In The Matter Of:

Application of NTE Connecticut, LLC for a Certificate of Environmental Compatibility

Continued Public Hearing March 23, 2017

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1	STATE OF CONNECTICUT
2	CONNECTICUT SITING COUNCIL
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5	Docket No. 470
6	Application of NTE Connecticut, LLC for a
7	Certificate of Environmental Compatibility and
8	Public Need for the Construction, Maintenance and
9	Operation of a 550-megawatt Dual-Fuel Combined
10	Cycle Electric Generating Facility and Associated
11	Electrical Interconnection Switchyard Located at
12	180 and 189 Lake Road, Killingly, Connecticut
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15	Continued Public Hearing held at the
16	Connecticut Siting Council, Ten Franklin Square,
17	New Britain, Connecticut, Thursday, March 23,
18	2017, beginning at 12:59 p.m.
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21	
22	Held Before:
23	ROBERT STEIN, Chairman
24	
25	

	1140
1	Appearances:
2	
3	Council Members:
4	SENATOR JAMES J. MURPHY, JR.,
5	Vice Chairman
6	MICHAEL HARDER
7	LARRY P. LEVESQUE, ESQ.
8	DANIEL P. LYNCH, JR.
9	ROBERT SILVESTRI
10	Council Staff:
11	MELANIE BACHMAN, ESQ.,
12	Executive Director and
13	Staff Attorney
14	MICHAEL PERRONE,
15	Siting Analyst
16	
17	For NTE Connecticut, LLC:
18	ROBINSON & COLE LLP
19	280 Trumbull Street
20	Hartford, Connecticut 06103
21	BY: KENNETH C. BALDWIN, ESQ.
22	JAMES P. RAY, ESQ.
23	
24	
25	

	1141
1	Appearances: (Cont'd.)
2	
3	For Not Another Power Plant and the Wyndham
4	Land Trust:
5	REID AND RIEGE, P.C.
6	One Financial Center
7	Hartford, Connecticut 06103
8	BY: JOHN BASHAW, ESQ.
9	
LO	For the Sierra Club, Connecticut Chapter:
L1	SIERRA CLUB
L2	50 F Street N.W.
L3	Washington, D.C. 20001
L 4	BY: JOSHUA BERMAN, ESQ.
L5	
L6	
L7	For the Connecticut Fund for the Environment:
L8	CONNECTICUT FUND FOR THE ENVIRONMENT
L9	900 Chapel Street
20	Upper Mezzanine
21	New Haven, Connecticut 06510
22	BY: JOHN LOONEY, ESQ.
23	
24	
25	

THE CHAIRMAN: Good afternoon, ladies
and gentlemen. I'd like to call to order this
meeting of the Connecticut Siting Council today,
Thursday, March 23, 2017, at approximately 1 p.m.
My name is Robin Stein. I'm chairman of the
Connecticut Siting Council.

On March 2, 2017, the Council granted NTE Connecticut, LLC's motion to reopen the evidentiary record for the limited purposes of introducing evidence related to the results of the Forward Capacity Auction conducted by ISO New England on February 6, 2017.

This evidentiary session is a continuation of hearings held on October 20, November 3, November 15th, December 15th, all of 2016; and January 10th, and January 26th of 2017. It is held pursuant to the provisions of Title 16 of the Connecticut General Statutes, and of the Uniform Administrative Procedure Act upon an application from NTE Connecticut, LLC for a Certificate of Environmental Compatibility and Public Need for the construction, maintenance, and operation of a 550-megawatt dual-fuel combined cycle electric generating facility and associated electrical interconnection switchyard located at

- 1 180 and 189 Lake Road in Killingly, Connecticut.
- 2 This application was received by the Council on
- 3 August 17, 2016.
- A verbatim transcript will be made of
- 5 this hearing, and deposited with the Town Clerk's
- 6 offices in the Killingly, Pomfret, and Putnam Town
- 7 Halls for the convenience of the public.
- We will proceed in accordance with the
- 9 prepared agenda, copies of which are available
- 10 over there at the table by the door.
- We have a joint request from NAPP and
- 12 Wyndham Land Trust, Connecticut Fund for the
- 13 Environment, and the Sierra Club for a
- 14 supplemental administrative notice item, dated
- 15 March 16, 2017.
- 16 I'll ask our executive director,
- 17 Attorney Bachman, to comment.
- 18 MS. BACHMAN: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.
- 19 The grouped parties and the Connecticut Fund for
- 20 the Environment have requested that the Council
- 21 take administrative notice of the ISO filing with
- 22 FERC detailing the results of the Forward Capacity
- 23 Auction Number 11. And it is completely relevant
- 24 to the limited purpose of this proceeding, and
- 25 staff therefore recommends that this request be

1 granted. THE CHAIRMAN: The Chair will entertain 2 3 a motion. MR. SILVESTRI: So moved, Mr. Chairman. 4 5 MR. HARDER: Second. THE CHAIRMAN: Motion and second. 6 7 All those in favor, signify by saying 8 aye. 9 THE COUNCIL: Aye. 10 THE CHAIRMAN: Opposed? Abstention? 11 (No response.) The motion carries. 12 THE CHAIRMAN: 13 Item 2, I have a second joint request from NAPP, Wyndham Land Trust, and Sierra Club for 14 15 an additional administrative notice item, dated March 21, 2017. NTE filed an objection to this 16 joint request, dated March 22, 2017. 17 18 Again, Attorney Bachman. 19 MS. BACHMAN: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. 20 The request from the grouped parties for administrative notice is for a PowerPoint 21 22 presentation that was presented at the Planning 23 Advisory Committee meeting by ISO that was held 24 yesterday. It is a draft, and it was prepared in

contemplation of the future final Capacity,

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Energy, Loads and Transmission Report that is to come out in May. It is not relevant to the
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3 results of the Forward Capacity Auction Number 11,

4 and therefore staff recommends that this request

5 be denied.

THE CHAIRMAN: The Chair will entertain a motion to deny.

MR. SILVESTRI: Mr. Chairman, I'll move to deny it.

10 MR. LYNCH: Second.

11 THE CHAIRMAN: Any discussion?

12 (No response.)

13 THE CHAIRMAN: All those in favor --

14 Mr. Harding.

MR. HARDER: Just a question. How is

16 it not relevant?

MS. BACHMAN: Well, first, it's a

18 draft. Second of all, it's actually being

19 prepared in anticipation of a larger report that

20 will be used for the next forward capacity

21 auction.

MR. HARDER: Okay. Thank you.

23 THE CHAIRMAN: We have a motion and

24 second.

25 All those in favor, signify by saying

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1
    aye.
               THE COUNCIL:
2
                              Aye.
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               THE CHAIRMAN: Opposed? Abstention?
                (No response.)
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               THE CHAIRMAN: Motion carries.
                I wish to call your attention to those
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    items shown on the hearing program marked as Roman
    numerals I.D., Items 1 through 112.
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               Does the applicant or any party or
10
    intervenor have any objection to the addition of
    Item 29, the ISO's 2017 Regional Electricity
11
    Outlook; Item 35, ISO's Internal Market Monitor
12
    2015 Annual Markets Report; and Item 36, ISO's
13
    State of the Grid 2017 Presentation that the
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15
    Council has administratively noticed? Is there
    any objection?
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17
                (No response.)
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                THE CHAIRMAN: Hearing and seeing none,
    the Council administratively notices these items.
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               MR. BERMAN: Can I please -- yeah, I do
    object. Those items --
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22
               THE COURT REPORTER:
                                     Excuse me,
    Attorney Berman, would you stand up?
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               MR. BERMAN: Yes.
                                   Sorry. I actually
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    do object to those being administratively noticed.
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If the Council is not going to take administrative notice of ISO New England's most current load forecasts, which bear directly on the supplemental testimony that was submitted by Mr. Shortlidge, which speaks to what is going to happen to this plant in the forthcoming FCA 12, this is the most current information that's pertinent to that. The documents that the Council is proposing to administratively notice have no bearing on FCA 11 results, which my understanding was the limited purpose for which the evidentiary record in this proceeding was reopened. So actually I do object to those documents coming in.

