	CERTIFIED COPY
STATE OF CONNECTICUT	
CONNECTICUT SITING COUNCIL	
Docket No. 514	
Application from Glenvale LLC, d/b/a	Glenvale
Solar, for a Certificate of Environ	mental
Compatibility and Public Need for the Co	onstruction,
Maintenance and Operation of a 4-Megawa	tt AC Solar
Photovoltaic Electric Generating Facilit	y Located at
56 River Road in Putnam, Connect	icut
Zoom Remote Council Meeting (Tele	conference),
on Thursday, June 15, 2023, beginning at 2	p.m.
Held Before:	
JOHN MORISSETTE, Member and Presidi	ng Officer

1	Appearances:
2	Council Members:
3	JOHN MORISSETTE, (Hearing Officer)
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5	BRIAN GOLEMBIEWSKI,
6	DEEP Designee
7	
8	QUAT NGUYEN,
9	PURA Designee
10	
11	DANIEL P. LYNCH, JR.
12	ROBERT SILVESTRI
13	
14	Council Staff:
15	MELANIE BACHMAN, ESQ.,
16	Executive Director and Staff Attorney
17	
18	ROBERT MERCIER
19	Siting Analyst
20	
21	LISA FONTAINE,
22	Fiscal Administrative Officer
23	
24	
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1	Appearances:(cont'd)
2	For GLENVALE LLC, d/b/a GLENVALE SOLAR:
3	PULLMAN & COMLEY
4	90 State House Square
5	Hartford, Connecticut 06103
6	By: LEE D. HOFFMAN, ESQ.
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1 (Begin: 2 p.m.) 2 3 THE HEARING OFFICER: Good afternoon ladies and 4 gentlemen. Can everyone hear me okay? 5 Very good, thank you. I'd like to call this remote public hearing 6 7 to order this Thursday, June 15th, 2023 at 2 p.m. 8 My name is John Morissette, member and presiding 9 officer of the Connecticut Siting Council. Other members of the Council are Brian Golembiewski, 10 11 designee for Commissioner Katie Dykes of the 12 Department of Energy and Environmental Protection; 13 Quat Nguyen, designee for Chairman Marissa Paslick 14 Gillett of the Public Utilities Regulatory 15 Authority; and we have Robert Silvestri; and 16 Daniel P. Lynch, Jr. 17 We also have Melanie Bachman, Executive 18 Director and staff attorney; Robert Mercier, 19 siting analyst; and Lisa Fontaine, fiscal 20 administrative officer. 21 If you haven't done so already, I ask that 22 everyone please mute their computer audio and 23 their telephones now. 24

This hearing is held pursuant to the provisions of Title 16 of the Connecticut General Statutes and of the Uniform Administrative Procedure Act upon an application from Glenvale LLC, d/b/a Glenvale Solar, for a certificate of environmental compatibility and public need for the construction and maintenance and operation of a four-megawatt AC solar photovoltaic electric generating facility located at 56 River Road in Putnam, Connecticut.

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This application was received by the Council on March 8, 2023. The Council's legal notice of the date and time of this remote public hearing was published in the Norwich Bulletin on April 5, 2023.

Upon the Council's request, the Applicant erected a sign in the vicinity of the proposed site so as to inform the public of the name of the Applicant, the type of facility, the remote public hearing date, and contact information for the Council, including the website and phone number.

As a reminder to all, off-the-record communication with a member of the Council or a member of the Council's staff upon the merits of this application is prohibited by law.

The parties and intervenors of the proceeding are as follows. The Applicant, Glenvale LLC,

d/b/a Glenvale Solar; its representative, Lee D. Hoffman, Esquire, of Pullman and Comley, LLC.

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We will proceed in accordance with the prepared agenda, a copy of which is available on the Council's Docket 514 webpage, along with a record of this matter, the public hearing notice, instructions for public access to this remote public hearing, and the Council's citizen's guide to siting council's procedures.

Interested persons may join any session of this public hearing to listen, but no public comments will be received during the 2 p.m. Evidentiary session. At the end of the evidentiary session, we will recess until 6:30 p.m. for the public comment session. Please be advised that any person may be removed from the remote evidentiary session or the public comment session at the discretion of the Council.

The 6:30 p.m. public comment session is reserved for members of the public who sign up in advance to make brief statements into the record. I wish to note that the Applicant, parties, and intervenors, including their representatives, witnesses, and members are not allowed to participate in the public comment session.

I also wish to note to those who are listening and for the benefit of your friends and neighbors who are unable to join us for the remote public comment session, that you or they may send written statements to the Council within 30 days of the date hereof, either by mail or by e-mail, and such written statements will be given the same weight as if spoken during the remote public comment session.

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A verbatim transcript of this remote public hearing will be posted on the Council's Docket Number 514 webpage and deposited in the town clerk's office in Putnam for the convenience of the public.

Please be advised that the Council does not issue permits for stormwater management. If the proposed project is approved by the Council, the Department of Energy and Environmental Protection stormwater permit is independently required. DEEP could hold a public hearing on any stormwater permit application.

Please be advised that the Council's project evaluation criteria under the statute does not include consideration of property value.

We will take a 10 to 15-minute break at a

1 convenient juncture around 3:30 p.m. 2 We will now move on to administrative notices 3 taken by the Council. I wish to call your 4 attention to those items --5 MR. LYNCH: Excuse me, Mr. Morissette? 6 THE HEARING OFFICER: Yes, Mr. Lynch? 7 MR. LYNCH: If I may have a point of personal 8 privilege? 9 THE HEARING OFFICER: Yes, Mr. Lynch. Go right ahead. MR. LYNCH: I'd like to address Attorney Hoffman. 10 11 I'm going to have to refresh your memory a 12 little bit, Mr. Hoffman. Going back, I think, two 13 summers ago there was an article in the Hartford 14 Business Journal on fuel cells. And you had some 15 comments and they were very supportive of the fuel 16 cell industry here in Connecticut. 17 And I read it, and I showed it to the 18 Congressman who's a very big proponent of fuel 19 cells. And he wanted me to thank you for your 20 support. 21 Thank you, Mr. Morissette. 22 THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you, Mr. Lynch. 23 We will now continue with the administrative 24 notices. I wish to call your attention to those 25 items shown in the hearing program marked as Roman

