1 STATE OF CONNECTICUT 2 CONNECTICUT SITING COUNCIL 3 4 Docket No. 488 5 Homeland Towers, LLC and New Cingular 6 Wireless PCS, LLC d/b/a AT&T application for a 7 Certificate of Environmental Compatibility and Public Need for the construction, maintenance, and 8 9 operation of a telecommunications facility located 10 at one of two sites: Kent Tax Assessor ID #M10, 11 Block 22, Lot 38 Bald Hill Road or 93 Richards 12 Road, Kent, Connecticut 13 14 VIA ZOOM AND TELECONFERENCE 15 16 Continued Public Hearing held on Tuesday, 17 September 22, 2020, beginning at 2 p.m. via remote 18 access. 19 20 Held Before: 21 ROBERT SILVESTRI, Presiding Officer 22 23 24 Lisa L. Warner, CSR #061 Reporter: 25

1	Appearances:
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3	Council Members:
4	ROBERT HANNON
5	Designee for Commissioner Katie Dykes
6	Department of Energy and Environmental
7	Protection
8	LINDA GULIUZZA
9	Designee for Chairman Marissa Paslick Gillett
10	Public Utilities Regulatory Authority
11	JOHN MORISSETTE
12	MICHAEL HARDER
13	EDWARD EDELSON
14	DANIEL P. LYNCH, JR.
15	Council Staff:
16	MELANIE BACHMAN, ESQ.
17	Executive Director and
18	Staff Attorney
19	
20	ROBERT D. MERCIER
21	Siting Analyst
22	
23	LISA FONTAINE
24	Fiscal Administrative Officer
25	

1	Appearances: (Cont'd.)
2	For Homeland Towers, LLC and New Cingular
3	Wireless PCS, LLC d/b/a AT&T:
4	CUDDY & FEDER, LLP
5	445 Hamilton Avenue, 14th Floor
6	White Plains, New York 10601
7	BY: CHRISTOPHER B. FISHER, ESQ.
8	
9	For Planned Development Alliance of Northwest
10	Connecticut, Inc., Spectacle Ridge
11	Association, Inc. and South Spectacle
12	Lakeside Residents:
13	LAW OFFICES OF KEITH R. AINSWORTH, ESQ.
14	51 Elm Street, Suite 201
15	New Haven, Connecticut 06510-2049
16	BY: KEITH R. AINSWORTH, ESQ.
17	
18	For Bald Hill Road Neighbors:
19	GUION, STEVENS & RYBAK, LLP
20	93 West Street
21	P.O. Box 338
22	Litchfield, Connecticut 06759
23	BY: ANTHONY F. DIPENTIMA, ESQ.
24	MICHAEL D. RYBAK, JR., ESQ.
25	

1	Appearances: (Cont'd.)
2	
3	For the Town of Kent:
4	CRAMER & ANDERSON, LLP
5	30 Main Street, Suite 204
6	Danbury, Connecticut 06810
7	BY: DANIEL E. CASAGRANDE, ESQ.
8	
9	ROSEMARK LAW, LLC
10	100 Mill Plain Road, Third Floor
11	Danbury, Connecticut 06811
12	BY: DANIEL S. ROSEMARK, ESQ.
13	
14	Meeting Host:
15	Aaron DeMarest, Pryme Tyme
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	**All participants were present via remote access.
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MR. SILVESTRI: Good afternoon, I trust that everyone can hear me. everyone. This continued remote evidentiary hearing session is called to order this Tuesday, September 22, My name is Robert Silvestri, 2020 at 2 p.m. member and presiding officer of the Connecticut Siting Council. 

As all are keenly aware, there is currently a statewide effort to prevent the spread of Coronavirus. This is why the Council is holding this remote hearing, and we ask for your patience. If you haven't done so already, I ask that everyone please mute their computer audio and/or telephone now.

A copy of the prepared agenda is available on the Council's Docket No. 488 web page, along with the record of this matter, the public hearing notice, instructions for public access to this remote public hearing, and the Council's Citizens Guide to Siting Council Procedures.

I'll ask the other members of the Council to acknowledge that they are present when introduced for the benefit of those who are only on audio. We'll start with Mr. John Morissette.

1	MR. MORISSETTE: Good afternoon. I'm
2	present.
3	MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you. Mr. Michael
4	Harder.
5	MR. HARDER: Present.
6	MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you. Mr. Robert
7	Hannon.
8	MR. HANNON: Present.
9	MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you. Ms. Linda
10	Guliuzza.
11	MS. GULIUZZA: Present.
12	MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you. Mr. Edward
13	Edelson.
14	MR. EDELSON: Present.
15	MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you. And
16	Mr. Daniel Lynch.
17	MR. LYNCH: Present, Chairman.
18	MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you, Mr. Lynch.
19	Executive Director Melanie Bachman.
20	MS. BACHMAN: Present. Thank you.
21	MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you. Staff
22	Analyst Robert Mercier.
23	MR. MERCIER: Present.
24	MR. SILVESTRI: And Fiscal
25	Administrative Officer Lisa Fontaine.

MS. FONTAINE: Present.

MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you also. This evidentiary session is a continuation of the remote public hearings that were held on July 23rd, August 11th, and September 3, 2020. It is held pursuant to the provisions of Title 16 of the Connecticut General Statutes and of the Uniform Administrative Procedure Act upon an application from Homeland Towers, LLC and New Cingular Wireless PCS, LLC doing business as AT&T for a Certificate of Environmental Compatibility and Public Need for the construction, maintenance, and operation of a telecommunications facility located at one of two sites: Lot 38 Bald Hill Road or 93 Richards Road, Kent, Connecticut.

A verbatim transcript will be made of this hearing and deposited with the Kent Town Clerk's office for the convenience of the public.

And we'll take a short break at a convenient time during today's proceedings.

I'd like to continue with the appearance of the grouped intervenors and CEPA intervenors. That's the Planned Development Alliance of Northwest Connecticut, Inc., which is PDA; Spectacle Ridge Association, Inc., which is

SRA; and South Spectacle Lakeside Residents, which we'll refer to as Lakeside.

Attorney Ainsworth, is your witness panel present?

MR. AINSWORTH: Yes, they are. The same panel members are here, and they remain under oath.

MR. SILVESTRI: Very good. Thank you, sir. I'd like to commence with the continued cross-examination of the grouped intervenors, PDA, SRA and Lakeside, by the applicants, and Attorney Fisher, please.

MR. FISHER: Good afternoon. Attorney Fisher here on behalf of the applicants, Homeland Towers and New Cingular Wireless.

Chairman, if I might just very quickly,
I did want to say my condolences to everyone on
the Council on the loss of Senator Murphy who was
a tremendous figure, and it was always a pleasure
to appear before him.

MR. SILVESTRI: Much appreciated,
Attorney Fisher. Thank you. Also, you're a
little bit bassy or a little bit echoey. I don't
know if you might be able to adjust your volume a
little bit to help us out.

1 MR. FISHER: Is that a little bit 2 better if I face that direction? 3 MR. SILVESTRI: That's a little bit 4 better, yes. Thank you. 5 MR. FISHER: I do have some questions 6 this afternoon for Mr. Maxson on a report that was 7 submitted in a Late-Filed. If that document is 8 already in the record, I'll just proceed with cross-examination. It is item number -- sub 9 10 Exhibit G on the Late-Filed exhibits by PDA. 11 MR. AINSWORTH: Just for clarification, 12 is that the one regarding the microwave analysis, 13 or was that a photograph of the balloon flight? 14 MR. FISHER: I'm going to start off, 15 actually, with the -- it's titled Memorandum on 16 Connecticut Siting Council Questions Regarding 17 Docket 488 by Isotrope Wireless. 18 MR. AINSWORTH: Thank you. That helps. 19 DAVID MAXSON, P. 20 having been previously duly sworn, testified 21 further on his oath as follows: 22 CROSS-EXAMINATION 23 MR. FISHER: Thank you. Good 24 afternoon, Mr. Maxson. 25 THE WITNESS (Maxson): I'm unmuting.

1 Good afternoon, sir. 2 MR. FISHER: Good to see you. Just 3 some questions and follow-up on this report that 4 was filed. Have you yourself been to Martha's 5 Vineyard in the past? 6 THE WITNESS (Maxson): Yes. 7 MR. FISHER: And have you been to 8 Chilmark? 9 THE WITNESS (Maxson): Yes. 10 MR. FISHER: And was the purpose of 11 your trip to Chilmark professional or personal? 12 THE WITNESS (Maxson): Well, you said 13 the one trip. I've been to Martha's Vineyard 14 numerous times, mostly for professional purposes, 15 and occasionally for personal purposes, and that 16 includes Chilmark. 17 MR. FISHER: And as far as the DAS 18 network that's discussed in your report, were any 19 of your trips to Chilmark specifically related to 20 that DAS network? 21 THE WITNESS (Maxson): Yes. Prior to 22 its initiation, I helped the Town of Chilmark make 23 adjustments to its zoning bylaws to enable this 24 kind of service. 25 Did you work on the actual MR. FISHER:

1 application itself or just the bylaws? 2 THE WITNESS (Maxson): It was the 3 bylaws prior to the application for the DAS 4 project. 5 MR. FISHER: In going through your 6 report, would you characterize it mostly as --7 (AUDIO INTERRUPTION) 8 THE WITNESS (Maxson): I'm sorry, you 9 just muted. 10 MR. FISHER: Can you hear me now? 11 THE WITNESS (Maxson): Yes. 12 MR. FISHER: Thank you. So, going back 13 to the report itself, I had a chance to go through 14 it, would you say that the report that you've 15 provided, is that based on one phone conversation 16 you had with a town official more recently? 17 THE WITNESS (Maxson): Yes, when I was 18 directed to come up with some more details about 19 the DAS in Chilmark and Aquinnah, I phoned 20 Chilmark and they directed me to the town 21 administrator. 22 MR. FISHER: As far as the report 23 itself, you wouldn't call it a case study though, 24 would you? 25 THE WITNESS (Maxson): The report,

1 which report? 2 MR. FISHER: This is Exhibit G. 3 THE WITNESS (Maxson): Specifically the 4 elements describing the Chilmark situation? 5 MR. FISHER: Yes. It's the one I 6 referred to, the memorandum, this was in the PDA 7 Late-Filed exhibit. 8 THE WITNESS (Maxson): Right. 9 sorry, let me just look away to make sure I'm 10 looking at the same one. Yes. I don't know where 11 the term -- what you mean by the term "case 12 study," but it's probably not as detailed as 13 something that I would call a case study. 14 MR. FISHER: Okay. Fair enough. Thank 15 you. So I just want to focus on a couple of your 16 conversations you had with Mr. Carroll. Did you 17 talk about with Mr. Carroll any of the seasonal 18 differences in population density that Martha's 19 Vineyard experiences during the summertime? 20 THE WITNESS (Maxson): Not to my 21 recollection, no. 22 MR. FISHER: And when you spoke to him, 23 did you ask him about some of the coastal terrain 24 that existed in Chilmark and talk about the DAS in 25 that context?

1 THE WITNESS (Maxson): No. 2 MR. FISHER: And did you talk at all 3 about the tree heights that are prevailing in that 4 area of Martha's Vineyard? 5 THE WITNESS (Maxson): No. 6 MR. FISHER: And did you talk at all 7 about some of the towers that had been built on 8 Martha's Vineyard? THE WITNESS (Maxson): 10 MR. FISHER: Going to the report 11 itself, I see that you included an image, and in 12 the report you reference a newspaper article; is 13 that correct? 14 THE WITNESS (Maxson): I'm sorry, I 15 reference what? 16 MR. FISHER: A newspaper article. 17 THE WITNESS (Maxson): 18 MR. FISHER: And that was the source of 19 this image; is that correct? 2.0 THE WITNESS (Maxson): 21 MR. FISHER: And I see there are some 22 red dots on the image. Do you know if those dots represent the location of the DAS nodes in 23 24 Chilmark today? 25 THE WITNESS (Maxson): I do not.

1 MR. FISHER: Do you have any other maps 2 or information that would represent the DAS nodes 3 in Chilmark today? 4 THE WITNESS (Maxson): No. 5 MR. FISHER: And on this map, I believe 6 you referenced it was from 2012; is that correct? 7 THE WITNESS (Maxson): Yes. 8 MR. FISHER: And the map itself, it 9 doesn't have any legend that might identify the 10 height, type of structure, or other details of any 11 of these DAS nodes, does it? 12 THE WITNESS (Maxson): That's correct. 13 MR. FISHER: When you did speak with 14 Mr. Carroll in the town, did you talk about how 15 tall any of the DAS nodes are in Chilmark? 16 THE WITNESS (Maxson): I did not. I've 17 seen them. 18 MR. FISHER: Do you know if any of 19 those DAS nodes required new structures? 20 THE WITNESS (Maxson): I don't recall. 21 I don't know. 22 MR. FISHER: And did you talk at all 23 with Mr. Carroll about what kinds of antennas and 24 equipment are installed on each of these DAS node 25 locations?

1 THE WITNESS (Maxson): I did not. 2 MR. FISHER: Okay. Talking a little 3 bit about the use of the network itself, you said 4 in your report that Mr. Carroll at least believes 5 that AT&T has FirstNet frequencies that are used 6 in the DAS network. Did he say band 14 7 specifically? 8 THE WITNESS (Maxson): I'm sorry, did 9 he say what was the word? 10 MR. FISHER: Band 14, did he say that 11 specifically? 12 THE WITNESS (Maxson): He did not say 13 band 14, no. He mentioned FirstNet. 14 Do you know what FCC MR. FISHER: 15 license frequencies are being used by carriers in 16 that DAS out in Chilmark? 17 THE WITNESS (Maxson): I do not. 18 MR. FISHER: And did you speak with Mr. 19 Carroll about any problems that carriers might be 20 having expanding and using the DAS network? 21 THE WITNESS (Maxson): No more than 22 what he related to me, and then I did my best to 23 repeat in my memorandum. 24 MR. FISHER: Okay. Focusing on the 25 memorandum, a couple of things. I see you talked

about backup power at DAS nodes; is that correct?

