

STATE OF CONNECTICUT

CONNECTICUT SITING COUNCIL

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May 11, 2012

TO:

Parties and Intervenors

FROM:

Linda Roberts, Executive Director

RE:

DOCKET NO. 423 - North Atlantic Towers, LLC, and New Cingular Wireless

PCS, LLC Application for a Certificate of Environmental Compatibility and

Public Need for the construction, maintenance, and operation of a

telecommunications facility located off of Route 198, Woodstock, Connecticut.

As stated at the evidentiary hearing held in New Britain on March 8, 2012, after the Connecticut Siting Council (Council) issues its draft findings of fact, parties and intervenors may identify errors or inconsistencies between the Council's draft findings of fact and the record; however, no new information, evidence, argument, or reply briefs will be considered by the Council.

Parties and Intervenors may file written comments with the Council on the Draft Findings of Fact issued on this docket by May 31, 2012.

LR/CW/cm

Enclosure



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DOCKET NO.	. 423 – North A	tlantic [lowers,	LLC,	and I	New	}	Connecticut
Cingular Wirele	ess PCS, LLC	Applicati	ion for	a Cert	ificat	e of		~
Environmental	Compatibility	and F	'ublic	Need	for	the	}	Siting
construction,	maintenance,	and	opera	ation	of	a		Council
telecommunicat	ions facility loca	ited off	Route	198, W	oodst	ock,	}	Council
Connecticut.								May 4, 2012

DRAFT Findings of Fact

Introduction

- 1. North Atlantic Towers, LLC (NAT) and New Cingular Wireless PCS, LLC (AT&T), in accordance with provisions of Connecticut General Statutes (C.G.S.) § 16-50g, et. seq., applied to the Connecticut Siting Council (Council) on October 20, 2011 for the construction, maintenance and operation of a 150-foot wireless telecommunications facility off Route 198 in Woodstock, Connecticut. (NAT/AT&T 1, p. 2)
- 2. Florida Tower Partners d/b/a North Atlantic Towers, LLC is a Delaware limited liability company with an office in Florida. NAT would construct and maintain the facility and be the Certificate Holder. (NAT/AT&T 1, p. 3; Tr. 1, p. 23)
- 3. AT&T is a Delaware limited liability company with an office in Connecticut. AT&T is licensed by the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) to construct and operate in a cellular system in Connecticut. (NAT/AT&T 1, p. 3)
- 4. The parties in this proceeding are the NAT and AT&T. (Transcript 1 3:00 p.m. [Tr. 1], p. 4)
- 5. The purpose of the proposed facility is to provide coverage in the western and southwestern portions of the Town of Woodstock along Route 198, Route 171 and the surrounding area. (NAT/AT&T 1, p. 1)
- 6. Pursuant to C.G.S. § 16-50m, the Council, after giving due notice thereof, held a public hearing on January 10, 2012, beginning at 3:00 p.m. and continuing at 7:00 p.m. at the Woodstock Town Hall, Room # 1, Lower Level, 415 Route 169, Woodstock, Connecticut. (Council's Hearing Notice dated December 2, 2011; Tr. 1, p. 2; Transcript 2 7:00 p.m. [Tr. 2], p. 2)
- 7. The Council and its staff conducted an inspection of the proposed site on January 10, beginning at 2:00 p.m. During the field inspection, the applicant flew a red balloon at the proposed site to simulate the height of the proposed tower. The tether was anchored at a location 21.5 feet east of the proposed tower location due to the tree canopy surrounding the proposed site. Due to windy conditions on the day of the field review, the balloon was aloft intermittently from 7:45 a.m. until 4:02 p.m. (NAT/AT&T 10, Response 15)
- 8. On March 8, 2012, the Council held a continued evidentiary hearing at the offices of the Connecticut Siting Council, Ten Franklin Square, New Britain, Connecticut. (Transcript 3 1:05 p.m. [Tr. 3], p. 2)
- 9. Pursuant to C.G.S. § 16-50l (b), public notice of the application was published in the <u>Woodstock Villager</u> on September 30, 2011 and October 7, 2011. (NAT/AT&T 5, Affidavit of Publication)

- 10. Pursuant to C.G.S. § 16-50l(b), notice of the application was provided to all abutting property owners by certified mail. Notice was unclaimed by Kevin Reagan and Thomas Harvey, the owners of 350 Route 198. An additional notice was sent to the property owners via first class mail. (NAT/AT&T 1, p. 5; Tab 10; NAT/AT&T 2, Response 1)
- 11. Pursuant to C.G.S. § 16-50l (b), NAT provided notice to all federal, state and local officials and agencies listed therein. (NAT/AT&T 1, p. 4)