1 numeral 1B, items 1 through 99. Does the 2 Applicant have an objection to the items that the 3 Council has administratively noticed? 4 Good afternoon, Attorney Hoffman. 5 MR. HOFFMAN: Good afternoon, sir. 6 No, there are no objections. 7 THE HEARING OFFICER: Very good. Thank you. 8 Accordingly, the Council hereby 9 administratively notices these existing documents. 10 We'll now move on to the appearance by the 11 Applicant. 12 Will the Applicant present its witness panel 13 for the purposes of taking the oath? And we'll 14 have Attorney Bachman administer the oath. 15 Attorney Hoffman? 16 MR. HOFFMAN: Thank you, Mr. Morissette. So I'm not exactly sure what the Council 17 might ask today. So we brought a full panoply of 18 19 witnesses for the Council. With us today are Lisa 20 Raffin, who's the project executive for Glenvale. 21 And with her is Joseph Pereira and Ajay Aravindan, 22 also of Glenvale Solar. Joseph is the project 23 manager, and Ajay is the development manager for 24 Glenvale. 25 In addition, we're joined by our engineering

1 and consulting team at All-Points Technology. 2 They are Jennifer Young-Gaudet, who's the project 3 manager at All-Points. And we also have Eric 4 LaBatte, civil engineer at All-Points; and Dean 5 Gustafson, who is the senior wetland scientist and б also a professional soil scientist at All-Points. 7 And those are our witnesses today. I'd ask 8 that Attorney Bachman swear them in at this point. 9 THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you, Attorney Hoffman. 10 Attorney Bachman, please administer the oath? 11 LISA RAFFIN, 12 JOSEPH PEREIRA, 13 АЈАҮ ARAVINDAN, 14 JENNIFER YOUNG-GAUDET, 15 ERIC LABATTE, 16 DEAN GUSTAFSON, 17 called as witnesses, being sworn remotely by THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR, were examined and 18 19 testified under oath as follows: 20 21 THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you, Attorney Bachman. 22 Attorney Hoffman, please begin by verifying 23 all the exhibits by the appropriate sworn 24 witnesses. 25 Thank you, Mr. Morissette. So what we'll MR. HOFFMAN:

1 do is we'll go through -- we have no additional 2 pre-filed testimony or other exhibits other than 3 what's already on the hearing program. So 4 referring to page 11, item -- Roman numeral 2, 5 item B, there are the following exhibits for б identification. There is the application itself 7 with all the exhibits and appendices thereto, as 8 well as the bulk-filed exhibits that are listed in 9 B1, A through D.

There is also the April 25, 2023, responses to the Council's interrogatories, the protective order that was signed on May 11, 2023, and the signposting affidavit that was dated June 13, 2023.

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15 And so what I will do is I will try to do 16 this as quickly as possible so we can get to 17 cross-examination. So just looking at my screen, 18 Ms. Gaudet, are you familiar with the exhibits 19 that I just listed in Roman numeral 2B? 20 THE WITNESS (Gaudet): I am. 21 MR. HOFFMAN: And are they accurate to the best of your 22 knowledge and belief? 23 THE WITNESS (Gaudet): They are. 24 MR. HOFFMAN: And do you have any changes to them? 25 THE WITNESS (Gaudet): I do not.

1	MR. HOFFMAN: And do you adopt them as your sworn
2	testimony today?
3	THE WITNESS (Gaudet): I do.
4	MR. HOFFMAN: Ms. Raffin, I will ask the same questions
5	of you. Are you familiar with the exhibits that I
6	just listed in Roman numeral 2B?
7	THE WITNESS (Raffin): I am.
8	MR. HOFFMAN: And are they accurate to the best of your
9	knowledge and belief?
10	THE WITNESS (Raffin): Yes.
11	MR. HOFFMAN: And do you have any changes to those
12	exhibits?
13	THE WITNESS (Raffin): No.
14	MR. HOFFMAN: And do you adopt them as your sworn
15	testimony?
16	THE WITNESS (Raffin): I do.
17	MR. HOFFMAN: Mr. LaBatte, are you familiar with the
18	items that were listed in Roman numeral 2B?
19	THE WITNESS (LaBatte): I am.
20	MR. HOFFMAN: And are they accurate to the best of your
21	knowledge and belief?
22	THE WITNESS (LaBatte): Yes, they are.
23	MR. HOFFMAN: And do you have any changes to them?
24	THE WITNESS (LaBatte): No, I don't.
25	MR. HOFFMAN: And do you adopt them as your sworn

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1	testimony today?
2	THE WITNESS (LaBatte): Yes, I do.
3	MR. HOFFMAN: Mr. Gustafson, you will see where this is
4	going. I will ask you the same questions. Are
5	you familiar with the items in Roman numeral 2B?
6	THE WITNESS (Gustafson): Yes.
7	MR. HOFFMAN: And are they accurate to the best of your
8	knowledge and belief?
9	THE WITNESS (Gustafson): Yes, they are.
10	MR. HOFFMAN: And do you have any changes to them?
11	THE WITNESS (Gustafson): No.
12	MR. HOFFMAN: And do you adopt them as your sworn
13	testimony here today?
14	THE WITNESS (Gustafson): Yes, I do.
15	MR. HOFFMAN: Mr. Pereira, are you familiar with the
16	items listed in Roman numeral 2B?
17	THE WITNESS (Pereira): I am.
18	MR. HOFFMAN: And are they accurate to the best of your
19	knowledge and belief?
20	THE WITNESS (Pereira): They are.
21	MR. HOFFMAN: Do you have any changes to them?
22	THE WITNESS (Pereira): I do not.
23	MR. HOFFMAN: And do you adopt them as your sworn
24	testimony today?
25	THE WITNESS (Pereira): I do.

MR. HOFFMAN: And Mr. Aravindan, are you familiar with
the items listed in Roman numeral 2B?
THE WITNESS (Aravindan): I am.
MR. HOFFMAN: And are they accurate to the best of your
knowledge and belief?
THE WITNESS (Aravindan): Yes.
MR. HOFFMAN: And do you have any changes to them
today?
THE WITNESS (Aravindan): None.
MR. HOFFMAN: And do you adopt them as your sworn
testimony?
THE WITNESS (Aravindan): I do.
MR. HOFFMAN: With that, Mr. Morissette, I would ask
that all of the exhibits listed in item 2B in the
hearing program be admitted as full exhibits for
this hearing?
THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you, Attorney Hoffman.
The exhibits are hereby admitted. Thank you.
We will now begin with cross-examination of
the Applicant by the Council, starting with
Mr. Mercier, followed by Mr. Silvestri.
Mr. Mercier?
MR. MERCIER: Thank you. I was going to begin by
reviewing the site plans that were in the
application.

