technology. I did. 19 THE WITNESS (Carey): Harry Carey, 20 AT&T. I did. 21 THE WITNESS (Lavin): Martin Lavin, C 22 Squared. Yes. 23 THE WITNESS (Libertine): Michael 24 Libertine, APT. Yes. 25 THE WITNESS (Gaudet): Brian Gaudet,

1 APT. Yes. 2 MS. CHIOCCHIO: Do you have any 3 corrections or updates to the information 4 contained in the exhibits? THE WITNESS (Lavin): Martin Lavin. 5 б No. 7 THE WITNESS (Libertine): Michael 8 Libertine. No. 9 THE WITNESS (Gaudet): Brian Gaudet. 10 No. 11 THE WITNESS (Vergati): Ray Vergati. 12 No. 13 THE WITNESS (Burns): Robert Burns. 14 No. 15 THE WITNESS (Carey): Harry Carey. No. 16 MS. CHIOCCHIO: Is the information 17 contained in the exhibits true and accurate to the 18 best of your belief? 19 THE WITNESS (Lavin): Martin Lavin. 20 Yes. 21 THE WITNESS (Libertine): Michael 22 Libertine. Yes. 23 THE WITNESS (Gaudet): Brian Gaudet. 24 Yes. 25 THE WITNESS (Carey): Harry Carey.

1 Yes. 2 THE WITNESS (Vergati): Ray Vergati. 3 Yes. 4 THE WITNESS (Burns): Robert Burns. 5 Yes. б MS. CHIOCCHIO: And do you adopt these 7 exhibits as your testimony in this proceeding? 8 THE WITNESS (Lavin): Martin Lavin. 9 Yes. 10 THE WITNESS (Libertine): Michael 11 Libertine. Yes. 12 THE WITNESS (Gaudet): Brian Gaudet. 13 Yes. 14 THE WITNESS (Carey): Harry Carey. 15 Yes. 16 THE WITNESS (Vergati): Ray Vergati. 17 Yes. 18 THE WITNESS (Burns): Robert Burns. 19 Yes. 20 MS. CHIOCCHIO: Thank you. We ask that 21 the Council accept the applicants' exhibits. 22 MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you, counselor. 23 Does any party or intervenor object to 24 the admission of the applicants' exhibits? 25 Attorney Cannavino.

1 MR. CANNAVINO: No objection. 2 MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you. 3 Ms. Gabriele and Mr. Rosow. 4 MS. GABRIELE: No objection. 5 MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you also. б (Applicants' Exhibits II-B-1 through 7 II-B-10: Received in evidence - described in 8 index.) 9 MR. SILVESTRI: I do see on my screen 10 that Ms. Guliuzza did join us. Thank you. We 11 lost you there for a second. 12 Okay. We will now begin with cross-examination of the applicants by the 13 14 Council, starting with Mr. Perrone. 15 MR. PERRONE: Thank you, Mr. Silvestri. 16 CROSS-EXAMINATION 17 MR. PERRONE: Referencing Tab 6 of the 18 applicants' bulk file exhibit, we have the 19 Wireless Market Study for the Town of New Canaan, 20 and Table 6 and 7 list the property evaluations. 21 My question is, given that a few of the municipal 22 properties were identified as next likely and most 23 likely for AT&T, in the applicants' consultations 24 with the town did the availability of any 25 municipal properties come up or were certain

municipal sites offered as alternatives besides the Clark property noted in the application?

THE WITNESS (Vergati): Ray Vergati, Homeland Towers. Regarding the Centerline wireless report that was prepared, I believe it was 2014, of a number of municipal properties, just by way of a brief history how we arrived here at this particular site at 183 Soundview Lane. The town issued an RFP back in 2016. Homeland Towers was awarded that RFP over other telecom tower providers. We actually worked with the town to site some towers on municipal properties from that list. Two of those properties were Irwin Park as well as West Elementary School off of Ponus Ridge Road. We did site visits, visuals, had some meetings in town. It became clear and evident to us that the town wanted a more comprehensive plan to address the coverage needs in the northeast, north central and the northwest. So before the town wanted to move forward on those, Irwin Park and the West Elementary School, they asked that we look at properties up in the northeast corner.

24 We did. There were no town properties available. There was mention of the Clark

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property. That is a town-owned property that is encumbered by restrictions in the deed, also it's wet. And Verizon had vetted that property a number of years ago. Homeland did look at it. It's in our alternate site analysis. The town did not wish to do, or could not do anything with that property. So there were no other town properties that checked the four criteria boxes that we look for, so we ended up on a private property which is where we are today.

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MR. PERRONE: Okay. Turning to Tab 4 of the application, there is the memo on the yield point or hinge point. I have a few questions about that.

THE WITNESS (Burns): Robert Burns, PE. 16 MR. PERRONE: Does this yield point or 17 hinge point, does it mean that the lower 52 foot 18 section of the tower is somewhat overdesigned 19 relative to the top 38 feet?

20 THE WITNESS (Burns): That's correct. 21 The tower itself is designed to withstand the 22 load, and then at that hinge point and below it is 23 beefed up so that it breaks at that point if that 24 happens during a catastrophic event, so yes. 25 MR. PERRONE: And with that, what would be the risk of failure in the lower 52 foot section or perhaps at the base?

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THE WITNESS (Burns): It would be less, number one, because the tower is beefed up. Number two is you're removing much of the wind load which takes place on the antennas and the appurtenances, plus the weight. That weight is above that, so it would be significantly less.

MR. PERRONE: And while the monopole itself is physically 85 feet, in the yield point memo it adds up to 90 because we're also allowing for that treetop at the top; is that right?

THE WITNESS (Burns): Correct, in order to make it more appear like a pine tree that there's a 5 foot topper on the top.

MR. PERRONE: Could the tower be physically located such that the setback radius is on the property and the yield point would not be necessary?

THE WITNESS (Burns): From a design standpoint, the tower is located where the landlord requested plus one of the higher points on the property. Anywhere else on the property may constitute a taller tower.

MR. PERRONE: Moving on to Tab 10 of

the application, this is the municipal P&Z letter, dated January 2nd of 2020. And Item Number 4 recommends a more robust landscaping plan with native plantings. And my question is, have the applicants considered any changes or updates to its landscaping plan in response to the town comments?

THE WITNESS (Vergati): I believe in the current application we've added some 8 foot, three of them Norway spruces, in front of the site. We also have seven 8 foot hemlocks surrounding the compound as well. And if there are suggestions with additional landscaping, Homeland Towers would be open to that. We have also had discussions with our landlord, and he would allow additional landscaping, obviously, for screening.

MR. PERRONE: And on the same topic of landscaping, in the prefile testimony for St. Luke's School, pages 9 and 10, there was mention about not being able to plant north of the compound because of the access drive. My question is, would it be possible to install additional landscaping slightly north of the compound or perhaps pull the compound southward to make room

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THE WITNESS (Vergati): We worked very closely with the landlord on siting the tower on the property, and we wish we could have been actually even further over toward the property line. We respected the landlord's wishes in designing the site. And he did not want to push the tower any further, not only to his own residence, obviously, but to the other residents on Soundview. We wanted to keep the facility itself as far away from any residents.

So to answer to your question, no, the facility cannot be moved to provide additional screening in that access drive. If there was some additional screening that St. Luke's would like, we would have a discussion with them about some screening potentially on their own property. We've done that before with abutting property owners. But as far as the on site itself, I don't believe we would be able to afford or offer any potential screening or landscaping on the north side of the compound.

²³ MR. PERRONE: And is that because of a ²⁴ conflict with the access drive as well?

THE WITNESS (Vergati): Yeah, the

access drive is currently in a 20 foot wide non-exclusive drainage easement. And certainly we'll use it for access, we're allowed to, but there's a reinforced concrete pipe that runs underneath that access drive, so it's not preferable, obviously, to do any type of landscaping or planting with the roots getting into that. I'm not an engineer, but we want to keep that access drive open, obviously.

MR. PERRONE: And lastly on the landscaping topic. With much of the landscaping south of the compound, would there be any other visual mitigation measures that could be employed to address the concerns of St. Luke's School beyond off-site plantings?

16 THE WITNESS (Vergati): We'd have to 17 look at that. I can tell you that we've obviously 18 proposed a solid wood fence right now to soften 19 any views of the compound in addition to the proposed landscaping. I have had conversations 20 21 with our landlord, Mr. Richey and his wife Marina, 22 regarding some additional plantings on his 23 property to the south basically between the facility and his existing driveway that we'd be 25 willing to plant as well.

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1 MR. PERRONE: Okay. Referencing Tab 6 2 of the application, in the Wetland Delineation 3 Field Form there's mention of the 2002 guidelines 4 for E&S controls and the 2004 Connecticut 5 Stormwater Quality Manual. My question is, would 6 the proposed project comply with the 2004 7 Connecticut Stormwater Quality Manual? 8 THE WITNESS (Burns): Yes, we would 9 comply with the stormwater manual from 2004, as 10 well as the soil and erosion control manual. 11 MR. SILVESTRI: Could you state your 12 name for the record, please? 13 THE WITNESS (Burns): Robert Burns, 14 project manager, APT. 15 MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you, Mr. Burns. 16 MR. PERRONE: Referencing the response 17 to Question 38 and the Council Set II 18 interrogatories, the applicants note that the Town 19 of New Canaan has expressed an interest in 20 locating its emergency antennas on the tower. 21 Would Homeland be able to adjust or modify the 22 branches on this tower to accommodate the 23 municipal antennas? 24 THE WITNESS (Vergati): Ray Vergati, 25 Homeland Towers. In our discussions with the

town, they have not provided us with a particular spec. They would like to have the top of the tower reserved for future communication for public safety, obviously, that could entail a simple 3 foot width antenna coming off the top of the tree. There's many times that we've put public safety on monopine trees, and we can configure or reconfigure the branches. We can get creative with some camouflage socks and so forth. So we don't know what their spec is today, but we can certainly have that discussion with them and make sure that everything is stealthed as best as possible, obviously, if public safety does come to the tower.

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MR. PERRONE: My next several questions will be on RF topic. Under Tab 6 of the Wireless Market Report, I understand that the St. Luke's School property was listed as next likely for AT&T and most likely for Verizon. My question is, from an RF perspective for AT&T, is there much difference between the proposed site and the site at St. Luke's School?

THE WITNESS (Lavin): Martin Lavin, C Squared Systems. I believe the site, depending on how all the details get worked out exactly where it is, I think St. Luke's is a viable, strictly from an RF perspective, a viable location for a site from that perspective and that perspective only.

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MR. PERRONE: My question is more comparing St. Luke's School to the proposed site. Would there be a significant difference from an RF perspective of the proposed site versus a hypothetical tower on the school property?

THE WITNESS (Lavin): It's dependent on the height we could get at St. Luke's. I don't know offhand exactly what height we'd be able to achieve. In our negotiations with them, I think it's certainly a distinct possibility, but it would have to be -- a definitive answer would have to be based on exactly where they'd want us to go and exactly how high we can go.

MR. PERRONE: Referencing the response 19 to Question 45 in the Council's Set II 20 interrogatories, the question had asked about 21 capacity and potential offloading other sectors. 22 My question is, how would the proposed facility 23 enhance capacity?

THE WITNESS (Lavin): It would bring capacity along with coverage to the area. The

response does sound like it doesn't do any good in terms of capacity. It's more that the sites around there don't need capacity offloading right now. Coverage is our problem in this area. The site certainly brings a lot of capacity with it. We didn't have sectors, though, that needed capacity relief right now. We need coverage.

MR. PERRONE: I understand the coverage part. So as far as capacity, the capacity benefit would be within the proposed coverage footprint mostly?

THE WITNESS (Lavin): Yes. For the user experience, there isn't anyone experiencing a capacity deficiency right now in the sites around there. So capacity would come along with the coverage for the people in the new coverage area.

MR. PERRONE: Referencing the response to Question 1(a) of the Wiley Set Two interrogatories -- excuse me one second -- this was an analysis of the RF for the alternative site at 1160 Smith Ridge, and coverage plots were provided at various heights from 81 feet all the way up to 146. 146 was the highest height modeled. And my question is, how was the 146 feet obtained as the highest height to model for that

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THE WITNESS (Lavin): It was strictly theoretical to the best of my knowledge. I don't know if Ray has anymore background on that.

THE WITNESS (Vergati): When Homeland was awarded the RFP with the Town of New Canaan, it's been their preference all along through the prior selectman's administration and utilities commission, as well as the current administration under Selectman Kevin Moynihan, to keep facilities pretty much 110, 120 feet and below. We had RF run, as you mentioned, the three heights with 146 being the highest height really knowing that it's not what the town wishes are. But even at the 146 height, I'll let Martin speak for the plots, but they don't provide coverage to the intended area for AT&T.

I think the 146 height was also chosen because I believe Verizon in the past when they looked at the Clark property, which is very close to 1160 Smith Ridge Road, ran a plot at 146. So we tried to do an apples-to-apples comparison with that prior plot as well, but Martin can handle more questions on the plots.

MR. SILVESTRI: That was Mr. Vergati

that just provided that answer. Again, when you change seats, just please introduce yourself. Thank you.

THE WITNESS (Vergati): Certainly.

MR. PERRONE: Turning to page 14 of the application still on the RF topic, on page 14 under Technological Alternatives, the second paragraph, "Closing the coverage gaps and providing reliable wireless services in northeastern New Canaan requires a tower site that can provide reliable service over a footprint that spans several hundred square feet."

My question is, is several hundred square feet a typo?

THE WITNESS (Lavin): Yes, it's over a
 number of square miles so --

MR. PERRONE: Okay.

MR. SILVESTRI: And again, you are? THE WITNESS (Lavin): Martin Lavin, C

²⁰ Squared.

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MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you.
 THE WITNESS (Lavin): I believe we
 addressed that in a previous response.
 MR. PERRONE: And in response to
 Council Interrogatory Question 17, the question

was related to your height requirements. And my question is, would AT&T at a proposed center line height of 81 feet, from an RF perspective what would be the consequences of a shorter tower, i.e., if you ended up lower than 81 feet?