If ISO New England -- these are draft, but the Council is fully able to interpret and handle in an appropriate matter draft documents, and these are the most current projections. In a certain sense, all load forecasts are draft load forecasts, right, because, you know, yes, there will be a final FCA -- I'm sorry, there will be a final CELT report in May, but then, you know, ISO New England will continue to revise and update its projections for the future.

I guess I have trouble understanding how the Council would administratively notice

- several documents which have nothing to do with

 the FCA 11 results, but would deny administrative

 notice to a document which actually has great

 bearing on the interpretation of these results, as
- 5 per the testimony of Mr. Shortlidge.
- THE CHAIRMAN: Ms. Bachman.
- 7 MS. BACHMAN: Certainly. Thank you,
- 8 Mr. Chairman.

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- 9 Starting with Item Number 29th, which 10 is the 2017 Regional Electricity Outlook, it is a 11 final document. It generally covers ISO's plan 12 for 2017. It assists in the Regional System Plan 13 development, and it's a final document.
 - Item Number 35, ISO's Internal Market
 Monitor from 2015, if you look at the
 administrative notice item that the Sierra Club
 and the grouped parties had asked to be
 administratively noticed, there is testimony from
 the Internal Market Monitor specific to Forward
 Capacity Auction Number 11.
 - And the State of the Grid 2017

 presentation is also not a draft, and is also ISO,

 as it every year presents the information through

 their committees and all of their reports in

 preparation for the Regional System Plan and the

CELT, C-E-L-T report, that is to come out in May.

administrative notice item that was the second administrative notice item that was requested is draft. That information is certainly subject to change. It was just presented yesterday at the Planning Advisory Committee meeting. And unfortunately, Mr. Perrone and myself weren't able to attend that meeting, so we're not sure what the discussion was about, but certainly it is open for comment from all of the regional stakeholders.

Mr. Chairman, I would just recommend that the objection be overruled, unless Attorney Baldwin or Attorney Ray would like to comment.

THE CHAIRMAN: I would like to -- also,
I want to continue this hearing, and I would
overrule the objection, and accept these
administrative documents for what they're worth.
And unless somebody strenuously objects to my
ruling, I'd like to move ahead.

And your objection is noted for the record.

We'll now begin with the appearance of the Applicant, NTE Connecticut, LLC, to swear in their new witness, and verify their new exhibit

- marked as Roman numeral II, Item B, 31 on the
 hearing program.
- And Attorney Bachman, will you please
- 4 begin by swearing in the applicant's witness, Mr.
- 5 Shortlidge?
- 6 MR. BALDWIN: Mr. Chairman, I'd like to
- 7 present Seth Shortlidge. Mr. Shortlidge is the
- 8 president and CEO of NTE Energy Services Company,
- 9 and he's prepared to be sworn.
- 10 SETH SHORTLIDGE,
- 11 called as a witness, being first duly sworn
- by Ms. Bachman, was examined and testified on
- his oath as follows:
- 14 ETHAN PATERNO,
- 15 MICHAEL BRADLEY,
- 16 called as witnesses, having been previously
- 17 duly sworn, were examined and continued to
- 18 testify on their oaths as follows:
- 19 MR. BALDWIN: Mr. Chairman, I would
- 20 also, just for the record purposes, remind Mr.
- 21 Bradley and Mr. Paterno that in this proceeding
- 22 they are still under oath as previously sworn.
- We have one new exhibit to offer,
- 24 Mr. Chairman. It's listed in the hearing program
- 25 as NTE Exhibit Number 31. It is supplemental

1 testimony issued by Mr. Shortlidge, and attached to that testimony is a copy of Mr. Shortlidge's 2 resume. And we offer that now for identification 3 purposes, subject to verification. 4 DIRECT EXAMINATION 5 MR. BALDWIN: Mr. Shortlidge, did you 6 7 prepare, or assist in the preparation, of the information contained in what is listed in the 8 9 hearing program as NTE Exhibit 31, which is your supplemental testimony and resume? 10 11 THE WITNESS (Shortlidge): I did. MR. BALDWIN: And is the information 12 contained in that exhibit correct? Do you have 13 any modifications to offer at this time? 14 THE WITNESS (Shortlidge): 15 It is 16 correct, and I have no modifications. MR. BALDWIN: 17 Thank you. And therefore, the information is true and accurate to 18 the best of your knowledge. Is that correct? 19 THE WITNESS (Shortlidge): It is. 20 MR. BALDWIN: And do you adopt that 21 22 information as your testimony in this proceeding? 23 THE WITNESS (Shortlidge): I do. 24 MR. BALDWIN: Mr. Chairman, I offer it

as a full exhibit.

1 THE CHAIRMAN: Thank you.

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Does any party or intervenor object to the admission of the applicant's exhibit?

MR. BASHAW: Excuse me. We do not object to the introduction of the exhibit. than pose this objection continuously, I'll just kind of get it out front here. We do object to testimony provided by either Mr. Paterno or Mr. Bradley. This is for the limited purpose of addressing the FCA 11 and the supplemental testimony, prefile testimony that was provided by Mr. Shortlidge. This is not an opportunity for Mr. Paterno and Mr. Bradley to now provide new direct testimony on this particular subject. problem with Mr. Shortlidge providing the testimony. He's provided his advance testimony ahead of time for us to review. But to allow Mr. Paterno and Mr. Bradley to testify as well in support of it is, again, beyond the scope of what this is supposed to be about, and would constitute direct testimony for which they have not themselves filed any prefile testimony for this hearing.

So on that basis we would object. I just want to state it as a generic objection,

rather than do it continuously throughout the
process.

THE CHAIRMAN: I'm going to first say that the exhibit will be entered as part of the record.

(Applicant's Exhibit II-B-31: Received in evidence - described in index.)

if I'm mistaken, but I assume that those two
gentlemen that you mentioned are not here to give
direct testimony, but only here to provide
information in response to any questions that Mr.
Shortlidge cannot answer. We also are not
interested in extending or expanding this portion
of the hearing, and I believe that Attorney
Baldwin has made that clear to his people.

MR. BALDWIN: We have, Mr. Chairman.

And again, Mr. Bradley and Mr. Paterno are here.

