

STATE OF CONNECTICUT

CONNECTICUT SITING COUNCIL

Docket No. 515

Cellco Partnership d/b/a Verizon Wireless

Application for a Certificate of Environmental

Compatibility and Public Need for the Construction,

Maintenance, and Operation of a Telecommunications

Facility Located East of the Student Transportation

Parking Lot at 180 School Road, Wilton, Connecticut.

Zoom Remote Council Meeting (Teleconference), on Thursday, June 29, 2023, beginning at 2 p.m.

Held Before:

JOHN MORISSETTE, Member and Presiding Officer

1	Appearances:
2	Council Members:
3	JOHN MORISSETTE, (Hearing Officer)
4	
5	BRIAN GOLEMBIEWSKI,
6	DEEP Designee
7	
8	Quat Nguyen,
9	PURA Designee
10	
11	ROBERT SILVESTRI
12	ROBERT HANNON
13	
14	Council Staff:
15	MELANIE BACHMAN, ESQ.,
16	Executive Director and Staff Attorney
17	
18	IFEANYI NWANKWO,
19	Siting Analyst
20	
21	LISA FONTAINE,
22	Fiscal Administrative Officer
23	
24	
25	

1	Appearances:(cont'd)
2	For CELLCO PARTNERSHIP d/b/a VERIZON WIRELESS:
3	ROBINSON & COLE
4	280 Trumbull Street
5	Hartford, Connecticut 06103
6	By: KENNETH C. BALDWIN, ESQ.
7	KBaldwin@rc.com
8	860.275.8345
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(Begin: 2 p.m.)

THE HEARING OFFICER: Good afternoon, ladies and gentlemen. Can everyone hear me okay?

Very good, thank you.

This remote public hearing is called to order this Thursday, June 29, 2023, at 2 p.m. My name is John Morissette, member and presiding officer of the Connecticut Siding Council. Other members of the Council are Brian Golembiewski, designee for Commissioner Katie Dykes of the Department of Energy and Environmental Protection; Quat Nguyen, designee for Chairman Marissa Paslick Gillett of the Public Utilities Regulatory Authority; Robert Hannon; and Robert Silvestri.

Members of the staff are Melanie Bachman, Executive Director and Staff Attorney; Ifeanyi Nwankwo, siting analyst; and Lisa Fontaine, physical administrative officer.

If you haven't done so already, I ask that everyone please mute their computer audio and their telephones now.

This hearing is held pursuant to the provisions of Title 16 of the Connecticut General Statutes and of the Uniform Administrative

Procedure Act upon an application from Cellco
Partnership d/b/a Verizon Wireless for a
certificate of environmental compatibility and
public need for the construction, maintenance, and
operation of a telecommunications facility located
east of the student transportation parking lot at
180 School Road in Wilton, Connecticut.

This application was received by the Council on March 17, 2023. The Council's legal notice of the date and time of this remote public hearing was published in the Wilton Bulletin on April 20, 2023.

Upon this Council's request, the Applicant erected a sign in the vicinity of the proposed site so as to inform the public of the name of the Applicant, the type of the facility, the remote public hearing date, and contact information for the Council, including website and phone number.

As a reminder to all, off-the-record communication with a member of the Council or a member of the Council's staff upon the merits of this application is prohibited by law.

The parties and intervenors to this proceeding are as follows. The Applicant, Cellco Partnership, d/b/a Verizon Wireless; its

representative, Kenneth C. Baldwin, Esquire, of Robinson & Cole, LLP.

We will proceed in accordance with the prepared agenda, a copy of which is available on the Council's Docket Number 515 webpage, along with the record of this matter, the public hearing notice, instructions for public access to this remote public hearing, and the Council's Citizen's Guide to Siting Council's Procedures.

Interested persons may join any session of this public hearing to listen, but no public comments will be received during the 2 p.m.

Evidentiary session. At the end of the evidentiary session, we will recess until 6:30 p.m. for the public comment session. Please be advised that any person may be removed from the remote evidentiary session or public comment session at the discretion of the Council.

The 6:30 p.m. public comment session is reserved for members of the public who sign up in advance to make brief statements into the record.

I wish to note that the Applicant, parties, and intervenors, including their representatives, witnesses, and members, are not allowed to participate in the public comment session. I also

wish to note for those who are listening, and for
the benefit of your friends and neighbors who are
unable to join us for the remote public comment
session, that you or they may send written
statements to the Council within 30 days of the
date hereof, either by mail or by e-mail, and such
written statements will be given the same weight
as if spoken during the remote public comment
session.

A verbatim transcript of this remote public hearing will be posted on the Council's Docket Number 515 webpage, and deposited in Town Clerk's office in Wilton for the convenience of the public.

Please be advised that the Council's project evaluation criteria under the statute does not include the consideration of property values.

The Council will take a 10- to 15-minute break at a convenient juncture around 3:30 p.m.

We now move to the administrative notice taken by the Council. I wish to call your attention to those items shown on the hearing program marked as Roman numeral 1B, items 1 through 81. Does the Applicant have an objection to these items that the Council has

1	administratively noticed?
2	Good afternoon, Attorney Baldwin.
3	Do you have any objection?
4	MR. BALDWIN: Good afternoon, Mr. Morissette.
5	No objection from the Applicant.
6	THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you, Attorney Baldwin.
7	Accordingly, the Council hereby
8	administratively notices these existing documents.
9	Will the Applicant present its witness panel
10	for purposes of taking the oath, and we'll have
11	Attorney Bachman administer the oath?
12	Attorney Baldwin?
13	MR. BALDWIN: Thank you, Mr. Morissette. Again, for
14	the record, Kenneth Baldwin with Robinson & Cole
15	on behalf of the Applicant, Cellco Partnership
16	doing businesses for Verizon Wireless.
17	Our witness panel is partially here and
18	partially remote. To my left, your right, is
19	David Weinpahl. Dave is a professional engineer
20	with On Air Engineering, and they are the project
21	engineer for this docket.
22	To my right is Tim Parks, a real estate and
23	regulatory specialist with Verizon Wireless.
24	To Tim's right is Brian Gaudet with
25	All-Points Technologies Corporation. On the Zoom,

1 we also have Dean Gustafson, a senior wetland scientist and professional soil scientist with 2 3 All-Points Technology. 4 And last but not least, Shiva Godasu, who is 5 a radio frequency engineer with Verizon Wireless, and I offer them to be sworn at this time. 6 7 THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you, Attorney Baldwin, and 8 good afternoon, everyone. 9 Attorney Bachman, will you please administer 10 the oath? 11 MS. BACHMAN: Thank you, Mr. Morissette. 12 DAVID WEINPAHL, 13 TIMOTHY PARKS, 14 BRIAN GAUDET, 15 DEAN GUSTAFSON, 16 SHIVA GODASU, 17 called as witnesses, being sworn by 18 THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR, were examined and 19 testified under oath as follows: 20 21 MR. BALDWIN: Mr. Morissette, we have five exhibits 22 listed in the hearing program under section Roman 23 2B, items 1 through 5. And I'll ask my witnesses 24 if they could verify those exhibits by answering 25 the following questions.

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1
              Did you prepare or assist in the preparation
2
         of the exhibits offered in this docket by the
3
         Applicant? Mr. Weinpahl?
4
    THE WITNESS (Weinpahl): Yes.
5
    MR. BALDWIN: Mr. Parks?
6
    THE WITNESS (Parks): Yes.
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    MR. BALDWIN: Mr. Gaudet?
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    THE WITNESS (Gaudet): Yes.
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    MR. BALDWIN: Mr. Gustafson?
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    THE WITNESS (Gustafson): Yes.
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    MR. BALDWIN: Mr. Godasu?
12
    THE WITNESS (Godasu): Yes.
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    MR. BALDWIN: And do you have any corrections or
14
         modifications to offer to any of the information
         contained in those exhibits? Mr. Weinpahl?
15
16
    THE WITNESS (Weinpahl): No.
17
    MR. BALDWIN: Mr. Parks?
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    THE WITNESS (Parks): No.
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    MR. BALDWIN: Mr. Gaudet?
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    THE WITNESS (Gaudet): Yes, it's more of a point of
21
         clarification. Attachment eleven, the preliminary
22
         historic resources determination.
              You'll notice that the letter itself is dated
23
24
         January 20th, and the attachment to that document
25
         is the cultural resources screen dated March 10th.
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1 We had updated the mapping after a conversation 2 with SHPO. 3 At the time of the -- the letter, there was a 4 state-registered property on the northern border 5 of the radius map. That property was determined 6 to no longer be in place, and has since been 7 removed from the state register list. So we 8 supplemented the map there for that reason. 9 MR. BALDWIN: And just so it's clear, that's attachment 10 eleven of the application, which is Applicant's 11 Exhibit 1. 12 Any other modifications? 13 THE WITNESS (Gaudet): Nothing else. 14 MR. BALDWIN: Any modifications, Mr. Gustafson? 15 THE WITNESS (Gustafson): 16 MR. BALDWIN: Mr. Godasu? 17 THE WITNESS (Godasu): No. 18 MR. BALDWIN: And with those corrections, 19 clarifications, and modifications, is the 20 information contained in those exhibits true and 21 accurate to the best of your knowledge? 22 Mr. Weinpahl? 23 THE WITNESS (Weinpahl): Yes. 24 MR. BALDWIN: Mr. Parks? 25 THE WITNESS (Parks): Yes.