THE WITNESS (Lavin): I know we already have Verizon committed or interested at 71. The third co-locater we pushed down to no higher than 51 feet which is well below the tops of the trees. An 81 foot height is very short to begin with. 61 feet, I think, is just enough to give, without speaking on behalf of the third applicant, still enough to give viable service in this area. There would be some loss compared to the top of the tower. But I think if we went down, probably a 10 foot increment in all likelihood, push the third co-locater down to 51 feet, and that is entirely below the tops of the trees, and realistically I don't think that's feasible from my standpoint. You'd really get hit right off the bat by the trees, and your coverage would be substantially impacted and basically greatly reduce the effectiveness of the tower at the current proposed height.

MR. PERRONE: So the lower carrier

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would be potentially below the treeline and affected more, but yours 10 feet lower, would that also have impacts to your coverage or handoff?

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THE WITNESS (Lavin): It would have impacts to our coverage, yes. Each 10 feet you go down the tower you lose some things. Obviously, Verizon thinks there's still enough there at 71. I think -- I can't speak with authority -- but I think the 61 foot center line would still be viable for the next applicants, especially in this area. But I think once you get down to 51, you're completely below the trees and you wouldn't have a viable third spot, in my opinion.

MR. PERRONE: In response to Council Interrogatory 18, Exhibit 4, there was incremental coverage provided for 850 megahertz, and then there was an updated version in Council Interrogatory 43 also for 850 megahertz. And I saw that the tables had different data. Is the more recent one in Set II for 850 megahertz the most up to date?

THE WITNESS (Lavin): I think the first submission was for 700. The gap and the incremental coverage for 700 in the second response was for 850 PCS and AWS.

1 Let me just pull that up. MR. PERRONE: 2 Again, I'm on Set II of the Council 3 interrogatories, Question 43, Exhibit 4, so 4 attachment 4. So looking at the tables, let's 5 work with 850 first. For coverage gap on the left it's showing greater than or equal to, and on the 6 7 right for proposed it's also showing greater than 8 or equal to. My question is, for the coverage gap 9 should it be less than or equal to because it's a 10 gap, less than or equal to your target? 11 THE WITNESS (Lavin): That's the 12 population area will be below that, yes, in terms 13 of a gap, yes. 14 MR. PERRONE: All right. So the 15 columns on the right would be greater than or 16 equal to, and the columns on the left should be 17 less than or equal to? 18 THE WITNESS (Lavin): Yes. 19 MR. PERRONE: Okay. I'm all set on the 20 RF topic. I'm going to be moving on to 21 environmental questions. Thank you. 22 THE WITNESS (Libertine): Good 23 This is Mike Libertine with All-Points afternoon. 24 Technology. 25 Good afternoon. MR. PERRONE:

Referencing page 18 of the application, the proposed facility is not located within a quarter mile of the buffered area of the DEEP Natural Diversity Database. My question is, are any federally listed species known to occur at the proposed site?

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THE WITNESS (Libertine): Not specifically at the host site. There is one federally listed species that is considered the -or actually the entire State of Connecticut is considered potential habitat, and that's the northern long-eared bat. We have done research and reached out to U.S. Fish and Wildlife, Region 1, and determined that the proposed tower facility would not have an impact on that bat species.

MR. PERRONE: The NLEB, is that a federally listed threatened species?

18THE WITNESS (Libertine): Yes, it is.19MR. PERRONE: Okay. Moving on to Tab 820of the application which is the visibility21section, there's discussion about views from the22John D. Milne, M-i-l-n-e, Lake. My question is,23is that lake a recreational resource?24THE WITNESS (Libertine): It may very

²⁵ well be. I'm not that familiar with it with

respect to the lake itself. It is a reservoir, so I'm sure it is accessible, but it's probably limited access. I would imagine paddleboats are allowed, and certainly there may be some hiking trails along the edge of that, but I would guess that there are no motor boats allowed there. So fishing, canoeing, kayaking is likely, but I can't confirm that.

MR. PERRONE: Sure. Would you know if that's a public or private resource?

THE WITNESS (Libertine): It's certainly owned by the water company, so it's probably, again, limited or restricted access in some capacity. It's actually the First Taxing District of Norwalk that's the owner of that property.

MR. PERRONE: And I understand from the viewshed map there's some potential visibility over the lake. Could you describe the possible views over the lake?

THE WITNESS (Libertine): Certainly. The views from the lake would be essentially at the treetop. It's at a distance about a mile or so depending upon where you are. It's over the open water. So with the combination of the low

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height of the proposed tower and its design as a faux pine tree, my guess is, again, we did not access it, but my guess is that we're talking at or just slightly above the treeline so that it would not, certainly would not be as discernable as a steel monopole might be.

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Does that answer the question?

MR. PERRONE: Yes. Okay. Lastly, I'm going to get into visibility about the neighbors further to the south. Before that, would the applicants be able to provide as a Late-File exhibit a version of the site location map under Tab 4 of the application with the Wiley, Sosnick and Sweeney properties labeled? So it's the --

THE WITNESS (Libertine): Yes, we can certainly do that.

MR. PERRONE: Okay. Exact same drawing with the scale and everything but just those three properties identified.

THE WITNESS (Libertine): Are you asking also for the footprint of visibility to be superimposed over those properties in some way or in that region, that area, to tie that in, or are you just looking for the properties to be identified on, I'm sorry, Tab 4?

1 MR. PERRONE: The visibility would be 2 helpful perhaps as a separate superimposed. 3 THE WITNESS (Libertine): We can 4 certainly do that. 5 MR. PERRONE: Okay. б THE WITNESS (Libertine): I'm sorry, 7 Mr. Perrone, could you just confirm? You're 8 saying under Tab 4? 9 MR. PERRONE: Yeah, under Tab 4 it's 10 called Site Location Map. It's an aerial with the 11 property lines. 12 THE WITNESS (Libertine): I was looking 13 at the right tab. Yes, we can certainly do that. 14 Okay. So one with the MR. PERRONE: 15 identified properties and then a separate drawing 16 with the visibility areas. 17 THE WITNESS (Libertine): Yes, sir. 18 MR. PERRONE: I understand the 19 visibility piece is forthcoming. But in response 20 to 49, Question 49 of Set II, basically there's 21 descriptions of visibility from St. Luke's School, 22 Sosnick property, Sweeney property and Wiley 23 property. For Items A, C and D, could you explain 24 roughly what areas of the facility you would 25 expect visibility, whether upper sections of the

tower or compound, can you comment on what portions of the facility?

THE WITNESS (Libertine): Well, I'm going to go purely on -- well, obviously we could not access those properties during the field work, so I can't say for sure. But if I reference some of the aerial mapping to understand what intervening vegetation may exist between those properties and those homes and the facility location, my guess would be that during this time of year there would be probably little to no visibility just because of the density of the trees in the area. When the leaves are off the trees, depending on where you are on the property, I think the views would be through some vegetation, but certainly if you know what you're looking for, you would be able to see the monopine.

19 And again, depending on where you are, 20 you'd probably be seeing various portions of it at 21 those distances. And with that intervening 22 vegetation, again, my best guesstimate is that you 23 might be talking more the middle and upper 24 portions and not so much of the compound area, but 25 again, it really depends on where you'd be on any

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of those properties.

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2 MR. PERRONE: Okay. So that's just a 3 general point for A, C and D, depending on where 4 you are on those; is that correct? 5 THE WITNESS (Libertine): That's 6 correct. 7 MR. PERRONE: I have no other 8 questions. Thank you. 9 MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you, Mr. Perrone. 10 We will continue the cross-examination with 11 Mr. Morissette. 12 MR. MORISSETTE: Good afternoon, 13 everyone. Thank you, Mr. Silvestri. 14 And Mr. Perrone, thank you for asking a 15 lot of my questions. I'll try to fill in the gap 16 as we go here. 17 I'd like to go back to the 2014 18 Wireless Market Study, if I may. So if a witness 19 is familiar with that report, it would be helpful. 20 What I'd like to know is since 2014 has there been 21 any improvements to the network to provide 22 coverage in the town? 23 THE WITNESS (Lavin): Not that I'm 24 aware of, no. Martin Lavin, C Squared. 25 THE WITNESS (Vergati): Ray Vergati,

Homeland Towers. In response to that question, actually, yes, there has been an improvement. And I had the pleasure to be before the Council ten years almost to the day for a site on Valley Road at Silver Hill Hospital, and I believe AT&T, Verizon and T-Mobile are on that facility.

In addition, I believe there was a site that's come on air at the Norwalk Armory. Even though it's physically located in Norwalk, I believe the Town of New Canaan does benefit from the coverage from that facility.

Other than those two sites, there is a third site that Homeland Towers did build and construct over in the neighboring New York Town of Lewisboro, and that's located at the Vista Fire Department, and there's some beneficial coverage that the residents or travelers through New Canaan do receive from that particular facility.

However, there still remains a large coverage gap, and that's why we're here today, obviously. None of the facilities that have been built since 2014 when Centerline did the study have alleviated any coverage gaps in the northwest, northeast, north central or the west portions of town. Gaps still remain.

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And I also just want to clarify on a prior question regarding the lake, the John D. Milne Lake. Even though it's labeled as a lake on GIS, it's actually a reservoir, and it is not available for any type of recreational use by the public.

MR. MORISSETTE: Thank you. So the Armory and Silver Hill Hospital that was identified in that study have been utilized, and the coverage area is basically east of the area that's of need at this point?

THE WITNESS (Lavin): Yes. Martin Lavin, C Squared.

MR. MORISSETTE: Thank you. Keeping on coverage, moving on to the 1160 Smith Ridge Road site. Looking at the AGL of 146, that coverage appears, although it is further west than the area you're trying to fix with this application, it appears that it does cover quite a bit of that. Can you help me identify why it would not replace what we're trying to do here? Now, I'm looking at the 146 AGL. Now, I realize that that's too high, it's above the 90 feet that the town would like, I think you said 90 feet. What areas does it not cover that you would like to cover with the

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THE WITNESS (Lavin): Mainly, I believe areas to the northeast of the proposed site bounded on the east by South Bald Hill Road and that area. Where we have good solid coverage from our proposed site, there really isn't any improvement in coverage from the 1160 Smith Road, even at 146. Mainly there, there isn't the solid coverage going to the road. Briscoe Road and Cross Ridge Road lead down into the road just north of the site. Smith Ridge does not get us through there -- I mean 1160 Smith Ridge does not get us through there. I think that's generally the areas. And over by the east side past South Bald Hill Road there's also a big loss of coverage from 1160 Smith Ridge. We've got a big area there that --

MR. CANNAVINO: This is John Cannavino. I'm having a very difficult time hearing anything you say. Could it be possible to speak up a little bit, please?

THE WITNESS (Lavin): I certainly can. It's the area around South Bald Hill Road, both east and west of there, there's a lot of loss of coverage, and north of the proposed site in the area of the road that runs south of Briscoe Road and Cross Ridge Road we lose continuous coverage there. So overall weakness of coverage in that direction. We can certainly quantify that more specifically.

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MR. MORISSETTE: Now let's look at AGL 106, the slide before it, and this is more in line with what realistically could be developed at the 1160 Smith Ridge site, correct?

THE WITNESS (Vergati): Ray Vergati, Homeland Towers. I'd like to really stress to the Council members regarding the 1160 Smith Ridge Road. It's a property owner who I spoke with who requested a lot of money from a rental perspective, way above the market rent. But outside that, we are actually pursuing that area as a tower company, and that is in tandem with the docket that's before you. We looked at the RAD center of 106, keeping the town's wishes to be 110 and below.

And the Council members looked at the plots that Mr. Lavin has provided for the 1160 Smith Ridge Road. Assuming it is a viable candidate, it's actually a very nice puzzle piece and fills in nicely along the west, going west,

further northwest of New Canaan. We think it actually performs well as a hand-off site to Soundview. Because, let's face it, there's no coverage along the whole north part of New Canaan, and that's the whole purpose for trying to provide a comprehensive plan for the town's wishes, for the residents' wishes, and part of that comprehensive plan is shorter towers.

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So I just want the Council members to be aware that we can throw 1160 Smith Ridge out there, but I don't have an interested landlord to the point where I've done a site visit where we've negotiated business terms, and to be quite frank, since that will be our next site in New Canaan, we will vet other properties in that particular area and generate interest and see how they perform, obviously, in conjunction with the 183 Soundview Lane.

¹⁹ MR. MORISSETTE: Thank you. That was ²⁰ very helpful. Okay. I'm going to switch to ²¹ public safety communication that I was hoping that ²² someone could clarify for me. When someone makes ²³ a 911 call and they're in one of these dead zones, ²⁴ or if they're in a zone where AT&T has coverage ²⁵ but let's say Verizon does not, how does that

work, does the call go through or does it not get picked up because if you're a Verizon customer you don't have service?

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THE WITNESS (Lavin): Martin Lavin, C Squared. There is an FCC requirement to carry 911 calls. If any 911 call comes, the call processing will start with your home system or wherever you're assigned normally on roaming. If you can't get through there and it rolls over to another system, which it should, your phone should attempt to make contact. That way the operator is obligated to carry the call, yes.

MR. MORISSETTE: Okay. Thank you. That's what I figured, but I wanted to confirm that.

I would like to go to the site itself, and if we could use SP-1 in the application under Tab 4. All set?

THE WITNESS (Burns): Yes, sir. Robert
 Burns, APT.

MR. MORISSETTE: Now, the site is designed for three additional carriers. And assuming that each carrier would install an emergency generator, is that site footprint large enough to accommodate three more generators? THE WITNESS (Burns): From a strictly spacial standpoint, yes.

MR. MORISSETTE: Okay.

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THE WITNESS (Burns): What's happening is their footprints are increasing, so we've allowed 12 by 20 foot spaces for the future carriers which should be enough.

MR. MORISSETTE: Okay. Are you required by the FCC to have all three additional slots for additional carriers for tower sharing?

