

**Pre-filed Direct Testimony of
John C. Case**

**COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS
ENERGY FACILITIES SITING BOARD**

)	
)	
Western Massachusetts Electric Company)	EFSB 08-2/D.P.U. 08-105/D.P.U. 08-106
)	
)	

PRE-FILED DIRECT TESTIMONY OF JOHN C. CASE

1 **Q. Please state your name, position and business address.**

2 A. My name is John Case. I am the Project Manager of Engineering for the New England East-
3 West Solution (“NEEWS”) projects for Northeast Utilities Service Company (“NUSCO”) in
4 Berlin, Connecticut. My business address is Northeast Utilities Service Company, P.O. Box
5 270, Hartford, Connecticut 06141-0270. In my capacity as Project Manager of Engineering,
6 I manage and supervise the engineering effort for the NEEWS projects for Northeast
7 Utilities’ Operating Subsidiaries, The Connecticut Light & Power Company (“CL&P”), and
8 Western Massachusetts Electric Company (“WMECO”).

9

10 **Q. On whose behalf are you testifying?**

11 A. I am testifying on behalf of Western Massachusetts Electric Company in this proceeding.

12

13 **Q. Please summarize your professional and educational background.**

14 A. I have been working for NUSCO for 19 years in various capacities in the Transmission
15 organization. I spent the first 13 years of my career in the Transmission Line Engineering
16 Department working on various transmission line projects in Connecticut and Massachusetts.
17 My responsibilities in that department ranged from transmission line design, structural
18 analysis, project estimating and budget oversight, to drafting siting and other regulatory
19 documents. I was ultimately the Lead Transmission Line Project Engineer on the Bethel-
20 Norwalk Project through siting approval, before I took a position as a Construction
21 Representative and Construction Manager during the 3-year construction phase on that same
22 project. My responsibilities then included oversight of the civil and line construction at the

1 Norwalk Substation expansion; installation of a gas-insulated substation (“GIS”) at Plumtree
2 Substation; Construction Manager for the 345-kV overhead line construction; and the
3 Archers Lane, Hoyts Hill and Norwalk Junction transition stations.

4
5 Upon completion of the Bethel – Norwalk Project, I took a position as Project Manager in the
6 Transmission Projects group for one year, working on various projects with overall project
7 manager responsibilities before accepting the position as Project Manager for Engineering on
8 the NEEWS projects where I have been for the last two years.

9
10 Responsibilities in my current position include the coordination of the Planning and
11 Engineering functions during scope development of the NEEWS projects, oversight and
12 management of the project estimates, coordination of in-house and consulting engineers, and
13 oversight and management of the preliminary and detailed engineering effort on NEEWS.

14
15 I received a B. S. in Civil and Environmental Engineering from Clarkson University,
16 Potsdam, New York in 1990. I also received an M.B.A. from The University of Connecticut
17 in 1998. A copy of my resume is attached as Exhibit WMECO-JCC-2.

18
19 **Q. Please identify any regulatory proceedings in which you have testified.**

20 A. I have not testified in any previous regulatory proceedings.

21
22 **Q. What is your involvement and responsibility with respect to WMECO’s proposed
23 Greater Springfield Reliability Project (“GSRP” or “Project”)?**

24 A. For the Project, my responsibilities are the same as those outlined earlier in my role as
25 Project Manager of NEEWS Engineering. I have worked with the Transmission Planning
26 Department and Engineering functions to help establish the scope of the Project,
27 management of the Project estimate and alternative estimates and coordination and
28 management of the preliminary and detailed engineering phases of the Project as well as
29 ensuring coordination with the NEEWS interfaces of this Project.

30

1 **Q. For what portions of WMECO's GSRP Petition and for what information responses of**
2 **WMECO in this proceeding are you responsible?**

3 A. With regard to the Petition for Approval to Construct 345-kV Transmission Lines, Re-Build
4 115-kV Transmission Lines, and Build and Upgrade Ancillary Facilities (the "Petition"), I
5 am responsible for the Project description in Section 1, the cost estimates for the Project and
6 the alternatives in Section 3, and the descriptions of the layout and engineering details for the
7 Project set forth in Section 5 and Section 7. I am also responsible for various information
8 requests in this proceeding which cover the same topics, all of which are listed with my
9 name, alone or with another, as the responsible witness.

10

11 **Q. Were the materials referenced above prepared by you or under your supervision and**
12 **control?**

13 A. The materials above for which I am responsible were prepared by others under my
14 supervision or by me personally.

15

16 **Q. What is the purpose of this pre-filed testimony?**

17 A. I have prepared this pre-filed testimony to update, correct and revise, as needed, the portions
18 of the Petition for which I am responsible.

19

20 **Q. Please explain how those changes to the Project arose?**

21 A. Engineering and planning for the Project have continued to make progress since the Petition
22 was filed and have now developed to a more detailed level in comparison to the earlier level
23 that existed at the time the Petition was filed. As a result, engineering and scope changes
24 have occurred in seven principal areas and the EFSB should be informed of those changes in
25 the Project.

26

27 **Q. What are the principal engineering and scope changes to the Project since the Petition**
28 **was filed?**

29 A. The principal engineering and scope changes to the Project which have occurred since the
30 Petition was filed are summarized in the following list and explained in more detail later:

- 1 1. **Change of Conductor Type** – NUSCO is proposing to standardize on a newer
2 overhead conductor design, Aluminum Conductor, Steel Supported (“ACSS”) that is
3 capable of operating at higher temperatures, and lower sags than the previously
4 proposed Aluminum Conductor, Steel Reinforced (“ACSR”).
- 5 2. **Re-use of Towers:** After the use of high-temperature, low sag ACSS conductors
6 was explored, it was determined that the existing monopole steel structures carrying
7 circuits 1481 and 1552 and 1426 from the Ludlow Substation to the Shawinigan
8 Switching Station can be re-used, at a cost savings to the Project of approximately
9 \$14 million. See: Exhibit WMECO-JCC-3, explained further below.
- 10 3. **Agawam Substation Changes:** The layout and the location of the modifications to
11 the substation have changed as discussed in Response EFSB-LU-021. See: Exhibit
12 WMECO-JCC-4, explained further below.
- 13 4. **Agawam Line Entry Changes:** With the general shift of the station arrangement,
14 line entry at the Agawam Substation was given further study and detailed design.
15 See: Exhibit WMECO-JCC-4, explained further below.
- 16 5. **Shawinigan Switching Station Scope Changes:** After additional analyses of the
17 equipment electrical loadings on the ring bus at Shawinigan Switching Station, the
18 scope of replacements required at the station to meet the anticipated loads was
19 increased. See: Exhibit WMECO-JCC-5, explained further below.
- 20 6. **Fairmont Switching Station Changes:** Based on an agreement in principle with
21 Holyoke Gas & Electric Company, NUSCO continues to plan to acquire the location
22 where a new Fairmont Switching Station will be built at Alternative Site 1, located
23 northeast of and across Prospect Street from the present location, as originally
24 described at page 7-163 and following of the Petition. See: Exhibit WMECO-JCC-6,
25 explained further below.
- 26 7. **Chicopee Substation Breaker Replacements:** Chicopee Substation will require
27 replacement of two circuit breakers to meet the anticipated increase in circuit loads.