THE WITNESS (Maxson): Yes.

MR. FISHER: Is it your understanding that 52 portable generators would have to be deployed in that network to keep it up and operational if there was an outage over four hours or so?

THE WITNESS (Maxson): No.

MR. FISHER: So there's not a portable generator for each node, there's something less than that?

THE WITNESS (Maxson): Well, the assumption is that there are 52 nodes. I don't know if that's true.

MR. FISHER: Well, would you say that each node would have to have a back-up power generator in order to keep the power on --

THE WITNESS (Maxson): To keep the power on all the nodes in a few hours that would be correct. I don't know that that is what's necessary to maintain a minimum level of service. After all, the design of the networks is intended to provide high quality service, and there may be a way to provision a lower number of nodes to provide a reasonable amount of coverage that may

1 be able to enable telephone calls but perhaps not high, super high bandwidths data connectivity. 2 3 MR. FISHER: Some phone calls aren't 4 divided just by data at this point, aren't they? 5 THE WITNESS (Maxson): I'm sorry? 6 MR. FISHER: Some phone calls, they are 7 Voice Over IP or data only at this point, it's not 8 iust simply a phone call and try to segregate, 9 right? 10 THE WITNESS (Maxson): I guess I'm 11 having a little trouble hearing your questions. 12 It seems the device that you're on doesn't have 13 its microphone open. Are you using a different 14 microphone in the room? 15 MR. FISHER: Yeah, I'll try to -- I'm 16 actually in a room with some of our witnesses. 17 I'll see if I can -- does that work a little bit 18 better? 19 THE WITNESS (Maxson): That is better, 20 thank you. 21 MR. FISHER: Absolutely, yeah. So let 22 me just repeat the question. You seem to be 23 articulating that you could segregate out phone 24 calls from data service as part of the DAS 25 network. Is that what you were just saying a few

minutes ago?

THE WITNESS (Maxson): No, not that way, no. What I was saying was that what's necessary to maintain a reliable phone call is not the full bandwidth of the system. So a telephone call takes a very small amount of data which means you can have a lower signal level and still maintain a reliable phone call compared to, for instance, trying to stream a video.

MR. FISHER: But if people are using different data networks, including Voice Over IP type phone calls, the network may not be able to differentiate between that, you're just making an assumption, aren't you, that it might be able to know the difference between a voice call and a data session?

THE WITNESS (Maxson): That's entirely irrelevant. All I'm talking about is that the RF link between the base station or the node in this case and the radio, the user's device, doesn't need to have negative 83 dBm of signal to make that phone call go through on the LTE network.

MR. FISHER: So what you're saying then in the event of an emergency and we've got a power outage, the network is down, you think it would be

sufficient to have lesser signal strength in terms of the carrying signal, that's the position you're taking, that not as many as one per node of generators would have to be deployed, that's your position?

THE WITNESS (Maxson): I think that's a reasonable characterization that what one would do if one is trying to balance the need to have emergency coverage without having to provision every single node with a portable generator and make those costs and operational trade-offs, that one can look at the network and figure out which nodes are the most valuable, the most critical to maintaining lower level connectivity for phone calls and text messages.

MR. FISHER: So just going down your train of thought, you'd still have to deploy an extraordinary number of portable generators, maybe not just one per node; is that what you're saying?

THE WITNESS (Maxson): I don't know what an extraordinary number is.

MR. FISHER: Well, what would you say would be needed, if it's a 52 node network, what number do you think would be needed?

THE WITNESS (Maxson): I would have to

1 do what the network engineers would have to do 2 which is to evaluate which nodes in combination 3 would provide a reasonable footprint that could 4 maintain a reasonable amount of connectivity 5 during an emergency situation with loss of power. 6 I can't speculate. 7 MR. FISHER: And in terms of doing 8 backup power provisioning, have you ever had to 9 deal with the logistics of deploying temporary 10 generators to small cell node sites? 11 THE WITNESS (Maxson): I have not. 12 MR. FISHER: Okay. Just moving on in 13 your report, you offered an opinion, and it's on 14 page 2, and it's the second full paragraph down. 15 Do you see that? 16 THE WITNESS (Maxson): I see the 17 paragraph. What are you referring to? 18 MR. FISHER: Yes. Could you just read 19 that paragraph, that one sentence? 20 THE WITNESS (Maxson): Beginning with? 21 MR. FISHER: Chilmark's. 22 THE WITNESS (Maxson): Okay, thanks. 23 "Chilmark's small-cell solution proves that broad 24 areas can be provided coverage by small cell 25 arrays as a way to address both the coverage need and scenic impacts."

MR. FISHER: Okay. I want to focus on your use of the word "proves." Was that based off of the one phone call you had with the town administrator, or was it based on something else?

THE WITNESS (Maxson): Well, I've been familiar with the presence of this DAS network and the activity with the towns of Aquinnah and Chilmark prior to the network being proposed and built. And it's based on the fact that this network is still operating and that Mr. Carroll mentioned there was even a scheduled power outage this summer to do a major repair on the utilities, and the generators were deployed in whatever fashion that they were deployed.

MR. FISHER: You testified just a few minutes ago that your role in Chilmark was really only on the regulatory bylaws, not on the design and operation of the network. So you don't have any firsthand knowledge of how it's performed, do you?

THE WITNESS (Maxson): No, other -yeah, firsthand knowledge, meaning I'm not privy
to the operational activities of any of the
carriers using the network, that's correct.

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MR. FISHER: And the only real information you've gotten about that is secondhand from the town administrator; isn't that correct?

THE WITNESS (Maxson): And from my knowledge and experience of how DAS networks work, my having evaluated Chilmark and Aquinnah for the potential for DAS networks to work, and it's just -- yeah, it's based on experience. It's not based on firsthand knowledge.

MR. FISHER: And when you used in your opinion that it proves it can be, a small-cell solution can be used to provide coverage, were you intending to convey that that is beyond Chilmark and in most every area?

THE WITNESS (Maxson): I'm not quite understanding the question. What's beyond Chilmark?

MR. FISHER: Yeah. So you've talked a little bit about Chilmark, and you're trying to equate it to other regions. Obviously, we're talking about Kent here. But when you referenced this opinion that it proves it, are you saying that the Chilmark experience proves that you can use small cell and DAS in just about any other setting?

THE WITNESS (Maxson): I think my statement stands as written, but if there's clarification needed, it's that we're talking about the fact that the applicants have indicated that small cells are used in stadium and dense urban areas, which they are, and in my prefile testimony and in this sentence I reinforce the idea that just because those are the dominant uses for small cells doesn't mean that they aren't used for other purposes like providing wide area coverage in sensitive locations like Chilmark and Aquinnah which are about 23 square miles of area being served by those nodes.

MR. FISHER: I wasn't really seeking commentary on the industry. I was looking more for your opinion. I'm trying to understand that if you think Chilmark is representative of an example where you prove that you can build a small cell just about to address any coverage objective, is that your opinion?

THE WITNESS (Maxson): Yeah, I don't know where just about any coverage objective comes from. I think it's a matter of engineering that you have to apply the engineering to the situation. And Chilmark is an example of how that

1 was done in a place that isn't a stadium or a 2 dense urban area. 3 MR. FISHER: Okay. So you were more 4 focused in limiting it to stadium and dense urban 5 area, I understand. 6 THE WITNESS (Maxson): No, the 7 applicant was. 8 MR. FISHER: Well, I'm looking for your 9 opinion. 10 THE WITNESS (Maxson): My opinion is 11 that it doesn't need to be focused on stadia and 12 dense urban areas, that there are examples, and 13 Chilmark is one of them, where it was used in a 14 more rural residential kind of an area. 15 MR. FISHER: You're aware that AT&T is 16 in fact using small cells and deploying them 17 throughout parts of the State of Connecticut; are 18 you not? 19 THE WITNESS (Maxson): Parts of what? 20 MR. FISHER: State of Connecticut. 21 THE WITNESS (Maxson): Yes. 22 MR. FISHER: Let's go back to the 23 engineering and talk about Kent. Would you agree 24 that Kent has entirely different population 25 characteristics, geography, and tree heights as

1 compared to Chilmark? 2 THE WITNESS (Maxson): That was quite a 3 I don't know anything about the 4 demographics of the population. The density 5 development seems comparable. What were the other 6 items? 7 MR. FISHER: Let's stick with 8 population. So do you have any knowledge of Kent 9 having a seasonal inflow of maybe seven times the 10 residential population as compared to Martha's 11 Vineyard, is that something that you're aware of 12 or not? 13 THE WITNESS (Maxson): I haven't looked 14 at seasonal data, no. 15 MR. FISHER: The second area of focus 16 for me was geography. Do you think Kent's 17 geography is like Chilmark's? 18 THE WITNESS (Maxson): If you mean 19 topography, there are differences, and we've 20 talked about them in previous meetings, but there 21 is a greater terrain roughness in Kent than there 22 is in Chilmark, yes. 23 MR. FISHER: And, in fact, on the 24 terrain itself you submitted -- and just for the

record, I believe in Exhibits D through F of the

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1 Late-Filed exhibit you submitted some cross 2 section, some microwave path links, at least from 3 my review. Is that correct? 4 THE WITNESS (Maxson): Yes. 5 MR. FISHER: And in looking at those 6 cross sections, that in fact shows the terrain 7 differences in the Town of Kent that we're talking 8 about; does it not? 9 THE WITNESS (Maxson): Yes. Kent and 10 between those sites in Kent and locations in 11 adjacent towns, but yes. 12 MR. FISHER: Yes. When I looked at 13 your charts, you know, you had an AMSL of 14 somewhere between 400 feet, ranging all the way up 15 and down to 1,700 feet in parts of this area of 16 Connecticut, correct? 17 THE WITNESS (Maxson): Right. 18 MR. FISHER: Essentially, we're in the 19 Berkshire foothills, correct? 20 THE WITNESS (Maxson): Essentially, 21 yes. 22 MR. FISHER: Okay. And there's a lot 23 of forest cover, is there not, in this area of 24 Kent as compared to Chilmark? 25 THE WITNESS (Maxson): There is a lot

1 of forest cover in Chilmark. 2 MR. FISHER: Would you agree that the 3 trees are significantly taller in Kent than they 4 are in Chilmark? 5 THE WITNESS (Maxson): In Chilmark 6 there are -- the vegetation is -- the trees are 7 pretty let's call them consistent with more inland 8 growth. As you get out towards the perimeter, you 9 start seeing the shorter vegetation. I'm 10 recalling the nodes that I've looked at on Middle 11 Road, for instance, in Chilmark. The trees are a 12 substantial height in comparison to the utility They're not short, scrub the way you would 13 14 picture them on a more coastal location. 15 MR. FISHER: So would you say they are 16 about 40, 50 feet maybe in Chilmark? 17 THE WITNESS (Maxson): I wouldn't 18 speculate height. 19 MR. FISHER: So just focusing on this 20 aspect of your report, is it your position that 21 Chilmark is a real case study and representative 22 of what could be done in Kent, is that the 23 position you're taking? 24 THE WITNESS (Maxson): The position I'm 25 taking is that Chilmark is an example of using

small cell nodes in a wooded area that is hilly to provide general area coverage to provide service. And to the extent that there are things that compare with Kent, yes, it's not a perfect comparison, of course not, but that's what engineers do is you take the information you have about the location and you engineer your solution to the location.

The irregular terrain in Kent that's more severe than in Chilmark is also potentially an advantage because now you can pick a higher high mount as the location of your utility pole to fill in a valley or a residential area with coverage. So there's no -- it's not fatal to the concept of the Chilmark solution just because Kent has more irregular terrain than Chilmark does.

MR. FISHER: Okay. So you referenced as an engineering solution, but you yourself, you don't have any engineering data from Chilmark for this docket and providing it so we could compare out what may not or may not be material to Kent, do you?

THE WITNESS (Maxson): It sounds like a two point question. I have not done any analysis of small cells in Chilmark in a very long time. I

1 don't know if I have any records of the analysis I 2 once did. So that's the first part of the 3 question. The second part, I think, had to do 4 with -- could you ask it again? 5 MR. FISHER: The first part was 6 actually do you have any engineering data. Ιt 7 sounds like you don't. 8 MR. AINSWORTH: Objection, 9 argumentative. 10 MR. FISHER: Do you have any 11 engineering data from the operation of the 12 Chilmark DAS? THE WITNESS (Maxson): I do not. 13 14 MR. FISHER: All right. So why don't 15 we move on. Just a couple of things more on your 16 report and then I'll be done. 17 On pages 2 and 3 you have a section 18 entitled Innovation to Answer Regulation; is that 19 correct? 20 THE WITNESS (Maxson): Yes. 21 MR. FISHER: And in the subsequent 22 paragraphs you seem to be of the opinion that 23 advances in wireless innovation, whether it's 24 technology or infrastructure, that's really solely 25 to do with local regulation. Is that the position

1 you're trying to convey? 2 THE WITNESS (Maxson): That what is due 3 solely to local regulation? 4 MR. FISHER: The wireless innovation 5 over the last 30 years, whether it's technology or 6 infrastructure solutions. 7 THE WITNESS (Maxson): No, that's a 8 complete misinterpretation of what I'm saying. 9 MR. FISHER: So you're not taking that 10 position? 11 THE WITNESS (Maxson): Well, if that 12 position is that innovation in the wireless 13 industry is solely promoted by the action of local 14 regulators, of course not. 15 MR. FISHER: So you'd agree then that 16 providers have a right to propose solutions that 17 they believe are appropriate from a technological 18 point of view? 19 THE WITNESS (Maxson): Okay, now we're 20 back to the land use question, it sounds like. 21 And with respect to innovation in land use, 22 there's a natural tension there, and we're all 23 experiencing it right now. The local regulators 24 are looking for ways to minimize environmental 25

impacts and while at the same time enabling a

provision of good service. And the examples I gave in those paragraphs were about other 3 situations where I personally witnessed applicants 4 saying it can't be done. And in some places the regulators said, well, do it anyway, or come back 5 with a better idea, and some innovations evolved 7 out of those tensions.

