1	CERTIFIED COPY
2	STATE OF CONNECTICUT
3	CONNECTICUT SITING COUNCIL
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5	Docket No. 526
6	Greenskies Clean Energy, LLC Application for a
7	Certificate of Environmental Compatibility and
8	Public Need for the Construction, Maintenance, and
9	Operation of a 4.999-Megawatt-AC Solar Photovoltaic
10	Electric Generating Facility and Associated
11	Equipment Located at Lantern Hill Road (Parcel No.
12	169-1-4), Stonington, Connecticut and Associated
13	Electrical Interconnection
14	
15	Zoom Remote Council Meeting (Teleconference),
16	on Thursday, December 12, 2024, beginning at 2 p.m.
17	
18	Held Before:
19	JOHN MORISSETTE, Member and Presiding Officer
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	

1	Appearances:
2	Councilmembers:
3	JOHN MORISSETTE, (Hearing Officer)
4	
5	BRIAN GOLEMBIEWSKI,
6	DEEP Designees
7	
8	QUAT NGUYEN,
9	PURA Designee
10	
11	CHANCE CARTER
12	ELIN KATZ
13	KHRISTINE HALL
14	DANIEL P. LYNCH, JR.
15	
16	Council Staff:
17	MELANIE BACHMAN, ESQ.,
18	Executive Director and Staff Attorney
19	
20	ROBERT MERCIER,
21	Siting Analyst
22	
23	LISA FONTAINE
24	Administrative Support
25	

1	Appearances:(cont'd)
2	For GREENSKIES CLEAN ENERGY, LLC:
3	PULLMAN & COMLEY, LLC
4	90 State House Square
5	Hartford, Connecticut 06103-3702
6	By: LEE D. HOFFMAN, ESQ.
7	LHoffman@pullcom.com
8	860.424.4315
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(Begin: 2:00 p.m.)

THE HEARING OFFICER: Good afternoon, ladies and gentlemen. Can everybody hear me okay?

Very good. Thank you.

This public hearing is called to order this
Thursday, December 12, 2024, at 2 p.m. My name is
John Morissette, member and Presiding Officer of
the Connecticut Siting Council. Other members of
the Council are Brian Golembiewski, designee for
Commissioner Katie Dykes of the Department of
Energy and Environmental Protection; Quat Nguyen,
designee for Chairman Marissa Paslick Gillett of
the Public Utilities Regulatory Authority; Chance
Carter; Christine Hall; Bill Syme; Elin Katz; and
Daniel P. Lynch, Jr.

Members of the staff are Executive Director Melanie Bachman, Siting Analyst Robert Mercier, and Administrative Support Lisa Fontaine.

If you haven't done so already, I ask that everyone please mute their computer audio and/or telephones now.

Thank you.

This hearing is held pursuant to provisions of Title 16 of the Connecticut General Statutes

and of the Uniform Administrative Procedure Act upon an application from Greenskies Clean Energy, LLC, for a certificate of environmental compatibility and public need for the construction, maintenance and operation of a 4.999-megawatt AC solar photovoltaic electric generating facility and associated equipment located on Lantern Hill Road, Parcel Number 169-1-4 in Stonington, Connecticut, and the associated electrical interconnection.

This application was received by the Council on September 27, 2024. The Council's legal notice of the date and time of this public hearing was published in The Day on October 26, 2024. Upon this Council's request, the Applicant erected a sign in the vicinity of the proposed site so as to inform the public of the name of the Applicant, the type of the facility, the public hearing date, and contact information for the Council, including the website and phone number.

As a reminder to all, off-the-record communication with a member of the Council or a member of the Council's staff upon the merits of this application is prohibited by law.

The parties to the proceeding are as follows.

The Applicant is Greenskies Clean Energy, LLC, represented by Lee Hoffman, Esquire, of Pullman and Comley, LLC.

We will proceed in accordance with the prepared agenda, a copy of which is available on the Council's Docket Number 526 webpage, along with the record of this matter, the public hearing notice, instructions for public access to this public hearing, and the Council's citizens guide to Siting Council's procedures.

Interested persons may join any session of the public hearing to listen, but no public comments will be received during a 2 p.m.

Evidentiary session. At the end of the evidentiary session, we will recess until 6:30 p.m. for the public comment session. Please be advised that any person may be removed from the evidentiary session or the public comment session at the discretion of the Council.

The 6:30 public comment session is reserved for members of the public who have signed up in advance to make brief statements into the record.

I wish to note that the Applicant, including their representatives, witnesses, and members are not allowed to participate in the public comment

session.

I also wish to note that those who are listening and for the benefit of your friends and neighbors who are unable to join us for the public comment session, that you or they may send written statements to the Council within 30 days of the date hereof, either by mail or by e-mail, and such written statements will be given the same weight as if spoken during the public comment session.

A verbatim transcript of the public hearing will be posted on the Council's Docket Number 526 webpage and deposited in the Stonington Town Clerk's office for the convenience of the public.

We will take a 10 to 15-minute break at a convenient juncture at around 3:30 p.m.

We have one motion on the agenda to take care of; we have the Applicant's motion for protective order, response to Council's interrogatory number 17, the lease agreement financial terms dated December 5, 2024. Attorney Bachman may wish to comment.

Attorney Bachman, good afternoon.

ATTORNEY BACHMAN: Good afternoon, Mr. Morissette.

Thank you.

The Applicant filed a motion for protective

1	order under General Statute Section 1-210,
2	Subsection B, and Section 16-500 in response to
3	our interrogatory related to the disclosure of the
4	financial terms contained within the lease
5	agreement, and staff recommends approval.
6	THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you, Attorney Bachman.
7	Is there a motion?
8	MS. HALL: I'll make a motion to
9	A VOICE: I'll make a motion
10	MS. HALL: approve.
11	A VOICE: Yeah, go ahead.
12	MS. HALL: To approve the protective order.
13	THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you, Ms. Hall.
14	We have a motion by Ms. Hall to approve the
15	protective order. Is there a second?
16	MR. LYNCH: I'll second.
17	THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you, Mr. Lynch.
18	We have a motion by Ms. Hall to approve the
19	protective order, and we have a second by
20	Mr. Lynch. We'll now move to discussion.
21	Mr. Nguyen, any discussion?
22	MR. NGUYEN: I have no discussion. Thank you.
23	THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you.
24	Mr. Golembiewski, any discussion?
25	MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: I have no discussion. Thank you.

1 THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you. 2 Mr. Carter, any discussion? 3 MR. CARTER: No discussion. Thank you. 4 THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you. 5 Ms. Hall, any discussion? 6 MS. HALL: No discussion. Thank you. 7 THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you. 8 Mr. Syme, any discussion? 9 MR. LYNCH: No discussion. 10 THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you, Mr. Lynch. 11 Ms. Katz, any discussion? 12 MS. KATZ: No discussion. Thank you. 13 THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you. 14 And I have no discussion. We'll now move to 15 the vote. Mr. Nguyen, how do you vote? 16 MR. NGUYEN: I vote to approve. 17 THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you. 18 Mr. Golembiewski? 19 MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: I vote to approve. Thank you. 20 THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you. 21 Mr. Carter? 22 MR. CARTER: Vote to approve. Thank you. 23 THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you. 24 Ms. Hall? 25 MS. HALL: Vote to approve. Thank you.

1 THE HEARING OFFICER: Ms. Golembiewski? 2 MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: I vote to approve. Thank you. 3 THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you. 4 Mr. Carter? 5 MR. CARTER: I vote to approve. Thank you. 6 THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you. Ms. Hall? 7 MS. HALL: I vote to approve. Thank you. 8 THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you. 9 Ms. Katz? 10 MS. KATZ: Vote to approve. 11 THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you. 12 Mr. Lynch? 13 MR. LYNCH: Vote approval. 14 THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you. And I also vote 15 approval. 16 We have a unanimous decision. The motion to 17 approve the protective order is approved. 18 Moving on to item C, administrative notices 19 taken by the Council. I wish to call your 20 attention to those items shown on the hearing 21 program marked as Roman numeral 1C, items 1 22 through 108. 23 Does the Applicant have an objection of the 24 items that the Council has administratively 25 noticed?

1 Attorney Hoffman, good afternoon. 2 ATTORNEY HOFFMAN: Good afternoon, Mr. Morissette. 3 We have no objection. THE HEARING OFFICER: Very good. Thank you. 4 5 Accordingly, the Council hereby 6 administratively notices these existing documents. 7 We'll now move on to the appearance by the 8 Applicant. Will the Applicant present its witness 9 panel for purposes of taking the oath? We'll have 10 Attorney Bachman administer the oath. 11 Attorney Hoffman? 12 ATTORNEY HOFFMAN: Thank you, Mr. Morissette. 13 I would ask that everybody turn on their 14 cameras and unmute their microphones who are on 15 the witness panel so that we can see and hear you. 16 Mr. Morissette, I would like to introduce our 17 witness panel. There are four witnesses for 18 today's hearing. They are Jean-Paul LaMarche of 19 Greenskies Clean Energy, Dennis Hicks of 20 Greenskies Clean Energy; and then two individuals 21 from VHB, Steve Coaches from VHB, and also Sarah 22 Berryman from VHB. 23 THE HEARING OFFICER: Very good. Thank you. 24 Attorney Bachman, please administer the oath. 25 ATTORNEY BACHMAN: Thank you, Mr. Morissette.