State Agency Comment

- 12. Pursuant to C.G.S. § 16-50j (h), on December 2, 2011 and March 8, 2012, the following State agencies were solicited by the Council to submit written comments regarding the proposed facility: Department of Energy and Environmental Protection (DEEP); Department of Public Health (DPH); Council on Environmental Quality (CEQ); Public Utility Regulatory Authority (PURA); Office of Policy and Management (OPM); Department of Economic and Community Development (DECD); Department of Agriculture (DOAg); Department of Transportation (DOT); and Department of Emergency Management and Homeland Security (DEMHS). (Record)
- 13. On December 8, 2011, the Council received comments from the Drinking Water Section of DPH. DPH identified that the proposed project is within Williamntic Reservoir Watershed, the public water supply watershed of the Mansfield Hollow Reservoir. DPH recommends protection of the drinking water resource by:
 - a. Installing and maintaining erosion and sedimentation controls;
 - b. Identifying a party for maintenance, inspection, repair, replacement and installation of new controls as necessary;
 - c. Servicing machinery outside of the public water supply watershed;
 - d. Refueling machinery and vehicles on an impervious pad with a secondary containment system;
 - e. Not storing fuel or other hazardous materials in the water supply watershed. If any fuel or hazardous materials must be kept within the watershed during working hours, it should be stored on an impervious surface with secondary containment;
 - f. Keeping a fuel spill remediation kit on-site to quickly contain and clean spills;
 - g. Consulting with Windham Water Works System prior to commencement of the project; and
 - h. Allowing Windham Water Works System personnel to periodically inspect the project to ensure that drinking water quality is not adversely impacted.
 (DPH Comments, received December 8, 2011)
- 14. The applicants responded to DPH's letter on December 20, 2011. The applicants made the following suggestions for inclusion in a Development and Management Plan, if the proposed project is approved:
 - a. Erosion and sedimentation controls would be designed in accordance with the 2002 Connecticut Guidelines for Soil Erosion and Sediment Control. These controls would be inspected once every seven days and after significant rainfall events. The inspections would be documented and copies provided to the Windham Water Works System.
 - A spill containment kit would be kept onsite during construction of the proposed project. In
 addition, a waste drum would be onsite to allow for the proper disposal of any spill kit materials.
 Procedures in the event of the occurrence of a spill have been established, which includes notice to
 the Windham Water Works System.
 - c. Servicing of machinery should be completed outside of the public water supply watershed. Refueling of vehicles or machinery should be done on an impervious pad with secondary containment designed to contain fuels.

(NAT/AT&T 4; Tr. 1, p. 20)

- 15. On January 4, 2012, the Council received a letter from the Department of Transportation stating that it has no comment on the proposed project. (DOT comments, received January 4, 2012)
- 16. No other state agencies responded with comments on the proposed project. (Record)

Municipal Consultation

- 17. The applicants had communications with the Town of Woodstock Telecommunications Taskforce in September 2010. A meeting with the Telecommunications Taskforce was held in October 2010, which did not yield any recommendations or suggestions. (NAT/AT&T 1, p. 23)
- 18. On March 7, 2011, a technical report was provided to the Woodstock First Selectman, Allen D. Walker. On May 9, 2011, the Telecommunications Taskforce coordinated another meeting and provided comments to the Applicants. The Telecommunications Taskforce recommended collocation on an existing tower at Sherman Road and a proposed tower on Swedetown Road. The Taskforce also asked about visibility of the proposed site from Chamberlain Mill (a town-designated historic site) and Barber Road (a town-designated scenic road). (NAT/AT&T 1, pp. 23, 24)
- 19. In response to the town's request, AT&T determined that locating at the Sherman Road and Swedetown Road sites would not provide adequate coverage to the coverage gap in this area of Woodstock. (NAT/AT&T 1, p. 24)
- 20. The proposed tower would not be visible from the Chamberlain Mill historical property. The top of the tower would be visible from the westernmost portion of Barber Road. (NAT/AT&T 1, p. 24)
- 21. NAT would provide space on the proposed tower to accommodate Town emergency services antennas and equipment at the site at no cost. (NAT/AT&T 1, p. 13)

Public Need for Service

- 22. In 1996, the United States Congress recognized a nationwide need for high quality wireless telecommunications services, including cellular telephone service. Through the Federal Telecommunications Act of 1996, Congress seeks to promote competition, encourage technical innovations, and foster lower prices for telecommunications services. (Council Administrative Notice Item No. 4)
- 23. In issuing cellular licenses, the Federal government has preempted the determination of public need for cellular service by the states, and has established design standards to ensure technical integrity and nationwide compatibility among all systems. AT&T is licensed by the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) to provide personal wireless communication service to Connecticut. (Council Administrative Notice Item No. 4; NAT/AT&T 1, p. 3)
- 24. The Telecommunications Act of 1996 prohibits local and state entities from discriminating among providers of functionally equivalent services. (Council Administrative Notice Item No. 4)
- 25. The Telecommunications Act of 1996 prohibits any state or local entity from regulating telecommunications towers on the basis of the environmental effects, which include human health effects, of radio frequency emissions to the extent that such towers and equipment comply with FCC's regulations concerning such emissions. This Act also blocks the Council from prohibiting or acting with the effect of prohibiting the provision of personal wireless service. (Council Administrative Notice Item No.4)

- 26. The Wireless Communications and Public Safety Act of 1999 (911 Act) was enacted by Congress to promote and enhance public safety by making 9-1-1 the universal emergency assistance number, by furthering deployment of wireless 9-1-1 capabilities, and by encouraging construction and operation of seamless ubiquitous and reliable networks for wireless services. (Council Administrative Notice Item No. 5)
- 27. AT&T would provide "Enhanced 911" services from the proposed facility. (Council Administrative Notice Item No. 6; NAT/AT&T 1, p. 10)
- 28. The FCC has established a Personal Localized Alerting Network (PLAN) that is to begin in April 2012. PLAN will require providers to issue text message alerts from federal bodies including the President of the United States. The system would allow the public to receive e-mails and text messages on mobile devices based on geographic location. (NAT/AT&T 1, p. 11)
- 29. In December 2009, President Barack Obama recognized cell phone towers as critical infrastructure vital to the United States. (Council Administrative Notice Item No. 9 -Barack Obama Presidential Proclamation 8460, Critical Infrastructure Protection)
- 30. Pursuant to the tower sharing policy of the State of Connecticut under C.G.S. §16-50aa, if the Council finds that a request for shared use of a facility by a municipality or other person, firm, corporation or public agency is technically, legally, environmentally and economically feasible, and the Council finds that the request for shared use of a facility meets public safety concerns, the Council shall issue an order approving such shared use to avoid the unnecessary proliferation of towers in the state. (Conn. Gen. Stat. §16-50aa)