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MR. FISHER: Well, my question was that the industry has a right to propose those applications. Your position is that, in the context of an application, regulators and the public can weigh in on those. So I'm just going back to an applicant can propose what they think is technically appropriate, can't they?

THE WITNESS (Maxson): Yes. I don't see there's any question about that.

MR. FISHER: So when they get to the application process, which is where we are now, you'd expect regulators to act on facts and certain criteria in law; would you not?

THE WITNESS (Maxson): Okay.

MR. FISHER: And in the State of Connecticut you believe the Siting Council's process really gives the public an extraordinary opportunity to weigh in on what those facts and in fact opinions are about how to interpret the statute, wouldn't you?

THE WITNESS (Maxson): An extraordinary opportunity. It gives them an opportunity that is part of the public process, yeah, I would agree with that.

MR. FISHER: Well, you've participated in other proceedings, maybe in Massachusetts and others. The State of Connecticut's process with these kinds of hearings, interrogatories, cross-examination, that's somewhat extraordinary in the country, isn't it?

THE WITNESS (Maxson): Yes, in both favorable and unfavorable ways, yes.

MR. FISHER: So related to the DAS and Chilmark, going back to Chilmark and some of your other experience, do you have any other evidence of DAS being used in a place like Kent?

THE WITNESS (Maxson): I think when we say "a place like Kent," I think we're specifically looking at the topography, the morphology, the geography, the demographics and land use characteristics of Kent, and I have no example of a match specifically to those characteristics for Kent.

MR. FISHER: Okay. So if that's the case, assume for a moment no tower is constructed in this area of Kent, there's a risk, isn't there, that residents and visitors may never get coverage because there's no infrastructure to provide it?

THE WITNESS (Maxson): I don't understand why the statement could be true that there's no infrastructure to provide it. I've seen that there are -- there's fiber provided by at least one of the telecom companies using the utility poles that indicates that the necessary backhaul to connect wireless companies to their control operations is available in the area, and then it's just a question of whether those connections are being made to a cell site or to individual small cells.

MR. FISHER: Isn't the question fundamentally much more complex than that, that the private sector would have to decide it wants to deploy such technology that you're advocating, design it, secure the rights for it, go through the entitlement process and build it before that kind of service could be provided, it's not as simple as just attach something to fiber that exists, is it?

THE WITNESS (Maxson): No, but it's just different from a previous question that you asked, but, yeah, there's a process. There always is.

MR. FISHER: Well, my question was that there's a risk if a tower doesn't get built that nothing gets built; that's true, isn't it?

THE WITNESS (Maxson): And there's a risk that if a tower gets approved that it doesn't ever get built. I mean, it's -- I guess we can go through a bunch of hypotheticals, but I've also seen situations where a tower has not been approved and through additional creativity and negotiation and those sorts of things that a tower in a location that's preferred by the community and does work for the applicant that wasn't previously given any sway, was ultimately approved.

So that's why I mentioned innovation is that it looks, you know, the package looks bleak, the applicant has a list of places that they've considered that are not available for various reasons, and the only place to put the tower is on the top of either of these two scenic ridges, and that's that. Well, we've proposed an approach

that involves small cells that can work. It works in Chilmark.

But there are also possibilities that if these two facilities are denied and the need is still present in the applicants' mind or AT&T's mind, that they can go back and look for other ways to provide coverage with shorter towers on lower ground or off the ridges. I don't think it completely disposes of those opportunities just because today there's a list of sites that the applicant tried to consider and determined were not viable for various reasons.

MR. FISHER: I want to follow up on that just a little bit. I was almost done. But isn't the Siting Council process, one of the reasons why it's extraordinary is that it's geared to having a full-on discussion, like we're having right now, with lots of different stakeholders to get to those results as compared to maybe other jurisdictions you're familiar with where there's zoning denial, zoning denial, and maybe we get the service or maybe we get to building something, it's a different process in Connecticut, isn't it?

THE WITNESS (Maxson): It's certainly a

different process in Connecticut. I'm just often reminded in Connecticut, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, New Hampshire, Maine, the various states that I've been involved in, New York, where I've been involved in wireless facility application processes, I'm just reminded of a remark of a gentleman philosopher from the 1600s, Thomas Fuller, who said, "Nothing is easy to the unwilling." And it's very hard to produce evidence when you're not a wireless company but an intervenor or a neighbor to prove that the wireless company could do it another way. So we do our best to present illustrations of potential alternatives that can protect the scenic beauty of the environment, but we're not here to design the solution for the applicant.

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MR. FISHER: Thank you, Chairman. I'm finished with my cross-examination.

MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you, Attorney Fisher. And thank you, Mr. Maxson.

Attorney Ainsworth, my apologies for not being able to hit my unmute button quick enough, so I apologize on that. I also appreciate that Attorney Fisher did rephrase his question too on that one. So thank you.

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MR. AINSWORTH: Not a problem at all, but thank you for considering that.

MR. SILVESTRI: I tried to get there fast enough and I couldn't. So thank you.

I'd like to continue with cross-examination of PDA, SRA and Lakeside by the Bald Hill Road Neighbors, and Attorney DiPentima and Attorney Rybak, please.

MR. RYBAK: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

Just a couple of questions. This is for Mr.

Maxson.

Mr. Maxson, is it your opinion that these small cells, or DAS, or however you want to call it, technology, this alternate technology, represents an opportunity at innovation in this field in this context?

THE WITNESS (Maxson): When I was speaking of innovation, I was speaking of creative applications using engineering to solve problems. And yes, we've proposed this as an innovative way to address the protection of the scenic assets of the Town of Kent.

MR. RYBAK: So it's your opinion that this is an opportunity to balance the need for cellular service and with environmental concerns

1 such as ridgelines and that kind of thing? 2 THE WITNESS (Maxson): Yes. 3 MR. RYBAK: Thank you. I don't have 4 anything else. 5 MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you very much. 6 I'd like to continue with cross-examination of 7 PDA, SRA and Lakeside by the Town of Kent, and 8 Attorney Casagrande and Attorney Rosemark, please. 9 MR. ROSEMARK: Good afternoon, Mr. 10 I have a few questions. Maxson. 11 THE WITNESS (Maxson): Yes, sir. 12 MR. ROSEMARK: Okay. One of the 13 questions I had is with regard to the small cells. 14 And could the applicant, AT&T, file with the PURA 15 to locate those small cells on Route 341 and the 16 surrounding area? 17 THE WITNESS (Maxson): Not being an 18 expert in the ways of the State of Connecticut for 19 these kinds of things, I can just say that it's my 20 understanding that there is a process for filing 21 with the state to get the permissions necessary to 22 use utility poles in the public way. 23 MR. ROSEMARK: Do you happen to be 24 familiar with the recent passing of a law, Public 25 Act 19-163, that requires the state highway or

ConnDOT to allow for the use of small cells in the highways rights-of-ways?

THE WITNESS (Maxson): I apologize if I'm looking away from the camera. I've got two screens. That's something that I did have a look at, yes.

MR. ROSEMARK: Could you elaborate any on that?

THE WITNESS (Maxson): Well, it's my understanding that there is some recent activity that further enabled providers of wireless services to avail themselves of state highways, I believe it was, for installing wireless facilities.

MR. ROSEMARK: So if the application here was denied, AT&T could file then with the state under the PURA, assuming that that's the statute or the agency that is approving small cells throughout the State of Connecticut today, and they would be able to have their installation built in a somewhat defined timeline?

THE WITNESS (Maxson): It's my understanding that the process would be distinct from that of the Connecticut Siting Council, and that because there is a process, there would be an

1 established timeline. 2 MR. ROSEMARK: Okay. And some other 3 facilities or DAS installations that you are 4 familiar with, are you familiar with the 5 installation that was installed in the State of 6 Connecticut on the Merritt Parkway? 7 THE WITNESS (Maxson): Peripherally familiar with it, yes. I was aware of it at the 8 9 time that it was being proposed and sort of 10 watched the process unfold. 11 MR. ROSEMARK: Do you know how many 12 nodes that happened to be -- were approved on that 13 one? 14 THE WITNESS (Maxson): I do not. 15 MR. ROSEMARK: And that was the 16 decision that we had asked for in administrative 17 notice in the prior proceeding or prior hearing date which was Petition No. 809. So do you know 18 19 if AT&T was located on that DAS? 20 THE WITNESS (Maxson): It's my 21 understanding that the major carriers are using 22 it, including AT&T. 23 MR. ROSEMARK: And you mentioned just 24 recently that there's fiber in Kent that you were 25

able to observe or see, or how did you come across

that there's fiber in the area?

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THE WITNESS (Maxson): Well, I have to admit that Google Earth Street View is a fantastic tool for doing reconnaissance. And if you're familiar with fiber infrastructure, there are characteristics of fiber cables along highways that are distinct from copper cables. One of the biggest telltales is this feature called a snowshoe which is used to loop fiber in order to maintain a spare length, what's called a slack loop. So if you can use Street View to go down a road and you look for slack loops along that road, you know that you have fiber along that road. And it's in the communication space, and it's generally something that's available to commercial users as well as for providing internet type services to residences.

MR. ROSEMARK: So the basic utilities required for a small cell are located in the area, i.e., being fiber and power?

THE WITNESS (Maxson): To the best of my understanding, yeah, based on observing what's on the utility poles on Route 341 today, yes.

MR. ROSEMARK: And just remind me,
Route 341, as part of the original application of

the applicant and the crux of this hearing and the need for the -- the public need for the coverage, the target area that they classified, was that in and around Route 341?

THE WITNESS (Maxson): Yes.

MR. ROSEMARK: Okay. And then somewhere during this proceeding there was, I remember or recall seeing neg 93 as the coverage thresholds for that area, as originally filed by the applicants, and then I started to see a broader or wider coverage area. Did somehow this change, in your opinion, during the course of this application to be further than the area that was originally intended, or am I missing something?

THE WITNESS (Maxson): I think you're spot on. Originally, the application said that they needed negative 93 signal strength and that this would provide connectivity with existing cell sites on Route 7. It would provide, as they said in their RF report, seamless coverage, and it would provide that service along Route 341. But then we pointed out that it doesn't provide seamless coverage at neg 93, and it doesn't provide seamless coverage at neg 108, but the applicant did submit some additional coverage

analysis at those lower signal levels.

MR. ROSEMARK: Okay. And when we're talking about, again, we're trying to look at a denser area, you know, where AT&T has referenced in their filings that they used their filings for small cells in a little bit more dense area. But are you familiar, or did you have an opportunity to review the exhibit that was filed by the Town of Kent last time with regard to the file was, "ThinkSmallCell: AT&T case studies of outdoor small cells in the suburbs." Did you have a chance to look at that at all?

THE WITNESS (Maxson): I have to admit that it's not ringing a bell.

MR. ROSEMARK: Okay. Have you experienced from a design perspective when you're involved in various terrains and/or foliage that you could still design a network in and around those what I would call obstacles to provide a continuity or contiguous coverage?

THE WITNESS (Maxson): Along key roads, is that the --

MR. ROSEMARK: In the suburbs or in dense areas where there's lots of foliage, lots of hilly terrain.

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THE WITNESS (Maxson): Yes.

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MR. ROSEMARK: And the other one was a tower located in New Milford?

MR. ROSEMARK: Okay. The question that you had responded to about the microwave dishes, and you ran a study, you ran the study for what purpose?

THE WITNESS (Maxson): There was some

insinuation, I guess I would call it, in the record that somebody needed 125 foot height on either of the proposed towers at Richards Road or Bald Hill to provide connectivity to each or one of each of two remote towers in nearby towns. So I identified the locations of those remote towers that were mentioned in testimony, and I did a microwave path analysis, which is a very standard procedure, and the output of that standard procedure is in those graphics, to determine what the minimum height would be necessary to make a microwave link function reliably from Bald Hill or the Richards Road locations to those distant towers.

MR. ROSEMARK: And those distant towers, was one identified as Mohawk Mountain? THE WITNESS (Maxson): Yes.