1 MR. BALDWIN: Mr. Gaudet? 2 THE WITNESS (Gaudet): Yes. 3 MR. BALDWIN: Mr. Gustafson? 4 THE WITNESS (Gustafson): Yes. 5 MR. BALDWIN: Mr. Godasu? 6 THE WITNESS (Godasu): Yes. 7 MR. BALDWIN: And do you adopt the information 8 contained in those exhibits as your testimony in 9 this proceeding? Mr. Weinpahl? 10 THE WITNESS (Weinpahl): Yes. 11 MR. BALDWIN: Mr. Parks? 12 THE WITNESS (Parks): Yes. 13 MR. BALDWIN: Mr. Gaudet? 14 THE WITNESS (Gaudet): Yes. 15 MR. BALDWIN: Mr. Gustafson? 16 THE WITNESS (Gustafson): Yes. 17 MR. BALDWIN: Mr. Godasu? 18 THE WITNESS (Godasu): Yes. 19 MR. BALDWIN: Mr. Morissette, I offer them as full 20 exhibits. 21 THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you, Attorney Baldwin. The 22 exhibits are hereby admitted. 23 We'll now begin with cross-examination of the 24 Applicant by the Council, starting with Mr. 25 Nwankwo, followed by Mr. Silvestri. Mr. Nwankwo?

MR. NWANKWO: Thank you, Mr. Morissette. Good afternoon, everyone.

I'll start by referring to the Applicant's response to Council Interrogatories Number 24.

Has there been any new information from the Town regarding its communications upgrade and co-locating its emergency service antennas on the tower?

THE WITNESS (Parks): Tim Parks from Verizon Wireless.

I have not heard of any.

MR. NWANKWO: Thank you. Also, referencing the
Applicant's response to Council Interrogatories
Number 12, could you please elaborate on how the
geotechnical survey is conducted and what kind of
equipment will be used?

THE WITNESS (Weinpahl): Yes, David Weinpahl, On Air Engineering. The geotechnical services will be performed after approvals, should they be obtained here. This would be a soil boring test conducted with a track -- a truck rig would be accessible from the parking lot right to the state power facility.

Borings will be taken, logs will be produced and a report prepared, which will be used at a later date for a foundation design.

MR. NWANKWO: Thank you. Does the total limits of disturbance area as listed in the Applicant's response to Council Interrogatories Number 13, does that include the two existing parking spaces and the replacement parking spaces?

THE WITNESS (Weinpahl): Yes. Again, David Weinpahl.

That does include the parking spaces. It also includes the longer electrical telephone routing to the north out to School Road, which is approximately, I think, 800 feet.

So we -- we used limited disturbance for that path as well, in addition to the area around the compound, the 60 by 60 compound, and the parking spots.

- MR. NWANKWO: Thank you. Would any large shrubs or trees be affected by the construction of the two replacement parking spaces?
- THE WITNESS (Weinpahl): Again, David Weinpahl. No, there that area is fairly well open. It's relatively flat, slight sub-grading. I don't believe there's any significant trees that would have to come out as part of that relocation.
- MR. NWANKWO: Thank you. Will the Applicant install any signs or demarcations to indicate that the two parking spaces in front of the site are strictly

used for the facility access?

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THE WITNESS (Weinpahl): Yes, we will, but they will be

striped off as no parking or for bus purposes,

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which the Town had agreed upon.

MR. NWANKWO:

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MR. NWANKWO: Thank you. What frequency band would

Cellco allocate for its 5G service?

lot?

THE WITNESS (Weinpahl): Yes. Again, David Weinpahl.

Thank you. How would construction

activities impact the operation of the bus parking

I don't expect any major operations to this. buses -- the buses are there most of the day, other than taking morning and afternoon trips -that they're there overnight. This is why we reserve two spaces.

During construction of the facility, we may work with them to maybe have one or two buses temporarily relocated, perhaps for a crane and stacking of the tower, but regular maintenance for this facility would only require a regular field technician pulling up to the facility, maybe unloading some equipment to a cabinet.

We didn't take up a lot of room here, but we also left enough that just general operations could be conducted.

THE WITNESS (Godasu): This is Shiva Godasu. The 5Gd technology we are deploying at this site is C-band, which is about 3.7 gigahertz.

MR. NWANKWO: Sorry. Did you say 3700?

THE WITNESS (Godasu): Yeah, 3700. Yeah.

MR. NWANKWO: Thank you. What is the estimated distance of the alternate electric telco service connection south of the compound as referenced on sheet C1 of attachment 1?

THE WITNESS (Weinpahl): Yes. Again, David Weinpahl.

The south path would be approximately 500 feet.

That could be just a telephone path, or it could be both a combination electric and telephone path.

There is already an existing transformer on the northern end of the facility beyond -- behind the maintenance garage. So there may be a preference by the utility company to let the power be tapped from that location.

So it's -- it's going to be either direction, both directions, one or the other, but the 500-foot distance is to the south, and the total distance to the north would be 800 feet. That would be for telephone going out to the street in that direction, to the nearest existing utility pole.

MR. NWANKWO: Thank you. I'm going to refer to the Applicant's response to Council Interrogatory 39.

How often would the paint need to be refreshed or recoated?

THE WITNESS (Weinpahl): What number is that?

Thirty-nine?

MR. BALDWIN: I'm sorry. Could you repeat the question?

MR. NWANKWO: Yes, referring to the Applicant's response to Council Interrogatory 39, how often would the paint need to be refreshed or recoated?

THE WITNESS (Weinpahl): Yes, David Weinpahl. The pole will be manufactured, and half of them will bake it on. There's different methods. There's no anticipation on when we would have to repaint the structure. It would come fully painted to the color specified.

There's extra paint provided when it's shipped because there's always little blotches in the shipping process, but those are touched up on site as the tower is erected. Once that's up, I can't anticipate a repainting schedule that would be needed.

MR. NWANKWO: Okay, the paint would not degrade over time -- I mean, over some years?

1 THE WITNESS (Weinpahl): I -- I think we'd be a number 2 of years out. I -- I don't -- I don't have a 3 number to go with that in terms of historical 4 data. I don't -- I don't have that, but as a 5 freshly painted structure -- structure I wouldn't 6 anticipate any repainting in, I don't know, ten 7 years, perhaps beyond. 8 MR. NWANKWO: Thank you. So how would the topography 9 of the surrounding area impact the coverage from 10 the site? 11 THE WITNESS (Godasu): This is Shiva Godasu. I believe 12 the topography in the area is, you know, it's 13 fairly flat, you know, looking -- looking around 14 the site. Yeah, the site does cover a good 15 portion of the area we want to, and -- yeah. 16 I would say the cover is -- I mean, the 17 topography is, you know, fairly flat. 18 MR. NWANKWO: Okay, so you're not anticipating any 19 hilly terrains that might interfere with your line 20 of sight at any time? 21 THE WITNESS (Godasu): Yeah, not too much, looking --22 looking at the -- looking at the coverage spots we 23 provided, there are not, you know, there are not 24 too much topography there.

Thank you. Do you anticipate that any

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MR. NWANKWO:

additional facilities will be needed in this area to provide service in the future?

THE WITNESS (Godasu): Not for coverage. I mean, this site will, you know, will help offload, you know, capacity concerns in the area.

I mean, it's -- it's more, you know, a capacity site than a coverage site because we -- the library, the library sites which are, you know, serving, you know, this, this part of -- this part of the town are, you know, fairly exhausted for a long time.