1 Could the witnesses please raise your right hand? 2 3 JEAN-PAUL LAMARCHE 4 DENNIS HICKS, 5 STEVE KOCHIS, 6 SARA BERRYMAN, 7 called as witnesses, being sworn by THE 8 EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR, were examined and 9 testified under oath as follows: 10 11 THE HEARING OFFICER: Very good. 12 Attorney Hoffman, please begin by verifying 13 all the exhibits by the appropriate sworn 14 witnesses. 15 ATTORNEY HOFFMAN: Absolutely. So we have three 16 exhibits that are listed in the hearing program 17 under Roman numeral two, item number -- B. 18 are B1, the application, all of the attachments 19 and bulk-filed exhibits associated with that 20 application, the signposting affidavit dated 21 November 5, 2024; as well as the responses to the 22 Council's interrogatories, also dated November 5, 23 2024. 24 Mr. Kochis, I will start with you. Are you

familiar with the items I just listed in Roman

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1 numeral two, B1 through 3? 2 THE WITNESS (Kochis): Yes, I am. 3 ATTORNEY HOFFMAN: And did you assist in their 4 preparation or cause them to be prepared? 5 THE WITNESS (Kochis): Yes, I did. 6 ATTORNEY HOFFMAN: And are they accurate to the best of 7 your knowledge and belief? 8 THE WITNESS (Kochis): Yes, they are. 9 ATTORNEY HOFFMAN: And do you have any changes to them 10 here today? 11 THE WITNESS (Kochis): No, I do not. 12 ATTORNEY HOFFMAN: And do you adopt them as your sworn 13 testimony today? 14 THE WITNESS (Kochis): Yes, I do. 15 ATTORNEY HOFFMAN: Okay. Thank you. 16 Ms. Berryman, I'm going to ask you a similar question. Are you familiar with items two, B1 and 17 18 3? 19 THE WITNESS (Berryman): Yes. 20 ATTORNEY HOFFMAN: And did you prepare these items or 21 assist in their preparation? 22 THE WITNESS (Berryman): Yes. (Unintelligible.) 23 Sorry. Steve and I are in the same room, so. ATTORNEY HOFFMAN: Okay. And so you're just going to 24 25 need to be careful with your microphones, please?

1 And are they accurate to the best of your 2 knowledge and belief? 3 THE WITNESS (Berryman): Yes. 4 ATTORNEY HOFFMAN: And do you have any changes to them 5 today? 6 THE WITNESS (Berryman): No. 7 ATTORNEY HOFFMAN: And do you adopt them as your sworn 8 testimony today? 9 THE WITNESS (Berryman): Yes. 10 ATTORNEY HOFFMAN: Thank you very much. 11 Mr. Hicks, I'll turn to you. Are you 12 familiar with items Roman numeral two, B1 and 3? 13 THE WITNESS (Hicks): Yes. 14 ATTORNEY HOFFMAN: And did you prepare these items or 15 cause them to be prepared? 16 THE WITNESS (Hicks): Yes. 17 ATTORNEY HOFFMAN: And are they accurate to the best of 18 your knowledge and belief? 19 THE WITNESS (Hicks): Yes. 20 ATTORNEY HOFFMAN: And do you have any changes to them 21 here today? 22 THE WITNESS (Hicks): No. 23 ATTORNEY HOFFMAN: And do you adopt them as your sworn 24 testimony here today? 25 THE WITNESS (Hicks): I do.

1	ATTORNEY HOFFMAN: Mr. LaMarche, the same questions for
2	you, sir. Are you familiar with items two, B1 and
3	3?
4	THE WITNESS (La Marche): Yes, I am.
5	ATTORNEY HOFFMAN: And are they accurate to the best of
6	your knowledge and belief?
7	THE WITNESS (La Marche): Yes, they are.
8	ATTORNEY HOFFMAN: And did you prepare them or cause
9	them to be prepared?
10	THE WITNESS (La Marche): Yes.
11	ATTORNEY HOFFMAN: And do you have any changes to them
12	here today?
13	THE WITNESS (La Marche): I do not.
14	ATTORNEY HOFFMAN: And do you adopt them as your sworn
15	testimony in this hearing?
16	THE WITNESS (La Marche): Yes, I do.
17	ATTORNEY HOFFMAN: Mr. Morissette, with that, I would
18	like to move that Exhibits 2, B1, 2 and 3 be
19	admitted as full exhibits in this hearing.
20	THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you, Attorney Hoffman.
21	The exhibits are hereby admitted. Thank you.
22	We'll now begin with cross-examination of the
23	Applicant by the Council, starting by Mr. Mercier,
24	followed by Mr. Nguyen.
25	Mr. Mercier, good afternoon.

MR. MERCIER: Good afternoon. Thank you.

I'm going to begin by looking at the application site plan. These are behind appendix A of the application. On the website it says, permit plan, slash, drawing set. And I just want to confirm that this, the middle behind appendix A is the current site layout that's proposed for the site. Is that correct?

THE WITNESS (La Marche): Yeah, this is Jean-Paul.

It is the correct current layout.

MR. MERCIER: Okay. The plans are dated June 27th.

And while I was looking at the stormwater report,
which is dated July 2024, which is after the plan
date of June 27, 2024, within that appendix E
stormwater report there's a site plan which has a
different layout.

There's different basins. There's a different roadway configuration. So, I just want to try to understand the discrepancy between the two.

THE WITNESS (La Marche): Steve, can you comment on that, please?

THE WITNESS (Kochis): Yeah, I'm looking at it right now. This is Steve Kochis, VHB.

(Pause.)

THE WITNESS (Kochis): This is Steve Kochis, VHB.

I believe that one plan, Mr. Mercier, to be -- the proposed drainage conditions map to be obsolete and should be replaced with the most current of this, of this figure.

MR. MERCIER: Okay, thank you.

Just looking at this particular plan within appendix E, the stormwater report, there was five basins proposed. And I noticed on the new plan, we'll call it, submitted with the application for appendix A, there's six basins.

Why was there an increase? Was there any type of particular reason for additional water storage?

THE WITNESS (Kochis): This is Steve Kochis, VHB.

The last basin was introduced just through further review of the existing conditions. And we just made the decision to introduce a sixth basin to further protect surrounding properties as a result of the project.

But the site plans with the sixth basin should be considered the latest stormwater management plan.

MR. MERCIER: The stormwater management plan submitted with the application, would that have to be revised? Or are the calculations the same, and the figure was an error?

Or does the whole thing have to be revised?

THE WITNESS (Kochis): The -- the only thing in -- in error that I'm -- that I'm seeing is that, that one plan, the proposed drainage conditions map needs to be replaced, but the rest of the report is updated and correct.

MR. MERCIER: Okay. Thank you.

Was the stormwater report submitted with the application for general permit to DPS, or is that going to be at a later date?

THE WITNESS (Hicks): This is Dennis Hicks.

For the -- the stormwater general permit,
we -- we will be submitting that at a later date.
We typically try to get these done at the same
time.

MR. MERCIER: Okay. Thank you.

I was just looking at the plan with the six stormwater basins. I understand this is an agricultural field. It was recently used for corn crops. You know that there was a previous project by Greenskies in Woodbury and it was also a farm

field, but that did not require any stormwater basin even though it was located on a hill, with the explanation being that there will be an improvement in ground cover and that would take care of any type of stormwater discharge.

Why would this site be different where you're going to be improving the surface from a field to, you know, a grass or a meadow condition?

Why would basins be required?

THE WITNESS (Kochis): This is -- this is Steve Kochis,

VHB again.

So I was the lead designer on that app -petition -- or sorry, certificate in Fawn Meadow
for Woodbury as well. I would say in response to
that, that this site is extremely similar to that
one. And these basins do not need to be permanent
as a result of the pre to post-construction
analysis for stormwater management.

The difference between the two sites and -and I would say it's -- it's typically a
preference to keep the basins in permanently,
because you do need them to be dug for sediment
manage -- sediment control during construction.
Usually, the preference is to keep them in
permanently, such as on this site, but they're by

no means needed for stormwater rate control.

However, the different -- speaking on that other application, the difference would be that the topography and the sheet flow nature of that other site, it was in my best engineering judgment that it would actually be more optimal on that, on the -- on the Woodbury Fawn Meadow site to remove the basins at the end of construction and allow the water to continue to sheet flow.

However, this site is different as it has areas of channelization as it leaves the parcel. And so, in my best engineering judgment it was preferable here to keep the basins in permanently, although on neither site were they required for the grade attenuation to your point.

MR. MERCIER: Thank you.

I'm going to look at site plan sheet 4.0 that was provided with application appendix A. That just shows the final grading and drainage plan.

I'm looking at the south end of the site. You know, this plan shows, you know, the permanent basin, as you just discussed, that the temporary traps remain in place as a permanent basin. I did notice the emergency outfall is going right on to an budding property line -- or right on the

property line, for that matter.

Can these basins or -- and traps be moved to the north slightly to get that outfall away from the property line? Or why would they have to be so close to the property line?

THE WITNESS (Kochis): This is Steve Kochis again, VHB.

We could certainly look at moving them to the north. I don't want to immediately say here that they physically can be moved. That, that those locations that we are proposing, those stormwater basins are where the water naturally collects as it seeps through the -- the stone wall and the vegetation that exists along the property line.

So, just physically it -- it may not be beneficial to move them to the north because that area to the south is truly where the water collects today in existing conditions. But what I could say is it's certainly something we could investigate in shifting the basins to the north to move them away from the property line a little bit.

MR. MERCIER: Thank you.

I just heard you say there's a stone wall.

Is that along the property line? I did not see a stone wall notation. It may be because there's a

black line, a limited disturbance.

So, there's a stone wall on the south property line. Is that correct?

THE WITNESS (Kochis): This is Steve Kochis, VHB again.

There, it's very -- what I would call a very dilapidated stone wall, if you could even call it that. It's -- it's been knocked down through the years. It's been overgrown with -- with trees and brush.

It exists in some locations and not others along that, that east-west property line on the southern edge of our project, but there is some semblance of stone, trees, brush along that property line. We're not proposing to alter any of that vegetation or -- or any of the stones that exist there now.

MR. MERCIER: Thank you.

Speaking of vegetation, in the lower right corner of the site, I think that's basin -- what's called sediment trap 2C. So, I assume it will just be basin 2C, permanent basin 2C. When you construct the basin there, do you have to clear out any trees just to the west of the 209 Lantern Hill Road property?

The 209 Lantern Hill Road property is, you

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know, basically where it says Lantern Hill Road on the map, just right to the north, like that triangular piece, and I was unclear because the previous plan, sheet 3.2, shows some wooded areas there. And I'm trying to get the sense, will there be clearing up to this person's property line and opening up views to the west, north-west? THE WITNESS (Kochis): This is Steve Kochis, VHB again.