1 **Q. Please describe the change in conductor type in greater detail.**

2 A. The Company is moving towards standardizing all new conductors to be an ACSS, rather
3 than the originally proposed ACSR conductor. While it looks identical to an ACSR
4 conductor, the ACSS conductor allows for greater current-carrying capability than a similarly
5 sized ACSR conductor. ACSS would be proposed for all lines on GSRP. This conductor
6 change has resulted in several circuits being able to be reduced in conductor size, and has
7 also resulted in some towers being able to be reused, with new conductors, as opposed to
8 completely rebuilt.

9
10 ACSS conductor was developed in the 1970's and is of the same material composition as the
11 ACSR and would have nearly exactly the same diameter and weight as its similarly sized and
12 stranded ACSR conductor. The difference is that ACSS utilizes pre-annealed outer
13 aluminum strands, which allows for the conductor to operate at higher temperatures, with no
14 concern for annealing or loss of strength, in the outside conductive aluminum strands.
15 Whereas ACSR weight is carried by both the steel and aluminum strands (since the
16 aluminum still has "strength"), the weight of an ACSS conductor is carried by the steel core.
17 WMECO will operate ACSS conductor up to 180°C under emergency conditions compared
18 to 140°C for ACSR conductors, and realize approximately a 20% increase in ampacity of the
19 cable with similar or less sag for a similar sized conductor. For the GSRP, this allows
20 several circuits to utilize a smaller conductor, reducing conductor costs, structure loads
21 (therefore structure and foundation costs) and in the case of several circuits, has allowed for
22 the re-use of existing structures. The table below identifies the new ACSS conductor size for
23 each circuit on GSRP, along with the originally proposed ACSR conductor.

24

25

PROPOSED CONDUCTOR CHANGES FOR THE GREATER SPRINGFIELD RELIABILITY PROJECT

Line #	Line Segment	ORIGINALLY PROPOSED CONDUCTOR	REVISED PROPOSAL FOR CONDUCTOR
		ACSR (KCMIL)	ACSS (KCMIL)
1230	Piper – Agawam	1590	1272
1314	Chicopee – Agawam	1272	1272
1426	Orchard – Cadwell	1272	1272
1481	Ludlow – Cadwell	2 x 795	1590
1552	Ludlow – Orchard	1590	1272
1601	Fairmont - Piper (old 1723 NS)	1590	1272
1602	Fairmont - Chicopee (old 1254 NS)	1272	1272
1603	Cadwell - ESJ - Fairmt (old 1723 EW)	2 x 1272	2 x 1272
1604	Shawin-ESJ - Fairmt (old 1254 EW)	2 x 1590	2 x 1272
1768	Southwick - South Agawam (old 1768, 1821, 1836)	exist'g / 1272	exist'g / 1272
1781	South Agawam - Agawam	1272	1272
1782	South Agawam - Agawam	1272	1272
1821	North Bloomfield-So Agawam	exist'g to remain	exist'g to remain
1836	North Bloomfield-So Agawam	exist'g to remain	exist'g to remain
1845	Ludlow - Shawinigan	2 x 1272	2 x 1272
3196	Ludlow - Agawam 345-kV line	2 x 1590	2 x 1590
3216	Agawam - CT/MA border 345-kV line	2 x 1590	2 x 1590
3216	North Bloomfield - CT/MA border 345-kV line	2 x 1590	2 x 1590
5001	East Springfield - Cadwell	exist'g to remain	exist'g to remain
5002	East Springfield - Cadwell	exist'g to remain	exist'g to remain

Conductors sizes are listed in kcmil.

ACSR Aluminum Conductor, Steel Reinforced conductor

ACSS Aluminum Conductor, Steel Supported conductor

Yellow highlighted rows indicate changes to the conductor size to a smaller size allowed by ACSS 1768 line conductors will be new on shared structures with the 345-kV line in MA, and no change to existing conductors in CT.

1

2 **Q. Please describe the re-use of the towers in greater detail?**

3 A. The double circuit steel poles from Ludlow – Orchard Jct. – Shawinigan carrying the 1426,
 4 1552 and 1481 lines were originally installed in the 1970's and designed for a 1272 ACSR
 5 conductor. The anticipated loads on those circuits required a bundled 795 conductor or
 6 single 1590 ACSR. These conductors were larger than the structures were designed for, and

1 the bundled conductor in particular would have introduced loads onto the structures that
 2 would have required a complete rebuild of the circuit under the original proposal. The
 3 consideration of ACSS conductor, with its greater current-carrying capacity allowed a 1272
 4 ACSS conductor to be installed which has sufficient capacity for the loads anticipated on the
 5 1426 and 1552 circuits. For the higher loads on the 1481 line, a 1590 ACSS conductor was
 6 considered. Although the margin of conductor capacity to forecast loads was less than would
 7 normally be required for a rebuild, it was determined to have sufficient margin to consider its
 8 use on these structures to see if a reconductor was feasible. The structures were analyzed for
 9 the new conductor loads and anticipated sags and were determined to be suitable for a
 10 reconductor, with minimal structure modifications. The modifications include primarily side
 11 guys to be installed on most structures (for which they were originally designed), and several
 12 structure replacements (6 structures in this section, representing approximately 10% of the
 13 structures). The Table below lists the expected structure modifications required to
 14 accommodate the reconductoring from Ludlow Substation to Shawinigan Substation.

Summary			
Total Structures	Structures Replaced	Strain Conversions	Other Modifications (e.g. side guys)
55	6	18	34
%	10.9%	32.7%	61.8%

15
 16 A map of the area that will be reconducted, and revised cross sections are attached as
 17 Exhibits WMECO-JCC-3. The ability to reconductor as compared to rebuild results in a
 18 savings of over \$14 million on these circuits, as shown in the following table:

Construction	Opinion of Probable Cost (all-in)
Rebuild	\$35,044,748
Reconductor	\$20,877,358
Savings	\$14,167,390

1 **Q. Please describe the changes in layout and line entry at the Agawam Substation in**
2 **greater detail.**

3 A. Soil borings from the site and civil analysis revealed a concern with the ability for the soil
4 conditions to support the planned retaining wall on the north side of the site, resulting in a
5 redesign of the layout of the station to provide a general shift of the equipment in the
6 southerly and easterly direction. This drove a need to redesign the station, shifting the
7 transformers and adding gas-insulated transmission line (“GITL”) lengths and relocating the
8 115-kV capacitor banks to the far southern end of the yard, outside of the existing fenced
9 area. The property that the capacitor banks will be located on is currently owned by
10 WMECO and has an abandoned house on it that will be removed. This change causes the
11 345-kV additions at Agawam Substation to be located predominantly within the existing
12 fenced area, and farther away from the residential areas to the north and west of the station.
13 See: Exhibit WMECO-JCC-4, attached.