1 And if you're following along the Council's website, it will be at the top of the page under 2 3 application that was exhibit A. And I'm referring 4 to site plan EC-3, which I believe is PDF page 5 number 11 if you're using the website. б EC-3, the site plan is also known as the 7 sedimentation and erosion control plan, sheet one 8 of two. 9 Now, looking at the site plan here, it shows 10 two main phases of construction. As I understand 11 the plan, phase one is limited to tree clearing 12 and grubbing necessary to construct temporary 13 sediment traps and installation of erosion control 14 Is that correct? measures. 15 THE WITNESS (LaBatte): This is Eric LaBatte from 16 All-Points Technology. Yes, that is correct. 17 The -- the initial phase will be the perimeter 18 clearing that's needed to install the -- the 19 swales and the ponds, or sediment trap and 20 sediment basin that's needed. 21 MR. MERCIER: Okay. So that would be all the sediment 22 traps and all the swales to begin with? 23 THE WITNESS (LaBatte): Correct. 24 MR. MERCIER: Okay. Now would the gravel access drive 25 shown on this plan be installed as part of phase

1 one? 2 THE WITNESS (LaBatte): Yes, it would have to be. It 3 would probably be the first thing, one of the 4 first things that they would install. 5 MR. MERCIER: Okay. Now at the end of this gravel б access drive that's shown, it kind of terminates 7 at a stormwater -- and on this plan, a temporary 8 basin. But then there's, like, it looks like a 9 road extension that extends up towards the 10 northern portion of the property. 11 What is this feature and what's its function? 12 THE WITNESS (LaBatte): It's a turnaround for -- for 13 construction vehicles. 14 MR. MERCIER: Okay. I guess I'm talking about where 15 the gravel access road actually ends, and then 16 there's -- it looks like a road extension that 17 runs between a steep slope that you're going to 18 construct and a basin that you're going to 19 construct. 20 THE WITNESS (LaBatte): If you look just to the north, 21 there's a call-out that -- that points to that 22 item, and it's -- it's an overflow weir for the 23 trap. 24 MR. MERCIER: Okay. Keep going. There's a flat area. 25 Is that a berm? Is that a road?

1	THE WITNESS (LaBatte): It's no, it's not a road.
2	It's going to be stone associated with the
3	overflow weir of of the trap.
4	MR. MERCIER: Okay. East of the overflow weir there's
5	a flat it looks like a road going up the slope
б	and bends to the north and terminates at note
7	7DN-1.
8	I'm trying to determine what that feature is?
9	THE WITNESS (LaBatte): Well, it's just a general flat
10	berm area.
11	MR. MERCIER: It's a berm?
12	THE WITNESS (LaBatte): Yeah. If you will, yes.
13	MR. MERCIER: Okay. So it's not going to be a road
14	where a vehicle can drive on. Is that correct?
15	THE WITNESS (LaBatte): That's not the intention, no.
16	MR. MERCIER: Now, looking at this plan, there's a the
17	rock-lined ditch. There's two rock-lined ditches,
18	one along the berm we just spoke about on the
19	northern part, and then one along the eastern
20	property boundary.
21	Since those descend a slope at, you know, a
22	pretty good grade, are there plans for check
23	basin, check dams in those rock-lined ditches?
24	And if so, at what interval would they be
25	installed?

1	THE WITNESS	(LaBatte): We were not calling for any
2	check	dams within those ditches.
3	THE HEARING	OFFICER: Mr. LaBatte, could you please
4	state	your name
5	THE WITNESS	(LaBatte): Yes, I'm sorry. This is Eric
6	LaBatt	.e
7	THE HEARING	OFFICER: For the Court Reporter. Thank
8	you.	
9	THE WITNESS	(LaBatte): Yes, sir.
10	MR. MERCIER	: Are check dams required to slow down the
11	water	velocity?
12	THE WITNESS	(LaBatte): This is Mr. LaBatte with
13	All-Pc	ints.
14	I	he check dams are are not required or
15	were n	ot required. We have the overflow weir
16	that's	stone, and then the water will proceed to
17	go dow	m that embankment and into that rock-lined
18	ditch	for additional, I guess you would for
19	erosic	n purposes.
20	г	he water will go, I guess, perpendicular to
21	the co	ontours.
22	MR. MERCIER	: Okay. I'm just looking at the eastern
23	rock 1	ine ditch or swale for that matter. And you
24	know,	it's pretty extensive. It goes downhill
25	quite	a ways.

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1 So I was under the impression that check dams 2 are required under certain intervals to slow the 3 water velocity down. So you're just saying the 4 stone itself is going to serve in that capacity, 5 to slow the water velocity down before it reaches б the basin? 7 THE HEARING OFFICER: Mr. LaBatte, I think you were 8 muted on your response. We didn't hear you. 9 THE WITNESS (LaBatte): I'm sorry. This is Mr. LaBatte 10 again with All-Points. The -- the ditch itself 11 would act as like one contiguous check dam. 12 There's a detail of it on sheet DN-2. I don't 13 know if you had a chance to look at that detail. 14 MR. MERCIER: I have. I've also seen other projects in 15 the past that had check dams. 16 That's why I'm asking the question. THE WITNESS (LaBatte): Understood. 17 18 MR. MERCIER: But thanks for your response. 19 Once the features are constructed in phase 20 one, and it looks like it also includes the open 21 field area as part of phase one, what would be the 22 next step? 23 So you did all the construction. You have 24 raw earth sitting there disturbed. 25 What would be the next step?

1	THE V	WITNESS (LaBatte): They need to seed that area and
2		then proceed with the phase two, which is the
3		cross hatching that would be on, I guess, the
4		eastern side of the the site.
5	MR.	MERCIER: Can you see the cross hatch that's on
6		the on the plans there?
7	THE V	WITNESS (LaBatte): I do.
8	MR.	MERCIER: So when you seed the disturbed areas for
9		phase one, do you have to wait until they're
10		stabilized before you proceed with phase two?
11	THE V	WITNESS (LaBatte): I don't believe that you
12		this is Mr. LaBatte with All-Points Technology
13		Corporation. I do not believe that you need to
14		wait for that area to be stabilized to proceed
15		with phase two.
16	MR.	MERCIER: How would the phase one areas that are
17		disturbed function as erosion control if they're
18		not stabilized, however?
19	THE V	WITNESS (LaBatte): The perimeter controls would be
20		in place at that time.
21	MR.	MERCIER: So if there's a heavy rain event, there's
22		no stabilization of the raw earth. It's just
23		going to run off and then you're just going to
24		rely on the perimeter's controls to contain any
25		sediment that flows?