MR. NWANKWO: Thank you. Considering the proximity of the monopine from the school bus parking area, has the Applicant considered installing a yield point on the proposed monopine tower?

And if so, at what height?

THE WITNESS (Weinpahl): Yes, David Weinpahl once again. The -- the distance to the nearest property line is 165 feet approximately. That's to the eastern property line.

And this for, you know, a 123-foot structure, at this point, we -- we didn't see the need to include a yield point. Those could always be added into the design in the future.

MR. NWANKWO: Thank you. Referencing section 2F of the

resource protection plan, this was provided with
the response to interrogatories. Has the
Applicant determined the location for its
equipment staging or storage during construction?
THE WITNESS (Weinpahl): Yes, again David Weinpahl.

Staging would be conducted at the parking lot in the spaces that will be deemed for Verizon's future access. Some storage is available within the limits of disturbance for stockpile of soils and items of that nature.

So everything would be within those limits of disturbance right around the facility. There would be no need to store anything on the parking lot itself, and there's plenty of vehicle access to that for all of our equipment to originally construct the tower.

- MR. NWANKWO: Okay. Thank you. What would be the direction of stormwater runoff within the project area?
- THE WITNESS (Weinpahl): This area is relatively flat around the compound. It grades slightly to the east, and there's -- there's no plans to -- to redirect that in any direction.

There will be a slight cross pitch across the compound of 2 percent, and the water will drain in

the same direction it is presently.

MR. NWANKWO: But what direction would that be?
Would that be east?

THE WITNESS (Weinpahl): To the -- to the east, yes.

MR. NWANKWO: Oh, okay. How would this impact the vernal pool?

THE WITNESS (Gustafson): Good afternoon. This is Dean Gustafson. So the proposed facility and any stormwater runoff is more than a hundred feet away from the nearest vernal pool associated with the nearby wetland area.

There's -- the facility is -- doesn't have a lot of impervious surface. It's on land by gravel surface, which will promote infiltration. So we don't anticipate any adverse effect from the minimal amount of stormwater runoff expected from this facility.

MR. NWANKWO: Thank you. I'll refer to Exhibit 3 of the response to council interrogatories. The text on page 2 of the wetland and vernal pool assessment says that wetland one is 105 feet south and wetland two, which has the vernal pool, is 370 feet northwest.

But the inspections, the wetland inspections map shows wetland one to the northwest and wetland

two to the south.

Can the Applicant please clarify?

THE WITNESS (Gustafson): Yeah. Again, this is Dean

Gustafson. Yeah, so the text is a little

misleading in directions. The wetland one is to

the north, northwest. And wetland two, which has

the vernal pool one associated with it, is to the

south, southeast.

MR. NWANKWO: Thank you, just wanted to get that.

THE WITNESS (Gustafson): Yeah, thanks for that

clarification.

MR. NWANKWO: Referencing the application attachment nine and the updated U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service correspondence that's dated June 20, 2023, the monarch butterfly may also occur within the project area.

The Fish and Wildlife Service stated the requirement to determine if the proposed project would have any impact to that species. Has the Applicant coordinated with the Fish and Wildlife Service regarding the monarch butterfly?

THE WITNESS (Gustafson): Dean Gustafson. So the monarch butterfly is considered a candidate species. It's not a listed species at this time.

And as such, there's no requirement for assessing

the project impacts for a candidate species, or a consultation with U.S. Fish and Wildlife for assessing potential impacts to the candidate species.

If at such time monarch butterfly is actually listed as either threatened or endangered, we'll update our assessment at that point in time.

However, considering the habitat that's surround -- that's located within this facility and surrounding this facility, it's -- it's a relatively forested area. There are not a lot of pollinator species, particularly milkweed located within the project area, which monarch butterfly would use as habitat.

So we wouldn't anticipate any adverse effect to monarch butterfly with the development of this facility, should it be listed in the future.

MR. NWANKWO: Thank you.

- 19 THE WITNESS (Gustafson): You're welcome.
 - MR. NWANKWO: How often would Cellco power cycle the proposed generator?
- THE WITNESS (Weinpahl): Yes, Dave Weinpaul.
- Exercising the generator, that's typically done every two weeks.
 - MR. NWANKWO: At what intervals would the generator

1 maintenance be done? 2 THE WITNESS (Weinpahl): In terms of time during the 3 day, that could be set up to be during daytime 4 hours. 5 MR. NWANKWO: Okay. 6 THE WITNESS (Weinpahl): It takes 15 minutes typically. 7 MR. NWANKWO: Excellent. For generator maintenance, 8 like oil changes and just checking on the 9 generator at the site, at what intervals do you 10 anticipate that this will be done? 11 THE WITNESS (Weinpahl): I have to think that Verizon 12 is -- is performing those annually. 13 Tim, do you have any? 14 THE WITNESS (Parks): I would have -- Tim Parks from 15 Verizon. I would have to look into that. 16 MR. NWANKWO: Thank you. What is usually involved for these generator maintenance, if I could ask? 17 18 THE WITNESS (Weinpahl): It would be just an oil filter 19 check, things along those lines. There are alarms 20 with it. So if there are problems with the 21 generator, the tech, field tech for Verizon would 22 be notified to go out and see what could be wrong 23 with it and why it may not be operating. 24 But outside of those items, it -- it 25 shouldn't need much maintenance. Again, annually,

I think is most likely for the review that they would perform.

MR. NWANKWO: Thank you. Also referring to the resource protection plan, section 3D, could you please elaborate more on the impervious pad with secondary containment for vehicle refueling, and what will be the capacity of that containment pad?

THE WITNESS (Gustafson): So Dean Gustafson. There are various methods that can be used for secondary containment. Most typically, what we -- we see across this industry, as well as others, is -- is typically the contractor uses something that's readily available and commercially available, such as like a kiddie pool.

So a lot of times, those have a capacity of upwards of 30, 40 gallons. So there they're sufficient for refueling purposes.

MR. NWANKWO: Thank you. Referencing the viewshed map shown on attachment eight of the application, exhibit 1, could you please characterize the views from residences with potential year-round or seasonal views?

THE WITNESS (Gaudet): Yes, Brian Gaudet with

All-Points. So the residential properties that,

one, are evaluated through the viewshed mapping,

we also did a pretty extensive field verification.

We had the opportunity in this situation to meet

on site with a number of residences, primarily to

the north, northeast, and northwest of the site.

I -- I want to say we walked probably ten residences. In total, there's going to be roughly 26 properties with some form of seasonal and/or seasonal and year-round views. There are no properties, no residential properties with year-round only views.

The properties to the north that we evaluated in person really are characterized mostly by seasonal views, particularly at the second location. The -- the crane was pretty difficult to spot in the field. This was in the middle of -- middle of January. So full leaf-off situation, clear day, and it was -- it was pretty difficult to pick out, especially at distance.

It was mostly masked behind the intervening vegetation. There's plenty of intervening vegetation, especially those properties to the north, but also the properties to the south.

I would say it's -- the characterization would be mostly seasonal in these situations.

MR. NWANKWO: Thank you. Thank you very much. Thank

1 you, Mr. Morissette. That's all my questions. 2 THE WITNESS (Godasu): This is Shiva Godasu. If I may? 3 I just want to clarify my statement on the --4 about terrain around the area. I just 5 double-checked, and I see it's -- it's mostly 6 flat, but you know, going, you know, east of the site onto Route 7, you know, which -- which is 7 8 in -- in a valley. The terrain drops, like, 150 9 feet from -- from the proposed tower. 10 And you know, we don't have any terrain 11 blocking between, between the tower and Route 7. 12 So the signal gets pretty good without any, you 13 know, interference in between. 14 MR. NWANKWO: Thank you. Thank you, Mr. Godasu. 15 THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you for the clarification. 16 Mr. Nwankwo, are you good with the response? 17 MR. NWANKWO: Yes, absolutely. Thank you. THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you. We'll now continue 18 19 with cross-examination by Mr. Silvestri, followed 20 by Mr. Nguyen. Mr. Silvestri? 21 MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you, Mr. Morissette, and good 22 afternoon, everyone. 23 Just a quick followup to Mr. Nwankwo's 24 question about exercising the generator. Would 25 that be done remotely?

