STATE OF CONNECTICUT SITING COUNCIL

CONNECTICUT LIGHT AND POWER CO.

* JULY 31, 2012 (11:05 a.m.)

* PETITION NO. 424

APPLICATION FOR A CERTIFICATE OF ENVIRONMENTAL COMPATIBILITY AND PUBLIC NEED FOR THE CONNECTICUT

PORTION OF THE INTERSTATE RELIABILITY PROJECT THAT TRAVERSES

THE MUNICIPALITIES OF LEBANON, COLUMBIA, COVENTRY, MANSFIELD,

CHAPLIN, HAMPTON, BROOKLYN, POMFRET, * KILLINGLY, PUTNAM, THOMPSON, AND WINDHAM, WHICH CONSISTS OF (A) NEW OVERHEAD 345-kV ELECTRIC

TRANSMISSION LINES AND ASSOCIATED FACILITIES EXTENDING BETWEEN CL&P'S * CARD STREET SUBSTATION IN THE TOWN OF LEBANON, LAKE ROAD SWITCHING STATION IN THE TOWN OF KILLINGLY, AND THE CONNECTICUT/RHODE ISLAND

BORDER IN THE TOWN OF THOMPSON; AND * (B) RELATED ADDITIONS AT CL&P'S EXISTING CARD STREET SUBSTATION, LAKE ROAD SWITCHING STATION, AND KILLINGLY SUBSTATION, REQUEST FOR PARTY/INTERVENOR STATUS.

REQUEST FOR CONTINUANCE.

BEFORE: COLIN TAIT, CHAIRMAN

BOARD MEMBERS: Larry P. Levesque, DPUC Designee

Edward S. Wilensky

Dr. Barbara Currier Bell

Philip Ashton Daniel Lynch, Jr. Brian Golembiewski

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Christina Walsh, Siting Analyst Melanie Bachman, Staff Attorney

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1 . . . Verbatim proceedings of a hearing 2 before the State of Connecticut Siting Council in the 3 matter of an Application by The Connecticut Light and Power Company for a Certificate of Environmental 5 Compatibility and Public Need, held at the Central Connecticut State University, 185 Main Street, New 6 7 Britain, Connecticut, on July 31, 2012 at 11:05 a.m., at 8 which time the parties were represented as hereinbefore 9 set forth . . . 10 11 12 VICE CHAIRMAN COLIN TAIT: Ladies and 13 gentlemen, this hearing is called to order this Tuesday, 14 July 31st, 2012 at 11:05 a.m. My name is Colin C. Tait, 15 Vice Chairman of the Connecticut Siting Council. Other 16 members of the Council are Brian Golembiewski, designee 17 for Commissioner Dan Esty, Department of Environmental --18 Energy and Environmental Protection; Larry P. Levesque, 19 designee for Chairman Arthur House, Public Utilities 20 Regulatory Authority; Philip T. Ashton; Daniel P. Lynch, 21 Jr., and Dr. Barbara C. Bell. Members of the staff are Linda Roberts, 22 23 Executive Director; Melanie Bachman, Staff Attorney; 24 Christina Walsh, Supervising Siting Analyst; Court

1	Reporter, Gail Gregoriades; and the Audio Technician is
2	Aaron DeMarest.
3	This hearing is a continuation of the
4	evidentiary hearing evidentiary portion of the
5	proceedings that began on June 4th on CL&P's proposed
6	Interstate Reliability Project. We will proceed in
7	accordance with a prepared agenda, copies of which are
8	available here.
9	A verbatim transcript will be made of each
10	hearing session and all hearing transcripts will be
11	deposited with the Town Clerk offices of the effected
12	towns for the convenience of the public. I wish to call
13	your attention to those items shown in the hearing
14	program marked as Roman numeral ID, items 20 and ID item
15	39.
16	Does the applicant or any party or
17	intervenor have an objection to the item that the Council
18	has administratively noticed? Hearing no objections,
19	they'll be noticed.
20	CL&P sent in additional exhibits. Can the
21	applicant please begin by numbering the exhibits of the
22	filings you've made in this matter and make your request
23	for administrative notice in existing documents and
24	verify all exhibits by appropriate witnesses?

1	MR. ANTHONY FITZGERALD: Good morning.
2	COURT REPORTER: Is your microphone on?
3	MR. FITZGERALD: Well, it was green, I
4	pushed, push. Anything else? Good morning. The first
5	highlighted item in the hearing program is administrative
6	notice item number 25 under the items of which CL&P has
7	asked that administrative notice be taken. I ask that
8	the Council take administrative notice of that report,
9	which is a presentation by ISO New England to the
10	Connecticut Energy Advisory Board.
11	VICE CHAIRMAN TAIT: What page of the
12	program does that appear on?
13	MR. FITZGERALD: Page 11.
14	VICE CHAIRMAN TAIT: Page 11. Any
15	objections to administrative notice of item 25? Hearing
16	none, it'll be so noticed.
17	MR. FITZGERALD: Now, if it pleases the
18	panel, or the Council, I'd like to proceed to the items
19	that are going to be sponsored by this non-need panel.
20	So I won't be taking everything right in order. We'll
21	first of all finish up with them and then we'll go on to
22	the need panel. There are some other matters that are
23	VICE CHAIRMAN TAIT: Do you think we're up
24	to it?

1 MR.	FITZGERALD:	Ι	do,	Ι	do.	
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- 2 VICE CHAIRMAN TAIT: Lead us by the hand
- 3 then.
- 4 MR. FITZGERALD: Okay. The first thing
- 5 that I would like to deal with is Exhibit 23 for
- 6 identification, which appears at the bottom of page 12 of
- 7 the hearing program. This is a transmittal letter and
- 8 several items that were asked for at the last hearing.
- 9 And I will ask the panel whether this transmittal letter
- 10 and its enclosures --
- 11 VICE CHAIRMAN TAIT: Excuse me. Are these
- 12 new witnesses?
- MR. FITZGERALD: -- no. All of these
- 14 witnesses have been previously sworn.
- 15 VICE CHAIRMAN TAIT: Thank you.
- 16 MR. FITZGERALD: Yeah, Tony testified. So
- I would ask the panel if the items listed under Exhibit
- 18 23, which had previously been submitted, are true and
- 19 correct to the best of your knowledge and belief?
- MS. LOUISE MANGO: That is true.
- MR. JOHN CASE: Yes, that is true.
- MR. ROBERT CARBERRY: Yes.
- MR. FITZGERALD: I ask that Exhibit 23 be
- 24 admitted as a full exhibit.

1	VICE CHAIRMAN TAIT: Are there any
2	objections? Hearing none, it's a full exhibit.
3	(Whereupon, Applicant CL&P Exhibit No. 23
4	was received into evidence as a full exhibit.)
5	MR. FITZGERALD: Now, Exhibit 24 is still
6	highlighted. This is the Applicant's agreement with
7	Highland Ridge, the cover letter and drawing. Now the
8	exhibit was actually qualified by Mr. Cage at page Mr.
9	Case at page 14 of the June 26th transcript, but I failed
10	to move it into evidence at that time, so it's still
11	highlighted. But all of the foundation questions have
12	been asked and answered, so I would ask that it be marked
13	as a full exhibit?
14	MR. FITZGERALD: Any objections?
15	Admitted.
16	(Whereupon, Applicant CL&P Exhibit No. 24
17	was received into evidence as a full exhibit.)
18	MR. FITZGERALD: Mr. Case, Exhibit 25 for
19	identification, is the detailed cost estimate for the
20	Mount Hope underground variation. Although you were
21	questioned about this exhibit at the last hearing by Mr.
22	Civie, there were no foundation questions asked about it
23	and it wasn't admitted into evidence. So I'll ask you
24	the foundation questions now. Does that document provide

1	 firet	\circ f	a 1 1	did	77011	nranara	that	document?
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- 2 MR. CASE: Yes I did.
- MR. FITZGERALD: And does it provide your
- 4 best estimate of the costs set forth in it based on your
- 5 training, experience, and knowledge, and the information
- 6 available?
- 7 MR. CASE: Yes it does.
- 8 MR. FITZGERALD: I ask that Exhibit 25 be
- 9 received as a full exhibit?
- 10 MR. FITZGERALD: Any objections? So
- 11 admitted.
- 12 (Whereupon, Applicant CL&P Exhibit No. 25
- was received into evidence as a full exhibit.)
- 14 MR. FITZGERALD: Exhibits 27 consists of
- 15 parts A through F, which are all photographs that were
- 16 testified about at the last hearing. And they were
- 17 actually admitted.
- 18 VICE CHAIRMAN TAIT: They certainly were
- 19 discussed.
- MR. FITZGERALD: Yes. And they were --
- VICE CHAIRMAN TAIT: I thought they were
- admitted.
- MR. FITZGERALD: -- and they were
- 24 admitted. I think we were asked to submit additional of

- 1 the 20 copies that serve the service list, which we did
- 2 afterwards. But -- and the reference is the June 26th
- 3 transcript at page 26, those are already in.
- 4 VICE CHAIRMAN TAIT: So we don't need to
- 5 do anything with item 27?
- 6 MR. FITZGERALD: Correct. And Exhibit 28
- 7 is a cover letter with two items in it, the Green Dragon
- 8 Day Care license and a supplemental direct testimony and
- 9 they're not separately numbered on the hearing program
- but I'll deal with them separately.
- Mr. Carberry, at the request of the
- 12 Council CL&P filed on July 10, 2012 copies of the license
- issued by the Connecticut Department of Public Health for
- 14 the Green Dragon Day Care, which is been marked as part
- 15 of CL&P 28 for identification. Was that copy that was
- submitted a copy of the document that was provided to
- 17 CL&P by the Department of Public Health as the license
- 18 for Green Dragon Day Care in response to a freedom of
- information request?
- MR. CARBERRY: Yes it is.
- MR. FITZGERALD: So I move that part of
- 22 Exhibit --
- 23 VICE CHAIRMAN TAIT: Would it be advisable
- to call it 28A?

- 1 MR. FITZGERALD: -- good. Let's call it 2 28A, and I move 28A as a full exhibit. 3 VICE CHAIRMAN TAIT: Any objections?
- 5 (Whereupon, Applicant CL&P Exhibit No. 28
- 6 was received into evidence as a full exhibit.)
- 7 MR. FITZGERALD: And while we're on the 8 subject of day care facilities has CL&P obtained any 9 further information about the status of day care
- 10 facilities along the right-of-way since we were last here
- on June 26th?

Admitted.

- MR. CARBERRY: Yes. There is a day care
- facility in Brooklyn at 350 Church Street. The
- 14 proprietor of that day care is Jacqueline Ben, and she
- 15 contacted us to let us know that she was moving from that
- location by the end of August and would no longer be
- operating as a day care facility.
- 18 VICE CHAIRMAN TAIT: What was the name of
- 19 that day care facility?
- 20 MR. CARBERRY: The Jacqueline Ben Day Care
- 21 Facility.
- MR. FITZGERALD: And did Mrs. Ben give you
- 23 any indication that the reason for her moving and going
- out of the day care business at that location had

1	anything to do with the project?
2	MR. CARBERRY: No, she did not.
3	MR. FITZGERALD: All right. Ms. Mango,
4	Mr. Carberry and Mr. Case, on July 10th CL&P filed your
5	supplemental direct testimony concerning comments of the
6	Department of Energy and Environmental Protection, which
7	appears here as part of Exhibit 28, which I think we'll
8	probably be calling Exhibit 28B. Did you prepare that
9	testimony?
10	MR. CARBERRY: Yes we did.
11	MS. MANGO: Yes.
12	MR. CASE: Yes.
13	MR. FITZGERALD: And do you have any
14	corrections or additions to that testimony?
15	MS. MANGO: I have only one addition and
16	that is that on pages four and five of Exhibit 28B our
17	comments referred to a pending application for a 401
18	water quality certification stream channel encroachment
19	permit that was to be filed with the Connecticut DEEP.
20	And in fact, that was filed with the DEEP on July 23rd.
21	MR. FITZGERALD: Mr. Carberry, do you have
22	an addition?
23	MR. CARBERRY: I would like to add only
24	that on the day that CL&P filed this marked up copy of

- 1 the DEEP letter, that I also sent that as a courtesy to
- 2 Fred Riese at the DEEP, that is the name at the bottom of
- 3 the letter and is responsible I think for most of the
- 4 content of that letter. And I offered it to him and he
- 5 responded by e-mail to me, with a short e-mail that
- 6 included comments, I do not disagree with any of your
- 7 comments. And the bottom line is that I can see the
- 8 logic in each of your responses and find them reasonable.
- 9 MR. FITZGERALD: And is the testimony,
- 10 that has been marked as Exhibit 28B, true and accurate to
- 11 the best of your knowledge and believe?
- MR. CASE: Yes it is.
- MR. CARBERRY: Yes.
- 14 MR. FITZGERALD: And I offer it as a full
- 15 exhibit?
- VICE CHAIRMAN TAIT: Does Louise have to
- say yes?
- MS. MANGO: Yes.
- 19 VICE CHAIRMAN TAIT: I don't want to leave
- 20 her out. Any objections? Admitted.
- 21 (Whereupon, Applicant CL&P Exhibit No. 28B
- 22 was received into evidence as a full exhibit.)
- MR. FITZGERALD: Mr. Case, Exhibit 25 for
- identification, going back a little bit here, no, wait a

1	minute, we already did that.
2	MR. TILLES: We've already done that.
3	MR. FITZGERALD: Right. Okay. And to my
4	left here is Mr. Johnson, who was sworn and who testified
5	at the last hearings, but because he came on the second
6	day I overlooked asking him about the interrogatory
7	answers for which he was responsible. So I'd like to put
8	them in.
9	Mr. Johnson, were you responsible for the
10	responses to questions two, 18, and 19 of the Council's
11	first set of interrogatories to CL&P, which are included
12	in the exhibit previously marked as CL&P Exhibit 9 for
13	identification?
14	MR. ANTHONY JOHNSON: Yes I am.
15	MR. FITZGERALD: And were you also
16	responsible for the response to question 40 of the
17	Council's second set of interrogatories, which has been
18	marked as Exhibit 15 for identification in this
19	proceeding?
20	MR. JOHNSON: Yes.
21	MR. FITZGERALD: And are those responses
22	true and correct to the best of your knowledge and
23	belief?

