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2	STATE OF CONNECTICUT
3	CONNECTICUT SITING COUNCIL
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5	Docket No. 524
6	Greenskies Clean Energy, LLC, Application for a
7	Certificate of Environmental Compatibility and
8	Public Need for the Construction, Maintenance, and
9	Operation of a 4.625-Megawatt-AC Solar Photovoltaic
10	Electric Generating Facility and Associated
11	Equipment Located at Fawn Meadow Lane (Parcel No.
12	029-018D), Woodbury, Connecticut, and Associated
13	Electrical Interconnection.
14	
15	Zoom Remote Council Meeting (Teleconference),
16	on Thursday, October 3, 2024, beginning at 2 p.m.
17	
18	Held Before:
19	JOHN MORISSETTE, Member and Presiding Officer
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1	Appearances:
2	Councilmembers:
3	JOHN MORISSETTE, (Hearing Officer)
4	
5	ERIC HAMMERLING and BRIAN GOLEMBIEWSKI,
6	DEEP Designees
7	
8	QUAT NGUYEN,
9	PURA Designee
10	
11	CHANCE CARTER
12	KHRISTINE HALL
13	BILL SYME
14	
15	Council Staff:
16	MELANIE BACHMAN, ESQ.,
17	Executive Director and Staff Attorney
18	
19	ROBERT MERCIER,
20	Siting Analyst
21	
22	LISA FONTAINE and DAKOTA LaFOUNTAIN
23	Administrative Support
24	
25	

1	Appearances:(cont'd)
2	For GREENSKIES CLEAN ENERGY, LLC:
3	PULLMAN & COMLEY, LLC
4	90 State House Square
5	Hartford, Connecticut 06103-3702
6	By: LEE D. HOFFMAN, ESQ.
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1 (Begin: 2:00 p.m.) 2 3 THE HEARING OFFICER: Good afternoon, ladies and 4 gentlemen. Can everyone hear me okay? 5 Very good. Thank you. Ladies and gentlemen, this public hearing is 6 7 called to order this Thursday, October 3, 2024, at 8 2 p.m. My name is John Morissette, Member and 9 Presiding Officer of the Council. 10 Other members of the Council are Eric 11 Hammerling, designee for Commissioner Katie Dykes 12 of the Department of Energy and Environmental 13 Protection; Quat Nguyen, designee for Chairman 14 Marissa Paslick Gillett of the Public Utilities 15 Regulatory Authority; and we have Christine Hall; 16 Bill Syme; and Chance Carter. 17 Members of the staff are Executive Director 18 Melanie Bachman, Siting Analyst Robert Mercier, 19 and Administrative Support Lisa Fontaine and 20 Dakota LaFountain. 21 If you haven't done so already, I ask that 22 everyone please mute their computer audio and/or 23

24

25

telephones now.

This hearing is held pursuant to the provisions of Title 16 of the Connecticut General

Statutes and of the Uniform Administrative

Procedure Act upon an application from Greenskies

Clean Energy, LLC, for a certificate of
environmental compatibility and public need for
the construction, maintenance, and operation of a
4.625-megawatt AC solar photovoltaic electric
generating facility and associated equipment
located on Fawn Meadow Lane, Parcel Number

029-018D in Woodbury, Connecticut, and the
associated electrical interconnection.

This application was received by the Council on July 11, 2024. The Council's legal notice of the date and time of this public hearing was published in the Voices on April 7, 2024.

Upon this Council's request, the Applicant erected a sign at the entrance to the proposed site access drive of Fawn Meadow Lane so as to inform the public of the name of the Applicant, the type of the facility, the public hearing date, and contact information for the Council, including the website and phone number.

As a reminder to all, off-the-record communication with a member of the Council or a member of the Council's staff upon the merits of this application is prohibited by law.

The parties and interveners of this proceeding are as follows; Greenskies Clean Energy, LLC, represented by Lee D. Hoffman, Esquire, of Pullman & Comley, LLC.

We will proceed in accordance with the prepared agenda, a copy of which is available on the Council's Docket Number 524 webpage, along with a record of this matter, the public hearing notice, instructions for public access to this public hearing, and the Council's citizen's guide to Siting Council's procedures.

Interested persons may join any session of this public hearing to listen, but no comments will be received during the 2 p.m. evidentiary session.

At the end of the evidentiary session, we will recess until 6:30 p.m. for the public comment session. Please be advised that any person may be removed from the evidentiary session or the public comment session at the discretion of the Council.

The 6:30 p.m. public comment session is reserved for the members of the public who have signed up in advance to make brief statements into the record.

I wish to note that the Applicant, parties,

and interveners, including their representatives, witnesses, and members, are not allowed to participate in the public comment session.

I also wish to note that for those who are listening, and for the benefit of your friends and neighbors who are unable to join us for the public comment session, that you or they may send written statements to the Council within 30 days of the date hereof, either by mail or by e-mail, and such written statements will be given the same weight as if spoken during the public comment session.

A verbatim transcript of this public hearing will be posted on the Council's Docket Number 524 webpage and deposited in the Woodbury Town Clerk's office for the convenience of the public.

The Council will take a 10 to 15-minute break at a convenient juncture at around 3:30 p.m.

We have a motion on the agenda, the Applicant's motion for protective order, responses to Council Interrogatory Number 91, the lease agreement and financial terms dated September 24, 2024. Attorney Bachman may wish to comment.

Attorney Bachman, good afternoon.

ATTORNEY BACHMAN: Good afternoon, Mr. Morissette.

Thank you.

1	Under General Statute Sections 16-500,
2	applicants are required to submit the full text in
3	terms of any agreement into the record of a Siting
4	Council application proceeding. However, the
5	financial terms are exempt from the Freedom of
6	Information Act and are allowed to be submitted
7	under protective order.
8	Therefore, staff recommends approval.
9	Thank you.
10	THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you, Attorney Bachman.
11	Is there a motion?
12	MR. CARTER: Good afternoon, Mr. Morissette.
13	I move that the Council approve the
14	Applicant's request for protective order.
15	THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you, Mr. Carter, and good
16	afternoon. Is there a second?
17	MS. HALL: I'll second.
18	THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you, Ms. Hall.
19	We have a motion by Mr. Carter to approve the
20	motion for protective order, and we have a second
21	by Ms. Hall. We'll now move to discussion.
22	Mr. Nguyen, any discussion?
23	MR. NGUYEN: No discussion. Thank you.
24	THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you.
25	Mr. Hammerling, any discussion?

- 1 MR. HAMMERLING: No discussion here. Thank you. 2 THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you. 3 Mr. Carter? 4 MR. CARTER: No discussion. Thank you. 5 THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you. 6 Ms. Hall? 7 MS. HALL: No discussion. Thank you. 8 THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you. 9 Mr. Syme? 10 MR. SYME: No discussion. Thank you. 11 THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you. And I have no 12 discussion. 13 We'll now move to the vote. 14 Mr. Nguyen, how do you vote? 15 MR. NGUYEN: Vote to approve. Thank you. 16 THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you. 17 Mr. Hammerling? 18 MR. HAMMERLING: Vote to approve. Thank you. 19 THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you. 20 Mr. Carter? MR. CARTER: Vote to approve. Thank you. 21
- THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you.

 Ms. Hall?
- MS. HALL: Vote to approve. Thank you.
- 25 THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you.

1 Mr. Syme? 2 MR. SYME: Vote for approval. Thank you. 3 THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you. And I also vote for 4 approval. We have a unanimous decision. 5 motion for protective order is granted. Moving on to the agenda item administrative 6 7 notices taken by the Council, I wish to call your 8 attention to those items shown on the hearing 9 program marked as Roman numerals 1C, items 1 10 through 107. 11 Does any party or intervener have an 12 objection to the items that the Council has 13 administrative notice? 14 Attorney Hoffman, good afternoon. 15 ATTORNEY HOFFMAN: Good afternoon, Mr. Morissette. 16 The Applicant has no objections to the items 17 that were made for administrative notice. 18 THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you, Attorney Hoffman. 19 Accordingly, the Council hereby 20 administratively notices these existing documents. 21 Now we'll move on to the appearance by the 22 Applicant. Will the Applicant present its witness 23 panel for purposes of taking the oath? And we'll 24 have Attorney Bachman administer the oath. 25 Attorney Hoffman?

1	ATTORNEY HOFFMAN: Thank you again, Mr. Morissette.
2	So, we have as our witness panel Gabe Rusk
3	from Greenskies Clean Energy, LLC, and Jean-Paul
4	La Marche also from Greenskies Clean Energy, LLC.
5	And then from Vanasse Hangen and Brustlin, VHB, we
6	have Steve Kochis, Sara Berryman and Seth Taylor.
7	THE HEARING OFFICER: Attorney Bachman?
8	ATTORNEY BACHMAN: Thank you. Could the witnesses,
9	please raise your right hand?
10	GABRIEL RUSK,
11	JEAN-PAUL LA MARCHE,
12	STEVEN KOCHIS,
13	SARA BERRYMAN,
14	SETH TAYLOR,
15	called as witnesses, being sworn by
16	THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR, were examined and
17	testified under oath as follows:
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19	THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you, Attorney Bachman.
20	Attorney Hoffman, please begin by verifying
21	all the exhibits by the appropriate sworn witness.
22	ATTORNEY HOFFMAN: Mr. Morissette, if I may? I'd just
23	like to list the exhibits for identification so we
24	all know what we're talking about first.
25	THE HEARING OFFICER: Certainly. Go right ahead.

under Roman numeral two, letter B. They're exhibits for identification purposes at this point only. That would be the application for the certificate including the bulk-file exhibits which consist of the Town of Woodbury zoning regulations, the Town of Woodbury's inland wetlands and watercourses regulations, the Town of Woodbury's plan of conservation and development, and the technical report that was attached thereto.

In addition, there are two sets of responses to interrogatories filed by the Applicant; set one dated September 5, 2024; and set two dated September 26, 2024.

And then finally, item number 2B4, the Applicant's signposting affidavit dated September 26, 2024.

With that, what I'd like to do is I'd like to take them out of order of the witness list, because Mr. Kochis signed the signposting affidavit and he's the only one that was connected with that.

So, Mr. Kochis, I am going to start with you.