I would say the intent and the proposal of this site plan is absolutely to not clear any vegetation. And so, I would say we're not proposing to clear any vegetation. And if we do end up needing to make a tweak, a modest tweak to that basin to accommodate that, I believe our intent is to maintain that we are not clearing any vegetation to construct any aspects of this project.

MR. MERCIER: Okay. Thank you.

> For the detention basins, once you clean them out after construction to convert them to permanent basins, what is the cover material? Is it going to be vegetation like grass, or is it riprap?

THE WITNESS (Kochis): This is Steve Kochis, VHB. Traditionally when, once the basins are excavated and constructed, they will -- will generally be fully just vegetated with the -- the same robust seed mix with shade -- shade tolerant, drought tolerant species as the rest of the project area and where the panels are proposed. There will be portions of the basin, including the riprap spillway, of course, and also likely portions of the inlet.

Sometimes it's -- it's hard to tell on the onset, and it's really -- you're really just dynamically doing it to our construction, but I would say with -- with fairly high certainty there will be some, some extra riprap installed along the inlet areas to prevent erosion and to main -- to stabilize those areas.

So, no specific vegetation proposed there.

It would be a low -- a low-growing seed mix and -- and riprap, some combination of that.

MR. MERCIER: Okay. I'm going to move on to site plan C5.0. That's the erosion and sediment control plan overall. And on the left-hand side of that sheet there are notes, construction notes, sequence notes, things of that nature.

And I'm looking under the -- it says, pre-construction site protection sequence, and it

talks about installing the temporary sediment traps and E and S controls, then doing some seeding and stabilizing. Then it moves on to construction sequence down below and then it says, perform mass earthwork.

So, I'm just trying to figure out what other earthwork are you going to do at the site besides construction of the detention basins and potentially leveling for some pads, electrical equipment.

THE WITNESS (Kochis): This is Steve Kochis with VHB again.

I guess that's kind of just a coverall note, but we are certainly not intending -- let me back up. The -- the grading plan, as it's shown, depicts the sum of the grading that we're expecting to propose as part of these site plans. There's no -- there's no grading associated with the aspects of the solar array.

Truly, the only -- the only grading that would take place would be for the access road to -- to remove material and bring in a gravel subbase and the excavation and berm construction of the stormwater basins, the sediment traps.

So, the -- the only other earthwork would be

us working with the landowner to determine where the excess soil that may be generated by the construction of the basins, or the roads, would be deposited across the site, which I would say oftentimes in -- in projects like this would be spread out across the area of the array perhaps, but that is always a little dynamic based on the -- how much, you know, that the contractor that ends up building the project, how much extra material we have. And that the landowners, who is really the farm -- the farmer and -- and hires the tenant farmers, like, where they want this material to be placed when we're -- during -- when we're in the middle of construction.

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MR. MERCIER:

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of that construction sequence. It talks about drive piles for solar racking. For this particular site, how long would it take to install all the posts to support the racking? THE WITNESS (La Marche): Hi, this is -- this is

I'm going to move on to note number three

Jean-Paul.

You know, I really don't have a specific time period, but typically for a project this size I would say in the range of two to four months.

Would that be continuous work? MR. MERCIER:

1 there kind of a break for equipment to come in, 2 like, for a week, or --3 THE WITNESS (La Marche): It would not be continuous. 4 I think, you know, it -- it depends on exactly how 5 the construction flow is going to go, the crew sizes, all of those types of things. 6 7 MR. MERCIER: For during construction, is the 8 installation of the piles, the driving of the 9 piles, is that considered, like, the noisiest 10 activity, for lack of a better word? 11 THE WITNESS (La Marche): That would be the -- that 12 would be the most noisy activity. 13 MR. MERCIER: I did notice on that note sheet, on sheet 14 4.0 up at the top, number twelve, construction 15 sequencing number twelve, it stated that the hours 16 would be 6:30 a.m. to 5 p.m. 17 Can the start time be moved to 7 a.m., at the 18 earliest? 19 THE WITNESS (La Marche): I'm fine with that, yes. 20 This is Jean-Paul. 21 MR. MERCIER: Assuming this project was approved and, 22 you know, you file to obtain your DEEP general 23 permit and some other permits, when would 24 construction -- when is construction anticipated 25 to begin? Some time in late 2025, or?

THE WITNESS (La Marche): It would either be late -well, let's say, late summer 2025, or spring of
2026.

MR. MERCIER: And what's the overall time for this construction? Is it an eight-month period? Ten months?

THE WITNESS (La Marche): Yeah. I mean, I think you kind of nailed the range, actually. Assuming that it's built straight through without pauses in between, in the eight to ten-month time period from initial on-site work to being completely wrapped up.

You know, sometimes we will have the approach of, depending on the timing of the project, do the civil and the stabilization work at the end of the summer or fall time period, and then wait through winter and not do any work, and then do the rest in spring.

So that will extend the overall time period.

THE WITNESS (Kochis): And this is Steve Kochis at VHB.

I'll just add some color to what JP had to say. I think if we're talking about the full duration of -- of construction from start to absolute finish, it -- it's also heavily contingent upon material procurement and delivery

as well. A lot of this -- a lot of this equipment and material takes, very often, months and months to get, and it has to be ordered with -- with a long lead time.

So, there, just anecdotally -- anecdotally, I would say a lot of these projects reach, like, substantial completion within that six to eight-month range, but may have to wait a few months to receive the last pieces of equipment and actually become operational.

MR. MERCIER: Speaking of equipment, I'm looking again at site plan C4.0. It shows the access drive into the site. It's looks like kind of a residential area. You know, there's a couple of residents across the street from the access drive and to the west.

Are there any tractor trailers or other heavy equipment delivering materials into the site?

THE WITNESS (La Marche): This is Jean-Paul.

There would be some equipment moving onto the site. You know, we would have larger trucks for delivery of equipment and then some earth-moving type equipment to build the stormwater controls.

MR. MERCIER: Is Lantern Hill Road, right near the access drive, is that kind of a narrow road?

1 THE WITNESS (La Marche): Dennis, can you answer that? THE WITNESS (Hicks): Yeah. 2 THE WITNESS (La Marche): I have not been there myself. 3 4 THE WITNESS (Hicks): Dennis Hicks, Greenskies. 5 The road is a fairly standard residential 6 It's not -- I would say I drove on it 7 comfortably with my standard sized non-SUV car 8 with room on the shoulders and plenty of room for 9 oncoming traffic. It's -- it's a two lane road. 10 It's not -- it's not narrow enough that a car 11 could not pass a tractor trailer on it. 12 MR. MERCIER: Would tractor trailers have any 13 difficulty turning into that access drive, you 14 know, trying to avoid driving onto an abutting 15 resident's lawn, things of that nature? 16 THE WITNESS (Hicks): Let me just look right now. 17 THE WITNESS (La Marche): And this is Jean-Paul. 18 Typically, when we complete our final 19 construction level design, the turning radius for 20 all vehicles needed is taken into account, and we 21 would ensure that there is the ability to access 22 the site. 23 THE WITNESS (Hicks): Yeah. Dennis Hicks, Greenskies. 24 As, you know, I -- I'm not -- I don't have a 25 I don't -- I don't drive these trucks. CDL.

believe that it -- it would be possible to get on the site.

This road previously was used for construction and is currently used as a non-exclusive access easement for the Aquarion Water Company.

So, that they had to have construction equipment to be able to build the structure out there as well as all other easement equipment, I believe that it would be possible to get a tractor trailer out there, but I -- I do not know firsthand.

MR. MERCIER: For the Aquarion construction, are you aware -- do you know if there were any complaints of equipment trying to turn into the property?

THE WITNESS (Hicks): Dennis Hicks.

I am unaware of any complaints from the Aquarion site that was constructed years prior to -- to this project.

MR. MERCIER: And just one other comment. Would there be any type of contact sign near the entrance as to, you know, maybe a neighbor can contact the contractor, or Greenskies themselves for any type of construction-related issue or complaint?

How would a neighbor contact Greenskies?

THE WITNESS (Hicks): How would a neighbor contact us?

I mean, our -- our contact information is

definitely publicly available. So, they could

find that, but I would be happy to ensure that

there is a sign that provides that information at

the front of the construction site.

That is not a problem.

MR. MERCIER: Thank you.

I'm going to move on to the interrogatory responses. I'm going to start with number one, actually. And that one had -- the question was regarding comments since the application was submitted to the Council. And the response was, there was a response from two neighbors, however only one neighbor was listed in the response and that was 209 Lantern Hill Road.

Do you have the address of the other person that provided a comment?

THE WITNESS (Hicks): Can you provide that address?

(Unintelligible.)

I believe that that -- hi. Dennis Hicks, Greenskies.

I believe that the -- yeah, I -- I apologize.

I believe that is a clerical error on my end. I only received comments from the -- the landowner

of 209.

MR. MERCIER: Thank you.

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landowner at 209 Lantern Hill Road regarding landscaping?

I guess we'll move on to number two.

there been any further discussions with the

I guess, my previous question regarding the detention basin had to do with trying to maintain the vegetation, which you're going to do, but would there be any other type of planting that may be considered?

THE WITNESS (Hicks): Other types of plantings, I mean, we -- we haven't -- Dennis Hicks, Greenskies.

We haven't finalized any kind of plantings or any sort of plans. We are -- are willing and -- and actually been trying to have further conversations with the neighbors to -- to ensure, you know, a mutually agreeable solution, however there have been no further concrete plans discussed or put in place at this time.

MR. MERCIER: Okay. Thank you.

For interrogatory number six, the Town of North Stonington is mentioned along with the Town of Stonington. I'm just assuming that is a typo.

Is that correct?

THE WITNESS (Hicks): Yes, it is. The Town of North
Stonington is far enough away from this project
that they also did not need to be contacted.

However, the Town of Ledyard was.