14
15 As a result of the general shifting of the equipment, it was determined that the overall design
16 of the lines should be re-examined. It was found that overall line entry design would be more
17 reliable, as well as easier to construct and maintain, if circuit 1412 were to be constructed
18 underground for a short distance as its “getaway” from the substation. Reliability was
19 improved since a failure of the shield wire, as the new 345-kV circuit crossed over the 115-
20 kV lines 1412 and 1311, could not cause an outage of the underground line 1412. With one
21 line underground in this short segment, more distance between the overhead circuits was
22 possible, contributing to both the ease of construction and maintenance during operations.
23 With the undergrounding, the separation of the overhead circuits did not satisfy NU
24 Standards for clearance between circuits. By taking the 1412 line underground along the
25 north end of the substation (see Exhibit WMECO-JCC-4, attached), in addition to foregoing
26 benefits, the amount of tree clearing was reduced to the north of the substation. The
27 combination of the undergrounding of the 1412 circuit and the shift in the substation
28 arrangement described above allows several existing 115-kV structures to be re-used and
29 minimizes impacts to residents around the substation. The 1412 line proposed for

1 undergrounding is part of the Agawam to West Springfield Circuit Separation Project
2 currently pending before the Department of Public Utilities in D.P.U. 09-24/D.P.U. 09-25.
3

4 **Q. Please describe the changes at the Shawinigan Switching Station in greater detail?**

5 A. The scope of work proposed at the Shawinigan Switching Station has increased from that
6 originally proposed in the Project. The increased scope at Shawinigan requires the
7 replacement of two breakers and two disconnect switches. The changes are all one-for-one
8 replacements to increase the electrical ratings of the equipment and do not enlarge the
9 footprint of the station. Originally, the 4T and 6T breakers (and associated terminal
10 equipment) were proposed for replacement. After analyzing the load flows around the ring
11 bus under various breaker-out scenarios, and considering the winter and summer output for
12 the MASSPower generators, it was determined that an additional two breakers would require
13 replacement (1T and 2T) along with associated terminal equipment. See: Exhibit WMECO-
14 JCC-5, attached, which shows the original and the revised scope of work for Shawinigan
15 Switching Station.
16

17 **Q. Please describe the changes to the Fairmont Switching Station in greater detail?**

18 A. As described earlier, an agreement in principal for the sale of the property proposed for the
19 new Fairmont Switching Station has been reached by the current landowner, Holyoke Gas
20 and Electric. The design of the station remains primarily as it was proposed in the Petition;
21 however, the latest plan is attached to show the status of the design. Requirements have been
22 further refined to show the civil work required at the site. This drawing is attached as Exhibit
23 WMECO-JCC-6.
24

25 **Q. Please describe the changes at Chicopee Substation in greater detail?**

26 A. The 1T and 2T breakers at Chicopee Substation were determined to require replacement,
27 after additional detail analysis into the thermal ratings of the existing equipment was
28 completed.
29

- 1 **Q. Does this complete your pre-filed testimony?**
- 2 A. Yes, it does.

JOHN C. CASE
PROFESSIONAL EXPERIENCE

Project Manager – NEEWS Engineering

2007 - Present

Northeast Utilities Service Company - Hartford, CT

Responsibility for oversight and management of all aspects of engineering on the New England East West family of projects. These projects involve significant reliability upgrades in the Southern New England area, totaling an estimated \$1.49 billion. This position involves the coordination of the System Planning and Engineering functions to establish the most cost-effective solutions for the project needs, establishing the base estimate for all projects, review of all siting and engineering documents, management and coordination of the engineering effort between in-house and external engineering resources; transmission business and engineering responsibilities in the procurement effort and final design oversight responsibility.

Project Manager – Transmission Projects

2006 - 2007

Northeast Utilities Service Company - Hartford, CT

Overall management responsibility over all aspects of assigned transmission projects, including engineering, risk analysis and mitigation, siting and permitting, budget, contracting and closeout. Projects ranged in magnitude from \$500,000 substation upgrades to \$5,000,000 transmission line projects.

Construction Manager – Transmission Construction Test and Maintenance

2003 - 2006

Connecticut Light and Power Company - Hartford, CT

Responsibility for Owner's oversight and management of the construction effort on portions of the Bethel – Norwalk project including contractor coordination, site safety, compliance to specifications and contracts, outage clearance tag holder and change order negotiation. This was a \$350,000,000 project to construct a 20+ mile transmission line in Southwest Connecticut. This project involved 345-kV and 115-kV XLPE underground cable, 345-kV HPPF cable, 3 intermediate 345-kV transition stations and two significant 345-kV GIS substation expansions. Segments under my direct responsibility included the following:

- Norwalk S/S – Civil site work and 115-kV transmission line relocations
- Norwalk S/S – upgrade replacements to 115-kV substation yard
- Plumtree S/S – Civil and Electrical construction of a 345-kV GIS substation and 345-kV XLPE line terminals.
- Hoyts Hill, Archers Lane and Norwalk Jct transition stations - Civil and Electrical construction of 345-kV XLPE and HPPF transition stations.
- Plumtree – Norwalk 345-kV line – All aspects of 345-kV and 115-kV overhead transmission line construction.

JOHN C. CASE

Project Engineer

1990 - 2003

Northeast Utilities Service Company - Hartford, CT

Project Engineer on a variety of construction projects involving all tasks associated with engineering, design, estimating, securing regulatory approvals, and drafting construction specifications.