Given their role in the prior proceedings, we
thought that if the Council did have some
questions regarding the FCA 11 auction that were
better answered by Mr. Bradley or Mr. Paterno,
they'd be here. If at the end of the day no one
has any questions for either of them, then so be
it. But we wanted to make them available so that,

- again, we could be as efficient today as possible and make sure that this was the last hearing on
- 3 this docket. Thank you.
- THE CHAIRMAN: So with that, I'm going
- 5 to, I guess, overrule the continuous objection, if
- 6 that's what you're calling it.
- 7 So we'll now begin with
- 8 cross-examination of Mr. Shortlidge by
- 9 Mr. Perrone, the staff.
- 10 MR. PERRONE: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.
- 11 CROSS-EXAMINATION
- MR. PERRONE: In the ISO New England
- 13 press release, dated February 9th, ISO notes that
- 14 no new large generators cleared in the auction,
- 15 that is FCA 11. My understanding is that for
- 16 interconnection purposes, ISO defines large
- 17 generators as generators greater than 20
- 18 megawatts. Is that correct?
- 19 THE WITNESS (Paterno): I believe that
- 20 is correct, yes.
- 21 MR. PERRONE: So is it correct to say
- 22 that KEC is a large generator and did not clear
- 23 FCA 11?
- 24 THE WITNESS (Shortlidge): That is
- 25 correct. We withdrew before the auction was

1 complete.

MR. PERRONE: Did the auction have six rounds of competitive bidding?

THE WITNESS (Shortlidge): I believe so, subject to check.

6 MR. PERRONE: How many rounds did NTE 7 participate in?

8 THE WITNESS (Shortlidge): Five.

MR. PERRONE: And what caused NTE to participate in five and not all six?

allowed bid was substantially below the level where round five ended. At the end of round five, I asked my team whether we were certain that we could obtain all necessary permits in order to build the facility and have a start date that met up with the obligations that we would be taking under the ISO. My team informed me that they could not, with absolute certainty, tell me that we would obtain all the permits necessary to proceed in adequate time.

MR. PERRONE: So your concern at that time was if you had cleared FCA 11 and received a CSO, that NTE might not have been able to achieve commercial operation for June 2020?

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               THE WITNESS (Shortlidge): We certainly
    didn't have enough flex in the system to be able
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    to do that. It was an extraordinarily hard
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    decision. And now that I know the clearing price,
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    I certainly second guessed myself but -- no, that
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    was the reason for the decision.
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               MR. PERRONE: Just to back up slightly.
    Before participating in the auction, did NTE file
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    a new capacity qualification package with ISO?
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               THE WITNESS (Shortlidge):
                                           It did.
               MR. PERRONE: Does that package include
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    a critical path schedule?
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               THE WITNESS (Shortlidge): It does.
               MR. PERRONE: At the time of the
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    auction, February 6th, how did your permitting
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    status square up with your critical path schedule?
               THE WITNESS (Shortlidge): We were
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18
    falling behind.
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               MR. PERRONE: So is it fair to say that
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    on or about February 6th, your permitting status
    or timeline was no longer compatible with the
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    critical path schedule?
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               THE WITNESS (Shortlidge): It was very
    very very tight at that point. We had not
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received our tentative determination under our air

permit. These proceedings, we had not received
the, whatever, the draft permit that this board
issues, or draft order. We had not signed a CEBA
with the town at that point. So yes, it was
tight.

MR. PERRONE: And this information about the timeline being tight, that didn't come up before bidding in the auction at all?

absolutely did. And the reason why, and your decisions regarding participation in each round, are directly related to a risk analysis. So if you can assume that the amount of revenue you'll receive will give you the opportunity to pay contractors more to expedite schedules, will give you flex in the system that allows you to handle delays, as you get closer and closer to your minimum bid, you have less and less ability to manage delays through additional revenue.

MR. PERRONE: So on page 4 of the supplemental testimony, dated February 13th, approximately line 9 and 10, it states, "We also believe the clearing price in FCA will bring increased financial pressure on those facilities that ISO identified as being at risk of retirement

potentially accelerating their scheduled
retirement."

Is what you're saying there related to the clearing prices, how it was \$7.03 in FCA 10, and it declined to \$5.30 for FCA 11, and that decline would potentially affect the revenues for capacity?

THE WITNESS (Shortlidge): That's exactly right. And as you look forward, were NTE to have all its permits, and were we to have bid our minimum amount, we would have cleared the auction, which would have resulted in one of those facilities not clearing the auction.

MR. PERRONE: In the testimony there was concerns about the timing and schedule, which we've discussed, but also cost uncertainties tied to permitting. Is this because the total permitting costs have not yet been realized, and if the project is approved, NTE would be in a better position to participate in FCA 12 after you have final permitting numbers?

THE WITNESS (Shortlidge): Absolutely.

For instance, based on the air permit, for instance, we might be required to place additional pollution control equipment on the plant. That's

an unknown at this point that we have to consider
as a risk factor.

MR. PERRONE: Also in the testimony it reiterates NTE's intention to participate in the annual reconfiguration auction and/or bilateral process. Is the ARA where participants buy and sell capacity supply obligations and adjust their positions?

9 THE WITNESS (Bradley): Yes, that's 10 correct.

MR. PERRONE: So in light of not clearing FCA 11, is it correct to say that you don't currently have a position to adjust?

THE WITNESS (Bradley): That's correct,

we do not.

MR. PERRONE: So would NTE's only option to participate in the ARA or the bilateral for the 2020/2021 capacity commitment period, would your only option be to buy a CSO from another participant?

THE WITNESS (Bradley): I believe we could offer our capacity into both the bilateral process and the annual reconfiguration process, which occur in 2018 for FCA 11.

MR. PERRONE: So you could offer your

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capacity, and if some additional capacity is
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    needed, it could be selected?
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               THE WITNESS (Bradley): Yes, that's
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4
    correct.
               MR. PERRONE: So it doesn't necessarily
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    have to come from another participant, it could be
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    if ISO is seeking additional capacity?
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               THE WITNESS (Bradley): That's correct.
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    If ISO is seeking additional capacity, or a
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    participant who had already had a capacity award
    through the auction was short capacity, then they
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    could pick up that capacity as well.
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               MR. PERRONE: And just general
    timelines on the ARA, there would be a 2018 one, a
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15
    2019, and a 2020?
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               THE WITNESS (Bradley): I believe that
    is correct. I have the schedule right here.
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    bilateral auction for ARA number one is in April
    of 2018. The annual reconfiguration auction
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    number one is in June of '18. The second
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    bilateral auction would be in May of '19.
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    second annual reconfiguration would be in August
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    of '19. The third and final bilateral process
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    would be in December of '19. And the third and
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final annual reconfiguration auction would be in

1 March of '20. And that's per the ISO New England 2 published schedule for FCA 11.

MR. PERRONE: Thank you. And lastly, this is a general question. In the ISO filing to FERC, Appendix A, of course, has the items that received CSOs. And I looked for the at-risk generation in here. And I don't know if you know the answer to this, but, for example, Yarmouth, which is four units, 1 through 4, units 1 and 2 showed zero megawatts across the board. Does that mean there's just the CSO for units 3 and 4, and 1 and 2 are they essentially retired?