MR. MERCIER: For interrogatory 25, I think you discussed it earlier, but I'll just ask again.

This had to do with excavation. I think there's 3500 cubic yards of material that you may stockpile or spread across the site. That's just going to be up to the landowner. Is that correct?

THE WITNESS (Hicks): Dennis Hicks.

Yes. Typically, we just -- we leave that on site. We don't -- we don't remove it from the location, and we work with the landowner to -- to either stockpile it in -- in a location that they wish or spread it around however they -- they see fit.

MR. MERCIER: Moving on to interrogatory 47, this had to do with a town-designated aquifer protection area. When you were discussing the project with the Town initially, did they raise any concerns about water quality issues during, you know, from spills during construction? Or any other type of issue regarding the site in regards to subsurface water quality? And if so --

THE WITNESS (Hicks): So --

MR. MERCIER: And if so, did they recommend any procedures?

THE WITNESS (Hicks): Dennis Hicks, Greenskies.

There was a discussion with the Town about this project when it was originally submitted under a previous year of SCEF. In discussions with the Town for that version of the project, there were concerns raised by the Town about PFAS and the manufacturing process, or the presence of it in there, in the panels or, you know, any of the other electrical equipment. For that design, at the time, we were able to verify that there would not be PFAS in any part of the manufacturing or procurement process of the design.

For this current design, as it was a different interrogatory, we have reached out to the manufacturer to verify that. That information has not been made available to us at this time, and the Town has not raised any additional concerns about water quality for the current design.

MR. MERCIER: For response 47, it stated that, you know, there would be no storage of hazardous materials. I'm assuming that includes petroleum

within the staging area. If that's not allowed or is not done at this site, where would the fuel come from to refuel your vehicles? Where would that be stored? Would it just be brought daily somewhere and refueled over a mat, or how would that be? How would that be accomplished?

THE WITNESS (Hicks): Dennis Hicks, Greenskies.

I believe we haven't fully finalized the planning of that yet. When we cross-examined the Town of Stonington's aquifer protection regulations as well as the DEEP's, we noticed this too.

And we -- I have not confirmed the exact process that our construction team would use, but we could ensure that no refueling would happen on the construction site, and that all refueling would happen either off-site or in a designated location set up properly.

But we don't intend to leave products on-site. We don't intend to store them on-site. Everything would be carried in and used either used on-site or removed and not stored.

MR. MERCIER: Thank you.

Moving on to interrogatory 65. This had to do with -- we talked about it earlier, screening

1 quality from the existing vegetation at 209 2 Lantern Hill Road and abutting residents of the 3 project. And provided with that response was an 4 Exhibit F with some photographs. That's in the 5 back of the interrogatory. It's, I think, on the 6 council website, PDF page number 75. I do have a 7 question or two on that photograph. 8 The first photograph says, May 2024 Okay. 9 photo date, and it shows the wetlands in the farm 10 field there and -- excuse me, 209 to the right 11 behind the trees, and there's a house, dead 12 center. 13 Do you have the address of that house? Ι 14 believe it is 216 Lantern Hill Road. I just want 15 to confirm that. 16 THE WITNESS (Hicks): Steve, if you can answer that, 17 that would be helpful. If not, I'm pulling it up 18 myself. 19 THE WITNESS (Kochis): I'm pulling it up as well. 20 21 (Pause.) 22 23 THE WITNESS (Kochis): This is Steve Kochis, VHB. 24 Yes, that the -- that house up on the hill

there that's referenced in that, in that photo

25

1 would be 216 Lantern Hill Drive -- Lantern Hill 2 Road. Sorry. 3 MR. MERCIER: And over to the far left, there's another 4 I believe that must be the abutter at residence. 5 221 Lantern Hill Road. Is that correct? 6 THE WITNESS (Kochis): This is Steve Kochis, VHB. 7 Yes, that's correct. 8 MR. MERCIER: Although not in the photograph, but next 9 to the existing drive to the Aquarion facility in 10 the site there's another abutter, 227 Lantern Hill 11 Road. 12 So I guess my question is, would 227, 21, 216 13 and 209 all have year-round views of the facility? 14 THE WITNESS (Kochis): This is Steve Kochis, VHB. 15 I'll attempt to answer that. I believe, you 16 know, during leaf-on conditions there, there's a 17 heavy amount of screening that would likely largely block the -- the views of the facility 18 19 from those four residences. 20 I would say during leaf-off conditions it 21 would probably be expected that those four 22 residences would have fairly unobstructed views of 23 the facility.

MR. MERCIER: Well, I mean, for 216, that's got a

direct view into the site. Correct? With no

24

25

intervening vegetation?

THE WITNESS (Kochis): This is Steve Kochis again.

There is. There is vegetation there. Again,

I guess it's -- it's hard to quantify what -- what the view is going to be, but there would certainly be views of the facility from those residences year round.

To answer the question directly, there would be views. The level of obstruction from -- from the leaves of the existing vegetation varies between the residences and -- and which portions of the facility you're looking at.

MR. MERCIER: Okay. For the eastern side of the site, you know, it has a couple of jogs, you know, trying to avoid the wetland area there on your map. Is it possible to plant some screening along that side in addition to the 209 Lantern Hill Road area?

THE WITNESS (La Marche): The -- this is Jean-Paul.

Do you mean further east than the stormwater basin? Is that the area you're talking about?

MR. MERCIER: I'm talking directly east, I guess, between the access road to the site and the actual facility itself. You know, along your limited disturbance, it kind of has a couple of staggers.

1 The east side of the site, basically. 2 THE WITNESS (La Marche): Yes, we are open to 3 vegetative screening in that area. The exact, you 4 know, height and location and not creating shading 5 for our array would have to be determined. 6 But in concept, that's fine. 7 MR. MERCIER: Moving on to Interrogatory 67. This had 8 to do with -- well, it was a geotechnical analysis 9 completed in January of 2024, the response date. 10 In that analysis, on page 9, there was a section 11 called construction quality control, and they 12 recommended that a geotechnical engineer be on 13 site during earthwork to observe excavations, to 14 subgrade, fill placement, and compaction. 15 Does Greenskies intend on retaining a 16 geotechnical engineer for this particular 17 installation? 18 THE WITNESS (La Marche): Sorry, I'm making sure I 19 understand the current question. 20 This is 67, you said? 21 MR. MERCIER: I'm sorry. Number 67. 22 THE WITNESS (La Marche): And then you were referencing 23 a separate document. Right? 24 MR. MERCIER: Yes, that was part of the response. 25 THE WITNESS (Kochis): Jean-Paul, let me -- let me help

1	you. He's Mr. Mercer is asking about the
2	the geotechnical report itself that we provided as
3	Exhibit H to the responses.
4	THE WITNESS (La Marche): Understood.
5	And you're talking about language within that
6	report that says to have a geo geotech
7	specialist on site. Correct?
8	MR. MERCIER: Yes, that's correct. That's section
9	eleven. I had my notes crossed off so I couldn't
10	see yeah.
11	THE WITNESS (La Marche): All right. Let me make sure
12	I look at that.
13	Do you know what page that is in the
14	interrogatory response so I don't have to open up
15	another document? I'm almost there.
16	ATTORNEY HOFFMAN: I believe it is page 99,
17	Mr. LaMarche.
18	THE WITNESS (La Marche): Thank you.
19	
20	(Pause.)
21	
22	THE WITNESS (La Marche): Yeah, I think we would follow
23	the report's recommendation. I mean, there's
24	really not that much earthwork as part of this
25	project. It's it's pretty limited to the

1 the basin, but in -- we would -- we would follow the -- the analysis' recommendations here. 2 3 MR. MERCIER: Yeah. So, I wasn't sure if this is a 4 typical thing Greenskies does, that is retain a 5 geotechnical engineer for pile driving into sand, 6 or for non-bedrock facilities. Thank you. 7 THE WITNESS (La Marche): The pile driving is usually 8 done by, you know, contractors that their 9 specialty is in pile driving. 10 Exactly if they have it as geotech engineer 11 on site as part of their contract work? I am not 12 a hundred percent sure. But I'm not sure that this is referencing 13 14 pile driving in section eleven. Right? Because 15 it's talking about excavation to subgrade, fill 16 placement, compaction, subgrade preparation and 17 deep foundation installation. I'm not sure that we're doing deep foundation installation. 18 19 MR. MERCIER: Yes, I thought that meant the driving of 20 the piles, but, you know, they wrote the report. 21 So, that was their recommendation. 22 Thank you. 23 THE WITNESS (La Marche): Yeah. 24 MR. MERCIER: Moving on to interrogatory 64, this had 25 to do with the flood mapping analysis that was

attached as application Exhibit K.

Now I understand there was modeling done to determine if in fact this was, the site was within a hundred-year flood elevation, and I believe the analysis says it is not. However, though, especially for the western electrical pad that was in the FEMA-designated flood zone, you know, prior to the Greenskies analysis -- if that electrical pad was subject to flooding, and I don't know what steps it could take, what -- or none, would there be damage to the equipment?

I'm assuming it's a transformer on there, switchgear, things of that nature?

THE WITNESS (La Marche): That's correct.

This is Jean-Paul.

That is the nature of the equipment that would be on the pad. If -- hypothetically, if there was electrical equipment of that nature that was flooded, yes, there would likely be damage to it. We are in the process of changing, or requesting a change to the FEMA flood mapping, and expect that the updated map takes -- eliminates it from our project area entirely.

We would also ensure that once that request is complete and the finalized flood area is

complete, that any electrical equipment would be above the flood elevation boundary.

MR. MERCIER: Yes, I understand that, but are there any other concerns? I mean, would you want to build up that electrical pad just in case, you know, given that the Little River is right next door?

And, you know, it was mapped as a flood zone, although, you know, the new mapping shows it will not be.

But is there any kind of concern you might
want to raise it up a couple feet, or a foot?

THE WITNESS (La Marche): I think that's, I guess, a
risk management decision that we want to make once
seeing the final report and analysis. And I don't
want to speak to how conservative we would be, but
yes, I think it could be considered to further
elevate it or move it back depending on exactly
where, where that analysis falls.