THE WITNESS (Burns): No, sir, not that I'm aware of.

MR. MORISSETTE: So given that T-Mobile and Sprint are not interested at this time, you could theoretically reduce it down to two?

THE WITNESS (Burns): I'm not sure how to answer this one, Ray.

THE WITNESS (Vergati): This is Ray Vergati, Homeland Towers. I'm sorry. Could you please repeat that question for me?

MR. MORISSETTE: You currently have plans for three additional carriers within the compound. And since T-Mobile and Sprint have indicated they're not interested at this time on tower sharing on that facility, can it be resized to only have two additional carriers?

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THE WITNESS (Vergati): So as a matter of best practice, Homeland Towers designs our sites to be co-locatable obviously for typically four carriers. And when this process started, T-Mobile and Sprint were separate entities. That has since changed with the acquisition slash merger now between the two, but as part of that agreement there will be a dish network as a fourth carrier or provider in the U.S. And there's other carriers out there, not just Verizon, AT&T and T-Mobile, so it's best practice that we try to design our sites to be co-locatable for at least four carriers and public safety. In the old days there were six carriers. So I don't want you to get lost on the drawings where we show four sets of antennas. It's just a matter of practice where we design not only the tower to be co-locatable but we design the ground space, because we don't know where the future is going from the wireless world and from the public safety and we want to make sure we have adequate space on the tower and on the ground.

MR. MORISSETTE: Okay. Thank you.
 Given that the --

1THE WITNESS (Vergati): I'm sorry. Go2ahead.

MR. MORISSETTE: Given that the -- I mean, I may have misunderstood this -- the lower level open space for a new carrier is pretty low for strong service, I'll call it, for lack of a better term, is it likely -- it's hard to tell the future, but would another carrier go that low on the tower?

THE WITNESS (Vergati): I can't speak for other carriers. Today, obviously, the application before you is for AT&T. As I did mention in one of my interrogatory responses, I did speak -- correspond with Verizon Wireless, and they confirmed that the 71 foot RAD center, which is 10 feet below AT&T, would work for them and that they would be interested, but I can't speak for future carriers or future needs, but we think --

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MR. MORISSETTE: Sure.

THE WITNESS (Vergati): -- but we think certainly three carriers would be able to co-locate on this facility. Not every tower is perfect. I know the other towers in New Canaan are 120. I believe the Silver Hill Hospital tower only accommodates three carriers itself. In a perfect world I wish I could build taller towers to accommodate everybody, but it's a balancing act. It's a balancing act with aesthetics, dealing with the community, with the coverage, with landlords, and we feel we've done a very appropriate job in designing the height to allow for future co-location right now.

MR. MORISSETTE: Thank you. Just a follow-up question though. Where I'm kind of heading with this, I'm investigating the feasibility of whether the actual site and what was testified to already is that the site location 20 feet from the property line of St. Luke's and the area going to the west was kind of, you kind of were maxed out as to where you could go.

First of all, is there an opportunity to move the site further away from St. Luke's property line and more east; and if there's not, if you were to eliminate one of the carriers, would that allow for that type of shift, and what's the feasibility of that?

THE WITNESS (Vergati): Yeah. It's something that I'd have to have some additional conversations with our landlord. Right now, as it

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stands, we don't believe it's feasible to shift it any further to the south. As I mentioned earlier, it gets us closer toward residential homes on Soundview Lane. And shifting it to the east, if I have my directional arrow correct, I believe that pushes us downhill more, losing elevation, and I don't see what -- we wouldn't be getting further away from the property line. It runs parallel to our landlord's -- the property line runs parallel to our landlord's property. So we can't go north, we're 20 feet from the property line. We can't go east, it pushes us downhill and we still maintain that same slope. Pushing us south gets us toward existing homes on Soundview Lane. We're respecting our landlord and trying to keep it away from the homes, not just his, but the other ones there. And pushing it west doesn't accomplish anything. I believe that gets us into the actual cul-de-sac itself.

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And again, I don't think it makes sense from our perspective as a developer to only design the site and lose ground space for the sake of meeting a setback. We want to design ground space for all the carriers. And let's face it, this is not just a cell tower. It's going to be a public

safety tower. And we don't know what the town's needs will be as well. Typically it is a smaller footprint, a 10 by 10 pad. But should the town come to this tower, we want to make sure that there's enough space within the compound within the lease area within our titled rights to be able to provide that to the town's public safety.

MR. MORISSETTE: Great. Thank you. Okay. Moving on to the town's comments from the planning and zoning, we already talked about the landscaping, improving it, which I think would be a good thing. The 8 foot shadowbox fencing, was that actually proposed in response to the planning and zoning's request for fencing, or was that part of the original proposal?

16 THE WITNESS (Vergati): Ray Vergati, 17 Homeland Towers. The 8 foot stockade fence was 18 proposed from the get-go, I believe, on our site 19 plans with the landlord. We feel it's an 20 appropriate height from a screening perspective. 21 One thing we did change on the plans, I'm not sure 22 if it was a direct comment from the town, was that the original plans I think we submitted had the stockade, solid stockade shadowbox fence, whatever you want to call it, on the east, south and west

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side, and a chain link fence on the north side. We have since changed that to be a solid 8 foot stockade fence around the whole compound itself. So we feel that the fence with the proposed landscaping will offer good screening for any equipment at the base of the facility.

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MR. MORISSETTE: Okay. Any thoughts on the equipment cabinets not looking like the accessory buildings for residential properties?

THE WITNESS (Vergati): Could you repeat the question? I'm sorry. I just want to make sure I understood it correctly. Ray Vergati from Homeland.

MR. MORISSETTE: Part of the planning and zoning's requirements is that any equipment cabinets look like outbuildings for residential properties. And yours are the standard, I think they are, the standard, you know, electrical cabinets. Have you given any thought to reconsidering that, or given that the fencing is 8 feet high, is that -- well, what's your reaction to that?

THE WITNESS (Vergati): My reaction is, and not from a cost perspective whatsoever, just purely from an aesthetic perspective, this is an

area where I think if you were to build a common building -- I've seen the word "shed" tossed around -- I don't think you're accomplishing anything with hiding the equipment, per se. The cabinets themselves would be at grade level. They typically are outdoor cabinets that sit on a concrete slab and would be below the fence line. I believe we've even since the original drawings have revised AT&T's equipment spec and took it off, and I'll have Mr. Burns speak more about that if need be, but I believe we lowered it off a steel platform, at least for the generator, and brought it down to grade level. We think the fence, 8 feet solid wood, is very appropriate for this particular setting at the end of Soundview Lane.

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And to be quite honest, in my 20-plus years of doing this business, I've seen some common buildings, and they never turn out how people envision them or how they talked about them in the initial stages. They tend to look very industrial and prefabricated. And I think the best way to screen the equipment is a fence and the landscaping that's currently proposed.

MR. MORISSETTE: Thank you. One last

question. Can you talk about or someone talk about monopine -- actually, I have two more questions -- monopine internal mounts and why they're not feasible here?

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THE WITNESS (Vergati): Ray Vergati, Homeland Towers. When you're talking about internal mounts, I'm assuming you're talking about concealing the antennas on the interior of the pole?

MR. MORISSETTE: I believe that's what they're referring to, and this is, again, from the planning and zoning, their requirements for cell towers.

14 THE WITNESS (Vergati): Sure. So let 15 me explain to the members and everyone listening. 16 A tree design typically, we call these a faux tree 17 or a monopine tree. We worked very hard with our 18 landlord. He was very adamant in having the 19 Cadillac of trees on the property, and it's 20 written into our lease. We actually have a branch 21 number of, I believe it's three per linear foot on 22 the tower. So this particular monopine tree will 23 have very dense branches. Within the branches 24 there will be mounts on the exterior of the pole 25 itself, and attached to those mounts will be the

various antennas, radio head units and equipment for AT&T or other carriers in the future.

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So the antennas are mounted on the outside of the monopine tree concealed within the branches. And they can be painted. They can have camouflage socks that are put on them, sleeves as well, to help conceal them. And I think what maybe you're alluding to, there was a comment from the town about interior mounts or interior antennas. That typically is found in a flagpole or a unipole design, and the best examples of that are the existing facilities at the country club off of Smith Ridge Road and Silver Hill Hospital. And I know the Council is very familiar with these.

16 And our position from a tower developer 17 and from the carriers' perspective is that while 18 you can do a flagpole and it may have worked very 19 well with the antennas concealed internally years 20 ago, because the equipment has gotten so much 21 larger on the tower itself, you end up driving the 22 height. And I'm not going to pick a height now, 23 but if you have an 85 foot proposed monopine with 24 the antennas on the outside and you want to 25 conceal the antennas, you have to stack them, and

that will drive the height of any proposed tower up immensely. The flagpole slash unipole design also really inhibits the carriers and their network being able to downtilt antennas and get the correct azimuth. It's just not a preferred --you know, because everything is so tight inside that cannister sleeve. I hope that answers your question.

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MR. MORISSETTE: Yeah, that was very helpful. Thank you. One last question. This truly is my last question. On the visibility analysis, I think it's page 19, I just want to confirm that that picture actually is the entrance of St. Luke's School.

THE WITNESS (Libertine): This is Mike Libertine. I'm sorry, could you just tell me which view again? Did you say 19?

MR. MORISSETTE: It's photo 19.

THE WITNESS (Libertine): That's from
 the road itself, North Wilton Road, at the
 entrance to the school.

MR. MORISSETTE: Mr. Libertine, this is probably the best, given that you were not allowed on the property, the best view, you know, photo you could take to give us an idea of what that

would look like?

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THE WITNESS (Libertine): Yes. There are some other shots as kind of peripheral to the property as you go to the north and to the west, but the views were really in and out, and there were very few locations where we had really a direct line of sight. So yeah, I would say that's a good representation.

Now, obviously as you get up on the property there's going to be increased visibility because you won't have necessarily the intervening trees that you see here, but there certainly are other patches of trees between our facility. Just again, it's a fairly large property. There's some large open fields as well on the property. It would have been good to get on the site to have better characterized that, but we were not provided that access.

MR. MORISSETTE: I agree, that would 20 have been helpful. Thank you. That's all I have for questions. Thank you very much.

MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you, Mr. Morissette. We'll continue the cross-examination of the applicant by Mr. Harder.

> Yes. Thank you. A couple MR. HARDER:

questions on the visibility analysis just, I guess, generally first. When you do those analyses, I believe what you indicate typically is that the angle, I guess, of the photo for the simulations is supposed to represent a view from the 5 foot height. And I'm wondering, although you weren't, apparently you weren't granted access to any of the properties of the objecting parties, some of the comments in some of the prefile testimony indicated that some of the concerns they had, the neighbors had, were regarding views from second floor windows, second floor rooms in their houses.

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And I'm wondering if you think that any of the views for the photos that you did take, that you were able to take, would they have been substantially different, or can you project perhaps from any of the properties adjacent to the subject property would views from higher than 5 feet representing say a second floor of a house given any different perspectives?

THE WITNESS (Libertine): Sure. Again, Mike Libertine for the record. It is a bit of an art form to try to project what might be going on off site looking back towards the property. I

will say this: We have been granted access in the past on other dockets, and obviously you can't make an apples-to-apples comparison from one property to another. But in general if there is intervening vegetation, in this case mature trees, the views, and again, if it's intervening and we don't have, you know, an idea that might be wide open, the views tend to be generally similar to what we see on the ground.

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10 Now, there's always exceptions to those 11 rules, so I don't want anyone to interpret what 12 I'm saying is that a next-door neighbor here on abutting property in this particular docket that 13 14 that may be an absolute. But in general, having 15 done that on more than a few dozen private 16 properties and being asked to go up to second 17 story levels, generally that's what we see, again, 18 given the conditions where you have some 19 intervening trees. And again, one of the things 20 that does change, obviously, from that 21 perspective, you may be looking down through the 22 trees so you may be getting glimpses at some point 23 depending on where you are within the facility 24 compound itself versus from areas on the ground 25 where typically that landscaping, 8 feet, 10 foot

trees would block it. So that might be one of the changes or one of the variables that might come into play.

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MR. HARDER: Okay. Thank you. One quick question, and I don't know if it's indicated anywhere in the application, that the house immediately adjacent to the subject property immediately to the house, I guess to the south, I guess the actual house is southeast of where the tower would be located, is the elevation of the house, how does that differ from the elevation or the ground elevation, that is, of the house, does that differ substantially from the ground elevation of the tower? I know that generally the land slopes down to the east, but where that house is, is that substantially different?

THE WITNESS (Libertine): We're talking about the house on the property, the subject property?

MR. HARDER: No, the house immediately MR. HARDER: No, the house immediately to the south. It's a flag, kind of a flag lot, I guess, it goes to the back a little bit. I'm wondering, is that substantially downhill from where the tower would be?

THE WITNESS (Libertine): I'm not sure

I'd characterize it as "substantially." I do believe it is down gradient, but I'm just not sure of the topo differential. I can certainly take a look at some LIDAR data and follow up with that information to at least get an idea of the ground elevation at our site versus the ground elevation at the foundation of his home.

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MR. HARDER: I'm wondering if the house is, you know, the ground elevation is enough downhill, would that put the second floor elevation closer to the ground elevation of where the tower is, you know, I mean, would it make that much of a difference? But yeah, if you could check on that, I'd appreciate it.

THE WITNESS (Libertine): Sure. I will do that. We'll supply that with the mapping that Mr. Perrone had requested as well.