Existing and Proposed Wireless Coverage - AT&T

- 31. AT&T operates in the 850 MHz (cellular) and 1900 MHz (PCS) frequency bands and at a signal level service design of -74 dBm for in-building coverage and -82 dBm for in-vehicle coverage in this area, sufficient for in-vehicle coverage. AT&T also owns the 700 MHz (LTE) frequency but is currently not using the frequency. (NAT/AT&T 2, Response 7, Response 8)
- 32. The proposed site is needed to provide coverage to an area that currently has no service. The existing signal level threshold in the area of the proposed site is -110 dBm and below. Refer to Figure 2. (NAT/AT&T 2, Response 5; Tr. 1, p. 22)
- 33. At 147 feet above ground level (agl), AT&T's coverage footprint could provide service to approximately 779 people at -74 dBm and 806 people at -82 dBm. At 97 feet agl, AT&T's coverage footprint could provide service to approximately 629 people at -74 dBm and 545 people at -82 dBm. The lower height would result in an approximately 19 percent reduction in population covered at -74 dBm and an approximately 32 percent reduction in population covered at -82 dBm. Population estimates are based on data from 2000 United States Census and are not necessarily the number of AT&T customers living within the coverage footprint of the site. (NAT/AT&T 1, Tab 1; NAT/AT&T 2, Response 14)

34. The length of the existing coverage gaps on main roads within the project area, assuming that AT&T antennas are located on all facilities for which it has approval are:

Street	Gap
Route 198	1.96 miles
Route 171	1.94 miles
Eastford Road	1.09 miles
Boston Turnpike	1.03 miles
Route 197	0.24 miles

(NAT/AT&T 10, Response 40)

35. The coverage footprint (in square miles) from the proposed site with antennas at 147 feet agl (refer to Figure 3) and 107 feet agl (Refer to Figure 4) are:

Signal Level	147 feet agl	107 feet agl	
-74 dBm (PCS)	7.52 mi ²	6.37 mi ²	
-82 dBm (PCS)	9.7 mi^2	8.58 mi ²	
-74 dBm (cellular)	5.9 mi ²	2.95 mi^2	
-82 dBm (cellular)	6.04 mi ²	3.82 mi ²	
-74 dBm (LTE)	7.11 mi ²	3.36 mi ²	
-82 dBm (LTE)	5.58 mi ²	3.34 mi^2	

(NAT/AT&T 10, Response 41)

36. At 147 feet agl on the proposed tower, AT&T would provide the following coverage along main roads:

Street	Coverage (≥-82 dBm)
Route 198	1.96 miles
Route 171	1.85 miles
Eastford Road	0.78 miles
Boston Turnpike	0.13 miles
Route 197	0.12 miles

(NAT/AT&T 1, Tab 1)

37. AT&T's minimum coverage needs could be met by installing antennas at the 110-foot level of the proposed site. At the 110-foot level, AT&T would be able to provide coverage to the major roads in the area but would have a smaller coverage footprint versus locating at the 150-foot level. (Tr. 1, p. 48)

38. The proposed site would hand off signals to nearby sites, including:

Antenna Height agl	Approximate Distance from Sites
113 feet	6.5 miles northwest
154 feet	7.3 miles northeast
140 feet	5.9 miles northwest
225 feet	6.6 miles southwest
150 feet	3.6 miles northeast
130 feet	6.8 miles southeast
150 feet	4.8 miles south
120 feet	5.5 miles northwest
167 feet	4.9 miles southwest
127 feet	2.78 miles northwest
	113 feet 154 feet 140 feet 225 feet 150 feet 130 feet 120 feet

(NAT/AT&T 1, Tab 1; NAT/AT&T 2, Response 4; Tr. 1, p. 18; Tr. 3, p. 22)

- 39. The overall dropped call rate in the area of the proposed site is 0.83 percent. The dropped call rate does not reflect the fact that some users become familiar with areas of little or no coverage and do not attempt making a call in that area; call attempts that do not reach a cell site; low quality calls when the person on the other end of the line cannot hear the caller. (NAT/AT&T 10, Response 39)
- 40. AT&T investigated the use of a Connecticut DOT property for the installation of a facility. Antennas mounted at a centerline height of 197 feet above ground level on the DOT property would leave coverage gaps to the north of the proposed site and along Route 198. (NAT/AT&T 10, Response 1)
- 41. AT&T investigated the use of Town of Woodstock-owned property on Hawkins Road. Antennas mounted at a centerline height of 197 feet agl on the town property would leave coverage gaps to the north of the proposed site and along Route 198. (NAT/AT&T 10, Response 2)
- 42. AT&T may locate antennas on an approved Verizon tower to be located at 87 West Quassett Road in Woodstock at some point in the future. (NAT/AT&T 10, Response 12)

Site Selection

- 43. NAT established a site search in the target service area in southwestern Woodstock in December 2009. AT&T established its site search in February 2010. (NAT/AT&T 1, Tab 2; NAT/AT&T 2, Response 2)
- 44. The applicants investigated potential locations that are between 1.5 and 2 miles away from the proposed site. (Tr. 1, pp. 44, 45)