MR. MERCIER: Okay. Thank you.

Moving on to number 79, it has to do with the financial mechanisms and non-financial mechanisms, some questions we asked in previous Greenskies projects, including the 524 Woodbury.

Part of the question -- there was a new addition on to the question compared to the last

1 It basically asked, do all four of the iteration. 2 financial mechanisms listed result in additional 3 upfront costs that are passed on to the 4 ratepayers? 5 THE WITNESS (La Marche): And you're asking us to 6 answer that specific question? 7 MR. MERCIER: Yes, I didn't see that response in there. 8 And then the second part of it, of the four of those financial mechanisms, which would likely 9 10 have the highest cost, if known? 11 THE WITNESS (La Marche): I don't have an answer to 12 that at this moment. Can I try to get back to you 13 shortly? I will have somebody look into it now. 14 MR. MERCIER: Yes, thank you. 15 I understand reading through the application, 16 basically, on page 12 it stated there may be a 17 farm operation, some type of agricultural activity 18 at the site. 19 Well, I guess the question right now is, is 20 Greenskies still considering or committing to a 21 farming operation at the site, some type of 22 agricultural activity? THE WITNESS (La Marche): Yeah. So this is Jean-Paul. 23 24 We are proposing the agricultural co-use that 25 we similarly proposed on the Winchester and Durham project of having perennial plants, herbs for that type of -- of plant. It's listed in the -- the details are in the appendix that we had in our -- in our application.

And the intent is to -- well, what we stated in the narrative of the application was that we would provide that as part of the project. It would be integrated into it. And that is currently our intent. I -- I believe it is entirely possible, and I have -- I have no problem with that being part of this project.

So from a short answer, yes, our intent is to do that. I think I would appreciate a little bit of flexibility in exactly when and -- when and where, and how much of that work there is. And I'm not saying that we intend to do it in just, like, a tiny, small corner and ignore the rest, but as the prime farmland is across the majority of this site, there may be some operational reasons why it would be more efficient for the farmer that we're working with that, you know, some of it is actively farmed. Some of it is passively farmed, that it's rotated around.

I just -- I don't have every answer to that right now.

MR. MERCIER: Okay. Thank you.

One thing I did notice in the site plan that, you know, you had a chain-link fence around the site, and it was to be raised up six inches for wildlife movement. But I guess my question is, if you're going to do sheep or some type of crop, do you have to lower the fence so no small animals can get into the area?

THE WITNESS (La Marche): I don't think we do. And for -- I guess for -- for two reasons. If we are doing a perennial plant thing, it's -- there's no issue with animals entering in or out of that area.

For the sheep purposes, they would not have free range of the entire site. So, there would be fencing for the sheep within the -- the project area to keep them contained to where the sheep are. The -- the fence is really for National Electric Code and access prevention from -- from the general public.

MR. MERCIER: Speaking of the fence, since it was -since it is an agricultural area and you may do
agricultural activities at the site, can you
install an agricultural-style fence, you know,
with the wider mesh?

1 THE WITNESS (La Marche): Yeah, that was --MR. MERCIER: And (unintelligible) --2 THE WITNESS (La Marche): That was actually -- our 3 4 intent was to do an agricultural fence, and I 5 think there may have been some accidental -- like, 6 at one point it might have said a chain-link 7 fence, but in other places it said agricultural. 8 Our intent here is to do an agricultural 9 fence. 10 MR. MERCIER: Thank you. 11 I have no other questions. Thank you very 12 much. 13 THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you, Mr. Mercier. 14 We'll now continue with cross-examination by 15 Mr. Nguyen followed by Mr. Golembiewski. 16 Mr. Nguyen, good afternoon. MR. NGUYEN: Yeah. Good afternoon, Mr. Morissette. 17 18 And good afternoon, everyone. 19 Well, thank you, Mr. Mercier, for many of 20 these questions. So, I just have a few. Let me 21 start with a followup. You mentioned earlier that 22 there will be a contact sign during the 23 construction so that the members of the public may 24 contact you, should there be concerns or any 25 personal comments, and you are willing to do that.

1 Is that right? 2 THE WITNESS (La Marche): That's correct, yeah. 3 MR. NGUYEN: Now going forward, is there a contact 4 number available at the site in case the public, 5 you know, in the future may have questions or 6 comments? THE WITNESS (La Marche): Sorry, I just want to confirm 7 8 your question. You're saying that, is there a 9 long-term contact number that we could provide for 10 people to contact us? 11 MR. NGUYEN: Yes, available --THE WITNESS (La Marche): Yes, sir. 12 13 MR. NGUYEN: -- at the site? 14 THE WITNESS (La Marche): Yes, we have a phone number 15 for our operation and maintenance team as well as 16 a general-information phone number that is answered by a person and would be able to direct 17 18 it to the appropriate party. 19 MR. NGUYEN: Referencing page 14 of the application, 20 this is regarding the company's interaction with 21 the Towns of Stonington and Ledyard. And on page 22 14 of the application it's indicated that the 23 company has not received any substantive comments from the Towns or from the public. 24 25 So could you elaborate, what do you mean by

1 substantive comments? 2 THE WITNESS (Hicks): Dennis Hicks. 3 Clerical -- I believe that was just a 4 clerical wording. We have -- we haven't 5 received -- when we submitted the package to the 6 Towns, we had comments that they've, you know, 7 confirmation of receiving them, but no comments on 8 the content of the -- the actual application. Ιt 9 was just a confirmation and, you know, the 10 confirmation of either that they received it or 11 just clarifying that they had their correct 12 address for the project. 13 MR. NGUYEN: I'm sorry. There was a background noise. 14 I didn't get the last part. 15 THE WITNESS (Hicks): Oh, I'm sorry. That was a train. 16 The -- I'm remembering now there was an 17 officer, I believe, from the planning and zoning 18 department of the Town of Ledyard who called me 19 just to confirm the location and parcel of the 20 project, but they did not comment on the actual 21 content of the application. 22 MR. NGUYEN: And to date have you received any other additional comments from the Town? 23 24 THE WITNESS (Hicks): No, we have not.

In referencing electrical plans Exhibit

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MR. NGUYEN:

Appendix M, on page 11 of your application the company indicated that the Exhibit M electrical plans are still being finalized by the company and Eversource.

So what are the possible expected changes in the plans after you consult with them?

THE WITNESS (La Marche): Yeah. So, this is Jean-Paul, and I am thrilled that you answered -- asked that question.

So, the electrical plan set in the site plan, if you look at the interconnection location, shows five new utility poles at the point of common coupling, or the point of interconnection near Lantern Hill Road.

MR. NGUYEN: Uh-huh?

THE WITNESS (La Marche): The change that we would make would be to follow the -- follow the same strategy that we have on our, I guess, most recent three projects where we move -- we can eliminate one of the poles and then move two of the poles interior to our project to minimize the viewshed impact by the road.

So -- so, we would be making that same change here.

THE WITNESS (Hicks): Dennis Hicks.

that, the -- the sort of reasoning for the wording in that was this project is still going through a cluster study at the -- at both Eversource and the ISO. So, we were just being cautious to not -- to ensure that you knew that there is an additional review going on, and there may be minor changes based on what they require.

However, you know, the vast majority of the project we believe to be set in stone or, you know, outside of any further alterations from the ISO and the cluster study.

To -- to follow up on that, in addition to

MR. NGUYEN: So in terms of physical changes there might be more poles? There might be less poles?

THE WITNESS (Hicks): Less poles. There would be -- the intent would be there would be one less pole total, and two poles would be moved interior to the project site closer to our equipment pad and the access road location.

MR. NGUYEN: And looking at the exhibit itself I see that, from that, five utility poles to the project site, and that would be an underground facility.

Is that right?

THE WITNESS (Hicks): Right now -- by underground, you mean what?

1 MR. NGUYEN: By underground I mean that you will 2 install -- I believe you have some sort of duct 3 banks. 4 THE WITNESS (Hicks): Yeah. Okay. Between -- sorry, 5 just you mean between the project site and the 6 poles would be underground? 7 MR. NGUYEN: Yes, that's what I said. Yeah. 8 THE WITNESS (Hicks): Yes, that is correct. Yes. 9 MR. NGUYEN: And by looking at it, I see that they have 10 underground feeders in the duct bank there. 11 looks like it will cross wetlands on both sides. 12 So how would the company limit the wetland 13 disturbance during the construction? 14 THE WITNESS (Hicks): You know, I think the -- my 15 understanding of this is that we would be able to 16 put it within the road area, and not off to the 17 side of the road and in the wetland area. 18 There may also be a way to be under, like, do 19 directional boring rather than digging a trench, 20 and thus not impact the wetland by, you know, 21 building through them, but instead going under 22 them. 23 MR. NGUYEN: Okay. Referencing question number 42, 24 Siting Council staff asked about the transformer,

and about the insulating oil containment system.

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1 And the answer indicated that, currently, you 2 don't have a leak detection, but it would be an 3 optional add-on. Do you see that? 4 THE WITNESS (Hicks): I do, yes. 5 MR. NGUYEN: Now would you consider adding it in this 6 equipment? 7 THE WITNESS (Hicks): Would we consider adding the leak 8 detection? 9 MR. NGUYEN: Yes. 10 THE WITNESS (Hicks): Yes. 11 MR. NGUYEN: Okay. That's all I have. 12 Thank you, Mr. Morissette. Thank you, 13 Gentlemen. 14 THE WITNESS (Hicks): Thank you. 15 THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you, Mr. Nguyen. 16 We'll now continue with cross-examination by 17 Mr. Golembiewski followed by Mr. Carter. 18 Mr. Golembiewski, good afternoon. 19 MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: Good afternoon, Mr. Morissette. 20 Good afternoon, everyone. 21 Hopefully -- Mr. Mercier actually touched on 22 a lot of the same issues. So, hopefully these 23 will be quick questions. I want to confirm that 24 that the petitioner would consider a landscaping 25 plan for the eastern perimeter of the project

1 starting with, I guess, that same basin -- I don't know if it's 2C -- basically working up that sort 2 3 of zigzagged section to the access road. 4 THE WITNESS (La Marche): Yeah. I mean, I think the 5 same answer that we gave previously on this and 6 that, yes, we would consider it. Yes, in concept 7 we're fine with it. 8 But, you know, I want to look at the exact 9 location, the height, the impact on shading. You 10 know, how did that mitigate views? All of those 11 types of things to optimize the -- the use of 12 screening and the intent of actually accomplishing 13 that screening. 14 MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: Fair enough. 15 THE REPORTER: And just for clarity of the record, may 16 I have the name of the last person who answered? 17 THE WITNESS (La Marche): This is Jean-Paul. Sorry. 18 THE REPORTER: Thank you very much. 19 MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: All right. And is Lantern Hill Road 20 considered a local scenic road in the vicinity of 21 the project? 22 THE WITNESS (La Marche): Dennis? 23 THE WITNESS (Hicks): Dennis Hicks, Greenskies. 24 Yes, it is considered a scenic road. 25 MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: Okay. And so screening in that area

would screen potentially views from the road in that area also?