1 THE WITNESS (Maxson): Yes, I think 2 that was referred to Chapin, C-H-A-P-I-N. 3 MR. ROSEMARK: Okay. And you said the 4 125 feet, was that something that AT&T required, 5 or is that the applicant required that? 6 THE WITNESS (Maxson): I heard 7 testimony from the engineer for C Squared Systems, 8 the consultant to the applicant, that the 125 feet 9 was required, and apparently that was something he 10 was told and not something that he determined 11 himself based on his testimony. 12 MR. ROSEMARK: Okay. So then you ran 13 these microwave lines of sight, if that's what 14 it's called in the industry, to see what would 15 work even assuming for the moment that a microwave 16 was needed and was installed on the Richards Road 17 or Bald Hill towers, is that what you did? 18 THE WITNESS (Maxson): Yes, and I refer 19 to those as path studies. 20 MR. ROSEMARK: Path studies. And the 21 minimum height necessary was part of your analysis 22 and conclusion? 23 THE WITNESS (Maxson): Yes. 24 MR. ROSEMARK: And what was it for 25 Mohawk Mountain from either of those locations, do

1 you recall? 2 THE WITNESS (Maxson): Yes, let me just 3 pull up my notes so I'm accurate. Okay. I'm sorry, to Mohawk Mountain from Bald Hill --4 5 MR. ROSEMARK: Correct. 6 THE WITNESS (Maxson): -- we're able to 7 make a connection to the Mohawk Mountain tower 8 clear of trees by a sufficient amount that it 9 clears a thing called the Fresnel Zone. It's not 10 just a laser like line of sight, but a kind of 11 cigar shaped beam that has to clear the 12 vegetation. And according to our analysis, that 13 can be done from an 80 foot height at Bald Hill. 14 MR. ROSEMARK: Okay. And what about, 15 did you run the analysis from Bald Hill to New 16 Milford just in case, or no? 17 THE WITNESS (Maxson): I did, but the 18 intervening terrain made that nonviable. 19 MR. ROSEMARK: Okay. And then from 20 Richards Road? 21 THE WITNESS (Maxson): From Richards 22 Road we were able to make a connection both to 23 Mohawk Mountain and to the Chapin Road location in 24 New Milford with an 80 foot height at Richards 25 Road.

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MR. ROSEMARK: And that's assuming that there was a need by the applicant or somebody that the applicant was referencing would need a microwave to those two locations?

THE WITNESS (Maxson): Yeah, this is just a hypothetical what-if, what if we had to make that connection how low can we go at the proposed locations.

MR. ROSEMARK: Okay.

THE WITNESS (Maxson): And I picked 80 feet as the low point just to kind of make doubly sure that we were above what I expect to be the height of the deciduous vegetation around those locations.

MR. ROSEMARK: Okay. And then just to clarify for a moment, if you would, a tower or a small cell, whether either one would work, if the fiber were to go out, it wouldn't matter if you had backup power; is that correct?

THE WITNESS (Maxson): Yeah, I think what I tend to think in terms of failure modes, if the failure mode is that a wind shear has taken out a bunch of trees and that in turn has taken out a bunch of utility poles or utility lines, they can take out not just the power but the fiber

1 connection back to the central office. And at 2 that point it doesn't matter whether there's power 3 at the site or not, if the link back to a 4 switching center is compromised, it's compromised, 5 and there's no connectivity from that cell site. 6 MR. ROSEMARK: You could have a 7 generator running but no connectivity anyway? 8 THE WITNESS (Maxson): That's correct. 9 MR. ROSEMARK: Other applications for 10 small cells, as you start to see the industry 11 trending or changing, I noticed, and we provided 12 as part of our administrative notice items we had 13 noticed a recent publication that AT&T is joining 14 in with the State of Connecticut to provide small 15 cells across the New Haven line. Are you familiar 16 with that at all? 17 THE WITNESS (Maxson): I did see a 18 headline to that effect, yes. 19 MR. ROSEMARK: Okay. And that is 20 intended to design to help, what, provide 21 additional support? And I understand that you're 22 not working on the project, but just what did you 23 gather or glean from that using your expert 24 experience? 25 THE WITNESS (Maxson): Well, I had the

impression that it was sounding like it was oriented to better service on the New Haven line. But I've done designs of wireless networks to communicate with moving trains, and haphazard placement of small cells along a railroad is not going to significantly improve service to riders on trains. So it's more likely that it's to provide coverage in areas where people congregate, for instance, at train stations.

MR. ROSEMARK: Platforms?

THE WITNESS (Maxson): Platforms, yes.

MR. ROSEMARK: Okay. But that's another example of where small cells are now being really deployed outside of what was traditionally for an in-building environment or a stadium or something like that, is that right, this is all outdoor?

THE WITNESS (Maxson): Yes. And that's consistent with other applications. I've certainly seen them in states around Connecticut where carriers like AT&T are looking to, the term they use is densify their service at places where people tend to congregate such as platforms and outdoor locations, shopping areas, that sort of thing.

MR. ROSEMARK: So they don't -- so AT&T does not actually need a third party to help build them a tower, they could go out and put these small cells in on their own, so to speak, and provide the same coverage, if they so desired?

THE WITNESS (Maxson): Yes, although I would say not necessarily the same coverage, more effectively targeted coverage because they could cover the entire length of Route 341 and all the residential areas connecting to it in a way that a single proposed tower cannot.

MR. ROSEMARK: Okay. Great. Now, assuming for the moment that small cells were not approved as an alternative technology here and a tower was approved, in your opinion, what would be the height that would be necessary to provide that coverage while balancing it with the environment and the ridgeline that you talked about and preserving those characteristics?

THE WITNESS (Maxson): Well, it's not much of a balance. I provided to the record a map showing the changes in coverage between an 80 foot height and a 150 foot height, I think I used, and it's not significant. AT&T could provide a substantial amount of coverage from an 80 foot

height at either Bald Hill or Richards Road.

MR. ROSEMARK: Okay. Could you give me one moment? Let me just check my notes. (Pause)
That's all the questions I have, Mr. Maxson.

THE WITNESS (Maxson): Thank you, sir.

MR. ROSEMARK: That's all the questions
I have for the intervenors.

MR. SILVESTRI: Very good. Thank you, Attorney Rosemark.

One thing I wanted to bring up just so there's no, shall we say, confusion. When we're talking about small cell approval, it could fall into either PURA or it could fall into the Siting Council, again, depending on the location that's involved. I didn't want to have the impression that it was just PURA that would approve the small cells.

MR. FISHER: Chairman, this is Attorney Fisher. I know we can't recross, but I did have one procedural point I wanted to make. The witness testified regarding Petition 809 and a DAS network along the Merritt. I believe the testimony was that it was built and being used by carriers. It's my understanding that that network was never built. I know that the petition was --

administrative notice was taken of that petition.

I'd certainly like to see if the records at the

Siting Council on that notice have any evidence to

confirm that point that that was not built and

it's not a network that provides service along the

Merritt.

MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you, Attorney
Fisher. You actually didn't let me finish because
I had two other points to bring up, one of them
being that my understanding also was that that
wasn't built. I'm going to get verification on
that from Attorney Bachman in a second just to
clear that part.

The other thing I wanted to bring up was that a lot of the 19-163 that we had referenced was for 5G.

But I'd like to ask Attorney Bachman if she could also give me her understanding as to whether that was built or not. Attorney Bachman.

MS. BACHMAN: Thank you, Mr. Silvestri. Petition No. 809, the Extenet Systems distributed antenna system along the Merritt Parkway, was approved in 2007. However, they owed us a D&M plan, and we never got one. The actual project was never constructed. Thank you.

1	MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you for that
2	clarification, Attorney Bachman. And thank you
3	also, Attorney Fisher and Attorney Rosemark.
4	I'd like to continue with
5	cross-examination going back to Council members,
б	starting with Mr. Mercier.
7	MR. MERCIER: I have no questions.
8	Thank you.
9	MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you. Just going
10	down the line for other Council members. Mr.
11	Morissette, any other questions?
12	MR. MORISSETTE: I have no further
13	questions. Thank you.
14	MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you. Mr. Harder.
15	MR. HARDER: No questions.
16	MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you. Mr. Hannon.
17	MR. HANNON: I have no questions.
18	Thank you.
19	MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you. Ms.
20	Guliuzza.
21	MS. GULIUZZA: No questions. Thank
22	you.
23	MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you. Mr.
24	Edelson.
25	MR. EDELSON: Yes. I'd like to know if

I could ask Mr. Maxson, the Chilmark DAS system I think we saw was built in 2012. Could you comment on what changes have happened since 2012 to small cell technology as far as the actual units? I'm assuming that what you would be recommending we build today, whether somebody was to go into Chilmark and replicate that system, or we were to do this in Kent, would be different technology than was available in 2012. But I was wondering if you could characterize what those differences might be.

THE WITNESS (Maxson): Sure. Thank
you. Yes, in 2012, the sort of going method,
because we were still heavily locked into
third-generation technology, was the distributed
antenna system which I described in one of my
reports as a sort of brute force method of having
a base station locally, converting the radio waves
to light, moving them across a fiber to a node,
and then converting them back to radio waves.

4G and now 5G technologies are much more sophisticated about that and make it much simpler. So that now what we're seeing are companies like AT&T are installing their own nodes where they want them, and they don't need to have

a base station hotel or a fiber backbone to get to them. At the same time, the places where there are distributed antenna systems, the distributed antenna system owner/operators are providing capabilities that if the carrier wants can mimic the new small cell approach even though it's on a distributed antenna system.

So functionally, what's available now that wasn't available, you know, eight years ago is the fact that a wireless carrier can just pick up and order small cell locations on utility poles from a local utility and make it happen without having to have an intermediary or a base station hotel nearby.

MR. EDELSON: Actually, I was really thinking in a different direction, and I was thinking about issues that we deal with of capacity and coverage, or I should say -- yeah, coverage and capacity. I guess I reversed them -- what a particular -- we saw of the network from the newspaper article in 2012. Is the technology available today such that you would need fewer nodes because each node has got more capacity or more coverage capability?

THE WITNESS (Maxson): Yeah, I don't

think there's a direct connection there. It depends on what you're using a node for. In those situations where they're using a node to provide capacity offload, for instance, at a shopping center, they would specifically use high frequencies and then have the macrocell as the backup. But in locations where they're providing coverage and capacity, they would put their 700 megahertz and their 800 megahertz and their 2 gigahertz services all on that node and provide as much capacity from that node as possible.

MR. EDELSON: My other question, and one of the things we know, or lately almost too aware of, is that trees grow. And I'm wondering if -- and I know the trees around Kent grow. Have we seen or are you aware of your conversations with the town supervisor, or whatever his title was, in Chilmark, have they to had to relocate their small cells to higher -- to different heights to increase the height because of the growth of trees affected the ability of the cell to communicate with people at ground level or wherever they are? Did you discuss whether or not the network had to be modified to account for tree growth?

1 THE WITNESS (Maxson): With whom? 2 MR. EDELSON: Chilmark. 3 THE WITNESS (Maxson): With Chilmark, 4 no. 5 MR. EDELSON: Okay. Thank you, 6 Mr. Chairman. I think that's all my questions. 7 MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you, Mr. Edelson. 8 I'd just like to turn now to Mr. Lynch to see if 9 he had any other questions. Mr. Lynch. 10 MR. LYNCH: Just a clarification, 11 Mr. Chairman. 12 MR. SILVESTRI: Go ahead. 13 MR. LYNCH: To Mr. Maxson, did I hear 14 you correctly when you stated that the small cells 15 or DAS that are on telephone poles do not have to 16 be linked to a base cell tower? 17 THE WITNESS (Maxson): That's correct. If they're using these cloud access node 18 19 configurations, they don't need to be brought back 20 to a local base station. 21 MR. LYNCH: Thank you. That's all, Mr. 22 Chairman. 23 MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you, Mr. Lynch. 24 And thank you, Mr. Maxson, as well. I'm not going 25 to ask you anymore cloud questions because we had

1 talked about that the last time we were together. 2 So thank you. 3 THE WITNESS (Maxson): Thank you, sir. 4 MR. SILVESTRI: I'd like to continue 5 now with the appearance by the Town of Kent. And 6 would the party present the Kent Conservation 7 Commission Chair Connie Manes for the purpose of 8 taking the oath? 9 And Attorney Bachman, when you're 10 ready, would you administer the oath? 11 MANES, CONNIE Α. 12 called as a witness, being first duly sworn 13 by Ms. Bachman, was examined and testified on 14 her oath as follows: 15 MS. BACHMAN: Thank you. 16 MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you, both. Can 17 we please begin by verifying the exhibit by the appropriate sworn witness? And I believe this is 18 19 number 4 on our hearing program. 20 MR. CASAGRANDE: Yes, Mr. Chairman. This is Dan Casagrande. I believe it's Exhibit 21 22 B-4 which is Ms. Mane's prefiled testimony. 23 MR. SILVESTRI: That is correct, yes. 24 MR. CASAGRANDE: May I proceed? 25 MR. SILVESTRI: Oh, yes, please. Thank

1 you. 2 MR. CASAGRANDE: Thank you. 3 DIRECT EXAMINATION 4 MR. CASAGRANDE: Good afternoon, Ms. 5 Manes. 6 THE WITNESS (Manes): Good afternoon. 7 MR. CASAGRANDE: Did you prepare and 8 submit prefile testimony in this proceeding which 9 is designated as Exhibit B-4 in today's hearing 10 program? 11 THE WITNESS (Manes): Was that the 12 letter dated December 12, 2019? 13 MR. CASAGRANDE: Yes. 14 THE WITNESS (Manes): Yes, I did. 15 MR. CASAGRANDE: And your testimony 16 actually attached a December, I believe December 17 12, 2019 letter from you as chairperson of the 18 Conservation Commission to the Board of Selectmen, 19 correct? 20 THE WITNESS (Manes): Yes. 21 MR. CASAGRANDE: And did that letter 22 summarize the concerns and comments of the Conservation Commission about the proposed cell 23 24 tower locations proposed in this proceeding? 25 THE WITNESS (Manes): Yes, it did.

1	MR. CASAGRANDE: Is it true and
2	accurate are the comments true and accurate to
3	the best of your knowledge?
4	THE WITNESS (Manes): Yes, they are.
5	MR. CASAGRANDE: Do you wish to make
6	any clarifications or additions or subtractions to
7	the comments or any part of Exhibit B-4?
8	THE WITNESS (Manes): No, I don't.
9	MR. CASAGRANDE: And you wish to offer
10	that as your testimony in this case?
11	THE WITNESS (Manes): Yes.
12	MR. CASAGRANDE: Mr. Presiding Officer,
13	I'll offer the testimony, and I open the witness
14	up to cross-examination.
15	MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you, Attorney
16	Casagrande.
17	Does any party or intervenor object to
18	the admission of the town's exhibit? Attorney
19	Fisher.
20	MR. FISHER: No, Chairman. Thank you.
21	MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you. Attorney
22	Ainsworth.
23	MR. AINSWORTH: No, sir. Thank you.
24	MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you also. And
25	Attorney DiPentima and Attorney Rybak.

