1	STATE OF CONNECTICUT
2	CONNECTICUT SITING COUNCIL
3	
4	Docket No. 489
5	The First Taxing District Water Department of
6	Norwalk application for a Certificate of
7	Environmental Compatibility and Public Need for
8	the construction, maintenance, and operation of a
9	telecommunications facility located at 173 1/2
10	West Rocks Road, Norwalk, Connecticut.
11	
12	VIA ZOOM AND TELECONFERENCE
13	
14	Public Hearing held on Tuesday, September 15,
15	2020, beginning at 2 p.m. via remote access.
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17	
18	Held Before:
19	ROBERT SILVESTRI, Presiding Officer
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	Reporter: Lisa L. Warner, CSR #061
25	

1	Appearances:
2	
3	Council Members:
4	ROBERT HANNON
5	Designee for Commissioner Katie Dykes
6	Department of Energy and Environmental
7	Protection
8	DANIEL P. LYNCH, JR.
9	JOHN MORISSETTE
10	MICHAEL HARDER
11	EDWARD EDELSON
12	
13	Council Staff:
14	MELANIE BACHMAN, ESQ.
15	Executive Director and
16	Staff Attorney
17	
18	MICHAEL PERRONE
19	Siting Analyst
20	
21	LISA FONTAINE
22	Fiscal Administrative Officer
23	
24	
25	

1	Appearances: (Cont'd.)
2	
3	For the First Taxing District Water
4	Department:
5	ROBINSON & COLE LLP
6	280 Trumbull Street
7	Hartford, Connecticut 06103-3597
8	BY: KENNETH C. BALDWIN, ESQ.
9	
10	Local counsel, First Taxing District:
11	TIERNEY, ZULLO, FLAHERTY & MURPHY, P.C.
12	134 East Avenue
13	Norwalk, Connecticut 06852
14	BY: KARA A.T. MURPHY, ESQ.
15	
16	
17	For New Cingular Wireless PCS, LLC:
18	CUDDY & FEDER, LLP
19	445 Hamilton Avenue, 14th Floor
20	White Plains, New York 10601
21	BY: KRISTEN MOTEL, ESQ.
22	
23	
24	
25	

1 MR. SILVESTRI: This remote public 2 hearing is called to order this Tuesday, September 3 15, 2020, at 2 p.m. My name is Robert Silvestri, 4 member and presiding officer of the Connecticut Siting Council. I'll ask other members of the 5 6 Council to acknowledge that they are present when 7 introduced for the benefit of those who are only 8 on audio. 9 Mr. Robert Hannon, designee for 10 Commissioner Katie Dykes of the Department of 11 Energy and Environmental Protection. 12 (No response.) 13 MR. SILVESTRI: Mr. Hannon? 14 MR. HANNON: I'm present physically. 15 MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you, Mr. Hannon. 16 Ms. Linda Guliuzza, designee for 17 Chairman Marissa Paslick Gillett of the Public 18 Utilities Regulatory Authority. 19 (No response.) 20 MR. HANNON: Did you hear me? 21 MR. SILVESTRI: I could hear Mr. 22 And I will say, Mr. Hannon, that there is 23 a delay on your computer. I could tell now 24 because I did hear feedback coming through. 25 So Ms. Linda Guliuzza, are you present?

1	(No response.)
2	MR. SILVESTRI: Moving on, Mr. John
3	Morissette.
4	MR. MORISSETTE: Good afternoon, Mr.
5	Silvestri. I am present.
6	MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you, Mr.
7	Morissette.
8	Mr. Edward Edelson.
9	MR. EDELSON: Present.
10	MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you. Mr. Michael
11	Harder.
12	(No response.)
13	MR. SILVESTRI: Moving forward,
14	Mr. Daniel P. Lynch, Jr.
15	MR. LYNCH: Present, Mr. Chairman.
16	MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you, Mr. Lynch.
17	Members of the staff. Executive
18	Director Staff Attorney, Ms. Melanie Bachman.
19	MS. BACHMAN: Present. Thank you.
20	MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you. Siting
21	Analyst, Mr. Michael Perrone.
22	MR. PERRONE: Present. Thank you.
23	MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you. And Fiscal
24	Administrative Officer, Ms. Lisa Fontaine.
25	MS. FONTAINE: Present.

MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you also.

As everyone is keenly aware, there is currently a statewide effort to prevent the spread of the Coronavirus. This is why the Council is holding this remote public hearing, and we ask for your patience.

And again, if you haven't done so already, I ask that everyone please mute their computer audio and/or telephone at this time.

This hearing is held pursuant to the provisions of Title 16 of the Connecticut General Statutes and of the Uniform Administrative Procedure Act upon an application from The First Taxing District Water Department for a Certificate of Environmental Compatibility and Public Need for the construction, maintenance, and operation of a telecommunications facility located at 173 and 1/2 West Rocks Road in Norwalk, Connecticut. This application was received by the Council on March 17, 2020.

The Council's legal notice of the date and time of this remote public hearing was published in The Norwalk Hour on August 11, 2020. Upon this Council's request, the applicant erected a sign at the proposed site so as to inform the

public of the name of the applicant, the type of facility, the remote public hearing date, and contact information for the Council.

As a reminder to all, off-the-record communication with a member of the Council or a member of the Council staff upon the merits of this application is prohibited by law.

The parties and intervenors to the proceeding are as follows: Applicant is The First Taxing District Water Department, its representative Kenneth C. Baldwin, Esquire, from Robinson & Cole LLP. Intervenor, New Cingular Wireless PCS, LLC, doing business, I believe, as AT&T, its representative Lucia Chiocchio, Esquire, and Kristen Motel, Esquire, from Cuddy & Feder LLP.

We will proceed in accordance with the prepared agenda, a copy of which is available on the Council's Docket No. 489 web page, along with the record of this matter, the public hearing notice, instructions for public access to this remote public hearing, and the Council's Citizens Guide to Siting Council Procedures. Interested persons may join any session of this public hearing to listen, but no public comments will be

received during the 2 p.m. evidentiary session.

At the end of the evidentiary session, we will recess until 6:30 p.m. for the public comment session. And please be advised that any person may be removed from the remote evidentiary session or public comment session at the discretion of the Council.

The 6:30 p.m. public comment session is reserved for the public to make brief statements into the record. And I wish to note that the applicant, parties and intervenors, including their representatives, witnesses and members, are not allowed to participate in the public comment session.

I also wish to note for those who are listening and for the benefit of your friends and neighbors who are unable to join us for this remote public comment session, that you or they may send written statements to the Council within 30 days of the date hereof either by mail or by email, and such written statements will be given the same weight as if spoken during the remote public comment session.

A verbatim transcript of this remote public hearing will be posted on the Council's

1 Docket No. 489 web page and deposited with the 2 Norwalk City Clerk's office for the convenience of 3 the public. 4 And the Council will take a 10 to 15 5 minute break somewhere at a convenient junction, 6 possibly around 3:30 p.m., again, depending on 7 where we're proceeding. 8 I wish to call your attention to those 9 items shown on the hearing program marked as Roman 10 numeral I-B, Items 1 through 77, that the Council 11 has administratively noticed. 12 Does any party or intervenor have an 13 objection to the items that the Council has 14 administratively noticed? Attorney Baldwin. 15 MR. BALDWIN: No objection. 16 MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you. Attorney 17 Motel. 18 MS. MOTEL: No objection. 19 MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you also. 20 Accordingly, the Council hereby administratively 21 notices those items. 22 (Administrative Notice Items I-B-1 23 through I-B-77: Received in evidence.) 24 MR. SILVESTRI: I'd like to start now 25 with the joint appearance by the applicant and the

intervenor. And will the applicant and intervenor present their witness panel for the purpose of taking the oath.

MR. BALDWIN: Thank you, Mr. Silvestri. Good afternoon, everybody. It's a unique and first experience for me anyway, but I appreciate the effort that's gone into this. This is a bit of a unique situation here. We represent the First Taxing District, but this application is presented in cooperation with AT&T Wireless, Verizon Wireless and T-Mobile toward the common end of getting a tower approved on the First Taxing District Property in Norwalk.

Our witness panel today -- let me just stop for a second, if I could, Mr. Silvestri. I also want to introduce Attorney Kara Murphy.

Attorney Murphy is local counsel in Norwalk for the First Taxing District in all other matters with the exception of this proceeding, but she is joining us today as counsel for the First Taxing District as well.

Our witness panel is listed in the hearing program, but let me introduce everybody quickly. First and foremost is Dominick DiGangi. Mr. DiGangi is the general manager for The First

Taxing District Water Department. Here with me in Hartford is Mike Libertine, the director of siting and permitting with All-Points Technology and Jason Mead, the project engineer with All-Points Technology.

On behalf of Verizon Wireless, we have Shiva Gadasu, a radio frequency engineer; and Anthony Befera, a principal engineer regarding real estate and regulatory matters, for Verizon Wireless.

Next, we have Dan Bilezikian, a site consultant with SAI Group on behalf of AT&T. And I don't see him, but we should have Martin Lavin who will also be joining us as the RF consultant for AT&T Wireless.

On behalf of T-Mobile, we have Hans Fiedler, who is the director of network engineering and operations for Connecticut and upstate New York; and Alex Murillo, who is T-Mobile's senior RF engineer on behalf of the wireless carrier T-Mobile.

And I offer them all to be sworn in with the exception of Mr. Lavin who I don't see on the screen at this point. So I offer all but Mr. Lavin to be sworn in, Mr. Silvestri.

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1
             MS. MOTEL: Attorney Baldwin.
2
             MR. SILVESTRI: Whoever that is, please
3
   continue.
4
             MS. MOTEL: Attorney Baldwin, if I may
5
   interrupt, it's Kristen Motel on behalf of AT&T.
6
   Martin Lavin is having issues with his camera, but
7
   he is here with us via audio, so he can he sworn
8
   in as well.
9
             MR. SILVESTRI: Very good. Thank you,
10
   Attorney Motel. Thank you, Attorney Baldwin.
11
             And I'll ask Attorney Bachman if she
12
   would please administer the oath.
13
             MS. BACHMAN: Thank you, Mr. Silvestri.
14
   Would the witnesses please raise your right hand?
15
   DOMINICK DIGANGI,
16
   MICHAEL LIBERTINE,
17
   JASON
              MEAD,
18
   SHIVA
              GADASU,
19
   ANTHONY BEFERA,
20
   MARTIN LAVIN,
21
   DAN
          BILEZIKIAN,
22
   ALEX
            MURILLO,
23
   HANS FIEDLER,
24
       called as witnesses, being first duly sworn
25
        (remotely) by Ms. Bachman, were examined and
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1 testified on their oaths as follows: 2 MR. BALDWIN: I think that's everybody. 3 MS. BACHMAN: Thank you. 4 MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you, Attorney 5 Bachman. 6 And Attorney Motel, I take it that 7 Mr. Lavin was also there to affirm. 8 MS. MOTEL: I believe he unmuted his 9 microphone, yes. 10 MR. SILVESTRI: Very good. Thank you. 11 Attorney Baldwin, could you please 12 begin by verifying all exhibits by the appropriate 13 sworn witnesses? 14 MR. BALDWIN: Certainly. Thank you. 15 It's a good system, not a perfect system, but 16 we'll muddle through. There are eight exhibits that we've submitted on behalf of the joint 17 18 parties. They are listed in the hearing program 19 under Roman II, subsection B. They include the 20 application, interrogatory responses, and other 21 exhibits. 22 For the purposes of the verification, 23 Mr. Silvestri, I think we can probably limit the 24 questions, at least as far as the carriers go, to

the RF engineers since much of the information --

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1
   all of the information contained that is carrier
2
   specific is related to RF issues, and then we'll
3
   ask Mr. DiGangi, Mr. Mead and Mr. Libertine to
4
   address the other issues.
5
               DIRECT EXAMINATION
6
               MR. BALDWIN: So with that, did you
7
   prepare or assist in the preparation of the
   exhibits listed in the hearing program under Roman
8
9
    II, subsection B, Item 1 through 8?
10
   Libertine.
11
               THE WITNESS (Libertine): Yes.
12
               MR. BALDWIN: Mr. DiGangi.
13
               THE WITNESS (DiGangi): Yes.
14
               MR. BALDWIN: Mr. Mead.
15
               THE WITNESS (Mead): Yes.
16
               MR. BALDWIN: Mr. Gadasu.
17
               (No response.)
18
               MR. BALDWIN: Shiva?
19
               (No response.)
20
               MR. BALDWIN: We'll come back.
                                                Mr.
21
   Murillo.
22
               THE WITNESS (Murillo): Yes, I did.
23
               MR. BALDWIN: Mr. Lavin.
24
               THE WITNESS (Lavin): Yes.
25
               MR. BALDWIN: And Mr. Gadasu.
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1 THE WITNESS (Gadasu): (Indicating.) 2 MR. SILVESTRI: Attorney Baldwin, I see 3 that he's off mute. He did give you a wave. 4 MR. BALDWIN: That's enough. 5 MR. SILVESTRI: I'm not sure why it's 6 not coming through on the audio part of it, but I 7 did see the wave as acknowledgement. 8 MR. BALDWIN: Okay. Thank you. 9 And do you have any corrections, 10 modifications or amendments to offer to any of 11 those exhibits at this time? Mr. DiGangi. 12 THE WITNESS (DiGangi): No. 13 MR. BALDWIN: Mr. Libertine. 14 THE WITNESS (Libertine): I have one 15 notification that I just want to get on the 16 record. The original posting for the public sign 17 did have the original date of the hearing, but 18 once it was postponed we did go out and update 19 that to today's date, and that was done the 20 following Tuesday on August 11th. So that sign 21 reflected today's hearing. 22 MR. BALDWIN: Thank you. Mr. Mead. 23 THE WITNESS (Mead): No. 24 MR. BALDWIN: I'll try this again. 25 Mr. Gadasu, any corrections or modifications to