THE WITNESS (Hicks): Correct. I think that would be one of the main focuses of the screening.

MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: Okay, great.

Mr. Mercier talked about that in the interrogatories there was a net cut of, I believe, 3500 cubic yards proposed. What is that for?

THE WITNESS (La Marche): Steve, can you answer that please?

THE WITNESS (Kochis): Yeah, I was already planning on it. This is Steve Kochis, VHB.

The net, that net cut is not, you know, exactly what we -- we're not doing it for any specific reason. It's because we're excavating for the six stormwater basins, and also hogging out material to install the gravel access roads.

So, due to the flat nature of the site, it's primarily going to be excavation for -- for the stormwater basins, and probably hogging down for something like eight-inch material in the location of the proposed access roads as well. So, it's going to generate a surplus of material that, as noted in previous -- previous responses, we'll work with the landowner to redistribute it across

1 the site.

MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: So, I guess that leads me to my next question. I believe, Mr. Kochis, you said that permanent stormwater basins were not required per, you know, standard stormwater criteria.

Wouldn't just filling them back in sort of get you, like, almost no net cut?

THE WITNESS (Kochis): This is Steve Kochis, VHB.

That's correct. I -- I think the short
answer would be we're -- we're showing that we do
not need these basins, however there's certainly
benefit to keeping them permanently to -- to
provide rate attenuation off -- off of the project
edges as well as some semblance of water quality
treatment prior to discharge across the parcel
lines.

So, I believe speaking generally, you know, it's -- it's typically Greenskies' intent to just keep the basins once they've had them installed because they do serve some -- some benefit throughout the lifespan of the project.

But -- but to answer your question directly, it would certainly reduce the amount of surplus material we would have from the construction if we fill the basins in at the end of construction.

MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: Okay. Mr. Mercier kind of touched upon a point that I find -- in the design, I find it a little curious is -- the basins on the southern end are all right up against the property line. And when you look at the little riprap, you know, outlets, they appear to be right up, you know, up to the property line.

My understanding, you know, generally when

we -- any type of, you know, development, you

always look at setbacks from property lines. You

guys didn't think to apply any type of setback to

the property line? Or am I missing a setback?

THE WITNESS (Kochis): This is Steve Kochis, VHB.

I guess, I -- I would say I'm -- I'm not personally familiar with a setback for from -- for a stormwater basin or -- or a disturbance from a property line. There, there is language about the placement of panels being a certain distance from property lines, which we are adhering to in the general permit.

That said, and -- and circling back, tying -tying back to a response from a previous question,
we can certainly look at pulling, pulling the
basins back a little bit from that property line
and giving a little bit more room, but the fact is

it's very flat and -- and we're going to be discharging against that semblance of the stonewall and -- and woods there, and across other farm fields.

So -- but we can certainly look at moving, moving those three basins back from the property line.

MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: I'm going to refer to the plan sheets in attachment A, and it's the last sheet.

And that sheet sort of shows a contiguous, forested -- or I want to say, or at least a vegetated buffer on that property line. And then looking at the aerial photos that seems to sort of support that.

Could you move your stormwater -- well, your sediment trap stormwater basins north enough so that that current, sort of, continuous vegetated buffer not be impacted at all?

THE WITNESS (Kochis): Yeah. This is Steve Kochis, VHB.

To answer that question directly, yes, we could certainly look at moving it so it's outside of the top-down impact of that vegetation.

Although, I -- I would like to make the distinction that the survey, which -- which does

seem to coincide with the aerial imagery,
represents the drip line of -- of that, that
vegetation, which is not really representative of
where the trunk lines may be.

And the trunk lines are generally confined pretty close to the property line itself, even though the drip line, the overall footprint of the tree may be further to the north as is shown on the aerials.

But -- but to answer the original question, we could certainly look to move the basins outside of the footprint of the drip line of that vegetation.

MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: Great. I would appreciate that.

Let's see. So the aquifer protection area, and I'm going to refer to, I guess, it looks like C-3.2, as I read it, it's basically the eastern end of the project is within this aquifer protection area. Is that correct?

THE WITNESS (Hicks): Dennis Hicks, Greenskies.

There is -- there are two aquifer protection areas.

MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: Okay.

THE WITNESS (Hicks): One that was not -- one was not shown on the site plans, not intentionally. We

just were made aware of where and sort of realized it after the plan had been submitted, and changed our interrogatory answers accordingly.

The one on the site plan is a Connecticut

DEEP -- it's a CT DEEP aquifer protection area.

It surrounds the Aquarion facility more -- mostly.

It sort of goes east and north from there, from the site.

Then there is an aquifer protection area for the majority of Whitford -- Whitford Brook all the way down until -- into the Village of Mystic.

That one is a Town of Stonington specific one, and what caused us to -- to change, change strategies and of how and where the, you know, chemical stuffs, petroleum products or -- or otherwise would -- would be stored.

Because typically Greenskies' plan and response to these questions on interrogatories includes the stipulation that we could store them in a waterproof, you know, a waterproof container to have them not spill onto the site. Greenskies is still open to that opportune -- that option, however in following with the aquifer protection area for the Town of Stonington, we decided to opt for moving refueling entirely off of the site

rather than a waterproof container.

MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: Okay. And so, when I look at this same plan there's an area north of the access road that says, contractor parking, slash, staging area. So that would be an area that where vehicles would be parked, maybe materials, non-hazardous materials would be staged?

THE WITNESS (Hicks): Yes, that is -- Dennis Hicks, Greenskies.

That is the -- the intent, however, I would probably say that the final lay-down area has not -- not set any bounds at the site.

MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: Okay. And then this leads me to my next question is, you know, we have the equipment pads. You know one is in the state aquifer and then one is in the town aquifer protection area.

The transformers, how would we make sure the transformers don't pollute the groundwater?

THE WITNESS (Hicks): Dennis Hicks, Greenskies.

As stated in the response to the other question, we are open to a spill-monitoring system being, you know, added to the transformers.

However, I would also state that while the transformers -- while the exact transformer hasn't been sited, and admit the interior oil is specific

to that -- to the manufacturer, these are typically not hazardous oils such as mineral oil or some -- some low-conductivity seed oil that would, to -- to my knowledge, have little to no impact to the aquifer protection area.

However, I -- we would ensure that to be the case prior to equipment decisions.

MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: Okay. Great.

My next question is related to the spotted turtles. As I read the DEEP's NDDB report, it sounds like there will be seasonal restrictions on construction, and then mowing even after the facility is completed and operating.

Is there a spotted turtle plan that will be prepared for both construction and long-term operation of the facility?

THE WITNESS (La Marche): Yeah, this is Jean-Paul.

We will -- we will prepare a management plan for the spotted turtle. And my understanding of that letter from the NDDB group at DEEP is that the construction require -- or the construction recommendations are sort of broken down into two sections; one is earthworks, and two is the rest of construction.

And they would like the earthwork to be done

outside of a certain window, but the rest of construction, if it takes place in that window, they just want precautions such as exclusionary fencing and, you know, recommendations from a herpetologist and inspections, and all of those types of things to ensure that turtles are not harmed. And we would -- we would, you know, follow those recommendations and do that work.

In terms of long term, what -- what I read in this report was that the risk to the turtles from human impact is typically by cars or by mowing, and mowing including agriculture activities. So, long term there's really very little car use on site. Right? Occasional visits, but it's -- it's not a primary issue.

And from a mowing perspective our proposed land-management plan with the perennial plants and the forest really requires much less mowing and much less large equipment than typical agricultural activities or something like, you know, hay farming that would have been done traditionally on this site.

So we believe that overall we would be having a net positive impact on the turtle habitat and turtle protections for this site.

MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: Okay. Great.

My next question is I just want to make sure I understand the FEMA situation at the site. So, currently there is a FEMA A zone that essentially splits a project in half, north to, sort of, north west and southeast. So that --

THE WITNESS (La Marche): Correct.

MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: -- I don't know if it's half, but maybe less than half of the panels are actually located in the hundred-year flood, as FEMA now -- so, there's my question.

So, you talked about a letter of map revision. Has that been granted yet, or not?

THE WITNESS (La Marche): That has not. It has not been granted yet. So the FEMA flood plan that is mapped is -- is as you said. That's all correct.

What's slightly atypical about it is that they don't give a base flood elevation. It does -- it doesn't exist in their mapping onto the site.

We did initial analysis, or VHB did -- Steve, if you want to add details, feel free -- that determined -- and the result of that analysis was this area is not really a hundred-year floodplain, and that that was an overly conservative

assessment.

We have built on top of that initial assessment and are now in the process of doing the mapping change with FEMA, but that is not completed yet.

MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: Okay. So I guess what are we to then -- how do we evaluate that then? Because I don't think it's a good practice, but that, you know -- so, you're saying, you know, so it shows on the FEMA that it's a hundred-year, but you're saying that it's not really a hundred-year floodplain. Is there a specific elevation?