Did you prepare or cause to be prepared the

1 exhibits listed in Roman numeral two, items B1 through 4 in this docket? 2 3 THE WITNESS (Kochis): Yes. 4 ATTORNEY HOFFMAN: And are those accurate and correct 5 to the best of your knowledge? 6 THE WITNESS (Kochis): Yes. 7 ATTORNEY HOFFMAN: And do you have any changes to those 8 exhibits today? 9 THE WITNESS (Kochis): No. 10 ATTORNEY HOFFMAN: And do you adopt them as your sworn 11 testimony here today? 12 THE WITNESS (Kochis): Yes, I do. 13 ATTORNEY HOFFMAN: Thank you. 14 And then Mr. La Marche, turning to you, are 15 you familiar with the items listed in Roman 16 numeral 2B, 1 through 3, the application and the 17 responses to the interrogatories? THE WITNESS (La Marche): Yes. 18 19 ATTORNEY HOFFMAN: And are they accurate to the best of 20 your knowledge and belief? 21 THE WITNESS (La Marche): Yes. 22 ATTORNEY HOFFMAN: And do you have any changes to them 23 here today? 24 THE WITNESS (La Marche): No. 25 ATTORNEY HOFFMAN: And do you adopt them as your sworn

1 testimony? 2 THE WITNESS (La Marche): Yes. 3 ATTORNEY HOFFMAN: Mr. Rusk, turning to you, are you 4 familiar with the items listed in Roman numeral 5 2B, 1 through 3? 6 THE WITNESS (Rusk): Yes. 7 ATTORNEY HOFFMAN: And are they accurate to the best of 8 your knowledge and belief? 9 THE WITNESS (Rusk): Yes. 10 ATTORNEY HOFFMAN: And do you have any changes to them? 11 THE WITNESS (Rusk): No. 12 ATTORNEY HOFFMAN: And do you adopt them as your sworn 13 testimony here today? 14 THE WITNESS (Rusk): Yes, I do. 15 ATTORNEY HOFFMAN: And Ms. Berryman, I'll ask the same 16 questions of you. Are you familiar with the items 17 listed in Roman numeral 2B, 1 through 3, the 18 application and the two sets of responses to 19 interrogatories? 20 THE WITNESS (Berryman): Yes, I am. 21 ATTORNEY HOFFMAN: And are they accurate to the best of 22 your knowledge and belief? 23 THE WITNESS (Berryman): Yes. 24 ATTORNEY HOFFMAN: And do you have any changes to them? 25 THE WITNESS (Berryman): No.

1 ATTORNEY HOFFMAN: And do you adopt them as your sworn 2 testimony today? 3 THE WITNESS (Berryman): Yes, I do. 4 ATTORNEY HOFFMAN: And then finally, Mr. Taylor, 5 turning to you, are you familiar with the items 6 listed in Roman numeral 2B, 1 through 3? 7 THE WITNESS (Taylor): Yes, sir. I am. 8 ATTORNEY HOFFMAN: And are they accurate to the best of 9 your knowledge and belief? 10 THE WITNESS (Taylor): Yes, sir. They are. 11 ATTORNEY HOFFMAN: And do you have any changes to them 12 today? 13 THE WITNESS (Taylor): I do not. 14 ATTORNEY HOFFMAN: And do you adopt them as your sworn 15 testimony here today? 16 THE WITNESS (Taylor): I do. 17 ATTORNEY HOFFMAN: Mr. Morissette, with that, I would ask that all four exhibits that were marked for 18 19 identification in Roman numeral 2B, 1 through 4, 20 be admitted as full exhibits in this matter. 21 THE HEARING OFFICER: Without objection, Attorney 22 Hoffman, the exhibits are hereby admitted. 23 ATTORNEY HOFFMAN: And with that, I believe the 24 witnesses are available for cross-examination. 25 THE HEARING OFFICER: Very good. Thank you.

1 We will begin with cross-examination of the Applicant by the Council, starting with 2 3 Mr. Mercier, followed by Mr. Nguyen. 4 Mr. Mercier, good afternoon. 5 MR. MERCIER: Good afternoon. Thank you. 6 I'm going to begin with several questions 7 regarding the project access drive and the 8 adjacent wetlands. And I think the best visual aid for this will be in the interrogatory 9 10 responses, Exhibit G. 11 There's a photo log. I'm referring to 12 number -- photo two in that photo log. If you're 13 following along on the website, the photo log is 14 about two thirds of the way down the website page. 15 ATTORNEY HOFFMAN: Mr. Mercier, is that the photo 16 that's labeled, drainage basins begin new access 17 road? 18 That's correct. Photo number two, yeah. MR. MERCIER: 19 ATTORNEY HOFFMAN: Thank you, sir. 20 MR. MERCIER: Thank you. 21 Okay. Now, looking at the photo, obviously, 22 you see some pavement ending at the two catch 23 basins and some gravel extending slightly up a 24 hill past those basins, catch basin. 25 Is the gravel pavement interface -- is that

actually the property line of the host parcel?

THE WITNESS (Rusk): I think Steve Kochis might be best able to answer that question.

THE WITNESS (Kochis): Yeah. This is Steve Kochis.

I'm just following up the site plan real quick.

Bear with me, sorry.

Okay. So, Mr. Mercier, this is Steve Kochis. The property line, the -- the catch basins that you see in that photo are probably about 15 or 20 feet into the host parcel of the project.

MR. MERCIER: Okay. Thank you.

Looking at the photograph, photo two, that is on the left that shows a wetland area, and that was noted as wetland one in the wetland report accompanying this application.

The wetland report indicated, you know, during the survey -- I think it occurred in August -- there were some tadpoles in that wetland, however, there was no identifying related amphibian species. What amphibian species may actually use this small wetland given that there was some tadpoles in it?

THE WITNESS (Berryman): This is Sara Berryman with VHB. I conducted the vernal pool study and the wetland delineation.

1 The tadpoles that we saw were bullfrog tadpoles, which are not a vernal pool species 2 3 within Connecticut's regulations. 4 MR. MERCIER: I'm sorry. You said wood frog? 5 Is that correct? 6 THE WITNESS (Berryman): No, bullfrog. 7 MR. MERCIER: Okay. Bullfrog. Got it. Thank you. 8 THE WITNESS (Berryman): Yeah. 9 MR. MERCIER: In review of some of the comments, there 10 was some from the Council on Environmental Quality 11 that came in on July 24th. Now, in their 12 comments -- I think it was section 3, it basically 13 said that, you know, the erosion and control plan 14 showed the proposed access road going through 15 wetland one. 16 However, just to clarify, as the photo shows, 17 this road is already there. Correct? There's no 18 other? You're not going to be extending the road 19 into the wetland at all. I mean, it's basically 20 running along it. Is that correct? 21 THE WITNESS (Kochis): Yeah, this is Steve Kochis. 22 I'll field that question. 23 So, I mean, it's -- it's anticipated that 24 that wetland was created by the construction 25 and -- the halting of the construction of the

access road. So, you can see from the picture that there just seemed to be an excavation that got left over time as they extended the gravel base up the hill.

And so, the Applicant, the petitioner right now is not proposing to change the alignment of the road from what was approved. Basically, we just want to go in and install -- finish installing the road as it was approved as part of the subdivision. And that would probably include filling the wetland, which would probably coincide with the curb, the southern curb line of Fawn Meadow Lane.

MR. MERCIER: Okay. So, the intent is to fill the wetland. I did not hear the reason for that.

Can you explain?

THE WITNESS (Kochis): Yeah, because the -- the wetland is -- it lies right about in where the proposed curb for Fawn Meadow Lane wants to be. So, if we extend that, the curb line of the south edge of Fawn Meadow Lane as was originally anticipated to be constructed, it would go right through the wetland.

MR. MERCIER: Okay. However, that -- this paved portion you're going to construct with the curb,

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it's actually on the host parcel and not really a town road. Is that correct?

But Gabe, do you want to add some color about

if we intend to own the road, or -- or have an easement to the Town, or something like that?

THE WITNESS (Rusk): Um --

MR. MERCIER: I'm just trying to -- oops, sorry. Go ahead.

THE WITNESS (Rusk): Oh, no. I have to -- I mean, we are, you know, we've heard concerns about, you know, the terminus on the -- the road itself.

After the initial development was terminated and expired the -- there was a temporary turnaround installed earlier on Fawn Meadow Lane. We are a little concerned, you know, about putting a full turnaround in that area where the -- the road on the parcel meets the public road, you know, mostly because of grading and potential impacts to, you know, the environment.

But we are willing to, you know, work with the Town, and that is why we put in the -proposed the paved turnaround on the -- further down the paved part of the road.

Okay. Just looking at the road, you MR. MERCIER:

know, there's gravel there now. It looks like it's been used for some vehicles. Why not just leave it as gravel as it is? What's the reason for paving it? I'm not clear on that either.

THE WITNESS (Kochis): I'll take that one.

This is Steve Kochis.

The idea there, Mr. Mercier, was to complete the paved installation of the road to a terminus and a turnaround as was originally anticipated as part of the subdivision.

So essentially, members of the public who are driving down Fawn Meadow Lane don't hit the end of the road and then have to turn around on a portion of gravel access drive. They would have full pavement to drive into the hammerhead or roundabout, whatever it ends up -- or, I'm sorry, a cul-de-sac, whatever it ends up being, as if it was a traditional town road. So, just to fully complete the -- the paved portion of the road to allow members of the public to not have to drive on gravel to turn around.

MR. MERCIER: Okay. The two drainage catch basins there, where do they discharge to? Is there a town sewer system? Or do they go off, you know, in a pipe and just flow out across, overland on

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the host property somewhere?

THE WITNESS (Kochis): This is Steve Kochis again.

I'll field that one.

Those catch basins, they capture the water that would -- that was ultimately going to be coming down Fawn Meadow Lane on the host parcel. And they convey stormwater to the east and to the northeast along Fawn Meadow Lane, and ultimately discharge at the north side of Fawn Meadow Lane off of the host parcel into the wooded area and ultimately towards the conservation easement area, and ultimately get through a culvert that drains from north to south across Fawn Meadow Lane.

MR. MERCIER: With your new paved section, or even the gravel section further north, are you installing any additional catch basins for this project? THE WITNESS (Kochis): This is Steve Kochis.

It's not proposed to install any additional catch basins right now. The idea was that this, that portion of pavement was always going to collect and discharge down the hill towards those two catch basins. So we're not proposing any new catch basins higher up the hill.

MR. MERCIER: Okay. Going back to the photo there with the wetland on the -- showing the wetland, so it's

not possible to somehow pave the road and just leave that small wetland alone? I mean, what's its biological value?

I understand you found some amphibian species using it, and that also -- I'm assuming that will attract other life such as bird life or small mammals, or other creatures trying to utilize that small wetland.

What's its actual biological value and why do you have to fill it in, rather than try to reline that road to leave it alone?

THE WITNESS (Berryman): This is Sara Berryman with VHB.

When we were looking at the wetland, it's -it's a very small wetland that was formed, we
think, by the creation of that access drive to
begin with. And I -- I honestly don't think it
has a lot of biological value. I think it's
just -- it's essentially a ditch that was left
long enough for vegetation to start growing.