1 offer? 2 THE WITNESS (Gadasu): Can you hear me 3 now? 4 MR. SILVESTRI: Yes, we can. 5 THE WITNESS (Gadasu): Sorry about 6 that. I'm sorry, what was the question again? 7 MR. BALDWIN: Do you have any 8 modifications or amendments to offer to those 9 exhibits that you're verifying? 10 THE WITNESS (Gadasu): Not that I'm 11 aware of. 12 (Pause.) 13 MR. SILVESTRI: Attorney Baldwin, I 14 think I lost you. 15 This THE WITNESS (Gadasu): I'm sorry. 16 is Shiva again. Was that a question for me? I 17 lost you for a second. 18 MR. BALDWIN: You're all set, Shiva. 19 If you could just put your phone back on mute, 20 that would be great. 21 Mr. Murillo, can you hear me? 22 THE WITNESS (Murillo): Yes, I can hear 23 you. 24 MR. BALDWIN: Any corrections or 25 modifications to offer to the exhibits you

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1
   verified?
2
               THE WITNESS (Murillo): No, no
3
   corrections.
4
               MR. BALDWIN: And Mr. Lavin, any
5
   corrections or modifications to offer?
6
               THE WITNESS (Lavin): Martin Lavin.
7
   No.
8
               MR. BALDWIN: Are the exhibits as
9
   modified or amended true and accurate to the best
10
   of your knowledge? We'll go around the horn
11
   again. Mr. DiGangi.
12
               THE WITNESS (DiGangi): Yes.
13
               MR. BALDWIN: Mr. Libertine.
14
               THE WITNESS (Libertine): Yes.
15
               MR. BALDWIN: Mr. Mead.
16
               THE WITNESS (Mead): Yes.
17
               MR. BALDWIN: Mr. Lavin, we'll start
18
   with you first.
19
               THE WITNESS (Lavin): Martin Lavin.
20
   Yes.
21
               MR. BALDWIN: Mr. Gadasu.
22
               THE WITNESS (Gadasu): Shiva Gadasu.
23
   Yes.
24
               MR. BALDWIN: And Mr. Murillo.
25
               THE WITNESS (Murillo): Yes.
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1 MR. BALDWIN: And do you adopt the information contained in these exhibits as your 2 3 testimony in this proceeding? Mr. DiGangi. 4 THE WITNESS (DiGangi): Yes. 5 MR. BALDWIN: Mr. Libertine. THE WITNESS (Libertine): Yes. 7 MR. BALDWIN: Mr. Mead. 8 THE WITNESS (Mead): Yes. MR. BALDWIN: Mr. Murillo. 10 THE WITNESS (Murillo): Yes. 11 MR. BALDWIN: Mr. Gadasu. 12 THE WITNESS (Gadasu): Yes. 13 MR. BALDWIN: Mr. Lavin. 14 THE WITNESS (Lavin): Martin Lavin. 15 Yes. 16 MR. BALDWIN: I think we're done. 17 Thank you. We offer them as full exhibits, Mr. 18 Silvestri. 19 MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you, Attorney 20 Baldwin. The exhibits are admitted. Thank you. 21 (Applicant and Intervenor Exhibits 22 II-B-1 through II-B-8: Received in evidence -23 described in index.) 24 MR. SILVESTRI: We'll now begin with 25 cross-examination of the applicant and the

1 intervenor by the Council starting with Mr. 2 Perrone. 3 Thank you, Mr. Silvestri. MR. PERRONE: 4 CROSS-EXAMINATION 5 MR. PERRONE: My first question: Would Sprint's co-location be constructed on this tower? 6 7 THE WITNESS (Fiedler): This is Hans 8 Fiedler from T-Mobile. Yes. 9 MR. PERRONE: Referencing the response 10 to Council Interrogatory 23 where it discussed the 11 signal strength thresholds, for T-Mobile it 12 mentions T-Mobile designs its network for 13 in-vehicle coverage, in-building residential and 14 in-building commercial. Can you tell us what 15 those thresholds are? 16 THE WITNESS (Murillo): Yes, I can. 17 Alex Murillo, T-Mobile. T-Mobile designs for 18 three thresholds. The in-building commercial is 19 that of neg 91. In-building residential is that 20 of neg 97. And in-car coverage is that of neg 114. And that is on our mid-band layer. 21 22 MR. PERRONE: And in response to 23 Council Interrogatory 24, the question relates to existing signal strengths. If the site were 24 25

deactivated, for T-Mobile would you have a number

for that? I understand Verizon it would be greater than or equal to neg 105, but would you have a number for T-Mobile?

THE WITNESS (Murillo): If our site, if our current site was deactivated and the proposed site is not functional, the coverage in the area would be basically composed of in-car coverage around neg 114 threshold.

MR. PERRONE: Question 21 relates to the minimum heights that each carrier would need to achieve their coverage objectives. My question is -- and this is for each carrier -- what would be the consequences if the tower were 10 feet shorter, i.e., each carrier were pushed down 10 feet?

THE WITNESS (Murillo): I'll start with T-Mobile. For us, 106 feet would work from the proposed facility because it provides comparable coverage to what our existing coverage was from the water tank, and that is our minimum height that we can allow. Anything lower than that we can start getting close to the treeline. So especially going toward the northeast on the Merritt Parkway, it can cause some further coverage degradations.

MR. PERRONE: And for Verizon, if the tower were 10 feet lower, what would be the consequences of that?

THE WITNESS (Gadasu): This is Shiva Gadasu from Verizon. That would be the same case. We are right now asking for 116 feet centerline, but if we go any lower we'll get into the treeline, same thing.

MR. PERRONE: And for AT&T, if the tower were 10 feet shorter?

THE WITNESS (Lavin): Since we're in the top position, of course, we would feel it the least, but I think we'd lose some continuity along Merritt Parkway. The main impact would be on the carrier in the third position down below us.

MR. PERRONE: And back to T-Mobile, how would that impact Sprint as well?

THE WITNESS (Fiedler): From a Sprint perspective, they're at 96, so that pushes us not only further into the treeline but also further into obstructions from the water tank. So not optimal, right. So all the heights that we've identified in our, you know, analysis and testimony is driving towards replication of what is currently existing and what we intend to

1 replicate. So those heights have been vetted at 2 this juncture. 3 MR. PERRONE: Turning to the supplemental response to Interrogatory 14, dated 4 5 June 2nd, there are attached drawings. I'm going 6 to focus on drawing C-2, the compound plan. I see 7 Verizon's generator on the concrete pad. Would 8 Verizon's radio and battery cabinets be located on 9 the same concrete pad? 10 THE WITNESS (Befera): I thought 11 everything was together. 12 THE WITNESS (Mead): I can answer that 13 one. Jason Mead for All-Points. Yes, everything 14 will be integrated on the same 10 by 20 pad. Ιt 15 would also be protected with an ice canopy. 16 MR. PERRONE: How tall is the ice 17 canopy? 18 THE WITNESS (Mead): Typically in the 19 region of 10 feet. 20 MR. PERRONE: How many cabinets total 21 for the battery? 22 THE WITNESS (Mead): It varies 23 depending on the application. What we've seen 24 more recently is usually one, maybe two cabinets, 25 depending on the technology that's being deployed.

1 MR. PERRONE: Moving on to AT&T with 2 similar questions, I also see just a concrete pad 3 depicted with the generator. For AT&T, how many 4 cabinets, and would that still be on the same pad? 5 THE WITNESS (Bilezikian): This is Dan 6 Bilezikian. It would be a walk-in cabinet, 8 by 8 7 concrete walk-in cabinet on the 10 by 20 pad. 8 MR. PERRONE: About how tall on the 9 cabinet? 10 THE WITNESS (Bilezikian): I believe 11 it's about 8 feet tall. 12 MR. PERRONE: Okay. And you'd still 13 have a canopy over that? 14 THE WITNESS (Bilezikian): I believe 15 so. 16 MR. PERRONE: Okay. 17 THE WITNESS (Mead): Yes, that is 18 correct, due to the proximity of the tower itself. 19 MR. PERRONE: And the canopy height? 20 THE WITNESS (Mead): Again, probably 21 around 9 to 10 feet, depending on the size of the 22 cabinet below. 23 MR. PERRONE: Okay. And I'm going to move on to T-Mobile. Also looking at drawing C-2 24 25 where I see the concrete pad locations, but I

1 don't see it labeled specifically, which pad 2 location is T-Mobile, would they locate on? 3 THE WITNESS (Mead): Jason Mead from 4 All-Points. At this time, the locations for 5 T-Mobile and Sprint were not determined. That is, 6 they are undesignated at this time. 7 MR. PERRONE: And those would be 8 separate locations for T-Mobile and Sprint? 9 THE WITNESS (Mead): Yes, but 10 ultimately that decision would come down to 11 T-Mobile. 12 THE WITNESS (Fiedler): At the present 13 time, we've kept it simplistic to where there's 14 two locations. Whether we consolidate those, 15 we'll work with The Taxing District on that. 16 MR. PERRONE: Would you have ice 17 canopies too, or that hasn't been determined yet? 18 THE WITNESS (Mead): Jason Mead again 19 from All-Points. I think given the proximity to 20 the town and the concern for ice, it would be wise 21 and prudent to install canopies at those 22 locations, yes. 23 MR. PERRONE: Okay. In response to 24 Council Interrogatory 7, it says that the tower 25 could be designed with a yield point to ensure

that the tower setback radius remains within the
boundaries of the subject property. As far as the
yield point itself, does that mean that the lower
section is overdesigned relative to the upper
section?

THE WITNESS (Mead): Jason Mead from All-Points. Yes, that is indeed correct. The lower sections would be increased in section so that a theoretical yield point would occur at the designated location. That location would coincide with the nearest property line.

MR. PERRONE: And with that design, what would be the risk of a failure in the lower section or the base of the tower?

THE WITNESS (Mead): Jason Mead from All-Points. The risk from failure is extremely unlikely due to the significant load factors that are applied to the design of the monopole structure. The installation of a yield point would guarantee a full radius reducing the load on the upper structure and therefore eliminating any possibility of further collapse of the structure.

MR. PERRONE: Do you anticipate the need for blasting to construct this facility?

THE WITNESS (Mead): Jason Mead from

1 All-Points again. And Dominick could probably 2 answer this also. There has been a geotechnical 3 report prepared for the purpose of the main 4 hydropillar water tank. A quick review of that 5 report suggests that this particular site consists 6 of some glacial till, forest mat, with the 7 occasional boulders. 8 Blasting would probably be unlikely, 9 very unlikely to this site. If we were to 10 encounter any rock, we would be looking at 11 traditional methods of using a hoe ram to remove 12 those boulders. As stated in the report, the 13 boulders vary from anything from one and a half to 14 two and a half feet, as detected, at this time. 15 MR. PERRONE: Would the proposed 16 project comply with the 2002 Connecticut 17 Guidelines for Soil Erosion and Sediment Control? 18 THE WITNESS (Libertine): Mike 19 Libertine. Yes, they would. 20 MR. PERRONE: And also, would the 21 project comply with the 2004 Connecticut 22 Stormwater Quality Manual? 23 THE WITNESS (Libertine): Did you hear 24 us? 25 MR. BALDWIN: Did you get those two

1 responses, Mr. Perrone? MR. PERRONE: I didn't get the second 2 3 I may have just got a nod. But just for the 4 record, would it comply with the 2004 Connecticut 5 Stormwater Quality Manual? 6 MR. SILVESTRI: Attorney Baldwin, the 7 responses seem to be very, very faint. I don't 8 know if it's an audio issue on your end, but if 9 you could help us out, it would be appreciated. 10 MR. BALDWIN: We'll do that. Thank 11 you, Mr. Silvestri. 12 THE WITNESS (Mead): The answer to that 13 question, yes, they would. 14 MR. PERRONE: Moving on to the back-up 15 power topic. In response to Council Interrogatory 16 35, each carrier would have battery backup, about 17 four to eight hours. However, for T-Mobile 18 battery backup would be their only source of 19 back-up power. For T-Mobile, would your run time 20 be closer to four hours or closer to eight? 21 THE WITNESS (Fiedler): Yeah, our 22 solution set right now would be closer to eight. 23 We would have a separate cabinet that would house 24 the battery plants. 25 MR. PERRONE: And would Sprint have the

1 same type of backup? 2 THE WITNESS (Fiedler): Correct, unless 3 we were consolidated, then we would mirror each 4 other, but yes. 5 MR. PERRONE: So no plans for a 6 generator for T-Mobile or Sprint, just battery? 7 THE WITNESS (Fiedler): Not at this 8 juncture. That could change in the course of the 9 next year to two. But based on the proximity of 10 our neighboring sites, we're yielding towards a 11 battery solution at this location. 12 MR. PERRONE: Moving on to the response 13 to Council Interrogatory 41, the question was 14 would the proposed facility comply with DEEP noise 15 control standards at the property boundaries, and 16 the response was yes. 17 And my question was, just to be clear, is that utilizing an exemption for the back-up 18 19 generators, or is that conservatively treating the 20 generators as nonexempt? 21 THE WITNESS (Mead): Can we go off the 22 record for a second? 23 (Off the record discussion.) 24 THE WITNESS (Mead): Jason Mead from 25 All-Points. Yes, the generators are exempt, but

conservatively they will apply.