MR. JOHNSON: Yes they are.

1	MR. FITZGERALD: I move that those
2	specific pieces of Exhibits 15 and 19 be (indiscernible,
3	too far from mic.) nine and 15, yeah, that's right.
4	Okay. I'd just ask that those pieces of exhibits nine
5	and 15 be considered into evidence? We still have a few
6	more bits to go before the whole documents come in.
7	VICE CHAIRMAN TAIT: Admitted.
8	MR. FITZGERALD: Thank you. Just for the
9	record
10	VICE CHAIRMAN TAIT: So, these remain for
11	identification only?
12	MR. FITZGERALD: yeah. I think
13	questions
14	VICE CHAIRMAN TAIT: Nine and 15
15	MR. FITZGERALD: nine and 15 I think
16	there's still some more to come from the need witnesses.
17	VICE CHAIRMAN TAIT: Yeah.
18	MR. FITZGERALD: Okay. And that is it
19	VICE CHAIRMAN TAIT: I'm worried about
20	MR. FITZGERALD: for this panel.
21	VICE CHAIRMAN TAIT: I'm worried about
22	number 26.
23	MR. FITZGERALD: 26. Civie
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interrogatories set three --

1 VICE CHAIRMAN TAIT: Maybe in your grand 2 scheme of things --MR. FITZGERALD: -- no, let me not just 3 4 see if they are -- and set three consists of two 5 questions, one was previously -- the answer to number one 6 was previously sponsored by Mr. Carberry. Question two 7 is a need question, which will be answered -- or which 8 will be sponsored as soon as these folks leave and the 9 new panel comes in. 10 VICE CHAIRMAN TAIT: And question number 11 three? 12 MR. FITZGERALD: No, 26, set three --13 VICE CHAIRMAN TAIT: I'm sorry. 14 MR. FITZGERALD: -- there's only two. 15 There's two questions, although question number two has 16 two parts, A and B. 17 VICE CHAIRMAN TAIT: Okay. One which will 18 come under need later? 19 MR. FITZGERALD: Yes. 20 VICE CHAIRMAN TAIT: So it's still up for identification? 21 MR. FITZGERALD: So it's still for 22 23 identification. And the panel is available for any

questions on this (indiscernible, too far from mic.).

HEARING RE: CONNECTICUT LIGHT AND POWER COMPANY JULY 31, 2012

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- 2 MS. CHRISTINA WALSH: I have no further
- questions for this panel. I'm saving up for the new
- 4 panel. Thank you.
- 5 VICE CHAIRMAN TAIT: Okay. Dr. Bell?
- DR. BARBARA BELL: Thank you Mr. Chairman.
- 7 I'm in exactly the same position as Ms. Walsh, no
- 8 further questions for this panel.
- 9 VICE CHAIRMAN TAIT: Mr. Ashton?
- 10 MR. PHILIP ASHTON: No questions. Thank
- 11 you Mr. Chairman.
- 12 VICE CHAIRMAN TAIT: Brian?
- MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: No questions. Thank
- 14 you.
- 15 VICE CHAIRMAN TAIT: No questions Danny?
- MR. DANIEL P. LYNCH: No questions Mr.
- 17 Chairman.
- 18 MR. FITZGERALD: If we could just have a
- moment to switch personnel? We have one witness on this
- 20 panel who was not been previously sworn, that's Mr.
- 21 Laskowski, to my left.
- 22 (Witness sworn)
- 23 MR. FITZGERALD: Mr. Laskowski and Mr.
- 24 Zaklukiewicz, your resumes are included in the volume of

- 1 resumes of CL&P witnesses that has been marked as Exhibit
- 2 19 in this matter. Are the statements of your
- 3 qualifications and experience as set forth in your
- 4 respective resumes true and correct to the best of your
- 5 knowledge and belief?
- 6 MR. TIMOTHY LASKOWSKI: Yes.
- 7 MR. ROGER ZAKLUKIEWICZ: Yes they are,
- 8 except for one omission.
- 9 MR. FITZGERALD: Well, the next question
- 10 was whether you have any additions?
- 11 MR. ZAKLUKIEWICZ: Yes I do.
- MR. FITZGERALD: And please give it to us?
- 13 MR. ZAKLUKIEWICZ: Regarding the question
- of testifying before agencies, omitted was the fact that
- 15 I have testified before the Massachusetts Energy
- 16 Facilities Siting Board.
- 17 MR. FITZGERALD: Mr. Laskowski, are there
- any additions required to your CV?
- 19 MR. LASKOWSKI: I also have testified in
- front of the Massachusetts Energy Facilities Siting
- Board.
- MR. FITZGERALD: Okay. Mr. Laskowski,
- were you and your colleagues in the NUSCO Planning
- 24 Department with the assistance of Mr. Zak and Mr.

HEARING RE: CONNECTICUT LIGHT AND POWER COMPANY JULY 31, 2012

- 1 Carberry responsible for the preparation of Section 2 of
- 2 CL&P's application, which is Exhibit 1 in this docket
- 3 concerning the project background and need?
- 4 VICE CHAIRMAN TAIT: Mr. Fitzgerald? Do I
- 5 gather that Exhibit 19 is now a full exhibit? You've now
- 6 done all of the resumes?
- 7 MR. FITZGERALD: Oh, no.
- 8 VICE CHAIRMAN TAIT: No? Okay.
- 9 MR. FITZGERALD: No, we have the ICF
- 10 witnesses yet.
- 11 VICE CHAIRMAN TAIT: All right. It's
- 12 still out there for identification. Sorry to interrupt.
- 13 MR. FITZGERALD: So Mr. Laskowski, were
- 14 you and your colleagues at the NUSCO Planning Department,
- 15 with the assistance of Mr. Zak and Mr. Carberry,
- 16 responsible for the preparation of Section 2 of CL&P's
- application, which is Exhibit 1 of this docket concerning
- 18 the project background and need?
- MR. LASKOWSKI: Yes, we were.
- 20 MR. FITZGERALD: And is the information in
- 21 that section of the application true and correct to the
- 22 best of your knowledge and belief?
- MR. LASKOWSKI: Yes it is.
- 24 MR. FITZGERALD: And Mr. Laskowski and Mr.

HEARING RE: CONNECTICUT LIGHT AND POWER COMPANY JULY 31, 2012

- 1 Carberry, were you responsible for the compilation of the
- 2 materials that comprise Volume 5 of the application,
- 3 which is the planning volume?
- 4 MR. LASKOWSKI: Yes.
- 5 MR. CARBERRY: Yes.
- 6 MR. FITZGERALD: And with the exception of
- 7 the report prepared by ICF on transmission alternatives
- 8 are you familiar -- oh, and non-transmission
- 9 alternatives, excuse me, are you familiar with those
- 10 materials which are prepared either by you and National
- 11 Grid and ISO New England or by ISO New England?
- MR. LASKOWSKI: Yes I am.
- MR. CARBERRY: Yes.
- MR. FITZGERALD: And are they true and
- 15 correct to the best of your knowledge and belief?
- MR. LASKOWSKI: Yes.
- MR. CARBERRY: Yes.
- MR. FITZGERALD: And I'll note Mr. Tate,
- we've now covered the entire application and the CEAI
- 20 appendix, except for the pieces for which ICF Consulting
- is responsible, and they will be here tomorrow.
- 22 VICE CHAIRMAN TAIT: So that remains for
- 23 identification.
- 24 MR. FITZGERALD: Right. Exhibit 8 is a

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- copy of a redacted solution study report dated February
- 2 2012, with a cover letter dated March 2nd, 2012, is the
- 3 information in that document true and correct to the best
- 4 of your knowledge and belief?
- 5 MR. LASKOWSKI: Yes it is.
- 6 MR. CARBERRY: Yes.
- 7 MR. FITZGERALD: And Mr. Laskowski, was NU
- 8 involved in the preparation of that report?
- 9 MR. LASKOWSKI: Yes.
- 10 MR. FITZGERALD: I move Exhibit 8 as a
- 11 full exhibit?
- 12 VICE CHAIRMAN TAIT: Any objections?
- Hearing none, this is so admitted.
- 14 (Whereupon, Applicant CL&P Exhibit No. 8
- 15 was received into evidence as a full exhibit.)
- 16 MR. FITZGERALD: Exhibit 9 for
- identification is a partial set of responses to the
- 18 Council's first set of interrogatories to CL&P. Were you
- 19 responsible for the responses to questions three, five
- 20 and six in this set?
- MR. LASKOWSKI: Yes I was.
- MR. FITZGERALD: And do you have any
- corrections to any of those answers?
- MR. LASKOWSKI: No, I do not.

1	MR. FITZGERALD: Is the information in
2	those responses true and correct to the best of your
3	knowledge and belief?
4	MR. LASKOWSKI: Yes they are.
5	MR. FITZGERALD: Mr. Chairman, we have now
6	sponsored all of the answers to the interrogatories that
7	have been marked as Exhibit 9. I'd move that that
8	exhibit be admitted as a full exhibit?
9	VICE CHAIRMAN TAIT: Any objections?
10	Hearing none, it's so admitted.
11	(Whereupon, Applicant CL&P Exhibit No. 9
12	was received into evidence as a full exhibit.)
13	MR. FITZGERALD: Exhibit 10 for
14	identification consists of a second partial set of
15	responses to the Council's first set of interrogatories
16	to CL&P. Were you responsible for the responses to
17	questions 12, 15, 16, 23 and 24 of this set?
18	MR. LASKOWSKI: Yes I am.
19	MR. FITZGERALD: Do you have any
20	corrections or additions to those responses?
21	MR. LASKOWSKI: No I do not.
22	MR. FITZGERALD: There is one response
23	awaiting sponsorship in this set, No. 25, it's about cost
24	
∠ 1	impact on rates. That will come from Ms. Topier

1	(phonetic), who is off on storm duty today, or storm
2	drill duty today.
3	(Discussion off the record.)
4	MR. FITZGERALD: But she will be here
5	tomorrow. I'd like to put her on just before we pick up
6	tomorrow to knock that one off and then I'll offer that
7	as a full exhibit.
8	VICE CHAIRMAN TAIT: Thursday?
9	MR. FITZGERALD: Thursday, yes, excuse me.
10	Exhibit 15 consists of CL&P's responses to the Council's
11	second set of interrogatories. Were you responsible for
12	the answer to question 37 in this set?
13	MR. LASKOWSKI: Yes I was.
14	MR. FITZGERALD: And this was the question
15	that asked about the status of ISO New England's
16	assessment of need for the project. Do you have any
17	corrections or additions to that answer?
18	MR. LASKOWSKI: Since then I think the
19	report has been updated, a new needs report has come up
20	by ISO.
21	MR. FITZGERALD: Right. And does the
22	does the status of that reassessment since the answer was
23	filed covered by your supplemental prefiled need
24	testimony?