Major projects include:

- Bethel – Norwalk 345-kV line – Lead Project Engineer responsible for all aspects of engineering through project siting approval.
 - Edison Electrical Institute Award
- NEON / NU Fiber optic backbone system – Lead Project Engineer in CT and MA for 245 miles of fiber optic cable installation, up to 122 fibers
 - Chairman’s Award Nominee
- North Bloomfield – Agawam - Reconductor 18 miles of 115-kV double-circuit transmission line on an emergency basis
 - President's Award Winner
- Devon Station Generation - Connect emergency gas turbine generators to system
 - World Construction Record
- Developed pole-top extension to cost-effectively uprate 345-kV structures
 - Spot Recognition Award

Committees and Responsibilities held:

- Qualified Clearance Holder
- Transmission Standards Committees - Structures and Ratings Committees
- Dynamic Thermal Ratings Committee
- Develop structural alternatives to reduce magnetic fields
- Computer analyses (ETADS) of towers and design modifications

EDUCATION

Master of Business Administration

May, 1998

University of Connecticut - West Hartford, CT

Bachelor of Science degree in Civil/Environmental Engineering

May, 1990

Clarkson University - Potsdam, NY

HONORS AND ACTIVITIES

- Certified Engineer-in-Training in Connecticut
- Northeast Utilities Retail Business Group President's Award, 1998
- NU SPOT Recognition Awards 1993 and 1998
- Delta Sigma Phi National Fraternity

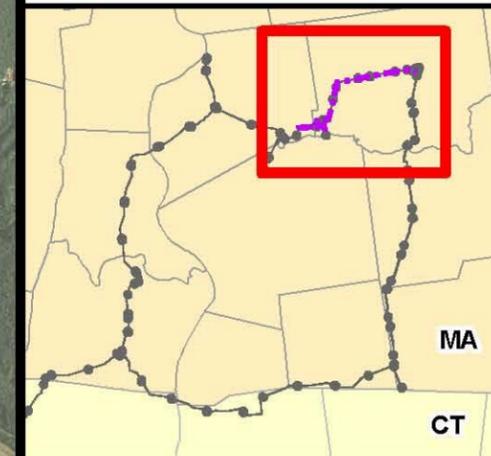
Legend

-  Substation
-  Location of Reconductor
-  Existing Overhead Corridor
-  Town Boundary



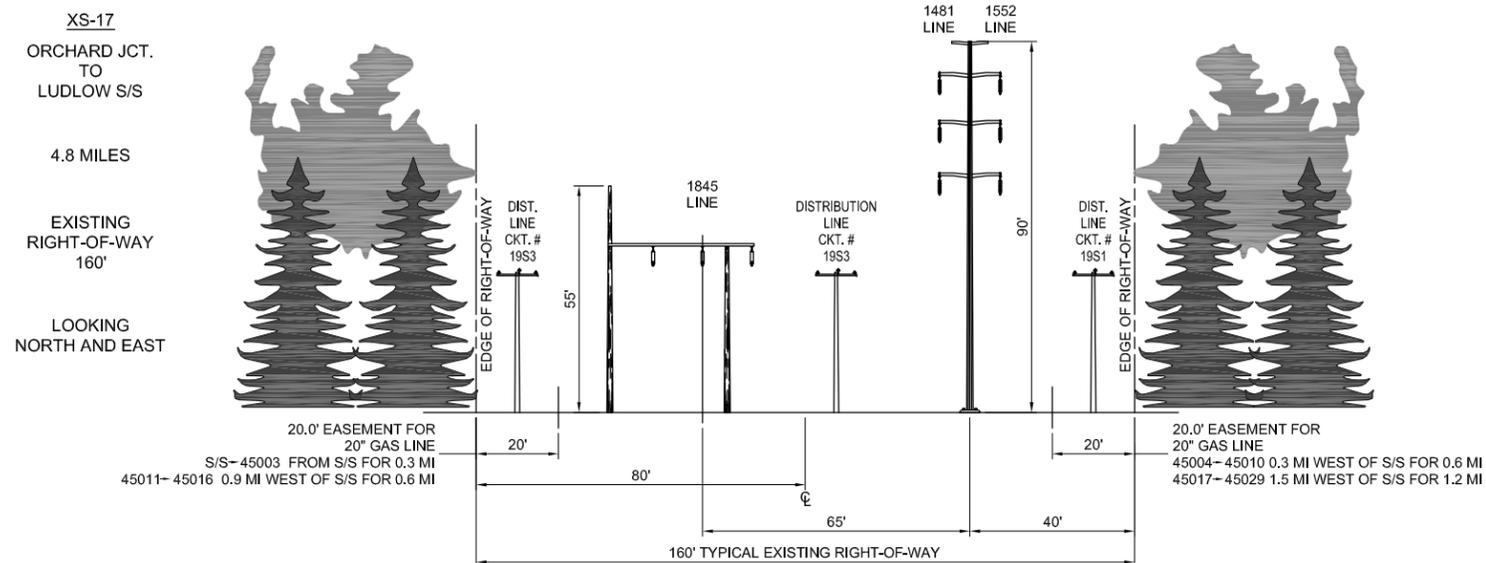
0 1,250 2,500 5,000 Feet

Source: USDA NAIP (2006)