MR. PERRONE: Would it apply with current fence design, or do you think you would need any kind of sound blankets perhaps?

THE WITNESS (Mead): Decibel ratings -Jason Mead from All-Points -- for the AT&T
generator and the Verizon generator were taken
from the individual cut sheet, 66 decibels for
one, 57 decibels for the other, measured at 23
feet from the units. Quick back-of-the-envelope
calculation shows these noise levels would
decrease over distance levels beyond the typical
residential standards which is 55 decibels during
the day without any special acoustical treatment
at the site.

MR. PERRONE: Page 18 of the application had the original cost data. I understand that there were some slight revisions in the supplemental filing, but in general are the costs essentially the same or have they materially changed since the filing of the application?

MR. BALDWIN: Mr. DiGangi, any substantive change in the costs that occurred since the start of the application process?

THE WITNESS (DiGangi): No.

1 MR. PERRONE: In other words, cell site 2 radio equipment, or would those numbers still be 3 approximately the same? MR. BALDWIN: I think certainly 4 5 Mr. DiGangi can speak to the hard costs for the 6 tower itself. Perhaps we can get the individual 7 carriers to speak to any changes in costs related 8 to the carrier equipment. 9 Mr. Fiedler, do you want to start us 10 off? 11 THE WITNESS (Fiedler): Yes, happy to. 12 No revisions. The costs associated with the 13 electronics that we're bringing to the facility 14 are in alignment. MR. BALDWIN: Mr. DiGangi, could you 15 16 mute your phone for us, please? 17 The question to you is, any changes to 18 the costs of Verizon Wireless equipment. 19 THE WITNESS (Befera): No changes. 20 MR. BALDWIN: And Mr. Bilezikian for 21 AT&T. 22 THE WITNESS (Bilezikian): No changes. 23 MR. PERRONE: Thanks. Turning to page (i) of the application, FTD received zoning 24 25 commission approval to install the new 500,000

gallon water tank. My question is how the time schedule works as far as when would you expect to remove the old water tank, install the new water tank, and construct the proposed facility, if approved?

THE WITNESS (DiGangi): The plan -- the design of the tank is actually three separate projects. One is water mains on the street, one is the tank itself, and the third one is remediation and demolition of the existing tank. The plan is the water main contractor will do the site clearing and provide access to the new tank and to the tower site.

Once the tower is installed, the construction sequence, it's a design build sort of tank project, so once the contract is executed, the tank's engineer will design the tank. We've provided the geotechnical report. That usually takes a few months. All right. And then it needs to be approved by our consultant. During that period of time, the water main contractor will already be on site. So he builds the access roads, he creates the new driveway, clears the land. There will be a small amount of site remediation under the existing, the proposed tank,

1 where the materials will be moved and stockpiled 2 near the existing tank. 3 Once the tower is up and the cell 4 people have relocated, that tank will be 5 remediated and demolished. 6 MR. PERRONE: Okay. My next question 7 is for the carriers. Would the sequence of 8 construction allow for maintaining full continuity 9 of service for the carriers, or do any of the 10 carriers anticipate possibly needing temporary 11 facilities such as cell on wheels in the interim? 12 We could start with Verizon. 13 THE WITNESS (Befera): Since the 14 construction sequence is to have the tower site up 15 and operational before the existing tank comes 16 down, we anticipate no interruption in service and 17 no need for a temporary site. 18 MR. PERRONE: Okay. And for AT&T, 19 would you anticipate needing a temporary facility 20 to maintain continuity of service? 21 THE WITNESS (Bilezikian): Dan 22 Bilezikian. No, we would not. 23 MR. PERRONE: And the same question for 24 T-Mobile and Sprint.

THE WITNESS (Fiedler): We concur with

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Verizon's assessment.

MR. PERRONE: And in response to Council Interrogatory 28, just as an update, has the City of Norwalk or any emergency response entity expressed an interest in co-locating on the facility?

THE WITNESS (DiGangi): No.

MR. PERRONE: Lastly, we'll have some visibility questions. And I'll also be referencing the comments from the Council on Environmental Quality, dated May 1st. On page 1 of the CEQ comments, section 2, it said, "The Council suggests that the applicant assess the need for screening of the equipment compound from observers to the south and southeast of the equipment buildings."

I see in sheet C-2 landscaping has been added directly outside the compound. Would that help screen views of the compound from the south and southeast?

THE WITNESS (Libertine): It certainly will. CEQ had not seen those plans at the time of the comment. There's also additional screening that's going to be part of The First Taxing

District's construction of the new water tank

which will be closer to those residents so there will actually be several layers of screening.

MR. PERRONE: Turning to tab 7 of the application, which is the visual assessment, and starting with the visual analysis map, specifically location 10 which is little bit to the southwest of the facility. Number 10 depicts a black circle indicating no visibility, but if we look at the Table 1 photo locations where it had shown it to be seasonal, number 10, was that intended to be in orange?

THE WITNESS (Libertine): Yes, it was, and I apologize for not picking that up early and mentioning that as one of the changes. You're absolutely correct, that should be in orange. That is a seasonal location for views.

MR. PERRONE: On page 2 of the CEQ comments, CEQ had noted four locations where the photo sims had shown year-round visibility, these are numbers 2, 7, 8 and 11, but the predictive model doesn't necessarily show yellow in those areas. Could you explain how it could possibly be different?

THE WITNESS (Libertine): Sure. That often happens. At the scales that we're using,

these locations often are very -- the photos that we take from those locations are often restricted right to that particular area. And so if you were to move in any direction, you pretty much drop out. So oftentimes we'll see that they are more or less isolated views of 100, 150 feet, so it's really just a scaling issue in terms of how we present it. So it's not uncommon to see that.

MR. PERRONE: In other words, the circle could be potentially covering up some of the area?

THE WITNESS (Libertine): It certainly can. But in a lot of cases what happens, and certainly in the case of 2 and 7, they are more or less, again, isolated views that we're showing as a year-round condition, but they more or less abut to an area where we have seasonal as well. So it's really just a matter of, again, it's a very, very narrow window of visibility. But again, at that scale, some of those dots can represent a couple hundred feet across.

MR. PERRONE: And when you run your viewshed map model, prior to considering actual balloon flight results, do you find it to be more or less conservative?

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THE WITNESS (Libertine): Yeah, I think over the years we've got it a little bit more fine I still would say it is somewhat conservative, it tends to overpredict, but it is certainly tighter using some of the better base source data that we are now -- that's made available to us. But yes, generally it is a bit conservative and tends to overpredict.

MR. PERRONE: And lastly, I just have a few RF questions related to Sprint. Returning to the response to Council Interrogatory 19, that question was are all frequencies used for voice and data and which frequencies would be used for capacity. Do we know which frequency bands for Sprint for that answer?

THE WITNESS (Fiedler): Yeah, I think part of the interrogatory was exactly that. They're all for capacity and voice. EVDO is the one that we've dedicated towards the data side.

MR. PERRONE: And moving on to the response to 23 for Sprint, do you have the in-building or in-vehicle thresholds for Sprint, or would they be the same as T-Mobile?

THE WITNESS (Fiedler): I would say at this juncture that they're comparable to what

1 we've demonstrated on the T-Mobile testimony. We 2 are in the process of network synergies, at which 3 point we're mirroring each other. So right now 4 we're blending Sprint into the T-Mobile 5 architecture. 6 MR. PERRONE: And one last question on 7 that topic. The response to Council Interrogatory 8 24, which got into like a worst-case existing 9 signal strength without a facility, would you have 10 a number for Sprint? 11 THE WITNESS (Fiedler): I don't. I 12 don't have that at this juncture. 13 MR. PERRONE: That's fine. Thank you 14 very much. That's all I have. 15 MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you, Mr. Perrone. 16 I'd like to continue with cross-examination by Mr. 17 Morissette at this time. 18 MR. MORISSETTE: Thank you, Mr. 19 Silvestri. I'd like to start off, if someone 20 could discuss the reasoning for not locating on 21 the new water tower. 22 THE WITNESS (DiGangi): I can respond 23 to that. Dominick DiGangi. One of the 24 problems -- we have two tanks that are identical

to the one that is at West Rocks. The other tank

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has not had any cell equipment on it. Both tanks were constructed at the same time. They are literally identical. This one, and we're not sure, all right, but it kept developing pin hole leaks. Now, that could be a structural issue that goes back to its manufacture. And so we were a little concerned about putting the cell stuff, equipment up onto the new tank.

In addition, maintenance of the tank becomes an issue for the cell carriers. In order for us to maintain it and to paint it and to protect it, they would have to actually come off the tank while we did that every 15, 20 years. And so it would be very disruptive, obviously, to them and to service to have them coming off, going back on after we paint, and then knowing that somewhere down the line it was going to happen as well. And so that was the decision to opt for the tower rather than go up on the roof of the tank.

MR. MORISSETTE: Thank you. Is the equipment on the existing tank going to be transferred to the new cell tower? Is any of the old equipment going to be utilized?

MR. BALDWIN: Perhaps we can go around the horn with the wireless carriers starting with

Mr. Befera.

THE WITNESS (Befera): To avoid an interruption in service, once the tower is ready and there's power at that location for the carriers to arrange a schedule for each of the carriers to install on the new tower, we would all be purchasing new stuff or using stuff from our existing inventories to activate the replacement site at the same time that the existing site on the water tank would be shut down. So that existing equipment on the water tank would then be dismantled, and some of it may be reusable. Then that would go back into our inventories for use at another site, but most of it would be scrapped.

So the short answer to your question is, so that no one has any interruption in service, we'd have to put all new stuff on the tower once it's ready before the stuff can be shut off and taken down from the water tank.

MR. BALDWIN: You're next, Mr. Fiedler.

THE WITNESS (Fiedler): Yeah, similar.

We would bring new electronics, and we would

repurpose whatever was currently on the existing

water tank.

MR. BALDWIN: And Mr. Bilezikian.

1 THE WITNESS (Bilezikian): Likewise, 2 AT&T would probably use all new equipment. I 3 doubt there would be anything salvageable. 4 MR. MORISSETTE: Great. Thank you. 5 The application on page 18 has costs associated 6 with the installation of the new cell tower. those costs also include the costs for dismantling 7 8 the water tower equipment? 9 THE WITNESS (Befera): No, those costs 10 for Verizon do not include the dismantling of the 11 existing equipment which is under a different 12 classification for our accounting purposes. 13 MR. SILVESTRI: Would that be also true 14 for AT&T and T-Mobile? 15 THE WITNESS (Bilezikian): True for 16 AT&T. 17 THE WITNESS (Fiedler): Hans Fiedler, 18 T-Mobile. Correct as well. 19 MR. BALDWIN: Just to complete the 20 circle, Mr. DiGangi, I don't want to speak for 21 you, but I think those costs are just for the new 22 tower, correct? 23 THE WITNESS (DiGangi): Yes. 24 MR. MORISSETTE: Okay. So I'm assuming 25 there's costs embedded in your demolition of the

old water tower to take care of the equipment, and you're treating that separately, so we'll leave it at that.

Concerning the yield point, Council's Interrogatory Set One, Question 7, what is estimated that the height of the yield point will be at this time at this point?

THE WITNESS (Mead): Jason Mead from All-Points. I can answer that question. At this time, we would probably consider a yield point at the 49 feet elevation below the top of the tower, i.e., that would be 81 feet above ground level to coincide with the northerly property line which is at 49 feet from the structure.

MR. MORISSETTE: Great. Thank you.

Okay. In response to Council Interrogatory Set

One, Question 30, AT&T and Verizon have two
separate size generators, AT&T's is 20 kW and

Verizon is 30 kW. Is there any reason why they're
different, just because they're a different type
of equipment or --

MR. BALDWIN: Who wants to go first this time?

THE WITNESS (Bilezikian): AT&T normally specs a 20 kW either a diesel or propane.