There are a lot of better habitat areas over the hill. There's a -- there's a berm that runs behind that wetland, that small wetland two that I just -- I don't think that it really -- it's a wetland because it exhibits the features, but I

1 don't think it's really supplying any major functions or values. 2 3 THE WITNESS (Kochis): Yeah, and this is Steve Kochis. 4 I'll just add some color there. 5 It's an isolated wetland that's only 6 approximately 300 square feet in size as well. 7 And so it's not directly connected to the -- what 8 I -- what I would consider the significant wetland 9 corridor on the eastern side of the site. MR. MERCIER: Okay. I just wasn't sure if there was 10 11 any standing water when you observed it. 12 If so, how deep was it? 13 THE WITNESS (Berryman): There -- this is Sara Berryman 14 again. 15 There was some standing water when we delineated it, maybe -- maybe six inches of water, 16 17 but again, I think that's mostly just because 18 it's -- it was a ditched out area, and then it 19 just -- it just collects water. 20 I don't -- I don't think it really provides 21 any major habitat or value to it. 22 MR. MERCIER: Okay. And just to clarify another thing 23 in the Council on Environmental Quality letter; 24 they basically kept referring to it as a potential 25 vernal pool, but there was a vernal pool survey

1 Correct? And that was included in the done. 2 application. 3 THE WITNESS (Berryman): Yes. 4 MR. MERCIER: Is that correct? 5 THE WITNESS (Berryman): Yes. 6 MR. MERCIER: And there was no vernal pool species 7 whatsoever? 8 THE WITNESS (Berryman): Correct, correct. Yes, we 9 did -- we did a vernal pool species -- or a vernal 10 pool assessment during the vernal pool breeding 11 season, and we did not find any obligate vernal 12 pool species. 13 MR. MERCIER: Thank you. Now, going back to the 14 pavement of the access drive, the proposed 15 pavement -- I think it was, like, 240 feet or 16 something, linear feet, that would be constructed 17 to town specifications. Is that correct? 18 THE WITNESS (Kochis): Yeah. Gabe, do you want to 19 field that one? 20 THE WITNESS (Rusk): Yeah. If we were going to build 21 it, it was a proposed turnaround for emergency 22 vehicles primarily when we initially proposed it. 23 It would be constructed to town specifications. 24 But I think there are some -- actually, to 25 restate that, I think -- I believe there are some

1 questions of, like, the grading that we would 2 probably pursue a variance for. But if -- if 3 that -- if we were to -- if we were to move 4 forward with that paved turnaround, then if -- as 5 long as, like, the Town found that suitable, I 6 think we would work with the Town to find out an 7 acceptable way to design it. 8 MR. MERCIER: Okay. Thank you. Just a couple more 9

questions on this, the paved portion.

You know, once you complete it, you know, it's constructed -- that's if this project was approved -- who would maintain it past the property line? I'll just call it the property line around the catch basins, for that matter.

You know, going up the hill, would that be Greenskies' responsibility for snow plowing? Or is that the Town intends to do that onto the -- up to the turnaround when and if it snows and they have to remove, you know, get it ready?

THE WITNESS (Rusk): That hasn't really been discussed, but I believe that would be outside of our, you know, purview at the moment.

MR. MERCIER: Thank you.

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THE WITNESS (La Marche): And sorry, this is --

Right around this --MR. MERCIER:

THE WITNESS (La Marche): This is John-Paul. I just wanted to clarify one thing.

From a big-picture perspective -- and Gabe, please correct me if I have a misunderstanding on this, but I don't believe I do. The entire section of paving that's being discussed right now is included in our proposed project because of a request from the Town to add it.

It is -- it is strictly for their benefit and for the community's benefit that would use that road. It is not for the benefit of the project itself. So if there are, you know, changes that the Town would request or changes that the Siting Council would request that the Town would agree to, we are happy to work with both entities to make those changes.

MR. MERCIER: Okay. Thank you. I'm going to move on to the interrogatory responses themselves. While we're talking about the hammerhead turnaround -- I think that was response number 26. They had some discussion there about it.

I'm also going to look at the application site plan, appendix A, site plan three. I know that's the grading and drainage plan.

Of course, I can't call it up.

In that plan, you know, I could see the turnaround that you're going to build, you know, kind of excavate a little bit of the hillside. I see the property line kind of near the catch basins as we discussed. But going right where the dashed line is along Fawn Meadow Lane, which demarcates the property line and, you know, the paved portion of Fawn Meadow; off to the right it says wooded, but there's a kind of a flat area there.

Was any turnaround considered in that particular location? That would just be to the right of the catch basin.

THE WITNESS (Kochis): This is Steve Kochis.

We -- we had not considered a turnaround right there. The grids do fall off pretty sharply to the east in that location. So, that that's just why it wasn't a desired location from our perspective.

But I think to Gabe and John-Paul's point, we would be happy to work with the Town to find, you know, the -- the best spot that would be the most environment -- environmentally friendly and make the most sense as a terminus of Fawn Meadow Lane.

Okay. And just going eastward down the

MR. MERCIER:

road and where it says the actual word "Fawn," right to the left of that you could see, I guess that's an existing turnaround. There's, like, a small little jut out.

There's, like, a little depression or an knoll. I can't tell from this thing, but it looks like it's next -- also to a catch basin. Is that the existing turnaround that's on the road now?

THE WITNESS (Kochis): This is Steve Kochis.

I'm just pulling that map back up.

I closed it by accident.

So off of map GDC 4.0, the existing hammerhead turnaround for Fawn Meadow Lane is just to the west of the 'F' in Fawn Meadow Lane off -- that's on the north side of Fawn Meadow Lane.

MR. MERCIER: Yes, thank you. Why can't that
turnaround just continue to be used? Why do you
have to, you know, construct an entirely new one?
Is there any reason given from the Town, just out
of curiosity?

THE WITNESS (Rusk): This is Gabe Rusk.

That is a fair question. We weren't, I don't believe, given a -- unless Steve, please correct me if you remember otherwise -- but I don't believe we were ever given a reason from the Town,

aside from wanting to make sure emergency vehicles had enough room to turn around.

But I think if we were to develop it without, you know, if -- if that wasn't a concern, we would probably pursue a stone road and probably just use the existing turnaround, or perhaps expand it.

MR. MERCIER: Okay. Thank you.

I'm going to stay with the site plan you have open. I think you just said you had C4.0, erosion control plan. We talked about the wetland. We talked about the proposed hammerhead.

And then as you follow the road upwards, uphill to the north, you know, it bends and goes to the north. It comes to a proposed fence line, and then the road kind of levels out around some panel. The panel area begins on the right.

Off to the left there's -- you can see the property line, the dashed black. It says, you know, something about the J-hook silt fence as needed. But off to the left, there's, like -- it looks like a gully. And, you know, it's kind of that the wooded area extends up the gully towards the property line. Now, does that gully contain an intermittent stream, or a stream?

THE WITNESS (Berryman): This is Sara Berryman.

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We, when we went out to do the wetland delineation, we stayed within the limits that we were given by Greenskies.

So, I can't say for sure if there is or is not an intermittent stream in that area, because we did not go outside of the boundary.

MR. MERCIER: Okay. The reason I'm asking is because on the interrogatory responses there was the initial Fawn Meadow Estates subdivision map, Exhibit C -- but it shows a stream there.

So, I guess my question is going to be, you know, once you develop this site, if there is a stream there or some type of a gully that collects water and discharges it, you know, further downstream, how would construction of the site affect a water flow that's going down towards that -- I'll just say it's a gully based on the subdivision map that was provided?

How would water be controlled so it doesn't cause any kind of flooding concern?

THE WITNESS (Kochis): This is Steve Kochis.

That, that watershed is considered in our stormwater management plan, our -- our stormwater report. So, no -- no different than any other portion that's draining off of the site.

It's been considered from a water quality perspective. It's been considered from a pre and post-peak rate of runoff perspective. And it's been looked at as -- as you've noted on, as from an erosion control perspective, by J-hooking the silt fence.

And it just doesn't have a large watershed on the site. I believe it's -- the size of that watershed is about a half an acre or so, as that is -- that is a tributary watershed that's generated from our host parcel.

MR. MERCIER: Would water up near the sediment trap -you know it's a kind of divide there. Would water
actually flow down the access drive, the gravel
access drive there, then discharge into that water
course, I'll call it?

Or how does the access road play into drainage for that particular little small watershed we just talked about?

THE WITNESS (Kochis): So, this is Steve Kochis again.

The idea with the gravel access drive as -as it extends past the paved hammerhead and comes
into our facility is that stormwater will go right
across it. So, it won't -- it won't be captured
within the gravel access drive, but it will cross

right over it.

MR. MERCIER: Okay. Thank you.

And just following up on that site plan towards the north, at the very northern end there's an access road running along the perimeter fence. Given that the inverter pads are kind of, you know, upper middle, I'll call it, served by another access road hammerhead, what's the purpose of the northernmost access road?

It doesn't really go anywhere or serve any kind of electrical equipment, or a stormwater basin. It's just kind of dead ends.

THE WITNESS (Kochis): This is Steve Kochis. I'll field that question as well.

The northern access road is just to provide a more comprehensive perimeter access around the facility. And while there's no transformer or inverter pads, as you've noted up in that location, there will be other equipment such as combiner boxes and any sort of other electrical conduit routing at the ends of the tracking panel arrays. So, there will be equipment up there that -- that may or may not need to be accessed.

And that the layout of the roads can certainly be considered and revised, but there,

1 there is equipment up there, that that may need to 2 be serviced throughout the operational maintenance 3 lifespan of the project. 4 MR. MERCIER: Okay. You know, I was just looking at, 5 you have a grass aisle kind of like in the lower 6 third of the facility, and I assume that's there 7 to also service the combiner boxes and equipment 8 at the end of the trackers. Is that correct? 9 THE WITNESS (Kochis): That's correct. 10 MR. MERCIER: Okay. So, potentially the northernmost 11 access road can just be eliminated and just use, 12 like, a grass aisle? Or is there some kind of a 13 water issue up there you're concerned about that 14 needs to cover up at a firmer pace? THE WITNESS (Kochis): This is Steve Kochis again. 15 16 There's no -- there's no special stormwater 17 reason for the road up there as opposed to the 18 grass style that you've noted. 19 And I think I'll -- I'll defer to Gabe and 20 John-Paul, but as far as being amenable to, you 21 know, revising that access road -- but I'll defer 22 to them for that. 23 THE WITNESS (La Marche): Yeah. I think we're open to 24 discussing that if there was a reason to change. 25 MR. MERCIER: Okay. Thank you.

I'm going to move on to interagency response number 59. This had to do with the Natural Diversity Database determination, and according to the determination, there the hognose snake was identified in the area of the site.

Is there any habitat within the solar array footprint area? Was there sandy areas or any kind of shrubs that would be impacted? Is the whole, you know, the whole thing ideal for hognose snake, or do they have very specific requirements?

ATTORNEY HOFFMAN: (Unintelligible.)

THE WITNESS (Taylor): Yeah. This is Seth Taylor.

ATTORNEY HOFFMAN: Speak up a little bit.

THE WITNESS (Taylor): Yeah. This is Seth Taylor. I'm a natural ecologist with VHB.

No, that the site is generally -- in this area it's generally relatively sandy. And so, hognose snakes are looking for sand within the breeding season to lay the eggs. And so, they move around in, you know, general areas so that they go in for breeding habitat, they go in for foraging habitat, and then they -- they come back to sandy areas to lay eggs.

And so, there isn't any specific area at the site that would be more conducive to laying eggs

than any other.

MR. MERCIER: Okay. You know, I was looking at some of those photos. As we discussed earlier, photo two, and then the photo three, it showed some, you know, obviously sandy-looking areas.

Would the area around the access road also provide similar habitat? Or is that better habitat? Or do you have no opinion on that?