18 MR. HARDER: Okay. The only other 19 question I have is on the coverage maps, and I'm 20 looking at, let's see, attachment 3 in Tab 1, and 21 I guess this is indicated on a couple other maps 22 too. As far as the Connecticut side, am I correct 23 there's only two other towers shown, only two 24 other towers that exist? You have tower 2282 and 25 tower 2841. I don't believe it shows any other

1 towers in Connecticut; is that correct? 2 THE WITNESS (Lavin): Not within the 3 area of the plots, no. 4 MR. SILVESTRI: That was Mr. Lavin; is 5 that correct? б THE WITNESS (Lavin): Martin Lavin, 7 yes. Sorry. 8 MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you. 9 MR. HARDER: Not within the area shown on the map you're saying, right? That's correct? 10 11 THE WITNESS (Lavin): Yes, not within 12 the area shown. There's an inventory of sites 13 given on page 8 of the report that's all of the 14 sites around there, including ones that are just 15 off the area of the plot. 16 MR. HARDER: Okay. But as far as I 17 think you had made the comment earlier that this 18 northern part of New Canaan is really quite 19 underserved by cell service? 20 THE WITNESS (Lavin): It is, yes, as is 21 brought up in the Centerline report as well. 22 MR. HARDER: Right. And while you're 23 showing interest, I guess, in putting a tower 24 somewhere over near Smith Ridge Road, it seems 25 like that would still leave quite a bit of that

northern part of town not very well served; is that correct?

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THE WITNESS (Lavin): There would certainly still be remaining gaps in the sites. We'll do as much as we can get them to do, but there will still be gaps left over.

MR. HARDER: Right. Do you know if the town, I mean, you know, these issues are coming up now with this location. I would assume some of the same issues will come up with respect to any other location in the northern part of this town. Do you know if the town has -- you know, rather than look at these one at a time and go over some of the same issues each time, do you know if the town has tried to have, you know, more of a general discussion with its residents, you know, to bring these issues out to, you know, try to find out what areas might be acceptable, what issues might be of concern more to people? Maybe this is a question that should be directed to the town, but, you know, these things are going to be coming up time and time again.

THE WITNESS (Lavin): I'll defer to Ray
 Vergati on that one.

THE WITNESS (Vergati): Ray Vergati,

Homeland Towers. And just to go back to the prior question to Mr. Libertine regarding the elevation of the house, which I think you were mentioning south or southeast, I believe it's the Wiley residence. It's almost directly behind our landlord's property. Our facility height grade level is 502. I looked at a quick contour map, and it looks like that particular lot is 35 to 40 feet lower. So you actually go down the hill for that particular home.

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11 In response to the question, as I 12 mentioned earlier, we have an RFP. We have an 13 agreement with the town to provide a comprehensive 14 plan. We've been working with them for years, not 15 an easy or quick process, and we can't make 16 everybody happy, obviously, but we try to do the 17 best we can. I can tell you that we are working 18 on other projects in town to provide that 19 comprehensive plan so there is good public safety 20 coverage and cell coverage throughout town. 21 There's no silver bullet. There's no one site 22 fits all. New Canaan is a very difficult town due 23 to the terrain, due to the layout, residential 24 wealthy community. Not everybody is raising their 25 hands to have a tower put forward. So we try to

work with municipal properties when it's appropriate from an aesthetic perspective. When there's nothing, we go to private properties.

I think there was a question also just asked about what the town has done in reaching out to the residents. We've had a number of public hearings, meaning Homeland, the town, the town council, planning and zoning, where residents have showed up and voiced their concerns or not concerns. It depends who you talk with. There's a lot of people that want this coverage. And the town actually did an online survey back in 2012. It was a very interesting survey. They made it only available to the residents of New Canaan. And 91 percent of the people wanted more facilities built in town. It was overwhelming. The survey spoke for itself. I'm not sure if that survey is in the record. We can add it into the record.

But it was a survey by the town to the town's residents, and it had very interesting facts about people losing 911 calls, how often that happened, where is the best area for coverage. People said in the downtown, it makes sense, there's rooftops, there's more areas that

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promote wireless. But time after time the survey came back that the northeast, the northwest and north central terrible coverage. So Homeland, as a developer, we're working on that. As I mentioned, we started with Irwin Park and West Elementary School, two sites. We wanted to be able to present a full plan to the town to accommodate all the residents to provide reliable service for all of them.

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So there could effectively, effectively be five sites, this particular application, if it's approved; a site further west somewhere between Smith Ridge Road going west towards Dans Highway; and then a site on the Ponus Ridge Dan Highway area, almost the North Stamford border; and then the two other sites we talked about, Irwin Park and West Elementary School which are still on the west side but further down towards the central part of town.

MR. HARDER: Thank you. Just one other
 quick question, the last question. Granted,
 there's only two other sites, towers in this area,
 but is it feasible at all for the purpose of
 improving coverage to look at -- and I don't know
 what the situations are like, the locations,

nearby neighbors, you know, it's possible there
would be objections -- to looking at those
existing locations and replacing those towers at
those locations with something more either higher,
if that works, or something that would provide
more expanded coverage from those existing
locations?

THE WITNESS (Vergati): I'll let Martin, the RF engineer, speak to that. But again, because those other facilities are a unipole design at 120, I don't believe replacing or expanding those are going to solve the coverage issues in the northeast section of town. You need a new facility here, period, and that's really the bottom line.

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MR. HARDER: Okay. Thank you.

17 THE WITNESS (Vergati): I will add one 18 thing that this particular tower, like all of 19 Homeland's towers, will be built to be extendable, 20 and that's just, again, a matter of good business 21 practice. We don't know where the future is 22 going. And I've seen sites before where the tower 23 was only designed for a particular height 24 structurally and can only accommodate X amount of 25 load. We will design this tower, like we do all

1 of our towers, as a matter of good practice to be extendable, and that's typically 10 to 15 feet. 2 3 MR. HARDER: Thank you. I have no 4 further questions. 5 MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you, Mr. Harder. 6 We're pretty close to the 3:30 mark, which I 7 mentioned before might be a good time for a break. 8 So why don't we go and recess for about 15 minutes 9 and come back here at 3:40. Thank you. 10 (Whereupon, a recess was taken from 11 3:26 p.m. until 3:42 p.m.) 12 MR. SILVESTRI: I have a question 13 before we start with cross-examination by other 14 Council members, a question for Mr. Vergati. 15 Mr. Vergati, you mentioned before in 16 one of your responses to Mr. Harder's question 17 about a survey that was conducted by the town. Ι 18 would like to get a copy of that and have the 19 Council get a copy of that more as backup for what 20 you were saying. It would be nice to have 21 something in print. And seeing that Mr. Libertine 22 has to supply a Late-File, could you also supply 23 that for us? 24 THE WITNESS (Vergati): Absolutely.

I'll supply you with a copy of the survey. And I

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know it could also be found, I belive, on the town's web site under the utilities commission tab. They have a number of materials. I believe the survey is on there, but I'm happy to send you the document.

MR. SILVESTRI: That's appreciated. And again, because you brought it up, it's more than adequate that you would give it to us. Thank you.

Okay. I'd like to continue our cross-examination now with Council member Mr. Hannon.

MR. HANNON: Thank you. I'm just glad I haven't lost my contact yet. I do have a few questions. On page 12 of the introduction there's a statement, The proposed facility will also provide reliable service to St. Luke's School which has a student faculty employee population of over 655 people. Based on materials that had been supplied, it does not appear as though St. Luke's School is in favor of this particular location. But I'm curious, based on the COVID-19, if you've noticed any change in service reliability or reduction in data since the school has been closed?

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THE WITNESS (Lavin): Martin Lavin, C Squared. We don't have any specific information about changes since COVID-19, no.

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MR. HANNON: I was just curious because you would think that with that type of a population center right there, I'm pretty sure that most of the population out in that part of the state is pretty well scattered. This could be a pretty heavy usage of the service out there. So I was just curious if you had any data.

On page 16 it's starting to get into 12 some of the issues with the proposed driveway. 13 The driveway proposed, 12 feet wide, runs along 14 the existing drainage easement. Map CP-1 shows 15 the driveway within the 20 foot wide drainage 16 easement that's there, and it was mentioned 17 earlier there is an existing 15 inch RCP located 18 in that easement. And so going to map CP-1, I'm 19 trying to figure out if the initial access off of 20 the cul-de-sac represents an erosion tracking pad 21 or is that sort of a -- that would be continued 22 for the gravel driveway?

23 THE WITNESS (Burns): Robert Burns from 24 The hatched area, the gravel hatched area APT. 25 will be a construction entrance during

construction activities. Once those activities are done, that larger stone construction pad will be taken out and then the final surface for the proposed gravel access driveway will be put in in that place.

MR. HANNON: Okay. Is there any way to move that to -- let me see if I can find an arrow on this map somewhere -- I guess it would be a little bit to the south. Because what I'm concerned about is where you've got the construction entrance and also the driveway, it's located over the existing pipe. Is there any way to shift that to the south so that if the town had to go in there and do some repair work they're not digging up your driveway and thereby requiring the town to go in and deal with additional expenses which I don't think they really should have to do.

THE WITNESS (Burns): In order for us to shift the driveway so that no part of the construction was over that existing pipe, we'd probably have to shift it 10 to 15 feet to the south which would push it closer into the parcel itself, mainly because not only the driveway but there's a two-to-one side slope there because the existing slope there, being what it is, we're

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having to bring some fill in to make a more reasonable slope of the compound and the driveway itself.

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MR. HANNON: I mean, yeah, I can see where there's some grading, but most of the grading is at the eastern end of it.

THE WITNESS (Burns): Yeah, that back corner there's a real pitch point there in terms of where we match into existing grade. The north, I guess the north corner, the grading there really matches in almost at the property line.

MR. HANNON: I'm having a hard time understanding why you'd have to shift it 10 to 15 feet when it only looks like there is maybe one to two feet of driveway over the pipe.

THE WITNESS (Burns): Well, your side slope will still be over the pipe if I shift it one to two feet. Now, if you're just asking me if I shift the entire gravel, you know, just so the gravel drive isn't over it, then yes that could happen, but it would push the entire thing further into the parcel and push it to the south.

²³ MR. HANNON: I mean, I'm looking to ²⁴ make this as simple as possible so that if this ²⁵ project goes forward and the town has to do some

repair work on that pipe, they're not digging up your driveway and having to restore the driveway which is an added expense that I don't think they should have to put up. I mean, if it's a matter of going back and regrading some, they're going to do that anyway digging up the pipe.

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THE WITNESS (Vergati): This is Ray Vergati, Homeland Towers. There is an existing drainage easement, obviously, that runs down our proposed driveway. It's 20 foot wide. There is a concrete pipe reinforced buried about 8 to 9 feet below this proposed access driveway. We had the town perform a video scope of that pipe back in January. And they ran a TV through that pipe, and it's fine from Soundview Lane all the way to where it disperses at the end of the property, I'm not sure how many feet out, a couple hundred feet we'll say. The video came back that the pipe is in excellent condition.

What we agreed to and what we memorialized with the town is Homeland Towers provided the town a letter that we, Homeland Towers, would be responsible for any damage to that pipe post-construction, meaning if there's damage underneath the access drive where we're

proposing and that pipe is damaged in that section and that occurs post-construction, that's on Homeland Towers to rectify financially.

MR. HANNON: Is there a copy of that agreement in your filing?

THE WITNESS (Vergati): We can provide It was just signed at the end of June by a copy. Homeland Towers and provided to the first I'd be happy to provide a copy of it. selectman. MR. HANNON: Okay. And then this would also include just due to natural causes with any damage to the pipe, not anything related to the construction?

THE WITNESS (Vergati): The way the letter agreement is, any damage to the pipe post-construction underneath our access driveway. It's kind of hard to possibly tell if there's damage, I guess, from construction or whatnot, but we are responsible for the pipe that is directly underneath our access driveway. Now, if there is a problem with the pipe that's 300 feet down we're not even close to developing or have touched any soils down that way toward the end of the property where it comes to an outlet, if there's damage to 25 that section of pipe, no, we would not be

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responsible. That would be the town's responsibility. We're just responsible for the pipe underneath the access drive.

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MR. HANNON: Okay. Because like I said, my concern was more if the town had to go back and replace the access drive, and things of that nature, that's a burden I don't think they should have to cover. But that's fine. And I'd appreciate getting a copy of the letter, if that's not too much of a problem.

THE WITNESS (Vergati): Absolutely.

MR. HANNON: The next question I have is on page 18, stating that the nearest school building is located about 250 feet from the parcel. St. Luke's is stating that's a violation of the statutory restrictions on the proximity of such telecommunication facility to a school. They're claiming that the definition of schools is not limited to school buildings but also includes school property with regular student and faculty presence such as athletic fields.

So can you explain the difference in
 opinions as to what the separation distances are
 for schools and towers?

THE WITNESS (Vergati): Ray Vergati,

Homeland Towers. We've actually in the initial design of the facility there's a reason why the facility is on the forefront or the western side of the compound. We wanted to certainly try to adhere to the tower itself being 250 feet from the school building. I think it's just a matter of interpretation, a difference of interpretation between St. Luke's and Homeland Towers, AT&T and so forth. I think it's clear the regulations state 250 feet to a building.

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And I can let our attorney speak more in depth about it, but I think the first selectman in his capacity, Mr. Moynihan, has the ability to waive any type of setback from a facility to a school, as well as the Siting Council, as long as it's shown that there's no adverse aesthetic effect and other such items. So we think we've designed it very appropriately right now, and we can certainly address it further, but we think the design will meet the setbacks.

MR. HANNON: A bit of a follow-up on that is in the May 27th supplemental submission the applicant states that the school building is about 240 feet from the proposed equipment cabinet. So I'm assuming that your take is the

same that it's based on the tower, it's not based on the quote/unquote facility or a particular equipment cabinet?

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THE WITNESS (Vergati): Ray Vergati, Homeland Towers. Correct, we feel the 250 feet is a fine setback to the facility itself, meaning the tower structure, and not the equipment at the base of the tower.

9 MR. HANNON: Okay. Thank you. In Tab 10 4, the first page, there's an aerial picture that 11 looks like it was taken in May of 2019 and another 12 submittal that's associated with the noise study 13 and the modeling receptors. It's showing that on 14 the school property there it looks like a major 15 construction project going on. Any idea what that 16 It's east of the football field and west of is? 17 the school building. It looks like there may have 18 been a baseball field there at one point in time. 19 I'm just curious what that is. This is in May 20 It's a grassed area. So I'm trying to 2019. 21 figure out which -- I mean, I'm seeing a 2020 22 Google logo on the map that was submitted with the 23 modeling receptor locations.