1	MR. LASKOWSKI: Yes.
2	MR. FITZGERALD: All right. So with that
3	qualification I move that Exhibit 15 be admitted as a
4	full exhibit. All interrogatories in Exhibit all
5	answers in Exhibit 15 have now been fully verified.
6	VICE CHAIRMAN TAIT: Any objections?
7	Hearing none, so admitted.
8	(Whereupon, Applicant CL&P Exhibit No. 15
9	was received into evidence as a full exhibit.)
10	MR. FITZGERALD: And Exhibit 22 for
11	identification is a response to set two of
12	interrogatories of Victor and Richard Civie. Were you
13	responsible for the answers to questions two, three and
14	four in that set?
15	MR. LASKOWSKI: Yes I was.
16	MR. FITZGERALD: Do you have any
17	corrections or additions to that response?
18	MR. LASKOWSKI: No, I do not.
19	MR. FITZGERALD: The previous the other
20	question in that said question one was previously
21	sponsored by the non-need panel, so we've now covered all
22	four questions and I asked about Exhibit 22 be admitted
23	as a full exhibit?
24	VICE CHAIRMAN TAIT: Any objections?

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earing none, it's so admitte	ed.
satting none, it is so admit	

- 2 (Whereupon, Applicant CL&P Exhibit No. 22
- 3 was received into evidence as a full exhibit.)
- 4 MR. FITZGERALD: Exhibit 26 is a set of
- 5 responses to set three of the Civie interrogatories. Mr.
- 6 Laskowski, were you responsible for the answer to
- question two of that set, which has two subparts, A and
- 8 B?
- 9 MR. LASKOWSKI: Yes I was. I was
- 10 responsible for the parts that I answered.
- 11 MR. FITZGERALD: All right. Oh, yes, and
- part of that response is actually an objection rather
- than an answer. And who was responsible for the
- 14 objection?
- MR. LASKOWSKI: You were.
- 16 MR. FITZGERALD: I was, that's right, yep.
- But in terms of the actual information in the question
- is given, is a true and correct to the best of your
- 19 knowledge and belief?
- MR. LASKOWSKI: Yes it is.
- 21 MR. FITZGERALD: That is the last response
- 22 to this set to be sponsored, so I move Exhibit 26 as a
- full exhibit?
- VICE CHAIRMAN TAIT: Any objections?

1	Hearing none, so admitted.
2	(Whereupon, Applicant CL&P Exhibit No. 26
3	was received into evidence as a full exhibit.)
4	MR. FITZGERALD: Exhibit 29 for
5	identification, which was submitted pursuant to the CEII
6	protective order is a copy of the draft ISO New England
7	follow-up analysis to its updated needs assessment, dated
8	July 2012. And do you understand this to be a true copy
9	of the analysis prepared by ISO New England?
10	MR. LASKOWSKI: Yes.
11	MR. FITZGERALD: And do you understand
12	that ISO New England will be here to answer questions on
13	it?
14	MR. LASKOWSKI: Yes I do.
15	MR. FITZGERALD: And are you able to
16	interpret it and provide helpful information concerning
17	it if asked by the Council?
18	MR. LASKOWSKI: Yes I am.
19	MR. FITZGERALD: I move Exhibit 29 as a
20	full exhibit?
21	VICE CHAIRMAN TAIT: Any objections?
22	Hearing none, so admitted.
23	(Whereupon, Applicant CL&P Exhibit No. 29

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was received into evidence as a full exhibit.)

1	MR. FITZGERALD: And Mr. Laskowski and Mr.
2	Zak, Exhibit 16 is a copy of your direct testimony
3	concerning the need for this project dated May 21st,
4	2012, and Exhibit 30 is your supplemental testimony on
5	that subject. Is the factual matter in those documents
6	taken together a true and accurate statement to the best
7	of your knowledge and belief and the opinions that are
8	expressed in that document honestly held by you?
9	MR. LASKOWSKI: Yes they are.
10	MR. ZAKLUKIEWICZ: Yes they are.
11	MR. FITZGERALD: I move that Exhibits 16
12	and 30 be admitted as full exhibits?
13	VICE CHAIRMAN TAIT: Any objections?
14	Hearing none, so admitted.
15	(Whereupon, Applicant CL&P Exhibit Nos. 16
16	and 30 were received into evidence as full exhibits.)
17	MR. FITZGERALD: Exhibit 32 for
18	identification is a copy of the draft ISO New England
19	follow-up analysis to its 2012 solution report, which has
20	been filed under the CEII protective order. Is the
21	document that's been filed a true copy of the analysis
22	prepared by ISO New England?
23	MR. LASKOWSKI: Yes it is.
24	MR. FITZGERALD: And to the best of your

- 1 knowledge is it an accurate analysis based on the
- 2 assumptions disclosed in the study?
- 3 MR. LASKOWSKI: Yes it is.
- 4 MR. FITZGERALD: And ISO New England will
- 5 be available to answer questions about it later in the
- 6 preceding, correct?
- 7 MR. LASKOWSKI: Yes.
- 8 MR. FITZGERALD: And are you in a position
- 9 to give the Council helpful information to interpret the
- 10 report as necessary?
- MR. LASKOWSKI: Yes.
- 12 MR. FITZGERALD: I ask that Exhibit 32 be
- marked as a full exhibit?
- 14 VICE CHAIRMAN TAIT: Any objections?
- 15 Hearing none, so admitted.
- 16 (Whereupon, Applicant CL&P Exhibit No. 32
- was received into evidence as a full exhibit.)
- 18 MR. FITZGERALD: And with that I offer the
- 19 panel for examination --
- 20 VICE CHAIRMAN TAIT: Can I go back? Is
- No. 26 still for identification?
- MR. FITZGERALD: -- oh, no. I just -- if
- 23 I neglected to ask that it be accepted as full I erred,
- 24 because that was the last -- we just covered the last

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- 2 VICE CHAIRMAN TAIT: Okay. So we should
- 3 do it now?
- 4 MR. FITZGERALD: Yes please.
- 5 VICE CHAIRMAN TAIT: Any objections to
- 6 Exhibit No. 26? Hearing none, so admitted. I have 31 by
- 7 itself, is that --
- 8 MR. FITZGERALD: That's to come tomorrow.
- 9 VICE CHAIRMAN TAIT: -- okay. Ms. Walsh?
- 10 MS. WALSH: Thank you. What is the
- 11 current status of the associated applications before the
- 12 Rhode Island and Massachusetts Siting Boards?
- MR. ZAKLUKIEWICZ: To my knowledge both
- 14 have been filed with the Massachusetts and Rhode Island
- 15 regulatory entities. I believe the Rhode Island one was
- 16 in --
- MR. CARBERRY: July 19th.
- MR. ZAKLUKIEWICZ: -- July 19th.
- MR. CARBERRY: Massachusetts I believe was
- 20 June 21st.
- 21 MS. WALSH: So those were just recently --
- of this year you're saying, correct?
- MR. ZAKLUKIEWICZ: Yes. It should have
- 24 been 2012.

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1 MS. WALSH: Okay. Do you foresee than the 2 Connecticut Siting decision coming before the other two 3 states? 4 MR. CARBERRY: At this point, yes. 5 MS. WALSH: And how will that effect 6 potential construction if the projects are approved if 7 the other states haven't made a decision yet? 8 MR. CARBERRY: I don't think it has the 9 direct effect you might be imagining in your question. 10 The Army Corps of Engineers permit is still the critical 11 path that applies to all three states as one permit for 12 all three states and it takes the longest. But to the extent that Connecticut had a certificate and the others 13 14 did not and the company wished to proceed to work in 15 areas not subject to the Army Corps permit, it could do 16 so. 17 MS. WALSH: Okay. Thank you. 18 normal operating circumstances is Connecticut typically 19 an exporter of power? 20 MR. ZAKLUKIEWICZ: At this time, under 21 most hours, I would say the answer to that is no, we're 22 an importer. 23 Okay. And is that consist in MS. WALSH: 24 Massachusetts and Rhode Island, are they exporters or

1	importers?
2	MR. ZAKLUKIEWICZ: I would say from the
3	power flows that I'm aware of I would consider Rhode
4	Island to be an exporter. I would assume I would
5	assume Massachusetts, if you include Phase 2, that is the
6	HVDC line from Hydro Quebec into the Massachusetts area,
7	a station called Sandy Pond, and I'm also aware of a
8	portion of the output from the Seabrook nuclear plant
9	moves south into Massachusetts. I would say they are
10	also an importer on some hours and I would assume in
11	other hours, depending on how generation is dispatched
12	from the ISO in the state of Massachusetts there may be
13	some hours where it is considered to be an exporter.
14	VICE CHAIRMAN TAIT: Just as a matter of
15	interest, why is Rhode Island an exporter?
16	MR. ZAKLUKIEWICZ: Basically because they
17	have a number of generators on the 345 interface, which
18	goes between Cod Street, Lake Road, Sherman Road over to
19	West Midway, there's about 2500 megawatts of generation
20	there. Those were recent, high-efficiency, gas driven
21	generation, which tends to be lowest-priced and therefore
22	first called on by the ISO to operate.
23	VICE CHAIRMAN TAIT: Thank you.
24	MS. WALSH: And just in a lot of storm

1 discussions I've heard the term micro-grids come up. 2 just from your point of view, how would that if at all, 3 effect the proposed project if micro-grids are put into local municipalities within the state? MR. ASHTON: Could we have a definition of 5 6 a micro-grid first? I've heard the term thrown around 7 awful lot and I really don't know what it means. 8 MR. ZAKLUKIEWICZ: Micro-grid, Mr. Ashton, 9 as I understand it is the ability for the distribution 10 facilities to basically isolate from the remaining 11 distribution facilities and use as a local generating 12 source, a resource such as a fuel-cell, a resource such 13 as a one or two megawatt generator diesel driven or some 14 other type of facility -- excuse me, a resource that can 15 be used to power certain facilities within an 16 infrastructure. In other words, you would have a micro-17 grid built up around the state capital and the 18 legislative office buildings such that if there was a 19 total blackout in Hartford that facility then would 20 switch over automatically and power that area so that you 21 would keep emergency -- the emergency center in Hartford 22 in operation while there was a blackout. 23 VICE CHAIRMAN TAIT: Is that similar to a home generator? That you isolate your home? 24

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1	MR. ZAKLUKIEWICZ: Just much bigger in
2	size Mr. Tait. Significantly bigger. And I've seen them
3	where they're proposed using the smaller, what's called
4	the jet turbine, a cap jet. I've seen them where they
5	have used, and are relying upon fuel cells, where I would
6	assume in those cases you would have some kind of a
7	natural gas supply or a liquefied gas supply there in
8	case those infrastructures were to be not in service and
9	keep the electricity on in critical areas.
10	MR. ASHTON: Are you aware of any such
11	operation micro-grids that are in operation today in
12	Connecticut?
13	MR. ZAKLUKIEWICZ: Not to my knowledge,
13 14	MR. ZAKLUKIEWICZ: Not to my knowledge, but I thought from the storm, the DEEP hearings on the
14	but I thought from the storm, the DEEP hearings on the
14 15	but I thought from the storm, the DEEP hearings on the storm that there was a commitment to study that further
14 15 16	but I thought from the storm, the DEEP hearings on the storm that there was a commitment to study that further and to implement to come up with recommendations as to
14 15 16 17	but I thought from the storm, the DEEP hearings on the storm that there was a commitment to study that further and to implement to come up with recommendations as to locations within the state of Connecticut that CL&P and
14 15 16 17 18	but I thought from the storm, the DEEP hearings on the storm that there was a commitment to study that further and to implement to come up with recommendations as to locations within the state of Connecticut that CL&P and United Illuminating are required to look into further.
14 15 16 17 18 19	but I thought from the storm, the DEEP hearings on the storm that there was a commitment to study that further and to implement to come up with recommendations as to locations within the state of Connecticut that CL&P and United Illuminating are required to look into further. MR. ASHTON: But nothing yet? Nothing
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	but I thought from the storm, the DEEP hearings on the storm that there was a commitment to study that further and to implement to come up with recommendations as to locations within the state of Connecticut that CL&P and United Illuminating are required to look into further. MR. ASHTON: But nothing yet? Nothing today?
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	but I thought from the storm, the DEEP hearings on the storm that there was a commitment to study that further and to implement to come up with recommendations as to locations within the state of Connecticut that CL&P and United Illuminating are required to look into further. MR. ASHTON: But nothing yet? Nothing today? MR. ZAKLUKIEWICZ: Again, that's not

1	the	hip	а	little	bit.