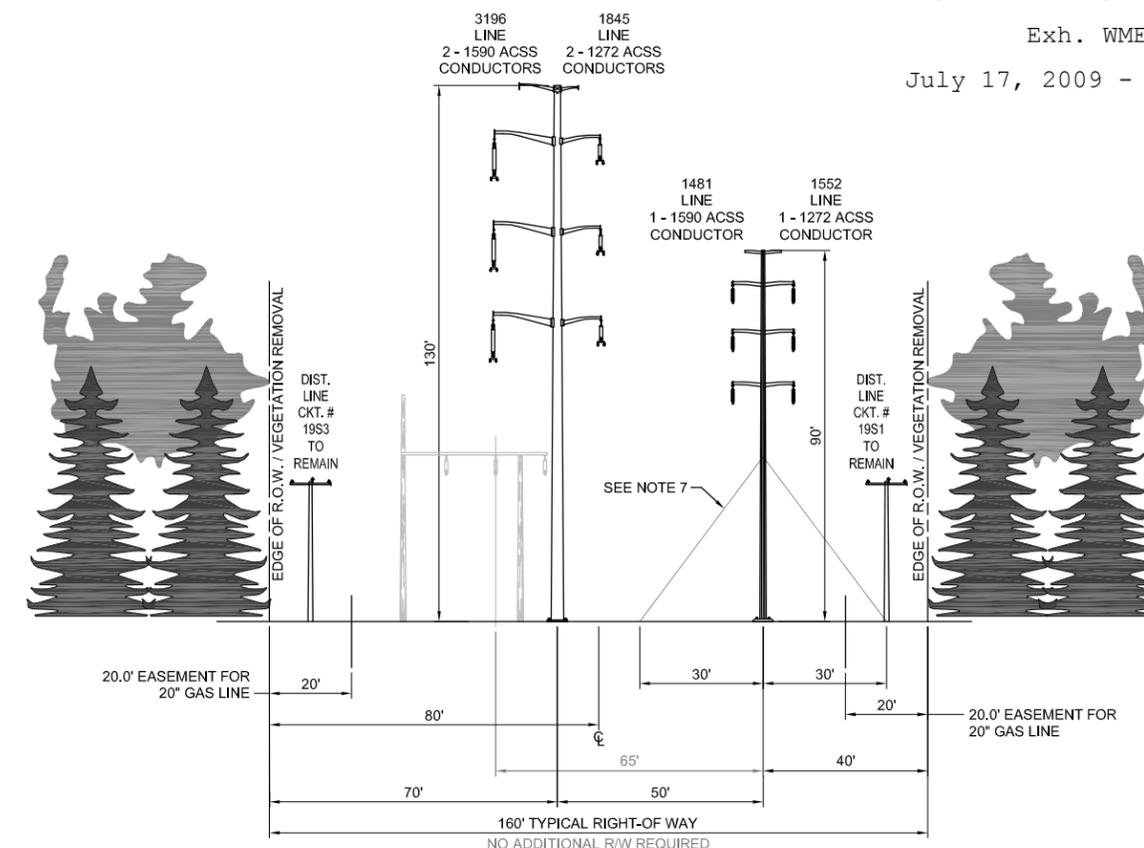


**Shawinigan S/S to
Ludlow S/S
Reconductor Map**





EXISTING LAYOUT



PROPOSED LAYOUT

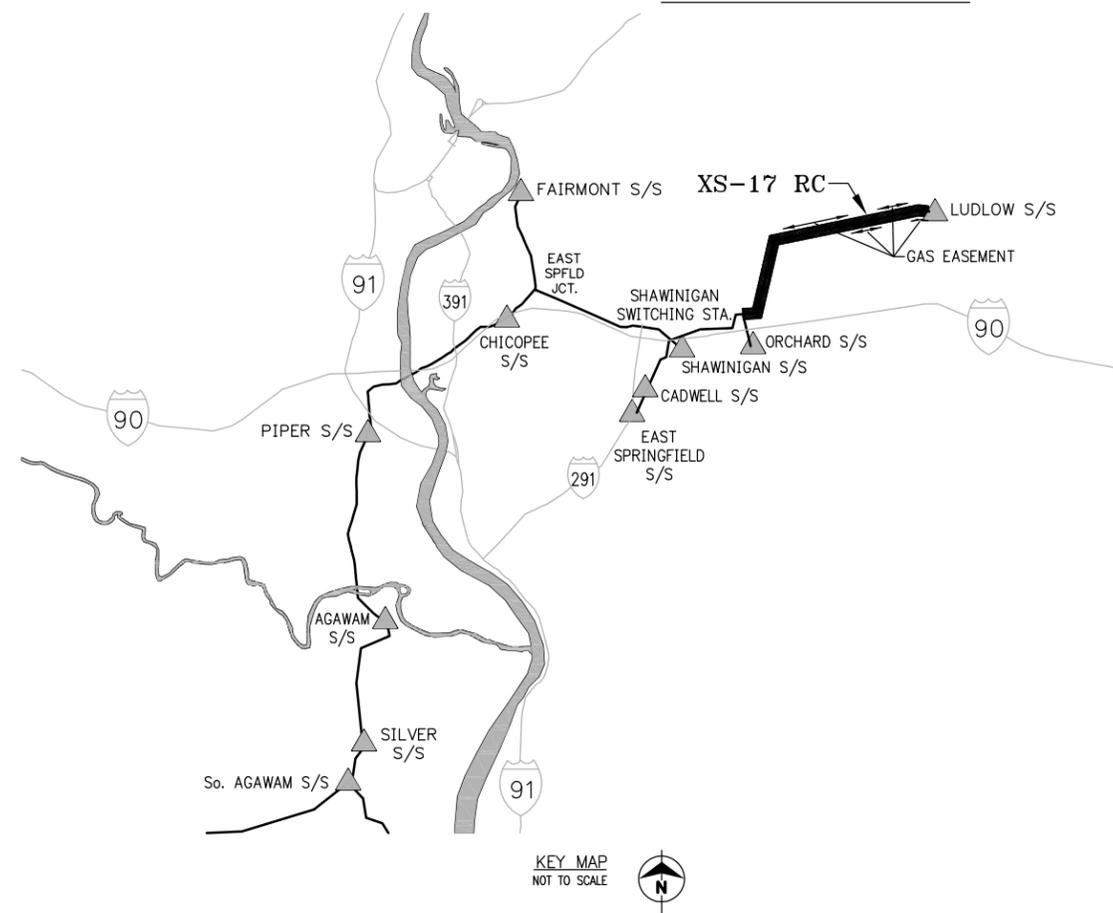
- NOTES:**
1. REMOVE EXISTING WOOD H-STRUCTURE, EXISTING DOUBLE CIRCUIT STEEL POLE TO BE RECONDUCTORED.
 2. A 0.2 MILE SECTION, 1.7 MILES EAST OF ORCHARD JUNCTION HAS 210' OF EXISTING R/W. THE REMAINDER OF THE R/W IS 160' WIDE.
 3. FINAL 0.6 MILES OF R/W CONTAINS DISTRIBUTION LINES. DISTRIBUTION STARTS BETWEEN EXISTING STRUCTURES AND MOVES TO THE SOUTH SIDE OF R/W FOR FINAL 0.3 MILES. ADDITIONAL DISTRIBUTION LINE CONTINUE ON THE NORTH SIDE OF R/W FOR FINAL 0.3 MILES.
 4. PROPOSED STRUCTURE HEIGHTS WERE DETERMINED FROM TYPICAL EXPECTED SPANS. PROPOSED STRUCTURE HEIGHTS ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITH THE COMPLETION OF FINAL DESIGN.
 5. EXISTING STRUCTURE HEIGHTS ARE TYPICAL.
 6. EXISTING DISTRIBUTION LOCATION IS TYPICAL AND MAY VARY ALONG THE RIGHT-OF-WAY.
 7. APPROXIMATELY 40 EXISTING MONOPOLE STRUCTURES FROM SHAWINIGAN S/S TO LUDLOW S/S, WILL REQUIRE SIDE GUYS TO SUPPORT THE NEW CONDUCTOR.