THE WITNESS (Taylor): No, I -- no, I don't have an opinion on it, necessarily. I mean, like I said, the whole area is -- is -- has sandy inclusions.

And so, there they're not going to be, you know, refined or contained to one specific area.

MR. MERCIER: You know, reading the information in the

letter, it essentially said that the hognose snake does not like to -- the paved roads are barriers to their dispersal, but do you know if gravel roads serve as the same barrier?

I'm not sure why they just put paved as opposed to gravel and paved.

THE WITNESS (Taylor): Well, that -- the roads that can -- that can be barriers to them are where they're high curbs.

And so, they're about a three-foot-long snake. And so, as long as, I mean, even on paved

roads, as long as that the road isn't contained within fences, Jersey barriers, and the like, they should be able to move in and out.

So, gravel roads really aren't a barrier whatsoever to the species.

- MR. MERCIER: I note you just mentioned the curbs. You know, if the paved road is constructed, if the site was approved, even though it's a short section, would Cape Cod curbing, you know, the slight-slope curbing be feasible to install just in case something like, either an amphibian or a snake or something doesn't have to deal with a vertical curb?
- THE WITNESS (Taylor): I mean, Cape Cod curbing is preferable in general, but the -- these snakes are large enough that they can get over a hard curb, regardless. I mean, like I said, they're, you know, they're three-foot on average long snakes. So, they can get over an average curb easily. Easily.
- MR. MERCIER: Okay. Maybe I did not understand why
 they have paved roads. I thought you said the
 curb was a barrier. Can you clarify that?

 THE WITNESS (Taylor): Yeah. I mean, I think that
 curbs can be, and I suppose, to the young of the

species, but as for the species in general, no,

it's -- it's not a hindrance.

Cape Cod curbs could be better, but either

Cape Cod curbs could be better, but either way, they can -- they can, you know, transverse, you know, gravel roads, paved roads, hard curbs without a problem.

MR. MERCIER: Okay. I was just trying to determine why paved roads. That's all. I wasn't sure if you had some insight on it. Thank you.

I'm going to go back to interrogatory response number ten, and this had to do with the SCEF and NRES bid process. And your response basically said that those programs require specific detailed information about a specific site -- and I just have a quick little list here.

Is the detailed information required for those bids, would that include site control such as lease and ownership?

- THE WITNESS (Taylor): Yes, we have site control at the time of the bids.
- MR. MERCIER: Would it also include, like, a preliminary facility design?
- THE WITNESS (Taylor): I don't exactly know what the program themselves require in terms of a design, how much detail is needed.

But for our purposes, in order to properly understand what we are submitting and provide everything else that we -- is required, we do need to do preliminary designs.

MR. MERCIER: Okay. And would that also include any kind of preliminary discussion with the local utility or not? And how would you know that the site could have taken a solar facility?

THE WITNESS (Taylor): It's not required. It's not required per the rules, however we choose to get as much information on the interconnection potential as we can so as not to submit projects that are nonviable.

So ideally, we have already submitted the projects to the application queue, and we have an idea of what studies will be required and the timing of them.

MR. MERCIER: Thank you.

I want to move on to response number 61, and this had to do with agricultural co-use at the site. And this discussion had to do with some maybe modifications made to accommodate, in this case here, some plants that you may decide to have grow in the solar field.

Now reading the response, it says, you know,

normally without co-use involving, in this case, dye plants and smaller plants. Without that co-use, the panels off the ground would be about 18 to 24 inches, but with a plant co-use, you have to raise it up.

So for this project, since you have a plant co-use, what would be the lowest panel edge you would require to accommodate growth of the plants? THE WITNESS (Taylor): You know, I don't think we have that a hundred percent defined of what the exact minimum would be. Increasing the height of the modules adds benefit to agrivoltaics from two perspectives; one is it allows more sunlight and allows the plants to grow taller prior to needing to cut them to prevent shading; and two, it allows -- allows more access to people working in that area.

From a project-specific level, when considering the types of plants and use that we had written in appendix L, the target height for modules is three feet above the ground.

MR. MERCIER: Okay. So potentially an extra foot up from what you're proposing, which would need additional cost or equipment, as you stated.

THE WITNESS (Taylor): Yeah, it would be an

additional -- additional foot of the foundation posts.

MR. MERCIER: Given that, you know, some additional cost to the project, is it -- why wasn't, say, like, co-use involving livestock grazing such as sheep considered? Or why? Why do co-use at all, really, if there's additional costs?

THE WITNESS (Taylor): Well, I guess that's -- I think there's a lot to that behind not just the height of the posts and the height of the modules.

So, Gabe, if you would like to answer that question, you can. Otherwise, I'm happy to, you know, explain our overall strategy there.

THE WITNESS (Rusk): Yeah, Gabe Rusk.

I'd be happy to speak on it.

And, JP, if you want to weigh in on anything I don't cover here, please feel free.

You know, I think when we put together that agricultural co-use proposal, which was just a proposal, it was to get a letter of no impact from the Connecticut Department of Agriculture.

And so we -- we built -- we designed a proposal that allowed us to commit to planting plants in the array area that would have a deep root structure and would work well to fully

protect the soil from erosion.

You know, we wanted to contribute to maintaining the topsoils, increasing nutrients in the soil, reducing soil compaction. And so really, you know, for -- from our standpoint, that proposal was built around committing to keeping the value of the soil and protecting the soil for future use.

So, you know, why weren't sheep considered?

Our proposal does include grazing as -- as an option, or did include grazing as an option, but, you know, I think from our standpoint we wanted to pause at an obligation to create an active form -- a much more active farm than what is currently being -- what it's currently being used for. It's a hay farm right now.

And when I say, hay farm, I mean, it is -- it is a hay field that is -- now, the grass is cut a couple times a year. And so I think we would probably prefer not to make a new farm part of the project.

But if we were going to make a new farm part of the project -- (inaudible) -- of prioritizing the protection of that soil.

THE HEARING OFFICER: Sorry, Mr. Rusk, but you froze

there for a moment. I hope we didn't miss
anything that was of importance.

THE WITNESS (Rusk): Oh, I apologize.

THE HEARING OFFICER: Right at the end.

THE WITNESS (Rusk): I was just saying that, you know, when -- the reason we didn't choose -- or that grazing was included in our proposal, but for us the priority really was, you know, preserving and protecting those, you know, those soils. And we didn't want to create a farming use that was, you know, more active than it already is. And it's a hay farm that is cut, you know, once or twice a year, really more like a hay field.

And so, you know, I think from our standpoint, we prefer not to make a new farm on this project, but if we were going to, it would be within the ideals that I referenced earlier.

MR. MERCIER: Okay. Thank you.

THE WITNESS (Taylor): And I just want to, I guess, add one other point of information clarity. That, that appendix L that we put together that had the perennial plants as a primary use and sheep as a secondary use was submitted to Department of Ag.

They -- we did not move forward with

Department of Ag. They said that our application

was not fully complete because we didn't do all of the specific items that they are now requiring.

So we did not continue on that, with that process with them.

And, you know, at this point, as Gabe was

And, you know, at this point, as Gabe was saying, our -- our primary plan and most important aspect of this is to protect the prime farmland soils. And we will commit to doing that and, you know, commit that at the end of the project when it was -- when it is decommissioned there are still prime farmland soils on this site.

MR. MERCIER: Right. And just to clarify, the prime farmland soils on the site are just located at the very northern edge of the property?

THE WITNESS (Taylor): Correct.

It is a small portion, yeah.

MR. MERCIER: An acre. Correct?

THE WITNESS (Taylor): I don't know the exact amount, but I know it is a smaller portion of the site.

MR. MERCIER: That's out of curiosity. I know, you know, you might not do the plant farming, but if livestock grazing was implemented, do you find -- based on some other sites you have, is that a cheaper way to maintain vegetation within the array as opposed to mechanical methods?

Or is it the same?

THE WITNESS (Taylor): I think it depends on scale and location. I don't think it's automatically one way or the other. And as time goes on and there are a bigger -- there's a bigger industry around using livestock or sheep to graze on sites, that cost will continue to go down.

MR. MERCIER: Okay. Thank you.

I'm going to move on to interrogatory response number 73. This has to do with the DEEP designated cold-water habitat area question. And the response stated it was not within a cold-water habitat area. I just want to know what tools you used to make that determination.

THE WITNESS (Berryman): Hi. This is Sara Berryman.

I believe Connecticut DEEP has a mapping system that will show what streams are considered cold-water habitat, so we reviewed that.

- MR. MERCIER: Okay. In our intermittent shade notice items, there's an item, the 61 that actually goes to the habitat map. When you looked at the tool, was it in a blue shaded area, or non-shaded?
- THE WITNESS (Berryman): I'm going to pull -- I can't remember exactly. I'm going to pull up the map right now, really quick.

1	MR. MERCIER: Okay. It just said they just had two
2	separate tools. I just want to make sure you use
3	the correct one.
4	THE WITNESS (Berryman): Sorry. Bear with me. I'm
5	just trying to get the get the right location.
6	MR. MERCIER: Okay. I can come back to you if need be.
7	A VOICE: (Unintelligible) I'm back.
8	THE HEARING OFFICER: If you could please continue.
9	MR. MERCIER: No problem. Interrogatory response
10	number 74 I'm going to move to, and that had to do
11	with a meeting with the DEEP stormwater division.
12	I think it said September 12th when it was
13	scheduled. Did the meeting take place?
14	THE WITNESS (Rusk): This is Gabe Rusk.
15	Yes, it did.
16	MR. MERCIER: Did they review your give you any
17	preliminary response on your stormwater report?
18	And if so, what was it?
19	THE WITNESS (Rusk): Yeah.
20	Steve, do you want to field this one?
21	THE WITNESS (Kochis): I do. I'm just going to pull
22	their e-mail to us their summary e-mail up to
23	us real quick. Just give me 20 seconds.
24	
25	(Pause.)

THE WITNESS (Kochis): Okay. That, that meeting for the Fawn Meadow site took place on September 19, 2024.

Regarding the stormwater, there was no specific comments outside of the need to file a stormwater general permit.

Regarding -- from the land and water resources division, we got asked to reach out to the US Army Corps of Engineers to confirm if the 370 square feet of wetland, that wetland one that was discussed at the top of this hearing would be classified as waters of the United States, and if a self-verification would be required. And LWRD got asked if we could -- if -- if they could be notified of the Army Corps' decision.

The wildlife division had no specific comments, as we already have the final determination from them. That includes the eastern hognose -- hognose snake.

The dam safety division had said that because the sediment traps were going to be temporary, there would be no dam safety permits or registrations needed.

And the Office of Environmental Review and Strategic Initiatives noted at the time that they

were still reviewing the project, but noted that the noise impacts would likely not be a factor due to the distance from the inverters to the residences. The site would have no material effect to core forest, and that any impacts to the wetlands that are not under federal jurisdiction will be permitted with the Siting Council.

That was the sum of the comments we received from the concierge meeting with CTB on September 19, 2024.

MR. MERCIER: Okay. Thank you.

For the temporary sediment traps you just mentioned, are any of them within -- with tree clearing, and you have to do some tree clearing to install them, according to the information -- would any of that tree clearing occur within a hundred feet of a wetland on site with all those traps?