- 2 MR. ASHTON: You're reasonably
- 3 knowledgeable I suspect, and you're not aware of any
- 4 today, is that fair?
- 5 MR. ZAKLUKIEWICZ: To my knowledge there
- 6 are none in service.
- 7 MR. FITZGERALD: So that's the definition.
- 8 Now, what about the question?
- 9 MR. ZAKLUKIEWICZ: I think Mr. Lynch had
- 10 his hand raised to maybe provide additional comment?
- 11 MR. LYNCH: My only question Mr.
- 12 Zaklukiewicz is from what you've just said the ideal
- setting for a micro-grid is an urban area and not a rural
- 14 area?
- 15 MR. ZAKLUKIEWICZ: That would be correct.
- 16 MR. FITZGERALD: Now Mr. Zak, going back
- to Ms. LaPage's question --
- 18 A MALE VOICE: Walsh.
- MR. FITZGERALD: -- Ms. Walsh, I'm sorry.
- 20 Would you expect that the development of micro-grids
- 21 would have any impact on the need for this project?
- MR. ZAKLUKIEWICZ: No I do not.
- MS. WALSH: Just quickly, so from my
- 24 understanding then a micro-grid is basically only used in

- 1 a blackout situation where there's no power in a
- 2 particular area, they wouldn't be providing anything all
- 3 the time?
- 4 MR. ZAKLUKIEWICZ: To the best of my
- 5 knowledge that is the case. I mean, a one or two
- 6 megawatt fossil fired or even gas-fired generator is not
- 7 really economic relative to the larger combined cycle gas
- 8 turbines. So, if it is operational it would be at that
- 9 agency's or that entity's discretion to reduce its own
- 10 load. But I think on the whole it would not be economic
- for that entity to turn around and run that local
- generation source as opposed to purchasing power from the
- 13 grid.
- 14 MS. WALSH: Okay. Thank you very much.
- 15 Thank you, no further questions at this time.
- 16 DR. BELL: Thank you Mr. Chair. I'm
- having a little bit of a problem with Exhibit A in the
- 18 sense that Exhibit A is part of your testimony, or the
- 19 revised Exhibit A, but it actually consists of ISO
- 20 slides. So I quess really the question should be
- 21 addressed to ISO. How would you --
- 22 MR. FITZGERALD: I think these -- I'm
- sure, not that you wouldn't want to ask ISO, but I think
- you'll find that these witnesses can help.

1	DR. BELL: okay, good.
2	VICE CHAIRMAN TAIT: You're talking about
3	Exhibit 25?
4	MR. FITZGERALD: Yes. Exhibit A to not
5	Exhibit 25, no, to Exhibit 28B. Exhibit 28B is the
6	supplemental direct testimony on need, and it has an
7	exhibit, which is the set of ISO slides that Dr. Bell
8	just referred to.
9	VICE CHAIRMAN TAIT: Thank you.
10	MR. FITZGERALD: Okay. It's just been
11	called to my attention that when we submitted the
12	corrected set of slides it was separately marked as
13	Exhibit 30. So Exhibit 28 has the old slides attached as
14	Exhibit A, whereas Exhibit 30 has the revised is the
15	revised slides. So that's really what we should be
16	referring to as Exhibit 30. And I don't think that I
17	asked questions about Exhibit 30. So if you don't mind
18	Dr. Bell, I'll now ask these witnesses if Exhibit 30 is a
19	correct copy of the revised presentation of ISO New
20	England concerning the follow-up needs and solutions
21	study dated July 18th, 2012?
22	MR. LASKOWSKI: Yes it is.
23	MR. FITZGERALD: And is the copy that we

filed a true copy of the ISO presentation?

24

1	MR. LASKOWSKI: Yes it is.
2	MR. FITZGERALD: And are you able to
3	provide the Siting Council with some interpretation to
4	help them get through this exhibit?
5	MR. LASKOWSKI: I think I can.
6	MR. FITZGERALD: And so I offer it as a
7	full exhibit?
8	VICE CHAIRMAN TAIT: Dr. Bell?
9	DR. BELL: Yes?
10	VICE CHAIRMAN TAIT: Dr. Bell, I think
11	MR. ZAKLUKIEWICZ: I believe the
12	difference
13	VICE CHAIRMAN TAIT: I believe we
14	should admit it as a full exhibit if there's no
15	objections? Hearing none, it's admitted.
16	MR. ZAKLUKIEWICZ: I believe the
17	difference to the two presentations is there is an
18	addition on page five to the original and then there's a
19	table on page six, which was not in the original draft of
20	that presentation that we provided as an attachment. So
21	those are the two major the two differences.
22	DR. BELL: Okay. Say the first one again?
23	I got the table on page six
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MR. ZAKLUKIEWICZ: Right.

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1 DR. BELL: -- and what was the first one 2 you said? 3 MR. ZAKLUKIEWICZ: And the bottom -- the 4 last bulleted item on page five, which says, demand 5 resources eligible for termination removed, that was not in the draft, nor was the table on page six. I hope that 6 clarifies it. 7 8 DR. BELL: Okay. Thank you. Yes. All 9 Thank you for the housekeeping and I will ask a right. couple of questions and I'll have other questions for 10 11 The attachment A, the slides, say that transfer 12 capability testing was not done as part of the follow-up study. That's on page nine where they're describing the 13 14 scope of the work before they come to the summary of what 15 they found. So I don't quite understand what is meant 16 there. I mean, I thought transfer was supposed to be 17 considered in these tests? 18 MR. LASKOWSKI: Okay. When we perform 19 these needs and solution type studies we perform two 20 different types of analysis. One is a straight thermal 21 analysis where we make assumptions on dispatches, which 22 generation, and what the load is, and that tells you if 23 you could have reliability criteria violations. You'll 24 have a line overloaded or you will not.

1 The other type of thermal type studies we do is we try to 2 see how much power can be transferred from one area to 3 another by saying, okay, we'll either reduce -- increase the load in an area, or decrease the generation, and see 5 how much power can flow into that area. And it's that 6 second study where we did the transfers to see what the 7 current levels are and whether they need to be increased was not performed in this follow-up needs study. But the 8 9 study just concentrated on seeing is their reliability 10 criteria violations and do those have to be fixed? DR. BELL: So, Connecticut was isolated in 11 12 these -- in this -- I'm still not quite understanding why 13 you would do that since you're supposed to be assessing 14 the need under contingencies of certain kinds and this is 15 supposed to be considering whether a project would be 16 needed for reliability, but the project itself by definition involves transfers from Connecticut to Rhode 17 18 Island and Massachusetts. So why wouldn't you want to be 19 considering for reliability purposes whether to solve a 20 contingency problem? You could bring in electricity from 21 another source. MR. LASKOWSKI: I'm sorry, I wasn't clear 22 23 in my full answer. Okay. Connecticut was not isolated 24 in the study. What we did -- what the study did, I'm

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1 sorry I didn't do it, the ISO did, was they picked a 2 generation dispatch, dispatches such that only certain generators were not available, okay? And whatever the 3 4 transfer was into Connecticut, because for example, they chose the two Millstone units not in service, which after 5 6 you take those units out some power has to be flowing 7 into the area. So there was a set transfer, but we didn't calculate what the maximum transfer could be by 8 9 even turning off more than the two Millstone units 10 because it's standard philosophy now is you can take out 11 up to two generators and then you must run other units. 12 DR. BELL: So, you are assuming a certain 13 amount of transfer capacity, not you, but ISO, transfer 14 in the contingency? 15 MR. LASKOWSKI: No. We assume -- whatever 16 transfer that resulted from the generators out and the 17 loads are, that was the starting point. 18 DR. BELL: I see. 19 MR. LASKOWSKI: Okay. And we indirectly 20 tested whether that transfer was available or not because 21 it did all of the contingencies and everything, it checked it. But it didn't calculate what the maximum 22

DR. BELL: Okay. I see.

23

could be.

1 MR. ZAKLUKIEWICZ: May I try it at a
2 higher level?
3 DR. BELL: Sure.

in 2020.

DR. BELL: Sure.

MR. ZAKLUKIEWICZ: We had in April of 2011

a needs assessment that was very, very detailed, Dr.

Bell, and it included everything from Delta P testing of the generators at Lake Road and AMP. We did all kinds of stability tests along with that study. The follow-up, update testing, which took place in I believe somewheres in April and May and June of 2012 just took the updated resource and load data from the CELT reports, they took the revised that were obtained from FCA-6, whereas with the April 2011 report, took the data from the FCA-10 -- excuse me, FCA-4, it also turned around and in the April 2011 report it escalated out at the end of the FCA-4 period, the DR and the active DR out into the years 2015

The revised report took the data from FCA-6, below data and the projected demand response, the projected active demand response and then projected what these energy efficiency reductions would be at the end of 2022. It looked at that and did a high-level number of studies, which then reaffirmed that the solutions that were found in 2011 report, that's the April 2011 report,

were still valid and that the solutions, which is the Interstate Solution A-1, still works, still resolved all of the national, regional and ISO standard reliability violations.

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And so coming out with the report in July they found there was no need to retest Delta P. was no need to go after and reestablish again what the transfers were going to be, since none of that really changed except for modeling what were the new loads as a result of the projections and the recession that we're presently in, and what were the impacts of DR, an active DR and energy efficiencies into the solution. you look at the July needs report, that's July 2012, the draft report, it does not go into all of the details of all of these other aspects that were studied during, and incorporated in the needs study of April 2011. Okay, does that help a little bit explain that there was a determination it was necessary to go into all of those details? To restudy those we wouldn't have had to report out again until the end of 2012 or 2013, but they did reaffirm and confirm that the project as proposed does resolve all of the reliability issues that were previously identified and will do so throughout the 10 year study period.

1 Thank you. Looking at DR. BELL: Yes. 2 the summary of what they found, which is stated on page 10, 11, and 12, of Attachment A, we come to -- on page 12 3 we come to the statement for Connecticut, down at the 5 bottom of the page, it says, 115 kV thermal violations in 6 Connecticut are up to 102 percent of LTE rating. My 7 question is about the 102 percent of LTE rating. Would 8 you characterize this as a minor thermal violation, a 9 significant thermal violation, how would you characterize 10 102 percent of LTE rating? 11 MR. ZAKLUKIEWICZ: I personally would not 12 just focus on that one item. This is a project, the Interstate Project addresses the Rhode Island foliage 13 14 collapse problems, the inability to move power from west 15 to east because of west to east transfer restrictions, 16 and therefore, even if you had excess generation in the 17 west you couldn't move it to the east to solve the 18 reliability problems and vice versa, we had limitations 19 on moving power from eastern New England to the 20 Connecticut western region area, and those restrictions 21 prevented the movement of power back and forth. And then we also have for a number of the cases that show up, this 22 23 is an N minus 1, minus 1 violation, primarily opening up 24 two of the three paths ago from west to east across New

1 England, which are the Scobee Amherst lines, the lines 2 that go from Millbury to the west, to Ludlow, that's the 3 301/302 lines, and the lines than the cross in the Connecticut area, which is a West Midway over to Sherman 5 Road, over to Lake Road, over to Cod Street, that path. 6 When you open up two of the three you end 7 up having these overloads on the 115 kV system. And I 8 thought, Mr. Laskowski, there were also some problems 9 opening up some of those where you have overloads on the 10 lines from Millbury over to Ludlow, and that would be the 11 301/302. In a number of these cases what we found was 12 voltage violations on the southern 115 kV inter-tie between Connecticut and Rhode Island, those are the ones 13 14 that come out of West Kingston and call it the middle of 15 Rhode Island, south middle of Rhode Island, down along 16 the shoreline and crossover into the Mystic area and then 17 tie into Montville substation, which is our large 18 substation in that area. So the flows are just for that, 19 but there are a number of cases where that southern line 20 also overloads appreciatively more than 102 percent. 21 DR. BELL: Well, I understand your answer. 22 What you're saying is you're basically saying you don't 23 want to answer that question, but want to describe the larger situation because this is a very big project it 24

1	doesn't just involve Connecticut. And I appreciate that
2	answer. It's a fair answer and I understand it. But I
3	still would like to get a response to the question I
4	asked, just for my own understanding, just from a
5	Connecticut point of view where looking at thermal
6	violations in Connecticut up to 102 percent of LTE
7	rating, and even if we looked at the east/west and
8	east/west we're considering just Connecticut, we're still
9	not going above 110 percent, we're still at 108 percent
10	on the Rhode Island to Connecticut shoreline path in
11	terms of violation.
12	So, I'm just trying to get a bead on
13	something around 102, 105, or something like that, under
14	110 percent violation. How would you characterize that?
15	MR. LASKOWSKI: If you reading the
16	NERC, the MPCC, and the ISO New England criteria and
17	guidelines and everything, they never distinguish between
18	a minor or a major one. They just say a violation must
19	be fixed and NERC could find people if they don't fix
20	these violations. So that's one of the reasons we're
21	tending to not wanting to answer your question.
22	DR. BELL: I see. All right.
23	MR. LASKOWSKI: A violation has to be
24	fixed by the company.