1 If you're building berms that are not 2 stabilized or swale sides that are not stabilized, 3 how would they function if they're not stabilized, 4 all that water? 5 THE WITNESS (LaBatte): This is Mr. LaBatte with APT б again. The -- those perimeter controls would be 7 installed. They'd be seeded. 8 If they needed to be considered stabilized, 9 that is something that could be noted and we could 10 work with the client to figure out a way to make 11 that happen before proceeding with phase two. 12 MR. MERCIER: Okay. We'll move on to phase two, and 13 that is clearing and site grubbing for the 14 remainder of the site. Is that correct? 15 THE WITNESS (LaBatte): Yes, sir. 16 MR. MERCIER: Okay. But it appears you're going to have to clear and grub about twelve acres. 17 I'm 18 leaving out the other portion where their stumps 19 remain, but about twelve acres have to be grubbed. 20 And once you remove the trees and the stumps 21 and other material, what happens to that material? 22 Is it shipped off-site, or is it going to be 23 used on-site? 24 THE WITNESS (LaBatte): That's -- this is Mr. LaBatte 25 with APT again. That's a question that would also

1 need to be answered by Ms. Raffin or Mr. Pereira. 2 It's my understanding that they most likely 3 would want to remove that material from the site. 4 There's no real place to put it, per se, other 5 than the stockpiled areas. 6 THE WITNESS (Pereira): If I may? Joseph Pereira from 7 The intention would be to remove those Glenvale. 8 items from site and have them disposed of in a proper stump dump that would be contracted for. 9 10 Thank you. After grubbing is, you know, MR. MERCIER: 11 conducted and the site is all disturbed and 12 irregular, will it be resurfaced with a smooth 13 kind of topography so you can then move to 14 installing racking posts and things? 15 THE WITNESS (Pereira): Mr. Pereira with Glenvale. The 16 site would be graded and -- and smooth-finished, 17 if you will, before any -- any construction or 18 installation of equipment would begin. 19 MR. MERCIER: Okay. I didn't see much grading on the 20 site plan except maybe up in the northern portion. 21 So is the intent kind of to maintain the existing 22 topography and just kind of, you know, grade it 23 out on the surface a little bit to prepare it for 24 the post? 25 Or are you going to do extensive grading to

1 reduce certain slopes elsewhere on the property? 2 THE WITNESS (Raffin): This is Lisa Raffin with -- with 3 Glenvale. The intention is to only do minimal 4 grading. There's -- there's not extensive grading 5 planned for, so it's -- it's really a fine grading б to -- to smooth over, you know, pits, you know, 7 from stump removals, for example. 8 MR. MERCIER: Okay. Now so you'll have a twelve-acre 9 area roughly of exposed soil. Is it a requirement 10 of the DEEP General Permit to do this type of 11 activity in five-acre increments? 12 THE WITNESS (LaBatte): This is Mr. LaBatte. Yes, that 13 is the intent, five-acre increments. 14 MR. MERCIER: So would you have to stabilize a 15 five-acre area before you move down to the next 16 five-acre area? Is that how that works? 17 THE WITNESS (LaBatte): Yes, you would only want to be 18 working in one five-acre area at a time. I think 19 the -- as Ms. Raffin noted, the amount of grading 20 to be proposed is minimal. 21 So the likelihood is there won't be massive 22 areas of disturbed earth with free -- free dirt 23 being able to sort of flow around the site, if you 24 will. 25 But I think we just spoke that the whole MR. MERCIER:

site will have to be, you know, resurfaced because of the irregularity. You're tearing out stumps and removing logs and driving tractors over it, so you're going to have a pretty extensive area that's disturbed. So I didn't see any stabilization notes on this plan, so that's why I'm asking this question.

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So the intent would be to divide it up into five-acre areas, which will be stabilized, before you move to the next one.

Is that what was stated earlier?
THE WITNESS (LaBatte): That is the intention, yes.
MR. MERCIER: Now does stabilization mean, you know,
seeding and have to let it sit until it stabilizes
the soil, you know, the vegetative growth before
you can proceed putting posts in that area?

The site would have to be stabilized, and so I'm assuming that's seeding -- unless it's another way to do it. Please elaborate.

THE WITNESS (LaBatte): This is Mr. LaBatte. Yes, that is the intention. As -- as you noted, that is.

That is the intention.

MR. MERCIER: Okay. Also on the site plan, especially
 up in the north, northern portion, kind of near
 that berm area, and along the east side, the

southeast side, you know, there's some steeper slopes there. For steep slopes, do you have to do intermediary measures, you know, put erosion control, sometimes fencing or other types of features along the slope so it doesn't run off during rain events?

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7 THE WITNESS (LaBatte): This is Mr. LaBatte. If you 8 look at the plans, there are -- there is a silt 9 fence located along the perimeter of the site. 10 MR. MERCIER: Right. I'm talking about the slopes 11 themselves within the site. Now would you have 12 to, according to erosion control guidelines, 13 stabilize slopes additionally by putting 14 intermediary measures, you know, along the slope 15 as you're doing construction or in case it rains 16 on the steep slopes and it causes erosion? 17 THE WITNESS (LaBatte): This is Mr. LaBatte. Could you 18 please reiterate the areas in question? 19 MR. MERCIER: Sure. I mean, the area near the berm, 20 those steep slopes, kind of where the electrical 21 line is shown, that area in there. And there's 22 another area along these property lines that kind 23 of, I would say around elevation 350 down to 340 24 and a little bit south of there. 25 THE WITNESS (LaBatte): Okay. This is Mr. LaBatte --

1	MR. MERCIER: Is that kind of like a stockpile area?
2	There's, you know, kind of a steeper slope along
3	that southern portion.
4	THE WITNESS (LaBatte): The intent of the design was
5	that the controls that are outlined on the plans
6	would be adequate based on the site conditions.
7	MR. MERCIER: Thank you. The environmental report
8	stated there was bedrock on the site under a thin
9	layer of glacial till throughout most of the site.
10	Do you anticipate any kind of blasting to
11	install the swales, or detention basins?
12	THE WITNESS (LaBatte): This is Mr. LaBatte. No. That
13	was not expected, no.
14	MR. MERCIER: If you encounter a ledge when you're
15	constructing a basin or swale, how would that be
16	removed?
17	THE WITNESS (LaBatte): This is Mr. LaBatte.
18	I don't know if Mr. Pereira would like to
19	answer that question regarding means and methods
20	during construction?
21	THE WITNESS (Pereira): Yes, Joseph Pereira, Glenvale.
22	We're going to have to determine at the time.
23	Blasting has not been intended. If anything, this
24	may be a situation of rock hammer if we have to
25	cut down into some of the bedrock in order to