THE WITNESS (Paterno): It very well could be an excellent indication of them retiring, certainly. And zero megawatts across the board would be, as you look at that table, if you have an FCA qualified amount, which is how much they could offer into the auction, and then zero megawatts for the calendar months of January through December would indicate that they did not receive a CSO. In the case of Yarmouth, that would most likely be because they submitted a dynamic delist bid below the \$5.50 per kWm threshold indicating they withdrew from the auction, and a strong indication that the owner,

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NextEra, intends to retire those facilities.
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               MR. PERRONE: But the units that have a
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    non-zero megawatt, those would be a CSO and they
    would participate?
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               THE WITNESS (Paterno): That is
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    correct.
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               MR. PERRONE: Thank you. That's all I
8
    have.
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               THE CHAIRMAN:
                               Thank you.
               We'll now have questions from the
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    Council members.
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               Senator Murphy?
               SENATOR MURPHY: Thank you,
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    Mr. Chairman.
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               Not being an expert in this bidding
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    process, and what have you, explain to me why it
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    is you go there, and there are six rounds, and you
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    participate in one, two, three, four and five, and
    at that point these timeline considerations and
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    cost uncertainties suddenly loom up and you drop
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    out?
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                THE WITNESS (Shortlidge): That's a
    very good question. This is a descending clock
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24
    auction --
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SENATOR MURPHY: At least I got a

- 1 compliment. But, hey, I just don't understand.
- 2 To me you're either there, or you're not there.
- THE WITNESS (Shortlidge): Absolutely.
- 4 So this is the way that the auction works. It's a
- 5 little different than the traditional auction.
- 6 It's called the descending clock auction. So
- 7 every round has a minimum bid associated with it.
- 8 So in round one let's call it \$16 to
- 9 \$14. So you say, Yes, I can handle 16 to 14.
- 10 Round two, 14 to 12, and so on and so forth.
- 11 Round five ended at 5.50, and we said round five
- 12 we're fine going down to 5.50, we're happy. You
- 13 have 15 minutes in between each period to say okay
- 14 are you in; are you out. The next round would
- 15 have represented our -- actually I don't know if
- 16 | it was the next round -- the following round would
- 17 have represented our minimum bid number.
- 18 So every time after every round I'd ask
- 19 the team, okay, understanding all of the
- 20 permitting uncertainties and all of the other
- 21 uncertainties, do you feel that we have adequate
- 22 contingency in the bid to address those
- 23 uncertainties. Every round the team said yes. We
- 24 got to the end of round five. I said, okay, this
- is the next round, do we have adequate

contingency, do you guys feel comfortable that we can address anything that can arise in this proceeding, the permitting proceeding, addressing the town's needs, addressing the citizens near the plant's needs, addressing anything that may occur, do we have adequate contingency to stay in for this entire round. My team said no, and I said, then we're not going to bid it.

SENATOR MURPHY: Why was their thinking different at the end of the fifth round in comparison to the fourth?

THE WITNESS (Shortlidge): Because the amount of contingency, the amount of overage. So our minimum bid, the delta between what we would have received in revenue and our minimum bid amount, kept on shrinking. So after the end of round five, we had a decent amount of contingency but not enough that people felt very confident that we could continue. I personally am a conservative person. I take these obligations very seriously. And unless my team can tell me that we can absolutely address any contingency, I did not feel comfortable staying in the auction.

SENATOR MURPHY: Well, being kind of simple minded in these things, it seems to me

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you're talking in dollars and cents. And I don't
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    understand what the contingency has to do with
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    when I think of this timeline as to whether or not
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    you're going to be able to meet your deadline for
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5
    performing.
               THE WITNESS (Shortlidge): Absolutely.
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7
    So -- excuse me.
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               SENATOR MURPHY: And the cost
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    uncertainties, I would assume you should have had
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    them figured in beforehand.
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               THE WITNESS (Shortlidge): Absolutely.
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    And we did. So, for instance --
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               SENATOR MURPHY: So what you're telling
    me is that the bids were not what you expected
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    them to be, and that which was proffered wasn't
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    really what you expected it to be, and the numbers
    came in low?
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               THE WITNESS (Shortlidge): Actually the
    bids were what we expected them to be. In fact,
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    the clearing price that actually occurred was very
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close. And was my crystal ball to have been clear, because remember each round represents a \$2 spread or close to \$2 spread, we would have cleared, and we would have been successful had we stayed in and had a very successful project.

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1 Now, the classic example that I want to point out to you is, for instance, we have binding 2 bids for the construction of the facility. 3 binding bids represent the amount of dollars that 4 5 we would need for our minimum bid to be able to comply. Now, if I go to that construction 6 7 contractor and I say, Okay, we've had a permitting overrun, instead of giving you 36 months, for 8 instance, we need to get this project built in 30 9 10 months, he's going to say, Great, but I've got to hire 200 more people. That 200 more people is 11 12 going to increase my cost. That's an unknown. 13 SENATOR MURPHY: So basically, though, 14 you really have to shorten it up, that it's a 15 contingency that's a deadline that you should have 16 thought of beforehand, at least the way I look at 17 it, or your target was a year too early? 18 THE WITNESS (Shortlidge): We 19 certainly --SENATOR MURPHY: 20 That's how --THE WITNESS (Shortlidge): We certainly 21 22 had an aggressive target. It's a target that our 23 team felt that it could meet. When you get down 24 to very exacting numbers and you need to be 25 perfect --

```
1
               SENATOR MURPHY:
                                 There's no such thing
    as perfect in this thing.
2
3
               THE WITNESS (Shortlidge): Trust me, if
    I felt that there was perfect in this world, we
4
5
    wouldn't be sitting here today.
               THE CHAIRMAN:
                               The only perfect are the
6
7
    UConn women, but they're not --
8
               SENATOR MURPHY: They miss a shot from
9
    time to time.
               I think you've sufficiently answered my
10
    question. I just don't understand if you had to
11
    drop out why you were ever there. That's my -- I
12
13
    just have problems coming to grip with that.
               But I'll leave it at that,
14
15
    Mr. Chairman.
16
               THE CHAIRMAN: I feel the same way.
17
               Mr. Lynch, go ahead.
18
               MR. LYNCH: Just to follow up a little
    bit on Senator Murphy. I understand through each
19
    round you have a set minimum bid that you're
20
    looking for. And with a little wiggle room
21
22
    involved in each, as the auction goes I guess it's
    going up, and how do you determine that -- I heard
23
24
    your answer to Senator Murphy, but if you could
```

just -- I think I understand it. Then, again, if

you could just elaborate a little bit more? 1 THE WITNESS (Shortlidge): Sure. 2 I'11 3 give you the description of what happened on that Monday morning. So every time -- we have a very 4 complex financial model. I've got a couple of 5 great financial analysts who run the model. 6 7 got my head of engineering. I've got Mr. Bradley 8 who is thinking about commercial issues. I've got Mr. Eves, who you've all met, who is thinking 9 10 about the development time frame. We're all sitting there. And on each round of bidding, I go 11 12 around the room and I say, Okay, guys, are we 13 still comfortable? And each round everybody said yes. We got to the end of the final round, and 14 15 there were a couple of ums, and a couple of maybes, and at that point when I hear "ums" and 16 "maybes," then that -- just to give you exact 17 18 numbers, that round ended at 5.50. So we had bid 5.50 at that point, and we were very comfortable 19 The next round, I believe, ended at 4? 20 at 5.50. THE WITNESS (Bradley): The range in 21 the next round was 5.50 to \$4. 22 23 THE WITNESS (Shortlidge): That's So I asked the team are we comfortable 24 right. 25 between 5.50 and 4. And they said yes at a

```
variety of numbers in there we are very
1
    comfortable; at 4 we're very uncomfortable. And
2
    at that point I said, all right, then, we've got
3
    to pull. And then I woke up the next morning to
4
    find out it cleared at 5.29.
5
               MR. LYNCH: Now I understand.
                                               Thank
6
7
    you.
8
               THE CHAIRMAN: Mr. Silvestri.
9
               MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you,
10
    Mr. Chairman. So 5.50 would have been okay?
11
               THE WITNESS (Shortlidge): We bid it,
12
    and it was fine.
               MR. SILVESTRI: 5.30 would have been
13
    okay as well, if you stayed in?
14
15
               THE WITNESS (Shortlidge): I would have
16
    been very comfortable.
               MR. SILVESTRI: So the auction
17
18
    concluded at a lower price than the previous, say,
    three annual auctions, and it was noted with
19
    sufficient resources to meet the electricity
20
21
    demand in 2020 to 2021. 35,835 megawatts were
    procured to meet what ISO saw as a capacity target
22
23
    of 34,075 megawatts. My math gives me a delta
```

there of 1,760 surplus. How does the surplus

factor into what NTE was looking at?