**PRELIMINARY -
SUBJECT TO CHANGE**

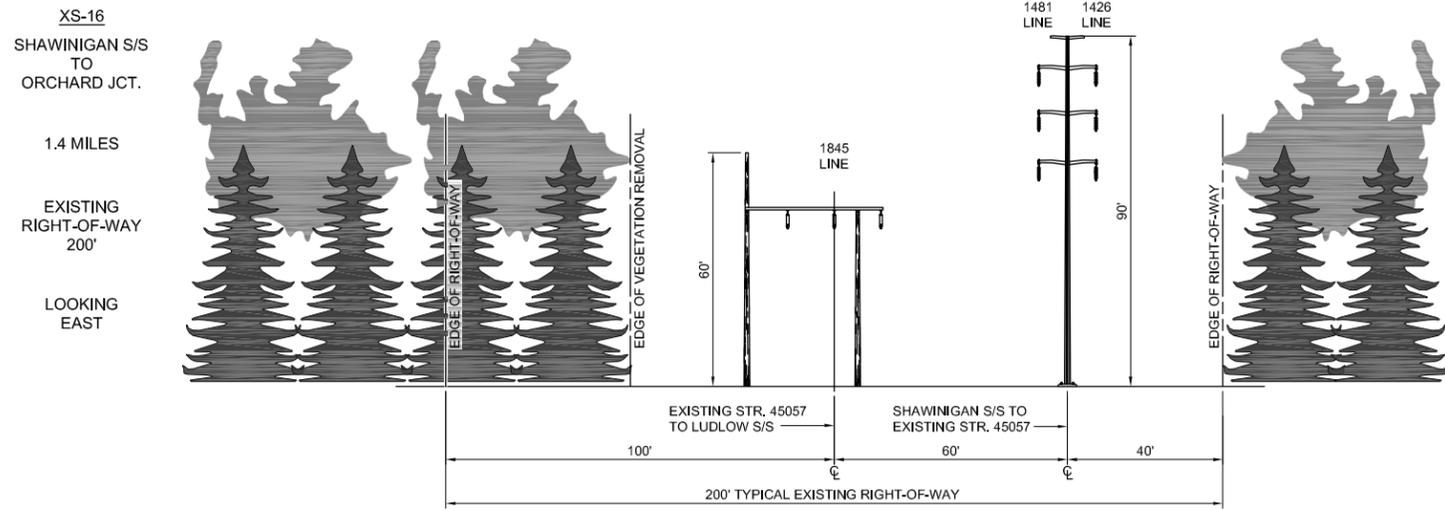


TITLE GREATER SPRINGFIELD RELIABILITY PROJECT
PROPOSED CROSS SECTIONS
ORCHARD JCT. TO LUDLOW S/S

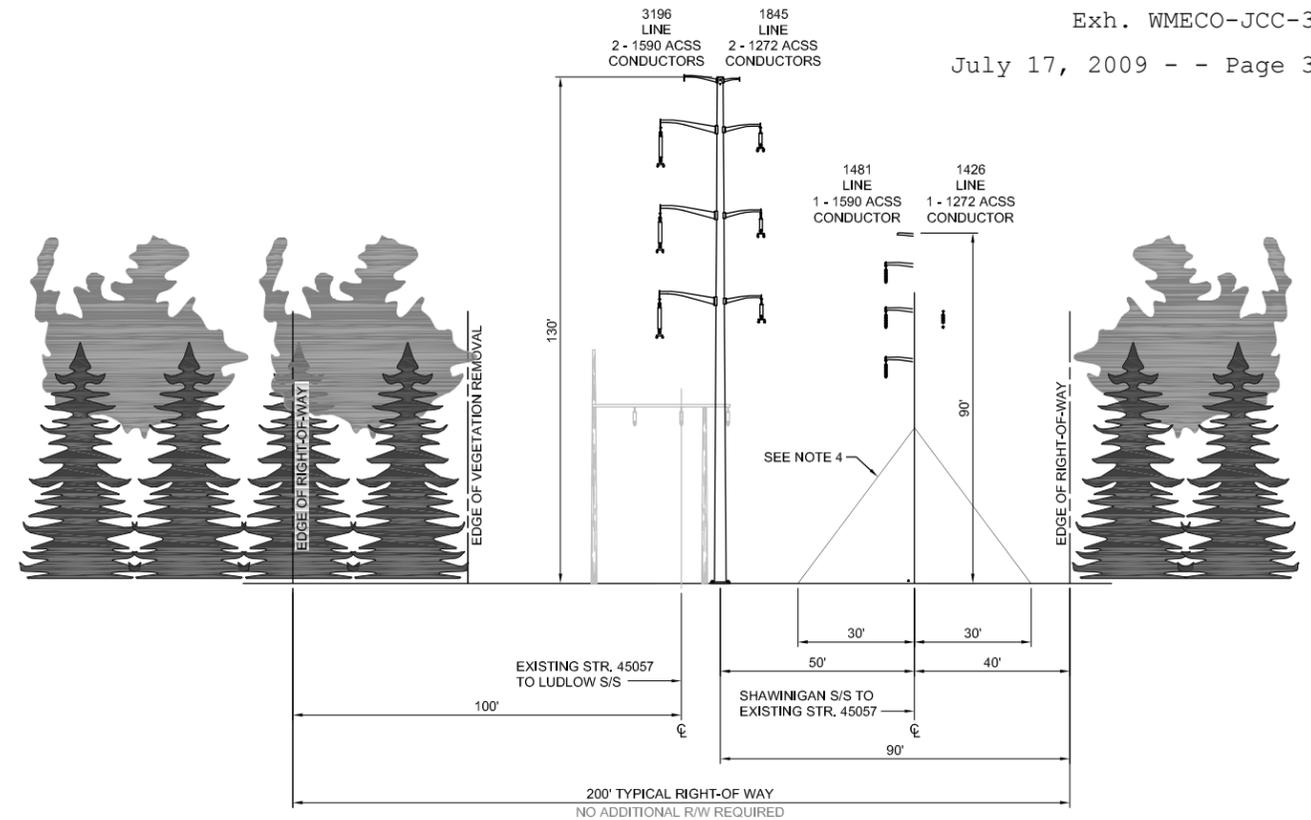
BY J. LIGHTNER	CHKD P.M. WILLIAMS	APP	APP
DATE 7/6/09	DATE	DATE	DATE
SCALE NONE	MICROFILM DATE	DWG. NO. XS-17 RC	
P.A. #			