1 MR. RYBAK: No objection. 2 MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you. The exhibit 3 is therefore admitted. 4 (Town of Kent's Exhibit III-B-4: 5 Received in evidence - described in index.) 6 MR. SILVESTRI: Now I'd like to begin 7 cross-examination of the town's witness, Ms. 8 Manes, by the Council, starting with Mr. Mercier, 9 please. 10 MR. MERCIER: I have no questions. 11 Thank you. 12 MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you, Mr. Mercier. 13 Turning now to Mr. Morissette. 14 MR. MORISSETTE: Thank you, Mr. 15 Silvestri. 16 CROSS-EXAMINATION 17 MR. MORISSETTE: Ms. Manes, I have a 18 clarification I'd like you to address, if 19 possible. It seems we have a conflict in 20 testimony relating to the Horizonline Conservation District. And Mr. Winter seemed to testify that 21 22 the Bald Hill site was within the Horizonline 23 Conservation District, and the applicant provided 24 testimony and evidence that it was not relating to 25 the Bald Hill site. Could you shed some light on

that for me, if you could?

THE WITNESS (Manes): I will try to.

Prior to the hearing I pulled up the POCD, so I want to check. I don't think the maps were attached to it. With appropriate time, I could make reference to that map, but my understanding was also that the Bald Hill was within the Horizonline District.

MR. MORISSETTE: The map that the applicant provided in their response to interrogatory Set One, I believe it was, there was a map attached, and it appears that the site is very close to the district. Now, given that it may or may not be, but given your testimony it is, the significance of it being where it is and the methodology in which you define the horizon belts, it appears that it would deem to be within the 1,000 feet area anyway. Am I looking at that properly?

THE WITNESS (Manes): You know, it's interesting that you bring that up because as I was reviewing the December letter that was just admitted into evidence, you know, I'm looking at the methodology, and this is, you know, really a Planning and Zoning Board matter, but the footnote

makes reference to the Horizonline District being drawn to capture structures that could be seen at a 35 foot height. So, I mean, you know, to the extent that a structure can and can't be built within the Horizonline District, that's really a P&Z matter.

For my -- the perspective of my testimony as the Kent Conservation Commission, you know, speaking to the extreme care of our community and townspeople and enacting regulations and policies and planning documents that really protect the rural character of our town, it seems to be a moot point because without a doubt these structures can be seen quite readily from our public roads. I don't know if that answers your question.

MR. MORISSETTE: No, that's very helpful. Thank you. My interpretation is, is that it may or may not specifically be within the defined Horizonline District, but nonetheless, because of the height of the structure and the 1,000 feet of the ridgeline, it certainly is deemed to have an impact. Thank you very much. That's the only question I have.

MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you, Mr.

1 Morissette. I'd like to turn now to Mr. Harder to 2 continue cross-examination. 3 MR. HARDER: No questions. Thank you. 4 MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you, Mr. Harder. 5 Mr. Hannon. 6 MR. HANNON: I have no questions. 7 Thank you. 8 MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you, Mr. Hannon. 9 I'd like to turn now to Ms. Guliuzza. 10 MS. GULIUZZA: Yes. I just have a few 11 questions regarding your statement. You indicate 12 that in leaf-off conditions that there is 13 visibility from the Appalachian Trail and other 14 public trails in Kent and others in other towns as 15 well and also from Lake Waramaug. How did you 16 reach those conclusions? 17 THE WITNESS (Manes): I looked at the 18 maps presented by the applicant to make my 19 assumptions about whether or not you could see these towers. My video just went out. I hope you 20 21 can still hear me. 22 MS. GULIUZZA: I can hear you. 23 THE WITNESS (Manes): I don't know why that happened. I'm sorry. In any case -- oh, and 24 25 here I am. I'm sorry, I'm very disconcerted with

the way that the grid is shifting in the Zoom.

In any case, without the towers, I
mean, it's hard to see unless you went out up to
all of the trails during the balloon floats
exactly what you would see and when. But we've
all at this point seen the photos of places nearby
from public roads where you can see the towers,
and I would stand by my conclusion that, you know,
to different degrees of magnitude you would see
the tower from points on the Appalachian Trail and
certainly from some public trails over in
Washington that look out over Lake Waramaug.

MS. GULIUZZA: And are there other public trails in Kent?

THE WITNESS (Manes): There are many.

MS. GULIUZZA: And do you know approximately how many?

THE WITNESS (Manes): No. There is a book of all Kent trails, and I believe that there are 24 described in that book, but that book also talks about sections of the Appalachian Trail. So it really depends on how you slice and dice it, but many trails. This is, you know, of course, one of the things that keep our town economy stable is that Kent is a very attractive area for

1 public recreation and hiking and boating. 2 MS. GULIUZZA: And is that what you 3 meant when you said that Kent depends on scenic aspects as an economic driver? 4 5 THE WITNESS (Manes): Yes. Not only 6 the public recreation, of course, but you've 7 probably seen that for years running we made 8 Yankee Magazine's you know, top places to view the 9 foliage. And so, you know, I mean, if any of you 10 were in the Town of Kent last Sunday, there were 11 many people in town visiting for the day just 12 having a good time at our restaurants and enjoying 13 the fall air. 14 MS. GULIUZZA: Okay. Thank you. Ι 15 have no further questions, Mr. Silvestri. 16 MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you, 17 Ms. Guliuzza. 18 I'd like to turn now to Mr. Edelson to 19 continue cross-examination. 20 MR. EDELSON: Yes. Ms. Manes, I think 21 I understood what was in the memorandum, but I'm 22 wondering has the Conservation Commission 23 considered the two sites and made a determination 24 of a preference between the two sites that are

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proposed by the applicant?

THE WITNESS (Manes): I don't really think that is, you know, even a fair thing to be doing with this application. You know, I think it's tricky, if you will, but, you know, the application is for a cell tower. Both of those sites are problematic for the reasons that I stated in my letter, and the Conservation Commission does not have a preference for one over the other. We have a preference for none.

MR. EDELSON: Okay. So just to be clear, no conversation about the two sites, it's just from your point of view just whether or not there should be a cell tower in that area versus not a cell tower?

THE WITNESS (Manes): There was no conversation comparing the two sites and making any kind of a value judgment of one over the other. The conversation was about the impact to our community and rural character that having a tower in that area would have.

MR. EDELSON: Now, related to that and the prior question by Ms. Guliuzza, have you, has the Town of Kent done any survey of people who come to visit whether or not they would no longer or they would reduce their visitation as tourists

to come to Kent if there was a cell tower?

THE WITNESS (Manes): I have not done that kind of a survey. Our commission has not done that kind of a survey. But the Planning and Zoning Board's documents, including our town POCD, clearly indicate that they believe that protection of the rural and scenic character of our town is essential to maintaining that level of visitation and to maintaining the quality of life for our residents and the people who work in our town.

MR. EDELSON: The survey --

THE WITNESS (Manes): So it wouldn't have been a survey that we would undertake because it's already written into our town plan as a given.

MR. EDELSON: Well, but your comment says that if -- the implication of your comment or your answer before was if there was a cell tower built, people would no longer come to Kent in the current numbers that do, and that would affect the economic vitality of the town. So that's why that particular item of one, or I think what we heard in prior testimony probably two towers would need to be built to meet the coverage needs identified

by the applicant as well as emergency service people who work for the town.

THE WITNESS (Manes): I don't know that I exactly said that I thought people would stop coming to town if there was a tower here. I did say that our townspeople have said in their planning documents, and I agree with this, that maintaining the rural and scenic character of the town is essential to maintaining the economic vitality that we get based on rec tourism and tourism to our town that is due to its scenic aspects. So I do believe that. I don't think that I said the negative which is that people would stop coming. Maybe more people would pass right through town because they could get a signal on 341 now.

MR. EDELSON: Okay. I agree that you believe that, but as a commissioner I need to see, or I want to see, data that would show that the rural character of the community would be impacted. Everyone has an opinion, but I'm just -- but I think you've answered the question which is that there is not statistical survey type data to indicate there would be that kind of an impact.

1 THE WITNESS (Manes): I think given 2 time, we could present that data. Are you 3 suggesting that we take that time? 4 MR. EDELSON: No. I'm just asking if 5 it exists. We have to make a decision. 6 THE WITNESS (Manes): We could produce 7 that data given time because I do believe it. 8 MR. EDELSON: Thank you, Mr. Silvestri. No further questions. 9 10 MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you, Mr. Edelson. 11 I'd like to continue with Mr. Lynch, 12 please. 13 MR. LYNCH: No questions, Mr. Chairman. 14 MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you, Mr. Lynch. 15 I believe those are all the questions 16 that we have from the Siting Council. And I'd 17 like to continue with cross-examination --18 actually, let me just back up. 19 Mr. Mercier, did you have any follow-up 20 question? 21 MR. MERCIER: Yes, Mr. Silvestri. Ι 22 just want to ask one question regarding the 23 development of the Plan of Conservation and 24 Development. I understand you came up with 25 horizon line districts and you want to protect the scenic roads and you want to protect trails, hiking trails and potential visibility, seasonal visibility through the trees of potential towers.

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Was there any analysis conducted as to where in eastern Kent a tower actually could go that would meet criteria such as protecting roads, horizon lines and trails?

THE WITNESS (Manes): You know, it's interesting that you mention that because, of course, in preparation for this hearing I went back to the POCD and I read it quite carefully. And frankly, the issue of telecommunications doesn't come up until more than halfway through the document. And that to me is evidence of just how much, you know, the idea of improved telecommunications is subordinated in our town by our community. And of course the POCD was developed after doing a town-wide survey and with all of the input from all of the various municipal boards. So it was, you know, very much a public sourced document reflecting the needs and desires of our town.

In any case, when telecommunications finally does get mentioned, it really is mentioned in the context of economic development in our

village center. And so the entire discussion of telecommunications is really related to connectivity down in the town center in our business district making it more possible for people to have businesses and for people who are coming and visiting to have a nice time within our village center which is where you park and get out and walk around as opposed to up in 341 which is really, you know, that highway itself is just a means of getting from one town to another and, of course, is surrounded entirely by residential districts where there are roads at all.

So in answer to your question, there was no study done with respect to, you know, the appropriate places for cell towers in our town.

And I assume that the absences that -- you know, that's not what our community was thinking with respect to cell service.

The emergency services question is another very interesting one. It doesn't appear at all in our POCD. And so, you know, to me I'm not sure if that means that people weren't worried about emergency services connectivity. Certainly, the Conservation Commission has now in our letter, as you've seen, recommended to the town that it

undertake a study, trying to figure out where we need -- you know, where the optimal places are for structures so that we could improve our emergency services. And we will make sure, given our role, that that is taken up with the development of the next POCD, which is due next year. So I hope that answers your question.

MR. MERCIER: Yes. I guess I was going to ask, but you just answered, the previous one was written in 2012, and you had town-wide input, so I assume for the 2022 update you're going to also do town-wide input as to what telecommunication needs the residents in the eastern part of town would like, correct?

THE WITNESS (Manes): I would make that assumption. I would not be in charge of that process, but I would make the assumption that that would, you know, that they would follow the same format.

And, you know, I guess one thing I left out of my previous answer is that, you know, in our POCD it's also quite clear, you know, but, again, in the latter half, after the town gets talking about everything that it wants to do to preserve the rural character and scenic character

here, the town on page 45 made clear that it should have an ongoing role in cell tower siting, and the town should not approve, that cell tower application should not be approved without comment from our various town departments. So clearly, although they haven't undertaken any kind of a study about where cell tower service or where cell service was needed, they wanted to make sure that they had an ongoing role in the future siting of any cell towers.

MR. MERCIER: Thank you. Have you read the fire department, volunteer fire department comments that were submitted as part of this record?

THE WITNESS (Manes): I did, but probably back in August.

MR. MERCIER: All right. Thank you on that. Also, when you developed the 2012 POCD, you said you did some types of surveys where the residents didn't really seem to want telecommunications out in the eastern part of town. How was that survey conducted, was that mailers to every resident out there, or was it just a public notice in the paper where people wrote in if they saw it? How was that conducted?

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MR. MERCIER: Okay. Thank you. I have no other questions. Thank you very much.

MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you, Mr. Mercier.

THE WITNESS (Manes): That wasn't my job within the town. I didn't really have a direct role in doing that survey. I also, you know, I think I said that it didn't appear, that telecommunications didn't really appear in, you know, what was said about that survey in the POCD. My recollection, having been part, you know, of providing commentary for the POCD, is that there was a survey that may have been emailed or SurveyMonkey, something like that, and that there were a number, you know, maybe ten or more, focus groups that all of the town commissions and boards were invited to, you know, to submit their thoughts and to help in creating parts of the POCD, and that the POCD itself was presented in draft form and finally at a town meeting before it was fully adopted.

So I think it was very well vetted among the community and that the design of, you know, soliciting community feedback was pretty thorough, from what I recall being on the other side of it.