1 In this case it's a DC generator. 2 MR. MORISSETTE: So that's just your 3 typical standard 20 kW, your standard --4 THE WITNESS (Bilezikian): Yes. 5 MR. MORISSETTE: And Verizon? 6 THE WITNESS (Befera): Our standard is 7 for diesel is typically 25, but the propane tends 8 to have to be a little bit larger for the same 9 output. That's why we specked a 30 in this 10 instance. 11 Okay. Thank you. MR. MORISSETTE: Mr. 12 Silvestri, that's all the questions I have. 13 THE CHAIRPERSON: Thank you, Mr. 14 Morissette. I'd like to continue with 15 cross-examination by Mr. Harder at this time. 16 MR. HARDER: Thank you, Mr. Silvestri. 17 Just a few questions. First, I think probably for 18 Mr. DiGangi, you were talking a minute ago about 19 the problems or issues associated with locating 20 tower facilities on the water tower. And I think 21 it seems apparent what those problems would be, 22 but I just had a couple follow-up questions. You 23 mentioned that I guess in the existing tower 24 you've seen pin holes develop. And I'm wondering, 25

could you, in terms of the location, did they seem

1 to be related to the locations of the structural 2 members associated with the cell tower or were 3 they just randomly located around the water tower? 4 THE WITNESS (DiGangi): No, in most 5 cases they'd be randomly located. 6 MR. HARDER: And did you -- I'm sorry, 7 go ahead. 8 THE WITNESS (DiGangi): They're mostly 9 on the bottom. 10 MR. HARDER: Did you have discussions 11 with the manufacturer at all? I mean, have they 12 seen any similar situations in other locations? 13 THE WITNESS (DiGangi): The 14 manufacturer of that tank is no longer in 15 business. 16 MR. HARDER: Okay. All right. Fair 17 enough. The application also indicated that there was concern regarding potential impacts on water 18 19 quality. And I couldn't really figure out or 20 understand, I guess, how the location of a cell 21 tower on the outside of a water tower would affect 22 water quality. Could you explain that? 23 MR. BALDWIN: Dominick, you just muted. 24 You're back. 25 THE WITNESS (DiGangi): I think the

1 concern was the same concept of about deterioration of the tank, all right, would allow, 2 3 especially up on the top, would allow outside 4 water into the drinking water. 5 MR. HARDER: Okay. So it wouldn't -- I 6 mean, just the existence of the cell tower 7 facilities wouldn't by itself create changes to 8 the water quality, it would indirectly introduce 9 other factors? 10 THE WITNESS (DiGangi): That's true. 11 MR. HARDER: Okay. Great. Thank you. Let's see, I had a question on one of the 12 13 visibility analysis photos, specifically photo 19. 14 It's a photo taken from the Merritt Parkway. Can 15 someone tell us how far from the proposed site 16 that photo was taken? 17 THE WITNESS (Libertine): Yes, this is Mike Libertine. That photo is about a third of a 18 19 mile from the site itself. 20 MR. HARDER: Why wasn't -- I mean, it 21 seems to be from that photo it does seem to be 22 fairly distant. Why wasn't a closer location with 23 a more direct line to the proposed site chosen for 24 either, you know, a photo or additional photos? 25 THE WITNESS (Libertine): That location actually is just about the closest location where it's visible. If you notice, if you were in -this is reviewing the southbound lane, the cars coming towards us, so we're looking north. If we were on the north side heading north, those trees intervening actually block the view. So that is more or less the closest view of the facility that is going to be seen. And certainly the only way you would see it really from that particular location is if you were to look back over your shoulder, but we did want to represent as close an area as we could get, but that is essentially the closest direct view from the general location of the Merritt Parkway.

MR. HARDER: So if you were, say, in terms of distance, if you were at some point on the Merritt Parkway that was the closest distance wise from the proposed location, aside from whether you could see it or not, you're saying if you were at that closest location, you could not see the proposed -- or you would not be able to see the proposed facility?

THE WITNESS (Libertine): A combination of the angle and the near distance that you're at, those trees effectively block a direct line of

sight.

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MR. HARDER: Okay. Well, I guess that makes me wonder then if you can -- I don't know if anybody can answer this, but what was the problem that SHPO had with some of the other locations where they said it was -- I forget the terminology used, but the expected -- there was an expected negative impact on the Merritt Parkway, which I assumed meant visible impact or visual impact to the point where I gather they rejected those other I couldn't figure out why, since they locations. were only a short distance from the proposed location, why that would be the case. But if you're saying that you couldn't even see it from the Merritt Parkway right adjacent, why would they have a problem with it?

THE WITNESS (Libertine): You bring up the question that we actually had to deal with for over a year with the SHPO. We did quite a bit of work with them. Essentially, my understanding is that SHPO's position is such that any new structure introduced that's within the viewshed of the parkway is essentially a nonstarter right from the start.

So we evaluated it. We actually

brought the representatives from the agency out. We had a crane in place at our originally proposed location. They were not happy with that for whatever reason. And I agree with you, Mr. Harder, we're not talking about a great deal of distance between any of these sites. And so there were only two or three locations along the parkway where you could see the crane and where you will see the new tower at any time of year. However, they felt it was significant enough because of the status of the Merritt Parkway being a national scenic byway, that was the position they held. And so that's why we had to go through the exercise of attempting to find a suitable location where we could use the new water tower partially to blend in with the surrounding environment.

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And so I wish I had a better answer for you, but this is something that is not going to be unfortunately limited to just this particular application. We're faced with this any time we're anywhere close to the Merritt Parkway. They would prefer not to see any new intrusion visually. I think that's a very difficult standard to hold us to, but that's where we're at, at the moment.

MR. HARDER: I understand what you're

saying, how you're characterizing what they've said, I guess, that they prefer not to see any intrusions visually. But in this case it's not visible, or it would not be visible, right, is that correct?

THE WITNESS (Libertine): I would agree. It's minimally visible. I can't say it's not visible. There are a couple of locations where it's fleeting, particularly further south in photo number 19, and it's a very short stretch. But this is -- I wish I could tell you a rational reason why we had to go through this exercise on this site, but this is where we landed.

MR. HARDER: Okay. I guess we understand the situation anyway.

THE WITNESS (Libertine): And Mr.

Harder, for your edification, we've been through
this before, and actually not too further south of
here in New Canaan several years back we had a
similar situation. That site was much more
visible. But we ended up having to do two towers
to accommodate the carriers. They were
essentially interior mount antennas. We did not
want to get into that situation here. So it was a
compromise as far as SHPO was concerned. We

1 maintained all along that it would not be an 2 adverse impact just because of the minimal overall 3 visibility. 4 MR. HARDER: Okay. Thank you. 5 THE WITNESS (Libertine): You're 6 welcome. 7 MR. HARDER: I guess maybe actually 8 this would be a question back for Mr. DiGangi. Is 9 there one or more back-up generators now at the 10 existing tower location? Actually, I'm sorry, it 11 probably wouldn't be for Mr. DiGangi. It would be 12 for the carriers. 13 THE WITNESS (Befera): Verizon has a 14 generator at the site. 15 MR. HARDER: So is that just one, 16 there's only one generator? 17 MR. SILVESTRI: Can AT&T answer that? 18 THE WITNESS (Mead): Jason Mead from 19 APT. Not to speak on behalf of Dan, but I believe 20 AT&T has a generator out close to the road also. 21 THE WITNESS (Fiedler): And just for 22 the record, for T-Mobile Sprint, we will not be 23 deploying a generator. 24 MR. HARDER: So are there two 25 generators now, and how many will there be?

THE WITNESS (Mead): Currently, as planned, two, AT&T and Verizon.

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MR. HARDER: Okay. Just a final question on the remote field review photos. The first photo actually showed a variety of screenings proposed, several trees or shrubs along the southern boundary line or close to the southern boundary line, but it stops before it reaches the end of the -- or the western end of the property. And it seems to -- I mean, I assume that line of trees and shrubs is there to screen visibility from the adjacent homes. But because it stops, it seems to leave open the visibility from one or two, at least, additional homes on that road. And my question is, why does it stop, and is there any reason why it can't be continued to at least provide whatever screening that would accomplish?

THE WITNESS (Libertine): Mike

Libertine. The primary purpose of those screen

along the southern property boundary is for the

new water tank. However, certainly it's going to

assist with looking in towards the compound.

Beyond the western edge of the proposed

landscaping along the southern boundary, all those

trees remain. So there's a fairly good buffer. Granted, they're not evergreens, but the idea is really to screen the lower portions of all of the new development. So that was really the thought process.

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MR. HARDER: So where the new development is you're calling it, a lot of the existing trees will be removed so whatever screening would be provided by existing trees will be reduced because the trees will be taken out?

THE WITNESS (DiGangi): I can answer that. The contract is very specific. All we are clearing is the actual construction zone to erect the tank, and that as you get closer and closer to the property line there is an existing treeline, and as much of that is going to remain in place. The construction is limited to a circle around the center of the tank, and that's mostly for a crane to lift the pieces into place. And so there's a very selective tree cutting. And then we are going to put a double row of trees on the ground, which is what we're really trying to hide is the bottom, not necessarily the top. And we're going to do that as close to that property line as we can without having to take down other trees.

And so the piece that's further west is

pretty much, it may not be all evergreens, but

it's pretty much forest. And if you see the

property now, you can barely see that the tank is

in there.

MR. HARDER: Okay. So you're saying it's really unnecessary, it becomes unnecessary at some point?

THE WITNESS (DiGangi): Yes.

MR. HARDER: Okay. I guess, actually one other question or point. And I know there were questions in the interrogatories about contacts and responses from the adjacent property owners. Can someone characterize -- I know there were second attempts for some of the owners, but could someone characterize if there were any conversations or any indication from any of the property owners as to any objections or any opinions or positions they might have taken that weren't characterized in the application or in the responses?

MR. BALDWIN: Mr. Harder, if I could, this is Ken Baldwin. In the context of the Siting Council application and notification process, there were none. However, I think Mr. DiGangi can

comment on some remarks and conversations that were had during the local zoning process and also during our public information meeting that we held before the Planning and Zoning Commission with a couple of the neighbors who did show up at that meeting.

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Perhaps, Mr. DiGangi, you could talk about some of those conversations.

THE WITNESS (DiGangi): Yeah. As we do with all of our major construction projects, we actually had invited everyone from the neighborhood to a meeting to talk about the work that we were going to do in the site. We did not have a very large attendance. There were actually only two residents, husband and wife, had showed. They were both on -- one was on West Rocks Road and one is on the adjacent street. And there were more concerns about -- the property has got sort of like a circular driveway where you pull off the road to go behind the trees to actually get in the driveway, and that was more their concern that people were pulling off the road and they were not visible. And we told them we were going to resolve that.

At the Planning and Zoning hearing

1 there was one neighbor who's actually probably the 2 closest neighbor to the tank had concerns about 3 the actual construction, about the visibility of 4 her house while that was going on. And in the end 5 we agreed to discuss with her the possibility of 6 actually landscaping on her side of the property 7 line to cut that visibility down. And other than 8 that, there were not many other comments. 9 MR. HARDER: Okay. All right. That's 10 all I have. Thank you. 11 MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you, Mr. Harder. 12 I'd like to continue with cross-examination by Mr. 13 Hannon at this time. 14 (No response.) 15 THE CHAIRPERSON: Mr. Hannon, you still 16 with us? 17 MR. HANNON: Yes. Sorry about that. 18 Can you hear me now? 19 MR. SILVESTRI: Yes, I can. No 20 problem. 21 MR. HANNON: Okay. On page (i) of the 22 executive summary, last paragraph, it talks about 23 "The FTD also intends to remove the existing 24 100,000 gallon water tank from the property and 25 perform certain environmental remediation tasks in the northeast corner of the property." Can you please explain what those environmental remediation tasks are?

THE WITNESS (DiGangi): Unfortunately, the tank had been painted with lead paint and also paint that had been enhanced with PCBs. So the paint on the tank is contaminated with both lead and PCBs. There is some contamination on the ground in a very limited area inside the compound, a little outside the compound, and then there is one small spot in the area where the new tank is going to be constructed.

So, because of the PCB contamination in the tank, there is a whole protocol on how to take it down. So it needs to be -- we've done this before in the sister tank that was removed. So they need to remediate along the lines where they're going to torch the tank into pieces, both on the inside and the outside. So anywhere they've got to cut the tank, they're going to have to remove the paint and the PCBs and the lead. Then they will cut the tank into manageable pieces to lift up on with a crane. They get put into a tractor-trailer. And if it goes the way of the other one, it gets driven to Nevada to be buried.

Then the ground is more lead than PCBs, and they remove the soil and it goes somewhere to be incinerated. And it gets broken up into grids. And so as we get down to a particular elevation, there's verification sampling and laboratory work until the grid shows no contamination with lead or PCBs, again, mostly lead, and then we backfill. And our plan is to relandscape the compound and bring it back to forest.

MR. HANNON: Okay. Thank you. I think my next question probably relates more to Mr. Libertine. And just so you know, I did feel the pain in your voice when you started talking about the two industrial smokestacks. But in looking at the SHPO letter in option D, and in the conclusion SHPO was talking about trying to keep everything as close as possible like within 3 feet of the monopole. The reason I'm bringing that up is because in response to Interrogatory Number 29, the response says, "To be consistent with the SHPO's authorization, the antenna arrays cannot extend more than 3 feet off the face of the tower." But then you go on to say, "The use of flush-mounted antennas would result in a reduction of service and may require each of the wireless

carriers to install antennas at a second antenna centerline height, thereby requiring a taller tower."