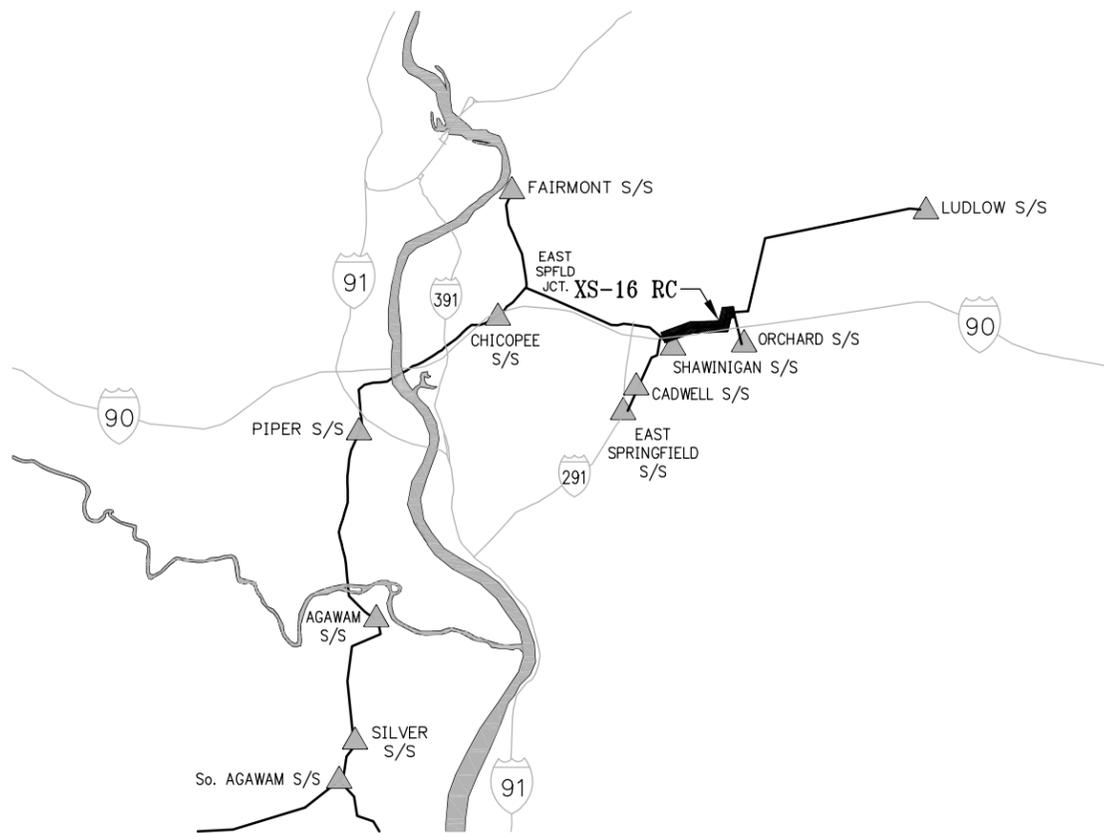
N:\PROJECTS\45700\Drawings\New-Drawings-Reliability\08\Drawings\08-01-09\08-01-09.dwg (08-17 RC) (12-09-2009 10:58 AM) BMMG



EXISTING LAYOUT



PROPOSED LAYOUT



KEY MAP
 NOT TO SCALE

NOTES:

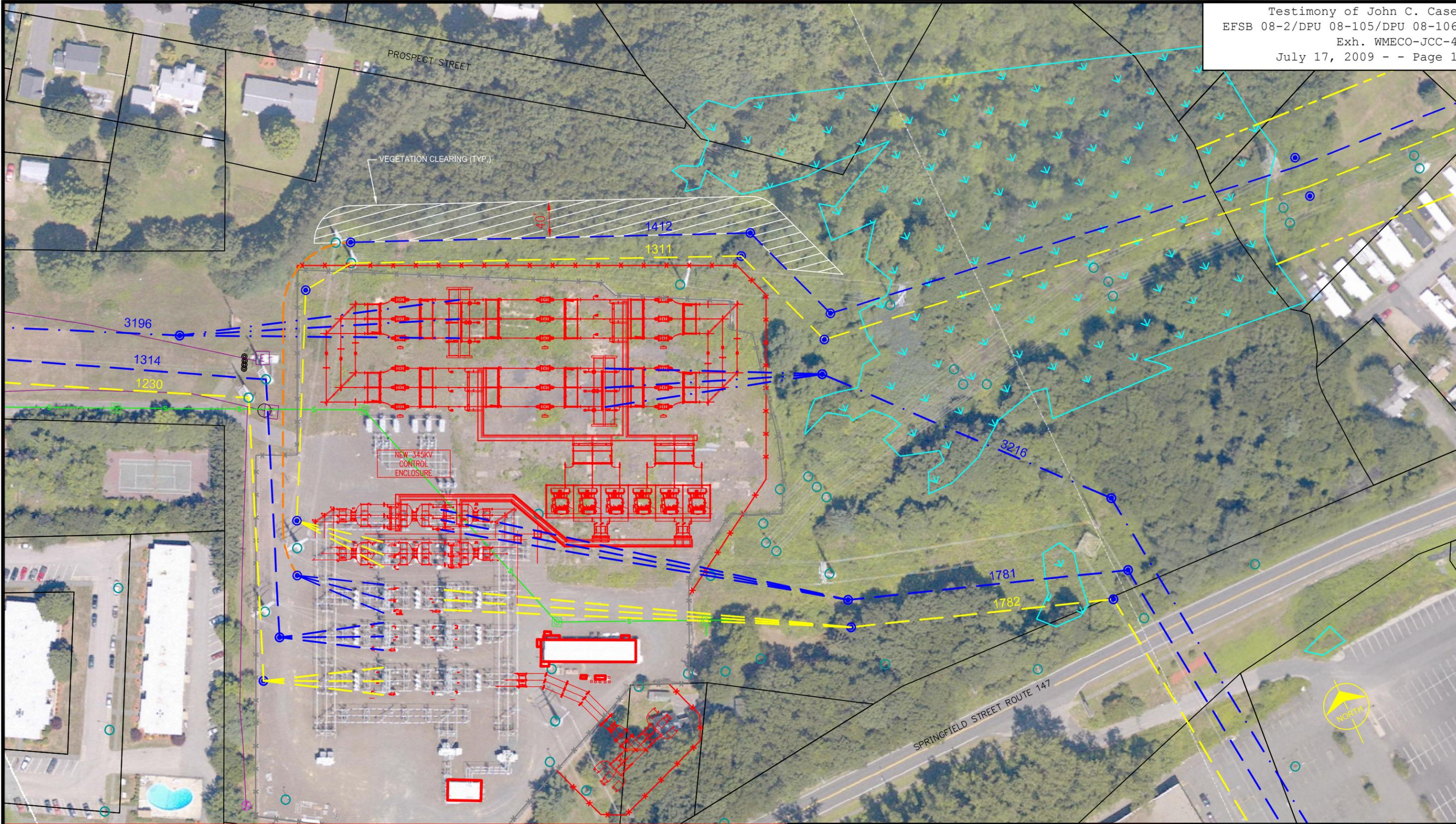
1. REMOVE EXISTING WOOD H-STRUCTURE. EXISTING DOUBLE CIRCUIT STEEL POLE TO BE RECONDUCTORED.
2. PROPOSED STRUCTURE HEIGHTS WERE DETERMINED FROM TYPICAL EXPECTED SPANS. PROPOSED STRUCTURE HEIGHTS ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITH THE COMPLETION OF FINAL DESIGN.
3. EXISTING STRUCTURE HEIGHTS ARE TYPICAL.
4. APPROXIMATELY 40 EXISTING MONOPOLE STRUCTURES FROM SHAWINIGAN S/S TO LUDLOW S/S, WILL REQUIRE SIDE GUYS TO SUPPORT THE NEW CONDUCTOR.

