

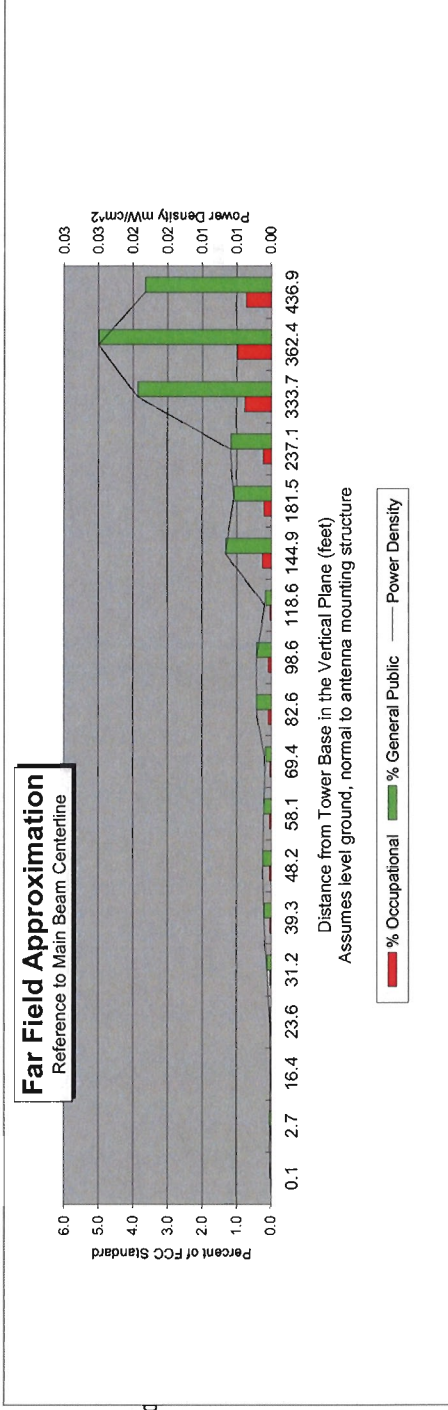
Far Field Approximation  
with downtilt variation

**Estimated Radiated Emission**  
**Single Emitter Far Field Model**  
**Dipole / Wire/ Yagi Antenna Types**



Location:	MERIDEN CT RELO
Site #:	
Date:	04/18/14
Name:	Jaime Laredo
File Name:	MERIDEN RELO, CT (LTE-700)

Operating Freq. (MHz)	751.0
Antenna Height (ft):	80.0
Antenna Gain (dBi):	13.6
Antenna Size (in.):	72.7
Downtilt (degrees):	8.0
Feedline Loss (dB):	0.0
Power @ J4 (w):	714.0



This approximation is only valid in the far field, which begins at: **65.7 Feet**

Enter Main Beam  
Distance in feet below:

Calc Angle	90.0	88.0	78.0	73.0	68.0	63.0	58.0	53.0	48.0	43.0	38.0	33.0	28.0	23.0	18.0	13.0	12.0	10.0
Solve for r, dx to antenna	77.0	77.0	78.7	80.5	83.1	86.4	90.8	96.4	103.7	112.9	125.1	141.4	164.1	197.2	249.3	342.5	370.5	443.6
Distance from Antenna Structure Base in Horizontal plane	0.1	2.7	16.4	23.6	31.2	39.3	48.2	58.1	69.4	82.6	98.6	118.6	144.9	181.5	237.1	333.7	362.4	#NUM!
Angle from Main Beam (reference to horizontal plane)	90	80	70	65	60	55	50	45	40	35	30	25	20	15	10	5	4	2
dB down from centerline (referenced to centerline)	36.76	34.35	38.52	35.34	29.54	26.8	25.59	25.63	25.99	21.21	20.29	23.24	13.03	12.3	9.92	2	0.2	0
Reflection Coefficient (1 to 4, 2.56 typical)	2.56	2.56	2.56	2.56	2.56	2.56	2.56	2.56	2.56	2.56	2.56	2.56	2.56	2.56	2.56	2.56	2.56	2.56
Power Density (mW/cm²)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.02	#NUM!
Percent of Occupational Standard	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.8	1.0	0.7
Percent of General Population Standard	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.4	0.2	1.3	1.1	1.2	3.9	5.0	3.6