	THE WITNESS (Weinpahl): I believe that's set up in the
2	control panel that would it would automatically
3	exercise by itself at a set time during the day.
4	MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you for your response. Then if I
5	could have you refer to the June 21, 2023,
6	submittal that has the site layout in L-2?
7	The question I have is, what is the distance
8	from the proposed cell tower to that existing
9	above-ground diesel tank?
10	THE WITNESS (Weinpahl): We do not have a dimension on
11	the plan. If I can just perform a quick scale, I
12	can look at it's in the from the tower
13	itself?
14	MR. SILVESTRI: From where the tower is proposed to the
15	existing above-ground diesel tank?
16	THE WITNESS (Weinpahl): We're going to need the
17	two-hundred (inaudible)
18	MR. SILVESTRI: Your response got cut off. Could you
19	repeat that, please?
20	THE WITNESS (Weinpahl): I'm just going to confirm an
21	approximate dimension for you.
22	Approximately 240 feet.
23	MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you. The reason I ask the
24	question goes back to the hinge point or yield
25	point, however you want to refer to it. I just

wanted to make sure that it's more than 123 feet away from where the proposed tower would be placed. So thank you for your response.

Staying on that drawing, the two new bus

parking spaces, it's noted that there will be asphalt. For the one that's leftmost on that drawing, is there actually sufficient space to move a bus in and out without interfering with the cars that might be parked in that corner area?

THE WITNESS (Weinpahl): Yes, there would be. We -- we did walk this on-site with members of the transportation department, with the school.

They looked at these locations with us and deemed these would be appropriate for them to park the buses in those spots.

MR. SILVESTRI: Okay. Thank you for that response.

But staying with that drawing for one more question where you have the arrow that has the hundred-foot wetland buffer limit. There is a whitish rectangular box, if you will, just to the right of the proposed two new bus parking spaces.

What is that rectangle?

THE WITNESS (Weinpahl): I believe that's a bus in the photograph. Is it yellowish looking?

MR. SILVESTRI: Oh, on mine it's white.

1 THE WITNESS (Weinpahl): Oh, okay. MR. SILVESTRI: Yeah, it didn't show up on attachment 2 3 one, which is the colorized drawing, which is why 4 I was asking what it was on the site layout for 5 L-2. 6 THE WITNESS (Weinpahl): Yeah, it's -- it's part of the 7 parking lot. It looks like from the aerial 8 imagery that was used here, it's actually a parked 9 bus in that spot at that given moment. 10 MR. SILVESTRI: Okay. Thank you. 11 Then if we could go back to the responses for 12 interrogatories number 25 and 26. It stated that 13 under normal loading conditions, the proposed 14 generator could operate for about 168 hours before 15 refueling. 16 The question that I have was, was that run time based on a thousand gallons of propane? 17 18 THE WITNESS (Weinpahl): Yes, that was. 19 MR. SILVESTRI: Okay. 20 So here's the question. How many gallons of 21 propane are in a thousand-gallon tank? 22 THE WITNESS (Weinpahl): About 800. 23 MR. SILVESTRI: Right. So the question I have is, was 24 the run time based on a thousand gallons? 25 it based on 800 gallons?

1 THE WITNESS (Weinpahl): Oh, I'm sorry. It was based 2 on the -- the tank capacity, which is for the 3 thousand-gallon capacity. 4 We have 800 gallons of propane available. 5 MR. SILVESTRI: Just want to make sure that that's 6 clarified. Okay. Thank you. 7 Then if you can look at the photo logs that 8 we have, specifically photo number 17. And if you 9 could pull that up, I'll pose the question to you? 10 MR. BALDWIN: Mr. Silvestri, are we talking about the 11 photo log included in the attachment to the 12 interrogatories? Or the ones -- the photo log in 13 the application itself? 14 MR. SILVESTRI: I pulled out the sheet, Attorney 15 Baldwin -- so let me see where I pulled it out 16 from. Bear with me a second. 17 MR. BALDWIN: We have more photographs in this docket 18 than we know what to do with. 19 MR. SILVESTRI: Okay. 20 THE WITNESS (Weinpahl): If you're looking at the photo 21 with the -- of the bus yard, that would be from 22 the field review. 23 MR. SILVESTRI: Yeah, this -- this is the bus yard. 24 And thanks for the quick response, because my 25 computer is a dinosaur and it takes a long time to

load things. So if you do have photo 17 that has the bus yard, could you tell me what those yellow and red dots are on the pavement?

THE WITNESS (Gaudet): This is Brian Gaudet with

All-Points. I've been to this site numerous times. As far as I can tell there, they're not markouts for, you know, Call Before You Dig or anything like that. There's no labeling on them.

So it's a question that I don't have a full answer to, but they don't appear to be anything, anything sort of outright specific that would be impacting any facility design.

MR. SILVESTRI: All right. Let me pose the question another way. The yellow and red dots have nothing to do with this proposed project?

THE WITNESS (Gaudet): Correct.

MR. SILVESTRI: Okay. Thank you. All right. Now within Exhibit 3 to the interrogatory responses that are dated May 18, 2023, there is the resource protection measures section.

And if you pull that up there's section three, petroleum material storage and spill prevention. And the question I have, will that whole section be amended should the project be approved to include emergency response contact

1 information, agency contact, reporting templates, 2 et cetera? 3 THE WITNESS (Gustafson): Dean Gustafson, yes. Yeah, 4 we'll -- we'll amend that, those items, should the 5 Council approve this application during the D and 6 M plan. 7 MR. SILVESTRI: Very good. Thank you. 8 THE WITNESS (Gustafson): You're welcome. 9 MR. SILVESTRI: And my last question or questions deal 10 with the expected coverage. And again, we're 11 going to look at the coverage maps that are there. 12 And first off, if I heard correctly earlier, 13 that the 5G would be at 3700 megahertz. 14 Is that correct? 15 THE WITNESS (Godasu): This is Shiva Godasu. 16 That is correct. 17 MR. SILVESTRI: That is correct? Okay. So in my mind, 18 as you go higher in the megahertz designation, 19 there's less distance covered. 20 THE WITNESS (Godasu): That is true. 21 MR. SILVESTRI: Okay. So here's where I'm puzzled. Ιf 22 I look at the proposed coverage for the 3550 23 megahertz and the 5G, which is at 3700 megahertz, 24 I can understand the limited coverage for the 25 3550, but I'm actually surprised at the distance

1 that's shown for the 5G. And typically I've seen 2 smaller footprints. 3 So the question I have, is there any reason 4 why 5G appears so broad, at least in my opinion? 5 Or is there some type of interaction that might be 6 going on with other sources? 7 THE WITNESS (Godasu): Oh, that -- that is a very good 8 question. So the difference between, you know, 9 the 3550 megahertz and 3700 megahertz is, you 10 know, the antennas we are using. For 3700 11 megahertz -- have higher gain, so they can travel 12 further even at, you know, at higher frequencies. 13 MR. SILVESTRI: Oh, okay. I thank you very much for 14 that response. 15 Mr. Morissette, that's all the questions that 16 I have. And I thank the panel for their 17 responses. Thank you. 18 THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you, Mr. Silvestri. 19 now continue with cross-examination of the 20 Applicant by Mr. Nguyen, followed by 21 Mr. Golembiewski. Mr. Nguyen? 22 MR. NGUYEN: Thank you, Mr. Morissette. And good 23 afternoon, everyone. Let me just start with a few There was a discussion earlier 24 follow-ups. 25 regarding the communication with the Town.

the answer is, to date, the company has not received any communication.

So the question is, do you need the to

So the question is, do you need the town confirmation in order to reserve a space on the tower? Or is it already included in the design for future use?

THE WITNESS (Parks): Tim Parks from Verizon. When and if the Town reaches out to Verizon, to install any kind of equipment on our tower we would -- we would sign a lease, negotiate and sign a lease with them. And they would install whenever they're ready.

We're certainly not going to rush them to do that. They could do that whenever they'd like to do. They could even do it now if they had to.

- MR. NGUYEN: And has there been any requests from other carriers?
- THE WITNESS (Parks): Not to my knowledge. Tim Parks from Verizon. Not to my knowledge.
- MR. NGUYEN: Now regarding the decision to deploy a monopine in this docket, what dictates that proposal? And has that been in agreement with the Town?
- THE WITNESS (Gaudet): I missed the first part. If you could just repeat that first part of the question?

MR. NGUYEN: Yes, the company chose monopine for this particular project. And the question is, what dictates that proposal in the monopole, and whether or not the Town has provided any input?