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1 create the swales. That is to be determined. 2 MR. MERCIER: Okay. Thank you. Has a geotechnical 3 study been conducted on this site yet? 4 THE WITNESS (Pereira): Pereira, Glenvale. No, we do 5 not have a full geotechnical survey at this point. 6 MR. MERCIER: Is the intent to do one eventually before 7 construction begins? 8 THE WITNESS (Pereira): Mr. Pereira, Glenvale. Yes, it 9 is our intention to perform a geotech survey. 10 MR. MERCIER: If this project was approved by the 11 Council, would that be conducted before the 12 development and management plan is submitted to 13 the Council? 14 THE WITNESS (Pereira): Mr. Pereira, Glenvale. Yes, 15 that would be standard procedure, to do so at that 16 point. MR. MERCIER: Okay. Just for informational purposes, 17 18 what type of equipment would be used out on the 19 site during the geotech survey? And also, would 20 there be, you know, trees, you know, large tree 21 cutting to get whatever access you need? 22 THE WITNESS (Pereira): Mr. Pereira, Glenvale. 23 Typically, when geotech is -- is performed, 24 you're using a small tracked vehicle with a drill 25 rig on it; minimal width, minimal size. Some

1 trees may have to be taken down, but that would 2 only be for -- for access for the -- the drill rig 3 itself, and would not be broad swaths of -- of the 4 trees being taken down. 5 MR. MERCIER: Thank you. I had a few questions on site 6 That's the fifth sheet from the plan EN. 7 beginning of the whole set that was submitted. 8 It's the environmental notes. 9 In the upper right corner of the sheet, there 10 is a vernal pool enhancement planting schedule. 11 There are several species of shrubs listed. 12 I just want to confirm that there'll be 150 13 each, of each type, 150 of each type planted as 14 I wasn't sure if that was the right it's shown. 15 amount. 16 THE WITNESS (Gustafson): Yes, Dean Gustafson from All-Points. Yeah, based on the area of 17 18 enhancement and the -- the proposed planting 19 densities for the spacing, those are the required 20 amounts. 21 MR. MERCIER: Thank you. On the bottom right of the 22 sheet, there's a detail for the animal exclusion 23 fencing. Now is this the fencing that's proposed 24 around the stormwater basin to keep out vernal 25 pool species?

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1	THE WITNESS (Gustafson): Yes, again, Dean Gustafson.
2	This is for the southernmost basin that's in
3	proximity to the vernal pool habitat. So that
4	would exclude out that basin so it doesn't act as
5	a possible decoy pool.
6	MR. MERCIER: Mr. Gustafson, have you seen this type of
7	fencing used elsewhere in the state?
8	THE WITNESS (Gustafson): Yes, I have. Not always for
9	the purposes of excluding out of a basin, but
10	I've I've seen it for exclusion for roadways
11	for major developments. I've seen it applied in a
12	couple of different applications.
13	MR. MERCIER: I was just wondering if it was actually
14	effective. You know, would it keep species,
15	vernal pool species out of the basin? Or serve to
16	trap them in there if they somehow got in?
17	THE WITNESS (Gustafson): No, it's pretty effective.
18	Again, Dean Gustafson, All-Points. It's pretty
19	effective at keeping them out of the pool, or out
20	of the basin.
21	MR. MERCIER: Okay. Thank you.
22	THE WITNESS (Gustafson): You're welcome.
23	MR. MERCIER: My next question had to do with the
24	environmental report, attachment G. Basically, it
25	was about the northern long-eared bat. You know

1 the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service submitted a 2 letter to Glenvale on May 26th of 2022, and 3 obviously the bat was relisted from threatened to 4 endangered in late 2022. 5 It stated something, that there may be some type of upgraded tool you could use to determine 6 7 if the project would affect the now federally 8 threatened northern long-eared bat. 9 Has there been any further correspondence or 10 use of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife --11 THE WITNESS (Gustafson): Yes, there --12 MR. MERCIER: -- for the long-eared --13 THE WITNESS (Gustafson): Yes. I'm sorry to cut you 14 off, Mr. Mercier. Yes, there has been. Again, 15 Dean Gustafson, All-Points. 16 So with the release of the interim range-wide 17 northern long-eared bat determination key by the 18 U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service a couple of months 19 ago in March, we recently reran the project on 20 June 13th using the new determination key, or the 21 D key, and we -- it resulted in a consultation 22 letter, a final determination of no effect on 23 northern long-eared bat. 24 So we can -- we can certainly follow up and

provide you with that documentation, but the

project will have no effect on northern long-eared
 bat.

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MR. MERCIER: Okay. Thank you. Also in attachment G, there was some recommendations proposed to avoid tree clearing during certain intervals. One of them was from June 1st to July 31st to protect bat pups that may be potentially on the site in the forest. The other one was a more expansive restriction from April 1st to October 31st to protect roosting bats.

Does Glenvale intend to follow one of these, or any of these?

THE WITNESS (Gustafson): If I could just jump in on that one first, Mr. Mercier? Again, Dean Gustafson from All-Points.

With the release of the new determination key for northern long-eared bat, there is more detailed habitat modeling built into that program by U.S. Fish and Wildlife, and when we ran that determination key earlier this month, it noted that this isn't an area of the state of potential habitat for northern long-eared bat.

So with that determination and conclusion, the conservation measures that were in our original memo dated July 5th, 2022, those

conservation measures really aren't necessary any longer with respect to protecting northern long-eared bat because the site isn't considered a habitat for that species.

MR. MERCIER: Oh, thank you for that clarification. THE WITNESS (Gustafson): Yeah, you're welcome.

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I'll just -- one more follow-up again, Dean Gustafson. You know, through our consultation with Connecticut DEEP Natural Diversity Database, which their determination was that there was no effect to state-listed rare species, you know, the northern long-eared bat is also considered a state-listed species.

So if the wildlife division folks at DEEP had a particular concern with the project with respect to northern long-eared bat, they would have noted it in their report as well. Even with the up-listing from, you know, threatened to endangered at the federal level, they still made that recommendation.

So based on -- on those facts, I don't think
 it's warranted that there's any type of seasonal
 restriction for tree clearing with respect to no
 long -- northern long-eared bat for this project.
 MR. MERCIER: Okay. Thank you. I am going to move on

to site plan SP-1. This is the site utility plan towards the end of the site plan set, if you're following along on the website.