Antenna Type LNX-6514DS-VTM  
Max% 4.99%

Instructions:

- 1) Fill in Site Location, Site number, Date, Name of Person Responsible for Date, and enter File Name to be saved as.
- 2) References to J4 refer to a point where the transmission line exits the equipment shelter and proceeds to the antenna(s). There is typically a connector located here where power measurements are made.
- 3) Enter Antenna Height (in feet to bottom of antenna), Antenna Gain (expressed as dBi), Antenna Size (vertical size in inches), Downtilt (in Degrees, enter zero if none), Feedline loss from J4 to Antenna, and J4 Pt.
- 4) From manufacturer's plots, or data sheet, input Angle from mainbeam and dB below mainbeam centerline.
- 5) Enter Reflection coefficient (2.56 would be typical, 1 for free space)
- 6) Spreadsheet calculates actual power density, then relates as Occupational or General Population percentage of FCC Standard.
- 7) An odd distance may be entered in the rightmost column of the lower table.

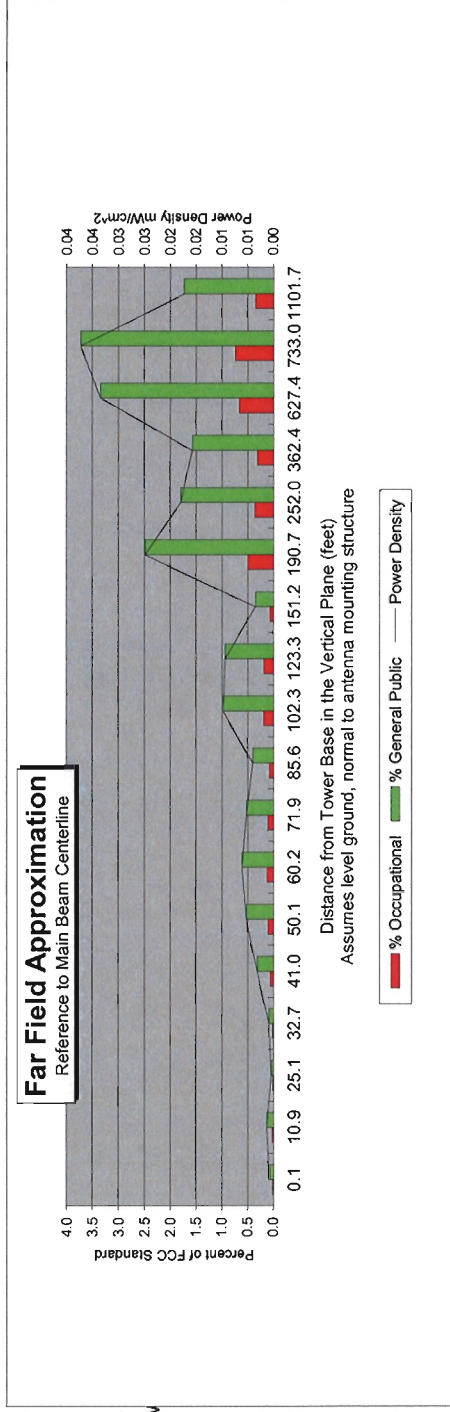
Far Field Approximation  
with downtilt variation

**Estimated Radiated Emission  
Single Emitter Far Field Model  
Dipole / Wire/ Yagi Antenna Types**



Location:	MERIDEN CT RELO
Site #:	
Date:	04/18/14
Name:	Jaime Laredo
File Name:	MERIDEN RELO, CT (LTE-AW

Operating Freq. (MHz)	2120.0
Antenna Height (ft)	80.0
Antenna Gain (dBi)	17.1
Antenna Size (in.)	74.9
Downtilt (degrees)	2.0
Feedline Loss (dB)	0.0
Power @ J4 (w)	1897.0



This approximation is only valid in the far field, which begins at: **69.6 Feet**

Enter Main Beam  
Distance in feet below:

Calc Angle	90.0	82.0	72.0	67.0	62.0	57.0	52.0	47.0	42.0	37.0	32.0	27.0	22.0	17.0	12.0	7.0	6.0	4.0
Solve for r, dx to antenna	77.0	77.8	81.0	83.7	87.2	91.8	97.7	105.3	115.1	128.0	145.4	169.7	205.6	263.5	370.5	632.1	737.0	1104.4
Distance from Antenna Structure Base in Horizontal plane	0.1	10.9	25.1	32.7	41.0	50.1	60.2	71.9	85.6	102.3	123.3	151.2	190.7	252.0	362.4	627.4	733.0	#NUM!
Angle from Main Beam (reference to horizontal plane)	90	80	70	65	60	55	50	45	40	35	30	25	20	15	10	5	4	2
dB down from centerline (referenced to centerline)	36.76	34.35	38.52	35.34	29.54	26.8	25.59	25.63	25.99	21.21	20.29	23.24	13.03	12.3	9.92	2	0.2	0
Reflection Coefficient (1 to 4, 2.56 typical)	2.56	2.56	2.56	2.56	2.56	2.56	2.56	2.56	2.56	2.56	2.56	2.56	2.56	2.56	2.56	2.56	2.56	2.56
Power Density (mW/cm²)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.03	0.04	0.02
Percent of Occupational Standard	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.7	0.7	0.3
Percent of General Population Standard	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.3	0.5	0.6	0.5	0.4	1.0	0.9	0.3	2.5	1.8	1.6	3.3	3.7	1.7

Antenna Type HBXX-6517DS-VTM  
Max% 3.72%

Instructions:

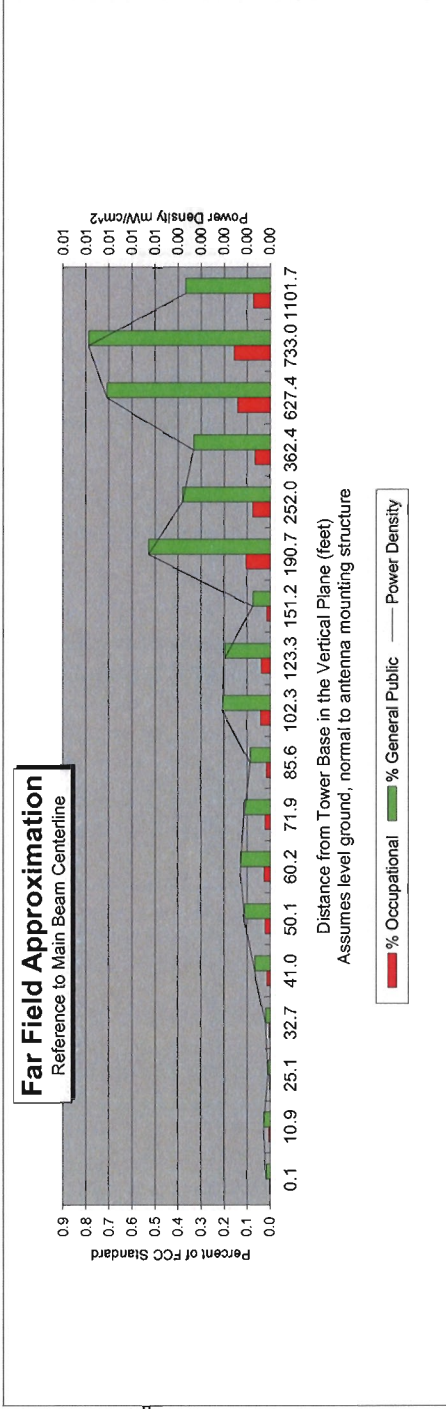
- 1) Fill in Site Location, Site number, Date, Name of Person Responsible for Date, and enter File Name to be saved as.
- 2) References to J4 refer to a point where the transmission line exits the equipment shelter and proceeds to the antenna(s). There is typically a connector located here where power measurements are made.
- 3) Enter Antenna Height (in feet to bottom of antenna), Antenna Gain (expressed as dBi), Antenna Size (vertical size in inches), Downtilt (in Degrees, enter zero if none), Feedline loss from J4 to Antenna, and J4 Pt.
- 4) From manufacturer's plots, or data sheet, input Angle from mainbeam and dB below mainbeam centerline.
- 5) Enter Reflection coefficient (2.56 would be typical, 1 for free space)
- 6) Spreadsheet calculates actual power density, then relates as Occupational or General Population percentage of FCC Standard.
- 7) An odd distance may be entered in the rightmost column of the lower table.