Now, with a 3 foot separation between the pole and the antenna, do we not have to worry about needing a higher tower for people to get more antenna online?

THE WITNESS (Libertine): This is Mike Libertine. We worked closely with the carriers once we were able to -- once we got the SHPO to give us at least a verbal okay with that particular condition. So the distinction we're making there is these are not considered flush-mounts which would be much tighter to the tower. So we've been assured that this will satisfy the carriers' needs and still maintain the 3 foot offset so that we comply with the SHPO's conditions.

MR. HANNON: Okay. Thank you. There was a letter submitted by Dean Gustafson on this. And the part I'm just going to ask about, there's a paragraph on the last page, in addition, the First Taxing District would consider the following additional recommended measures for the northern long-eared bat conservation. So I'm just

wondering if it's still the position of the Taxing District to comply with those five conditions?

THE WITNESS (Libertine): Mr. Hannon, I can speak to that, having worked with Mr. Gustafson on this issue. As you know, these are strictly guidelines or recommendations, so we're not held to them. Some wouldn't apply to here. But provided that the schedule allows us to comply with these, we certainly will. And based on what we've discussed with the district at this point, we feel that we'll be able to conduct that work in terms of tree cutting so that we're out of the -- certainly out of the pup season, probably out of the entire bat activity season.

MR. HANNON: Okay. Thank you.

THE WITNESS (Libertine): You're welcome.

MR. HANNON: I've got a question or two regarding the back-up generators and the propane tanks. And looking at I think it's map C-1 and I think also LP.1, if I'm reading the map correctly, it looked as though there's a single location for a single propane tank. There are comments that a propane fuel generator and fuel tank may also be located on the property, if needed, by the

1 wireless carriers. That's in a couple of spots. 2 And then in response to Question Number 30 in the 3 interrogatories, "AT&T will install its own 20 kW 4 propane generator for emergency back-up power and 5 a 500 gallon propane fuel tank. Verizon will 6 install its own 30 kilowatt propane fueled 7 generator for emergency back-up power and a 500 8 gallon propane fuel tank." 9 I'm seeing one propane tank on the site 10 plan. What am I missing? 11 THE WITNESS (Mead): Jason Mead from 12 All-Points. I'd be happy to answer that question. 13 So the site plan itself actually does call out for 14 two 500 gallon propane tanks nested in the north 15 corner of the proposed compound, one of which is 16 graphically obscured by the grading that covers 17 that area for protective purposes. So the

MR. HANNON: But those tanks are outside of the compound, correct?

intention is to have two independent 500 gallon

tanks, each servicing the respective generators.

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THE WITNESS (Mead): No, they're actually inside the compound.

MR. HANNON: Okay. I mean, I'm looking at map LP.1. To me it looks like the propane tank

is outside the compound. I mean, the label is new propane tank and it's to the north -- let me get the direction right. It's a little bit north of where the water tower would go.

THE WITNESS (Mead): Okay. I'd like to make a correction. So if we may refer to plan C-1, drawing C-1 and C-2, those drawings are actually correct. The landscape plan was developed prior to the development, final development of the drawings, and that actually represents the original concept which does indeed show a single tank. But just for the record, there are two tanks proposed within the compound.

MR. HANNON: Okay. I just wanted to make sure because what I was reading and what I was seeing were two totally different things.

And then I have a number of questions related to the response to Interrogatory Number 50, which I think was with all the photos. So my first question is related to photos 6, 7, 9 and 10. I mean, is that part of a collapsed building; and if so, what was the building?

THE WITNESS (Libertine): I've got it here. I'm not sure of the history of what that particular building functioned as. Photo 9 is

1 probably the best representation. I don't know if 2 Mr. DiGangi knows. It's certainly dilapidated, 3 but I have no idea what that was. That's just on 4 the site but outside the influence of any of our 5 areas. 6 THE WITNESS (DiGangi): What do I need 7 to look at to see that photo? 8 THE WITNESS (Libertine): I'm sorry. 9 It would be the Interrogatory Response Number 2 10 which was the remote field review. It's a fairly 11 large file, but we have numerous pictures. 12 there's just some debris and what looks to be, as 13 Mr. Hannon discussed or explained, that it does 14 look like it's a building that has more or less 15 fallen apart, or maybe it's just materials, but it 16 does look like there are some standing walls. 17 THE WITNESS (DiGangi): Is it on the 18 south side of the property? 19 THE WITNESS (Libertine): Yes. 20 THE WITNESS (DiGangi): I believe it 21 was a shed put up by one of the property owners on 22 our property and then it fell apart. 23 MR. HANNON: Okay. Is all of this 24 stuff going to be removed when you go in and do 25 the new work?

1 THE WITNESS (DiGangi): If the shed is 2 on our property and abandoned, we will take it 3 If there is a shed there that is on our 4 property and belongs to the neighbor, we'll work 5 out how to make that work for both parties. 6 MR. HANNON: Okay. Then in photos 7 number 8 and number 10, to me it looks like it's 8 an indication of illegal dumping. Does that occur at this site? 9 10 THE WITNESS (DiGangi): I think that's 11 dumping, again, from the backs of the property 12 because you can't access our property because of 13 the fences and the chains. 14 MR. HANNON: Okay. And then photos 11, 15 13, 18 and 19 show a bunch of what looks like 55 16 gallon drums. Any idea what was in them, or is 17 there anything in them today? 18 THE WITNESS (DiGangi): I don't know 19 the answer to that one. Again, where are they, on 20 the west side? 21 MR. BALDWIN: These appear to be on the 22 south side along the fence line on the back of the homes on Skyview Drive. 23

THE WITNESS (DiGangi): Again, we'll figure that out and have them removed.

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MR. HANNON: Okay. Thank you. In photos 24 and 25, I'm just trying to figure out what that building is. I think it's to the right of the transmission line. Is that something associated with the water tower or -- I'm just curious as to what it is.

THE WITNESS (Libertine): In photo number 24, that's one of the existing carrier's equipment sheds, just a corner of the existing compound. You can't quite see the water tower.

MR. HANNON: Okay. I was just curious as to what it was.

THE WITNESS (Libertine): That's associated with the existing facility.

MR. HANNON: Thank you. My last question is regarding photo 26. What's all of this material? I mean, it almost looks like it could be in the right-of-way for the transmission line? I mean, that may be some of the carrier's material but --

MR. BALDWIN: For Mr. DiGangi's purposes, this is a photograph that shows what appears to be some stacked piping of some sort within the Eversource -- right beneath the Eversource transmission line right-of-way.

1 THE WITNESS (Libertine): July 16. 2 MR. BALDWIN: From last summer. You're 3 muted now. 4 THE WITNESS (DiGangi): That's Merritt 5 Parkway right-of-way. We would not put anything 6 in there. That easement is on Merritt Parkway 7 land for their tower for the power lines. 8 MR. HANNON: Okay. 9 THE WITNESS (DiGangi): It's possible, 10 they were replacing, the state was replacing that 11 bridge not too long ago, and they might have been 12 using the power line to store materials. 13 MR. HANNON: Okay, because it almost 14 looks like there's one or two pallets of material 15 out there wrapped in plastic and maybe on a pallet 16 but --17 THE WITNESS (DiGangi): That sounds 18 like the pipe and the fittings that were used to 19 replace the water main after they had taken down 20 the bridge. 21 Okay. Thank you. I have MR. HANNON: 22 no other questions. I'm done. 23 MR. SILVESTRI: Very good. Thank you, 24 Mr. Hannon. 25 I'd like to continue now with Mr.

1 Edelson. 2 MR. EDELSON: Thank you, Mr. Silvestri. 3 Everybody can hear me okay? 4 MR. SILVESTRI: I can, yes. 5 MR. EDELSON: As long as you can, it's 6 good. So my first couple of questions are for Mr. 7 DiGangi. I was a little confused about the 8 different public meetings, but in the application 9 it talked about a public information meeting on 10 January 2nd. You said there was only one public 11 comment that was made. Do you remember how many 12 people, approximately how many people were at that 13 meeting? 14 THE WITNESS (DiGangi): Planning and 15 Zoning is done in the council chambers. The room 16 was filled with people, all right, but they were 17 all -- there were other things on the agenda. 18 believe there was only one or two people who spoke 19 relating to the tank project or the public meeting 20 that followed for the cell tower. 21 MR. EDELSON: Okay. So it wasn't a 22 separate meeting, it was part of a Planning and 23 Zoning meeting; is that correct? 24 THE WITNESS (DiGangi): Yes, it was. 25

MR. EDELSON: Okay. And when you were

commenting about one of the people, I just want to make sure I understood. It sounded like that homeowner was more concerned about construction people being able to visit, that her home was visible to them. Usually we're hearing about people who are concerned about their visibility of the tower. Did I get the direction right on that? THE WITNESS (DiGangi): No, she was concerned about her privacy during the

construction sequence.

MR. EDELSON: So she wasn't complaining about how visible the tower would be from her backyard or her property?

THE WITNESS (DiGangi): No, she was more concerned about us seeing her.

MR. EDELSON: Okay. That's what I thought you said, but I just wanted to -- that's not the typical thing we hear about in these. So thank you.

The water tower, the existing water tower that you want to take down, I think, has been there since 1953. Has this been a concern about its visibility over the years, has the Taxing District received complaints about visibility in your experience?

1 THE WITNESS (DiGangi): No. As it was 2 spoken before, the visibility on this tank is 3 really only from going north on the Merritt 4 Parkway. When you go south on the Merritt 5 Parkway, you never even see it. You actually can 6 only see the legs through the trees when you're 7 right alongside of it. And if you're familiar with that part of the Merritt Parkway, that bridge is sort of up at a crest, and so you're going 10 down, the grade is going down to about Route 7 and then starts to climb. So the visibility on the 12 tank for a very short period is very visible, but 13 the terrain makes it disappear very quickly.

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MR. EDELSON: As far as the neighbors, abutting neighbors, there weren't complaints from them about the tower?

THE WITNESS (DiGangi): When we had the public hearing, it was pretty shocking. neighbor that is at the intersection of the adjacent street didn't even know the tank was back there.

MR. EDELSON: Okay. And I assume, but just to be clear, when the antennas were put up, which I assume was, you know, decades ago but not back in 1953, there wasn't renewed -- there wasn't a series of complaints then about putting the cell towers up on this tank?

THE WITNESS (DiGangi): I started in 2009, and that predated me, and I did not hear of anyone, the staff relating that that was an issue at that time.

MR. EDELSON: Now, when we look at the specific site, I think it's site D, was there any thought to moving that 20 feet or so? Let me just, without putting a number on it, moving that a little more north away from the abutting neighbors on Skyview, because it looks like there is room to move it north.

THE WITNESS (DiGangi): One of the issues that we did with the tank, all right, is we located that tank in the exact center of the property, and we literally drew, you know, lines to get it right in the middle. The concept was we were concerned about the Merritt Parkway Conservancy, so we were trying to get as far away from them as possible. We were trying to get away from West Rocks Road as possible. And the side street has got a pretty significant number of trees, and so we weren't as concerned about getting close to them. And so the middle of the

site seemed like the best place to be, and that's where it ended up. I actually think it may have moved a little in order to accommodate SHPO to create that line of sight from the bridge that you would see the monopole and the tank in a straight line.

MR. EDELSON: I have to admit, I guess
I wasn't as sensitive to the Merritt Parkway and
more sensitive to the neighbors, and that's why I
was thinking moving north, but you're saying there
was pressure really to consider not moving it
north and getting closer to the viewshed of the
Merritt Parkway?

THE WITNESS (DiGangi): Yeah, we were trying to anticipate the problem from them in the siting.

MR. EDELSON: Okay. I was a little unclear, and I'm not sure who to address this question to, but this has to do with the tower design. And in the answer to number 7 in the interrogatories, the question was could a hinge point be included, and because it said "could," and the answer was "yes," it didn't say whether or not there would be a hinge point. Is that or is that not part of the plan? I don't see it in the

diagram.

THE WITNESS (Mead): Jason Mead from All-Points. I'd like to answer that question, yes, the intention would be to install a yield point at that tower, hinge point, at the 81 foot elevation.

MR. EDELSON: Okay. So that will be included in an updated drawing at some point?

THE WITNESS (Mead): I think what will most likely happen, we can submit that as part of the D&M process.

MR. BALDWIN: Typically, if I could,
Mr. Edelson, typically what applicants in this
instance would do is we're sensitive to the fall
zone issue, although we're lucky enough not to
have had towers fall, certainly not from their
base. So I think what the carriers have said in
the past in matters I've been involved with is
that it doesn't really need to be an engineered
fall design in the tower because the towers don't
fall. However, because of the history of the
Council's sensitivity to that issue, when and if
the Council determines that it's necessary, it
typically is imposed as a condition of approval,
and I think what you're hearing is we're not

objecting to that being imposed upon us.