24

```
1
               THE WITNESS (Shortlidge):
                                           Remember
    that there is the concept of a dynamic delist.
2
                                                     So
3
    there are certain plants where at certain bid
    levels the ISO says you are no longer competitive,
4
    the new entrant is now more competitive than you.
5
    And remember, we're talking about plants that are
6
7
    35 to 50 years old, inefficient units, that are at
8
    the end of their life stage. We know that there
    are approximately 6,000 megawatts of those units
9
10
    out there. Had our crystal balls been absolutely
    clear, had we stayed in, we would have cleared,
11
    and 500 megawatts of those units would no longer
12
    be here. You would have taken dirtier units off
13
    the grid, you would have added a more efficient
14
15
    unit, and you would have also reduced the cost of
16
    electricity for the ratepayers in New England.
               MR. SILVESTRI: So if I understand that
17
    correctly, the 1,760 megawatt surplus would stay?
18
19
               THE WITNESS (Shortlidge): Absolutely.
20
               MR. SILVESTRI: It would just be that
    NTE would be in, but somebody else would be out.
21
22
    Is that correct?
23
               THE WITNESS (Shortlidge):
                                           That is
24
    correct.
```

MR. SILVESTRI: Yet whoever is in was

able to meet a lower cost or willing to stay in at a lower cost, I guess, and take that risk?

THE WITNESS (Shortlidge): Remember that those are units that are currently operating, so there is no risk to them. The sole risk is that they break down.

MR. SILVESTRI: All right. If I go back in time, as I mentioned with the previous auctions, FCA 8, if I have my numbers right, it was \$15 for new, and seven dollars and 025 cents for existing. That dropped down in FCA 9 to a system-wide number of \$9.55, which then went down to \$7.03 for FCA 10, and then finally to \$5.30 with FCA 11. The trend is decreasing somewhat rapidly from what I see. And I know you mentioned crystal balls. What do you see for crystal balls coming up for anything down the road with auctions?

THE WITNESS (Shortlidge): I believe that that's reflective, that the system planning is working. What you're doing is you're obtaining megawatts at the most efficient rate. As you look forward, you're going to see that cost delta, that cost drop, but increasing strain on existing units and make new entrants, like us, more competitive,

```
forcing us to enter the grid at the most
competitive part, realizing savings for
ratepayers, and realizing the entire benefit of
the system planning process, which is to obtain
the most efficient megawatts on the grid at the
lowest cost for ratepayers.
```

not.

MR. SILVESTRI: If I then go back to Appendix B2, that's "Bravo" 2, of your submittal with Figure 3-2, the projection at that point was that a total cleared capacity would be about 35,500 megawatts, which you almost picked right on the nose, with a clearing price of \$6.19. And it was also mentioned in that appendix that KEC is projected to clear the auction at that price.

What type of price was that? Was that the minimum price that KEC was looking at?

THE WITNESS (Shortlidge): No, it was

MR. SILVESTRI: Was that just a projection to say we think it's going to drop from the 15, to the 9.55, to 7.03, down to 6? Is that where that number actually came from?

THE WITNESS (Shortlidge): Ethan does a wonderful job projecting these things. I have a lot of faith in him, but I don't have that much

1 faith. So our minimum bid was substantially below

- 2 that number and, as I testified, we pulled at
- 3 5.50, which is below that number. That is just
- 4 simply Ethan's estimate of where the market was
- 5 going to clear.
- 6 MR. SILVESTRI: So the megawatt meaning
- 7 was a closer guess than what the megawatt dollars
- 8 would clear at?
- 9 THE WITNESS (Shortlidge): And I think
- 10 the reasoning behind that is that the dynamic
- 11 delists did not occur at the rate that we thought
- 12 that they would.
- 13 MR. SILVESTRI: One last question for
- 14 you. ISO noted that there were a number of
- 15 generators that are out there that I guess did not
- 16 participate in the auction but they're still
- 17 available to provide megawatts. Am I saying that
- 18 correctly?
- 19 THE WITNESS (Shortlidge): This is one
- 20 where I'm turning it over to the experts.
- 21 THE WITNESS (Paterno): I don't know if
- 22 I saw that. Do you recall what context you read
- 23 that in?
- 24 MR. SILVESTRI: No. But for the sake
- of time, let's move on. And if I do find it, I'll

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1 ask the Chairman to go back to it.
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- THE WITNESS (Paterno): Okay. And
- 3 apologies. It just doesn't come to me right away.
- 4 MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you, Mr.
- 5 Chairman.
- THE CHAIRMAN: Mr. Harder?
- 7 MR. HARDER: Just one question to
- 8 clarify something you mentioned in response to a
- 9 question or a comment, I guess, from
- 10 Mr. Silvestri. I think he had said or made a
- 11 comment that while you made the decision to drop
- 12 out after the fifth round, the other bidders were
- comfortable enough to stay in. And I think you
- 14 said something to the effect of that was because
- 15 the only risk for them was if something breaks
- 16 down. Did you mean by that that you were the only
- 17 bidder for a new facility?
- 18 THE WITNESS (Shortlidge): At that
- 19 point we were the only bidder for a new facility
- 20 that is still in the auction at 5.50.
- 21 MR. HARDER: Okay. Thank you. That's
- 22 all I have.
- THE CHAIRMAN: Mr. Silvestri.
- 24 MR. SILVESTRI: Mr. Chairman, I found a
- 25 | follow-up. What ISO had was that no large

resource here retired in FCA 11. A few small oil generators delisted during the auction, meaning they've dropped out of the capacity market for one year, but could still sell energy during that time and compete again in future auctions. I'm not sure how that fits actually into the bidding and was hoping you might be able to explain that aspect to me.

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THE WITNESS (Paterno): So this ties a little bit to Mr. Perrone's earlier question. believe they're talking about the Yarmouth units, which are obviously up in Yarmouth, Maine. They're owned by NextEra Energy, which used to be FPL. What those facilities did is they submitted a dynamic delist bid below \$5.50, and removed themselves from the auction. So they no longer had a capacity supply obligation, so no longer a requirement to participate in the energy market. That means it's an option for them to do so. if NextEra does not decide to retire those facilities, which is a big unknown, they could still offer those into the energy market. just would not be counted on as a capacity resource to meet peak electricity demand per the FCA parameters.

```
MR. SILVESTRI: So if I could clarify
1
    that for my purposes. So they wouldn't be
2
    included in the 35,835 that cleared?
3
               THE WITNESS (Paterno): That's correct.
4
5
               MR. SILVESTRI: So they wouldn't also
    be included in the 1,760 megawatt surplus, but
6
7
    they could become additional surplus?
8
               THE WITNESS (Paterno): If NextEra
9
    doesn't decide to retire them. I mean,
10
    historically when we look back at how retirements
    have manifested themselves, most of the time, but
11
12
    not all, a facility has withdrawn from the
13
    auction, similar to what happened with the
    Yarmouth units, and then the owner subsequently
14
15
    announced I'm going to retire these facilities.
16
    So typically you see that event happen first with
    the auction, and then followed by the retirement
17
18
    announcement.
19
               MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you. Thank you,
    Mr. Chairman.
20
21
               THE CHAIRMAN:
                               Mr. Levesque.
22
               MR. LEVESQUE: Is the state air permit
    among the last you'd be able to obtain in your
23
24
    estimation?
```

THE WITNESS (Shortlidge): Yes.