THE WITNESS (Gaudet): Yeah, in this -- again, Brian Gaudet with All-Points. This case, the monopine was really dictated by the visibility. When we did our evaluation, we looked at two locations. We looked at an original location.

We had a crane up for four hours there. We then brought the crane down and moved it to what is now the proposed location and put it up for another four hours.

During that time, I -- I mentioned before, I walked numerous residential properties with the homeowners, you know, from front to back of parcels, looking to see what was visible, what wasn't. Where could you see it? Where couldn't you?

In this case, the tree coverage here that exists today is pretty thick. There's enough of intervening vegetation. And with the relatively low height of this tower design, a monopine would really blend in, really help to kind of soften those views for a lot of these residential

properties that would be impacted.

I took it a step further when I was on site with these, with these folks and asked directly, you know, should -- should a tower get approved at this location, what would be your preference as far as design? Would you want a monopole? Would you want a monopole, or something else?

And the consensus there was that the monopine would be more acceptable. So that, that really kind of drove the design option here to move towards a monopine -- a monopole.

MR. NGUYEN: And I'm just curious, how would the monopine blend in during the off-leaf condition?

THE WITNESS (Gaudet): It will -- it will blend pretty well. There are -- there's not a tremendous amount of conifers in that area, particularly to the north, again the neighborhood to the north, probably stretching back about nine properties from the -- the proposed location. There happen to be stands of conifers in between a number of these residential properties and in between their yards. So from there, it will really blend in well.

Again, the topography here, one, we've got a couple factors. The tree height in this area is

Again, the tower height is relatively low. The branching will extend 128 feet, but the angles that -- you'll be able to see this facility from streets, from properties. A lot of them are looking up towards the tower, which would make it -- the perspective essentially will make it blend in with those trees.

It won't appear to stick, you know, 40 feet above the treeline. If you were just to look at, you know, an 80-foot tree height versus 128-foot tower. So there's a benefit with -- with the slight topography in this area, again combined with the tree height that exists today, that it's going to blend in very well.

MR. NGUYEN: Switching gear to backup power. In case of a commercial power failure, what's the delay time before the backup generator is activated?

Does it automatically power itself?
THE WITNESS (Weinpahl): It's a setting in the control

panel, but it could be as little as two or three seconds to sense there's no utility power and confirming there's no utility power. And then the transfer switch will -- will kick into gear and transfer the load over.

1 MR. NGUYEN: Should that prevent a reboot condition 2 with the battery backup? 3 THE WITNESS (Weinpahl): Nothing would need -- need to 4 be rebooted -- rebooted. 5 MR. NGUYEN: And then for the record, could you explain 6 what the route condition is that was explained in 7 question number 24? 8 Or answer to question number 24? 9 MR. BALDWIN: Mr. Nguyen, did you say interrogatory 24? 10 MR. NGUYEN: I'm sorry. Question number 24? 11 THE WITNESS (Weinpahl): Question number 24. 12 MR. BALDWIN: I'm just now looking and not finding that 13 language in 24. So you're asking -- again, you're 14 asking about the equipment's need to reboot if 15 commercial power is interrupted to the facility? 16 MR. NGUYEN: Yes, I am going to 24 -- oh, my apology. 17 It is not 24. There was an answer to the 18 interrogatory regarding the backup, the battery 19 backup. And it mentioned that the purpose of the 20 battery backup, to prevent the reboot condition. 21 My apology. I am guessing number 24 was 22 wrong -- but did you recall if there's an answer 23 regarding the battery backup? 24 THE WITNESS (Weinpahl): Maybe 27. 25 THE WITNESS (Parks): Tim Parks with Verizon. Should

1 we lose power to the site, the battery would 2 immediately kick in while the backup generator 3 took about 15 minutes to power up. 4 At which point, once the generator was at 5 full power it would take over from the -- for the 6 battery. 7 MR. NGUYEN: So is it fair to say that reboot --8 preventing reboot condition means that they're 9 preventing the reset of the entire system? 10 THE WITNESS (Parks): That is correct, yes. 11 MR. NGUYEN: Okay. My apologies for not referencing 12 that number correctly. Is there natural gas 13 available in the area, for the record? 14 THE WITNESS (Weinpahl): We did not see any at site 15 close by. 16 MR. NGUYEN: And you mentioned that the company would 17 remotely monitor the site. Is it located -- is 18 the remote center located in Connecticut? Or is 19 it out of state? 20 THE WITNESS (Weinpahl): These are remotely monitored 21 from Verizon's, one of their switch facilities. 22 And --23 THE WITNESS (Parks): I believe -- Tim Parks from 24 Verizon. I believe the switch that monitors the 25 site would be in Wallingford, Connecticut.

1 MR. NGUYEN: Okay. Thank you. Now regarding the 2 technologies, and I know there was some discussion 3 regarding the 5G, and I just want to clarify that 4 Verizon provides 5G and 5G ultra wideband. 5 Is that correct? 6 THE WITNESS (Godasu): This is Shiva Godasu. 7 That is correct. 8 MR. NGUYEN: And the 5G that we are talking about, 9 that's what the company is proposing? Is the 10 company proposing to deploy 5G ultra wideband at 11 this time? 12 THE WITNESS (Godasu): So -- so we are not proposing 5G 13 ultra wideband at this location. 14 MR. NGUYEN: Okay. And should the company deploy it in 15 the future, can this tower accommodate that? 16 THE WITNESS (Godasu): Yes, it -- it will. 17 MR. NGUYEN: How so? Is it simply changing out equipment? Or do you --18 19 THE WITNESS (Godasu): Yes, just simply -- simply adding, you know, an extra set of antennas on 20 21 each, each face. MR. NGUYEN: And what will be, you know, regarding the 22 23 future, what would drive that decision to deploy 24 5G ultra wideband? 25 THE WITNESS (Godasu): So -- so the current, you know,

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set of antennas we use for, you know, the 5G ultra wideband, you know, they are -- they are not used for, you know, high -- high tower locations. are only using those currently, you know, on, you know like, small-scale facilities in dense urban areas.

I -- we have some in Hartford, some in Rhode Island, but they are -- there they are just on utility poles and some on, you know, low rooftops. We are not anticipating any on, you know, high -high tower structures, because the coverage from those antennas, you know, is -- is fairly small. You know, in comparison, there they are more like small cells, but not -- they're not, you know, coming up for macros at any -- any foreseeable future.

MR. NGUYEN: Okay. Well, thank you, gentlemen. that's all I have, Mr. Morissette. We'll now continue with cross-examination of the Applicant by Mr. Golembiewski, followed by Mr. Hannon.

Mr. Golembiewski?

MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: Thank you, Mr. Morissette. have a few questions.

I guess I'll start with Mr. Gustafson. МУ question to you is, as I look at the vernal pool one, the migration to the pool, it looks like it would be from, I guess, east of the parking area coming down from the south.

And then, it looks like there's a large area of forested -- uninterrupted forest to the south and southeast. So would those be the main migration areas to the vernal pool?

THE WITNESS (Gustafson): Dean Gustafson. Yes, I agree that the primary vectors of -- of migration from, you know, all -- all we found in this pool are wood frogs. So it would be wood frogs migrating in and out of this pool; would be from the adjacent mature forested habitat.

Primarily, you know, there's also forested wetland habitat that extends to the east, kind of northeast, from the delineated portion of wetland two. And then beyond that is the fairly large uninterrupted upland forested habitat. So those are -- provide optimal habitat for wood frog for usage outside of the breeding season. So those would be the principal migratory vectors.

Now in our -- in our wetland and vernal pool protection plan where -- we do anticipate potential migration intercepting the proposed construction area. So we've included a protection

plan for vernal pool species to isolate out the limited disturbance from the construction site to avoid any incidental effects for possible migrating -- migratory species from the vernal pools.

But you know, the habitat surrounding the existing bus storage facility, and particularly a narrow forested band that exists between that and the adjacent residential commercial developments to the north, you know, could potentially provide some suboptimal habitat, but we don't expect that to be a principal migratory vector.

But we are -- we are providing protection measures just in case.

MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: Okay. What about permanently? So if the new compound is, sort of, in a narrow -- it's sort of a narrow area between this Knapp Tree -- I'm looking at Google Earth. There's like Knapp Tree Service or Knapp Tree property, and then you have the entirety of the -- the bus parking area.

If a wood frog was migrating through, would they avoid the compound naturally? Or if they went across it, would there be any harm to them for crossing it, to them crossing it? I mean, I

know there's no vehicles in and out generally.