THE WITNESS (Vergati): Ray Vergati,
 Homeland Towers. If my memory is correct, we did

walk the property with St. Luke's a while back, and for some reason I recall that they were possibly putting in a turf field. So I believe the aerial that you see showing an active construction site, there's been many active construction sites on St. Luke's over the years, but I believe this particular one that you're referencing may have been the school preparing to put down an artificial turf field. And I believe they may have kept the baseball field there or lacrosse field or some type of playing field but just made it turf, and I believe that's what it's there for. I believe they also did an addition at some point on the school, but I believe it was just for the turf field.

MR. HANNON: Okay. So it's not for additional school buildings which might have an impact on that 250 feet?

THE WITNESS (Vergati): Actually, when we designed the site the school had also, or somehow we had plans of the addition that the school was putting on, and I believe it was on the southern end of the property of the school, and I believe it was almost like a circular addition that they were putting on. And I believe when we

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did the setback and sited the tower location (audio interruption) that future addition, or the new addition, whatever it was at that point, for the 250 foot setback to the facility.

MR. HANNON: Okay. Thank you.

MR. SILVESTRI: Mr. Hannon, you might be able to get further clarification once we have cross-examination of St. Luke's as well.

MR. HANNON: Yeah. Again, it raised an issue. And one of the things I saw was the issue of the 250 feet. So I just want to try to get some of this stuff on the record.

Would the town be relocating or setting up any of its equipment on this tower; and if so, would they be able to share the generator that's being proposed or would they need to bring in their own generator for backup?

THE WITNESS (Vergati): I believe right now -- Ray Vergati, Homeland Towers. I believe right now the town has a public safety with antenna, and maybe two, on the rooftop of St. Luke's School. There's been no indication in talking to the town's wireless consultant, Norcom, that they plan, at least today, in relocating that antenna over to the facility. Should the town in

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1 the future come to this site, it's approved and built. By a matter of practice, we don't get 2 3 involved with generators. It's a question that 4 pops up on many applications in the dockets. 5 Every carrier will have their own generator. It 6 makes business sense -- not business sense, but it 7 makes network sense to have a network for each 8 carrier that is not tied into one failure point 9 being the generator or one single generator. 10 Typically the carriers are very protective of 11 their equipment. If the town wants to install 12 their own generator, they can certainly do so. 13 Typically what we've seen with towns as well, I 14 believe, is they have such a small footprint in what they're running, sometimes they get away with 15 16 installing a battery rack as far as back-up 17 generation as opposed to an actual generator, but 18 actually I've seen more generators come down the 19 pike for public safety because it is so critical. 20 But to answer your question, I don't believe the 21 carriers would share their generator with the 22 town's public safety.

MR. HANNON: Okay. Then tying in with
 comments that were made earlier about this
 town-wide RFP, did that mention anything about

co-locating the town's equipment on these cell towers that are being looked at so that universally across the town they would be mounted to the towers, was that part of the RFP?

THE WITNESS (Vergati): I'd have to go back. It's been four years we've been working on this project. I'd have to go look back. I'm sure somewhere there's been something in writing between Homeland and the town that we would certainly make space available to the town if they were awarding that RFP, which they did to us, that we would make space available to them for public safety. And even if we weren't awarded the RFP and we were on other properties, other towns, we typically as a matter of being a good neighbor and a good developer allow public safety, within reason, to come onto the tower at no charge.

MR. HANNON: In reading one of the other documents from planning and zoning commission recommendations, it sounds like the shadowbox fence is something that's been looked at almost since the beginning where that was a recommendation of the town rather than the chain link fence, is that correct, and then the applicant has agreed to put that up?

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THE WITNESS (Vergati): As I mentioned earlier, the original design that Homeland had on our first set of drawings, we show the shadow fence on three sides of the facility, the west, south and east with a chain link fence on the north side facing St. Luke's. And the reason why we did that, we initially thought in our design that if we had a solid stockade fence it would maybe create more of a noise issue with any equipment that's running. We've since spoken to the noise expert. It doesn't make a difference. So we changed -- that's the only portion of the fence we changed to give St. Luke's some additional screening by going to a solid stockade fence on the north side of the facility.

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16 MR. HANNON: Okay. And I think you had 17 touched upon this earlier that trying to put any 18 type of landscaping between the facility and the 19 school property it's going to be almost impossible 20 because of the easement as well as the piping, and 21 I don't think you want to put something in there 22 that may have root systems maybe not going down 8 23 or 9 feet but could have problems. So what would 24 be done or what might be offered to St. Luke's to 25 try to provide a little bit of landscaping on that

sort of northern side of the complex of the facility?

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THE WITNESS (Vergati): Sure. I'd be happy to have a discussion with the administration of St. Luke's if this project comes to fruition and goes forward to be able to say to St. Luke's let's provide you some landscaping from Homeland Towers on St. Luke's property. We do it many times in many applications across the board when you're physically constrained of putting landscaping in an area or where you want to put it around the compound and it's just not giving the appropriate screening that it should. So I don't mind having a conversation with St. Luke's folks about providing landscaping on their property which would be the north side -- the south side of the property, the north side of the compound.

MR. HANNON: And following up on one more comment from planning and zoning commission recommendations, their last bullet is, The commission asked the applicant to consider cladding the telecom pole in a bark-like texture to help blend it into the landscaping in the neighborhood. Any comments on that one? THE WITNESS (Vergati): I don't think

it buys anything. I think what we've seen in the business in doing a faux bark is that many times this bark has a sheen to it and actually shines in the sunlight, as opposed to when we do these monopoles from experience we paint them more of a matte brown or what we call a thunder gray, Sherwin-Williams thunder gray, which has more of a matte finish to it. We've also seen the bark become an issue on towers where it's maintenance, it peels, and it breaks down due to the elements.

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This particular tree is designed to have branches coming down all the way down to 20 feet above ground level. So there's not going to be much of a pole really visible to an extent. So we think that the painted pole makes much more sense versus going a faux bark. We just don't see the reason for it. It turns into a maintenance issue as well.

¹⁹ MR. HANNON: Okay. But you say,
 ²⁰ though, that the structure itself will be painted
 ²¹ so it may be a darker color somewhat resembling
 ²² wintertime trees, that type of thing, the darker
 ²³ colors?

THE WITNESS (Vergati): Yes. We've done a number of trees. We work with the tower

manufacturer, but you can basically pick any color pallet you want. What we have found is that there's one particular color pallet, Sherwin-Williams, I'm not sure of the swatch number, but I believe it's called thunder gray. And it seems to -- it's not brown. It's not gray. If you look at a tree here in New England, it kind of has that grayish brown look to it, and we found that it's a very appropriate color when we're doing these monopine trees. We've actually even done monopole towers in colors as well, sometimes sky blue, sometimes this thunder gray depending on the application.

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MR. HANNON: And is there anything proposed as far as trying to disguise the antennas, I mean, will they be camouflaged in any way, or what kind of coloring are you using for those?

THE WITNESS (Vergati): The antennas
 will be concealed within the branches. But in
 addition to concealing the antennas within the
 faux branches, there will be camouflage socks,
 sleeves that are placed on the antennas. These
 sleeves actually -- there's various types you can
 get. The typical ones that we put on or require

our carriers to put on almost have like needles on them, like pine needles, and it's a sleeve that slides over the antenna. There's some equipment that cannot be -- have these sleeves on them, I guess, because of heat. Panel antennas have sleeves. I think some of the other smaller radio heads up there, I'd have to double check, but I believe they can paint them or vice-versa, they can put a sleeve, but they can't paint them because of the heat issue.

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MR. HANNON: Okay. I believe that does
 it for me today.

MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you, Mr. Hannon. We'll continue cross-examination of the applicant by Ms. Guliuzza.

16 MS. GULIUZZA: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. 17 I think that I only have one area of inquiry. 18 There was earlier testimony regarding the removal 19 of a concrete or cement base. And I'd like to 20 ask someone, well, whoever would be most familiar 21 with the base removal, to look at the supplemental 22 submission of May 27, 2020 in attachment 1, page 23 11. And I'm just wondering whether or not that 24 concrete base (audio interruption) within that 25 drawing.

THE WITNESS (Vergati): I'm not 100 percent sure what you're talking about, but I may have an idea if you're talking about a concrete base or foundation.

MS. GULIUZZA: Right.

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THE WITNESS (Vergati): Typically the tower foundation is a mat foundation. Depending on soil types, it can go down X amount of feet, 10, 12 feet, 8 feet. If the site is ever decommissioned, the foundation with all the concrete and rebar that's part of the earth, you do more damage and disturbance to the area in trying to take it out. We have in our agreement with the landlord typically, and I'll double check the lease agreement if it makes the Council happy, but typically we have language in our lease agreements, our ground lease, where we would remove the foundation back to grade level or a foot below grade level. It makes no sense to dig up a 20 by 20 mat foundation and cause a lot of disturbance.

In addition, while we're talking about
 removal, I believe there's language in our lease
 with Mr. Richey that states Homeland, if the site
 were to ever become dismantled, terminated, that

there be a removal bond posted by Homeland Towers for the removal of the facility. It's not a requirement from the Siting Council, but it's something that we sometimes agree to with our private landlords.

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MS. GULIUZZA: Okay. So to the extent that there was discussion earlier about the removal of a concrete base, it was with respect to the pole itself?

THE WITNESS (Vergati): I'm not sure I heard that earlier comment, but it could well be if someone was talking about a concrete base. Maybe you're talking about the comment about the concrete pipe, the removal or fixing the concrete pipe that runs under the access drive?

MS. GULIUZZA: No, I don't think so. NS. GULIUZZA: No, I don't think so. NR Well, I'm glad I asked because I -- is there any other concrete base? If you could just look at the supplemental submission for me, attachment 1, page 11, you know, which is the elevation view (audio interruption) on the site. Do you know which drawing I'm referring to?

MR. SILVESTRI: Ms. Guliuzza, you're
 breaking up, for one. For two, if I might be able
 to help?

MS. GULIUZZA: Sure.

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MR. SILVESTRI: I think the concrete base might have referred to the cabinet, if I'm not mistaken.

MS. GULIUZZA: That's what I assumed as well, Mr. Chair. That's what I was getting at. I thought it referred to the walk-in cabinet.

THE WITNESS (Vergati): I'll have Mr. Burns respond to that question.

THE WITNESS (Burns): So I'm not entirely sure, but I will go through for a second where we ended up with the equipment itself on the ground. Originally AT&T wanted to put their equipment on piers on a steel platform. They've since revised that to two concrete pads that will be flush with the ground, mainly because it lowers the cabinet and it won't be up as high, and it's easier to construct. They're not really doing anything, but they will be constructing that as part of the revised design on the ground equipment.

MS. GULIUZZA: Right. Okay. So my
 question was, and again, if someone could just
 look at that attachment, attachment 1, page 11 for
 me of the supplemental submission of May 27th.

1 THE WITNESS (Burns): Okay. 2 MS. GULIUZZA: Do you have that 3 available? 4 THE WITNESS (Burns): Yes, I'm looking 5 at it right now. 6 MS. GULIUZZA: Okay. So there is not a 7 concrete -- is it fair to say that there's not a 8 concrete base in that elevation view? 9 THE WITNESS (Burns): I think that note 10 you're referring to means that they removed some 11 of the graphics there, the fence and the generator 12 with the pad for clarity so you could see the 13 pole, so you could see the walk-in cabinet. So 14 they're not actually shown in that elevation. 15 That's something that will technically be removed 16 in the field, but it was a graphical decision made 17 by -- who is this, the noise consultant -- the 18 noise consultant on his elevation. 19 MS. GULIUZZA: Okay. So the concrete, 20 does this elevation view depicted on page 11 --21 first of all, is this to scale, is it fair to say 22 that this drawing is to scale? 23 THE WITNESS (Burns): I don't believe 24 it's to scale. There's no scale on it. I didn't 25 prepare that. But inside our drawing the

elevation in the drawings is to scale.

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MS. GULIUZZA: Okay. So in the walk-in cabinet, that line, what is it on?

THE WITNESS (Burns): The walk-in cabinet. I'm sorry, I was unclear what --

MS. GULIUZZA: Is it on concrete? Is it on some kind of a base under the walk-in cabinet?

THE WITNESS (Burns): Yeah, the walk-in cabinet will sit on a -- they'll pour a concrete base which will be flush with the ground. It will sit on two small, they call they stilts, but they're pretty small because the cabling for that walk-in cabinet comes in from underneath, and then the cabinet itself will sit on those. So now it sits strictly on a concrete pad as well as the generator now will be on concrete, its own separate concrete pad.

¹⁹ MS. GULIUZZA: But the cabinet, the
 ²⁰ walk-in cabinet will be on a small base, steel
 ²¹ base? Could you quantify "small" for me?