1 I'd like to continue with cross-examination of the town's witness by the 2 3 applicants, and Attorney Fisher, please. 4 MR. FISHER: Yes. Thank you, Chairman. 5 I do have a few questions. 6 Good afternoon. I wanted to focus on 7 some of your comments just now with Mr. Mercier 8 regarding the POCD. Did you yourself draft the 9 POCD, or was that something that you reviewed with 10 regard to your testimony? 11 THE WITNESS (Manes): Neither. I did 12 not draft the POCD, but I didn't wait until 13 preparing for my testimony to review it. 14 reviewed it many times during its formation and 15 before it was adopted, and I've reviewed it many 16 times since. 17 MR. FISHER: So you were involved back 18 in 2012 as part of the typical POCD process? 19 THE WITNESS (Manes): Yes, I was. 20 MR. FISHER: And that process is 21 administered by the Planning and Zoning 22 Commission; is it not? 23 THE WITNESS (Manes): Yes. 24 MR. FISHER: And your testimony just 25 before seemed to give some priority to that which

shows up in a POCD earlier in the document versus later in the document; is that correct?

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THE WITNESS (Manes): Yes.

MR. FISHER: Doesn't a POCD have several elements under state statute that a planning and zoning commission must address in it's entirety?

THE WITNESS (Manes): Maybe. МУ comments were more driven by when I read it looking at what was prioritized in the introduction and how the POCD was presented in that introduction, you know, as opposed to the mere order, you know, that one might follow if they had a recipe for a POCD. It's clear, and, you know, I just, if you read it, I started to make a note of how often the scenic rural character of our town was mentioned in the POCD, and it was like every page. I mean, you know, there were pages here and there where it wasn't mentioned, but I left off because it just wasn't -- it's like you get hammered over the head because this is so important to our townspeople.

MR. FISHER: Well, and as a conservation commission that's naturally your focus, correct?

1 THE WITNESS (Manes): Maybe. 2 MR. FISHER: So maybe you didn't read 3 with such attention some of the other parts of the 4 POCD. 5 THE WITNESS (Manes): No, I read it 6 all. 7 MR. FISHER: So did you read on page 33 8 that one of the town's goals was continuing to support the advancement of telecommunications 9 10 services in the community? 11 THE WITNESS (Manes): Let me go to page 12 33. 33 in the PDF or 33 in the actual document? 13 MR. FISHER: Page 33 of the plan 14 itself. 15 THE WITNESS (Manes): Okay. So give me 16 a moment to get there. So this is one of the 17 pages summarizing the goals, so it's a summary of 18 the section that precedes it which talks about, 19 that whole section which begins on -- that whole 20 section begins on actually page 19, and it's the 21 section in the menu maybe, if you will, about

guide our community's development. So it is the section of the report that talks about ways that we can support economic development in our

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community.

And that section goes through things like the Kent Village Center, as I said, which is really the primary area in our town where we think development is appropriate, including industrial development. There's quite a bit about sidewalks and parking and streetscapes. And yes, in that section there is a small component that deals with telecommunications in the context of the village center. And it says the town should support enhancement of these services wherever possible, however, the town should -- and it's underscored. This is on page 25 -- carefully evaluate proposed locations in siting of telecommunications towers or other major facilities to prevent or mitigate -- so prevent would be first, or mitigate, if you couldn't prevent -- environmental and scenic impacts.

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MR. FISHER: So you used the word "small," but there is a reference, actually, within the document itself, dated as it is, that talks about telecommunications and advancements, including tower facilities; is there not?

THE WITNESS (Manes): There is a small section limited to telecommunications development in our village center as it impacts businesses in

our town, not people driving through on one of our state highways.

MR. FISHER: So for you does the fact that it's a state highway have less importance for purposes of service to the community?

THE WITNESS (Manes): State highway, road, you know, that to me is meaningful for emergency services, for telecommunications, for cell connectivity. The POCD is pretty clear that it's focused on how that improves connectivity down in our village center where people conduct business.

And just as a driver, you know, I know that that small section of Route 341 isn't really going to help me make a phone call, not that I conduct business in my car, but if I were to, just simply having more connectivity on that small stretch of 341 isn't going to do anything meaningful for me. I could have a 30 minute -- a 30 second, that is, conversation with somebody if I called right at the right time.

MR. FISHER: But that might not be true for someone who per se had an accident, the local emergency services had to respond, it might depend on FirstNet frequencies in order to provide first

responsible respon

responder care, that might be a different scenario than what you just described for yourself personally, right?

MR. CASAGRANDE: Objection. It calls for speculation.

MR. SILVESTRI: Sustained. Please move on, Attorney Fisher.

MR. FISHER: Just as far as the POCD, I know you were testifying earlier that there haven't been any surveys. Do you think that the town might do some surveys in the next round if it's up and due for a new look?

there hadn't been any surveys. I said that the surveys did not return any answers that indicated a demand for increased telecommunication service. I think that given this hearing and the outcry from the community, that the town would be wise to do a survey in its next iteration of the POCD and particularly to study where emergency services facilities were needed, to give our town the maximal coverage that it needs rather than just waiting for someone to propose something that makes an incremental difference.

MR. FISHER: Thank you, Chairman. I

1 have no further questions. 2 MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you, Attorney 3 Fisher. 4 I'd like to continue cross-examination 5 of the town's witness by PDA, SRA and Lakeside by 6 Attorney Ainsworth, please. 7 MR. AINSWORTH: Mr. Chairman, we have 8 no questions for this witness. Thank you. 9 MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you, Attorney 10 Ainsworth. 11 And to continue with cross-examination 12 of the town's witness by BHRN, Bald Hill Road 13 Neighbors Association, with Attorney DiPentima and 14 Attorney Rybak, please. 15 MR. RYBAK: Yes. Thank you, Mr. 16 Chairman, a few questions. 17 Ms. Manes, is it your testimony then 18 that a tower on Site A or Site B would have a 19 substantial negative impact on, let's say, the 20 natural environment, scenic, historic, 21 recreational values, trails, lakes, all the things 22 we've been talking about so far; is that right? 23 THE WITNESS (Manes): Yes. 24 MR. RYBAK: And how does it have such 25 an impact?

THE WITNESS (Manes): Well, I think, you know, as I stated in my letter and in this testimony today that the scenic and rural character of our town is top most in terms of priorities for planning and development in our town. And so, you know, specifically having development in an area that is scenic, that is, you know, part of an area that is protected, you know, with respect to the ridgelines that is, you know, near to scenic lakes and trails and all of that, that having that kind of development in this area would significantly impact the preservation of that rural and scenic character in our town that has been so underscored and stressed in all of our planning documents.

MR. RYBAK: You mentioned a little earlier a Horizonline Conservation Overlay

District. What is the importance of that district briefly?

THE WITNESS (Manes): You know, I have to say that I was not involved in town government when the Horizonline District was -- when that work was done and when that regulation was enacted. To me, it affords a level of protection to our ridgelines that, you know, is really, you

know, unique in many ways to the Town of Kent, and it is looked upon by other towns as, you know, as one way that we are leading the effort to protect the rural character in this region generally.

You know, the products of the Conservation Commission that I really can speak to in more detail are the Natural Resources Inventory which, of course, was incorporated into the POCD, and the Town Character Study which, you know, goes all the way back to 1990 but has been updated to really call out areas of our town that are significant, and to the ongoing job of the Conservation Commission to, you know, to keep an eye on and catalogue our open space in our resource protection. So I'm sorry that I can't be that specific on the horizon line, and I'm hopeful that you did ask those questions of Matt Winter from P&Z.

MR. RYBAK: Are you familiar on the Conservation Commission with the least long-range visual effect standard, is that a standard you have?

THE WITNESS (Manes): No. I think that that is verbiage in my letter, but not a term of art, if that's where you're getting that from.

1 MR. RYBAK: So what did you mean by 2 that exactly then? 3 THE WITNESS (Manes): So the idea here, 4 and, you know, I do want to get back to my 5 testimony that a tower is not appropriate in 6 either location, that any siting of 7 telecommunications infrastructure in the Town of 8 Kent should be done with an eye towards 9 mitigating, if you will, kind of going back again 10 to the POCD, that if you can't prevent an impact 11 that you should cause an impact that is least 12 disruptive. So that to me is our duty within the 13 town to mitigate the scenic impact and the impact 14 to the rural character of our town if 15 telecommunications structures are needed. 16 MR. RYBAK: So is it your testimony 17 that either a tower at Site A or Site B would not 18 meet the goals of the Plan of Conservation and 19 Development? 20 THE WITNESS (Manes): That is my 21 testimony. 22 MR. RYBAK: Are you familiar with any 23 scenic road ordinance in the Town of Kent? 24 THE WITNESS (Manes): I am. 25 And how does that relate to MR. RYBAK:

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the siting of towers, say, at Site A or Site B? THE WITNESS (Manes): The way that that relates to me is that our town has taken measures to protect the experience that one has while driving through town. And though neither Richards Road nor Bald Hill Road are town designated scenic roads, the town is certainly interested in the impact to one's experience when driving along any road in the Town of Kent. And so consistent with regulations like the horizon line district and the scenic road ordinance, you know, the POCD's directives to strongly consider the impacts and to make decisions consistent with the citizens' will to protect the rural character of the town would mean that you would look to mitigate the impact of any towers on the scenery and on the rural

MR. RYBAK: I think you mentioned something else in your testimony, the Natural and Cultural Resources Inventory; is that correct? THE WITNESS (Manes): Yes.

MR. RYBAK: What is that, and if you could briefly, how does it relate to the siting of a tower, say, at Site A or Site B?

THE WITNESS (Manes): That is a study

prepared, and this is a statutory directive. The State of Connecticut, when it authorized the creation of conservation commissions in the municipalities, one of the things that it tasked conservation commissions with doing is taking inventory of the natural resources and open space resources in the town. And so we did do that. And the resulting document actually also, you know, looks at the cultural resources in our town. So it's an inventory of, you know, soup to nuts of the town's natural resources from geology to recreational trails to scenic drives to those town character areas to our lakes and waters, our forests, our wildlife, et cetera.

The way that that relates to me, I mean, it is not a document about cell towers in our town, but it is a document that was incorporated into the POCD. The Planning and Zoning Commission adopted it in its entirety as, you know, an advisory document to help it, you know, employ policies and regulations that were consistent with the town's planning, you know, again, going back to the town's very careful planning with, you know, the communities' input to protect the natural and scenic resources that give

1 our town the character that it has. 2 MR. RYBAK: Thank you. 3 MR. DiPENTIMA: I just have one 4 question. Ms. Manes, given the testimony that 5 I've heard thus far from you, is it true that the 6 small cell technology addresses all the concerns 7 you've discussed? 8 THE WITNESS (Manes): You know, I can't 9 say that I was here for all of the testimony on 10 the small cell. It seems to me that the small 11 cell technology would be one way to mitigate 12 impact of, you know, telecommunications 13 structures. It seems to me if it's true that the 14 height of those facilities would make them less 15 disruptive of the scenic and rural character that 16 that, you know, again, could be a mitigating 17 factor, but I didn't -- I wasn't here for the 18 totality of the testimony, so I don't really want 19 to go beyond that. 20 MR. DiPENTIMA: Thank you, 21 Mr. Chairman. 22 Thank you. Nothing MR. RYBAK: 23 further. 24 MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you, Attorney 25 DiPentima. Thank you, Attorney Rybak. And thank

1 you, Ms. Manes. 2 We're at a decent break point, I think, 3 that we could go stretch our legs. Why don't we take about, oh, a little over 15 minutes, come 4 5 back here about five minutes after 4, and we'll 6 continue at that time with the appearance by the 7 applicant. So we'll see you in a few minutes. 8 Thank you. 9 (Whereupon, a recess was taken from 10 3:48 p.m. until 4:05 p.m.) 11 MR. SILVESTRI: Okay. Ladies and 12 gentlemen, I do have 4:05. We're back in session. 13 And we will continue with the appearance of the 14 applicants, Homeland Towers and AT&T, to verify 15 the new exhibit that has been submitted, and this 16 is marked as Roman numeral II, Item B, number 15 17 on our hearing program. 18 MR. CASAGRANDE: Mr. Chairman, I'm 19 sorry. Dan Casagrande. Sorry to interrupt. 20 I ask that Ms. Manes be excused as a witness at 21 this point? 22 MR. SILVESTRI: Granted. 23 MR. CASAGRANDE: Thank you. 24 (Whereupon, Ms. Manes was excused.) 25 MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you. I'11

1 continue. Attorney Fisher, could you please begin by identifying the new exhibit you have filed in 2 3 this matter and verifying the exhibit by the 4 appropriate sworn witness? 5 MR. FISHER: Yes. Thank you, Chairman. 6 The exhibit is dated August 26, 2020. It is 7 titled a Late-File exhibit by the co-applicants. 8 It has several exhibits to it, and it's two pages 9 in length. 10 Two witnesses, who are already sworn, I 11 believe, Mr. Libertine and Martin Lavin. 12 Mr. Lavin is remote. I believe his video camera 13 he's having difficulty with, but he is available 14 by audio. 15 MICHAEL LIBERTINE, 16 MARTIN LAVIN, 17 RAYMOND VERGATI, 18 having been previously duly sworn (remotely) 19 continued to testify on their oath as 20 follows: 21 DIRECT EXAMINATION 22 MR. FISHER: I would ask both of the 23 witnesses, did you prepare and assist in the 24 preparation of the document that's been so 25 identified?