THE WITNESS (Gustafson): Right. Yeah, Dean Gustafson.

Yeah, I mean, you're alluding to a potential

effect that, you know, we would assess for a

project where there's, you know, an inhabitation

where there would be vehicle traffic associated

with it.

Obviously, these type of facilities are not inhabited. They're only maintained approximately, you know, once a month by a service technician. That would occur within an existing parking lot, that it sees regular traffic. So from that perspective, the facility would have no effect on those, on wood frogs population.

With respect to the actual compound itself, you know, a wood frog would -- would naturally have some aversion to getting into the compound because there isn't a lot of cover for them. So I think you wouldn't necessarily not -- never see any wood frog in there, but there their natural instincts would kind of drive them around that compound.

Certainly, the fencing and the facilities within the compound wouldn't prevent them from migrating through the compound, or injure them if

they did perhaps go through the compound.

It's a relatively small area, so as far as concerns like desiccation, you know, if they had to travel through hundreds and hundreds of feet of impervious surface, you know, that may be something else to consider, but there wouldn't be any adverse effect for a migratory vernal pool species with a compound position.

- MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: Okay. So no permanent barriers like around a storm basin, you know, detention basin are necessary here?
- THE WITNESS (Gustafson): That's right. Yeah, we -- we don't have any stormwater features that could act as a decoy pool. So there, there are no concerns in that respect.
- MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: Okay. Do you know if the southeast corner of the parking area, does that drain towards the pool? Or does the parking area drain towards School Road?
- THE WITNESS (Gustafson): So the southeast corner of
 the parking lot, it's -- there's no hard drainage
 structures. It's all soft drainage sheet flow off
 of it. So there is a little bit of concentration
 and discharge off that corner of the existing bus
 parking area, and there's a little bit of an

eroded swale that drains into wetland two and, you know, and actually feeds some hydrology to the interior of the vernal pool.

MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: Okay. But it's not a water quality issue at this point?

THE WITNESS (Gustafson): Well, it's certainly off of that, you know, that paved surface. You know, there there is some water quality -- at least potential for water quality impact to that wetland and that vernal Pool.

I don't think it's significant.

I mean, we didn't find it was a terribly productive vernal pool. We only found, you know, a relatively small amount of wood frogs in there. Now that may be a result of the development of that bus parking lot, taking up some forested habitat and creating potentially some water quality issues. There could be some association with that, but the -- the proposed facility is going to be gravel based.

It will infiltrate quite a bit of any precipitation, and there isn't a lot of impervious surface associated with the proposed compound, fenced compound. So with respect to Verizon's proposal, we don't see it contributing

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significantly to any water quality issues.

MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: Okay. So if I had to make a recommendation, it would be to the Town, not you? THE WITNESS (Gustafson): Yes, yeah. I mean, there's certainly potential for improving some of the runoff, stormwater runoff and some, you know, some treatment. You know -- but yeah, that would be up to the Town to take up, yeah.

MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: You're not making it any worse, essentially?

THE WITNESS (Gustafson): That's correct.

MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: Thanks. My next question, I'm not sure who to pose it to, but I had a question on the design of the monopine.

To me, esthetically, it has a bottle-brush look to it. And I was wondering if whoever would respond to this, if you could go to photo 34 in the visibility study. I was trying to find -- I guess, I want to ask questions as to, are there options when you order one of these to make it look more natural?

Because in photo 34, you have the simulated monopine, and then right next to it, to the right of it are some taller pine trees -- and I don't know. Maybe it's just me, but the difference

between the natural and the proposed monopine seems very stark to me.

And I don't know if there was a way to make the branches as you go up and down a little more irregular or difference in length. I'm not sure if that has a problem, you know, if that causes problems with, sort of, the stability of it against the wind, but I don't know.

To me, it just seems very artificial.

THE WITNESS (Gaudet): This is Brian Gaudet,

All-Points. I'll speak to it from a visibility

standpoint, and then perhaps Mr. Weinpahl can

speak to it from a structural standpoint.

Yeah, looking at photo 34, I see those two -two pines that are in the foreground of the tower.
You know, one of -- one of the considerations in a
monopine design is obviously trying to mask the
appurtenances on the tower as best as possible.
So you do -- you do tend to need a thicker
branching style in order to provide that cover,
but they -- they can be designed, I mean, pretty
custom-made.

You can have alternating lengths in branches.

You can make it look a little bit less -- less

"formed," is the word I'll use.

In the interrogatory responses, I want to say it was exhibit -- what exhibit was this again? Exhibit 4. We actually provided two photos of towers that were recently built; one approved under Docket 498 that's in Cheshire, and one under 487 in New Canaan.

Both of these designs were pretty intricate, pretty custom, especially in Docket 487. I have -- I have driven by that New Canaan structure a number of times, and you can't really see it.

MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: Yeah, they seem to have a little more taper to them.

THE WITNESS (Gaudet): Yes, yeah. Yeah, it's, you know, when we're -- when we're doing photo simulations at the, you know, a very preliminary stage before design is truly accepted or approved, we tend to lean a little bit more generic on the design.

But again, you know, in Docket 487, I think it was, you know, three branches per foot. It's a very thick, very full, you know, conical-looking pine tree.

I think what's difficult in the photo simulations, again, with that tree coverage we don't get to see the full, full extent of the

tower down through the photos. It does -- it does extend. It does, you know, kind of fan out at the bottom a little bit -- but yes, I mean, these can be designed pretty much however we want them to be.

MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: Okay. Well, I appreciate that.

Thank you. And that's all I have, Mr. Morissette.

THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you, Mr. Golembiewski.

We'll now continue with cross-examination by Mr. Hannon, followed by myself. Mr. Hannon?

MR. HANNON: Thank you, Mr. Morissette. I do have a few questions. A couple of them are just sort of clarification to get something on the record.

In the application, on page 15 and 16, it talks about preparing a vernal pool survey and submitting under separate cover. I just want to confirm for the record that this was Exhibit 3 in the May 18, 2023, filing?

THE WITNESS (Gustafson): Dean Gustafson.

Yes, that's correct.

MR. HANNON: Okay. And then on page 20, the first full paragraph at the end it talks about following an analysis and a consultation with neighbors and the Town, Cellco determined that it would be willing to relocate the tower site to the proposed

location and the proposed development of a monopine tree.

So the location of this particular application right now is consistent with what the Town and the neighbors had requested?

THE WITNESS (Parks): Tim Parks from Verizon.

That is correct.

MR. HANNON: Thank you. Moving onto in section one,
map C3 shows a profile for a buried cable trench.

Map C6 deals with the typical electrical trench
detail.

The Cellco trench that's being discussed right now, I guess it hasn't been finalized -- but running to the north and the west towards School Road around the bus parking lot. Can you tell me which one of those trenches would most likely be applicable?

And the reason I'm asking is just because of, sort of, the width to get a better understanding of what is going to be constructed in that area for the trenching?

THE WITNESS (Weinpahl): Yes, Dave Weinpahl. One trench detail is for -- it's for grounding around the tower and the compound. That would be detail three, C6. Detail four is your combined electric

telephone trench. That would be more applicable to what would be installed and proposed here.

MR. HANNON: Okay. Thank you. But sort of staying in that general area, in looking at the May 18, 2023, submission -- I think it might have been back in the application itself. Bear with me for a second.

No, I take it back. My apologies.

In section ten of the application, under the wetlands delineation field form, we're dealing with wetland number one. It talks about under the class section, primarily located in a forested setting with areas of historic alteration as evident by the dominance of invasive species present and cleared scrub-shrub habitat.

So the area that is being proposed for the telco line, can you please give me a little better understanding of what that territory is currently like? I mean, is it mostly forested?

Are there invasive species in that area?

THE WITNESS (Gustafson): Dean Gustafson. That that area is -- there are some younger trees or saplings in that area, but it's mainly shrub growth. And there is a dominance of invasive shrubs within that area, predominantly along that

proposed underground utility.

MR. HANNON: Okay. And the reason I want to sort of bring that up is because of how the trench would be constructed. I'm assuming there would be some type of backhoe in there, or something along those lines.

So would you need to be taking down some of the existing tree coverage and thereby opening up a wider area that may be more subjective to invasive species moving in once that's covered back up?

THE WITNESS (Weinpahl): I'm going to jump in here too,

Dean, for a second, though.