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DR. BELL:	I see.	All right.	Thank you.
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- MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: 99 percent of the LTE,
- 3 is that a violation?
- 4 MR. LASKOWSKI: Right now, no. 99.999 is
- 5 not a violation.
- 6 MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: Okay. So once it
- 7 exceeds 100 percent it's a violation?
- 8 MR. LASKOWSKI: Yes it is.
- 9 MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: So 102 -- 102 versus
- say 150, 102 would be a lesser violation than 150
- 11 magnitude wise?
- MR. LASKOWSKI: Magnitude wise, yes.
- MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: Okay. I'll have to --
- when it comes to me I'll have to remember what my other
- 15 question was. Thank you Chairman.
- 16 VICE CHAIRMAN TAIT: What is 100 on the
- nose? A violation or not?
- 18 MR. LASKOWSKI: It's a violation.
- MR. ZAKLUKIEWICZ: I think we have to
- 20 remember in the studies in April of 2011, in the studies
- in July of 2012 there have been no generator retirements
- 22 incorporated in those studies that have not delisted or
- filed that they were no longer in operation. The latest
- 24 study basically says AES Thames is not included in the

1 study, and part of that plan doesn't exist anymore. 2 have the fact that Bridgeport 2 has delisted in FCA-4, 3 FCA-5, FCA-6, and the other addition that was removed was in the July 2012 study Ansonia was removed. That's a 5 state sponsored 60 megawatt generator, which I believe to 6 date has never received financing, so there is no steel 7 in the ground, okay? 8 We have the DEEP IRP report for 2012, 9 which basically says there are going to be a number of 10 generator retirements coming forth and they drew that 11 conclusion from the detailed studies done by the Brotto 12 (phonetic) Group for DEEP, which basically said by year 2015 because of the environmental improvements, capital 13 14 improvements that need to be made to those facilities, 15 Brotto just doesn't see how additional generators, 16 generating units in Connecticut can survive economically. And in their conclusion the 938 included Bridgeport 2, 17 Bridgeport Harbor 2, which is already delisted, it 18 19 included Middletown 4, it included Montville 6, some 938 20 megawatts of generation. So where Mr. Golembiewski said, 21 what happens at the 99 percent mark? Well, as soon as we 22 lose a 400 megawatt generator, who cannot economically 23 make it anymore, by 215 you just went over the 100 percent mark from where you were at 99 percent. 24

1	In other words, and DEEP than also
2	projects there's going to be another 1,100 megawatts in
3	Connecticut that are on the border. These of the Norwalk
4	units, these are the Middletown, I think two, three
5	units, and so on and so forth. So if you included those
6	and in ISO at this time
7	MR. FITZGERALD: You mean, if you included
8	them as retired?
9	MR. ZAKLUKIEWICZ: if you included them
10	as retirements, and ISO does not in their studies, then
11	Connecticut's situation could change dramatically from
12	what you have studied. And, you know, when you look at
13	another ISO report that just came out I believe in May,
14	they project there will be 5,000 megawatts throughout New
15	England retired. You've got the FERC, Commissioner
16	Muller, who has stated there will be somewhere between
17	2,000 and 6,000 megawatts retired shortly within New
18	England. These are concerning to the T.O. sitting here
19	where some of those retirements could be in critical
20	locations where on a crash basis you're going to have to
21	install some transmission lines to avoid additional
22	violations of the national standards.
23	So I would not get too concerned over the
24	102 percent mark or the 99 percent mark, because I think

1	we all see in the hours these generating units are being
2	dispatched, and should there be new rules and how
3	generators get paid, it's a concern. And just as AES
4	Thames says, I'm closing the door tomorrow morning, they
5	may not be there. Okay? And when we lose the generation
6	in Connecticut we increase the transfers into the state
7	of Connecticut to make up and meet those customer needs,
8	not like India, and so the transfers into the state of
9	Connecticut will also increase as not demonstrated in the
10	studies that were done. Does that help Dr. Bell?
11	DR. BELL: Yes it does help. I'm going to
12	paraphrase your answer. First of all, I think that you
13	are answering my question even though this may be
14	improper, but you are giving me an answer, but you are
15	also at the same time saying that you wouldn't
16	characterize you're saying it's a minor matter in one
17	sense, but you're saying that really that such
18	characterizations don't apply, not only because it's NERC
19	policy not to apply those characterizations, but because
20	there are very large swings in the power biz and they can
21	happen for economic as well as technical engineering
22	reasons and so given that situation where you can have a
23	big swing of a lot of megawatts because of their big
24	power plants then the characterization, minor, doesn't

- really apply. Usually the swings turn out to be pretty major.
- Anyway, that's my paraphrase. If it's an incorrect paraphrase I apologize, but it is -- I am getting an answer and I thank you for that.
- 6 MR. ZAKLUKIEWICZ: You're welcome.
- 7 DR. BELL: I have one more question, it's not about Exhibit A. It's coming off of a statement 8 9 that's made in the February updated solutions report. 10 page 15 it says, it outlines the Lake Road situation in 11 Connecticut. Now, Lake Road is part of this project. 12 Lake Road has been a thorn in Connecticut's side in a way from in terms of how it's handled or how it's regarded in 13 14 the ISO system. And on page 15 it says, Lake Road is considered outside of Connecticut under Connecticut 15 16 import conditions, but conversely is considered within

My question is simply, now, under -- or in the future if 424 is approved is it fair to say that Lake Road will be regarded as part of Connecticut in either an export or an import situation, will that be fair to say?

just referring to that as a takeoff.

Connecticut when Connecticut export is modeled. So I'm

MR. ZAKLUKIEWICZ: Let me first start --

you're smiling for some reason.

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1 (Laughter) 2 MR. ZAKLUKIEWICZ: Let me first start that 3 -- make the statement, ISO and only ISO can make that decision where Lake Road will be located within zones, and Connecticut is a zone. Clearly, my personal belief 5 6 is that with Interstate and the fact that we now install 7 two 345 kV lines between western portions of Connecticut with the Lake Road facility it should be considered where 8 9 it has not been considered in the past part of the 10 Connecticut load area, or for load source requirements 11 anyway. 12 Recognize that this study itself, the 13 Interstate Project, which was part of NEEWS, the overall 14 bigger piece of, you know, with GSRP already in 15 construction and other pieces of it, was put forth to 16 address the reliability violations that are occurring 17 today within southern New England. And the fact that the 18 proposed Interstate line goes from Cod Street to Lake 19 Road, from Lake Road over to West Farnam, and then 20 there's a new line from West Farnam up to Millbury and 21 there's a rebuilding of the existing line from Sherman 22 Road east down to West Farnam are all part of a solution 23 that, number one, increases the transfer limits into the 24 state of Connecticut. And they increase them primarily

on the -- also on the N minus 1, minus 1, which is used 1 2 to determine the state of Connecticut's local source 3 requirements. So we increase those by seven to 800 megawatts by completing the Interstate Project as it is 5 being proposed right now within the states of 6 Connecticut, Rhode Island and Massachusetts. 7 Exactly how the ISO is going to treat Lake Road for your question specifically, is it or is it not 8 9 in Lake Road for both the movement of power west to east 10 and east to west, I cannot personally ask that --11 MR. FITZGERALD: You mean answer. 12 MR. ZAKLUKIEWICZ: -- answer that, I can 13 maybe ask it, which we have been doing for the last 14 number of months of the ISO to complete their studies and 15 make that determination. I think some of the issues come 16 up Dr. Bell because ISO is responsible for both the 17 markets and reliability, okay? So the piece we've been 18 dealing with is primarily reliability here and I think 19 what you end up is some -- I shouldn't say the word 20 conflict, but there is a mixing of how are the markets 21 going to operate with reliability needs? There's no 22 question the Interstate Project is needed from a 23 reliability standpoint, but at the same time it gets into the market's piece of the New England situation. And we 24

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- 1 have -- we have -- NU/CL&P has no control over that, that
- 2 becomes 100 percent an ISO decision. And as of last week
- 3 they had not made that decision yet on how it is going to
- 4 be treated or whether there should be a shift in the
- 5 interfaces that presently are known today to exist in the
- 6 operate world.
- 7 But there are some benefits to this and
- 8 some of it is, is an increase of seven to 800 megawatts
- 9 into the transfer into Connecticut, which Connecticut
- will be able to apply and say, I need seven, 800
- 11 megawatts fewer generation -- less generation installed,
- steel in the ground, in the state of Connecticut to meet
- my local source requirements. So there are some major
- benefits that will be obtained or achieved by the
- 15 construction and placing in service the Interstate
- 16 Project.
- DR. BELL: Thank you. I'll ask ISO the
- 18 same question.
- 19 MR. ZAKLUKIEWICZ: Hopefully they'll give
- you the same answer.
- 21 (Laughter)
- DR. BELL: Thank you Mr. Chairman, those
- 23 are my questions.
- 24 MR. ASHTON: Back to the transmission, if

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- 1 my memory serves me correctly your about at your 50th
- 2 anniversary in this transmission planning game, is that
- 3 right?
- 4 MR. ZAKLUKIEWICZ: We're approaching 46 or
- 5 47. I feel like 80.
- 6 MR. ASHTON: Would you agree with me that
- 7 transmission planning involves a lot of judgment in that
- 8 you can have, for example, a case where you have to
- 9 connect a major new generator, 1,000, 1,200 megawatt unit
- is installed at Millstone Point that has a clear explicit
- impact on the transmission system and on the other hand,
- 12 load can gradually grow over a period of time such that
- power swings through the system implicitly put a new or
- greater strain on that system, is that fair to say?
- 15 MR. ZAKLUKIEWICZ: Yes it is.
- 16 MR. ASHTON: I want to just get my own
- 17 history straightened out a little bit. If I recall, the
- 18 2012 CELT report, we're looking at about a little over
- 19 34,000 megawatt peak load in New England in 2022, is that
- 20 right?
- MR. ZAKLUKIEWICZ: That's about right,
- 22 approximately.
- MR. ASHTON: And in 2012 would be looking
- at a peak load, if we haven't had one already, of

- somewhere 29,000 megawatts, is that about right? As a
- 2 working number? I'm not going to get mathematically
- 3 precise.
- 4 MR. ZAKLUKIEWICZ: Just one minute, we'll
- 5 check one of the reports.
- 6 MR. ASHTON: Okay.
- 7 MR. LASKOWSKI: 2012 forecasts a 9010
- 8 summer peak of 28,910, or 29,000 megawatts.
- 9 MR. ASHTON: Okay. 29. You'll allow me
- 10 that 90 megawatts, won't you? Do you have any idea what
- 11 the peak load was back in 1970 when the initial 345 kV
- 12 loop was I think completed throughout New England from
- New York up to Maine? Would that be somewhere in the
- 14 15,000 range?
- 15 MR. ZAKLUKIEWICZ: I think that was -- I
- 16 was a little bit lower than that in my mind before you
- spoke, but I was in the 13 or 14.
- MR. ASHTON: Okay.
- 19 MR. ZAKLUKIEWICZ: In that ballpark,
- approximately.
- 21 MR. ASHTON: It's fair to say that a lot
- 22 of the system that we're grappling with now, and it's
- 23 specifically the Card Street to Rhode Island line that
- ques back to 1970, we've had a system load growth to date

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- of something on the order of 200 plus percent, and we're going to have something on the order of 250 percent if
- 3 things go as they're expected in the year 2022, is that
- 4 fair to say?
- 5 MR. ZAKLUKIEWICZ: That's correct, with
- 6 the lowest.
- 7 MR. ASHTON: So, it would not be -- it
- 8 wouldn't come as a great shock to anybody familiar with
- 9 transmission planning that you've got to do some
- 10 reinforcement of the system to reflect the larger loads,
- 11 the larger swings that can occur on a system over that
- 12 period of time, fair enough?
- 13 MR. ZAKLUKIEWICZ: That's a correct
- 14 statement.
- 15 MR. ASHTON: Okay. You have already
- 16 raised the issue of generation unit retirements coming
- up, or possible, in the next 10 years. And that would
- 18 exacerbate potentially the burdens on the transmission
- 19 system, fair to say?
- 20 MR. ZAKLUKIEWICZ: I believe they would
- 21 have a significant impact on the reliable operation.
- MR. ASHTON: Now, in looking -- oh, one
- 23 other question I have, a specific question. Dr. Bell
- 24 raised a whole bunch of thermal ratings, LTE ratings of