We're

hoping that we will see a tentative determination shortly, and then have it finalized in the next 60 to 90 days.

4 MR. LEVESQUE: Thank you.

5 THE CHAIRMAN: Mr. Lynch.

MR. LYNCH: Just one point of clarification. In your question from Mr. Perrone you stated that -- and follow-up to Mr. Levesque's question here, that one of the reasons that you dropped out of the auction in round five, I guess it is, was because you weren't sure you'd get all the proper permits, and then in questioning from Senator Murphy, you said that the bidding price was a factor too. How did both of those come into your decision?

THE WITNESS (Shortlidge): I assume that we will receive all the permits. Because if we don't, then we can't build the plant, and we can't serve --

MR. LYNCH: My question really is, which one of those was a basic factor, or more important factor, the pricing, or not having the permits?

THE WITNESS (Shortlidge): Not having
the permits, and a concern regarding what

conditions might be imposed as a result of those permits.

MR. LYNCH: Thank you. Thank you,

Mr. Chairman.

THE CHAIRMAN: I have a question. It dates back to one of the prior hearings, I think, so I guess it's the Chairman's prerogative to revisit. Maybe all I need is a yes or no. But I'm pretty sure that in one of our earlier hearings that the question was asked, would you go ahead irregardless of the results of the ISO auction, and I believe the answer was yes. So somebody there may either tell me that I dreamt that up, or what; but if that was the case, then my question is, why don't you go ahead anyway?

is spot on, and that was our answer. And our intent is to continue to develop the project. We believe that it still has a need in New England. We will be participating in FCA 12, assuming that we receive the necessary permits. The way I talk to my team about it is that this is a lot like the real estate crisis of 2007 and 2008, where we know that there is a lot of troubled loans out there. We don't know when they're going to collapse.

THE WITNESS (Shortlidge): Your memory

Here we know that there are a lot of troubled assets out there. We know that there are a lot of generators out there that, by the basic laws of physics, have to fall away. And nothing changes those laws of physics. And just because we withdrew from this auction does not change my belief in the necessity of this project, nor our need to move forward with it.

Oh, and also I should state we would be very content with the condition of this Council that we obtain a capacity support obligation from the New England ISO prior to starting construction of the facility.

THE CHAIRMAN: That was going to be my question is, what are you asking the Council to do? I mean --

THE WITNESS (Shortlidge): We would ask the Council to approve our application and condition it upon our receipt of a capacity supply obligation from the ISO.

THE CHAIRMAN: So that serves to confuse me, because you admitted in prior testimony you would go ahead irregardless of ISO's determination, and now we're being asked to conditionally approve based on whether or not in

the next auction ISO approves it. So I'm having trouble following that. And I'm also, based on the information that one of our Council members provided, what's --

THE WITNESS (Shortlidge):

condition.

Mr. Chairman, I would be excited to move forward with this project without that condition.

8 However, if it is necessary to address concerns
9 from this Council associated with whether or not
10 there is a requirement by the ISO that this plant
11 be built, we would be willing to accept that

THE CHAIRMAN: Well, I guess that's not for a debate here; it's for the Council to ultimately decide. But what I was trying to say is that given the way the -- whatever it's called -- the auction price has been declining over the years, despite the law of physics, it seems that some of these older plants were very willing and able to stay in the process even at these low numbers. So I'm not -- I'm having trouble being as optimistic as you are about what the results are going to be in the next one.

THE WITNESS (Shortlidge): Remember that the auction clearing price occurred at \$5.30.

```
We were very comfortable being at least one digit
1
    below that. That means that had the auction
2
    continued, had we had a perfect UConn women's
3
    ability to call the shot, we would be sitting here
4
5
    with an obligation, and one of those older units
    would have been taken off the grid.
6
7
               THE CHAIRMAN: Any other questions,
8
    either staff or --
9
               SENATOR MURPHY: I have nothing.
10
               THE CHAIRMAN: -- members?
11
               (No response.)
12
               THE CHAIRMAN:
                               So now
    cross-examination. I understand that there's no
13
    representative from the town here. Is that
14
15
    correct?
16
               (No response.)
               THE CHAIRMAN: So we'll go to the
17
18
    grouped parties. We'll decide how or who is going
19
    to --
               MR. BASHAW: Yes, I'll handle that.
20
21
               THE CHAIRMAN: I guess you can sit next
22
    to Mr. Perrone.
23
               MR. BASHAW: Good afternoon, Council,
24
    Mr. Shortlidge. My name is John Bashaw with Reid
```

and Riege. I'm representing Not Another Power

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Plant and the Wyndham Land Trust, also speaking on
1
    behalf of what's referred to as the "grouped
2
    parties" here.
3
               Mr. Shortlidge, you obviously are
4
5
    familiar with NTE's application to this Council.
    Correct?
6
7
               THE WITNESS (Shortlidge): I am.
8
               MR. BASHAW: And that's the one that
9
    was submitted in August of 2016?
               THE WITNESS (Shortlidge): Yes.
10
    I recall, makes up a huge piece of my bookshelf.
11
               MR. BASHAW: All of our bookshelves.
12
13
               And so you obviously are aware that the
    gentleman to your right, at least Mr. Paterno,
14
15
    anyway, of PA Consulting Group, was commissioned
16
    by NTE, retained to prepare an analysis of need,
    and an economic and environmental impact study?
17
18
               THE WITNESS (Shortlidge): He was.
19
               MR. BASHAW: And that's Exhibit B to
20
    the application. Correct?
               THE WITNESS (Shortlidge): Subject to
21
22
    check, I will accept that.
23
               MR. BASHAW: I don't know if you have
24
    that exhibit in front of you. If you don't, I
```

have a copy. If you could take a look at page 3,

```
the executive summary? And this is the --
1
               THE WITNESS (Paterno): The second
2
3
    report.
               MR. BASHAW: This is the second report,
4
5
          There is an addendum in the front.
                                               It's not
    the addendum that I'm referring to. It's the
6
7
    report itself.
8
               Are you there?
9
               THE WITNESS (Shortlidge):
               MR. BASHAW: And if you look at that
10
    page 3, and if you look in paragraph three, you
11
12
    will see that PA performed modeling to determine
    if NTE would clear FCA 11. Do you see that?
13
               THE WITNESS (Shortlidge): That's
14
15
    correct.
16
               MR. BASHAW: In fact, PA used a
17
    proprietary, what they called a proprietary FCM
18
    simulation model for the purpose of projecting a
    clearing price for FCA 11. Is that correct?
19
               THE WITNESS (Shortlidge): Absolutely.
20
               MR. BASHAW: And that modeling did
21
22
    predict that NTE would clear FCA 11. Correct?
23
               THE WITNESS (Shortlidge): It did.
24
               MR. BASHAW: And it predicted a
25
    clearing price of $6.19 per kilowatt month?
```