**PRELIMINARY -
 SUBJECT TO CHANGE**



TITLE GREATER SPRINGFIELD RELIABILITY PROJECT
 PROPOSED CROSS SECTIONS
 SHAWINIGAN S/S TO ORCHARD JCT.

BY J. LIGHTNER	CHKD P.M. WILLIAMS	APP	APP
DATE 7/6/09	DATE	DATE	DATE
SCALE NONE	MICROFILM DATE	DWG. NO. XS-16 RC	
P.A. #			



COPYRIGHT © 2009 BURNS & McDONNELL ENGINEERING COMPANY, INC.

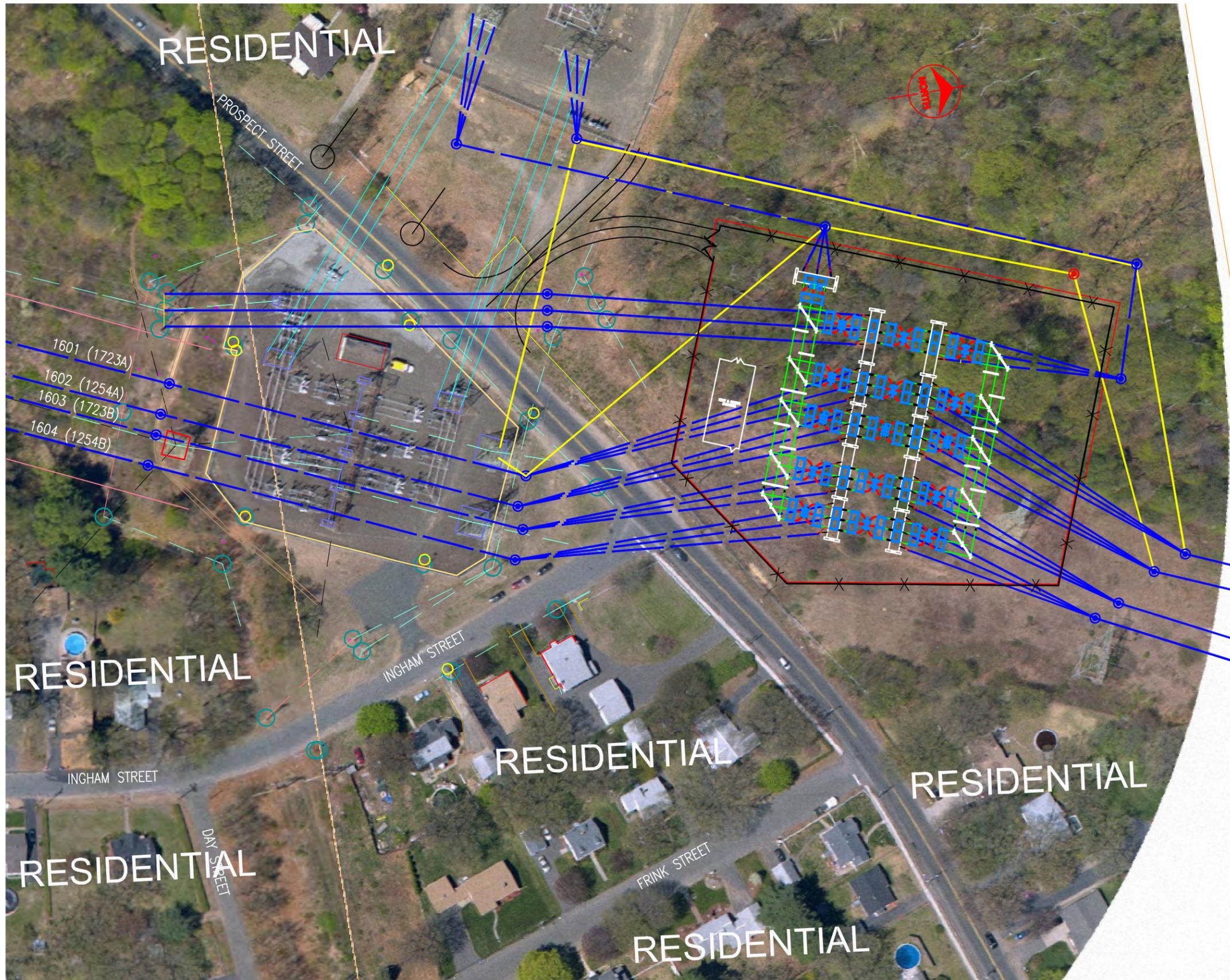
LEGEND		— — — — — EXISTING RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE
○	EXISTING STRUCTURE	— — — — — 115kV CONDUCTOR
●	PROPOSED STRUCTURE	— — — — — 115kV CONDUCTOR
—	REVISED SUBSTATION	— — — — — 345kV CONDUCTOR
↘ ↘ ↘ ↘	WETLANDS	— — — — — UNDERGROUND
		— — — — — PROPERTY LINE
		— — — — — SANITARY SEWER
		— — — — — EXISTING UG DISTRIBUTION

SCALE IN FEET

date JUNE 18, 2009
 designed K. WHISNER

**AGAWAM - WEST SPRINGFIELD
 CIRCUIT SEPARATION PROJECT
 AGAWAM SUBSTATION
 TRANSMISSION ALIGNMENT
 PROSPECT STREET - ALTERNATIVE 3
 UNDERGROUND ONE AWS CIRCUIT**

project	49942
contract	
SK - AGAWAM SUB	SHT. 3



LEGEND WITHIN S/S FENCE:

- BLUE BREAKERS, SWITCHES
- WHITE BUS SUPPORTS, DEADEND STR'S, CTRL ENCLOSURE
- GREEN BUS WORK

LEGEND TRANSMISSION LINE:

- BLUE PERMANENT LINES
- YELLOW TEMPORARY LINES

N:\NUSCO\50270 - CSRP SS\3.05 Fairmont\CADD\Fairmont\GREEN FIELD\Fairmont New Sub OH Line Layout.dwg 07-10-2009 10:43 B8MCD

 Northeast Utilities Service Co.		FOR GREATER SPRINGFIELD RELIABILITY PROJECT			
		TITLE FAIRMONT SWITCHING STATION TRANSMISSION LINE GREENFIELD CONCEPTUAL LAYOUT CHICOPEE, MA			
BY	PMW	CHKD	TAT	APP	APP
DATE	9/05/08	DATE	9/05/08	DATE	DATE
SCALE	NONE	SIZE	B	DWG. NO.	
PROJ.	V.S.			FIGURE 2	