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I'm looking at the proposed fence line along the access drive. And the fence line includes the access drive. It has a gate, you know, towards the river -- River Road, and a gate leading to a basin.

9 Is it possible to move the gate -- excuse me, 10 move the fence so it excludes the road? I'm not 11 sure the reason you need to have the road within 12 the fenced area. I guess I'm asking this question 13 just trying to get the fencing away from the 14 abutting property line as much as possible. Is 15 that something that could be done? 16 THE WITNESS (Raffin): This is Lisa Raffin with 17 Glenvale. We originally had the road inside the

fence. The access road -- I'm sorry, the access road on the exterior of the fence in our original design and then we relocated it to the inside of the fence.

We thought that that was a better design from the perspective of, you know, the abutting neighbor visibility. We put a screen of plantings in between -- on the exterior of the fence in

between the property boundary line and the fence
 to create a screen. And that was the reason for
 that.

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It also made for a more efficient access into the project area. And I think we were able to have more, more efficiency around the layout as well. All-Points may have some additional comments to this.

9 THE WITNESS (LaBatte): This is Mr. LaBatte from
 10 All-Points. The fence, you know, pending
 11 Ms. Raffin and Mr. Pereira's decision, can we just
 12 show it on the inside of the property, if that's
 13 what you would prefer?

MR. MERCIER: Yes, I was just asking why that was
 included within the fence line, the road. I'm
 just trying to get the fence away from the
 neighbor.

Yeah, I understand it's more efficient for you.

Seeing the landscaping in the corner there, is it possible to move it, to extend it to the east a little bit, that was maybe to block the turnaround area a little bit more. And the gate on the other side?

<sup>25</sup> THE WITNESS (Pereira): Joseph Pereira from Glenvale.

1	I see no problem with extending the vegetative
2	area to help block the the turnaround.
3	MR. MERCIER: Looking at the plan, I see the inverter
4	transformer pad up in the corner there, you know,
5	east of the stormwater basin.
6	How would a vehicle reach that area, if
7	that's necessary? That is, how would that area be
8	accessed, you know, after construction, or
9	maintenance, or placement?
10	THE WITNESS (Raffin): This is Lisa Raffin from
11	Glenvale. My understanding is the space in
12	between the the northern section of the panels
13	and the fence would be wide enough to drive a
14	truck out to the inverter.
15	It's not it's not planned to be graveled,
16	but it would be grassed area and it could we
17	travel that route to get access to the inverter.
18	That was yeah, that was discussed during
19	design.
20	MR. MERCIER: Okay. The reason I was asking about that
21	berm, whether it was a road is because you have,
22	at the terminus, the northeast terminus of that
23	berm, is there a gate there? So again, is the
24	intent to drive on top of that berm? Or is that
25	just a berm for stormwater control?

THE WITNESS (LaBatte): This is Mr. LaBatte. It's - it's a berm for stormwater control. You wouldn't
 want to drive over that outfall stoned area. That
 The point of it is that is the outlet of the pond.
 So it would not be the intention to have anyone
 traverse that in a vehicle.

MR. MERCIER: Okay. Thank you. Looking at the proposed concrete equipment pads, this would be just near the entrance, the gravel access drive entrance off River Road. That's where the electrical line comes in.

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12 I believe there's one utility pole proposed. 13 Or is there two? I can't see the plan clearly. 14 Is there two poles proposed here, or one utility poles once the -- after the concrete pads? 15 16 THE WITNESS (Pereira): Hi. Joseph Pereira with 17 Glenvale. I guess as recently as yesterday, there 18 were conversations with Eversource -- because they 19 kind of drive the -- the final action here.

The -- the intent at the time of application was a single pole. The pads would house a ground -- a ground-mounted meter as well as a transformer. We will work through the final aspects of that with a field engineer from Eversource. And if there are changes from this,
1 we would be back to you with an amendment to the 2 plan, but this is the plan at this point in time. 3 MR. MERCIER: Would those, would the pole and those two 4 pads be in that location? Or can they be, you 5 know, moved slightly? You know, maybe more б parallel to the River Road, you know, on the 7 opposite side of the gravel drive to get it away 8 from the neighbor's house? Or it's just the 9 design they're pressing you to? 10 THE WITNESS (Pereira): Mr. Pereira, Glenvale. Again, 11 we've got the screening in there. There's a 12 pretty good amount of distance. If we tried to 13 pull it down closer to the panel arrays, there 14 really would not be adequate room for it. 15 If your wish is to pull it closer to the 16 turnaround -- is -- is that what you're saying, 17 Mr. Mercier? 18 MR. MERCIER: Actually, I was just hopefully trying to 19 get it next to the access drive itself. You know, 20 maybe let's move it directly south, or even 21 parallel to River Road in that open space between 22 the small swale that's shown just south of the 23 access drive. 24 We have all this frontage on River Road. 25 It's just everything's kind of jammed in that

corner. So I was trying to just move it away from this person's property line.

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3 THE WITNESS (Pereira): Mr. Pereira, again, from --4 from Glenvale. Moving it down to the River Road 5 side, bringing it to the south side of the access б drive may cause difficulties in trying to line 7 everything up. The transformer has to -- there, 8 there are certain positions that everything kind 9 of needs to be in order coming back from the 10 inverter.

We can certainly look into it, and if -- if it's a requirement set by the -- the Council, we can look at it, but we're -- we're better keeping it to the north side of the access drive currently, and -- and keeping it as close to the access drive as -- as is practical.

MR. MERCIER: Okay. Thank you. I'm going back to the
other concrete pad up by east of the stormwater
basin on this diagram. That's your main
transformer pad. I think you called it the medium
voltage power station in one of the
interrogatories.

I understand that it has a transformer and an
inverter component. Are there also string
inverters associated with this project, or is this

1 one central inverter? 2 THE WITNESS (Raffin): Yes. Lisa Raffin with Glenvale. 3 One central inverter. It's a 4,000, 4,000 4 kilowatt central inverter. 5 MR. MERCIER: Okay. Thank you. Looking at the б property frontage along River Road, there's a 7 stone wall that's shown just outside the limit of 8 disturbance. I'm assuming that that stone wall is 9 staying. Is that correct? Except where you need 10 to move it for the access drive. 11 THE WITNESS (LaBatte): This is Mr. LaBatte with APT. 12 Yes, that's the intention. It's outside of the 13 limit of disturbance. 14 MR. MERCIER: Thank you. In application attachment C, 15 there was an e-mail from the Town. It may have 16 been the town engineer. He was concerned about the overflow discharge of the basin along River 17 18 Road. 19 And his concern was that the discharge point 20 was in a poor drainage area along the road. So he 21 didn't want stormwater making an existing problem 22 worse. Do you recall that e-mail? 23 THE WITNESS (LaBatte): This is Mr. LaBatte. Yes, we 24 do. 25 MR. MERCIER: Now I see the overflow weir. It's

pointed right at the stone wall.