I mean, I know I see, you know, in some of the plans there was a secondary line. That's your estimated floodplain, the second line?

THE WITNESS (Kochis): Yeah. This is --

THE WITNESS (La Marche): Yeah. Steve, yeah, thank you.

THE WITNESS (Kochis): Yeah, this is Steve Kochis, VHB.

So this portion of Whitford Brook did not have a flood insurance study and cross sections prepared for it by FEMA. That's why it's a zone A and not a zone AE with listed base flood elevations.

So, to answer that question there's no listed

elevations. This is just -- I would call it a napkin sketch of -- of the floodplain limits in this area as a representation from FEMA.

There's no --

MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: Right.

THE WITNESS (Kochis): There's no elevation that -that I -- that I or anyone else right now can
point to, you know, like elevation 120 and say
that we can be a foot, or any number of feet above
that. It doesn't exist. It's not known.

So, what VHB and our flood study specialists who work with FEMA regularly have done is a cursory analysis of the watershed flowing through this area through Whitford Brook, and an analysis of the river corridor itself. And they've come to the preliminary conclusions that the flood line could be pulled in closer. The hundred-year flood line could be pulled in closer to the brook.

We're -- we're currently under contract with Greenskies working on that. The more robust studies, the HEC-RAS modeling of the whole corridor, including correspondence with FEMA work and -- and models that they have used so far to amend the model, which will confirm our preliminary assessments that the hundred-year

flood line would be closer to the brook and outside of the footprint of our project.

We're probably, time-wise, a couple months from making application to FEMA and I think the expectation is it's -- it's a long process to do a LOMR. I think the expectation would be that we probably would not have that positive determination of the letter of map revision from FEMA until probably something like late 2025.

MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: Okay. But you have at least a preliminary analysis that supports your location of the hundred-year floodplain?

THE WITNESS (Kochis): That's correct. We have been contracted. VH -- this is Steve Kochis.

VHB have been contracted by Greenskies to perform a preliminary analysis of the floodplain mapping of the area which the results of which concluded that the floodplain limits could be moved.

MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: Okay. And, you know, with some of the recent flooding we had in Connecticut in August, I mean, is it prudent? I guess my question is, you know, we're getting greater than hundred-year storm events all the time -- I won't say all the time, but frequently now.

So does that really change anything? Is this
really -- are we looking at a project that's half
in a flood-prone area? And should we be looking
for some type of adaptations? Or I mean, should
we be raising equipment area, you know, pads and
such?

THE WITNESS (Kochis): This is Steve Kochis.

JP, I'm going to tee this up for you, because we've certainly had these conversations before regarding this project, but would it -- would it be -- to answer the question best, would -- would it make sense to -- to talk about from -- from Greenskies' perspective raising the equipment above the floodplain and -- and the flood -- flood insurance that you guys would have to seek through your investors and such?

Do you want to take it from here, JP?

THE WITNESS (La Marche): Yeah, I'm happy to answer that question.

I guess, I -- I think from a practical perspective with this project we would ensure that electrical equipment is outside of the floodplain. It is -- it is not prudent for us as the long-term project owners and the financing behind this project to have the expensive electrical equipment

within the floodplain. You know, our expectation is that that floodplain is outside of our project area and all of the equipment will be outside of it.

In the condition that, you know, may be, hypothetically some of it comes back, and the edge of the floodplain with a low base flood elevation is on the edge of the module, we would ensure that the electrical equipment is outside of that area, and, if needed, the modules are higher than that base flood elevation.

I -- I don't think, you know, that there's a reason to go above and beyond that and design to, you know, FEMA mapping that doesn't exist, or code that doesn't exist. Right? Like, I don't. I don't think we need to be more conservative than the study and the requirements show we need to be.

MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: Okay. I have one last question. I

thought I read that the site will be seeded with a

Ernst Solar Farm Seed Mix, and then be amended

with 10 percent pollinator species.

Is that correct?

THE WITNESS (La Marche): That would be the type of mix that we use for any non-agricultural area of the project.

1	MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: All right. So, and we right now
2	don't know where the non-agricultural versus
3	agricultural areas are going to be?
4	Is that correct.
5	THE WITNESS (La Marche): We have not a hundred percent
6	mapped out all of that, correct.
7	I think, you know, and correct. I'll just
8	leave it at that. Correct.
9	MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: Okay. And then there would be other
10	planting, any other seed mixes that would be
11	appropriate for whatever the other agricultural
12	co-use would be? Okay.
13	THE WITNESS (La Marche): Yeah, that's defined in the
14	appendix as part of the application.
15	MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: Yeah. Okay.
16	Thank you, Mr. Morissette. Thank you, panel.
17	That's all I have.
18	THE WITNESS (La Marche): Thank you.
19	THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you, Mr. Golembiewski.
20	At this point we will take an eleven-minute
21	break and we will reconvene at 3:45.
22	I will remind you there is an open question
23	from Mr. Mercier as to the cost to ratepayers to
24	implement the financial mechanisms. If we could
25	have an anguer of that when we return?

1 THE WITNESS (La Marche): I can -- I can confirm that 2 our team has created an answer to that question 3 while we've been talking, and I will have that for 4 you when we get back. 5 THE HEARING OFFICER: Very good. Thank you. 6 THE WITNESS (La Marche): Thank you. 7 8 (Pause: 3:35 p.m. to 3:45 p.m.) 9 10 THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you, everyone. 11 Is the Court Reporter back with us? 12 I am, and we are on the record. THE REPORTER: 13 THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you. 14 Very good. Mr. LaMarche, let's start off 15 with the response to Mr. Mercier's open question, 16 if you would? 17 THE WITNESS (La Marche): Yeah, thank you. So this is 18 Jean-Paul. 19 The question was out of -- out of the 20 options, do all four of them result in the highest 21 cost, or in a higher cost passed on to the 22 ratepayer? And the answer to that is, yes, all of 23 them do, but to different degrees. 24 So the second part of the question is the 25 most problematic term, but it ends up the highest

1 impact to ratepayers would be the letter of credit 2 and the decommissioning trust. The -- the letter 3 of credit requires that the developer allocate 4 borrowing capacity and then pay the ongoing costs 5 of the letter of credit, and that would increase 6 the cost of energy. 7 And in terms of the decommissioning trust, it 8 requires a higher upfront cost and that higher 9 upfront cost increases the cost of energy, and 10 then passes that on to the ratepayer. 11 THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you, Mr. LaMarche. 12 Mr. Mercier, does that satisfy your question? 13 MR. MERCIER: Yes, thank you. 14 THE HEARING OFFICER: Very good. Thank you. 15 Thank you, all. 16 Okay, now we will continue with cross-examination by Mr. Carter followed by 17 18 Ms. Hall. Mr. Carter, good afternoon. 19 MR. CARTER: Good afternoon, Mr. Morissette. I 20 actually don't have any questions. Thank you. 21 THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you. 22 We'll now continue cross-examination by 23 Ms. Hall followed by Ms. Katz. 24 Ms. Hall, good afternoon. 25 MS. HALL: Good afternoon.

A couple of follow-up questions about the agricultural plan. I understand your point,
Mr. LaMarche, that it is still a work in progress.
But I'm really curious about the aspect of using the area -- and I hope it can be done because it sounds like a great idea -- for herbs and dye plants.

The question I have is -- one of the questions I have is, how would they be harvested?

THE WITNESS (La Marche): By hand.

MS. HALL: By hand?

THE WITNESS (La Marche): It would be -- it would be individuals using hand -- hand-style tools to -- to cut and harvest.

MS. HALL: Interesting. And would they need irrigation?

THE WITNESS (La Marche): So the intent is the species that we have looked at and are -- have on that list do not require long-term irrigation. They would require watering to establish, but long term, once the roots are longer, once they are established as perennial plants, they would not require irrigation like a typical agricultural farm field, as corn or beans would.

MS. HALL: Understood. That's my experience with my

herb garden.

The grass mix, we got a suggestion from the Council on Environmental Quality that, to the extent possible, that native species be used. Is that something that you have looked at?

THE WITNESS (La Marche): We have looked at native species, and I am fine incorporating native species into it. I think it, you know, becomes a little bit problematic to be a hundred percent native.

MS. HALL: Okay. I understand. I understand.

All right. And now on to the questions that you know I'm always going to ask, which is about the fire department.

Stonington is what? About less than a thousand people; their fire department has to be very small. I assume that they probably get some help from Ledyard, which is bigger, but it's still not big either. So they're both volunteers, volunteer-based.

And in response to the questions, there is -as you pointed out, there is one hydrant, but it's
unknown whether or not if there were an event
where you had to keep the area wet, moist, whether
that hydrant would be sufficient. And that you

would -- that the fire department would have to rely on tanker trucks.

Along with the training which you always say -- and I have no reason to doubt that you're going to work with the local fire departments on training, and that's a cornerstone of having this go forward -- would you also be willing to work with them on making sure that the water supply will be sufficient?

THE WITNESS (La Marche): We are willing to work with them on the water supply, yes.

MS. HALL: Okay. Thank you. I actually -- those were just my two questions. I had the same questions that have already been asked about screening. And I want to thank -- and also about the leak detection language, which was a little bit squishy. So I'm glad that's been firmed up a bit, but that's it for me. Thank you.

THE WITNESS (La Marche): Thank you.

THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you. Thank you, Ms. Hall.

We'll now continue with cross-examination by Ms. Katz and followed by Mr. Lynch. Ms. Katz?

(No response.)