THE WITNESS (Kochis): No. We are not proposing -- we are not proposing tree clearing within a hundred feet of a known wetland on the site.

MR. MERCIER: Okay. Thank you.

If the project was approved by the Council, would additional fieldwork be necessary to repair a development management plan? Or is all

1 fieldwork complete? 2 THE WITNESS (Kochis): This is Steve Kochis. 3 Can I ask you to clarify what -- what 4 additional fieldwork you might be considering in 5 that? 6 Sometimes there's additional borings, you MR. MERCIER: 7 know, just to figure out the soil at the site, 8 whether it could support, you know, certain 9 aspects of the project. 10 Any other type of, you know, I guess, 11 subsurface investigation, essentially? 12 THE WITNESS (Kochis): Yeah. This is Steve Kochis, and 13 I'll ask Gabe and John-Paul to correct me if I'm 14 wrong here. 15 But I think typically, if -- if the project 16 is approved, the petition is approved by the 17 Siting Council, once that's done and an EPC is 18 brought on board, we'll typically do structural 19 pull testing to finalize the racking design. 20 MR. MERCIER: Okay. And associated with that, do you 21 anticipate any type of a ledge here that might 22 require blasting to install the posts or an 23 equipment pad, or a temporary trap? 24 Anything like that? 25 THE WITNESS (Kochis): This is Steve Kochis again.

We're not anticipating any shallow ledge that would require blasting. We -- we're -- we're not -- we're not anticipating any blasting to construct the project.

And typically if -- if shallow ledge is encountered in -- in any or all of the pile or post locations for the racking we'll probably employ a ground screw system and employ a rock drill.

MR. MERCIER: Thank you.

During the construction aspect -- during construction, can you just elaborate on what type of traffic, construction traffic, and what type of vehicles will be coming and going?

THE WITNESS (Kochis): Yeah, this is Steve Kochis again.

I can give a generalization of the -- the construction equipment that will -- will come into and out of the site. Obviously, it can't be fully known until a contractor is brought on board who is going to determine how the project is going to be constructed, but generally you'll have a couple dump trucks bringing road-based material early in the project.

You will have tree-clearing equipment being

delivered to the site, too, to get rid of the few trees that we need to get rid of to get the sediment trap in. At the onset of the project, equipment such as excavators or bulldozers will have to be brought on site.

And then later, regularly throughout the project you'll have vehicular traffic for construction workers that -- and electricians that will be coming into and out of the site. And then, near the end of the project, which we anticipate will have something up to a six-month construction window, will be flatbed trucks that will deliver the steel and the panels that will be needed to construct the racking and install the panels.

MR. MERCIER: And those are just periodic deliveries.

It's not like every day for weeks.

Is that correct?

THE WITNESS (Kochis): This is Steve Kochis again.

It's a tough question to answer, because it's really going to depend on the supply of those materials and when they can get deliveries coordinated. So I certainly can't say the frequency or -- or the duration of those deliveries, but I think typically, you would see a

period of probably a couple weeks where you'd see more heavy traffic bringing that equipment in, but I'd say that would be a very small portion of the project.

And -- and outside of the mobilization of the equipment, getting onto the site, and the delivery towards the middle to end of the construction, there won't be heavy construction equipment coming into and out of the site on a regular basis.

MR. MERCIER: Thank you.

I'm going to move on to talk about visibility of the project for a moment, and to do that I'm going to use, actually, application figure nine on the website near the top. It's actually the core forest map. It just has a clear image so people can follow along.

Now looking at this image, you know, it shows a development of -- it shows several residences to the right. That would be the east -- it's looks like maybe off Fawn Meadow. It might be a small road leading to those residences. What would the visibility be from those particular properties?

I guess, really, the one that's the closest to the wood line -- we'll just -- we'll talk about that one. There's a small wood line there, and

then you can see the project fence line.

What was the expected visibility from that residential property?

THE WITNESS (Rusk): This is Gabe Rusk.

I can speak to that.

We -- the -- the project is pretty heavily surrounded by woods. So we expected the visual impact of the project to be pretty negligible. However, in speaking with some of the neighbors, as mentioned in the interrogatories, you know, some of them voiced some concerns about the visibility.

And so Greenskies has agreed to do a simulation to see what the impact would be on that, the parcel that you mentioned, as well as two others east of the site. And you know, Greenskies offered to do these later in the year. They wanted to do them now, so we actually should be getting the results to some of them today.

But -- and Steve, correct me if I'm wrong here, but we do believe that the visibility will be negligible.

THE WITNESS (Taylor): And I just want to add one thing and clarify. The reason that we wanted to do these studies later is because we felt that it was

a more valuable study to do when the leaves were off.

Right now when the leaves are on, you know, taking pictures from the house, we can tell that they cannot see the field, and there's not going to be a visual impact at all when the leaves are there. But in the wintertime, there is a higher likelihood of a visual impact without the leaves.

So we've proposed doing these studies for them once the leaves fell, but they did not want that. They wanted them done now, so we did them now.

MR. MERCIER: Okay. In referring to application page
18, there was some mention of, you know, the
Applicant intends to incorporate mitigation
screening into the site development plan. I
assume you mean development and management plan
when you say site development plan?

THE WITNESS (Taylor): Correct. We would do it, you know, in direct negotiation with the neighbors; provide them the visual studies we've done, go to their house locations and come to an agreement on landscaping; where they want it, how they want it, so that it would be a mutually agreeable solution.

MR. MERCIER: Okay. And for mitigation, would it be

maybe some fence screening or landscaping, or in a certain area? Is that what you're going to do?

THE WITNESS (Taylor): Yeah, I think -- I think the most likely outcome would be vegetative screening.

MR. MERCIER: Okay. Thank you.

I think -- oh, that outstanding cold-water

I think -- oh, that outstanding cold-water habitat map question, and then that's it for my questions.

THE WITNESS (Berryman): Hi. This is Sara Berryman again.

So yes, we used the -- there's a cold-water habitat mapper that Connecticut DEEP has on their -- they have a specific page about cold-water stream habitat, and that's the mapper that we used.

The site is within a supporting drainage basin of cold-water sites, but none of the streams that were delineated as a part of the work for this project were -- are -- show up on that map as cold-water habitat. And they're all -- they were all intermittent streams, also.

So, that should not -- should not contribute to being a cold-water stream.

MR. MERCIER: Okay. Thank you.

I have no other questions.

THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you, Mr. Mercier.

We're now continuing with cross-examination of the Applicant by Mr. Nguyen followed by Mr. Golembiewski.

Mr. Nguyen, good afternoon.

MR. NGUYEN: Good afternoon, Mr. Morissette, and good afternoon, all.

Well, thank you, Mr. Mercier, for many of these questions, so -- in ask and answer. So just a few followups.

By referencing appendix L, which the company indicated that it's communicated with the Department of Agriculture -- and I just want to get a status. Has the company received any other comment or any communication?

THE WITNESS (La Marche): We have not received any other comment from the Department of Agriculture on this project.

MR. NGUYEN: And it's my understanding from reading the piece of e-mail that was sent to the company from the Department of Ag, they talk about requirements, their requirements that were effective in December of 2023, and they're referencing the farm energy resource on its website.

So I'm curious as to with respect to those requirements, are there any other requirements that the company cannot accommodate regarding the use, agriculture use of this farmland?

THE WITNESS (La Marche): So let me -- let me provide some information, and hopefully that answers your question.

So those requirements that the Department of Ag are referencing were specifically created as part of the SCEF program. And under the SCEF regulations, there is a specific type of land use and type of project that is an agrivoltaic project.

And in order to qualify for that type of project, you have to have the project on prime farmland and meet all of these requirements that were created by Department of Ag in terms of reporting and soil testing, and soil testing afterwards and, you know, there's -- there's a long list of specific requirements.

As this project was not through that SCEF program and not awarded as that type of project, we feel that it is not a realistic expectation to expect us to go through those bureaucratic steps when we did not submit under those rules and were

not awarded this project under those rules.

But in order for Department of Ag to have reviewed the actual appendix L in our proposed farmland, they were telling us we had to go through all of those rules. Thus, we decided not to proceed down that path and do the project as a certificate with the Siting Council instead.

You know, there are many things that we are willing to do, but there are definitely things that we are not willing to do and that are just not feasible. So I -- I'm not sure how to specifically say, are there things that we cannot do? Like, yes, there are some things that are not possible to do with solar, but there are things that we are willing to do.

So does that help provide some background to answer your question?

MR. NGUYEN: Well, you talk about your program; the requirement doesn't apply to the program that you are seeking or have applied. So would the Department of Agriculture understand that, you know, their requirement is applied to a program that you are not seeking here?

THE WITNESS (La Marche): I can't answer that question for them. I would think so. That was my opinion,

but that's not how they saw it.

MR. NGUYEN: And then essentially they have refused to issue a letter of impact --

THE WITNESS (La Marche): You know, I don't want to say something that is untrue and I don't have all of the communication right in front of me, but my -- my recollection is when we provided them the appendix L, their response was that it was an incomplete application because it did not include all of those different aspects.

Therefore, in order for them to review it they would have to -- we would have to include all of those different things. So I -- we did not get specific feedback from them on our appendix L for this project.

But for two other projects that we previously brought through the Siting Council and were approved through the Siting Council, we submitted a virtually identical appendix L-type plan to the Department of Agriculture, and they did approve that from a protection of prime farmland perspective.

MR. NGUYEN: In referencing those two -- I just chimed -- what specific agriculture uses that were used in those particular petitions?

1 THE WITNESS (La Marche): You're asking what was our 2 proposed use for those? 3 MR. NGUYEN: Yes. 4 THE WITNESS (La Marche): Basically, to summarize --5 MR. NGUYEN: That were agreed by the Department of 6 Agriculture. 7 THE WITNESS (La Marche): We had proposed a primary use 8 of perennial plants mixed with perennial grasses 9 so that it would be no-till. It would have, you 10 know, long roots. It would help restore the soil. 11 You know, it would protect the soil, protect from 12 erosion, all of those types of things. 13 And then the perennial plants would be a 14 mixture of different types of herbs and botanical 15 type plants that would be harvested and have 16 agricultural value. And then the secondary plan, if for whatever 17 18 reason the primary plan did not work, was to have 19 sheep on site. 20 MR. NGUYEN: No -- and thank you for that answer. 21 That's what you are proposing in this 22 particular site? 23 THE WITNESS (La Marche): That's what we've proposed on 24 the others, too. 25 MR. NGUYEN: Oh, I see. And none of the sheep grazing

1 were implemented in those prior to approval of 2 this? 3 THE WITNESS (La Marche): Those are not built yet. MR. NGUYEN: But then there's no sheep grazing 4 5 provision on those? THE WITNESS (La Marche): There is. There is a sheep 6 7 grazing provision on those two as well. 8 MR. NGUYEN: Now, with respect to the natural dairy 9 farming option and the sheep grazing option -- and 10 we just talked about Department of Agriculture, 11 but I'm curious as to have you received any 12 comments from the Town or the public concerning 13 which option they would prefer? 14 THE WITNESS (La Marche): Yeah, I would defer to Gabe 15 on that, as he's been in contact with the Town and 16 I have not. 17 THE WITNESS (Rusk): The Town in our meeting didn't 18 seem to have a preference one way or the other on 19 whether or not Greenskies farmed. At least that 20 was my -- that was my impression during our 21 meeting. 22 Later we did receive feedback from one 23 neighbor who expressed an interest in farming. 24 And I think we have, you know, letters have been 25 subsequently sent from the planning and -- I

believe the planning and zoning commission essentially endorsing the Council on Environmental Quality's letter.