- 45. The applicants did not find any existing structures suitable for providing coverage to the area. (NAT/AT&T 1, p. 12)
- 46. There is one tower located two miles from the proposed site, which is a 75-foot guyed lattice tower located at Perrin Road in Woodstock. AT&T is not located on this structure. There are no other towers within a two-mile radius of the proposed site. (NAT/AT&T 1, Tab 2; NAT/AT&T 10, Response 37)
- 47. After determining that no suitable facilities or structures exist within the search area, the applicants searched for potential new tower locations. The applicants investigated 11 parcels for potential tower development, one of which was selected as the proposed site. The investigated parcels and reason for rejection are:
 - a. 26 Kenyonville Road rejected by radio frequency engineers.
 - b. (parcel 5789/37/16A) Route 171 property owner was not interested in development of a tower site on property
 - c. 384 Route 198 property owners did not respond to inquiries from the Applicants
 - d. 88 Kenyonville Road rejected by radio frequency engineers
 - e. 254 Crystal Pond Road rejected by radio frequency engineers
 - f. 279 Route 198 property owned by the Connecticut DOT, which did not respond to AT&T's inquiries for use of the property
 - g. 1745 Route 171 rejected by radio frequency engineers
 - h. A Yale University owned parcel on Route 171 rejected by radio frequency engineers
 - i. Route 171; 150 Center Pike, Eastford rejected by radio frequency engineers
 - j. 606 Route 198 rejected by radio frequency engineers (NAT/AT&T 1, Tab 2)
- 48. Repeaters, microcells and distributed antenna systems are not viable technological alternatives for providing service to the identified coverage gap. These technologies are designed for small areas where new coverage is necessary, such as commercial buildings, shopping malls, and tunnels or highways. (NAT/AT&T 1, pp. 11, 12)

Facility Description

- 49. The proposed site is located on an approximately 128-acre parcel owned by Woodstock Tower Partners, LLC located on Route 198 (Map 5789, Block 37, Lot 24). The proposed site is depicted in Figure 1. (NAT/AT&T 1, p. 13)
- 50. The host property is in the "Community" zoning district. Woodstock Zoning Regulations have designated all lands within the town that are not in the Woodstock Industrial Park District or in the Village Green District as the Community District. (Woodstock Zoning Regulations; NAT/AT&T 1, p. 14)
- 51. The Woodstock Zoning Regulations have a section for Wireless Telecommunications Facilities. The proposed project would be in compliance with the Zoning Regulations with the exception of the size of the equipment cabinet, which would be approximately 230 square feet and 10 feet tall. The regulations require buildings to not be greater than 150 square feet and not more than 8 feet in height. (Woodstock Zoning Regulations; NAT/AT&T 1, p. 20)
- 52. The proposed compound would be located within a 100-foot by 100-foot leased area located in the southern portion of the property. (NAT/AT&T 1, p. 13)

- 53. The proposed tower would be located on the southeastern corner of the property at an elevation of 795 feet above mean sea level. (NAT/AT&T 1, Tab 3)
- 54. The proposed facility would consist of a 150-foot monopole within a 75-foot by 75-foot fenced compound. The proposed tower would be 4 feet wide at the base tapering to 2 feet at the top. The tower would be constructed in accordance with the American National Standards Institute TIA/EIA-222-F "Structural Standards for Steel Antenna Towers and Antenna Support Structures." (NAT/AT&T 1, p. 14, Tab 3)
- 55. The proposed tower would accommodate six carriers including AT&T. AT&T would install up to 12 panel antennas at a centerline height of 147 feet above ground level (agl). (NAT/AT&T 1, pp. 2, 14; Tr. 1, pp. 41, 42)
- 56. NAT could construct the proposed tower as a monopine. (NAT/AT&T 3)
- 57. A six-foot chain link fence would surround the proposed equipment compound. (NAT/AT&T 1, p. 14)
- 58. A 210-gallon diesel generator would be installed at the site for emergency backup power. The proposed backup generator would provide power for AT&T's equipment for two days. (NAT/AT&T 10, Response 7; Tr. 3, p. 17)
- 59. The proposed design of the facility and access road is to balance cut and fill by using soils that are removed from one area to fill another area where necessary. Construction of the proposed site and access road would require approximately 400 cubic yards of cut and fill. (NAT/AT&T 2, Response 26; Tr. 3, p. 7)
- 60. The proposed host property does not have any direct access to a public roadway. (NAT/AT&T 2, Response 21)
- 61. The proposed access drive would extend 2,550 feet from Route 171 over property owned by Michael Farley. (NAT/AT&T 10, Response 4)
- 62. The turn radii and slope of the proposed access road was designed to accommodate access by emergency vehicles. (NAT/AT&T 10, Response 33)
- 63. The applicants originally proposed utilities to be installed overhead along the access road but are willing to install utilities underground along the proposed access road. Underground utilities would be installed adjacent to the edge of the proposed access road. (Tr. 1, p. 19)
- 64. Construction of the proposed access drive and compound would not be expected to require blasting. A hammer drill would be used for rock removal that would likely be required for the construction of the proposed access drive. (NAT/AT&T 2, Response 25)
- 65. The tower setback radius would remain on the host property. The southern and eastern property boundaries are approximately 150 feet from the proposed tower location. (NAT/AT&T 1, Tab 3; Tr. 1, p. 15)
- 66. There are no residences within 1,000 feet of the proposed tower. The nearest residence to the proposed tower is approximately 2,000 feet to the east on property at 382 Route 198 owned by Robert & John Wrobel. (NAT/AT&T 2, Response 16)

- 67. The residence at 530 Route 198 is located approximately 100 feet north of the proposed access drive. The proposed tower location is approximately 3,400 feet south of that residence. (NAT/AT&T 2, Response 17)
- 68. Land use in the area surrounding the proposed site consists of low-density single-family residential homes and open space. (NAT/AT&T 1, p. 22)

69. The estimated cost of construction of the proposed facility, including antennas, is:

Tower & Foundation\$ 95,000.Site Development65,000.Utility Installation50,000.Facility Installation195,000.Antennas and Equipment250,000.

Total \$655,000.