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               THE WITNESS (Lavin): Martin Lavin.
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   Yes.
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               THE WITNESS (Libertine): Mike
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   Libertine. Yes.
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               MR. FISHER: And in preparing for your
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    continued testimony here today, have you reviewed
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    the document?
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               THE WITNESS (Lavin): Martin Lavin.
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   Yes.
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               THE WITNESS (Libertine): Mike
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   Libertine.
              Yes.
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               MR. FISHER: Do you have any
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   corrections or modifications that need to be made
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    to the document?
               THE WITNESS (Lavin): Martin Lavin.
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               THE WITNESS (Libertine): Mike
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   Libertine. No.
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               MR. FISHER: And is it true and
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    accurate to the best of your belief?
               THE WITNESS (Lavin): Martin Lavin.
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               THE WITNESS (Libertine): Mike
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    Libertine.
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               MR. FISHER: And do you adopt it as
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1 part of your testimony in Docket 488? 2 THE WITNESS (Lavin): Martin Lavin. 3 Yes. 4 THE WITNESS (Libertine): Mike 5 Libertine. Yes. 6 MR. FISHER: Chairman, I'd ask that it 7 be accepted as evidence at this time. 8 MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you, Attorney 9 Fisher. 10 Does any party or intervenor object to 11 the admission of the applicants' new exhibit? 12 I'll start with Attorney Ainsworth. 13 MR. AINSWORTH: No objection, sir. 14 MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you, Attorney 15 Ainsworth. 16 Attorney DiPentima and Attorney Rybak. 17 MR. DiPENTIMA: No objection, 18 Mr. Chairman. 19 MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you also. And 20 Attorney Casagrande and Attorney Rosemark. 21 I have one objection, MR. ROSEMARK: 22 Presiding Officer Silvestri, with regard to sub 23 bullet C with regard to the date of the initial 24 search ring that was issued by AT&T. 25 MR. SILVESTRI: How about we use that

1 for cross-examination when the time comes? 2 MR. ROSEMARK: Okay. 3 Fair enough? MR. SILVESTRI: 4 MR. ROSEMARK: Sure. 5 MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you. Anything 6 else? 7 MR. ROSEMARK: Nothing. 8 MR. SILVESTRI: Very good. All right. 9 We'll admit that exhibit. 10 (Applicants' Exhibit II-B-15: Received 11 in evidence - described in index.) 12 MR. SILVESTRI: And we'll continue with 13 cross-examination of the applicants, and this is 14 strictly on the August 26, 2020 Late-Filed 15 exhibit, and we'll start with the Council, and Mr. 16 Mercier. 17 CROSS-EXAMINATION MR. MERCIER: Thank you. I have a 18 19 question for Mr. Libertine regarding the new photo 20 simulations that were submitted into the record. 21 I just want -- during the previous hearings, we 22 talked a little bit about a monopine application. 23 I just want to know your thoughts as to what a 24 monopine application might look like from certain 25 sensitive areas for both sites. If you have any

information, that would be great.

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THE WITNESS (Libertine): Sure. Good afternoon. I don't think my position has really changed from some of the previous testimony. think in this case the incorporation of a monopine design here doesn't really get us to the end point for what those particular structures are really designed to do, which is to blend in and be in context, and primarily for two reasons here. One is we do have a height that's above the treeline, and, in addition, in most cases throughout the area we have a mixed deciduous forest, or at least is composed primarily of mixed deciduous trees. And so it just doesn't really provide the context in which I would like to put forth a monopine in, in most typical situations.

MR. MERCIER: Okay. So this is in regards to the new height, a 135 foot tower without any whip antennas because the town didn't want to utilize them. So it's your position still that in certain areas, such as over the lake or on a certain roads, that it's just too tall, I guess for lack of a better word?

THE WITNESS (Libertine): Yes, and it's a combination. Dropping it 20 feet and getting

rid of a whip antenna at the top really doesn't change the characteristics a whole lot. What happens in some of the more, we'll call it, prominent views is that it just provides a lot more mass on the horizon than a standard monopole would do. So again, even at a 20 foot reduction, I don't think it really accomplishes what it's really designed to do.

MR. MERCIER: Okay. Yes, I was just looking at photo 21. From a distance you could see something on the horizon. I just wanted your opinion on that.

THE WITNESS (Libertine): Well, certainly there are some locations where any design is going to be just at the treetops. And in some cases you could argue that having some faux branches where it's only 5, 10, 15 feet above the treeline could work at distance, but there are other examples where I think it would detract from that benefit.

MR. MERCIER: Okay. And again, going down the list here and looking at number 27, this is Richards Road with the Richards tower at 135, you could clearly see the monopine there. It looks like leaf-off conditions when you took the

1 photo. I mean, even though there might be a 2 monopine there, if there was one approved there, 3 there still would be a visual impact whether it's 4 a monopole or monopine, correct? 5 THE WITNESS (Libertine): I would agree 6 with that statement, yes. 7 MR. MERCIER: I mean, it's just going to be there. Photo 19 for Segar Mountain Road, 8 9 just a half mile away from Bald Hill Road, at 150 you don't think a monopine would be beneficial for 10 11 that particular area? 12 THE WITNESS (Libertine): Again, if we 13 were to go through the entire visual report, I 14 could find areas where you could make the argument 15 that a monopine would certainly be beneficial, 16 but, again, if I'm trying to put the balance of 17 the entire viewscape, I would say that in this 18 case trying to attempt to do a faux pine tree just 19 would not accomplish what it would be intended to 20 do. 21 MR. MERCIER: Okay. Thank you. 22 THE WITNESS (Libertine): To be in 23 context with the environment. 24 Reading through the MR. MERCIER:

response -- hold on, please -- there was mention

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1 of a potential site that was looked at on Kent 2 Hollow Road. I don't know if anybody has any 3 familiarity with that that's on the witness panel 4 right now. 5 THE WITNESS (Lavin): Yes. This is 6 Martin Lavin. I did do a coverage analysis on it. 7 MR. MERCIER: That was at 50 Upper Kent 8 Hollow Road. It's on the last page of your 9 prefile testimony that was filed. 10 THE WITNESS (Lavin): Yes. 11 MR. MERCIER: I just want to get a 12 sense of, I was looking at the visibility map, 13 looking at the topography of the area, where 14 exactly on Kent Hollow Road that was. THE WITNESS (Lavin): I don't have that 15 16 right in front of me now. I did do analysis 17 coverage wise. I couldn't comment on visibility. 18 MR. MERCIER: Do you know what 19 elevation you used as a ground elevation for your 20 analysis? 21 THE WITNESS (Lavin): I would have to 22 check. I don't have it offhand. It's on the 23 wrong side of the ridge there. It's completely 24 blocked. It provides no coverage at all on 341 at 25 any of the thresholds we've plotted.

MR. MERCIER: Yes. I wasn't sure if
the property owner had actual ridgetop property
you could build a tower on. I guess that was my
question really. Because looking at the
particular area, according to the topographic map
available in the record, Upper Kent Hollow Road
kind of wraps around a steep ridge, and then going
south it decreases rapidly in topography. I
wasn't sure where the actual property was.

THE WITNESS (Lavin): I don't know the extent of the parcel.

MR. MERCIER: Okay. Thank you. I have no other questions.

THE WITNESS (Vergati): This is Ray

Vergati with Homeland Towers. I can certainly

clarify the question of where that property is on

Kent Hollow Road. The address location is 50 Kent

Hollow Road. It has an elevation, I believe, of

roughly, I want to say, 1,080 feet. There's a

very large ridgeline to the basically northwest of

the property that the site could not see over.

This came to our attention only where the landlord had reached out and said can you look at my property. So we had Mr. Lavin run the propagation plot. But again, the address is 50

1 Kent Hollow Road on the west side of the street. 2 MR. MERCIER: Okay, on the west side of 3 the street. So his property did not reach that 4 ridgeline top? 5 THE WITNESS (Vergati): No, absolutely 6 not. No, his property does not go all the way up 7 to the top of the ridgeline. And the name of the 8 landlord is James Taibleson just for reference. 9 MR. MERCIER: Thank you. I have no 10 other questions. 11 MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you, Mr. Mercier. 12 I'd like to continue cross-examination 13 with Mr. Morissette at this time. 14 MR. MORISSETTE: Thank you, Mr. 15 Silvestri. I have a question for Mr. Lavin. 16 Based on the coverage maps at 131 feet, in your 17 opinion, which site provides the greatest 18 coverage? 19 THE WITNESS (Lavin): That's covered in 20 a previous filing. The stats are there for 21 coverage Site A and coverage Site B, coverage for 22 Site A and coverage for Site B at 131 feet. Site 23 B provides more coverage. 24 MR. MORISSETTE: Okay. I'll have to go 25 back and take a peek at that. Thank you.

1 Thank you, I have no further questions. 2 MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you, Mr. 3 Morissette. 4 I'd like to continue cross-examination 5 of the applicant with Mr. Harder, please. 6 MR. HARDER: Yes. Thank you. Just one 7 question, I guess, for Mr. Lavin. At that lower 8 elevation, 131 feet, would you pursue the installation of a tower at that location that you 9 10 say provides better coverage? 11 THE WITNESS (Lavin): We are pursuing 12 both sites at that height. That aspect has not 13 changed. 14 MR. HARDER: Thank you. That's all I 15 have. 16 MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you, Mr. Harder. 17 I'd like to continue now with Mr. Hannon for cross-examination. 18 19 MR. HANNON: I have no questions at 20 this time. 21 MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you, Mr. Hannon. 22 Turning next to Ms. Guliuzza for 23 cross-examination. 24 MS. GULIUZZA: I have no questions. 25 Thank you.

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MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you also.

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Next I have Mr. Edelson for

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cross-examination.

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MR. EDELSON: First of all, my

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questions, I think, are mostly to Mr. Libertine.

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those that are existing, were those the pictures

The pictures that are in this exhibit, all of

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that were taken, let's say, originally, or were

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they taken subsequent to putting specifically this

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analysis together?

diameter of that?

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THE WITNESS (Libertine): Those were

the original photos from the float and crane test

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that was done back in January. They were just

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scaled down appropriately to drop to the lower

have you, the balloon size on those views to

create those pictures, do you remember the

elevation that was requested.

MR. EDELSON:

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THE WITNESS (Libertine): Yes. They were approximately 4 feet in diameter.

Thank you. And while I

MR. EDELSON: If you could, because I think we have a difference with different pictures from different people who are part of this hearing using different dimensions. Why, if you wouldn't

mind reminding me, why did you choose 4 feet?

THE WITNESS (Libertine): We use 4 feet as a standard for a couple of reasons. One is it just allows us primarily to get up through tree canopies. If we use something much larger than that, we often run into problems with actually getting it up to its full height through the trees, and then the more surface area that the balloon has, even a light wind can start to deflect it. So over the 20 years or so we've been doing this, we found that 4 feet is a good representation so that you can still see it at distance but at the same time allows it to more or less stay in its position under the right conditions.

MR. EDELSON: I mean, is there anything that would qualify as an industry standard, or that's just a convention of All Points Technology?

THE WITNESS (Libertine): I'm not sure there is a true standard. I will say in most cases 4 foot weather balloons are the most common that I have seen. We have used larger on open sites on, you know, perfectly still days, but as I say, they do tend to deflect as you get air movement, and so 4 feet seems to be about that

1 kind of magic number that is a good balance to 2 achieve what you're trying to do in a day to get 3 as many shots in as we can. 4 MR. EDELSON: Okay. Thank you. 5 further questions, Mr. Silvestri. 6 MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you, Mr. Edelson. 7 I'd like to turn now to Mr. Lynch for 8 further cross-examination. 9 MR. LYNCH: No questions. 10 MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you, Mr. Lynch. 11 I have one that I think is for Mr. 12 Libertine, and it's going to go to photo 13 number (AUDIO INTERRUPTION) figure out what the 14 red dot is over on the left side of that picture, 15 kind of right between the tree branches. 16 THE WITNESS (Libertine): I'm sorry, 17 could you just -- you cut out for just a second. Mr. Silvestri, could you just reference which 18 19 photo again? 20 MR. SILVESTRI: Yes, this is photo 21 number 27. 22 THE WITNESS (Libertine): Okay. Thank 23 you. 24 MR. SILVESTRI: And it's over on the 25 left-hand side of the photo there's a red dot,

1 maybe a balloon between tree branches, and I'm 2 just curious what that is. 3 THE WITNESS (Libertine): Yes. Thank 4 you. On the day of our float in January, it 5 became apparent that one of the neighbors to 6 Richards Road, Site B, also flew independently a 7 balloon from that property. And so it's in 8 several of the photos, and that just happens to be 9 one of them, but that is --10 MR. SILVESTRI: Okay. Thank you. 11 THE WITNESS (Libertine): You're 12 welcome. 13 MR. SILVESTRI: I don't have any other 14 further questions. I just want to double check with staff and Council members just to see if they 15 16 have anything else before we move on. 17 Mr. Mercier, any other questions? MR. MERCIER: No, thank you. 18 19 MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you. Mr. 20 Morissette. 21 MR. MORISSETTE: No, thank you. 22 Thank you. Mr. Harder. MR. SILVESTRI: 23 MR. HARDER: No questions. Thank you. 24 MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you. Mr. Hannon. 25 MR. HANNON: I have nothing. Thank

1 you. 2 MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you. 3 Ms. Guliuzza. 4 MS. GULIUZZA: No, thank you. 5 MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you. Mr. 6 Edelson, anything else? 7 MR. EDELSON: I want to know, Mr. 8 Silvestri, how you saw that red dot. But no 9 further questions. 10 MR. SILVESTRI: Bifocals. 11 MR. EDELSON: You've got good eyes. 12 MR. SILVESTRI: Mr. Lynch, any 13 follow-up questions? 14 MR. LYNCH: No questions, Mr. Chairman. 15 MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you. We'll 16 continue with cross-examination of the applicants 17 on the August 26, 2020 Late-File exhibit by the 18 grouped intervenors and CEPA intervenors, and 19 that's Planned Development Alliance of Northwest 20 Connecticut, Inc., Spectacle Ridge Association, 21 Inc., and South Spectacle Lakeside Residents, and 22 Attorney Ainsworth. 23 MR. AINSWORTH: I have only one 24 question to Mr. Libertine. Mr. Libertine, you 25 were asked some questions about the size of the

1 balloon. It sounds like, is it fair to say, that 2 the size of the balloon was chosen for the 3 practical reasons of flying the balloon as opposed 4 to attempting to make a facsimile of the visual 5 mass of the tower; is that fair? 6 THE WITNESS (Libertine): That is 7 correct. 8 MR. AINSWORTH: Thank you. No further 9 questions. Thank you. 10 MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you, Attorney 11 Ainsworth. 12 I'd like to continue with 13 cross-examination of the applicants on that 14 Late-Filed exhibit by the Bald Hill Road 15 Neighbors, and Attorney DiPentima and Attorney 16 Rybak, please. 17 MR. DiPENTIMA: Thank you, Mr. 18 Chairman. Just one question for Mr. Libertine. 19 Mr. Libertine, on photo number 28, 20 which is entitled Richards Road, does that not 21 show the height of the tower on the Bald Hill 22 site? 23 THE WITNESS (Libertine): Yes, sir. 24 MR. DiPENTIMA: All right. I just 25 wanted to make sure that everyone understood that

that's the Bald Hill site.