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Would the stone wall itself and any vegetation around there kind of serve to block water or redirect it along the wall, rather, to the road? I'm not sure of the condition of that wall, stone wall.

THE WITNESS (LaBatte): This is Mr. LaBatte. The -the amount of flow that's leaving the basin in that area where -- it's minimal. A hundred-year storm event only creates 1.5 cubic feet per second of volume runoff.

And we're reducing, based on the model that we ran that's included in the stormwater report, we're reducing the two-year peak flow by a hundred percent, and the hundred-year peak flow by 75 percent. And the other storm events in between were all equally high reduction in peak flow runoff.

So it's not anticipated that there's going to be a large volume of water exiting that basin and heading towards that wall and the street. MR. MERCIER: True, I agree with you. What would the circumstances be, like you know, a four-inch rainfall and, you know, severe thunderstorm over several hours? Or some type of a hurricane event,

1 for lack of a better storm size? 2 When do you anticipate it would ever -- would it ever overflow? And if so, like, under what 3 4 type of circumstances? 5 MR. HOFFMAN: Mr. LaBatte, I think you were muted when 6 you were answering. 7 THE WITNESS (LaBatte): This is Mr. LaBatte. You are 8 correct, Mr. Hoffman, and I apologize for that. 9 The -- the model we ran was 7.9 inches of 10 rain over a 24-hour period for the hundred-year 11 storm event. And in that scenario, the peak water 12 surface elevation -- if you give me one second I 13 can tell you exactly what that is in relation to 14 the basin itself. 15 So that the overflow weir is set at elevation 16 329.5, and that peak water surface elevation for a 17 hundred-year storm event will be .09 feet above 18 that weir. So it's only during the hundred year 19 storm event, the 7.9 inches, that we saw, you 20 know, even the slightest bit of water getting over 21 it. 22 And like I said before it's -- it's a peak 23 flow reduction of 75 percent for the hundred-year 24 storm. 25 Okay. Thank you. Regarding the site MR. MERCIER:

1 itself, you know, the transformer pad or the 2 Eversource pad area, is there any lighting 3 proposed for this site, permanent lighting? 4 THE WITNESS (Pereira): Mr. Pereira from Glenvale. 5 There will be no lighting required at that pad 6 space. 7 MR. MERCIER: I was reviewing the application. I came 8 across two different time periods for the 9 operational life of the facility. One said, you 10 know, about 30 years. One said about 40 years. 11 What is the anticipated operational life of 12 the entire facility? THE WITNESS (Raffin): This is Lisa Raffin with 13 14 Glenvale. The useful life of the facility could 15 be 40 years. It all depends on its -- its 16 operation and maintenance. So that's why there's 17 probably a range of 30 to 40 years, so. 18 MR. MERCIER: Okay. Thank you. The inverter, the 19 inverter that will be on site, will that have to 20 be replaced at a 10 or 15-year interval? 21 THE WITNESS (Raffin): Again, that -- well, the answer 22 is yes. Again, the predictability of the 23 inverter's useful -- end of useful life is -- is 24 15 years, plus or minus a few years. 25 MR. MERCIER: Thank you. I am going to move on to

interrogatory responses that were submitted on April 25th.

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I'm having issues with the computer, but I'll just read the question.

In the response to interrogatory 21, the first paragraph of the response mentions retirements from the period of 2013 to 2022 -that's power plant retirements. Does Glenvale know of any recent ISO New England reports that contains updated power plant retirement information for the time period beyond 2022?

Essentially, were there any updates that you're aware of since, since this information was presented?

THE WITNESS (Raffin): So that would be essentially the
first quarter of 2023, and ISO New England does - does not report out on that frequency. They have
an annual report.

But we could -- we could probe the EIA, the federal government EIA database to see if there are any other retired plants, but at the time of this response, we had not. So if -- if you're -if you're interested in that, we could follow up with any additional plants that have been retired in 2023.

1 MR. MERCIER: Yes, if that's something that you have easily obtainable by today, it would be helpful. 2 3 But if not, I guess that's okay. 4 Referring to the response to interrogatory 5 28, this had to do with emergency response at the б site, and it then referred to an emergency action 7 plan that was included in Exhibit E. I wasn't 8 really sure what the emergency action plan was 9 supposed to represent, since it had to do with a 10 building. I wasn't sure that was applicable to 11 this project. 12 THE REPORTER: This is the Reporter. 13 I don't hear anyone. 14 THE HEARING OFFICER: We're waiting for a response. 15 THE WITNESS (Raffin): This is Lisa Raffin with 16 Glenvale. If it's -- if it's satisfactory to the 17 Council, we'll have to look into this and -- and 18 provide a response, perhaps after a break in the 19 session so that we can -- we can determine whether 20 the wrong exhibit, or whether this is the correct 21 exhibit or not. 22 So if that's acceptable, we'd like to defer 23 on this question. 24 THE HEARING OFFICER: Yes, that's acceptable. If you 25 could look at it during the break and get us a

1	response after, that would be appropriate.
2	Thank you.
3	MR. MERCIER: Thank you. I'll move on to the response
4	of interrogatory 32. This had to do with the
5	information from the State Historic Preservation
6	Office.
7	And in their letter they submitted to
8	Glenvale, it recommended a phase 1B professional
9	cultural resources assessment for certain areas of
10	the site. Now would these surveys be completed as
11	part of the application for the chief general
12	permit?
13	THE WITNESS (Raffin): This is Lisa Raffin with
14	Glenvale. I'd like to direct the question to
15	All-Points. Jennifer, could you speak to that?
16	THE WITNESS (Gaudet): Yes. This is Jennifer Gaudet,
17	All-Points. Yes, they will be completed. The
18	Phase 1B will be completed, and in connection with
19	the general permit application, that information
20	would be required and submitted to DEEP.
21	MR. MERCIER: Thank you. And I'm going to go to
22	interrogatory 33, which has to do with livestock
23	grazing. And the response basically states that
24	sheep would be grazed at the site from a local
25	grazer on a seasonal basis.