(NAT/AT&T 1, p. 25)

- 70. The cost of a monopine structure is approximately \$80,000. The cost of a comparable monopole structure is approximately \$30,000. (Tr. 1, p. 72)
- 71. The proposed access road would cost approximately \$60,000 less than the cost provided in Finding #70. (Tr. 3, p. 9)
- 72. Installation of underground utilities would cost \$30,000 more than the overhead utilities proposed in the application. (NAT/AT&T 10, Response 6; Tr. 3, p. 19)

Environmental Considerations

- 73. The proposed facility would have no effect upon historic, architectural, or archaeological resources listed on or eligible for the National Register of Historic Places. (NAT/AT&T 1, Tab 7)
- 74. No Federal or State-listed endangered or threatened species or State Species of Special Concern are known to occur the area of the proposed site and access road. (NAT/AT&T 1, p. 17)
- 75. The average tree canopy in the area of the proposed site is approximately 75 feet, (Tr. 1, p. 23)
- 76. Approximately 166 trees with diameters of six inches or greater would be removed for the construction of the proposed facility. (NAT/AT&T 10, Response 13; Tr. 3, p. 5)
- 77. The proposed access road would cross two wetland areas. Wetland 1 is a groundwater-fed linear wetland approximately 0.24 miles west of Route 171. Wetland 2 is located approximately 0.07 miles west of Route 171 at the bottom of a topographic valley and collects both surface water and groundwater. The Wetland 1 and Wetland 2 crossings would consist of the installation of a road base and elliptical culverts with a total of approximately 3,100 square feet of wetland disturbance. An 18-inch elliptical culvert would be installed across Wetland 1. A 36-inch elliptical culvert would be installed across Wetland 2. (NAT/AT&T, Tab 2 Wetland Delineation Report)
- 78. The stormwater design plan for the proposed access road would include roadside swales that would direct water to the stone berm level spreaders. The swale would be stone-lined in areas where the slope exceeds 12 percent and grass lined in more shallow sloped areas. (NAT/AT&T 10, Response 31)

- 79. The proposed water crossing would require NAT to obtain an Army Corps of Engineers (ACOE)
 Category 1 Programmatic General Permit for Minimal Impacts Projects. (NAT/AT&T 1, pp. 17, 18)
- 80. The ACOE permit includes conditions that the proposed culvert:
 - a. be backfilled with natural substrate material to match upstream and downstream streambed substrate.
 - b. not impede the passage of fish and other aquatic organisms.
 - c. allow for continuous flow of 50-year storm events.
 - d. not be within a Federal Emergency Management Agency designated floodplain.
 - e. not impact threatened or endangered species.
 - f. not impact vernal pools. (NAT/AT&T 1, p. 18)
- 81. The proposed access drive would disturb between 2,500 and 3,100 square feet of wetland and watercourse area. (NAT/AT&T 10, Response 25; Tr. 3, pp. 8, 9)
- 82. The construction of the proposed access drive would result in a total of approximately 2 acres of temporary and permanent land disturbance. (NAT/AT&T 10, Response 29)
- 83. The proposed site and access road are not within a FEMA designated 100-year or 500-year floodplain. (NAT/AT&T 1, p. 19)
- 84. The proposed tower would not require aviation marking and/or lighting. (NAT/AT&T 1, Tab 3)
- 85. Calculated noise levels at the nearest properties boundaries from the proposed equipment compound, which are approximately 150 feet away, is 54.71 dB. From the nearest residential structure the calculated noise levels from the proposed equipment would be 33.13 dB. (NAT/AT&T 10, Response 10)
- 86. The cumulative worst-case maximum power density from the radio frequency emissions from the operation of AT&T's proposed antennas is 5.96% of the standard for Maximum Permissible Exposure, as adopted by the FCC, at the base of the proposed tower. This calculation was based on methodology prescribed by the FCC Office of Engineering and Technology Bulletin No. 65E, Edition 97-01 (August 1997) that assumes all antennas would be pointed at the base of the tower and all channels would be operating simultaneously, which creates the highest possible power density levels. Under normal operation, the antennas would be oriented outward, directing radio frequency emissions away from the tower, thus resulting in significantly lower power density levels in areas around the tower. (NAT/AT&T 1, Tab 4)

Visibility

- 87. The proposed 150-foot tower would be visible year-round from approximately 134 acres within a two-mile radius of the site. Approximately half of the year round visibility of the proposed tower is over the open water of Lake Bungee and Witches Woods Lake. Refer to Figure 5 and Figure 8. (NAT/AT&T 1, Tab 5; NAT/AT&T 10, Response 34)
- 88. The proposed 150-foot tower would be seasonally visible from an additional approximately five acres within a two-mile radius of the site. Areas of additional seasonal visibility include portions of Indian Spring Road; Shaw Road; Route 171; Route 198; and Barber Road. (NAT/AT&T 1, Tab 5; NAT/AT&T 10, Response 34)