But that is the extent to my correct -- to my recollection of feedback that we've gotten.

MR. NGUYEN: Now when I looked at the record and I saw specifically on interrogatory number 16 there was a provision of tenant farmer -- could you explain what is that, and how does that work?

THE WITNESS (Rusk): Sure. This is Gabe Rusk.

I can handle that one.

There is a nonverbal agreement between the landowner and someone in the neighborhood, a third party in the neighborhood, to cut the hay or cut the grass a few times a year. And that is the -- the person who farms it, the person who cuts it gets to keep what they -- what they cut, and that is the extent of the agreement to my knowledge.

THE WITNESS (La Marche): And sorry, I just want to add -- Gabe, you said nonverbal.

Do you mean it is a written, or is it -THE WITNESS (Rusk): Oh, I'm sorry. A verbal.

It is a verbal. Yes, thank you.

MR. NGUYEN: Mr. Mercier asked a question regarding the Town's issues. And I understand that there's a

driveway turnaround which has been discussed, but what I'm looking at, the June 24 letter from the company to Selectman Perkinson, and the company had listed out a number of items that the company wanted to accommodate the Town's concerns.

So in terms of the timing, the letter was sent in June, and recently we, you know, in the record we received comments from the Town dated September and October. So I'm curious as to, are there any other issues that are pending, if you will, that the company are still working with the Town? And if so, what are those issues?

THE WITNESS (Rusk): So this is Gabe Rusk.

So until -- the only outstanding issue that we were aware of, that Greenskies was aware of, was the issue of would -- whether or not the project would have an underground interconnection point. And we provided in writing for a section of our impact study outlining that it would be to the Town.

Since then -- or before then, since this meeting and since that letter has been sent, we have received no correspondence from the Town raising any concerns I -- outside of, you know, the notification of those letters being sent in.

1 So I don't know of any other issues except 2 for, you know, the question of the terminus 3 itself. But aside from the question of the 4 terminus, which it remains kind of unsolved --5 except for, you know, how we proposed with this 6 paved turnaround, which we're open to working with 7 the Town with, and perhaps even doing some other 8 method, or addressing this in some other way. 9 But outside of those things, I -- I don't --10 I -- I was not aware of any outstanding issues. 11 MR. NGUYEN: Thank you. And thank you, gentlemen. 12 And that's all I have, Mr. Morissette. 13 THE HEARING OFFICER: We will now take a break, and we 14 will return at 3:40 to continue with 15 cross-examination by Mr. Golembiewski, followed by 16 Mr. Carter. 17 Thank you, everyone, and we'll see you at 18 3:40. 19 20 (Pause: 3:25 p.m. to 3:40 p.m.) 21 22 THE HEARING OFFICER: Okay. We're back. 23 Is the Court Reporter with us? 24 THE REPORTER: I am back here, Hearing Officer 25 Morissette, and we are on the record.

1 THE HEARING OFFICER: Very good. Thank you. 2 And thank you, everyone. 3 We'll now continue with cross-examination of 4 the Applicant by Mr. Golembiewski, followed by 5 Mr. Carter. 6 Good afternoon, Mr. Golembiewski. 7 MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: Good afternoon, Mr. Morissette, and 8 good afternoon, everyone. 9 I believe Mr. Mercier did an excellent job in 10 his questioning, but I do have a few followups. 11 I'll take on the issue of noise first. And I'm 12 going to refer to the (inaudible) --13 THE REPORTER: This is the Reporter. I believe I've 14 lost Mr. Golembiewski's audio. 15 He's on mute, I think. 16 MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: Can you hear me now? 17 THE REPORTER: I can hear you now. 18 MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: Okay. Sorry. I was saying that I 19 would like to take on the issue first of noise, 20 and I'm referring to the diagram in the noise 21 report that shows the receptors, and specifically 22 the closest property line is PL1. 23 And my question is that parcel, which on the 24 tax assessor's map is designated as, I guess, lot 25 18, is that under the control of the host

1 property? Or is that another property owner? 2 3 (Pause.) 4 5 MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: Hello? 6 THE WITNESS (Kochis): This is -- this is Steve Kochis. 7 MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: Oh, yes. 8 THE WITNESS (Kochis): Gabe, I was going to say if you 9 wanted to take this one? 10 But that, that lot is not -- I -- I don't 11 believe it is under the same ownership as the 12 development parcel. 13 MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: Okay. So in that case, if it is 14 another property owner, my question to you is, 15 what would it take to move the equipment pad with 16 the inverters further away from that property line 17 to decrease the noise levels at that line to 18 below, say, A-to-A receptor nighttime value? 19 THE WITNESS (Rusk): Excuse me. I'm -- I apologize. I 20 was pulling up the map. 21 This was in reference to PL1. Right? 22 MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: Correct. 23 THE WITNESS (Rusk): Yeah, there's no -- I believe that 24 it's owned by the, like, the homeowner's 25 associate -- I think it's like open space.

I believe it is owned by the landowner who
owns the parcel that we're developing under a
different LLC, but we can check on that and
confirm.

MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: Okay. And so let's -- so I guess just my question is, what would it take to move the equipment pad further to the east and/or north to move it an additional distance from that property line to reduce the noise level at that receptor?

THE WITNESS (La Marche): Gabe? Gabe, would you like me to answer this one?

THE WITNESS (Rusk): Yeah, I think that would be best.

THE WITNESS (La Marche): So while I believe it is possible, it would impact project design. And I can't say every way it would impact project design, you know, sitting here without actually, you know, going through the design and making sure that that -- what -- what the impacts are.

My -- my initial thought is that the smaller block of solar panels that you see to the east of -- of that location could move down a little bit and the pad could move over a little bit. And we could find a way to adjust it there, but we'd have to look at the -- the contour lines and the

1 impact of moving that. 2 So, there, there would be ramifications. We 3 would have to look into it to know exactly what it 4 I think the other set of ramifications could 5 cause a loss in capacity if there's not room for 6 the solar panels to be shifted a little. 7 MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: Okay. I appreciate that. 8 My other question is I needed -- there was 9 some previous testimony as to there are some 10 ongoing discussions regarding, I guess, if you 11 want to call it leaf-off visibility from some 12 residential properties. 13 Are those located to the west and south of 14 the arrays? Are those the property owners that 15 are currently being --16 THE WITNESS (La Marche): To the east. 17 MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: To the east? Okay. And there are no property owners to the south or west that are 18 19 part of these discussions? 20 THE WITNESS (La Marche): Gabe, do you -- are you --21 can you confirm that? 22 THE WITNESS (Rusk): We had discussions with a property 23 owner on Churchill Road, which is to the south. 24 And the -- but most of our discussions with the --25 with the neighbors of the project have been on

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MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: Okay. All right. Thank you.

Fawn Meadow Lane and Orchard Road.

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MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: Okay.

THE WITNESS (La Marche): What we have -- what we are

saying definitively is we will protect the prime

My next question is, I guess I'm a little

more confused after hearing the testimony today about the co-use, an agricultural co-use.

Is my understanding of the testimony -- is that there may not be, or there's not a planned agricultural co-use, but there is a plan to vegetate the area, if you want to say, roughly one acre area of prime farmland soils so as to maintain the integrity of those for the duration

THE WITNESS (La Marche): Yes, essentially your understanding is generally correct. The appendix L that was included in our application was submitted to Department of Ag as a proposed co-use to Department of Ag. They did not accept it.

of the project? Is that -- yeah.

And in the documentation and interrogatory responses and responses today that we have given to the Council we have not said definitively that we are going to perform the plans under appendix L.

farmland soils.

MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: Okay.

THE WITNESS (La Marche): And our primary method for protecting the prime farmland soils is to have perennial plants that are valuable to the environment that you know have some pollinator benefit -- that's secondary, but it does exist -- that will have longer roots that will, you know, improve the microbiome of the soils.

That will improve the insects that live there. That will fix nitrogen in the soil. That will generally improve soil health and prevent erosion of topsoil so that they will protect the -- the prime farmland soils.

MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: Okay.

THE WITNESS (La Marche): We are willing to -- we are willing to have a co-use similar to appendix L in that prime farmland area. So, if that is -- if that is, you know, a critical matter where we're willing to -- to discuss that and implement that as part of the project, but as of right now it is not proposed.

MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: Okay. So, my next question is there are some activities associated with, I guess, if you want to say temporary sediment basins and some

access roads -- it sounds, based on my reading, there will be a net cut at the site of soils.

Are those soils going to be maintained on site so that if, you know, at the end of the project those would be used to restore areas? And I understand those would not be in the prime farmland soils. Is that the decommissioning plan? THE WITNESS (La Marche): Steve, can you confirm that there would be a net cut?

THE WITNESS (Kochis): There would likely be a net cut, because the temporary sediment traps would be dug. The soil excavated from those would be kept on site, and at the satisfactory completion of construction those would be filled back in with the same soil.

The cut would likely be generated in part by the trenching where it may need to be refilled with bedding sand and in part by any access roads that we construct where we would be hogging material out and putting in gravel subgrade material.

So I -- I think that the standard answer to that, Mr. Golembiewski, would be that every effort would be made to keep it on site, spreading it across -- across the site, any excess material we

might have.

However, typically as -- as a petitioner and as part of this project team we always look to have the flexibility to haul material off site if it's beneficial. If it ends up being beneficial, if it ends up being determined by the people constructing the project, et cetera.

So, and to your point, the areas of excavation are largely not prime farmland.

MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: Okay. So, the soils at the site I saw were predominantly Paxton/Montauk, which are soils known to have hardpans. Does that have any effect on how the foundations for the solar arrays would be installed, or that's not really a factor?

THE WITNESS (Kochis): I'll take that.

This is Steve Kochis.

That will likely -- I would say, in general, that does not have a large effect on the installation of the foundation systems. You -- you would likely -- we likely will be able to drive piles through it if -- if we wanted to do a pile system, as opposed to ground screws. But we would appreciate the opportunity to do those structural pull tests and which would involve, of course, installing test piles to start.

So, during that geotechnical investigation is when it would really be considered as to what the best foundation method would be and -- and which -- what, if any, issues the soil -- the soils present on the site might present to that.

MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: Okay. My last question, and it's

MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: Okay. My last question, and it's probably just a simple yes or no. The hognose snake protection plan, or the notes that I saw, you guys would construct the project essentially within that, that time, the time -- I guess, it was non-wintering months. I believe it's maybe April through October.

So, that that would be the plan, is to construct it during the -- and then follow the BMPs as NDDB detailed?