- 1 102 or 108 or 152, what year did those occur? Excuse me.
- 2 Roughly. Are those out at the end of the 2022 period or
- 3 are we facing those today?
- 4 MR. LASKOWSKI: This analysis was --
- 5 that's centered on 2022.
- 6 MR. ASHTON: I'm sorry?
- 7 MR. LASKOWSKI: The analysis was 2022 in
- 8 the ISO proposal.
- 9 MR. ASHTON: So, if those are occurring in
- 10 2022, what's driving the decision today?
- 11 MR. ZAKLUKIEWICZ: Let me clarify that
- 12 statement. The ISO report of July 2012 does not go back
- and identify the year in which the overloads occurred.
- 14 All they did was reconfirm when, that there still are
- 15 violations out there and the proposed project resolves
- 16 those reliability violations. In the report they
- 17 basically state that they have not done a specific study
- 18 as was done in the April 2011 report where the 2011
- 19 report identified the dates of need specifically, saying
- 20 Rhode Island has got an eminent problem right now,
- 21 Connecticut had a need of 2014/15, the western region had
- 22 a need of 2017/18. The reconfirmation or what's called
- the follow-up updated needs assessment does not go into
- the detail of, are they still needed in 2014/15. All

1 they did was say, we took the load at 2022 and here we 2 still have a need for the project. So as far as 3 Northeast Utilities is concerned, and I believe ISO, and I don't want to speak for them, you could ask them that question when they sit up here, there's still a need for 5 6 the project somewheres around 2014/15 for the state of 7 Connecticut. The western region still has a need for the project around 2018. Rhode Island has a need for the 8 9 project yesterday and eastern New England I thought had a 10 need somewheres around 2015 also when you take into 11 account the loss of the Salem Harbor units 1, 2, 3, 4, 12 which is about the loss of an 800 megawatt, 750 megawatt 13 generating station, which will be totally out of service 14 in 2014. 15 And you look at the studies, Mr. Ashton, 16 where I've got the New Brunswick import at zero, and you 17 look at the overloads that are occurring, there's just 18 still a definite need for the project now as projected in 19 the dates I've already specified. 20 MR. ASHTON: Would you agree that all of 21 these studies are an aid to good judgment in the design, 22 operation, and construction of a transmission system? 23 MR. ZAKLUKIEWICZ: I think it's good 24 judgment and the fact that as I stated before, and I

- don't want to be repetitive, there are no retirements in
- 2 this package.
- 3 MR. FITZGERALD: (Indiscernible, too far
- 4 from mic.).
- 5 MR. ASHTON: I hear you. I believe you
- 6 too.
- 7 (Laughter)
- 8 MR. ZAKLUKIEWICZ: And when those units 9 retire it's going to take us at best three to five years
- 10 to put transmission facilities in place to meet the
- 11 reliability needs of the state of Connecticut.
- 12 MR. ASHTON: In looking at -- I'm going to
- work both sides of this issue so, Mike, don't read
- anything into my questions here. One of the things that
- 15 concerns me is that we're looking at a half a billion
- dollars more or less of investment in a transmission
- system and the record of that transmission system has
- 18 been pretty darn good, has it not, excluding the storms
- 19 last fall, and if I remember right we have had zero loss
- of customer load for a five-year period, something like
- 21 that, whereas we get a hellacious loss of just due to
- 22 distribution failures. Then a question comes as to, if
- 23 I'm going to spend \$500,000,000 where should I spend it?
- 24 Should I spend it on transmission where the record is

phenomenally good, trees falling into the transmission

line notwithstanding, or should I spend it on

distribution which is not so good? This is some of the

issue as a manager of a company and as a regulator I

would think are going through people's minds. And so my

questions are to how to get at that judgment? You have a

comment I'm sure.

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MR. ZAKLUKIEWICZ: Certainly. I think we have to remember what, you know, when you look at it and you say well, what does one transmission line do? It moves power from point one to point two. But the whole system on a whole is necessary to meet reliability requirements. The transmission system without question has improved the efficiency of system operations. transmission facilities, as we spoke before with Dr. Bell, increase the ability to move power into like the state of Connecticut, the transfer limits go up, they provide emergency backup for resources. In other words, whenever we lose a generating unit within the state of Connecticut the power doesn't come from anywheres, it comes from that transmission system that we have built throughout New England to allow a generator in Maine or a generator in Massachusetts to bring that power into the state.

1 Day to day when you look at generator 2 dispatch the economics of it are driven -- only driven by 3 the fact that we have the transmission in place where we can take a unit which is operating at \$45 a megawatt and 5 move that power in where the next generator that could be 6 put on the system in Connecticut may be \$65, is a 7 substantially economic benefit to have in the 8 transmission. It reduces that requirement to have a 9 local generation in place. And if you just go back a few 10 years, look at where we were. We had built a brand-new 11 Milford generating unit, high-efficiency, low cost, and 12 yet because Connecticut was in the position it was in we were paying them \$125,000,000 a year as must run to 13 14 operate along with other units in the state of 15 Connecticut. A brand-new generating plant, \$125,000,000 16 whether they operated or not is what they got paid. So 17 when we talk about economics and being able to move stuff 18 around this becomes critical to the ratepayers of the 19 state of Connecticut. 20 MR. ASHTON: No argument there. question is judgment as to balance. As I say, I think 21 the must run situation down southwest Connecticut is a 22 23 story into itself that someday I hope will get written because it's not one of Connecticut's moments of glory. 24

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HEARING RE: CONNECTICUT LIGHT AND POWER COMPANY JULY 31, 2012

1 Talking About Lake Road, Lake Road right 2 now is tied to the 345 system and it's also tied into Killingly Substation. Is there any credit whatsoever 3 4 given to the fact that you can supply load to Connecticut 5 through that Killingly connection from Lake Road at all? 6 Is there one unit that's given credit for it at all? 7 And if not, why not? 8 MR. LASKOWSKI: Yes there is credit given 9 for that. And if you look at a report written by ISO a 10 couple of years ago they -- they had said one unit could 11 be considered a Connecticut unit. 12 MR. ASHTON: Okay. So we're really 13 concerned about two units is in Rhode Island, the net two 14 units. You mentioning east/west flows that takes me back 15 quite -- 50 odd years to what I think was a fiasco, and 16 that's the construction of the Rotterdam Pratts Junction 17 line, 230 kV. Technically an anomaly. Is there any 18 consideration in these studies to beef up the east/west 19 capability by converting that line to 345 or possibly 20 even a higher voltage? 21 MR. ZAKLUKIEWICZ: Not to my knowledge Mr. 22 Ashton. 23 MR. ASHTON: Part of your east/west 24 problem is that we are still dependent upon 1970

- interconnection between New England and New York, is that
- 2 not the case?
- MR. ZAKLUKIEWICZ: We do have those
- 4 limitations between what is the transfer limits between
- 5 New York and New England, whether we're talking east to
- 6 west or west to east.
- 7 MR. ASHTON: If we -- and that limit I
- 8 believe is still the same limit that's applied for 40
- 9 years, is that all right?
- 10 MR. ZAKLUKIEWICZ: It's 1,200 one way and
- 11 15 the other, isn't it?
- MR. LASKOWSKI: It's approximately 1,400.
- 13 MR. ZAKLUKIEWICZ: The limit is
- 14 approximately 1,400 in both directions. Not much
- different than they were 20 years ago.
- 16 MR. ASHTON: How many years ago?
- MR. ZAKLUKIEWICZ: 30 years ago?
- 18 (Laughter)
- 19 MR. ASHTON: How many years ago?
- 20 MR. ZAKLUKIEWICZ: I don't want to give
- 21 you my age.
- 22 (Laughter)
- MR. ASHTON: A long time ago anyway.
- MR. ZAKLUKIEWICZ: A long time ago, I'll

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1	agree with that.
2	MR. ASHTON: Okay. If we do have a
3	transfer, east/west transfer limit, and if the transfer
4	limits between New York and New England essentially
5	haven't changed for this period of time, why would that
6	not be an unreasonable or a reasonable solution to the
7	east/west problem by throwing another major tie between
8	New England and New York? Would that help you out, A, in
9	the east, the New York/New England frontier, and B, in
10	the internal New England east/west problem?
11	MR. LASKOWSKI: That tie would have no
12	benefit at all of transferring power from specifically
13	from western New England to eastern New England. It
14	would be able to pump power into western New England, but
15	it couldn't get it across the interface
16	MR. ASHTON: Wouldn't it depend where the
17	eastern terminal of that line was?
18	MR. LASKOWSKI: well, if you're going
19	to build a line all the way across Connecticut
20	MR. ASHTON: Well, not necessarily across
21	Connecticut, couldn't it be from Pleasant Valley or
22	through Pittsfield through the Northfield Mountain plant
23	and over to somewhere in central New England?
24	MR. LASKOWSKI: okay, yes. If you want

1	to build a line that long. That would be much longer.
2	MR. ASHTON: Well, that kills two birds
3	with one stone, doesn't it? It gives you better
4	east/west New England capability and gives you better
5	east/west New England versus New York capability.
6	MR. LASKOWSKI: You're essentially
7	doubling the size of the line.
8	MR. ASHTON: Right. That's what you're
9	doing here between Card Street and Rhode Island, you're
10	doubling the size of the line.
11	MR. LASKOWSKI: Doubling I meant in
12	terms of length, you're building the line from Card
13	Street up to Millbury, you're essentially saying, why
14	don't we not add onto that all the way over to New York.
15	MR. ASHTON: But wouldn't that also give
16	you an added benefit that this line does not give you?
17	MR. LASKOWSKI: Yes it would, of course.
18	MR. ASHTON: So the proposition isn't an
19	unreasonable one, is it?
20	MR. LASKOWSKI: In terms of adding
21	benefit, no, it's not unreasonable. In terms of
22	justifying it and who's going to pay for it I would think

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MR. ZAKLUKIEWICZ: Mr. Ashton?

you're going to have a hard time --

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1	MR. ASHTON: Well, that's okay. Yes sir?
2	MR. ZAKLUKIEWICZ: I would keep that
3	question when the ISO people are here.
4	MR. ASHTON: I intend to.
5	MR. ZAKLUKIEWICZ: As I recall, there is a
6	group of individuals from the PJM PJM entity, from New
7	York ISO and the New England ISO, who have extensively
8	studied how to increase transfers between New York and
9	New England. And I think their committee is called
10	ISPAC, and you could go onto the ISO website for that
11	under committees other committees and then you click
12	down on ISPAC. My recollection was around 2008-2009 they
13	looked at what could be done to increase basically the
14	generation on the HVDC line, in other words, a loss of
15	source studies, how best to do that.
16	And as I recall, there was only like 100
17	megawatts difference of installing a new line between
18	Pleasant Valley and Long Mountain. There was a small
19	difference in putting in another line from Alps over the
20	Berkshire and I'm not certain whether it went all the way
21	into Northfield, but it just increased, if you would, the
22	amount of power that can be moved from New York into New
23	England at any given time. And the problem ends up being
24	a voltage problem in the Idic (phonetic) area and when

HEARING RE: CONNECTICUT LIGHT AND POWER COMPANY JULY 31, 2012

that's not the issue it becomes a problem on the southern

New Jersey transmission system, even with the proposed

new 500 kV lines down in that area, they become the

limiting factor of how can the system without going

unstable or without violating voltage criteria increase

the power transfers between New York and New England.

So there are two areas today that dictate that and that is the amount of power you can move on central east across New York. And the second is, is what can you move for power down in the Pennsylvania, New Jersey area, where if you have a lot of generation down there it actually becomes a more limiting tie then the New York/Central East. I don't know if that helps or not.

MR. ASHTON: No, I understand what you're saying and it does help. The thing I'm concerned about is that to my recollection we've had three instances, I think it was, to certainly, where the system had suffered some outages during very big power swings. It's not the fact that a unit drops off that seems to get us in trouble, is the fact that some idiot out in Ohio forgot to trip at tree and the whole system falls apart and that creates a very substantial power swing.