Because I recall this area being a little bit of a lawn area that actually abuts up to the wooded area. So the trenching isn't going directly through the wooded portion as shown in the map. It -- it opens up a little bit and there's a lawn area that we were following towards the back end of the maintenance shed. That would be the location for the conduits, not -- not a trench through the -- thorough the wooded area.

MR. HANNON: Okay. So then you're saying that the trench is mostly through a grassed area?

THE WITNESS (Weinpahl): Yes, it is. I recall it being

that way. I would have designed it that way as well, or if not had stated otherwise.

Apologize for that, Mr. Hannon.

MR. HANNON: I'm just trying to get it clear in my head --

THE WITNESS (Weinpahl): Oh, yeah. Sure.

MR. HANNON: -- exactly what we're working with,

because what I was concerned about is anytime you

go into a forested area, you start taking out

trees and things of that nature, you open up the

possibilities of invasive species moving in.

And being that close to a wetland area and a vernal pool, you just want to make sure that you're not creating some problems there. So that's why I'm asking, but thank you. That helps. THE WITNESS (Gustafson): Yeah, I'll just add in. Dean Gustafson. So within -- certainly within the

upland areas buffering all, really all the wetlands on this property, the understory is dominated by invasives already.

So while I agree that's -- that is a concern anytime you're creating soil disturbance, particularly either within or adjacent to a forested edge, it does provide a vector for invasives to -- to get into those unaltered

habitats.

But I think for this particular site, because of the existing development, the existing invasives, particularly in the woody understory, the shrub layer, that isn't a particular concern with this property.

MR. HANNON: Okay. Thanks. I'm just trying to, you know, get a better feel for the lay of the land.

So I appreciate the answer.

THE WITNESS (Gaudet): Yeah. Mr. Hannon, if I may?

It's Brian Gaudet with All-Points. I don't know if you have the -- the remote field review, which was the final exhibit in the response to interrogatories, but I can point you to a couple of photos that show you what that edge habitat looks like, along where the -- the proposed trenching would be.

There's photos 4B, which is kind of a shot down close towards the School Road entrance, the access drive.

MR. HANNON: I think we have that.

THE WITNESS (Gaudet): Photo twelve is pretty

indicative of what the -- what the area looks like

running along the curve from the parking lot to

the northwest there. There is -- the shrubs start

probably a few feet off of that curve area. So there's, you know, kind of mixed gravelly, rocky, semi-grassed with running that whole length of that curve up towards the school bus building.

And then the last one I'll point you to is photo 21, which gives you a little bit more where you can see that there is -- there's a little bit more width of grassed area in and around the school bus building there on the northern part of the property.

MR. HANNON: No, I thank you for that. I do have the photo, so I do have a better understanding.

So thank you.

THE WITNESS (Gaudet): You're welcome.

MR. HANNON: My next question, this is related to question number twelve in the interrogatories.

The question being that it's unclear at this point in time, if there would be any blasting associated with any of the work on the site.

Is that correct?

THE WITNESS (Weinpahl): Yes, David Weinpahl. That that's correct. I've -- I've walked the area several times. There's not large boulders that are visible, or ledge outcroppings that would indicate that we would be hitting significant

ledge at a shallow depth.

Again, that would be determined in the geotechnical engineering at a later stage, but at this point based on what we've seen in that wooded area, we're not anticipating blasting.

- MR. HANNON: I mean, and the reason I'm asking is having dealt with blasting in projects in the past. Do you know if any housing or even the schools in this area are based on well and septic?

 THE WITNESS (Gaudet): I believe they're well, they're all well and septic -- I believe.
- MR. HANNON: I mean, that's how I would probably understand this area to be. So again, the only reason I'm asking is because one of the things I've seen is if blasting did have to be done, I'm just wondering if you would be planning on doing any sort of neighborhood outreach to protect both them and the company in any blasting.

So that there are pre-inspections on basements, walls, things of that nature so that everybody is on the same page and knows that there is or is no damage associated with the blasting. So it's not something I need an answer on now, but it's something you may want to take into consideration should blasting be required.

THE WITNESS (Gaudet): I was involved in a similar docket recently where the -- the blasting was suggested by the contractor and it was really for his ease and to speed up the construction timeline, which is understandable.

We ended up hammering out the rock, which was in his original plan anyway, and we proceeded in that matter with -- with hammering on -- on his backhoe to remove the rock that was apparently on that other project. That that was something to be deployed here if -- if necessary.

We also have other options to actually install different foundations should we hit shallow rock. And that, that's something that could be looked at further on when the -- when the investigation work is done, but I just don't foresee a blasting requirement here.

MR. HANNON: Okay. I mean, and that's fine. And I'm just trying to provide some hopefully useful guidance in terms of if there is, there are measures taken to protect everybody including the developer.

In Exhibit 3, under the environmental notes -- I think that's where I'm at. In Section 2G, it looks as though most of the work that's

being proposed on site would incorporate the use of silt fencing. This is just sort of a personal observation I've seen over the years, is that going towards wetland areas silt fencing in and of itself is not really the best type of mechanism to use for trying to control erosion issues.

So looking at silt fencing and either adding the straw bales or the fiber rolls or waddles, that would be highly appreciated from my side of things just based on what I've seen over the years.

THE WITNESS (Gustafson): Dean Gustafson. I -- I
agree, Mr. Hannon, with your assessment. With
respect to that particular note, we include that
in there for -- to include silt fence because we
need a physical isolation barrier for possible
migratory vernal pool species.

But the intent -- and I think it's reflected in the site plans, is the intent is to use both silt fence and compost filter sock. So using/relying more on the compost filter sock for erosion control and filtering of any stormwater, and the silt fence as an isolation barrier for wildlife migration.

MR. HANNON: Okay. Thank you. Much appreciated.

Then on section three, dealing with petroleum
material storage and spill prevention. Has
anything been decided as to whether or not there
will be any petroleum or hazardous materials
storage and refueling on the site?

And if so, has there been an area designated on the site where that would occur?

THE WITNESS (Gustafson): So I don't think the details have been worked out. I -- I don't believe that there's any intent for fuel storage on site. It would just be within the actual equipment that's being used.

And I would anticipate that refueling, we would designate the two dedicated parking spots that we're using for access and then have secondary containment within that area for any -- any refueling operations as part of construction of the facility.

MR. HANNON: Okay. Thank you. And my final question deals with section five. I'd just like to get sort of a clarification on the language associated with herbicides, pesticides.

It talks about utilizing them in accordance with current and integrated pest management principles with particular attention to avoid or

minimize applications within 100 feet of the wetlands.

So I'm just trying to figure out if the plan is to avoid them completely within the hundred feet of the wetlands, or if it would be used maybe on a very restricted and controlled basis.

THE WITNESS (Gustafson): Dean Gustafson. So in my
25-year experience working with Verizon on
their -- their development program and also
maintenance of their facilities, I don't believe
that as far as vegetation maintenance that they
really rely on herbicides or pesticides usage.

Any things that I've seen for vegetation maintenance, you know, as far as the fence compounds, stuff climbing on it is just mechanical means they just hand cut. We provide that notation in there for -- to provide for some flexibility in case there is a particularly aggressive invasive species that's affecting the compound.

So that they could use a pest -- an appropriate pesticide if needed, but I would anticipate that minimal if to no herbicide or pesticide usage would be associated with these facilities.

1	MR. HANNON: Okay. Thank you. I appreciate			
2	everybody's responses. And Mr. Morissette, that			
3	completes my questions.			
4	THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you Mr. Hannon. At this			
5	point we will now take a break. If everyone could			
6	be back by 3:35?			
7	And we have one open assignment, I believe,			
8	relating to the emergency generator and when			
9	maintenance is to be performed. I don't believe			
10	that was an affirmative response, but I'll leave			
11	that to the break to reconcile what the answer to			
12	that is.			
13	So we'll see everybody at 3:35. Thank you.			
14				
15	(Pause: 3:21 p.m. to 3:35 p.m.)			
16				
17	THE HEARING OFFICER: Okay. Thank you everyone.			
18	Is the Court Reporter back?			
19	THE REPORTER: I am back, and on the record.			
20	THE HEARING OFFICER: Very good. Thank you.			
21	Okay. Attorney Baldwin, we have one open			
22	item to address?			
23	MR. BALDWIN: We do, Mr. Morissette. We have an			
24	outstanding question regarding maintenance of the			
25	generator, and Mr. Parks has the floor.			

THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you.