- 89. A 110-foot tower located at the proposed site would be visible year-round from approximately 92 acres within a two-mile radius of the proposed site, approximately half of which is over the open water of Lake Bungee and Witches Woods Lake. Refer to Figure 6 and Figure 7. (NAT/AT&T 10, Response 34)
- 90. A 110-foot tower located at the proposed site would be seasonally visible from an additional three acres within a two-mile radius of the site. (NAT/AT&T 10, Response 34)
- 91. Seasonal visibility of the proposed tower would not be significantly greater than year-round visibility due to the density of intervening vegetation. (Tr. 1, p. 24)
- 92. The proposed 150-foot tower would not be visible from the historic Chamberlain Mill site, which is approximately 1.9 miles from the proposed site. (NAT/AT&T 1, Tab 5)
- 93. The proposed 150-foot tower would not be visible from the Stoggy Hollow Restaurant and General Store. (NAT/AT&T 1, Tab 5)
- 94. The proposed 150-foot tower would be visible year round from the westernmost 550-foot section of Barber Road. The residences at 4 Barber Road and 15 Barber Road are expected to have year-round views of the proposed tower. Seasonal visibility is expected from 22, 24, and 30 Barber Road. (NAT/AT&T 1, Tab 5)
- 95. The proposed 150-foot tower would be visible year-round from a portion of the Shaw Road Triangle along Shaw Road from Route 171 westward and along Route 171 from Shaw Road southwestward. (NAT/AT&T 1, Tab 5)
- 96. The proposed 150-foot tower is not expected to result in significant visual impacts to important cultural or environmental resources within the Quinebaug and Shetucket Rivers Valley National Heritage Corridor. (NAT/AT&T 10, Response 35)
- 97. Construction of a 110-foot tower at the proposed site would reduce potential visibility of the structure to the surrounding area. (NAT/AT&T 3, p. 5)
- 98. NAT could construct the proposed facility as a monopine. A 150-foot monopine at the proposed site would significantly extend above the surrounding tree canopy. A 110-foot monopine would extend only slightly above the tree canopy and blend into the surrounding area. (NAT/AT&T 3; Tr. 1, p. 27)
- 99. A monopine design would require a six to ten foot extension on the top of the tower to give the structure the appearance of a tree. Refer to Figure 9 and Figure 10. (Tr. 1, p. 28)

100. The visibility of a tower at the proposed site at 150 feet and 110 feet from specific locations within a two-mile radius of the site is presented in the table below.

Loc	eation	Approximate visibility at 150 feet	Approximate visibility at 110 feet	Distance & direction from site
1.	3 Barber Road	45 feet above trees	Not visible (monopine would be visible)	0.51 miles ENE
2.	Driveway at 15 Shaw Road	45 feet above trees	Not visible (monopine would be visible)	0.49 miles NE
3.	3 Shaw Road	45 feet above trees	Not visible (monopine would be visible)	0.53 miles ENE
4.	Intersection of Shaw Road and Route 171	50 feet above trees	10 feet above trees	0.55 miles ENE
5.	Shaw Road	50 feet above trees	5 feet above trees - seasonally	0.51 miles ENE
6.	15 Shaw Road	30 feet through trees	Not visible	0.48 miles ENE
7.	1651 Route 171	50 feet above trees	10 feet above trees	0.54 miles ENE
8.	4 Barber Road	50 feet above trees	10 feet above trees	0.52 miles ENE
9.	15 Barber Road	60 feet above trees	20 feet above trees	0.56 miles ENE
10.	Driveway at 22 & 24 Barber Road	Not visible	Not visible	0.58 miles east
11.	East of driveway for 22 & 24 Barber Road	45 feet above trees	Not visible (monopine would be visible)	0.58 miles east
12.	Driveway at 30 Barber Road	50 feet through trees	Not visible	0.59 miles east
13.	East of driveway at 30 Barber Road	Not visible	Not visible	0.6 miles ENE
14.	Intersection of Barber Road and Route 171	50 feet above trees	10 feet - seasonally	0.52 miles ENE
15.	Route 198 between Route 171 and Shaw Road	15 feet – among trees	Not visible	0.44 miles ENE
16.	Intersection of Shaw Road and Route 198	Not visible	Not visible	0.45 miles NE
17.	Route 198 south of intersection with Shaw Road	Not visible	Not visible	0.44 miles NE
18.	Stoggy Hollow Restaurant on Route 198	Not visible	Not visible	0.54 miles NNE
	Crooked Trail Extension north of Witches Woods Lake	55 feet above trees	15 feet above trees	1.1 miles NNE
20.	Boat launch at north end of Witches Woods Lake	40 feet above trees	Not visible	1 mile NNE
21.	Chamberlain Mill	Not visible	Not visible	1.9 miles NNW

22. Intersection of Dewing School Road & Old Turnpike Road	Not visible	Not visible	NW
23. Upper Bungee Lake	50 feet above trees	10 feet above trees	1.26 miles NNE
24. Upper Bungee Lake	Not visible	Not visible	1.78 miles NNE
25. Crooked Trail Extension	40 feet above trees	Not visible	0.77 miles NE
26. 91 Indian Spring Road	35 feet above trees	Not visible	0.91 miles NE
27. 62 Indian Spring Road	35 feet – seasonally	Not visible	0.86 miles NE
28. Route 171 south of	45 feet – seasonally	Not visible (monopine	0.38 miles
intersection with Route 198		would be visible)	ESE

(NAT/AT&T 1, Tab 5; NAT/AT&T 3, updated visual report; NAT/AT&T 10, Response 36)

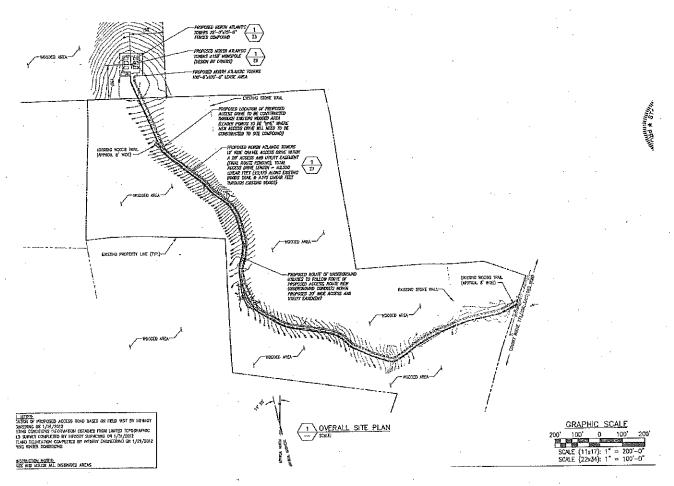


Figure 1. Site plan for proposed site and access road. (NAT/AT&T 10, Tab 6)