You and I can remember, at least I can,

1	remember the 1965 blackout and they were big power swings
2	there again. And that's where the system really gets
3	tested and it's not the loss of a unit, it's the loss of
4	a unit which triggers a major system contingency. And
5	that's where I'm my questioning is poking at what can
6	we do that kills two birds with one stone, Mr. Laskowski,
7	that would benefit that? You know, what is a little bit
8	out-of-the-box thinking in that direction? That's no
9	question pending so I don't expect you to answer it.
10	What determines a transfer limit? What
11	testing do you do and what conclusion, how do you make a
12	conclusion that the transfer limit is X? You swing one
13	part of the system against another. You can put a
14	generator at Southington Bus versus generator at the
15	Boston Bus, swing them, I understand philosophically, but
16	when do you say the transfer limit has been reached?
17	What is it?
18	MR. LASKOWSKI: It occurs when you get
19	your well, there's two different transfer limits. We
20	do one for thermal, and we do also one for stability.
21	MR. ASHTON: I'm looking at the stability
22	type.
23	MR. LASKOWSKI: The stability type?
24	MR. ASHTON: Yeah.

1	MR. LASKOWSKI: Okay. Stability type
2	MR. ASHTON: Where there's not necessarily
3	a stuck breaker or something like that.
4	MR. LASKOWSKI: even for stability we
5	do consider stuck breakers in that we'll do a simulation,
6	we'll set up a transfer, run the simulations and look if
7	the system splits apart, or if we have a specific amount,
8	loss of source. And to come up with the stability
9	transfer limit we'll keep increasing, turning on more
10	generators until we do get a significant loss of source.
11	There is a specific criteria that says for whether it is
12	normal contingency or extreme contingency where extreme
13	contingency such as stuck breakers we're allowed more
14	loss of source. So it's in doing the stability type
15	transfer limit there is a little bit of, try this and
16	then go on to the next level, try this or back down
17	either way.
18	MR. ASHTON: In looking at this project
19	before the House now, what kinds of alternatives were
20	considered in terms of a different approach to it?
21	Obviously, double circuiting is, you know, a bread-and-
22	butter type of answer to a problem. Was there any
23	examination made of perhaps a transfer of, a connection
24	between a bus such as Montville, not over to West Farnam,

1	going through a different route, not necessarily the
2	Montville Bus, did you look at that kind of option?
3	MR. LASKOWSKI: In the original 2000
4	when we started this study back in 2004-2005 we looked at
5	several different options and one was a line coming down
6	from Rhode Island, crossing over to the
7	Millstone/Montville area and that option was eliminated.
8	MR. ASHTON: Why?
9	MR. LASKOWSKI: Combination of economics
10	and environmental mostly. And it also did not have as
11	much it ran into other problems because then at
12	Millstone we started to see overloads, so it wasn't quite
13	as robust as the other solutions that we kept with.
14	Early on even I was told to think out-of-the-box, and we
15	even thought of potentially a DC line going through the
16	Sound, but again, from an economic standpoint that would
17	not have been
18	MR. ASHTON: Yeah, well, I could believe
19	that.
20	MR. LASKOWSKI: you know, it was right
21	after doing some of the other cable undersea cables
22	where the Sound became, we don't want to touch the Sound,
23	so you know, from an environmental standpoint that was
24	not not acceptable.

1 MR. ZAKLUKIEWICZ: We also had an HVDC 2 line, potentially underground or overhead, from Millbury 3 to Southington, was considered as one of the other options. We considered a direct line from Millbury 5 directly down to Manchester not following any of the 6 existing rights-of-way, which would be a line that 7 basically paralleled the Connecticut, I mean, excuse me, 8 the Massachusetts Turnpike and 84, coming in that way is 9 one of the alternatives. We studied what was in the 10 original SNETRP report, that's the Southern New England 11 Transmission Reliability Project that was the first piece 12 that came out in January 2008. There was reviewed an option which went from Millbury over to Ludlow and tied 13 14 into the Ludlow Bus, required a rebuilding of the 15 existing Manchester to Ludlow line. That was turned down 16 because to rebuild that you might as well build another 17 one parallel to it because you couldn't operate the 18 system without the line in place. 19 So there were a number of other 20 alternatives that were studied to address all of the 21 voltage violations that came out besides the 10 or 12 22 that never got documented, Mr. Ashton. There were five 23 that were documented and then we had to modify when the 24 2011 reports were done there was a west to east problem

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- 1 that came up and so the options that we put together in 2 the August 2008 report were basically modified to address 3 those issues, which were a rebuilt primarily of the 4 Sherman Road to the existing 328 line from Sherman Road 5 to West Farnam. 6 But clearly they addressed all of the 7 interface issues. And then the last one was the report was to modifying Carpenter Hill. The original reports 8 9 had us just tapping into Carpenter Hill, doing nothing 10 else with Carpenter Hill. In the April 2011 report we 11 had a rebuild of the Carpenter Hill Substation with 12 another auto transformer there as one of the other 13 options. So yes, there were quite a few alternatives. 14 It just wasn't, hey, we think we've got something here, 15 let's just focus on this one. 16 MR. ASHTON: If Rhode Island, for whatever 17 reason, turns down the proposal, what would -- would you still want to build the Card Street to Rhode Island 18 19 borderline or Card Street to Killingly line? 20 MR. ZAKLUKIEWICZ: I personally cannot 21 envision Rhode Island turning down the project. MR. ASHTON: Well, I can't either, but 22
- MR. ZAKLUKIEWICZ: Today an N minus 1,

strange things happen.

23

- 1 minus 1 situation results in a total collapse. There's
- 2 only two lines that go into West Farnam and West Farnam
- 3 is key to their whole system. I lose both lines in a 115
- 4 kV system, this cannot handle it and you've got -- call
- 5 it India III in Rhode Island, you know?
- 6 (Laughter)
- 7 MR. ASHTON: Okay. I guess that's enough
- 8 for me, Mr. Chair, thank you.
- 9 MR. LASKOWSKI: I was going to add, I
- don't think we'd build Card just to the border and stop
- 11 the line there.
- MR. ASHTON: No, no, that's why I said
- 13 Killingly.
- MR. LASKOWSKI: Okay.
- 15 MR. ASHTON: I said Card to Killingly.
- 16 MR. LASKOWSKI: Card to Killingly? Okay.
- MR. ASHTON: As the alternative.
- 18 MR. LASKOWSKI: That wouldn't solve the
- 19 east/west problem.
- MR. ASHTON: I understand you don't
- 21 normally do that. Thank you.
- 22 VICE CHAIRMAN TAIT: Are you done? We'll
- take a break for lunch until two o'clock.
- 24 (Whereupon, a one hour lunch break was

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1	taken.)
2	VICE CHAIRMAN TAIT: Continue Council
3	cross-examination? Brian, any questions?
4	MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: I have no questions.
5	VICE CHAIRMAN TAIT: Brian, you have no
6	questions. Larry is not here. Ed?
7	MR. EDWARD WILENSKY: Just one question.
8	With 424, Docket 424, is the reason for it to import
9	energy into the state or to distribute energy within the
10	state? In other words, what is the main purpose of 424?
11	MR. LASKOWSKI: 424 actually has multiple
12	reasons. One is to import energy into the state because
13	
14	MR. WILENSKY: Well, isn't there enough
15	energy in the state right now for the need of the state
16	of Connecticut? Or is it still necessary to import
17	energy?
18	MR. LASKOWSKI: there are situations
19	during peak load in the future that there will not be
20	enough energy in the state to supply all the load.
21	MR. WILENSKY: So then and the reason
22	for the 424 Docket is what then?
23	MR. LASKOWSKI: One, to import energy
24	during peak conditions. Also to be able to export energy

1	across the New England east/west boundary in both
2	directions. Depending on which units are not available
3	the power could be needed in either direction in New
4	England.
5	MR. WILENSKY: The need then, the reason
6	for it being that to distribute energy within the state
7	and also to import energy into the state?
8	MR. LASKOWSKI: Yes.
9	MR. WILENSKY: Do we export any energy?
10	MR. LASKOWSKI: Generally very, very
11	little.
12	MR. WILENSKY: Pardon? I'm sorry.
13	MR. LASKOWSKI: Generally very little.
14	MR. WILENSKY: Okay. Very good.
15	MR. ZAKLUKIEWICZ: Mr. Wilensky?
16	MR. WILENSKY: Yes, Mr. Zak?
17	MR. ZAKLUKIEWICZ: You recall back when
18	the nuclear plants were all running? In other words,
19	Millstone 1, 2, 3 and Connecticut Yankee and then we had
20	the Middletown four unit, we had the Montville six unit.
21	At that time we were typically exporting power and then
22	when we had the problems with the nuclear plants and
23	Millstone 1, 2 and 3 and CY were shut down we became a
24	major importer of power in those years. Then Millstone 2

1 and Millstone 3 came back on in '98, we were on the 2 border. Some hours you would and some hours you 3 wouldn't. Even though we've got enough power now generator-wise, when you add it all up the fact of the 5 matter is from hour to hour a lot of the generation in 6 Connecticut is oil fired. And oil fired at this time is 7 extremely more expensive than gas-fired generation. So new England dispatches generation, unless there's a local 9 problem that can't be solved with the transmission system 10 that is there, you bring on the next unit which is the 11 least, or the least most costly to put on the next unit. So on a lot of the hours of the day you could say, well, 13 Connecticut's got more generation than the load in the 14 state of Connecticut, however, except for Millstone 2 and 15 3 and maybe one or two other fossil fired units on low to 16 medium peak days, those are the only units running in the 17 state of Connecticut, and the load is being served by 18 that coming into the state. 19 If you look at June 20 to 22, where we had 20 the peak days a few weeks ago, on June 20 from the hours 21 0100 to 0600 we were exporting. The rest of the hours 22 all the way up to bringing in 1,800 megawatts of power we 23 were importing, okay? If you look at last week, when we had the hot spell, July 16, 17, 18, there's not a single 24

8

12

1 hour in that period where we were exporting anything. 2 So if we are exporting it is during the 3 wee hours of the morning when the load is, the New England load is probably somewheres between nine and 12 5 for 13,000 megawatts. We've got the nukes and some other units that have must run contracts that must run, but 6 7 were needed during the day and they've got a 24-hour 8 start up period. We may be exporting some, but I think 9 it's fair to say in today's world we're probably 10 importing 90 plus percent of the hours of the year. 11 MR. WILENSKY: During that hot spell in 12 July that you mentioned, were we importing in that time, July whatever? 13 14 MR. ZAKLUKIEWICZ: July 16, 17, 18? 15 MR. WILENSKY: Yes, yes, yes. 16 MR. ZAKLUKIEWICZ: Yeah. The numbers go 17 for July 16 the low number is about 356 megawatts all the 18 way up to 1,906 megawatts. On the 17th, which would have 19 been the Tuesday, the low number was 300, all the way up 20 to 1,811 megawatts, all hours importing. On Wednesday 21 the 18th we were importing the entire time. Load number 22 was 480 megawatts. 23 MR. WILENSKY: Would you say that more 24 energy plants are needed within the state of Connecticut

1	then being that we had to import so much?
2	MR. ZAKLUKIEWICZ: I think what I would
3	say is we need more low cost, more efficient generating
4	plants in the state of Connecticut. Plants that can
5	compete with the rest of New England and be lower in
6	costs such that they are called on to operate when the
7	load is down lower than having units now which are way up
8	in the price range, such that they are only called upon
9	to operate when you're looking to have a very high load
10	day or a peak load day.
11	MR. WILENSKY: Okay. Thank you very much.
12	Thank you Mr. Chairman.
13	MR. LYNCH: Just one question. This
1 /	
14	morning in this morning's session you mentioned to Mr.
15	morning in this morning's session you mentioned to Mr. Ashton that the likelihood of the state of Rhode Island
15	Ashton that the likelihood of the state of Rhode Island
15 16	Ashton that the likelihood of the state of Rhode Island or the Commonwealth of Massachusetts denying this project
15 16 17	Ashton that the likelihood of the state of Rhode Island or the Commonwealth of Massachusetts denying this project was not a matter not likely to happen. My question
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15 16 17 18 19	Ashton that the likelihood of the state of Rhode Island or the Commonwealth of Massachusetts denying this project was not a matter not likely to happen. My question reverts back not to the states, but to the Army Corps, they're notoriously slow and not consistent. And Mr.
15 16 17 18 19 20	Ashton that the likelihood of the state of Rhode Island or the Commonwealth of Massachusetts denying this project was not a matter not likely to happen. My question reverts back not to the states, but to the Army Corps, they're notoriously slow and not consistent. And Mr. Carberry referenced it this morning also. And they
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Ashton that the likelihood of the state of Rhode Island or the Commonwealth of Massachusetts denying this project was not a matter not likely to happen. My question reverts back not to the states, but to the Army Corps, they're notoriously slow and not consistent. And Mr. Carberry referenced it this morning also. And they and Ms. Mango in other sessions was talking about this

get around the areas that they have jurisdiction over? 1 2 MR. CARBERRY: Well, part of the answer to 3 your question, Mr. Lynch, is that we -- seeing the experience that we've had with GSRP and the long time 5 that it took, we are much further along this time. made our major filings both of the 404 in the 401. 6 7 had a great -- well, yes, the 404 is the Army Corps and the 401 is the Associated Water Quality Certificate with 8 9 the state DEPs, so there's one in each state. And so 10 we're much further along and there's a great deal of 11 advance work with those agencies that done as well. 12 One of the things that was, I guess, a 13 learning experience for us on the GSRP was the extent of 14 the involvement of American tribes in a portion of the 15 work that the Army Corps must go through before they can 16 issue a permit. So we're much further along with them as 17 well. So we've done everything we can this time I guess 18 to make sure that that permit is not the source of delay 19 that it was to us on GSRP. 20 Fortunately on GSRP we could work on other 21 places that were in uplands and make progress without 22 having that permit, but in this case we're trying to make 23 sure that we get it in a more timely fashion. So we've 24 done a lot more work in that regard.