MR. EDELSON: Thank you.

MR. SILVESTRI: Attorney Baldwin, thank you for that response. It is appropriate that if the project is approved that it would be in the D&M plan, so we could proceed with that.

MR. EDELSON: Okay. Then the next couple of questions for Mr. Libertine. In the visibility picture number 3, the existing water tower is very prominent, but I didn't see any sign of it -- maybe my eyes aren't that good -- in any of the other pictures. I just want to verify that it wasn't removed photographically to show that it wasn't there. So in all of the existing, all the photos that were labeled existing, the existing water tower is very hard to see from all of those locations?

THE WITNESS (Libertine): Yes. You will notice -- and just to clarify, for the existing conditions photos, we did not remove anything that is there today. So it's what's there today, plus the balloon. If you look at photo number 19, which we were talking about a little bit earlier, there is one location on the Merritt where just to the right of the sign that

is in the foreground you can see the top of the tank with the antennas on top of it. So there are locations where the tank is visible, but it's really at the treeline, and it's really the Merritt Parkway, as Mr. DiGangi had indicated earlier, there's really minimal visibility of this existing facility at the moment, but certainly number 19 gives you another representation of the tower.

MR. EDELSON: And I think it would not be appropriate, but just to verify, you didn't make an attempt to put in the new water tower into the diagram or into the proposed?

THE WITNESS (Libertine): We did not.

And we actually went back and forth internally here at APT as to how we should do that, and my feeling was in this case we do have a shot, and I'm not sure if we included this here, that we provided to the SHPO where we had superimposed the new tank, removing the old tank to show how this would kind of match up from the location along the Merritt where it is somewhat visible. But no, in this case we decided we wanted to show the freestanding tower and not the water tank itself.

MR. EDELSON: And even from, you know,

the close proximity of Skyview, do you think, you know, the new -- what I'm trying to get at is, you know, we have existing and proposed, and really proposed from a visibility point of view is going to include two things, the new tower and the new water tower, the new cell tower, the new water tower, and they go together, if you will. The reason we're putting in the new cell tower is because we want to have -- the Taxing District wants to have a new water tower.

But from a visibility point of view, would it be your professional opinion that the visibility along Skyview would be more impaired or less impaired if you had the new water tower also, in other words, there wouldn't be like an additional -- the additional visibility of the cell tower would seem -- I don't want to put adjectives to it -- but would not be modified dramatically compared to putting in a brand new water tower. The brand new tower water, just to be clear, is a much bigger facility, you know, when you look at 110 feet, I don't know the diameter, but I'm thinking this is, you know, 25, 30 feet in diameter versus 3 to 5 feet, so it's going to be more visible at that height.

THE WITNESS (Libertine): Yes, you're absolutely correct. And to your point, the reservoir at the top, and the new tank will rise to 116 feet, so it's a little bit taller than what's there today. It's about a 50 foot diameter tank. So you're absolutely right, the mass that you're talking about is going to be, it's going to make the tower somewhat dwarfed in comparison. But to your point, the reason we did not superimpose the new tank in was because I felt that might muddy the water, that this application is strictly for the tower. And I understood that

If you'd like to see one or two representative shots as part of the D&M submission, we could certainly do that from some of the near views just to give you a comparison.

this is kind of hand in hand.

MR. EDELSON: I think that would be helpful in terms of the overall visibility impact which is, as stated several times in the application, that is basically the negative impact is mostly in the visibility area.

MR. SILVESTRI: I just want to go back to clarify that we're not approving the water tower at all. We're really focusing on the cell

tower and kind of go from there, Mr. Edelson.

MR. EDELSON: No, I understand, but I am concerned about visibility and the incremental visibility versus it's hard to look at the cell tower in isolation, I think is the point.

THE WITNESS (Libertine): Mr. Edelson,
I also want to point out, this came up earlier and
I was going to interject, but it wasn't really, I
guess, the appropriate time. This might be a
little bit better. As documented, we worked with
the SHPO. One of the options that they asked us
to look at was what would this thing look like if
you could attach, if it was feasible to attach to
the new water tank. And obviously we know there
are technical limitations why we don't want to do
that. However, we did take a look at that.

The problem we ran into there was, even at 116 feet, we're still talking about trying to get up to the 126 foot level for the top carrier. So now you have not just appurtenances at the very top of the tank, but we would have to have lifted that with essentially steel infrastructure to get up to that height which would have been just a crow's nest, it would have looked like a mess. And so that was another consideration.

But to your point about providing a few photographs, what I'll also do is include the photo that we sent to the SHPO that does clearly show how the tank and the new tower essentially mask one another or at least it helps mask most of the new tower from those views from the Merritt. So it will at least give you a perspective from both the neighborhood as well as the Merritt to understand what we had to deal with in terms of trying to balance that.

MR. EDELSON: Okay. Thank you very much.

MR. SILVESTRI: Just to clarify, though, I don't believe we're going to be accepting any Late-Files on this one. I'd just like to get Attorney Bachman's opinion on that.

MR. EDELSON: I think the D&M is what we were referring to.

MR. SILVESTRI: Attorney Bachman.

MS. BACHMAN: Thank you, Mr. Silvestri. I am hopeful that it was the D&M plan that you were referring to, if the project get approved. I think we're getting a little too ahead of ourselves. But certainly if the project is approved, Mr. Edelson, we can certainly request

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the information again at that time or as part of the D&M plan condition of the decision and order, if that is acceptable to you.

MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you, Attorney Bachman. And again, I want to emphasize the "if." Please continue, Mr. Edelson.

MR. EDELSON: I don't want to get the cart before the horse.

MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you.

MR. EDELSON: Last question for AT&T just really for my edification. I think it was in the interrogatory, indicated that you did not, AT&T did not expect any improvement in coverage, and yet we are -- I think your antennas end up to be 10 feet or more above. And I would have thought you would have seen some improvement in coverage or capacity. Can you comment on that?

THE WITNESS (Lavin): Martin Lavin, AT&T. Certainly along the Merritt, if you look at our plots with the proposed site, we have a bit of a gap on the Merritt right where the label is for Route 15 there. With the new site, we certainly in that area have some better coverage, the adequate or in-vehicle. I think we've seen some improvement, yes, but there are two different,

slightly different locations.

MR. EDELSON: But overall the height did not improve that coverage or capacity in any other area around? I mean, if that's the case, that's the case. I just would have thought with the additional height, you would have --

THE WITNESS (Lavin): There is more green directly north of the site about an inch on the plot scale. There's an orange area close to -- let me check the scale here -- maybe three-eighths of a mile south of the site. It's only half the size with the new tower. There are some improvements. Most importantly, I think we're more solid along the Merritt Parkway about three-quarters of a mile there where that white area comes through, we kind of bridge that with orange, so it will improve there.

MR. EDELSON: All right. Mr. Chairman, no other questions at this time.

MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you, Mr. Edelson. I have just about 3:44 p.m. Why don't we take a 15 minute break, come back at 4 o'clock, and we'll continue cross-examination at that time with Mr. Lynch. So we'll see everyone in about 15 minutes at 4 o'clock. Thank you.

1 (Whereupon, a recess was taken from 2 3:44 p.m. until 4:00 p.m.) 3 MR. SILVESTRI: Okay, everyone. I have 4 4 o'clock. I do see that we have Attorney 5 Baldwin. I do see we have Attorney Motel. I just 6 want to make sure we have our court reporter 7 before we continue. Very good. Thank you, Lisa. 8 Okay. We left off with Mr. Edelson on 9 cross-examination. And I'd like to continue 10 cross-examination of the applicant and the 11 intervenor with Mr. Lynch. 12 MR. LYNCH: Can you hear me, 13 Mr. Chairman? 14 MR. SILVESTRI: Yes, I can, Mr. Lynch. 15 Thank you. 16 MR. LYNCH: I want to start off by 17 apologizing. I'm struggling with my speech. And 18 if I need to repeat a question or a question needs 19 to be repeated or clarified, please anyone, you 20 know, feel free to tell me that. You won't hurt 21 my feelings, well, maybe you will, but that's all 22 right. 23 I want to start out with a follow-up 24 for something Mr. Hannon was talking about. We've 25 been doing this too long, Mr. Hannon. We have

1 some of the same questions. And that has to do 2 with I couldn't find that second propane tank 3 anywhere. And I would like if we can see the location of the second propane tank, 500 gallon 4 5 propane tank, in a new diagram, not necessarily a 6 Late-File. I don't like varying things in a D&M 7 plan, but if we could get the location of that 8 second propane tank, I'd appreciate it. 9 THE WITNESS (Mead): Jason Mead from 10 All-Points. Yes, we can clarify that for a 11 resubmission during the D&M. 12 MR. SILVESTRI: Could I ask a question? 13 Let me ask a question just to help Mr. Lynch and 14 Mr. Hannon. Is the second propane tank located in 15 the same location as the first propane tank, are 16 they together?

THE WITNESS (Mead): As currently shown on drawing C-2, yes, that's correct. It's just partially obscured by the graphics for the ice canopy.

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MR. SILVESTRI: Okay, that might help at this point. Thank you.

Mr. Lynch, please continue.

MR. LYNCH: Staying with the propane tank for a while, I know in looking at C-1 and

1 C-2, they look like they're a proper distance from 2 any structure. And I know most propane tank 3 facilities, they like to have it 10 or 15 feet 4 away from any structure. That looks like the case 5 here; am I correct? 6 THE WITNESS (Mead): That is correct, 7 sir. 8 MR. LYNCH: And also, and having dealt 9 with propane tanks in the past, during the winter 10 there tends to be a problem with their regulators. 11 Will there be maintenance checks on the propane 12 regulator during the cold months of winter? What 13 I'm saying is the regulator freezes up. 14 MR. BALDWIN: A carrier specific 15 question, perhaps we can have Mr. Befera and Mr. 16 Bilezikian address that question. 17 THE WITNESS (Befera): We do have both 18 the generator and the tanks set up, inspected and 19 serviced on a regular basis. So yes, they will be 20 checked to make sure that when we need things to 21 operate properly, everything does. 22 MR. LYNCH: I guess what I'm really 23 asking is during the winter will you pay special 24 attention to the regulator?

THE WITNESS (Befera): Yes, that is

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part of the inspection check that we do on a regular basis, yes.

MR. LYNCH: Thank you.

MR. BALDWIN: On behalf of AT&T.

THE WITNESS (Bilezikian): That holds true for AT&T.

MR. BALDWIN: If you can both mute your phones again, that would be great.

MR. LYNCH: I'd like to start out with Mr. Fiedler. I'm a little confused by reading the application and the interrogatories and listening to some your answers to the questions as to the actual position of T-Mobile and Sprint. You talked about them being separate, you talked about them consolidating. I guess with the merger, can you give me a little bit more of an understanding of how T-Mobile and Sprint are going to operate, or will T-Mobile eventually run everything?

THE WITNESS (Fiedler): I appreciate that. First off, let me just say that great to hear your voice, Councilman Lynch. It's been quite a while. And great question. So in clarification, currently we're going to run both networks. So on this facility, we will maintain the current infrastructure to supply coverage to

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the customer base of both T-Mobile and Sprint.

Downstream is where I was leaning more towards the synergy aspects of whether or not we would

consolidate, but at this juncture it's just clear that for the next foreseeable, I would say, year to two that we're going to do both.

MR. LYNCH: But I guess in the overall future plan, you plan to run T-Mobile as one operation?

THE WITNESS (Fiedler): That is correct.

MR. LYNCH: Thank you. I've got to go through my notes here. Please bear with me.

We talked a lot about emergency situations, you know, having gone through a couple of them in the last two months. I'm talking about emergency backup for getting the telecom online. But my question is what happens if your major phone trunk line goes down, do you have to deal with Frontier, or how do you get that back up, because the emergency generators aren't going to do you any good if that trunk line goes down. What is the plan, I guess I'm asking, if you lose phone service? Anyone can answer.

MR. BALDWIN: Any takers.

THE WITNESS (Fiedler): Ken, if you want, I can go. I'm happy to answer on behalf of T-Mobile Sprint. You know, our major fiber provider in our network is Crown Castle International, so we rely on their backbone.

Now, in this most recent event, we worked very closely with that organization, and we worked very closely with the state with regards to power restoration because, to your point, it's not just about what we're doing at the cell site facility, but if there's a hub that has fiber infrastructure that does not have back-up power, then that hub cannot feed anything that we have.

So I think as we move forward in the proliferation of wireless technology, we're all realizing that power, fiber, wireless providers, we're all tied together, and we have to figure out the way to see each other's infrastructure in a way that we're hardened so that we complement each other, right, because we can do certain things on a wireless platform with fixed generator support or battery support as opposed to, you know, what fiber providers are doing and what the electrical grid is doing. So all of this is in concert.

And I think the Connecticut Siting

Council is in a great position because you're overseeing the power aspects of Connecticut as well as the wireless infrastructure. And I think we have a great opportunity to expand on that on how we harden everything we need because at some point what we're all doing here today is exactly that, which is broadband to consumers on a ubiquitous matter. So that's the short answer, I guess maybe not short, maybe long. I apologize for that. But that's my take on it.