THE WITNESS (Kochis): Yes, that's correct.

MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: Okay. Mr. Morissette, that's all I have. Thank you.

THE WITNESS (Rusk): And I just wanted to make a correction to what I said earlier. The -- the parcel to the south is not owned by the same landowner that we're leasing from. The parcel to the south is owned by Fawn Meadow -- Fawn Meadow Estate homeowners.

MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: Thank you very much.

THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you, Mr. Golembiewski.

We'll now continue the cross-examination by Mr. Carter followed by Ms. Hall.

Mr. Carter, good afternoon.

MR. CARTER: Good afternoon, Mr. Morissette.

And I would be remiss to forget to wish folks that are celebrating the new year of Shana Tova.

I only have one question because, of course, the diligent work of my fellow councilors and our lovely staff, and it's about grading and about the proposed access road.

I do want to also note I appreciate the willingness of the Applicant to work with the Town just based off of the correspondence that we have been able to review.

I do want to point out that there was something noted by the zoning commission in Woodbury regarding grading, generally how they look at grading requirements where generally they only allow a maximum grade of 15 percent, and if the road or driveway is over 10 percent grade then there's a requirement to pave.

I do know based on how testimony has been going so far that the Applicant does seem very agreeable to working with the Town on various

1 things when it comes to the access road, but I 2 just would like to get clarification if the 3 Applicant would be willing to work with the Town 4 on grading to see if we can meet the maximum, if 5 possible. 6 THE WITNESS (Rusk): This is Gabe Rusk. 7 I -- I think we're -- I -- I would like to 8 say yes, but I -- you know, to be honest, we 9 hadn't heard that particular concern until very, 10 very recently. 11 And so I -- JP, feel free to, you know, weigh 12 in. 13 THE WITNESS (La Marche): Can you hear me? 14 THE WITNESS (Rusk): Yes. 15 THE WITNESS (La Marche): Okay. I turned off my video 16 because my bandwidth was low. I tried to speak 17 earlier, but got cut off. 18 We -- yeah. Yes, Gabe, you're right. We are 19 willing to work with the Town. As we have made it 20 clear, we're willing to work with the Town. 21 And I think as Gabe mentioned, you know, they 22 hadn't expressed that to us prior to being in --23 having it in that letter. So, we did not see that 24 before it was in the letter, either.

And they did notice that the code that they

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referenced was for residential development, and our project is not a residential development. So, I would just want to understand the nuance behind, you know, what their code is that would apply to a solar project rather than residential development, but we're willing to have that discussion.

MR. CARTER: Thank you. And I know I'm probably going to steal some of Ms. Hall's thunder, because I just have concerns when it comes to emergency vehicle access to the site if the grade is extreme.

But thank you, and I look forward to seeing any progress with that discussion between y'all and the Town.

And with that, I'm good. Thank you.

THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you, Mr. Carter.

We'll now continue with cross-examination by Ms. Hall followed by Mr. Syme.

Ms. Hall, good afternoon.

MS. HALL: Good afternoon. Yeah, most of my questions have been answered, but I do have a few. We've gone through the vernal pool issue, the wetlands issue, the ag use thing.

And I actually do like your plan to preserve the soils. I think that's very important. I

think it's very important to have the kind of ground cover that encourages pollinators. So, I, you know, wherever you end up on the agricultural thing with the Department of Agriculture is -- I mean, I hope something fruitful happens there, but I'm happy to see that you're willing to do what you're proposing.

I'm going to take the emergency response issue just a little bit further. Woodbury, as I understand it, is a town of about 9,000 people. I'm pretty sure they have a volunteer fire department. I want to -- and as a former selectman in a town of 14,000 people, I understand how stretched fire resources, emergency resources can become especially for incidents that last more than a day. And if the practice is, as I understand it, if a fire starts, to let it burn, and I understand with solar panels that's a low probability; you could be looking at something that goes on for more than one day.

So my question is, have you worked with the local, I assume, volunteer fire department to define what they're going to need and how they get there should a fire break out at this facility?

THE WITNESS (Rusk): This is Gabe Rusk.

So, during our meeting with the Town the fire department was represented and the fire marshal requested that we include an Ox Box.

But we have -- while we haven't had conversations with the fire department as of yet, we are more than willing and happy to train and work with first responders.

- MS. HALL: It's not just training and working with first responders. It's also making sure they have the appropriate equipment.
- THE WITNESS (Rusk): Yeah, I believe -- I believe
 without energy storage they will have the
 appropriate equipment. I -- I don't -- but I
 think we'd be willing to work with them on that.
- MS. HALL: Yeah, I mean, there was something, one sentence in -- and I can't even remember where it was, that said that a tank truck would be necessary.

I just want to make sure that there are adequate resources should there be an emergency.

- THE WITNESS (Rusk): Yeah, I think we can. I think we can work with the fire department on that.
- MS. HALL: Okay. Thank you.

I had flagged the 16 percent grade as well because I know, again, in New Fairfield it is a 15

percent grade. So, and I'm happy to hear that you'll be working with them on that.

Woodbury, I believe, was in the corridor that six weeks ago or so got historic rains. I think -- and I went back and looked at all of the rainfall tables and everything that you had done, and they all presumed a 24-hour event.

If Woodbury, as I think is the case, was in the area that really got inundated five to six weeks ago, that was like six to eight inches within ten hours -- less than that.

Did you see -- did anybody notice any impact from that event on this property?

Sorry. I'm going to mute for a moment.

THE WITNESS (Rusk): I haven't heard anything about any impact to this property.

THE WITNESS (La Marche): I'm not aware of any impact either.

MS. HALL: I would -- and I understand that what you do is you take accepted practices and map to them, and et cetera, et cetera. I'm not sure a 24-hour event is -- well, it might be sort of what's been normal in the past. I'm not sure in that, in that kind of environment these days.

And if it's possible to look at something

that is a little bit more torrential, because I think that's going to be where we are. And I appreciate what you're doing, because I think you're helping get us out of that, but I think it might be a good idea to look at something more torrential.

THE WITNESS (Kochis): This is Steve Kochis. I'm the professional engineer on the team here, so I'll just speak to that a little bit.

I certainly -- we're aware of the storm that rolled through that, the southwestern part of the state, you know, a month or two ago. We've certainly seen these kind of -- I think the term we're calling them is "microbursts," something in the six to eight hour range with -- with a significant amount of water.

At the end of the day, though, we're -- we're bound by the policy that -- that the State is putting in front of us. And the stormwater quality manual, for example, that, that just got updated within the last year is asking engineers to look at the 20 -- it's still looking, asking engineers to look at the 24-hour rainfall event, not those shorter rainfall events. So, then that's what we're doing.

1 So, I do understand that point and I -- I 2 probably don't even disagree with it, but we're 3 bound by the policy of the State. 4 MS. HALL: Okay. I'm uncomfortable with that, but I 5 understand what you're saying. That's it for me. Thank you very much. 6 7 THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you, Ms. Hall. 8 We'll now continue with cross-examination by 9 Mr. Syme. Mr. Syme, good afternoon. 10 MR. SYME: Good afternoon, everybody. I'm going to 11 make this short and sweet, because a lot of the 12 topics I picked on were already discussed. So, I 13 have no questions at this time. Thank you. 14 THE HEARING OFFICER: Very good. Thank you, Mr. Syme. 15 Okay. I have a few questions. I'm going to start with some softballs. The first being, in 16 17 the introduction of the application Greenskies mentions that they develop solar farms and they 18 19 also develop batteries. 20 Is there any thought about installing 21 batteries at this site in the future? 22 THE WITNESS (Rusk): Greenskies isn't looking at 23 installing batteries to this site right now, or in 24 the future. We're not having conversations to 25 install batteries.

THE HEARING OFFICER: Okay. Thank you.

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I'd like to go to interrogatory number Okay. 48, please? And that has to do with the oil levels, and I just wanted to make sure it's clear.

Number 48 indicates that leak detection is available on the transformers that will measure oil levels. Is that monitored and alarmed? THE WITNESS (La Marche): So we have not specified specific transformers for this project.

Typically, when transformers are purchased, you know, you specify the requirements and they're semi-custom made. Right? And since this project is not at that point we have not done that work yet.

So, I cannot say they are monitored because they aren't there. The answer that we gave is what we typically do. If, you know, we are -- we are open to looking into what that monitoring would be, but I cannot speak firsthand and directly of exactly how we would do it because we have not done it in the past.

THE HEARING OFFICER: I'm a little surprised at that, because that's been typically an issue that's been brought up for past solar projects in our area.

Okay.

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THE WITNESS (La Marche): I feel like in the last -- I don't know. A little bit we have seen that, and in the most recent project we had approved it was a condition of that project, but that project is not yet built, so.

THE HEARING OFFICER: Gotcha. Okay. All right. Well, we'll have to consider whether we want to make that a condition here or not. Okay. Thank you.

I'm going to move -- I'm going to continue with the noise discussion. In the introduction of the application on page 17; 6.5, it indicates that the maximum noise levels are 55 dBA and 45 dBA, but when I look at the noise analysis you're using 61 and 51, 61 and 51 as the standard.

Can you explain what the difference is and why? Why the difference?

THE WITNESS (Rusk): Steve, you want to handle this one?

THE WITNESS (Kochis): Yeah. So that, those different

CT DEEP noise standards I believe are tied to the

receptors that they're going to. So, there are

higher -- there are higher thresholds for

different receptor uses.

I believe residential is going to have -residential uses are going to have the most

1 stringent guidelines/standards, but it's going to 2 vary based off of the -- the emitter which is --3 which is consistent for our property, and then the 4 receiving uses of the abutting parcels. 5 THE HEARING OFFICER: Yeah. I'm not so sure about 6 that, Mr. Kochis, because you're using 61/51 which 7 is the higher level. So, it's opposite of what 8 you're saying. 9 THE WITNESS (Kochis): We can -- we can certainly go 10 check that. I -- I guess I should say I'm not --11 well, I'd have to go back and check that. 12 THE HEARING OFFICER: Okay. You have a discrepancy 13 between your introduction and your analysis. 14 THE WITNESS (Kochis): Understood. 15 THE HEARING OFFICER: Okay. Concerning 16 Mr. Golembiewski's suggestion of moving the 17 equipment pad, I want to make sure I understand. 18 I'm using layout and materials plan C-2.0. 19 Now you have two equipment pads. You have one on 20 the south and then you have one in the northeast. 21 Now, I take it that the one in the northeast is 22 only going to have inverters. 23 Is that correct? No transformers? 24 THE WITNESS (La Marche): Give me -- give me one second 25 to pull up the electrical drawings that has that

specificity.
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There would be a grounding transformer on the northeast pad. Actually, there would be -- there would be two transformers. A grounding transformer and a solar transformer is how it is currently transformed.

THE HEARING OFFICER: All right. So you'll have ten inverters on that pad? You'll have both?

THE WITNESS (La Marche): Uh-huh.

THE HEARING OFFICER: Okay. And then on the southwest

pad you'll have transformers and inverters?

THE WITNESS (La Marche): Correct.

THE HEARING OFFICER: Okay. Now when you did your noise study, did you incorporate noise from both pads?