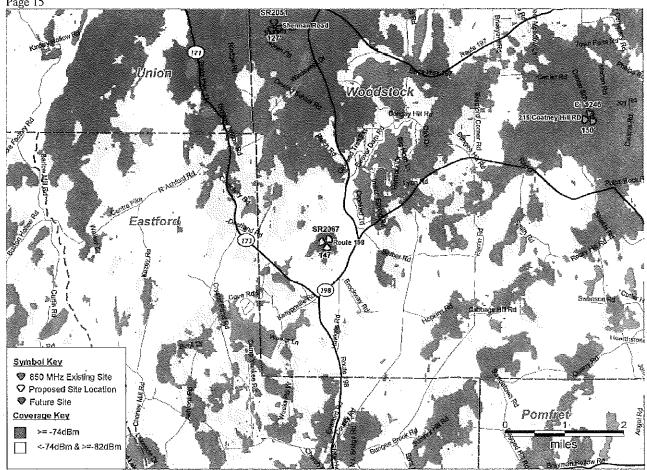


Figure 2. Existing AT&T coverage in the area of the proposed site. (NAT/AT&T 1, Tab 1)

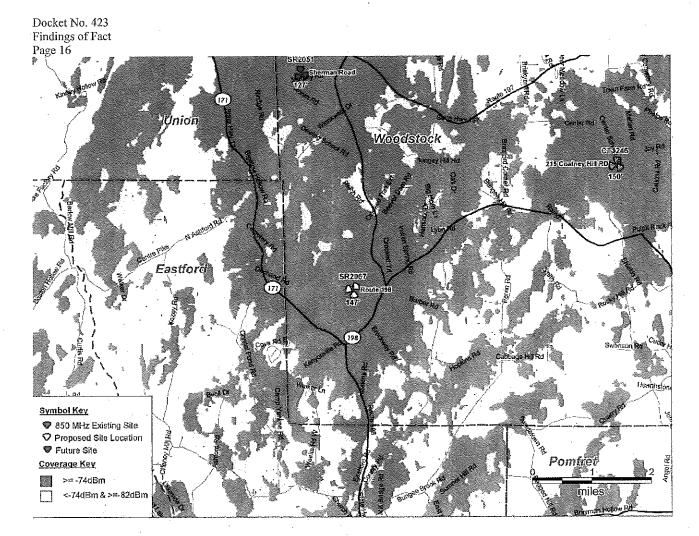


Figure 3. AT&T's existing coverage and coverage from the proposed site at 150 feet agl. (NAT/AT&T 1, Tab 1)

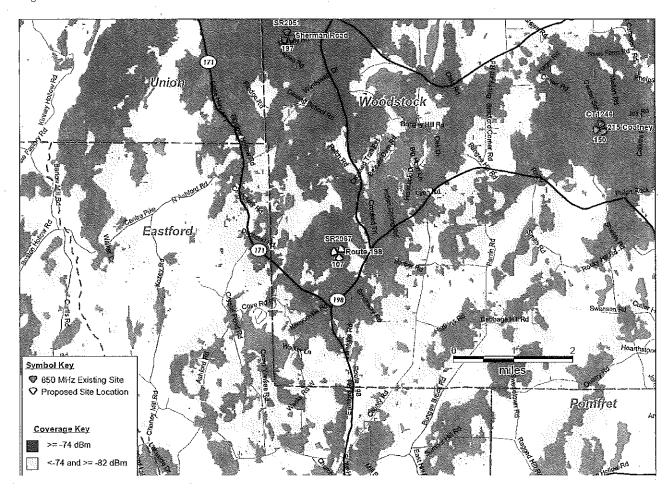


Figure 4. AT&T's existing coverage and coverage from the proposed site at 110 feet agl. (NAT/AT&T 10, Tab 1)

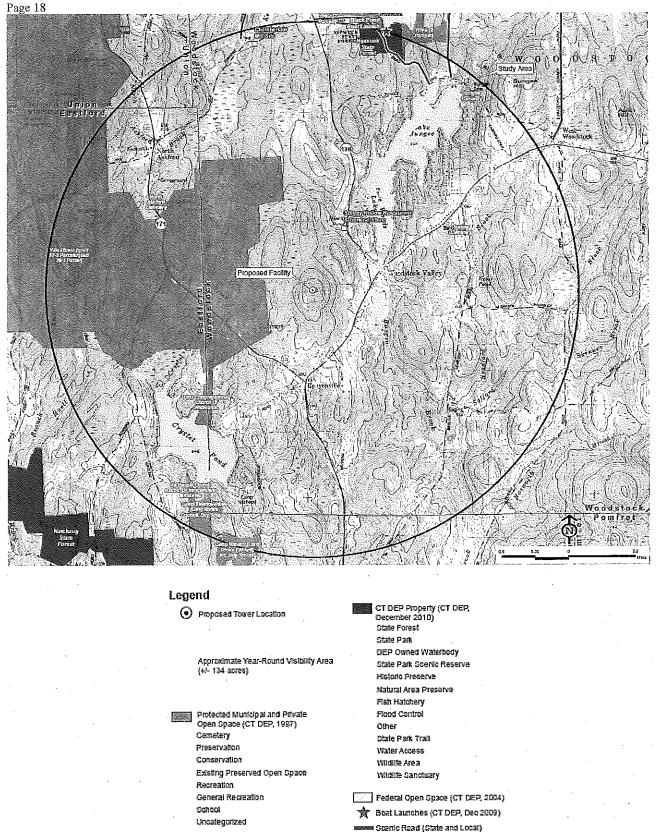


Figure 5. Viewshed analysis of the proposed tower within a two-mile radius at 150 feet. (NAT/AT&T 1, Tab 5)