THE WITNESS (Burns): The walk-in cabinet will sit on an 8 foot by 8 foot concrete pad, and then on each corner there's a small post which it sits on top. They're not very high,

1 mainly so they can get the cables under the 2 cabinet and into the cabinet. The generator sits 3 on a 9 foot by 7 foot concrete pad which will 4 actually have a containment trench built into it. 5 MS. GULIUZZA: And as this elevation 6 view depicts, the walk-in cabinet protrudes above 7 the 8 foot fence; is that correct? 8 THE WITNESS (Burns): I'm sorry, you're 9 going to have to repeat that. I didn't guite hear 10 it. 11 MS. GULIUZZA: Does the walk-in 12 cabinet, as it's depicted in the elevation view in 13 that picture, does it protrude above the 8 foot 14 fence? 15 THE WITNESS (Burns): Yes, the top of 16 the cabinet will show above the fence. 17 MS. GULIUZZA: By approximately how 18 much? 19 THE WITNESS (Burns): 2 feet, maybe a 20 foot and a half. 21 MS. GULIUZZA: Okay. Because the 22 cabinet itself is, am I correct that it's a 9 and 23 a half foot cabinet? 24 THE WITNESS (Burns): That's correct. 25 MS. GULIUZZA: Thank you, sir. I have

1 nothing further, Mr. Chairman. Thank you. 2 MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you, Ms. 3 Guliuzza. 4 I'll turn now to Mr. Edelson to 5 continue cross-examination. 6 MR. EDELSON: This is for Mr. Vergati, 7 if you would show up. Can you hear me okay? 8 THE WITNESS (Vergati): I can hear you 9 fine, yes. 10 MR. EDELSON: So you've described 11 several times about the landlord being pretty 12 insistent about the locating of the tower in that 13 northwest corner. And I was wondering if you 14 could tell us a little bit about the process of 15 how that came about. Was this part of an ongoing 16 conversation to come to that decision, or was that 17 his position, if you will, as soon as you began 18 your lease negotiations or your discussions 19 leading up to the lease? 20 THE WITNESS (Vergati): So Ray Vergati, 21 Homeland Towers. The location was chosen in 22 conjunction with input from the landlord, Homeland 23 Towers going out with All-Points looking at the 24 sites, seeing what made the most sense for siting 25 of a tower. Even though it's a 4 acre lot, if you

look at it, the back corner of the northeast of the property, it drops down considerably and you get into wetlands. On the main portion of the property you have the home with a tennis court and swimming pool. In the east side of the property you have a circular driveway. Where this location was chosen made the most sense. It's wooded. It has a relatively flat and high elevation. And it was a discussion with the landlord to make sure that we can fit a tower here, which we think we have. And it's a balancing act. We wanted to keep it away from -- as far away from the other homes on Soundview. That's why we kept it where it is.

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MR. EDELSON: So would it be fair to say that in your conversation with the landlord he was willing to look at alternatives around the site, and it was a consensus that this was the best location within his site for the tower?

THE WITNESS (Vergati): I think in working with the landlord, Mr. Richey was very sensitive to the fact of the neighborhood. And although it may not seem like it to the opposition or other people, he really had their best interests in mind in working with Homeland and

designing the site, and I think that's evident with the height that we're proposing as well as the facility plan of a faux tree. So that's how we arrived at the location.

MR. EDELSON: So I think my next question you might be in a good position to Whenever I see a town document that has answer. the term "noncompliant," it's a little bit of a red flag. And I believe they characterized your fencing as noncompliant, the fencing around the compound, and that's because their requirement was 6 feet or less. Obviously you're 2 feet above that. So I'm a little confused because it seems to me the 8 feet is really done for the purposes of protecting the view of the cabinets to a large degree, 6 feet, if you kept to that and were quote/unquote compliant, people would see more of the cabinets. How do you interpret this term of your being noncompliant with the P&Z regulations?

THE WITNESS (Vergati): I do a lot of tower sites through Connecticut and New York, and every town or city or state has their own regulations. There are some towns in Connecticut that feel that their wireless ordinance that they have on their books is gospel, is basically how it

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should be. And someone interpreting the wireless code may not be looking at it from what I would think would be a common sense approach to say let's have an 8 foot solid stockade fence to provide the best screening versus a 6 foot fence. I think 2 feet additional makes sense. I don't think it creates an eyesore or an issue. I think it helps the site.

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But, you know, when we see these 10 documents from a town like New Canaan from the 11 get-go, I think they've been a little confused in 12 the sense that if I'm on town property I will be 13 vetted through their town council process and 14 they'll dictate to me more or less trying to stick with their ordinance. This is a Siting Council 15 16 decision, and the Siting Council could take into 17 their own considerations on the design, obviously, 18 but we like to try to adhere when we can. We 19 can't always. It's not a perfect world. But I 20 think in this case an 8 foot fence versus a 6 foot 21 fence is the best way to go here.

22 MR. EDELSON: Okay. I think just one 23 other question for you because we can't go there 24 to the site. When I looked on Google Maps, I 25 noticed that at St. Luke's School they have an

on-site radio station, and on Google it seems to show it with an icon of a tower. Now, that just might be an icon for a radio station and it has nothing to do with a tower. But is there a tower by that radio station building on the western side of the school buildings -- I'm sorry, the eastern side of the school buildings?

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THE WITNESS (Vergati): So, St. Luke's, to my knowledge, has a public safety whip antenna I think on their field house rooftop, and yes, you are correct, I believe that they do operate a radio station off -- from the campus, possibly the students run it or whatnot. But my recollection, there's some type of antenna, I want to say guy tower, coming off the rooftop or maybe abutting against the building, nothing to be able to structurally hold any antennas and so forth.

I recall when we worked with the town they mentioned the radio station tower putting out whatever watts, but yes, I think you are correct, it is. And when you cross-examine I think the folks that are here for St. Luke's, they can probably give you more information about that antenna or the structure.

MR. EDELSON: But just when you're on

1 site at the site can you see that antenna? THE WITNESS (Vergati): To be honest 2 3 with you, I don't recall if I can see it. 4 MR. EDELSON: So my other two questions 5 are really about radio frequency. So if we can 6 bring back that witness. Hi. 7 THE WITNESS (Lavin): Hi. 8 THE WITNESS (Edelson): So I'm trying 9 to get a feel for what we mean by coverage. 10 Sometimes we look at maps and it's not always 11 clear what it means. And we're talking a little 12 bit about emergency and 911. So if I was with a 13 set of parents at a school event on the fields and 14 something of an emergency happened that required 15 emergency response, whether ambulance, police, 16 whatever, what would happen if all of a sudden 17 several parents got on their cell phones and all 18 dialed 911, what kind of response would they get? 19 Wrong witness? Sorry. 20 THE WITNESS (Stebbins): Greetings, 21 I'm Dan Stebbins. I'm a solutions everyone. 22 consultant for FirstNet, and one of my primary 23 responsibilities is to deal with exactly what you

just questioned about, several people making the

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same call.

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A little quick background. I was the colonel in the state police, and I was the commander at Sandy Hook. I was also the commander of the lottery shooting. So I have a little bit of experience with the kind of events that we hope never happen again but continue to across our country.

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Currently if you had several people calling 911 all at the same time from the school, I believe all your calls go to LCD, Litchfield County dispatch, and that depending on the nature of their call they'll go to either police, fire or EMS. As you know, Connecticut has probably 106 PSAPs now in Connecticut, and most of them are staffed with two, maybe three people, sometimes less. And it comes to the question is, how many people are working at that time? If there's only two people working, you get two calls going through.

Capacity is a big piece of this as far as how many calls can be carried over the lines, but when you're talking emergency calls, it comes down to how many people are sitting there to answer the phones. When calls were made in Newtown there was three people scheduled to work

at the dispatch center that day. One was in the chair, one was in the ladies room, and one was still driving in. At the state police at Troop L at the time they had six people sit at the station, but you actually had a pretty good complement compared to many parts of the state, but at the same time I could tell you that many, many calls they did not answer -- they were not answered. They had the priority in some cases because they're a 911 call, they had the priority go through, but you can still only answer so many.

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MR. EDELSON: But just to be clear from the standpoint of the call happening and being able to make a call, the limitation isn't at the field, the limitation isn't the coverage of the frequencies available at that playing field, it's in the PSAP, as you mentioned?

THE WITNESS (Stebbins): The capability of the number of calls being answered is at the PSAP, correct, it's how many people can answer the phone. As far as the number of calls that can be made, that comes down to your coverage and capacity.

²⁴ MR. EDELSON: And that's what I'm ²⁵ trying to get at right now, what would be the

nature of that coverage and capacity?

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THE WITNESS (Stebbins): My guess, based on the team that's here, and again I'm not the technical person, but your coverage must be weak, otherwise we probably wouldn't be having this meeting, and the same thing with coverage and capacity.

MR. EDELSON: And that's what I'm trying to get at to some degree is that more than a map and numbers, a little bit of a human story about what kind of coverage we've got today and how it could play out. So maybe you're not the right person to answer that question.

14 THE WITNESS (Lavin): Martin Lavin, C 15 Squared. We have some coverage. It's a high 16 spot, and that's why we want the antennas there to 17 create the coverage. There is some current 18 coverage in and around Soundview Lane, but not 19 very much of it. You get very far off Soundview 20 Lane and it becomes unreliable. This would bring 21 a huge amount of very robust coverage and a lot of 22 capacity to that area and make it very unlikely 23 that our network would be overwhelmed by any 24 events there.

MR. EDELSON: Again, I'm talking about

what we've got today.

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THE WITNESS (Lavin): What we've got today, it would probably be very difficult to respond to an event of any serious proportions.

MR. EDELSON: Okay. Well, let me flip that around for you. On the other side, on the coverage side, once we -- well, let me make it clear. So if we take the other extreme of parents who wanted to be able to use a facility that's become quite common, like Facebook Live or many other social media devices on the field to record what their children are doing, I assume today that would be basically impossible?

THE WITNESS (Lavin): Difficult to impossible, yes, especially if multiple people are trying to do it, that would certainly be a big problem.

MR. EDELSON: And going into the future, if this project does goes forward, what would be the likely capability for parents or others?

THE WITNESS (Lavin): The increase in coverage and capacity, particularly in such proximity, would make it very easy for just about as many people as they wanted to, to stream live or connect from there.

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MR. EDELSON: Okay. Mr. Chairman, that's all my questions. Thank you very much. MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you, Mr. Edelson. I have a few questions. A lot of it's follow-up from questions that were posed by other Council members. They're not in any particular order, so bear with me as I jump around with my papers. Ms. Guliuzza had spoken about the height of the proposed walk-in cabinet, and I think we came up with 9.5 feet. And again, she referenced the fence being 8 feet. So the question I have for you on that is how do you screen the cabinet if the cabinet is a foot and a half over the fence? THE WITNESS (Burns): The cabinet will

17 certainly be seen above the fence. We are putting 18 screening out in front. Those are 8 foot trees, but they certainly could be made taller if that 20 was the desire of the Council.

21 MR. SILVESTRI: And that was Mr. Burns 22 in response?

23 THE WITNESS (Burns): Yes, Robert 24 Burns, APT.

> Thank you. So it's MR. SILVESTRI:

feasible that you could plant higher bushes, trees or whatever, to try to block the view of that; is that correct?

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THE WITNESS (Burns): That's correct.

MR. SILVESTRI: Okay. We talked about the hinge point. I think Mr. Perrone had brought that up. For the benefit of people that might be listening in, could you explain how the hinge point actually works, for example, is it one directional or is it based on, say, wind direction or stressor direction?

THE WITNESS (Burns): So the tower is overdesigned below the hinge point, so I believe on this one it's at 52 feet above ground. It is entirely around the tower, so it's not in one certain direction, although the closest property line is the northern property line. They don't typically, you know, design it one way or the other. It is at that 52 foot point, and it will be a normal designed pole. It's just overdesigned below it so it falls on itself.

MR. SILVESTRI: So if it were to fall,
 it's going to fall in any direction, not a
 predetermined direction?

THE WITNESS (Burns): That is correct.

You're not felling a tree, that's correct.

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MR. SILVESTRI: Right. So again, it's based on whatever stressors might be on the pole as to the direction that it's going to fall? THE WITNESS (Burns): That's correct. MR. SILVESTRI: Great. Okay. Thank you.

THE WITNESS (Burns): You're welcome. MR. SILVESTRI: We had also mentioned, somebody had commented that, let's see, any other position on the property may require a taller 12 tower, so it is feasible that the locations can be 13 moved to another position on the property with a 14 taller tower. I kind of heard that early on in 15 questions that were asked. But from what I heard, 16 I believe if it goes in the southern direction you're going downhill so you would need a taller 18 tower, but the apparent drawback on that was, I'm not sure, it was either too close to other 20 neighbors or didn't give you any benefit, or could you explain that part of it?

22 THE WITNESS (Burns): From an 23 engineering standpoint, moving it further to the 24 south definitely decreases the elevation in the 25 ground. So what that would entail would be a

taller tower. You're actually getting closer to the wetlands which are located off the property to the south. In addition, your access drive is going to be longer and would be more of an impact to the trees and the area in terms of the limit of disturbance.

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MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you for that clarification. I wasn't quite sure what was mentioned before, but thank you.

THE WITNESS (Burns): You're welcome.

MR. SILVESTRI: And we talked a lot about 1160 Smith Ridge Road. And I'm under the impression that that might be the subject of a future proceeding. But with that, could a tower at 1160 be enhanced somehow to provide the needed coverage in the area that we're looking at?

THE WITNESS (Lavin): Martin Lavin, C Squared. The configuration I looked at, 146, was optimized to try to reach over to the area that the proposed site covers, and that's as much as it could do even at the height where 146 is awfully high and probably not terribly realistic.

> MR. SILVESTRI: So the answer is no? THE WITNESS (Lavin): The answer is no. MR. SILVESTRI: All right. A slightly

different topic, but again related to coverage in the area. I believe there was a response to an interrogatory that talked about the small cells and why they might not necessarily be feasible. I'm kind of familiar with some operations that are looking at or possibly using small cells but with a smaller tower. Would a small cell small tower arrangement work for this area?

9 THE WITNESS (Lavin): No, it wouldn't. 10 The coverage would be greatly diminished. It's a 11 matter of height. If we're talking about utility 12 pole type things, it basically offers us a ribbon 13 of coverage along the roads. It's a lot of 14 I know the -- I believe Centerline in towers. 15 their report kind of dismissed it as being every 16 one of those would only cover about 5 percent of 17 what the macro site covers. So you're talking 18 about a profusion of smallish towers all over town 19 instead of one tower that is pretty small to start with instead of having 20 of them spread all over 20 21 in front of people's -- all over town on 22 residential streets instead of having one in one 23 place that isn't much more visible, I think, than these would be.