MR. LYNCH: But you actually lead into one of my next questions, and that is technology changes so rapidly and in your industry it changes even faster. And to accommodate these changes, whether it's in fiberoptics or antennas and so on, is there something in the future that could, you know, where everyone talks about 5G and so on, what are we looking at in the future I guess is my question.

THE WITNESS (Fiedler): I think what you're looking at is more proliferation of RF energy, and I mean that in a positive way, not a negative way. We are amplifying signals to handsets to consumers to phones, to cars, to homes, and I believe that the proliferation of our

antennas will continue. Where it is -- go ahead, please.

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MR. LYNCH: That having been said, are we looking at delivery of really more data, more streaming and so on down the line, is that what we're looking at?

THE WITNESS (Fiedler): We are. We And to your earlier question, fiberoptics is are. what's driving that, right? So the handsets are advancing to where we can bring data more efficiently. We have fiberoptics that we can bring data to our cell sites. We can transmit it through 5G technologies, and that's been proven. We're all deploying that right now. We're bringing new electronics. And all it is, is new electronics that proliferate RF spectrum in a more efficient manner. It's not new. It's not something that's, you know, to be concerned or scared about. It's just advancing what we're doing. And by doing so, your handset will grow, your laptop, your iPad, everything will grow in concert with our ability to transmit, and that's what we're doing here today. That's what this application is all about is ensuring that we can do what we're currently doing and maintain that

for a long stream. So I hope that helps.

MR. LYNCH: It did. But you mentioned antennas, and I know they're trying to restrict the antennas. Now, you and I both have been looking at antennas for a lot of years, and I've noticed a trend lately and whether it's with T-arms or flush mounts, with the new technology coming out some where down the line they become full arrays. Now, you know, is this possible to happen here, or Mr. Libertine might jump in and say, you know, are we restricted by what SHPO is really saying, and would SHPO really know if the antennas were switched out, you know, two or three years down the road?

THE WITNESS (Fiedler): I'm not going to speak for Mr. Libertine, but looking at the drawings, it's showing full arrays. Whether we each have certain antennas on each array, I think it's showing it as the way it should be, which is it's a tower, and it has to have the ability to bring as much electronics to the forefront which is the top of the tower.

So Mike, I'll let you weigh in on that on the visual side.

THE WITNESS (Libertine): Thanks, Hans.

1 At the moment, if there was to be a deployment of 2 new antennas there, we would be bound to at least 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 quick swap out. 13 14 15 16 17 18 happening and, you know, to be aware of it? 19 20

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evaluate that based on the size. That's really going to be the trigger for whether or not SHPO even needs to review any type of a modification. So it really comes down to what the next evolution of the equipment is. The only thing we're bound on right now for an approval for compliance on a federal level through NEPA is the offset, that 3 foot offset. So I think anything else is, at worst, negotiable, and, at best, probably just a MR. LYNCH: Thank you. Earlier it was mentioned that there could be blasting. I forget who was asked the question. But if blasting was to occur, you know, if you needed to blast, would the residents get a warning on when it would be

THE WITNESS (Mead): Jason Mead from All-Points. I'd just like to clarify that. We don't foresee any need for blasting at this site.

MR. LYNCH: I know that was your answer I'm saying if there was blasting, the hypothetical.

THE WITNESS (Mead): Last resort would

1 be chipping away conventionally based on what we 2 see in the geotech report, again, as mentioned 3 before, with a conventional hoe ram. If blasting were to occur, we would adhere to all the local 4 5 and state regulations, of course. 6 MR. LYNCH: Thank you. You also 7 mentioned the yield point on the tower. Could you 8 repeat what level that was at? 9 THE WITNESS (Mead): Yes, sir. 81 10 feet, which 49 feet below the top of the tower, 49 11 feet being the closest property line which is to 12 the north. 13 MR. LYNCH: Now, I know putting a yield 14 point in a tower is very popular. But have you 15 any record of a tower that didn't have a yield 16 point going over? Like I said, I've been watching 17 this for a lot of years, and I can't remember. I 18 know some lattice towers have gone over, toppled 19 over, but has any monopole ever gone over, to your 20 knowledge? 21 THE WITNESS (Mead): To my knowledge, 22 no, sir. 23 MR. LYNCH: Mr. Chairman, I think I'm 24 all through.

MR. SILVESTRI:

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Thank you, Mr. Lynch.

I have a few.

MR. LYNCH: Excuse me, I do have one other question, if you don't mind.

MR. SILVESTRI: Go right ahead.

MR. LYNCH: In the event of another big storm or most likely maybe looking at another hurricane next week or so, what are the procedures for all the carriers for, you know, preparing for a major storm, whether it be a hurricane or a blizzard, you know, as far as getting your site in order, you know, topping off your propane tanks and checking everything to make sure everything is operating, generators and so on, is there a strategic plan, and do you have someone contracted to do that?

MR. BALDWIN: Who's first this time, Dan? Tony?

THE WITNESS (Befera): I don't mind going first. We do. In preparation of storms, we have resources on retainer to service the equipment, top off the tanks, whether they be diesel or propane, and then we line up resources for refueling. And we have an arsenal, I'd say, of portable generators for sites that we weren't able to put permanent generators at and resources

weren't able to put a permanent generator. So there is a lot of preparation work that goes into it. I mean, it's not our first rodeo, but the operations team, known as network assurance, made up of all the field engineers, are very adept at what needs to be done in preparation and once the storm is over how to move in quickly with the resources and get the network up and running as fast as possible where there had been failures.

MR. LYNCH: Anyone else?

MR. SILVESTRI: How about AT&T?

THE WITNESS (Bilezikian): I can't really speak to that question. I don't have that familiarity with the operations relating to storm preparation.

MR. SILVESTRI: Mr. Fiedler.

THE WITNESS (Fiedler): Yes, sir. So thank you. I will use the current storm Sally right now as an example. From a T-Mobile Sprint perspective is we're watching everything on a regular basis, and we are on 24/48 hour awareness of anything that we need to do in order to recover. First and foremost is we've spent a significant amount of capital expenditure in

hardening our network. So we have fixed generators, as Verizon has indicated the same philosophy, is everything is topped off and ready to go.

Should a storm occur, the first thing we do is we optimize the network. I mean, we have to recognize that everything that we do here is we are building sites so that we have ubiquitous coverage, but we also have capacity, right? So we can optimize anything that we have in order to ensure that a town, a municipality, is receiving the minimal coverage required, and that's the first thing that we do.

And secondarily is exactly what Verizon has demonstrated is we deploy resources immediately to recon that. But I can't stress enough that there has to be a partnership with the electric providers, and we've asked that of the current administration post this past storm, and not only the tornado that came through New Haven, right. So that was a significant impact, but we recovered in a very quick manner.

So to your point, I think it's relevant, and I think we're doing everything we can to advance our technology to mask everything

that we need to do. So hopefully that gives you a bit more perspective on what we're doing, at least from the T-Mobile Sprint side.

MR. LYNCH: Thank you, gentlemen. I'm all set, Mr. Chairman.

MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you, Mr. Lynch.

Mr. Fiedler, I want to stay on that topic, if you will, storm prep. I believe you used the word "hardening" before. So the question I'd like to pose to you that if you're not going to have a generator at the proposed site, what happens?

THE WITNESS (Fiedler): The battery backup there is going to allow us to bring portable electrical service, as needed, based on storm recoveries. And we have assets in market that can do that within a period of 24 hours. So we have right now proposed battery backup that sustains what we need from that site, and we have neighboring sites that do the optimization that I just described that are fixed generated supplied electricity.

MR. SILVESTRI: So if I could use the words, would this be a business decision as to whether you would install a generator and have to

1 bring in a generator, if need be, a kind of 2 business decision? 3 THE WITNESS (Fiedler): It's not a 4 business decision. It's a continuity decision. 5 It's a question of our continuity of the network 6 and where we believe the most, you know, resource 7 of assets is appropriate, if that helps. 8 MR. SILVESTRI: A little bit. 9 THE WITNESS (Fiedler): A little bit? 10 I can give you a little bit greater. 11 MR. SILVESTRI: Let me pose this one to 12 In the event that the proposed project is you: 13 approved, that you don't have a generator, your 14 batteries are running low, could you jumper off 15 one of the existing generators at that site? 16 THE WITNESS (Fiedler): We could not. 17 MR. SILVESTRI: Okay. So you'd have to 18 bring something in? 19 THE WITNESS (Fiedler): We would. 20 MR. SILVESTRI: Very good. Okay. 21 Thank you. While I have you, the batteries that 22 we talk about, they're lead acid batteries? 23 THE WITNESS (Fiedler): Yes, sir. 24 MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you. Would that 25 be also true for AT&T?

1 THE WITNESS (Bilezikian): Yes. 2 MR. SILVESTRI: And for Verizon also 3 lead acid batteries? 4 MR. BALDWIN: Tony? 5 Mr. Befera? MR. SILVESTRI: 6 THE WITNESS (Befera): Yeah. 7 sorry. The battery strings are lead acid 8 They look like a string. If you batteries. 9 looked at them, they look like a long string of 10 car batteries stacked in a casing. 11 MR. SILVESTRI: Understood. I just 12 wanted to verify that they were lead acid 13 batteries as opposed to getting into lithium or 14 anything else that might be along the line. Thank 15 you. 16 Mr. Mead, I want to get back to a 17 question that Mr. Perrone had posed to you before 18 about noise and just want to clarify. The 19 generators would be exempt from noise regulations 20 if they're running in an emergency situation, 21 correct? 22 THE WITNESS (Mead): That is correct, 23 yes. 24 MR. SILVESTRI: But if you're running 25 for testing purposes, they would not be exempt

from the noise regulation, correct?

MR. BALDWIN: It sounds more like a legal question, Mr. Silvestri. I think they would simply for the purposes of testing. If the ultimate operation is for emergency purposes, I think still they would fit within the emergency exemption of the noise --

MR. SILVESTRI: No, I'll let that go,
Attorney Baldwin, as I don't have you as a sworn
witness, but I do appreciate your comment. Again,
I'll let that one go. But what I'm hearing from
the questions that Mr. Perrone had posed is that
the generator, either way, running for testing
purposes or running in an emergency, would be
noise compliant. Mr. Mead, is that correct?

THE WITNESS (Mead): That is correct.

MR. SILVESTRI: Very good. Thank you. I'll move on. I would like to go back to the original drawing that's in the application, and this is drawing C-3, not the revised one that was submitted but the original application. And just a clarification question that over on the right-hand side there's a 1,990 gallon propane tank. That is not for the cell tower system, that's for the water tower, correct?

1 THE WITNESS (Libertine): That is 2 correct. 3 MR. SILVESTRI: Very good. Thank you. 4 Now, if I understand and read everything 5 correctly, the height of the proposed water 6 reservoir is 111 feet, and there's a hand rail on 7 top of that that would go to 116 feet. The 8 question I have is, will that height interfere 9 with service from the proposed Verizon, T-Mobile 10 and Sprint equipment locations because they range 11 between 96 feet and 116 feet? 12 THE WITNESS (Libertine): Could you 13 repeat that? 14 MR. SILVESTRI: Do you want me to 15 repeat that? 16 THE WITNESS (Libertine): Yes. Thank 17 you. 18 MR. SILVESTRI: All right. Again, 19 looking at drawing C-3 as a reference, if I look 20 at the water reservoir, it's 111 feet tall, and 21 then there's a hand rail at 116 feet, agreed? Do 22 you see that so far? THE WITNESS (Libertine): Yes. 23 24 MR. SILVESTRI: So the question I have, 25 with those heights, the height of the water tower

and the height of the hand rail, would it interfere with service from the proposed Verizon, T-Mobile and Sprint equipment locations because the locations for them range between 96 feet and 116 feet?

THE WITNESS (Libertine): I'm going to defer in one moment to the carriers, but from our perspective having worked closely with them, we actually offset the tower so that we would not have those interference issues as they shot up and down the Merritt Parkway. But I will certainly defer to the RF experts in terms of whether the hand rail or -- certainly we were told that there would be interference if we did not shift slightly to where we did so we could get outside the influence of a shadow of the tank reservoir.

MR. BALDWIN: Perhaps each of the carrier's RF engineers could speak to the issues that went into the planning for the tower location and its relationship to the new tank.

THE WITNESS (Murillo): I can start.

So from T-Mobile's perspective, it will not interfere. Our main beam on the alpha sector shoots to the north on the Merritt Parkway, and our beta sector also shoots away from that water

tank. So that water tank is more in the null area, so we're going to be fine. It's not going to have any interference issues.

MR. SILVESTRI: So even though you have a height issue because of the direction that you're aiming your equipment for whatever area that you want to serve, you would not have interference; am I saying that correctly?

THE WITNESS (Murillo): The area that we're trying to target from our alpha and beta sectors are going to basically cover what we need. That area in between where the water tank is, is a null area, so we will not have interference.

MR. SILVESTRI: So it avoids that area?
THE WITNESS (Murillo): Yes.