Far Field Approximation  
with downtilt variation

**Estimated Radiated Emission  
Single Emitter Far Field Model  
Dipole / Wire/ Yagi Antenna Types**



Location:	MERIDEN CT RELO
Site #:	
Date:	04/18/14
Name:	Jaime Laredo
File Name:	MERIDEN RELO, CT (PCS) - F
Operating Freq. (MHz)	1973.8
Antenna Height (ft):	80.0
Antenna Gain (dBi):	16.4
Antenna Size (in.):	74.9
Downtilt (degrees):	2.0
Feedline Loss (dB):	0.0
Power @ J4 (w):	469.0



This approximation is only valid in the far field, which begins at: **69.6 Feet**

Enter Main Beam  
Distance in feet below:

Calc Angle	90.0	82.0	72.0	67.0	62.0	57.0	52.0	47.0	42.0	37.0	32.0	27.0	22.0	17.0	12.0	7.0	6.0	4.0
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Distance from Antenna Structure Base in Horizontal plane	0.1	10.9	25.1	32.7	41.0	50.1	60.2	71.9	85.6	102.3	123.3	151.2	190.7	252.0	362.4	627.4	733.0	#NUM!
Angle from Main Beam (reference to horizontal plane)	90	80	70	65	60	55	50	45	40	35	30	25	20	15	10	5	4	2
dB down from centerline (referenced to centerline)	36.76	34.35	38.52	35.34	29.54	26.8	25.59	25.63	25.99	21.21	20.29	23.24	13.03	12.3	9.92	2	0.2	0
Reflection Coefficient (1 to 4, 2.56 typical)	2.56	2.56	2.56	2.56	2.56	2.56	2.56	2.56	2.56	2.56	2.56	2.56	2.56	2.56	2.56	2.56	2.56	2.56
Power Density (mW/cm²)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.00
Percent of Occupational Standard	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1
Percent of General Population Standard	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.7	0.8	0.4

Antenna Type HBXX-6517DS-VTM  
Max% 0.79%

Instructions:

- 1) Fill in Site Location, Site number, Date, Name of Person Responsible for Date, and enter File Name to be saved as.
- 2) References to J4 refer to a point where the transmission line exits the equipment shelter and proceeds to the antenna(s). There is typically a connector located here where power measurements are made.
- 3) Enter Antenna Height (in feet to bottom of antenna), Antenna Gain (expressed as dBi), add 2.17 to dBd to obtain dBi), Antenna Size (vertical size in inches), Downtilt (in Degrees, enter zero if none), Feedline loss from J4 to Antenna, and J4 P.
- 4) From manufacturer's plots, or data sheet, input Angle from mainbeam and dB below mainbeam centerline.
- 5) Enter Reflection coefficient (2.56 would be typical, 1 for free space)
- 6) Spreadsheet calculates actual power density, then relates as Occupational or General Population percentage of FCC Standard.
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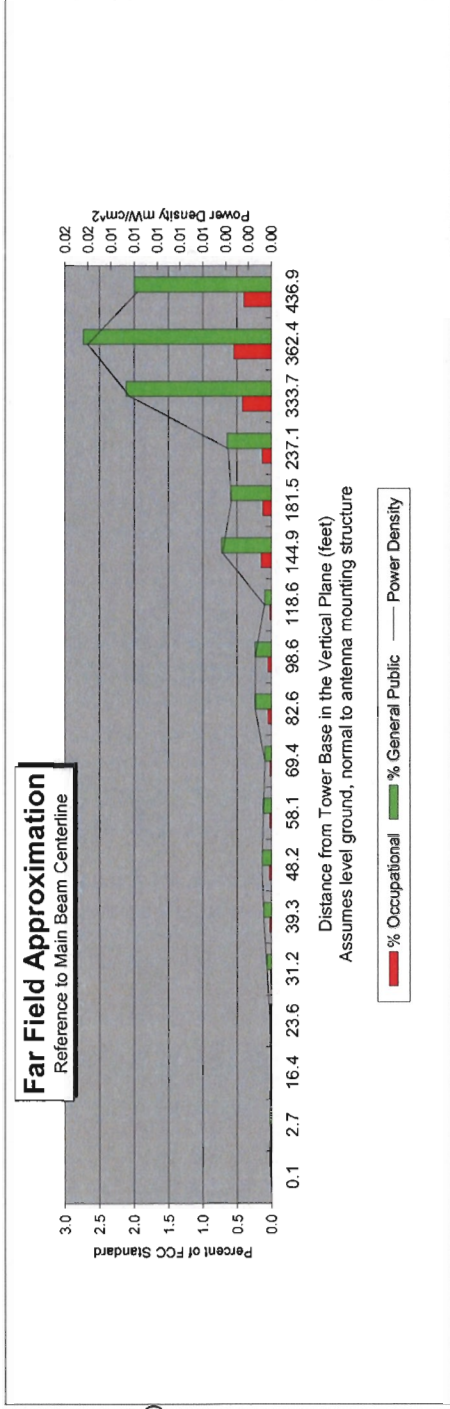
Far Field Approximation  
with downtilt variation