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1 I look at these things as the -- the 2 siting is whether you can do the project or not, this is the right project or not. And the permitting is, how do 3 we do it in a way that's the least environmentally 5 damaging practical way to do it? So they, first of all, 6 are anxious to see that it's been sited, that this is the 7 appropriate solution that the siting agencies have 8 chosen, and then you look at how to do it in a least 9 environmentally damaging and practical way, or if there 10 is damage, how do you -- you can't avoid it, how do you 11 mitigate it? 12 So, we're even at the point where we're discussing mitigation actions with these agencies as 13 14 well. So I think that it's not the premise of your 15 question that they could just deny the permit out right, 16 or stop us to make a completely big change, it's not very 17 likely. 18 MR. WILENSKY: Thank you very much Mr. 19 Carberry. 20 VICE CHAIRMAN TAIT: Dr. Bell? 21 DR. BELL: I just want to ask a follow-up 22 question to that. I'm not sure exactly whether Mr. Lynch 23 just meant what we're doing in Connecticut. I heard your answer on that. But when you say, we're doing this or 24

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1 we're doing that, were you also including Rhode Island? 2 Because Rhode Island -- when you gave the dates for when 3 the application was made to the ACOE for Rhode Island and Massachusetts they were both like in late June, or mid-5 June, as I remember from this morning what you said. 6 they don't seem to be very much ahead. Is there any 7 chance that the Rhode Island people and the Massachusetts 8 people would not be doing the kind of preparatory work 9 that you've just spoke about to Mr. Lynch? 10 MR. CARBERRY: Okav. I should have when I 11 used the word, we, have explained that we did include 12 National Grid. They are joint with us on the Army Corps 13 permit filing and just as we have made our state filings 14 they have as well. In Massachusetts they have a 15 companion process as well that precedes everything, 16 Massachusetts Environmental Policy Act, so they have to 17 go through a process and get a certificate before they 18 can make a permit application to any state agency. No 19 state agency is allowed to issue its permit in 20 Massachusetts until they've cleared that certificate 21 process. So Massachusetts cleared that process, I think 22 they got that certificate at the end of 2011. 23 DR. BELL: Okay. 24 MR. CARBERRY: So, they're with us.

1	only thing that held up their they were prepared to
2	file their application about the same time we were and
3	they were held up after speaking with the EFSB staff and
4	the staff wanting them to do some further studies. And
5	then after they did that additional study they realize
6	that ISO was going to do some follow-up as well. But
7	while that effected the siting progress it did not effect
8	the permitting progress.
9	DR. BELL: Okay. Thanks. I understand.
10	VICE CHAIRMAN TAIT: Okay. We're ready
11	for the cross-examination by other parties. NRG
12	Companies? The Civie's are not here. Equipower
13	Resources Corporation? Not here. UI?
14	A FEMALE VOICE: No questions.
15	VICE CHAIRMAN TAIT: Edward Bullard?
16	Office of Consumer Counsel? Richard Cheney and the
17	Highland Ridge Golf Range, LLC? Mount Hope Montessori
18	School, Incorporated? ISO New England?
19	MR. ANTHONY MACLEOD: No questions.
20	VICE CHAIRMAN TAIT: We're then ready for
21	the appearance by the NRG Companies, which I understand -
22	_
23	HEARING OFFICER GAITHER: Redirect?
24	VICE CHAIRMAN TAIT: certainly.

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1 MR. FITZGERALD: There's just one little 2 line. Mr. Zak, you explained in the April 2011 needs 3 report ISO put a year need on each of the several needs that were identified in the report. And just quickly to set up the next question, would you review what those 5 6 needs and years of need were? MR. ZAKLUKIEWICZ: I believe I stated that 7 8 the Rhode Island need was now, has been for a number of 9 I believe I said Connecticut was 2014-2015. 10 believe I stated previously that the western region need 11 was 2017-2018, or 2018-2019, in that ballpark of one of 12 those ranges. And I believe the eastern region is 2015-2016, or 2016-2017, in that spread also. 13 14 MR. FITZGERALD: Okay. By the way, when 15 you're saying 216, you made 2016, right? 16 MR. ZAKLUKIEWICZ: Excuse me, yes, the answer is 2000 for all of those, 2013, 14, the year, 17 18 calendar year. 19 MR. FITZGERALD: In this most recent follow-up report, which was kind of a last look to 20 21 confirm that the project was still needed, many of the 22 detailed analyses that were done in the earlier report 23 were not done, and that includes this year -- revisit the year of need analysis, is that right? 24

1	MR. ZAKLUKIEWICZ: That is correct.
2	MR. FITZGERALD: Okay. Now, what they did
3	do though, was introduce a new methodology, a change in
4	methodology for this report that hadn't been used in the
5	previous reports, and that was to predict what energy
6	efficiency measures might be added in future years to
7	reduce loads, correct?
8	MR. ZAKLUKIEWICZ: That is correct. That
9	is correct.
10	MR. FITZGERALD: And so, the result was to
11	generally reduce the loads that were being analyzed as
12	compared to the previous several studies. So if the year
13	of need analysis was redone on the 2012 assumptions,
14	wouldn't you expect that those years would be moved out
15	some, moved forward some and become later?
16	MR. ZAKLUKIEWICZ: You mean by that
17	question they would move from like where we were
18	previously protecting them to be 2014-2015 two 2016-17 or
19	17-18?
20	MR. FITZGERALD: Right, in that direction.
21	MR. ZAKLUKIEWICZ: From an EE standpoint,
22	that's energy efficiency, the EE stands for energy
23	efficiency, that would be a correct assumption. But I'd
24	like to point out two items now. One is the CELT report

and what's being projected assumes we are still in a recession, meaning we have very low load growth rates. In other words, the energy projected to be used in the peak loads are increasing at less than one percent up to a percent and a half. And secondly, I and others have a great concern that even though the ISO has projected load and energy efficiencies out to the years they have not taken into account generator retirements, which everyone knows is going to happen. But because they do not have a specific year, and have not been provided the documentation, in other words, in the form of delist in the forward capacity market auctions they do not project any retirements of generation.

And as I said before, the Brotto Group for DEEP has projected, I think starting in 2016 when you look at the Integrated Resource Plan for the state of Connecticut, they've got an additional 938 megawatts of generation out there, which they predict will retire because it is not economic for those units to continue to operate. And they have an additional 1,100 and almost 50 megawatts of generation, which may or may not retire during that timeframe. So to predict exactly how much that timeframe for the need of this project in the state of Connecticut to meet violations, would it move or not?

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1 I'm not certain. If we do have those retirements before 2 year 2015, as the DEEP predicts, that timeframe is not

3 going to move.

for that?

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MR. LASKOWSKI: I would just like to add one other item. In that ISO presentation, which we were reviewing earlier with Dr. Bell, if you look at that Table 6, with the change in assumptions if a load decrease was only 370 megawatts, and that's less than a year's growth in the ISO that they're typically predicting for year to year throughout New England.

MR. FITZGERALD: Thank you.

MR. ASHTON: Mr. Zak, I have one question.

In retirements, in the scheme of retirements, what would

happen if the company went bankrupt? For example, NRG is

one of the larger players in southern New England. If

NRG went bankrupt would that -- could that accelerate

retirements? Or should I wait till ISO is on the stand

MR. ZAKLUKIEWICZ: Well, I know each of the plants in NRG are their own Inc. So, as in the case of AES Thames, the Inc. that had AES Thames, Connecticut, Inc., when it filed bankruptcy the doors were closed to that unit the following day.

24 MR. ASHTON: Okay. Thank you. That's it.

1	VICE CHAIRMAN TAIT: All right. NRG
2	Companies, I understand you do not have a presentation?
3	MR. ANDREW CORD: Correct.
4	VICE CHAIRMAN TAIT: The Civie's are on
5	for later on next month. Equipower Resources
6	Corporation, not here. UI Company?
7	A FEMALE VOICE: Nothing.
8	VICE CHAIRMAN TAIT: No presentation,
9	thank you. Edward Hill Bullard, not present. Office of
10	Consumer Counsel, not present. Richard Cheney and
11	Highland Ridge Golf Range, LLC, not present. Mount Hope
12	Montessori School Incorporated, not present. ISO New
13	England?
14	MR. MACLEOD: No questions.
15	VICE CHAIRMAN TAIT: Thank you. You have
16	a chance at rebuttal. Are you speechless?
17	MR. FITZGERALD: Well, as we do, you know,
18	we're not no, because we have the ICF non-transmission
19	alternative witnesses coming tomorrow morning.
20	VICE CHAIRMAN TAIT: Yes.
21	MR. FITZGERALD: We didn't think we'd
22	VICE CHAIRMAN TAIT: Let's see where we
23	are. This concludes today's evidentiary session. The
24	evidentiary hearing will continue here on Thursday at

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- 1 11:00 a.m. Please note additional hearing dates have
- been scheduled for Tuesday, August 28th and Thursday,
- 3 August 30th. A memo will be sent to the service list.
- 4 Other parties and intervenors will have
- 5 the opportunity to present their cases on those dates.
- 6 Any questions? So on Thursday who will we be -- will the
- 7 applicant's panel be back? Non-transmission alternative
- 8 and --
- 9 MR. FITZGERALD: Yeah. All we have left
- 10 now is we have the one interrogatory that Ms. Topier
- 11 needs to adopt and then we have the three witnesses from
- 12 ICF Consulting, who will adopt their prefiled testimony
- and take cross-examination questions on them. Then we're
- 14 done.
- 15 VICE CHAIRMAN TAIT: And ISO New England
- will be when?
- MR. MACLEOD: We will have prefiled
- 18 testimony --
- 19 COURT REPORTER: I'm sorry, you need to
- 20 come to the microphone.
- MR. MACLEOD: -- we will have prefiled
- testimony that we will be introducing into the record.
- We will have witnesses available.
- 24 VICE CHAIRMAN TAIT: And when is that

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1	scheduled for?
2	MR. MACLEOD: Well, I think August 28th
3	would be an appropriate date. I understand that one of
4	the witnesses on our panel is not going to be available
5	on the 30th, so we would ask that to the extent possible
6	we try to get everything done. The individual who will
7	not be available on the 30th is Mr. Rourke, Steve Rourke.
8	VICE CHAIRMAN TAIT: So you would hope to
9	get all that done on the 28th?
10	MR. MACLEOD: On the 28th if possible,
11	yes.
12	VICE CHAIRMAN TAIT: When are the Civie's
13	available?
14	A FEMALE VOICE: The 28th.
15	VICE CHAIRMAN TAIT: The 28th. And
16	they're back from vacation?
17	A FEMALE VOICE: Yes.
18	VICE CHAIRMAN TAIT: Okay. Does that help
19	everybody on our scheduling?
20	MR. FITZGERALD: Yes. That works. I
21	mean, because the Civie's availability has a double
22	significance apparently because they want to question ISO
23	as well as present their own case. So that works.
24	Maybe, to be sure that we finish with ISO, if at all

- 1 possible on the 28th, they could go first and then Mr.
- 2 Civie -- the Civie's case could follow?
- 3 VICE CHAIRMAN TAIT: Why don't we work
- 4 that out -- I understand the thought of -- so why don't
- 5 you work it out with Melanie and get the schedule set up?
- 6 Okay. Thank you all for your participation this
- 7 afternoon. We stand adjourned until Thursday.
- 8 (Whereupon, the hearing adjourned at 2:30
- 9 p.m.)

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