> Thank you for Okay. MR. SILVESTRI:

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the response. Along that line, if small cells wouldn't work with a smaller tower, I'm going to parallel to what Elon Musk is doing with his satellite system. Could satellite systems work in this area to provide you coverage? And parallel with that, I just saw another article that I believe South Korea was launching some type of cellular balloons that are floating around to provide coverage. Anything like that fit or possibly work here?

11 THE WITNESS (Lavin): No. Aerial 12 platforms have been -- I've been in business for 13 30 years, and we've been hearing about them for 30 14 They cover -- they don't fly in bad years. 15 weather. They cover vast areas and in places that 16 have no connectivity at all in areas of Africa, 17 South America that have very little populations, 18 but over a huge area there is some potential for 19 that to be useful, but in this case it really 20 couldn't be. It's just the density here does not lend itself, and all those things tend to run into all sorts of trouble along the way and never really fulfill what they say they're going to do.

In terms of satellites, I know Iridium came out -- they are still functioning under

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government subsidies. Their time on the network is probably a dollar or two a minute, the phones are probably \$1,500, and all they do is voice, and they went bankrupt.

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Satellites can't bring the density into here. I know Elon Musk says he will, but he's getting his first few up there. What he's envisioned is a lot of satellites going up every day, a lot of satellites deorbiting, crashing to the ground every day. It's a huge undertaking, and it's not something that's going to solve this problem any time soon.

MR. SILVESTRI: I appreciate your information. Thank you. One last question I have is kind of a follow-up from Mr. Hannon. Mr. Hannon asked what the impact was with St. Luke's School not being in session. I want to go slightly the other way. During the pandemic more people have been working from home either via phone, via computer, students, of course, transition to online learning, virtual type learning. How has service been affected?

THE WITNESS (Lavin): I don't have any data, but my general experience has been that everything has kind of moved around temporarily

emphasizing the need for coverage in areas where in this case we have the school and the residential areas. Now the coverage is needed for both, even when they're not as close together as these two are. There has been disruption and some of the patterns are just completely changed, and operators are struggling with capacity planning based on the fact that in the middle of March everything moved around completely and trends that were very reliable became very unreliable, and areas that weren't having trouble suddenly were, areas that had been very high density in industrial parks and schools suddenly became very auiet. Mostly it's shown them the necessity to have coverage everywhere you can because you never know where the demand is going to decamp from and then show up in a week's time.

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MR. SILVESTRI: So would congestion that would happen either slow speeds down or dropped calls, again, what type of impact are you looking at?

THE WITNESS (Lavin): 95 plus percent of the traffic is probably data these days. The biggest impact would be the slowing down, people trying to work remotely while everyone else is

1 trying to work remotely in an area that had weak 2 coverage to start with, and pretty soon maybe 3 nobody can get anything done. MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you. I don't 4 5 have any further questions, but I just want to go 6 back to our Council members just to see if they 7 have any, as well as our siting analyst. 8 Mr. Perrone, do you have any follow-ups 9 that you'd like to pose? 10 MR. PERRONE: No, sir, I don't. 11 MR. SILVESTRI: Very good. Thank you. 12 Mr. Morissette, anything further at 13 this point? 14 MR. MORISSETTE: No, thank you. I'm 15 all set. 16 MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you also. 17 Mr. Harder? 18 MR. HARDER: No, nothing further. 19 Thanks. 20 MR. SILVESTRI: Okay. Mr. Hannon? 21 MR. HANNON: I have nothing. 22 MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you. 23 Ms. Guliuzza? 24 No. Thank you, MS. GULIUZZA: 25 Mr. Chair.

1 MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you. Mr. 2 Edelson? 3 MR. EDELSON: Nothing further. Thank 4 you. 5 MR. SILVESTRI: Very good. Okay. Very 6 Thank you all. qood. 7 I'd like to continue with 8 cross-examination of the applicants by the 9 Soundview Neighbors Group. Attorney Cannavino, 10 are you ready to go? 11 MR. CANNAVINO: I'm ready to go. 12 MR. SILVESTRI: Awesome. Thank you, 13 sir. 14 MR. CANNAVINO: I've switched off my 15 video because I noticed you couldn't see me 16 anyway. 17 MR. SILVESTRI: Yeah, there was a lot 18 of light behind you. 19 MR. CANNAVINO: A lot of light behind 20 me. I'll have to work on that. 21 CROSS-EXAMINATION 22 MR. CANNAVINO: I'd like to first, just 23 a couple of follow-up questions to the questions 24 that were just being asked about moving the tower 25 further to the south. And there was a suggestion

1 that there was a problem with the elevation if it 2 was moved to the south. Who was the witness who 3 was testifying to that? Have I got an applicant? 4 (Pause.) 5 THE WITNESS (Burns): Robert Burns from 6 APT. Sorry about the delay. 7 MR. CANNAVINO: That's okay. 8 Mr. Burns, have you read the submission that St. 9 Luke's submitted to the Siting Council recently? 10 THE WITNESS (Burns): I believe so. 11 yes. 12 MR. CANNAVINO: Did you read the 13 following paragraph which was near the end of 14 their submission, "According to the St. Luke's 15 analysis, if the tower were located 90 feet from 16 the street and side property lines, as outlined 17 above, the approximate ground level elevation at the base of the tower would be 502.5. As 18 19 currently proposed, the tower is at an elevation 20 of approximately 503.2. Thus, there would be an 21 insignificant 0.7 foot reduction in elevation of 22 the tower. Relocating the tower as described 23 would therefore pose no meaningful change to the 24 potential performance and service radius of the 25 facility." Did you read that?

1 THE WITNESS (Burns): Yes, sir, and I 2 believe when I testified before I got my 3 directions mixed up. I meant to the east, the further east we moved it. Moving it to the south 4 5 would be moving it closer to the home so --6 MR. CANNAVINO: So when you testified 7 that there are wetlands to the south, that was 8 also incorrect? 9 THE WITNESS (Burns): That was to the 10 east. 11 MR. CANNAVINO: That's to the east. So 12 there's no change in elevation with a move to the 13 south, correct? 14 THE WITNESS (Burns): Correct. 15 MR. CANNAVINO: And, in fact, the 16 tower, as currently proposed, is approximately, 17 what, 165 feet from the Richey residence? 18 THE WITNESS (Burns): The tower itself 19 is 318 feet from the Richey residence. 20 MR. CANNAVINO: And you're looking at, 21 what, the site plan? 22 THE WITNESS (Burns): I'm sorry, you're 23 right, 165. 24 MR. CANNAVINO: It's 308 feet from one 25 of the borders of the Richey property, correct?

1 THE WITNESS (Burns): That's correct, 2 yes, yes. 3 MR. CANNAVINO: So it's 165 feet? 4 THE WITNESS (Burns): Correct. 5 MR. CANNAVINO: Okay. I'd like to now 6 turn back to some of the RF issues that were 7 raised, so I think maybe it's a different witness. 8 THE WITNESS (Lavin): Martin Lavin, C 9 Squared. 10 MR. CANNAVINO: Yes. I'm directing 11 your attention to the technical report for this 12 proposed tower. Now, I don't know, I guess you 13 may have been involved in different aspects of 14 this report, so I'm not sure you're the right 15 witness. But Section 2 of the technical report 16 summarizes the site search that was conducted by 17 Homeland in connection with this tower. Do you 18 recall that? 19 THE WITNESS (Lavin): A page number on 20 that or --21 MR. CANNAVINO: It's Section 2 of the 22 technical report. 23 THE WITNESS (Lavin): Okay. 24 MR. CANNAVINO: Do you have it? 25 THE WITNESS (Lavin): Here we are.

1 MR. CANNAVINO: The pages aren't 2 numbered. It's just part of Section 2. And it 3 indicates that 23 different properties were 4 investigated as possible sites, correct? 5 THE WITNESS (Lavin): Yes. 6 MR. CANNAVINO: And 1160 Smith Ridge 7 Road with regard to which we've heard testimony 8 today was one of those sites, correct? 9 THE WITNESS (Lavin): That's correct. 10 MR. CANNAVINO: Now, Smith Ridge Road, 11 that is Route 123 in New Canaan, correct, or do 12 you know that? 13 THE WITNESS (Lavin): I am told that's 14 correct. 15 MR. CANNAVINO: You don't know that? 16 THE WITNESS (Lavin): I don't know the 17 route number. I do know Smith Ridge Road. 18 MR. CANNAVINO: Okay. You don't know 19 that State Route 123 is a major north/south 20 arterial? 21 THE WITNESS (Lavin): I know that Smith 22 Ridge Road is. I just offhand wasn't 100 percent 23 sure if that was Route 123. 24 MR. CANNAVINO: Were you aware that 25 there's another cell tower on that very same road

1 1.4 miles to the south at the New Canaan Country 2 Club? 3 THE WITNESS (Lavin): Yes. 4 MR. CANNAVINO: And there's another 5 tower to the north on that very same road in the 6 Town of Vista? 7 THE WITNESS (Lavin): In New York? 8 MR. CANNAVINO: Yes. 9 THE WITNESS (Lavin): Uh-huh. 10 MR. CANNAVINO: Correct? 11 THE WITNESS (Lavin): That's correct. 12 MR. CANNAVINO: And do you know the 13 level of traffic that occurs on State Route 123 or 14 Smith Ridge Road? 15 THE WITNESS (Lavin): Offhand I do not. 16 MR. CANNAVINO: Do you know what the 17 elevation is at 1160 Smith Ridge? 18 THE WITNESS (Lavin): It is 551 feet 19 AMSL plus or minus. 20 MR. CANNAVINO: And did you perform the 21 propagation analysis for this site? 22 THE WITNESS (Lavin): I did. 23 MR. CANNAVINO: And when you performed 24 that propagation analysis, did you utilize the 551 25 AMSL elevation?

1 THE WITNESS (Lavin): Yes. 2 MR. CANNAVINO: But if I look at your 3 propagation analysis, there's no reference whatsoever on your analysis to the elevation of 4 5 the alternate site. The only reference is to the 6 elevation of the proposed site. Do you see that? 7 THE WITNESS (Lavin): On the plots 8 submitted, yes. 9 MR. CANNAVINO: Pardon me? 10 THE WITNESS (Lavin): On the plots that 11 were submitted, yes. 12 MR. CANNAVINO: Now, this proposed 13 location at 1160 Smith Ridge is 50 feet higher 14 than the proposed site at 183 Soundview, approximately? 15 16 THE WITNESS (Lavin): 48 feet, I 17 believe, yes. 18 MR. CANNAVINO: And it's at 19 approximately the same latitude as the proposed 20 site, isn't it? 21 THE WITNESS (Lavin): I believe more or 22 less, roughly speaking. 23 MR. CANNAVINO: And the property itself, are you aware of the size of that parcel, 24 25 1160?

THE WITNESS (Lavin): I do not know the size of the parcel offhand. It's 2.02 acres according to the site search.

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MR. CANNAVINO: And it's bordered to the north by a vacant 4.08 parcel, correct?

THE WITNESS (Lavin): I do not know that. Perhaps Mr. Vergati does.

MR. CANNAVINO: Well, if I direct your attention back to the list you were just looking at, if you look at the second item that was being examined as a possible site, it's 1192 Smith Ridge Road. Do you see that?

THE WITNESS (Lavin): Yes.

MR. CANNAVINO: And 1192 Smith Ridge Road is contiguous to the north to 1160 Smith Ridge, are you aware of that?

THE WITNESS (Lavin): I believe they're in proximity to each other. I don't know if they're contiguous. Real estate is not my expertise.

MR. CANNAVINO: Okay. And the document that you were just looking at indicates that that's a 4.08 acre parcel, correct?

THE WITNESS (Lavin): Yes, it indicates
 that.

1 MR. CANNAVINO: And are you aware that 2 that parcel is a heavily wooded parcel that's 3 owned by the New Canaan Land Conservation Trust? 4 THE WITNESS (Lavin): I have no idea 5 what's on the parcel, no. 6 MR. CANNAVINO: Do you know whether 7 1160 is a heavily wooded parcel? 8 THE WITNESS (Lavin): No. I'm the RF 9 engineer. My antennas are up above the trees 10 so --11 MR. CANNAVINO: Okay. Are you aware 12 that the property is bordered to the west by a 13 large parcel of property owned by the Town of New 14 Canaan? THE WITNESS (Lavin): Again, real 15 16 estate is not my expertise so I --17 MR. CANNAVINO: So maybe is there somebody else who should answer that question? 18 19 THE WITNESS (Lavin): I believe 20 Mr. Vergati is in a better position. THE WITNESS (Vergati): Ray Vergati, 21 22 Homeland Towers. 23 MR. CANNAVINO: Yes, Mr. Vergati. Thank you. You're aware of the location of the 24 25 so-called Clark property, correct?

1 THE WITNESS (Vergati): I am aware. 2 MR. CANNAVINO: And you're aware that 3 that's approximately a 23.1 acre parcel that's 4 owned by the town? 5 THE WITNESS (Vergati): I know it's owned by the town. I don't have the exact acreage 6 7 in front of me. I can look at my alternate site, 8 but I'll trust you if you say it's 21 plus acres. 9 MR. CANNAVINO: Okay. And this was a 10 site that was previously looked at by Verizon as a 11 possible site for a tower, correct? 12 THE WITNESS (Vergati): That is correct 13 from my understanding. 14 MR. CANNAVINO: And your understanding 15 was that the problem was that there were wetlands, 16 correct? 17 THE WITNESS (Vergati): In addition to wetlands, there is a restrictive covenant, I 18 19 believe, on the property that precluded any 20 development for a cell tower. 21 MR. CANNAVINO: Well, we're not going 22 to go into that today because we're not talking 23 about that as an alternate location. But you are 24 aware that this is a very heavily wooded tract of 25 property, aren't you?