**Estimated Radiated Emission**  
**Single Emitter Far Field Model**  
**Dipole / Wire/ Yagi Antenna Types**



Location:	MERIDEN CT RELO
Site #:	
Date:	04/18/14
Name:	Jaime Laredo
File Name:	MERIDEN RELO, CT (Cellular)

Operating Freq. (MHz)	878.5
Antenna Height (ft)	80.0
Antenna Gain (dB)	14.2
Antenna Size (in.)	72.7
Downtilt (degrees)	8.0
Feedline Loss (dB)	0.0
Power @ J4 (w)	399.0



This approximation is only valid in the far field, which begins at: **65.7 Feet**

Enter Main Beam  
Distance in feet below:

Calc Angle	90.0	88.0	80.0	78.0	73.0	68.0	63.0	58.0	53.0	48.0	43.0	38.0	33.0	28.0	23.0	18.0	13.0	12.0	10.0
Solve for r, dx to antenna	77.0	77.0	78.7	80.5	83.1	86.4	88.4	90.8	96.4	103.7	112.9	125.1	141.4	164.1	197.2	249.3	342.5	370.5	443.6
Distance from Antenna Structure Base in Horizontal plane	0.1	2.7	16.4	23.6	31.2	39.3	48.2	58.1	69.4	82.6	98.6	118.6	144.9	181.5	237.1	333.7	362.4	436.9	#NUM!
Angle from Main Beam (reference to horizontal plane)	90	80	70	65	60	55	50	45	40	35	30	25	20	15	10	5	4	2	0
dB down from centerline (referenced to centerline)	36.76	34.35	38.52	35.34	29.54	26.8	25.59	25.63	25.99	21.21	20.29	23.24	13.03	12.3	9.92	2	0.2	0	0
Reflection Coefficient (1 to 4, 2.56 typical)	2.56	2.56	2.56	2.56	2.56	2.56	2.56	2.56	2.56	2.56	2.56	2.56	2.56	2.56	2.56	2.56	2.56	2.56	2.56
Power Density (mW/cm²)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.02	0.01
Percent of Occupational Standard	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.4	0.5	0.4
Percent of General Population Standard	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.7	0.6	0.6	2.1	2.7	2.0

Antenna Type LNX-6514DS-VTM  
Max% 2.73%

Instructions:

- 1) Fill in Site Location, Site number, Date, Name of Person Responsible for Date, and enter File Name to be saved as.
- 2) References to J4 refer to a point where the transmission line exits the equipment shelter and proceeds to the antenna(s). There is typically a connector located here where power measurements are made.
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- 4) From manufacturer's plots, or data sheet, input Angle from mainbeam and dB below mainbeam centerline.
- 5) Enter Reflection coefficient (2.56 would be typical, 1 for free space)
- 6) Spreadsheet calculates actual power density, then relates as Occupational or General Population percentage of FCC Standard.
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