THE WITNESS (Parks): Tim Parks for Verizon. The answer is that we have a professional vendor who visits every generator every 18 months to make an inspection, verify that it's running properly, change and check fluids, et cetera.

As well as every twelve months, or even less, our field techs will do a visual inspection of the generator if there's any kind of breakdown, rusting, whatever it may be -- even, say, a limb or a tree laying on it that has fallen into the compound. That's basically it.

THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you, Mr. Parks.

Mr. Nwankwo, does that answer your question?
MR. NWANKWO: Yes, thank you.

THE HEARING OFFICER: Very good, thank you.

Okay. With that, I will ask some questions that I have. I'm going to follow up on Mr. Hannon's questions relating to the Town and the neighbors.

Now my understanding is that this is a result of an RFP issued by the Town. As part of that RFP, the site was selected and the Town for some reason chose this site.

What I don't know is, did the RFP indicate a

monopine? Or did it not specify?

THE WITNESS (Parks): Tim Parks from Verizon. I

believe this was originally released as a

monopole, so I don't believe the RFP specified a

monopine.

THE HEARING OFFICER: Okay. So the monopine is

really -- based on what I've heard this afternoon,

is a result of engaging the neighbors and to

address their concerns about views.

Is that correct?

THE WITNESS (Gaudet): This is Brian Gaudet with
All-Points. Yes, it mostly stemmed from the
public information meeting we had in town. A
number of neighbors came out, a number of
residents, and some that I don't believe were, you
know, immediate neighbors to the north there, or
south.

And the -- the main concerns were visibility. How is this going to impact our -- our views when we're sitting out in our back yard on our deck. When my kids are swimming in the pool, are they going to be able to see it?

Will I see it from my window?

So that prompted at that point -- we had -- we had already completed a visibility review of

the area, and what we decided to do to -- to get additional feedback and extend the conversation with these neighbors was to perform this, you know, publicly noticed screen test where we looked at two alternatives.

One of, you know -- the second alternative, which is what we're looking at today, which is what is in front of you, also came out of that discussion looking to shift that, that tower from -- from the residences which were nearest to the tower to the north, pushing it down a little bit further away from them, from their back yards.

So when we did that field work, as I mentioned before, I think we visited probably nine or ten residents; evaluated, like I said, basically every aspect of their -- their property, aside from going inside the residences, sought their feedback and input as to what, you know, what would -- if there was a tower that was going to be put here, what location now that you've seen both -- what would you prefer?

And what type of tower design would be your -- I won't say acceptable, but which would be more acceptable to you if you had the choice? If you knew there was something going in, what would

you want?

And so that's where we came to, just from the majority of them, agreeing that alternate two, which is now what is currently proposed in front of you, designed as a monopole -- as a monopine, sorry, would be the -- the best option.

THE HEARING OFFICER: Very good. Thank you.

Now has the Town provided any feedback on the monopine? Or is that acceptable to them? I would imagine it wouldn't be, but have they opined on it?

THE WITNESS (Parks): Tim Parks from Verizon. Yes, they are acceptable to them.

THE HEARING OFFICER: Great. Good

All right. And that's good news. I'm glad.

Your outreach efforts with the Town and the

neighborhood should be commended to come up with a

solution that meets everybody's needs.

I'd like to go to the coverage maps in section six, starting with the existing Verizon wireless 700 megahertz. Now the main objective of this project was to cover Route 33, Route 106, and Route 7. So based on this coverage map of the 700 existing megahertz, you have a gap on 106 that's clear, and you have a gap going north on 33.

Route 7 seems pretty well covered by the existing facilities.

Now there's a large coverage gap to the southwest. Now if I turn to the existing and proposed, the coverage gaps on 33 have been met, the coverage gaps on 106 have been met, and you have a stronger coverage on Route 7. So the objectives of the site have been met, but you still have a large gap to the southwest.

And I'm curious why that gap is there, and what's going to be done about that gap? Or if anything, does anything need to be done with that gap?

THE WITNESS (Godasu): This is Shiva Godasu. So yeah, that is true. The gap you see in the proposed -to the southwest of the site is not there anymore because we just had a new -- new site come on here. It's called New Canaan Northeast 2 -- I'm looking up the docket.

It just went on there a few weeks ago, and it does cover that part of the, you know, town.

- MR. BALDWIN: Mr. Morissette, that's the same school tower site that Verizon just --
- THE HEARING OFFICER: Okay. Yeah, that makes sense.

 So there's seven existing sites that are covering

the town, four of which are in the town. And then we've got the New Canaan site, the St. Luke's site -- that would be eight, and four still in the town. Okay. Well, that addresses that concern very nicely.

I'm wondering whether we should have that filed as part of the testimony so that that coverage gap is covered -- but I'm going to take your word for it. I don't want to keep the docket open to address that situation. So very good.

Okay. So when the Town chose the site, did

Verizon agree with the site? Or was there any

discussion about possibly other sites? Or is this

pretty much a done deal because it's a pretty good

site for a cell tower being where it is?

THE WITNESS (Parks): Tim Parks from Verizon. We did consider the -- the wood pole that was owned by Sprint in Ridgefield drive.

Unfortunately, it was not tall enough or structurally feasible to install an existing tower. When we inquired with Sprint about extending that and possibly, you know, beefing it up or replacing, they were not willing to do it, so.

THE REPORTER: This is the Reporter. I'm getting a lot

of background noise. Sorry for the interruption.

THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you. Thank you for that

clarification. Could you repeat yourself please,

the witness panel.

THE WITNESS (Parks): Okay. Tim Parks from Verizon.

When the project was open, we -- we had

investigated the existing 70 foot wood pole owned

by Sprint at -- is it 24 and a half Ridgefield

Drive?

We inquired with Sprint -- because the tower was only 70 feet tall it was not going to work for our RF team. The tower was also not structurally feasible to add our equipment to it.

When we inquired with Sprint about beefing the tower up or completely doing a drop-and-swap so that it would be structurally feasible, they were not interested in allowing Verizon to do that. So we walked away from that candidate.

That was when we contacted the Town, and they had offered up the parcel that -- the School Street parcel that we had been in lease -- we had leased from them.

THE HEARING OFFICER: Okay. Very good.

Thank you for that response.

Well, I'd like to thank Mr. Nwankwo and the

1	other Councilmembers for asking detailed questions		
2	here this afternoon. I think we've covered quite		
3	a bit of ground. I'm going to go back and see if		
4	anybody has any follow-up questions before we		
5	close this afternoon.		
6	Mr. Nwankwo, any follow-up questions?		
7	MR. NWANKWO: No, thank you, Mr. Morissette.		
8	THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you.		
9	Mr. Silvestri, any follow-up questions?		
10	MR. SILVESTRI: No follow-up questions.		
11	Thank you, Mr. Morissette.		
12	THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you.		
13	Mr. Nguyen, any follow-up questions?		
14	MR. NGUYEN: No follow-up. Thank you.		
15	THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you.		
16	Mr. Golembiewski, any followup?		
17	MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: No. No, follow-up questions.		
18	Thank you, Mr. Morissette.		
19	THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you.		
20	Mr. Hannon, any followup?		
21	MR. HANNON: I have no follow-up questions. Thank you.		
22	THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you. And I have no		
23	followup.		
24	So that concludes our session for this		
25	afternoon. So the Council will recess until 6:30		

p.m., at which time we will continue the public comment session of this remote public hearing. So thank you, everyone, and we will see you Thank you. at 6:30. (End: 3:47 p.m.)

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CERTIFICATE

I hereby certify that the foregoing 72 pages are a complete and accurate computer-aided transcription of my original verbatim notes taken of the remote teleconference meeting of THE CONNECTICUT SITING COUNCIL in Re: DOCKET NO. 515, CELLCO PARTNERSHIP D/B/A VERIZON WIRELESS APPLICATION FOR A CERTIFICATE OF ENVIRONMENTAL COMPATIBILITY AND PUBLIC NEED FOR THE CONSTRUCTION, MAINTENANCE, AND OPERATION OF A TELECOMMUNICATIONS FACILITY LOCATED EAST OF THE STUDENT TRANSPORTATION PARKING LOT AT 180 SCHOOL ROAD, WILTON, CONNECTICUT, which was held before JOHN MORISSETTE, Member and Presiding Officer, on June 29, 2023.

Robert G. Dixon, CVR-M 857

Notary Public

My Commission Expires: 6/30/2025

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