THE WITNESS (La Marche): We provided that design to

VHB and their noise engineer. So, I can only

assume that they used that information, but I did

not go into their noise model and verify it.

THE HEARING OFFICER: Yeah, it's not really clear in their analysis whether they did or not, but -- okay.

To get to the point, though, is it seems to me that the southwest pad could be moved to the other side of the panels in that open space

1 without really an issue, because there's space 2 available and you've got an underground cable 3 going through there, anyways. 4 So, I don't see that that would -- should be 5 an issue. 6 THE WITNESS (La Marche): I think the issue with --7 well, first of all, I do want to say we're open to 8 having this conversation and looking into 9 relocating. But speaking promptly now, the issue 10 that would come to my head of that is road access 11 to that point for maintenance purposes. 12 THE HEARING OFFICER: Yes, that's true. 13 THE WITNESS (La Marche): Access road. Right? 14 THE HEARING OFFICER: Yeah, true. Good point. So, 15 you'd need an access road to get to it as well. 16 THE WITNESS (Kochis): Yeah, can I? This is Steve 17 Kochis. Can I -- I'll add some -- some further 18 color to that question, too, and I'll echo 19 John-Paul. 20 Of course, we're amenable to -- to moving 21 equipment around, but moving it to the east would 22 move it closer to the closest residential 23 neighbors as well. 24 THE HEARING OFFICER: Oh, okay. I can see that now 25

that that would be a problem. Okay.

Well, I

1 agree with Mr. Golembiewski that moving it away 2 from that, the southwest property line would be 3 beneficial to lower that, the noise levels at the 4 property line as well. 5 I do have a question --6 THE WITNESS (La Marche): Can I ask you a question? 7 THE HEARING OFFICER: Sure. 8 THE WITNESS (La Marche): And you don't have to answer specifically if you don't feel comfortable with 9 10 it. What type of distance are you thinking? 11 THE HEARING OFFICER: Well, we have -- there's been 12 discussions about a hundred feet from property 13 lines. 14 THE WITNESS (La Marche): Yeah. 15 THE HEARING OFFICER: And that's been tossed around in 16 other arenas as well. 17 THE WITNESS (La Marche): Okay. THE HEARING OFFICER: Concerning the June 24, 2024, 18 19 letter from Selectman Barbara Perkinson and 20 Mr. William Agresta, in bullet two it talks about 21 conduct a noise study. I just want to make sure 22 that this is a post-construction -- or 23 post-construction and operation noise study that 24 you're committing to here? 25 THE WITNESS (Rusk): At the time of our discussion we

1 were talking about the noise study, the noise study that we were just discussing. 2 3 THE HEARING OFFICER: Oh, so you were talking about the 4 pre-discussion -- the pre-construction, not post? 5 THE WITNESS (Rusk): Correct. 6 THE HEARING OFFICER: Okay. 7 THE WITNESS (La Marche): And Gabe, feel free to tell me that I'm off base. 8 9 But the letter that's in discussion right now 10 from the municipality, they -- we did not see this 11 letter before it was sent out. So, exactly what 12 they were thinking and what they put into that 13 letter we don't have insight into. 14 THE HEARING OFFICER: Okay. So, if the Council is 15 concerned about noise, are you willing to do a 16 post or an operational noise study? THE WITNESS (La Marche): Like an empirical study on 17 18 site? 19 THE HEARING OFFICER: Yes. 20 THE WITNESS (La Marche): Yeah. 21 THE HEARING OFFICER: Okay. Very good. Thank you. 22 Okay. Going back to drawing C-2.0, I'd like 23 to talk about the interconnection a little bit. 24 Now, my understanding that it's all going to be 25 underground -- which, to my delight, I was happy

1 to see. 2 THE WITNESS (La Marche): Correct. 3 THE HEARING OFFICER: The vault that is the proposed 4 vault that is below the southernmost array, is 5 that where the customer side equipment will be and 6 Eversource's equipment will be? 7 THE WITNESS (La Marche): So the -- in short, yes, but 8 there will be near -- near that vault location 9 there will be pad-mounted utility meter and 10 re-closer, and the customer meter would be 11 slightly, I guess, northeast -- northwest of that 12 location. 13 THE HEARING OFFICER: Okay. 14 THE WITNESS (La Marche): And by slightly, I mean, very 15 slightly. Right? Like, just a little farther up 16 the road. 17 THE HEARING OFFICER: Okay. So what you have here is 18 you're not reflecting where the -- you have two 19 additional pads that will be there to install that 20 type of equipment? 21 THE WITNESS (La Marche): Yeah, and since that 22 information was put together, you know, we have 23 continued our work with Eversource and we have the 24 impact study. They've started their facility 25 study that's nearly complete, and we have an

1 updated electrical design that shows all of those 2 details. 3 So, that that work has been done in the -- in 4 the background. 5 THE HEARING OFFICER: Very good. Great to hear. Now the proposed vault, and I take it that 6 7 that's just a pulling vault and to get things up 8 to the pad, to get the cables up to the pad for 9 the meters and the closures and so forth? 10 THE WITNESS (La Marche): That is my understanding. 11 There is nothing on our current electrical design 12 that shows, you know, any major equipment like 13 that. 14 THE HEARING OFFICER: Okay. Great. 15 I also understand that as part of this 16 project Eversource needs you to upgrade one mile 17 of the distribution circuit going underground 18 through Fawn Meadow Lane. 19 At the end of Fawn Meadow Lane does it go 20 north up Orchard Avenue, or south? 21 THE WITNESS (La Marche): By it, you mean the feeder 22 path back to the substation? 23 THE HEARING OFFICER: Yes. What is it? 23 kV? 24 THE WITNESS (La Marche): Gabe, do you have that 25 information readily available, or should I open

1 the impact study? 2 THE WITNESS (Rusk): I do not have that readily 3 available. 4 THE WITNESS (La Marche): Okay. 5 THE HEARING OFFICER: Okay. That's not important. 6 So, anyways. So, you're going to go -- so 7 from the meter box to the end of Fawn Meadow Lane, 8 I'd say that's probably -- what? A quarter of a 9 mile, and then you've got to go another three 10 quarters of a mile up or down Orchard Avenue? 11 THE WITNESS (La Marche): I think that is approximately 12 correct. 13 THE HEARING OFFICER: Yeah. So, at a high level that's 14 okay. 15 Now I take it that the conduits within the 16 street, that it's going to cause some damage to 17 the streets as far as digging and burying, and also paving. Have those discussions been had with 18 19 Eversource and the Town? THE WITNESS (La Marche): I don't know what 20 21 conversations Eversource and the Town have had. 22 THE HEARING OFFICER: Okay. And as far as 23 interruptions to the community? 24 THE WITNESS (La Marche): I mean, my understanding of 25 Eversource's process is those details are worked

1 out in their facility study, as they call it, which is really their detailed design of the 2 3 interconnection equipment and the process. 4 THE HEARING OFFICER: Right. 5 THE WITNESS (La Marche): We have not received that at 6 this time. 7 THE HEARING OFFICER: Okay. When do you expect to 8 receive the facility study? 9 THE WITNESS (La Marche): Very soon. 10 THE HEARING OFFICER: Okay. 11 THE WITNESS (La Marche): I don't have any hard date. 12 They're usually not exactly on time, but it is 13 due. 14 THE HEARING OFFICER: Okay. Great. Well, nice work on 15 your interconnection design. I embrace it fully. 16 Thank you. THE WITNESS (La Marche): Thank you. 17 18 THE WITNESS (Rusk): This is Gabe Rusk. 19 We'll be heading south down Orchard. 20 THE HEARING OFFICER: South? Okay. 21 Okay. I think that pretty much takes care of 22 everything that I had on my list, and I thank the 23 other Councilmembers and Mr. Mercier for covering 24 the wetlands, the ag landscaping, and the other 25 issues that have been brought up today.

So that concludes my questioning. I understand that Mr. Mercier may have a followup.

Mr. Mercier?

MR. MERCIER: Yes, thank you.

You know there's a previous discussion, I think, with Mr. Golembiewski regarding the prime farmland soils and Greenskies' intent to preserve those to the extent possible, you know, through plant farming or for pollinator habitat.

But one thing I did note -- I kind of asked about this earlier was, you know, the access road extends along that north fence line. That's right through prime farmland soil. Given that there's a limited amount of prime farmland soil at this site, I mean, I know you were going to discuss whether to relocate the road or not.

But I just want to know if that road is actually necessary -- and just remove it from the prime farmland soil?

Is that possible, or can you do that?

THE WITNESS (La Marche): I think that's a good point, and I think we should plan on that. You know, I don't -- it's hard to say a hundred percent things like -- like this promptly, but that makes complete sense to me.

1 MR. MERCIER: Okay. Thank you. 2 I have no other questions. 3 THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you, Mr. Mercier. 4 Since we have a little bit of time, I'll go 5 through the Councilmembers one more time to see if 6 there's any follow-up questions considering the 7 additional questions that were asked. 8 Mr. Nguyen, any additional questions? 9 MR. NGUYEN: No. Thank you, Mr. Morissette. 10 THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you. 11 Mr. Golembiewski, any followup? 12 MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: I have no additional questions. 13 Thank you, Mr. Morissette. 14 THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you. 15 Mr. Carter? 16 MR. CARTER: No additional questions. Thank you. 17 THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you. 18 Ms. Hall? 19 MS. HALL: No additional questions. Thank you. 20 THE HEARING OFFICER: Great. 21 Mr. Syme? 22 MR. SYME: No additional questions. Thank you. 23 THE HEARING OFFICER: Great. Thank you. 24 Thank you, and I have no additional questions 25 as well.

So that concludes our hearing for this afternoon. The Council will recess until 6:30 p.m., at which time we will commence with the public comment session of this public hearing. And thank you, everyone, for your participation this afternoon, and have a good evening. See you at 6:30. THE WITNESS (La Marche): Thank you. THE WITNESS (Rusk): Thank you. ATTORNEY HOFFMAN: Thank you, Mr. Morissette. (End: 4:21 p.m.)

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CERTIFICATE

I hereby certify that the foregoing 95 pages are a complete and accurate computer-aided transcription of my original verbatim notes taken of the remote teleconference meeting of The Connecticut Siting Council in Re: DOCKET NO. 524, GREENSKIES CLEAN ENERGY, LLC, APPLICATION FOR A CERTIFICATE OF ENVIRONMENTAL COMPATIBILITY AND PUBLIC NEED FOR THE CONSTRUCTION, MAINTENANCE, AND OPERATION OF A 4.625-MEGAWATT-AC SOLAR PHOTOVOLTAIC ELECTRIC GENERATING FACILITY AND ASSOCIATED EQUIPMENT LOCATED AT FAWN MEADOW LANE (PARCEL NO. 029-018D), WOODBURY, CONNECTICUT AND ASSOCIATED ELECTRICAL INTERCONNECTION, which was held before JOHN MORISSETTE, Member and Presiding Officer, on October 3, 2024.

Robert G. Dixon, CVR-M 857

Notary Public

My Commission Expires: 6/30/2025

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