Town Line

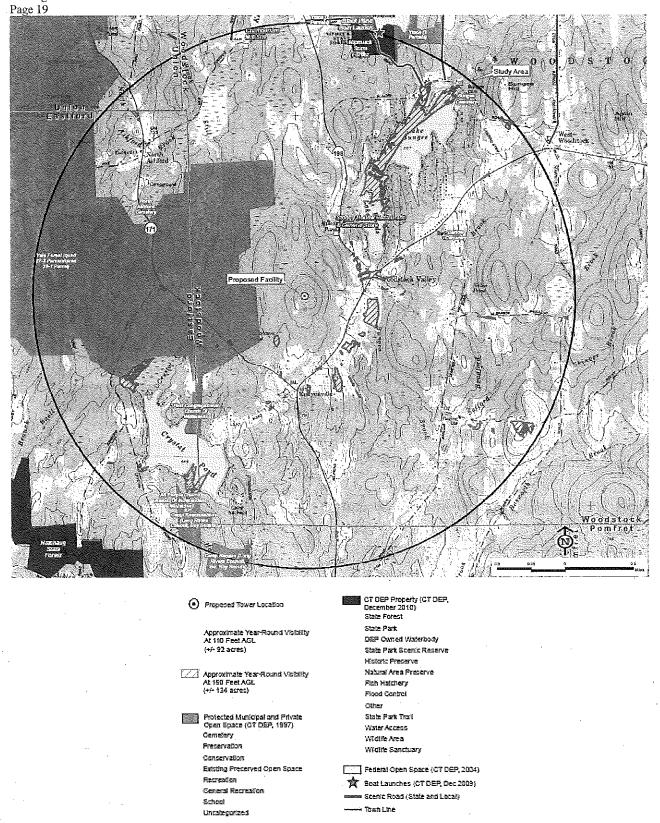


Figure 6. Viewshed analysis of the proposed tower at 110 feet and 150 feet within a two-mile radius. (NAT/AT&T 10, Tab 8)

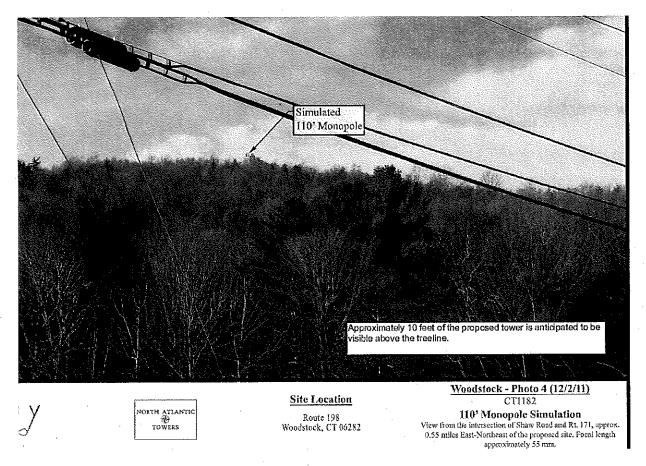


Figure 7. Photosimulation of a 110-foot monopole at the proposed site. (NAT/AT&T 10, Tab 5)

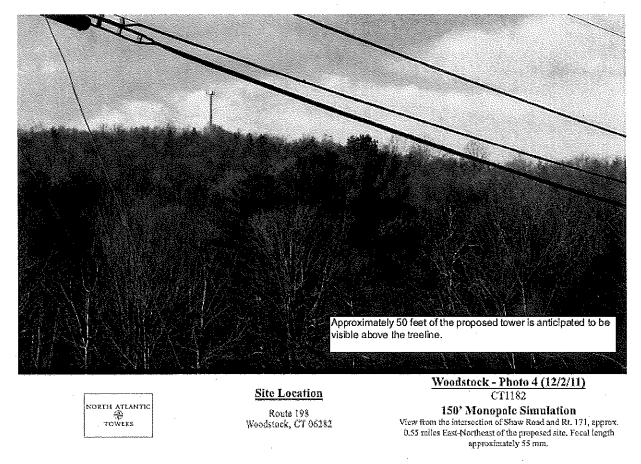


Figure 8. Photosimulation of a 150-foot tower at the proposed site. (NAT/AT&T 10, Tab 5)

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Simulated
110' Monopine

nigy

NORTH ATLANTIC

Site Location

Route 198 Woodstock, ET 06282 Woodstock - Photo 4 (12/2/11) CT1182

Approximately 15 feet of the proposed tower is anticipated to be visible above the tree line.

110° Monopine Simulation
View from the intersection of Shaw Road and Rt. 171, approx.
0.55 miles East-Northeast of the proposed site. Focal length approximately 55 mm.

Figure 9. Photosimulation of a 110-foot tower designed as a monopine at the proposed site. (NAT/AT&T 10, Tab 5)

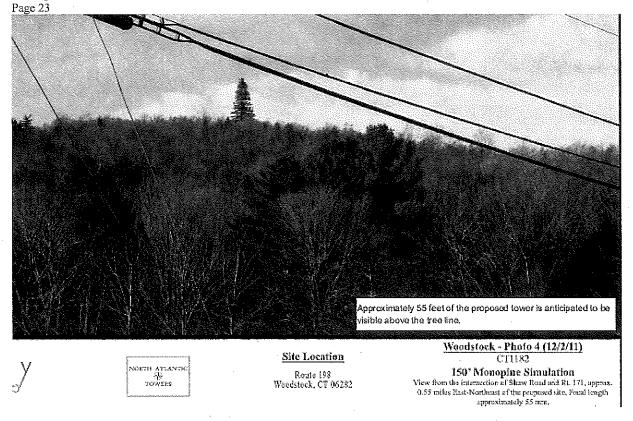


Figure 10. Photosimulation of a 150-foot tower designed as a monopine at the proposed site. (NAT/AT&T 10, Tab 5)