1 THE HEARING OFFICER: Very good. We'll now continue with cross-examination by Mr. Lynch followed by 2 3 myself. Mr. Lynch, good afternoon. 4 MR. LYNCH: Can you hear me, Mr. Morissette? 5 THE HEARING OFFICER: Yes, I can. Thank you. 6 MR. LYNCH: I just have a few simple questions. 7 first one is on your maintenance team for the 8 project. Is that -- are those employees of the 9 company, or is that contracted out? 10 THE WITNESS (La Marche): No, they are employees of 11 Greenskies. 12 Okay. My other question revolves around MR. LYNCH: 13 the decommissioning of the project and also the 14 damage to any panels or inverters. Let's start 15 with the damage first. 16 How are they -- if there's any damage to the 17 panels or inverters, how are they replaced? And 18 how -- what's the timeframe of the maintenance on 19 replacing them? 20 THE WITNESS (La Marche): So let's -- this is 21 Jean-Paul. 22 Let me answer the questions separately, 23 because they have different answers for the -- the 24 different equipment. Inverters -- well, I guess 25 in general both can be replaced without turning

off the entire system. The system can continue to operate while we are, you know, securing the equipment if we don't have it readily available and make -- making the repair. You know, we will isolate the section of it that may need to get shut down.

For the modules, if one module is
nonfunctional and not producing energy, it may not
justify immediately replacing it like, you know,
as an emergency that day. But at a scheduled
maintenance visit or in, you know, a reasonable
amount of time, we would replace any
non-functional module.

You know, if they're actually, for the most, part plug-and-play connectors, replacing it with the same module, we would have a stock of those modules not stored on site, but we would have a stock of those modules. And it's, you know, releasing some clamps, releasing some electrical connectors, plugging that back in, redoing the clamps. It's a pretty straightforward process.

For these --

MR. LYNCH: You answered one -- you answered one of my follow-up questions on storage of the panels or modules. And so you answered that already.

1 So, thank you. 2 THE WITNESS (La Marche): Yeah. We have -- we have --3 I mean, we have a very high volume of project 4 overall, and we have warehouses and we have 5 storage. They're not going to be on site, but we 6 have that as a company. We --7 MR. LYNCH: And how long would it take to replace them? 8 THE WITNESS (La Marche): I mean, from the on-site 9 work? 10 MR. LYNCH: No, from getting --11 THE WITNESS (La Marche): I mean, I don't exactly --12 so, a half hour or something like that. 13 MR. LYNCH: No. I mean, from getting them from your 14 storage facility to the field to be replaced, 15 what's the timeframe? 16 THE WITNESS (La Marche): You know, it -- it depends on 17 the scheduling of when a routine maintenance is 18 already scheduled. We may wait for a routine 19 maintenance so that we don't have to do an 20 individual trip for just one solar panel. 21 So, I -- I don't know exactly how long that 22 would take, but, you know, I guess in general it 23 would be days or weeks or months, but it wouldn't 24 be longer than that. 25 MR. LYNCH: Now, during the maintenance of the

1 facility, those panels are still hot. If there is any injury to any of the maintenance people, is 2 3 there a plan for it to have a fire rescue there? 4 THE WITNESS (La Marche): We would. I mean, we would 5 not have our own fire rescue crew on site when 6 performing maintenance, but we also do not perform 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15

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maintenance as an individual. There would be a team of people that would be there in case there was any sort of accident. MR. LYNCH: Now, the transformers, the two, are they controlled by your company? Or by the utility company? THE WITNESS (La Marche): There are transformers that are owned by our company and then there is also --I guess, on-site the transformers are owned by our company, yes. There, there are not on-site transformers owned by the utility. We are responsible for meeting the grid voltage.

MR. LYNCH: Okay. Now, going back to your decommissioning plan, in 20 years where do these panels, modules, inverters and transformers go to be -- is there a storage area somewhere? they can't go into landfills in Connecticut.

So, where? Where are they sent to? THE WITNESS (La Marche): So, it depends on the equipment again. The modules that we use actually can be disposed of as solid waste in a landfill.

I'm not saying we would, but they could be.

The other equipment would all be disposed of, if it is non-functional, in the appropriate means. Right? Some of it is going to be scrapped for metal value. There's a lot of copper that would be recycled, reused.

MR. LYNCH: Yeah.

THE WITNESS (La Marche): There's a growing industry around the reuse and recycling of solar panels.

So, we -- it would be an assortment of different means of disposing of it between recycling and reusing and landfilling.

MR. LYNCH: Maybe I was misinformed, but I thought the panels couldn't go into landfills in Connecticut, but if they can, then that's all right. You've answered the question.

All my other questions have been asked and answered, Mr. Morissette. So, I'm all set.

THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you, Mr. Lynch.

Quite a few of my questions have been answered as well, and I want to thank Mr. Mercier and my fellow councilmembers for being very thorough this afternoon. A couple of follow-up

questions, however.

The property owned by Aquarion that the access road leads to, what is the function of that property? Is that a pump house?

THE WITNESS (La Marche): Dennis, can you answer that?
THE WITNESS (Hicks): Yes. Dennis Hicks, Greenskies.

Yes, the Aquarion property is a pump house for -- for their usage. I'm not entirely sure where it goes, but I do know it's used for pumping.

THE HEARING OFFICER: Okay. Thank you. The property

to the east, could you kindly describe what's

there and what's -- how it's being utilized, if at
all?

THE WITNESS (Hicks): Dennis Hicks, Greenskies. I just
want to -- I'm just seeking clarification. Do you
mean the property on the other side of the
Aquarion access road, or the parcel adjacent?

THE HEARING OFFICER: On the other side of the access
road.

THE WITNESS (Hicks): That is the same use as the current, that the other -- the, you know, where the project location is, it is sporadically used, sort of, as needed by a tenant farmer in -- in, you know, in an informal agreement with our

1 landowner. THE WITNESS (Kochis): And this is Steve Kochis, VHB. 2 3 To -- to add some clarity there, 4 Mr. Morissette, that that portion of the parcel to 5 the east of the Aquarion easement is part of our 6 contiguous host parcel that the project is going 7 It's all -- it's all the same parcel. 8 THE HEARING OFFICER: Oh, it's part of your lease as 9 well? Am I understanding that right? 10 THE WITNESS (Kochis): It's part of the host parcel. 11 I'll defer to Dennis and JP, as it's part of 12 their lease, although I do you think Ryan -- JP 13 and Dennis, Ryan had mentioned that you were 14 leasing this entire parcel? 15 THE WITNESS (Hicks): Yes. Dennis Hicks, Greenskies. 16 So, to my knowledge that that is what -- that that is my understanding, that we are leasing the 17 18 entire parcel, yes. And the -- the access road 19 through Aquarion is a non -- non-exclusive 20 easement that has been granted to Aquarion. 21 THE HEARING OFFICER: Okay. Interesting. Thank you. 22 I'd like to go to the interconnection. 23 I heard Jean-Paul testify that it's going to 24 change, and I thank you for that. I was happy to 25 hear that the number of poles are going to be

reduced and that the customer side and the utility side are going to be separated.

As you can imagine, I was very concerned about 227 Lantern Hill Road, which is adjacent to the Aquarion easement access road. And I was very concerned about the unsightly five poles that would be on the edge of that property.

And so, I wanted just to be clear, based on what you said, is there's a possibility to reduce from five to four; and that two of the poles, the customer-side poles will be moved north closer to the equipment pad, and the two remaining poles will be the utility poles by the street.

THE WITNESS (La Marche): That is correct. That is what I said. That is our design intent. That is what we have done on the previous project successfully with Eversource.

Once they complete their cluster study that is ongoing for this project right now we will provide them that updated design and finalize it with them.

THE HEARING OFFICER: Very good. I'm very happy to hear that.

Just one final question. Can you describe to me what a cluster study is?

THE WITNESS (La Marche): Yes, I can. So there has been recent legislation for rulemaking on a FERC level that changed the interconnection process on -- on the FERC side that filtered down to changing how the ISO was required to perform transmission-related studies.

Even though this project is going through a utility and not the ISO, for certain levels of impact they need ISO review on the transmission side to make sure there's no impact.

The change there is, instead of doing it on a one-off basis, they are clustering projects that are going through interconnections and doing that ISO review study all at the same time. The intent is to create efficiencies, and I -- I am hopeful that we will see efficiencies.

But, you know, as it's being rolled out it's been a new process, and it's been a little bit challenging to work there.

THE HEARING OFFICER: Sure. So in essence, if I could kind of restate it, is there they're taking pending projects that are in the queue and they're inserting them into their model to see what the overall transmission impact is?

THE WITNESS (La Marche): Correct.

1 THE HEARING OFFICER: Okay. 2 THE WITNESS (La Marche): They're looking at them 3 altogether. 4 THE HEARING OFFICER: Okay. Well, that would make 5 So then when the next generator in the sense. 6 queue comes up, they just need to add to it any 7 new ones that are in the queue, and they can 8 update their model, I would think, rather quickly 9 and give you, or give the developers a quick result. So that's good news. 10 11 Okay. Very good. Thank you. That's all the 12 questions I have for this afternoon, and thank 13 everybody. 14 So the Council will recess until 6:30 p.m., 15 at which time we will commence with the public 16 comment session of this public hearing. 17 So thank you, everyone, and we will see you 18 at 6:30 p.m. Have a nice dinner. 19 THE WITNESS (La Marche): Thank you, all. 20 ATTORNEY HOFFMAN: Thank you, Mr. Morissette. 21 THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you. 22 23 (End: 4:05 p.m.) 24 25

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CERTIFICATE

CERITFICATE

I hereby certify that the foregoing 86 pages are a complete and accurate computer-aided transcription of my original verbatim notes taken of the remote teleconference meeting of The Connecticut Siting Council in Re: DOCKET NO. 525, GREENSKIES CLEAN ENERGY, LLC APPLICATION FOR A CERTIFICATE OF ENVIRONMENTAL COMPATIBILITY AND PUBLIC NEED FOR THE CONSTRUCTION, MAINTENANCE, AND OPERATION OF A 4.999-MEGAWATT-AC SOLAR PHOTOVOLTAIC ELECTRIC GENERATING FACILITY AND ASSOCIATED EQUIPMENT LOCATED AT LANTERN HILL ROAD (PARCEL NO. 169-1-4), STONINGTON, CONNECTICUT AND ASSOCIATED ELECTRICAL INTERCONNECTION, which was held before JOHN MORISSETTE, Member and Presiding Officer, on December 12, 2024.

Robert G. Dixon, CVR-M 857

Notary Public

My Commission Expires: 6/30/2025

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