```
THE WITNESS (Shortlidge): It did, and
1
    even though Ethan is wrong, we still paid his
2
    bill.
3
               MR. BASHAW: I'm sure he's very pleased
4
5
    with that.
               But the actual clearing price was far
6
7
    below that, it was $5.30?
8
               THE WITNESS (Shortlidge): It was.
9
               MR. BASHAW: So his modeling was not
10
    correct?
               THE WITNESS (Shortlidge):
11
12
               MR. BASHAW: Now, you're here today
    because NTE failed to clear the auction. Correct?
13
               THE WITNESS (Shortlidge): No.
14
15
    here today because NTE withdrew from the auction.
               MR. BASHAW: Well, what's the
16
    difference between failing to clear and to
17
18
    withdraw, isn't the result the same?
19
               THE WITNESS (Shortlidge): The result
    may be the same. The business logic is different.
20
    Withdrawing means that you made an affirmative
21
    decision to take the bid out. Clearing or not
22
23
    clearing is that the auction cleared at a certain
24
    price, and that your minimum bid would not have
25
    cleared that price. In this case our minimum bid,
```

```
1
    as approved by the ISO, would have absolutely
    cleared this.
2
               MR. BASHAW: But the clear fact is if
3
    you had cleared the auction and/or not withdrawn,
4
5
    you wouldn't be here today?
               THE WITNESS (Shortlidge): That's
6
7
    correct.
8
               MR. BASHAW: And I'm sure after having
9
    reviewed the testimony -- and you know this
10
    anyway, I'm sure -- that the purpose for you
    entering that auction was to obtain a capacity
11
12
    obligation for the June 1, 2020 to the May 31,
13
    2021 capacity commitment period?
               THE WITNESS (Shortlidge):
14
15
    correct.
16
               MR. BASHAW: And you, of course, know
    that testimony has already been provided to this
17
18
    Commission that energy providers that clear that
    auction, or don't withdraw from it, have an
19
    enforceable contractual obligation to provide
20
    capacity for that time period?
21
22
               THE WITNESS (Shortlidge): That is
    absolutely correct.
23
```

MR. BASHAW: And conversely, an energy

provider that does not clear, or withdraws, does

24

```
1
    not have any capacity obligation for that time
    period?
2
3
               THE WITNESS (Shortlidge): That's
4
    correct.
5
               MR. BASHAW: So today NTE does not have
    any capacity obligation for the time period
6
7
    covered by FCA 11?
8
                THE WITNESS (Shortlidge): That's
9
    correct, nor do we have an obligation to provide
10
    that capacity.
11
               MR. BASHAW: And I believe there was
12
    mention here today that there was an additional
13
    1,760 megawatts of capacity that cleared FCA 11 in
    excess of the minimum reliability needs
14
15
    established by ISO. Correct?
               THE WITNESS (Shortlidge): That's
16
17
    correct.
18
               MR. BASHAW: And you were not part of
    that excess capacity because you had withdrawn?
19
20
               THE WITNESS (Shortlidge): That's
21
    correct.
22
               MR. BASHAW: So it's fair to say that
    until NTE clears one of the FCAs, if you build
23
24
    your proposed dual-fuel facility with a quick
```

ramp-up, you will have no legal obligation to

provide capacity? 1 THE WITNESS (Shortlidge): We will have 2 3 no legal obligation until we have a required obligation under the ISO. 4 5 MR. BASHAW: Do you have any basis to disagree with any of the statements that Mr. 6 7 Paterno or Mr. Bradley provided previously to this Council? 8 9 MR. BALDWIN: Any? Do you want to 10 clarify which ones you're talking about? 11 MR. BASHAW: Sure. I'd be happy to. 12 Are you aware that both Mr. Bradley and Mr. Paterno testified that 2,000 megawatts of 13 capacity in Connecticut and 6,000 megawatts of 14 15 capacity in New England was at risk and not might clear FCA 11? 16 THE WITNESS (Shortlidge): I agree 17 18 completely with that statement. 19 MR. BASHAW: And isn't it true that those units that were identified by Mr. Bradley 20 and Mr. Paterno as being at risk and potentially 21 not clearing FCA 11 indeed cleared FCA 11? 22 23 THE WITNESS (Shortlidge): They did,

and they will now be one year older.

MR. BASHAW: But they now have

24

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1
    enforceable capacity obligations for 2020, whereas
    you do not?
2
               THE WITNESS (Shortlidge): That is
3
    correct. And should they fail to deliver, they
4
5
    will have to pay damages; but also, should they
    fail to deliver, the lights in the state will go
6
7
    out.
8
               MR. BASHAW: But as we sit here today,
9
    they have capacity obligations, and they cleared
    the auction?
10
11
                THE WITNESS (Shortlidge): They did.
12
               MR. BASHAW: In your prefile testimony
13
    on page 4, line 9, there's a statement that
    begins, it says, "We also believe the clearing
14
15
    price in FCA 11 will bring increased financial
16
    pressure on those facilities that ISO-NE has
    identified as being at risk of retiring,
17
18
    potentially accelerating their scheduled
19
    retirement."
20
               My question for you is simple.
    word "we," does that include Mr. Bradley and Mr.
21
22
    Paterno?
```

MR. BASHAW: If you go back to -- do
you have the application here, by any chance?

THE WITNESS (Shortlidge): It does.

1 MR. BALDWIN: No.

MR. BASHAW: I'm going to read a statement from the application because I hadn't brought the full application myself. I'm just going to ask you whether you agree or disagree with the statement.

The statement in the application, it's in Section 3.2, just for the record is,
"Therefore, capacity resources that clear the FCA are, by definition, needed for reliability." Do you disagree with that statement?

THE WITNESS (Shortlidge): No.

MR. BASHAW: And therefore you wouldn't disagree with a statement that Mr. Bradley provided -- and this is obviously subject to you checking -- but it's on page 302 of the November 3, 2016 transcript. And the quote is, "The ISO clearly states that clearing the forward capacity auction is an indication of need for the region." And you don't disagree with that statement either?

THE WITNESS (Shortlidge): I don't, but I also don't agree with the alternative that there are other -- and I believe Mr. Bradley testified to this, subject to check -- that there are many other indications of need.

```
1
               THE WITNESS (Bradley): Yes, I can
    clarify that.
2
3
               MR. BASHAW: The question was just
    simply whether he agreed or disagreed with that
4
5
    statement, and he agrees with it.
               THE WITNESS (Shortlidge): I agree.
6
7
               MR. BASHAW: Now, before the auction
8
    began, which was held on February 6, 2017, am I
9
    correct?
                THE WITNESS (Shortlidge): Yes.
10
11
               MR. BASHAW: And before that auction
12
    began, you state in your prefile testimony on page
13
    2, line 13, that NTE had not secured, "certain
    critical permits, approvals and agreements for the
14
15
    project." And I'm simply asking if that is a
16
    correct reading of your testimony?
               THE WITNESS (Shortlidge): That was a
17
18
    correct reading.
19
               MR. BASHAW: So as you entered the
    auction, the "critical permits, approvals and
20
    agreements" that you mentioned in your testimony
21
22
    you had not received?
23
               THE WITNESS (Shortlidge): That's
24
    correct.
```

MR. BASHAW:

And you went through five

```
1
    rounds of the auction, as I understand your
    testimony?
2
3
               THE WITNESS (Shortlidge): That's
4
    correct.
               MR. BASHAW: And I take it you didn't
5
    wait to withdraw on the fifth round because you
6
7
    suddenly realized you didn't have these permits,
8
    approvals or agreements?
9
               THE WITNESS (Shortlidge):
                                           That's
10
    correct.
11
               MR. BASHAW: And so you entered the
    auction knowing that you didn't have these
12
13
    permits, approvals and agreements or critical
    permits and approvals. Correct?
14
15
               THE WITNESS (Shortlidge): Yes.
16
               MR. BASHAW: And you had no
17
    anticipation of receiving them during the auction.
18
    Correct?
19
               THE WITNESS (Shortlidge): That's
20
    correct.
21
               MR. BASHAW: But you withdrew at the
    fifth round?
22
23
                THE WITNESS (Shortlidge): We did.
24
               MR. BASHAW:
                             So, in fact, if the
```

clearing price had been certainly \$6.19 a kilowatt

```
1
    month, you would have bid, you would not have
    withdrawn?
2
3
               THE WITNESS (Shortlidge): In fact, we
4
    did.
5
               MR. BASHAW: And you did bid.
                                               And so
    you were willing to proceed without having the
6
7
    permits, approvals that you had mentioned were so
8
    critical at $6.19?
9
               THE WITNESS (Shortlidge):
                                           That's
10
    correct, because we would have had enough
    contingency at that point to address any of the
11
12
    comments that had been provided by any of the
13
    counterparties.
                            And, in fact, I think you
14
               MR. BASHAW:
15
    testified today you were down to $5.50?
16
               THE WITNESS (Shortlidge): Yes.
               MR. BASHAW: So the reason why you
17
18
    withdrew and didn't clear the auction is because
    the price was too low?
19
20
               THE WITNESS (Shortlidge):
                                           No, because
    we did not have enough contingency in the price,
21
22
    as it existed, to address any potential delays or
23
    conditions that could be applied by the permits.
24
               MR. BASHAW: And these are things that
```

you did not anticipate prior to going into the

auction?

1

THE WITNESS (Shortlidge): We always 2 operate on a worst-case scenario, so we always 3 assume that everything that can occur will occur. 4 5 So that any permit will have conditions that we're not expecting, that we will have delays, and 6 7 everything else. As we get to the lower level to 8 round six of the auction, at that point when you 9 look at our worst case scenarios and at the bottom round at the bottom levels of that pricing, yes, 10 we would have had a tougher time complying with 11 12 the supply obligation.

MR. BASHAW: I have no further questions.

15 THE CHAIRMAN: Attorney Berman, do you have any cross-examination?

17 MR. BERMAN: Good afternoon.

18 THE WITNESS (Shortlidge): Good

19 afternoon.

20

21

22

23

24

25

MR. BERMAN: I just have one question about something you testified to earlier. I believe, and you can correct me if I'm mistaken, I believe you testified earlier that the auction clearing price was very close to what NTE projected. Did I hear you correctly?

```
1
               THE WITNESS (Shortlidge): No, you did
    not hear me correctly. What I might have
2
    testified to is that had we decided to stay in, it
3
    was significantly above what our minimum bid was.
4
               MR. BERMAN: Okay. I guess I'll go
5
    back and look at the transcript.
6
7
               MR. LYNCH: Mr. Berman, can you keep
8
    your voice up?
9
               MR. BERMAN: My apologies.
               THE CHAIRMAN: Connecticut Fund for the
10
11
    Environment, Mr. Looney?
12
               MR. LOONEY: I have no questions.
13
               MR. RAY: May we ask a brief question
    on redirect, Mr. Chairman?
14
15
               THE CHAIRMAN:
                              Sure.
16
               REDIRECT EXAMINATION
               MR. RAY: What hopefully is a simple
17
18
    question is, there was mention made of the
    modeling predictions from PA and the $6.19. Why
19
    do you believe that the actual auction clearing
20
    price was lower than projected?
21
22
               THE WITNESS (Shortlidge): Because many
23
    of the older units ended up staying in, and I will
24
    editorialize right now because of the results of
25
    the past election and the belief that our new
```

- president may go easier on them on environmental regulations than I would like.
- THE CHAIRMAN: You just ruined my day

 but --
- 5 THE WITNESS (Shortlidge): He ruined 6 many of mine, too.
- 7 MR. RAY: And there was a question or a
 8 comment from Senator Murphy regarding -- I think
 9 the comment was perhaps you were in too early.
 10 What does the fact that they stayed in do to your
 11 projections going forward?

- THE WITNESS (Shortlidge): As I stated, had we bid our minimum bid, we would have replaced one. We would have taken a dirty plant off the system. We would have enhanced system reliability, and we would have cleaned up the environment.
- MR. RAY: Can you explain why you said had you stayed in, you would be replacing an older unit? Can you explain why that would have been the case?
- THE WITNESS (Shortlidge): By

 definition, \$5.29 was the marginal point at which

 the last megawatt pulled, or the last old unit

 that they needed to delist delisted. As we've

```
1 talked about, no units delisted. Had we gone
```

- 2 below that point, those units would have
- 3 started -- we now know exactly where that marginal
- 4 line stands, and we would have pushed them off the
- 5 grid.
- 6 MR. RAY: When you say that point, that
- 7 \$5.29, can you explain why, had it gone below that
- 8 point, those units would have had to get out?
- 9 THE WITNESS (Shortlidge): Because of
- 10 the dynamic delist function, each unit has a
- 11 dynamic delist number. We know that at 5.29 the
- 12 market cleared, which, by definition, means that
- 13 the next round of delists occurred at 5.29.
- MR. RAY: So had it gone below \$5.29 --
- 15 explain what the dynamic delist number is.
- 16 THE WITNESS (Shortlidge): The dynamic
- 17 delist number is the number at which an older unit
- 18 is required to retire, and then it's replaced by a
- 19 cheaper, more efficient unit. So at that marginal
- 20 level, had we bid below that, we would have
- 21 cleaned one of those older units out.
- MR. RAY: Nothing further. Thank you,
- 23 Mr. Chairman.
- 24 THE CHAIRMAN: Before closing this
- 25 hearing, the Connecticut Siting Council announces

that briefs and proposed findings of fact may be filed with the Council by any party or intervenor no later than April 24th of this year 2017. The submission of briefs or findings of fact are not required by the Council, rather we leave it to the choice of the parties and intervenors.

Anyone who has not become a party or intervenor, but who desires to make his or her views known to the Council, may file written statements with the Council within 30 days of the date hereof.

The Council will issue draft findings of fact, and thereafter parties and intervenors may identify errors or inconsistencies between the Council's draft findings of fact and the record. However, no new information, no new evidence, no argument, no reply briefs without our permission, will be considered by the Council.

Again, copies of the transcript of the hearing will be filed with the Town Clerk's offices in Killingly, Pomfret, and Putnam Town Halls.

And I hereby declare the hearing adjourned. Thank you all for your participation, and get home safely.

CERTIFICATE

I hereby certify that the foregoing 60 pages				
are a complete and accurate computer-aided				
transcription of my original stenotype notes taken				
of the Council Meeting in Re: DOCKET NO. 470,				
APPLICATION OF NTE CONNECTICUT, LLC FOR A				
CERTIFICATE OF ENVIRONMENTAL COMPATIBILITY AND				
PUBLIC NEED FOR THE CONSTRUCTION, MAINTENANCE AND				
OPERATION OF A 550-MEGAWATT DUAL-FUEL COMBINED				
CYCLE ELECTRIC GENERATING FACILITY AND ASSOCIATED				
ELECTRICAL INTERCONNECTION SWITCHYARD LOCATED AT				
180 AND 189 LAKE ROAD, KILLINGLY, CONNECTICUT,				
which was held before ROBERT STEIN, Chairman, at				
Ten Franklin Square, New Britain, Connecticut, on				
March 23, 2017.				

Lisa Wally

Lisa L. Warner, L.S.R., 061

Court Reporter

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