1 THE WITNESS (Vergati): I believe it's 2 wooded. I've not physically been on it, but just 3 looking at aerials I believe it's a wooded parcel. 4 MR. CANNAVINO: And have you looked at 5 1160 in terms of whether it provides an attractive 6 location for the placement of a tower that 7 wouldn't be visible to local residences? 8 THE WITNESS (Vergati): So, I've had 9 conversations with the owner of 1160 Smith Road. 10 I actually spoke with him, I guess, two years ago 11 or a year and a half ago about the property. 12 MR. CANNAVINO: No, I'm just asking you 13 now about have you looked at the property in terms 14 of its suitability for locating a tower that 15 wouldn't be visible to other residents? 16 THE WITNESS (Vergati): I can't make

17 that assumption or statement sitting here. The 18 only way to confirm that would be a visual 19 assessment typically done by our vendor to confirm 20 I do know that there are homes across the that. street on Smith Ridge Road. There's six of them. 21 22 And I know in your interrogatories you state that 23 no one will have a view of a tower on 1160 Smith 24 Ridge Road, and I don't know how you know that. 25 So all I can tell you is that, yes, it's a 2 acre

1 wooded parcel. It's surrounded by wooded parcels 2 to the north and the west, to the south, I 3 believe, but I can't sit here and tell you what 4 the visibility would look like. I have not been 5 to that property. I reached out to the landlord 6 and have asked him for me to come visit the 7 property so I can look at it firsthand. I'm still 8 waiting to hear back from the owner of 1160 on 9 that. 10 MR. CANNAVINO: I apologize. I had to 11 mute my mic because there was a phone ringing in 12 the background. I'm back. 1160 Smith Ridge is not bordered by a residential subdivision, is it? 13 14 THE WITNESS (Vergati): I don't believe it is. 15 16 MR. CANNAVINO: And it's not bordered 17 by a school? 18 THE WITNESS (Vergati): I don't believe 19 it is.

MR. CANNAVINO: And a propagation analysis has been prepared for that location, correct?

THE WITNESS (Vergati): A propagation
 analysis has been prepared for 1160 Smith Ridge
 Road, yes.

1 MR. CANNAVINO: And the results of that 2 propagation analysis are an attachment to the 3 applicants' response to interrogatories from 4 Mr. Wiley, correct? 5 THE WITNESS (Vergati): I believe so. б MR. CANNAVINO: And would there be a 7 different witness who would be testifying with 8 regard to the propagation analysis? 9 THE WITNESS (Vergati): Mr. Lavin from 10 C Squared is the RF engineer, and he would testify 11 as the authority. He commented on how that site, 12 even at 146, does not provide coverage to the 13 intended area in the northeast corner of --14 MR. CANNAVINO: I wasn't asking you --15 I'm asking you if you're the proper witness to 16 testify about the propagation analysis. 17 THE WITNESS (Vergati): No, I'm not. 18 I'm the real estate person. 19 MR. CANNAVINO: Can I please have that 20 witness, and I'll ask the question about that RF analysis. 21 22 Mr. Chairman? 23 MR. SILVESTRI: Sir.

MR. CANNAVINO: How late are we going?
 MR. SILVESTRI: I'd like to go no

further than like 5:05 to give enough time for people to get out. You don't have to rush to wrap up. We can always continue it the next time and have you on at that point.

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MR. CANNAVINO: I understand. I'll just ask a few more questions because, as you could probably sense, I am sort of rushing this. I didn't know how much time I had. But let me just finish this little line of inquiry, and then I can pick it up next time we're together.

MR. SILVESTRI: Sounds fine. Thank
 you, sir.

MR. CANNAVINO: Thank you. And now the current witness is going to be Mr. Lavin?

THE WITNESS (Lavin): Martin Lavin, C
 Squared Systems.

MR. CANNAVINO: Hello, Mr. Lavin.
 THE WITNESS (Lavin): Hello again.

¹⁹ MR. CANNAVINO: And the propagation ²⁰ analyses, which are attached to the answers to ²¹ interrogatories in the form of maps, you caused ²² these to be prepared, correct?

THE WITNESS (Lavin): Excuse me? I
 what? I prepared them, yes.

MR. CANNAVINO: Do you have those?

THE WITNESS (Lavin): Right in front of me, yes.

MR. CANNAVINO: Now, it is the case with respect to -- question withdrawn.

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With respect to 1160 Smith Ridge Road, you did not perform any type of a drive test analysis, correct?

THE WITNESS (Lavin): We did a drive test of coverage in the area that we used to calibrate our models to predict coverage, but we did not do a -- you're talking about a crane test or a CW test for coverage? No, we did not.

MR. CANNAVINO: Right. Now, a much more detailed test would be a crane test that would provide detailed information with respect to coverage from towers at various locations at 1160 Smith Ridge, correct?

THE WITNESS (Lavin): A very expensive way of doing things, and complicated, but you could test multiple locations there, yes.

MR. CANNAVINO: Did you do that for the
 proposed location at Soundview?

THE WITNESS (Lavin): We have not done the CW test there, no.

MR. CANNAVINO: So the only test you've

1 done there is a propagation analysis? 2 THE WITNESS (Lavin): We tested 3 existing coverage from the sites that are already 4 there to establish that there is a coverage gap 5 and to use that data to fine tune our model to do 6 predictions --7 MR. CANNAVINO: So the answer is you 8 have not done a drive test for the Soundview 9 location, correct? 10 THE WITNESS (Lavin): We have not done 11 a test antenna at that height at that location, 12 no. 13 MR. CANNAVINO: Now, isn't it the case 14 that a propagation analysis basically relies on 15 computer modeling, correct? 16 THE WITNESS (Lavin): That is correct. 17 MR. CANNAVINO: And it has a standard 18 deviation of approximately 8 to 10 dBm, correct? 19 THE WITNESS (Lavin): It can. (Audio 20 interruption). 21 MR. CANNAVINO: Now, you've read that 22 in the Centerline report, they make reference to 23 that margin of error, correct, do you remember 24 reading that? 25 THE WITNESS (Lavin): Yes, I do.

1 MR. CANNAVINO: And the suggestion from 2 Centerline, which performed the comprehensive 3 study of New Canaan, was that propagation analyses 4 should only be relied upon as sort of a guide. Do 5 you remember reading that? 6 THE WITNESS (Lavin): I don't have it 7 right in front of me but --8 MR. CANNAVINO: We can come back to 9 that the next time. So I'm about to run out of 10 time. 11 Now, with respect to the last 12 propagation analysis that you performed, which is 13 depicted on the very last page of the 14 interrogatory answers, you've testified previously 15 that that was for a tower at 146 AGL, correct? 16 THE WITNESS (Lavin): That is correct. 17 MR. CANNAVINO: And this propagation 18 analysis shows that a tower at 1160 Smith Ridge 19 would provide seamless coverage for all of Route 20 123 in New Canaan, doesn't it? 21 THE WITNESS (Lavin): At that height, 22 if we were ever actually able to build at that 23 height, it seems it would, yes. 24 MR. CANNAVINO: So the answer is yes? 25 THE WITNESS (Lavin): At 146 AGL, yes.

1 MR. CANNAVINO: And the proposed tower 2 at Soundview does not? 3 THE WITNESS (Lavin): That is correct. 4 MR. CANNAVINO: It also provides 5 coverage, that is at 146, it also provides 6 coverage to a number of the streets in the target 7 area of the proposed tower at Soundview, doesn't 8 it? 9 THE WITNESS (Lavin): To some of them 10 but not nearly enough. 11 MR. CANNAVINO: Well, I didn't ask you 12 To a number of them, doesn't it? that. 13 THE WITNESS (Lavin): How many is a 14 number? 15 MR. CANNAVINO: Well, let's go through 16 How about Soundview, complete and total them. 17 seamless coverage on Soundview? 18 THE WITNESS (Lavin): Yes, there's 19 existing coverage there. I don't have the 20 existing coverage right now. Some of the coverage 21 there is preexisting. 22 MR. CANNAVINO: You have the map 23 directly in front of you, and you see the 24 proposed, see the yellow star, that is the 25 proposed location, correct?

1 THE WITNESS (Lavin): I put it there, 2 so yes I know. 3 MR. CANNAVINO: Yes. And we can see 4 that there is seamless coverage all along 5 Soundview, can't we, in fact, it's all green in 6 there? 7 THE WITNESS (Lavin): Yes, there is. 8 MR. CANNAVINO: And we see that there's 9 seamless coverage on Briscoe Road to the north, 10 isn't there? 11 THE WITNESS (Lavin): Yes, there is. 12 MR. CANNAVINO: There isn't seamless 13 coverage on Briscoe Road from the proposed 14 location to Soundview, is there? 15 THE WITNESS (Lavin): No, there is not. 16 MR. CANNAVINO: And there's coverage on 17 Lantern Ridge, isn't there? 18 THE WITNESS (Lavin): There is coverage 19 on Lantern Ridge, yes. 20 MR. CANNAVINO: And there's coverage on 21 Bald Hill? 22 THE WITNESS (Lavin): Not continuous, 23 but coverage. 24 MR. CANNAVINO: And there's coverage on 25 South Bald Hill, correct?

1 THE WITNESS (Lavin): Are you referring 2 to Bald Hill or South Bald Hill? 3 MR. CANNAVINO: South Bald Hill. 4 THE WITNESS (Lavin): But not 5 continuous. б MR. CANNAVINO: And there's coverage on 7 North Wilton Road, correct, but not continuous? 8 THE WITNESS (Lavin): North of Wilton? 9 MR. CANNAVINO: North Wilton Road. 10 THE WITNESS (Lavin): Yes, there is. 11 MR. CANNAVINO: And there's an area of 12 North Wilton Road where there is no coverage, 13 that's in white, correct? 14 THE WITNESS (Lavin): I believe so, 15 yes. 16 MR. CANNAVINO: And are you aware that 17 there are no residents in that area of North 18 Wilton Road? 19 THE WITNESS (Lavin): No, I'm not aware 20 of that. 21 MR. CANNAVINO: Are you aware that that 22 area of North Wilton Road is a steeply descending 23 road that goes down to a crossing between the two 24 reservoirs? 25 THE WITNESS (Lavin): I'm not aware of

that.

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2 MR. CANNAVINO: And you're not aware of 3 whether there are residents at all, correct? 4 THE WITNESS (Lavin): The presence or 5 absence of them I don't know, no. 6 MR. CANNAVINO: Okay. And of the 7 streets in the coverage area for the proposed 8 facility, which ones are not provided any coverage 9 by the tower at 1160? 10 THE WITNESS (Lavin): I believe we 11 reviewed this earlier. We can get some more --12 MR. CANNAVINO: I think you mentioned 13 earlier Briscoe Road was one of those roads. Do 14 you remember mentioning that? Your testimony was 15 that there was no coverage on Briscoe Road. Do 16 you remember that testimony earlier? 17 THE WITNESS (Lavin): Not in regards to 18 146, as I recall. 19 MR. CANNAVINO: And you testified South 20 Bald Hill was another area, correct, or do you 21 remember that? 22 THE WITNESS (Lavin): It was in 23 conjunction with a lower height, I believe, at 24 that same location, 81, 106 and 146. 25 MR. CANNAVINO: Okay, but at 146 there

1 is complete coverage of all of Briscoe Road, 2 correct? 3 THE WITNESS (Lavin): Yes, there is. 4 MR. CANNAVINO: And a tower at 1160 5 would provide excellent hand-off coverage from the 6 tower at the country club on 123 and from the 7 tower in Vista, wouldn't it? 8 THE WITNESS (Lavin): Yes, it would. 9 MR. CANNAVINO: And it would provide 10 seamless coverage for all persons traveling on 11 this state highway, wouldn't it? 12 THE WITNESS (Lavin): That's how the 13 coverage looks, yes. 14 MR. CANNAVINO: But that wouldn't 15 happen with a tower at Soundview, would it? 16 THE WITNESS (Lavin): No, but it's not 17 one of our coverage objectives so --18 MR. CANNAVINO: Oh, that was not a 19 coverage objective? 20 THE WITNESS (Lavin): No, it was not. 21 MR. CANNAVINO: Well, you claim in your 22 report that incremental coverage from the tower at 23 Soundview provided coverage for one half mile of 24 major road. Do you remember that? 25 THE WITNESS (Lavin): Main roads, yes.

1 MR. CANNAVINO: Where is that main 2 road? 3 THE WITNESS (Lavin): I can get the 4 information to you. I don't have it right in 5 front of me which road that is. MR. CANNAVINO: Mr. Chairman? 6 7 MR. SILVESTRI: Sir. 8 MR. CANNAVINO: This might be a 9 convenient place to stop. 10 MR. SILVESTRI: Sounds good to me, 11 counselor. Thank you. 12 MR. CANNAVINO: Thank you, sir. 13 MR. SILVESTRI: All right. The Siting 14 Council will recess until 6:30 p.m., at which time 15 we will commence the public comment session of 16 this remote public hearing. And thank you all for 17 your participation, and enjoy your supper. Thank 18 you. 19 (Whereupon, the witnesses were excused 20 and the above proceedings were adjourned at 5:03 21 p.m.) 22 23 24 25

CERTIFICATE OF REMOTE HEARING

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3 I hereby certify that the foregoing 131 pages 4 are a complete and accurate computer-aided 5 transcription of my original stenotype notes taken 6 of the HEARING HELD BY REMOTE ACCESS IN RE: 7 DOCKET NO. 487, HOMELAND TOWERS, LLC AND NEW 8 CINGULAR WIRELESS PCS, LLC d/b/a AT&T APPLICATION 9 FOR A CERTIFICATE OF ENVIRONMENTAL COMPATIBILITY 10 AND PUBLIC NEED FOR THE CONSTRUCTION, MAINTENANCE, 11 AND OPERATION OF A TELECOMMUNICATIONS FACILITY 12 LOCATED AT 183 SOUNDVIEW LANE, NEW CANAAN, 13 CONNECTICUT, which was held before ROBERT 14 SILVESTRI, PRESIDING OFFICER, on July 9, 2020. 15 16 Tisa Wallel 17 18 Lisa L. Warner, CSR 061 19 Court Reporter A PLUS REPORTING SERVICE 20 55 WHITING STREET, SUITE 1A PLAINVILLE, CONNECTICUT 06062 21 22 23 24 25

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