Thank you, Mr. Chairman. No further questions.

MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you very much.

And I'd like to continue with cross-examination of
the applicants on that Late-Filed exhibit by the
Town of Kent, and Attorney Casagrande and Attorney
Rosemark.

MR. ROSEMARK: Yes, I just had one question for the applicant with regard to the date that they issued the search ring. When we were at a prior hearing, I asked the panel, including Mr. Lavin and Mr. Vergati, regarding the search ring. Neither of them responded that they knew the date of the search ring issued by AT&T. So I'm wondering who on the panel is there today to testify that AT&T issued that search ring in January 2018?

MR. FISHER: Mr. Rosemark, I think you can direct your questions to both Mr. Lavin and Mr. Vergati regarding search rings and search dates.

MR. ROSEMARK: Agreed. But when I refer you to page 262 of the testimony of Mr. Vergati from the hearing on August 11th -- I'm

1 sorry, 272. I apologize. 2 MR. FISHER: Do you want to provide a 3 copy of that so that the witnesses could refresh 4 their recollection? 5 MR. ROSEMARK: I could. I could share 6 my screen, if that would be appropriate. 7 MR. SILVESTRI: That we don't have the 8 capability to do. Somebody has to have the 9 reference over there amongst the witness panel, I 10 would think. 11 MR. FISHER: I'll take it for --12 Mr. Rosemark, if he wants to just repeat what the 13 testimony was and inquire, I think we can just 14 move forward that way. 15 MR. ROSEMARK: Yes, yes. My question 16 was to Mr. Vergati, line 16, page 272. "So we 17 don't know when this was originally issued; is 18 that correct?" 19 Mr. Vergati's response beginning on 20 line 18, and this is in regard to the search ring, 21 "I don't know when the initial search ring for 22 AT&T was initiated." 23 THE WITNESS (Vergati): That is 24 correct. 25 MR. ROSEMARK: So if that's his

1 testimony, then how is it on this -- in your 2 response today? 3 THE WITNESS (Vergati): I believe the 4 AT&T RF engineer shared the release date of the 5 search ring being January of 2018. 6 MR. ROSEMARK: Who is the AT&T 7 engineer? 8 THE WITNESS (Vergati): I believe it is 9 a gentleman by the name of Radu. 10 MR. ROSEMARK: So Radu is not here 11 though to testify today; is that correct? 12 THE WITNESS (Vergati): He is not, but 13 Martin Lavin, who is the RF engineer speaking on 14 behalf of AT&T RF, is here to speak as well. 15 MR. ROSEMARK: I also asked Mr. Lavin 16 that same question. He deferred to you, and that 17 was on page 262 of the same testimony on that same 18 day. 19 20

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And then just to make sure of that, I asked again, beginning on page 272, again, line 11, I asked just to make sure of this because we understand the fundamental requirement of a search ring, "Is there someone on the panel that can speak to the search ring on the panel today?" is my question.

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Your response, "I don't believe so."

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Mr. Lavin did not respond.

So again, I'm just questioning who is testifying today, other than somebody you're now making reference to from an AT&T person, about the initiation of the search ring by AT&T.

THE WITNESS (Vergati): I will state that the search ring is driven internally by AT&T. It's not something that we had when we started our search efforts in 2012. And I think the question was asked of when the search ring basically came out from AT&T. I believe either our attorneys or Martin inquired of AT&T directly, and we were given the date of January 2018 of when the actual search ring was released by AT&T.

MR. ROSEMARK: Okay. But not to be argumentative, but your answer to me when I asked you that on the record on your testimony you said, "I don't know when the initial search ring for AT&T was initiated."

Thank you. No further questions.

THE WITNESS (Vergati): I didn't know the date back then.

MR. FISHER: I'm not sure on that transpiration, I guess I should put an objection on the record as to relevance. But if you have further questions about the date of the search ring, I think that's what we were asked, feel free to ask Mr. Vergati or Mr. Lavin.

MR. SILVESTRI: The thing I'm confused about is, and I'll have to agree a bit with Attorney Rosemark, is like I don't know where it came from. If we had prior testimony that nobody could give an answer to that, I'm not sure how valid this line might be in that record. You know, we might be able to resolve it in the written record. If there's a tech report, it might be in there. Otherwise, I have a big question as to what to do with that particular sentence.

And I'd just like to turn a bit to
Attorney Bachman if she could opine on this one as
well.

MS. BACHMAN: Thank you, Mr. Silvestri. Certainly, we have the municipal consultation documents with the tech report. We could search the record and try and rectify the inconsistencies, but I don't think it would rise to the level of striking the sentence on the basis that Mr. Lavin and Mr. Vergati are sworn and

testified that it was January 2018, to correct the record, and in direct response to a question that was asked during that hearing.

Perhaps Attorney Fisher and Attorney Rosemark would like to comment.

MR. FISHER: Just a comment. I was not here for that hearing, but my understanding was that Mr. Rosemark inquired as to that, and that specific date of the search ring was information that was not within the knowledge of Mr. Lavin, not within the knowledge of Mr. Vergati, and no one on the panel had that knowledge. The simple question was when was it issued. This information came through Mr. Lavin and inquiry into AT&T. They verified that information. We weren't asked to produce a witness to testify about it, just get the information as to the date of it.

And I would also add that, while I'm not sure the line of the inquiry for Mr. Rosemark, I'm not sure why it's materially relevant to the statutory criteria the Council weighs. We, as a group, acknowledge that the AT&T search ring was later than the Homeland search ring and that folks had done searches at different points in time.

So I have an objection to

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Rosemark?

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MR. FISHER:

I apologize, Chairman,

point in time I'm not sure how relevant it is. MR. SILVESTRI: Mr. Rosemark, did you want to add anything at this point -- Attorney

MR. ROSEMARK: Yes. I'm just moving to strike the response. There's nobody here that's available that actually produced the search ring on behalf of the applicant that's subject to cross-examination.

MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you, Attorney Rosemark.

Mr. Rosemark's continued inquiry, but at this

Attorney Ainsworth, you had a comment? MR. AINSWORTH: Given what I just heard in the exchange of the testimony, I would have to join Attorney Rosemark in this particular objection. Whatever the relevance -- or I think it is relevant. I mean, it's part of the search for a tower, so I think it meets the basic test of relevance. But if you've got two people who were sworn today who said I'm submitting this as my testimony, and neither of them can testify from their direct knowledge, it would be classic hearsay.

just a few other comments. I don't ever know that being the standard in an administrative proceeding for an objection. We've always had witnesses who aggregate information and use it in preparation for their testimony without it having to be within their direct knowledge.

And I would simply say that the intervenors, they've had more than adequate opportunity for months now to issue interrogatories, and if not, cross-examine witnesses. If they felt it was important to ask for this information, they would have done it in the interrogatories months ago, and they would have demanded that we produce a witness. I still to this point don't know the actual relevance at all to this information as to the criteria for this docket, but apparently they want to move to strike.

MR. SILVESTRI: All right. And I appreciate your comments also. I just want to turn to Attorney Bachman for the last one before I give my ruling on this one. Attorney Bachman.

MS. BACHMAN: Thank you, Mr. Silvestri.

At this point, given the argument, certainly I

think we should just let it in for what it's

1 worth. It's one statement. Certainly, we could search the record. And AT&T's particular date 2 3 that it started to search for tower sites in this 4 location, we have co-applicants here. So Homeland 5 Towers conducted their own search. We know 6 Homeland Towers cannot build a tower without a 7 willing tenant to co-locate on that tower. So I 8 don't see any harm, you know, classic hearsay, 9 we're here on a tower application, and search 10 rings are conducted, and we have information on 11 two different search rings. So the date at this 12 point I think it's more about the information 13 rather than the date. Thank you. 14 MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you, Attorney 15 Bachman. 16 Attorney DiPentima, you had a comment. 17 MR. DiPENTIMA: Yes, Mr. Chairman, if I 18 may. I concur with Attorney Ainsworth. 19 testimony of a nonavailable witness and a witness 20 who has not been introduced in this proceeding is 21 classic hearsay, and the testimony should be 22 stricken. 23 MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you. Anybody 24 else want to give their opinion on it?

(No response.)

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MR. SILVESTRI: But truthfully, where I'm standing on this issue, I'm inclined to let it in for what it's worth. We do have records. We do have testimony. We do have this discussion in the written record as well. But again, for what it's worth, I'm going to let it in.

I'll turn back to Attorney Rosemark and ask if you have any additional questions.

MR. ROSEMARK: No further questions.

MR. SILVESTRI: Very good. I believe we're at the point for closing by the Connecticut Siting Council. We went throughout everything that I have on our agenda and our hearing program.

But before closing the evidentiary record of this matter, the Connecticut Siting Council announces that the briefs and proposed findings of fact may be filed with the Council by any party or intervenor no later than October 22, 2020. The submission of briefs or proposed findings of fact are not required by the Council, rather we leave it to the choice of the parties and the intervenors.

And again, anyone who has not become a party or intervenor but who desires to make his or her views known to the Council, may file written

statements with the Council within 30 days of the date hereof. And the Council will issue draft findings of fact, and thereafter parties and intervenors may identify errors or inconsistencies between the Council's draft findings of fact and the record. However, no new information, no new evidence, no argument, and no reply briefs, without our permission, will be considered by the Council. I hereby declare this hearing I thank you all for your adjourned. participation, your questions and your answers. And we stand adjourned. Thank you very much. (Whereupon, the witnesses were excused, and the hearing adjourned at 4:37 p.m.) 

## CERTIFICATE OF REMOTE HEARING

I hereby certify that the foregoing 117 pages

are a complete and accurate computer-aided transcription of my original stenotype notes taken of the CONTINUED PUBLIC HEARING HELD BY REMOTE ACCESS IN RE: DOCKET NO. 488, HOMELAND TOWERS, LLC AND NEW CINGULAR WIRELESS PCS, LLC d/b/a AT&T APPLICATION FOR A CERTIFICATE OF ENVIRONMENTAL COMPATIBILITY AND PUBLIC NEED FOR THE CONSTRUCTION, MAINTENANCE, AND OPERATION OF A TELECOMMUNICATIONS FACILITY LOCATED AT ONE OF TWO SITES: KENT TAX ASSESSOR ID #M10, BLOCK 22, LOT 38 BALD HILL ROAD OR 93 RICHARDS ROAD, KENT, CONNECTICUT, which was held before ROBERT SILVESTRI, PRESIDING OFFICER, on September 22, 2020.

Lisa Wallell

Lisa L. Warner, CSR 061 Court Reporter BCT REPORTING SERVICE 55 WHITING STREET, SUITE 1A PLAINVILLE, CONNECTICUT 06062

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1	INDEX
2	
3	PDA WITNESS: (SWORN PREVIOUSLY)
4	DAVID P. MAXSON  EXAMINERS: PAGE  Mr. Fisher (Cross) 575
5	Mr. Fisher (Cross) 575 Mr. Rybak 603 Mr. Rosemark 604
6	Mr. Edelson 619 Mr. Lynch 623
7	M. Hylich
8	TOWN OF KENT WITNESS: SWORN ON PAGE 624 CONNIE A. MANES
9	EXAMINERS: PAGE Mr. Casagrande (Direct) 625
10	Mr. Morissette (Cross) 627 Ms. Guliuzza 630
11	Mr. Edelson 632 Mr. Mercier 636
12	Mr. Fisher 642 Mr. Rybak 648
13	Mr. DiPentima 654
14	APPLICANTS' WITNESSES: (SWORN PREVIOUSLY)
16	RAYMOND VERGATI MICHAEL LIBERTINE
17	MARTIN LAVIN  EXAMINERS:  PAGE  (Figure 1)
18	Mr. Fisher (Direct) 656 Mr. Mercier (Cross) 659 Mr. Morissette 665
19	Mr. Harder 666 Mr. Edelson 667
20	Mr. Silvestri 669 Mr. Ainsworth 671
21	Mr. DiPentima 672 Mr. Rosemark 673
22	III • ROBOMOIN
23	
24	
25	

1	Index (Cont.):	
2		
3	APPLICANTS' EXHIBIT (Received in Evidence.)	
4	EXHIBIT DESCRIPTION	PAGE
5	II-B-15 Applicants' Late-Filed Exhibits, dated August 26, 2020.	659
7		
8	TOWN OF KENT EXHIBIT (Received in evidence.)	
9	EXHIBIT DESCRIPTION	PAGE
10	III-B-4 Prefiled testimony	627
11	of Connie A. Manes, Kent Land Trust letter to the Council, July 11, 2020.	
12		
13		
14	***All exhibits were retained by the Council.	
15		
16		
17		
18		
19		
20		
21		
22		
23		
24		
25		