MR. SILVESTRI: Okay. Thank you.
Would that be also true for other carriers or for
Verizon in this case?

THE WITNESS (Gadasu): Shiva Gadasu, RF engineer from Verizon. It's the same case. We are just above T-Mobile, we are at 116 feet centerline. But yeah, our antennas are redesigned in such a case that the water tower is right between the null of the two sectors.

MR. SILVESTRI: Okay. Thank you. And

1 I think I have one other question going back to 2 what Mr. DiGangi had talked about before with PCB 3 contamination and lead contamination. Do you know 4 if any contamination is in the area of the 5 proposed compound? 6 THE WITNESS (DiGangi): Yes. Our 7 consultant evaluated the entire site, and no, the 8 map is showing that we have where it was found, 9 not -- so every place that's not shown it's not 10 there. 11 MR. SILVESTRI: Very good. Thank you. 12 I don't have further --13 THE WITNESS (Libertine): Excuse me, 14 Mr. Silvestri. This is Mike Libertine. 15 MR. SILVESTRI: Yes, Mr. Libertine. 16 THE WITNESS (Libertine): I'd like to 17 clarify. I'm sorry, I misunderstood the question 18 you asked about the new C-3 versus the old C-3 19 drawing and that generator that's called out in 20 the original application. 21 MR. SILVESTRI: Yes. 22 THE WITNESS (Libertine): I'd just like 23 to clarify. That has been moved. That is not 24 associated with the water tank. That is actually

-- that was originally where the propane tank was

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1 going to be remote from the compound, so that's 2 since been moved. So I'm sorry if I confused the 3 issue. I guess I didn't fully understand the 4 question or -- but I did want to get that on the 5 record. So the original C-3 drawing that does 6 show the 1,990 gallon tank, that has been 7 relocated, and it is not associated with the water 8 It's associated with the carriers and the tank. 9 compound for the telecommunications facility. 10 THE WITNESS (Mead): If I may add to 11 That 1,990 gallon tank was split into that also. 12 the two 500 gallon tanks that you now see within 13 the compound. 14 MR. SILVESTRI: All right. Now I think 15 I understand. So to clarify, originally that 16 might have been for the compound, but now 17 everything is moved and you're going to have two 18 500 gallon propane tanks in the location that we 19 discussed earlier? 20 THE WITNESS (Mead): That is correct, 21 sir. 22 MR. SILVESTRI: Very good. Mr. 23 Libertine, thank you for the clarification as 24 well. 25 THE WITNESS (Libertine): Thank you,

sir.

MR. SILVESTRI: I don't personally have any additional questions, but at times when you ask questions and get answers back, sometimes it spurs other questions. So I'd like to go back to our Council members and Council staff just to see if they had any follow-up questions. And I'd like to start with Mr. Perrone, please.

MR. PERRONE: Yes, sir, I have two.

For T-Mobile, I understand that it's still being looked at whether you would have two separate concrete pads or share one, for T-Mobile versus Sprint, but for the tower itself are you definitely looking at two separate arrays at this time?

THE WITNESS (Fiedler): We are, correct.

MR. PERRONE: And lastly, the response to Council Interrogatory Number 10, the response referred to the galvanized tower and equipment on the tower being painted to match. Could you clarify what type of finish or what color would be contemplated?

THE WITNESS (Libertine): We've committed to matching the tank color itself which

1 will be consistent with the SHPO's recommendation. 2 MR. PERRONE: And roughly what color is 3 that? 4 THE WITNESS (Libertine): It's 5 generally a sky blue. I'm not sure that's 6 necessarily the exact color match, but in that 7 neighborhood. 8 THE WITNESS (DiGangi): The tank is 9 actually, the fluting is dark green and the 10 reservoir itself is a very, very light green that 11 would pass for blue. The concept is on the ground 12 we want the dark, and the sky we want the light 13 color. 14 THE WITNESS (Libertine): But to your 15 point, Mr. Perrone, that will be coordinated with 16 the folks at The First Taxing District. And thank 17 you, Mr. DiGangi, for clarifying that. I might be 18 a little bit color blind. 19 MR. PERRONE: I'm all set. Thank you. 20 MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you, Mr. Perrone. 21 I'd like to see if Mr. Morissette has 22 any follow-up questions. 23 MR. MORISSETTE: Yes. Thank you, Mr. 24 Silvestri. Just one quick follow-up on the 25 propane tank. You're going from a 1,900 gallon to

two 500s. Was the original 1,900 for both generators, and what's the reasoning for going to two 500 which is approximately 50 percent the sizing of the original 1,900?

THE WITNESS (Mead): Yes, I can answer that, Mr. Morissette.

MR. MORISSETTE: Thank you.

intention was to use a shared generator on site.

Obviously, carriers do not wish to use shed
generators for many reasons. So we went back to
the drawing board and at that time decided that
two 500 gallon tanks would be more appropriate for
this application given that AT&T had shown
interest in the DC power generator and Verizon
with the 30 kW AC power generator.

MR. MORISSETTE: Is there any concerns about having 50 percent less capacity for the fuel tank as far as running hours are concerned?

THE WITNESS (Mead): No. Actually, we did some calculations based on -- some preliminary calculations based on the size of the generators that will be deployed at the site, and there's more than adequate capacity for both carriers.

MR. MORISSETTE: Great. Very good.

1 Thank you. That's all I have. 2 MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you, Mr. 3 Morissette. 4 I'd like to go next to Mr. Harder, if 5 Mr. Harder has any follow-up questions. 6 MR. HARDER: No, thank you. No further 7 questions. 8 MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you, Mr. Harder. 9 Mr. Hannon, any follow-up questions? 10 MR. HANNON: Yes, I have two. Seeing 11 as how I'm hearing that there was dialogue going 12 back and forth with originally a shared generator 13 and now not, if the Siting Council were to approve 14 this project and requiring a shared generator, is 15 that something that people can live with? 16 THE WITNESS (Bilezikian): Dan 17 Bilezikian. I can speak for AT&T. Their 18 preference would be to have no generator, no 19 back-up generator, rather than to share a 20 generator. 21 MR. HANNON: Okay, but that doesn't 22 really answer the question. I'm asking if that was the decision to go forward and it was a shared 23 24 generator, would AT&T then say no generator? 25 THE WITNESS (Bilezikian): Well, AT&T's

preference, again, would be no generator. If the condition is that they have to share a generator, they would comply, but that's not their preference.

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MR. HANNON: Thank you. Anybody else want to answer?

MR. SILVESTRI: Verizon?

THE WITNESS (Befera): We prefer the separate generators for a couple of reasons. feel that we control our own fate. We've had a great deal of success and good penetration at about 94 percent of our sites in Connecticut with permanent generators. When you talk about, you know, the valve on the propane, the generators are an engine, not much different than the engines in our cars. And if you have, say, for example, in this instance AT&T and Verizon on the same generator, for argument's sake let's say that we have 50 percent of the customers in Connecticut, in this area of Connecticut, and Sprint and T-Mobile have the other 50 percent, say, and now you have a single point of failure in a power failure situation where, if the generator doesn't work or runs out of fuel, and you've got two carriers, now instead of only 25 percent of your

population in the case of one of two generators failing, now you have both carriers out of service because they relied on the same generator, so you have twice as many people without service in an emergency situation. So we like to control our own fate, maintain our own stuff, and maintain our own networks.

MR. HANNON: I think those are the only two that were talking about a back-up generator.

My second question is for T-Mobile.

And if I understood you correctly, you were talking about you would have equipment in place that could go out to some of these area sites where you're on a tower and provide the back-up service within 24 hours. My question on that is, how do you do that when the problem is trees in the road and you can't get through?

THE WITNESS (Fiedler): Great question. Well, in those situations we'd have to work with the, you know, municipalities in order to clear that. We do have crews that are equipped with chainsaws to help us get to tower facilities when it comes to that, but if it's in the road and it's on the powerline we can't touch that so we have to work with the utility companies. So that's why I

1 think the concert approach with regards to electrical grid restoration is very important. 2 3 MR. HANNON: Okay. Thank you. Those 4 are my questions. Thank you. 5 MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you, Mr. Hannon. 6 I'd like to go next to Mr. Edelson, if 7 Mr. Edelson has any follow-up questions. 8 MR. EDELSON: No, I don't. Thank you. 9 MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you, Mr. Edelson. 10 Mr. Lynch, any follow-up questions? 11 MR. LYNCH: Yes, I do, Mr. Chairman. 12 And for T-Mobile, Mr. Fiedler, I understand from 13 your testimony today that you plan on operating 14 both T-Mobile and Sprint separately for a period 15 of time. Now, my question is, as I look at the 16 diagram of the tower, I see that T-Mobile antennas 17 and Sprint antennas are only 2 feet apart. Don't 18 you usually have a 10 foot separation between 19 antennas? 20 THE WITNESS (Fiedler): I think it's 21 more than 2 feet, Councilman Lynch. I think it's 22 106 to 96 is what I see on the drawings. And 23 correct me if I'm wrong, anybody on the phone 24 here. 25 THE WITNESS (Libertine): That's the

1 centerline distance is 10 feet, correct. 2 THE WITNESS (Fiedler): Yes. 3 MR. LYNCH: Thank you. 4 THE WITNESS (Fiedler): Thank you. 5 MR. SILVESTRI: Anything else, Mr. 6 Lynch? 7 MR. LYNCH: Negative, Mr. Chairman. 8 MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you, Mr. Lynch. 9 I only have one other question to pose, 10 and it's a curiosity question. Did the applicant 11 consider any other designs rather than a monopole? 12 THE WITNESS (Libertine): In working 13 with the SHPO, the only other -- well, there were 14 two options that they would have considered. One 15 was the internal flag pole arrangement which was 16 deemed not to be feasible here because it would 17 have required a much larger diameter pole, and I'm 18 not even sure we could have done it, and it would 19 have been probably 40 or 50 feet higher. 20 Certainly, the other option was to 21 attach to -- keep the existing tank in place as 22 is, or to try to attach to the new tank, both of 23 which options were ruled out for some of the 24 reasons we've discussed. So the short answer is, 25

no, not really. They are not, for some reason,

very open to even discussing monopines at this point unless it's in a, I guess, in the right location, and even then we've had some discussions about whether or not that's even feasible. So we were really limited in this case. And that's why the painting and the silhouetting, if you will, against the new tank was really the preferred option from SHPO's perspective.

MR. SILVESTRI: Very good. Thank you, Mr. Libertine. That's a question I normally ask for a lot of the cell tower applications that we have.

Okay. The Council will recess until 6:30 p.m., at which time we will commence the public comment session of this remote public hearing.

And Attorney Baldwin, I believe you'll be doing a brief presentation at that time; is that correct?

MR. BALDWIN: Yes.

MR. SILVESTRI: Very good. We're in recess then until 6:30 p.m.

(Whereupon, the witnesses were excused and the hearing adjourned at 4:45 p.m.)

CERTIFICATE

I hereby certify that the foregoing 110 pages are a complete and accurate computer-aided transcription of my original stenotype notes taken of the HEARING HELD BY REMOTE MEANS IN Re: DOCKET NO. 489, THE FIRST TAXING DISTRICT WATER DEPARTMENT OF NORWALK APPLICATION FOR A CERTIFICATE OF ENVIRONMENTAL COMPATIBILITY AND PUBLIC NEED FOR THE CONSTRUCTION, MAINTENANCE, AND OPERATION OF A TELECOMMUNICATIONS FACILITY LOCATED AT 173 1/2 WEST ROCKS ROAD, NORWALK, CONNECTICUT, which was held before ROBERT SILVESTRI, Presiding Officer, on September 15, 2020.

Lisa Warelle

Lisa L. Warner, CSR 061 Court Reporter BCT REPORTING SERVICE 55 WHITING STREET, SUITE 1A PLAINVILLE, CONNECTICUT 06062

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2	APPLICANT AND INTERVENOR EXHIBITS (Received in evidence)	
4	EXHIBIT DESCRIPTION PAGE	:
5 6 7	<pre>II-B-1 Application for a Certificate of 18 Environmental Compatibility and Public Need filed by The First Taxing District Water Department, received March 17, 2020, and attachments and bulk file exhibits including:</pre>	
8	a. Technical report, dated October 31, 2020	
10	b. City of Norwalk Zoning regulations	
11	c. City of Norwalk Inland Wetlands and Watercourses regulations	
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14	II-B-2 New Cingular Wireless PCS, LLC (AT&T) 18 request to intervene, dated	;
15 16	April 6, 2020. II-B-3 Applicant's responses to Council 18 interrogatories, Set One, dated	;
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18 19	dated June 2, 2020. II-B-5 Applicant's affidavit of publication, 18 dated June 11, 2020.	,
20	II-B-6 Applicant's sign posting affidavit, 18 dated July 13, 2020.	1
21	<pre>II-B-7 Applicant's responses to Council's 18 interrogatories, Set Two, dated</pre>	,
22	July 27, 2020. II-B-8 Applicant's response to Interrogatory 18 No. 50, virtual field review, dated July 27, 2020.	;
24 25	**All exhibits were retained by the Council.	