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1	Just out of curiosity, is it more cost
2	effective to maintain the vegetation within the
3	solar array using livestock grazing, or is
4	standard mowing?
5	THE WITNESS (Raffin): This is Lisa Raffin with
6	Glenvale. It it depends on the site, the size
7	of the site. Our estimates for this, for this
8	specific site, given the estimates that we got
9	from one local farmer, it's about equal to to
10	conventional mowing.
11	MR. MERCIER: Okay. You would still have to go to the
12	site, however, to mow areas outside, such as the
13	basin. Is that correct?
14	THE WITNESS (Raffin): Yes, areas outside of the
15	perimeter fence would, would require conventional
16	mowing.
17	MR. MERCIER: When you were doing the consultation with
18	the Town and notification of the abutters, did you
19	indicate that there might be livestock grazing at
20	the site during that outreach?
21	THE WITNESS (Raffin): I believe we indicated verbally
22	to the Town that we were investigating options for
23	agricultural co-use, one of them being sheep
24	grazing.
25	I I did not personally speak with the

1 neighbors. A colleague of mine spoke with the 2 neighbors, but I would -- I would anticipate that 3 we did not discuss sheep grazing with the -- with 4 the two abutting neighbors. 5 MR. MERCIER: Okay. You know, looking at the fence б design, you know, the site plan, it called out a 7 40-inch gap at the bottom of the fence to allow 8 for small animal passage. Would the fence have to 9 be lowered? 10 That means, eliminate the gap at the bottom 11 to protect the sheep from coyotes or others, a fox 12 or something of that nature? 13 THE WITNESS (Raffin): Yeah, so --14 MR. MERCIER: (Unintelligible) -- go ahead. 15 THE WITNESS (Raffin): Sorry. Sorry about that, 16 Mr. Mercier. This is Lisa Raffin again. So 17 the -- the gap at the bottom of the fence was --18 is a standard design perimeter fence for -- for 19 solar fields to allow small animals to pass 20 through. 21 We have since received the Department of 22 Agriculture's guidance on -- on agricultural 23 co-use and -- and sheep grazing, and they have --24 they recommend fencing that goes down to the 25 ground to protect, to protect the sheep from

predators. So we would be complying with that. MR. MERCIER: Okay. For the livestock grazing, you know, for the perimeter fence did you consider having a farm-style fence, or an agricultural fence? These are typically, you know, wire fence with more 6-inch mesh or maybe slightly smaller to be installed around the site.

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You know, I understand along River Road you intend to put privacy slats, so maybe. Maybe a farm-style fence could be used along the east, north, and south sides of the array area to contain the livestock, number one; and number two, to allow small wildlife passage.

And I believe the small wildlife passage was a part of the DEEP National Diversity Database determination letter. So we have competing interests here. So I wasn't sure if there was another style of fence that could be installed to meet all the needs.

THE WITNESS (Raffin): So, this is Lisa Raffin with Glenvale. We're -- we're open to -- to a different style of fencing and would like to make the best, you know, the best selection for all interested parties.

MR. MERCIER: Thank you. Quickly, for response 37,

1 there was an acronym, S-O-M. I just wasn't sure 2 what that represented. It was listed throughout 3 the response. It had to do with soil restoration 4 after the site was decommissioned. 5 THE WITNESS (Raffin): This is Lisa Raffin from б Glenvale -- being that nobody else is raising their hand. I -- I don't have an answer for the 7 8 SOM. I think we could take that question away as 9 well. Perhaps All-Points can give us some support 10 here and come back with an answer. 11 THE WITNESS (Gustafson): Yeah, this is Dean Gustafson 12 from All-Points. I believe SOM is an acronym for 13 Soil Organic Matter -- but we can verify that. 14 MR. MERCIER: Okay. Thank you. 15 THE WITNESS (Pereira): Mr. Mercier, if I may 16 interrupt? I believe Mr. Gustafson is correct. 17 MR. MERCIER: Great. Thank you very much. And my 18 final question is, if required by pending state 19 legislation could Glenvale furnish a 20 decommissioning bond and engage a qualified soil 21 scientist to assess and assure the restoration and 22 suitability of prime farmland at the site? 23 THE WITNESS (Raffin): So my understanding that that is 24 recently passed legislation as a requirement to 25 provide decommissioning bond assurance. Glenvale

1	did not contemplate that with with this
2	project. It certainly can be provided if
3	required.
4	MR. MERCIER: And I assume the other portion about the
5	qualified soil scientist you could also commit to?
6	THE WITNESS (Raffin): Yes, if required.
7	MR. MERCIER: Thank you. I have no other questions at
8	this time. Thank you very much.
9	THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you, Mr. Mercier.
10	We will now continue with cross-examination
11	of the applicant by Mr. Silvestri, followed by
12	Mr. Nguyen. Mr. Silvestri?
13	MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you, Mr. Morissette, and good
14	afternoon to everyone. I have two follow-ups to
15	begin with from what Mr. Mercier was questioning
16	before. And Ms. Raffin, I want to bring up that
17	emergency action plan again, because that was one
18	of the things I was going to pick on.
19	During the break, if you look at it, you're
20	going to see that it's more geared to Edison, New
21	Jersey. It contains the Edison office floor and
22	evacuation plans, the police, fire, hospital
23	department, and utility contacts down in New
24	Jersey.
25	It also mentions elevator entrapment, rust

prevention paint, sprinkler protection systems, et cetera. So hopefully you could digest that part of it during the break and get back, get back to us on that one.

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And Mr. Pereira, I had a question for you as well as a followup to Mr. Mercier's question. You had mentioned rock hammer when you were talking about potential ways that might be used to penetrate the ground, if you will, to put in the posts. Is a rock hammer the same as a jackhammer? THE WITNESS (Pereira): Mr. Pereira from Glenvale. Typically it would be -- it is similar. It would usually be on the arm of an excavator, excavation I'm sure you've seen them, yeah. machine. MR. SILVESTRI: Okay. I'm familiar with the jackhammer aspect of it. The rock hammer, not so much. But the question I'd raise is, as that goes into the ground it usually doesn't give you a perfect hole. So it might be more or less v-shaped, if you will.

And I'm curious if that would be the case
with the rock hammer, and if you would have to do
any backfilling with that hole?
THE WITNESS (Pereira): Backfilling may be required.
You can usually control these pretty well, and you
know.

1 MR. SILVESTRI: And you don't anticipate that any soils 2 would be needed from offsite or otherwise, other 3 wheres to backfill a hole? 4 THE WITNESS (Pereira): At this point in time, I would 5 have no reason to think we'd be pulling in 6 additional soils for that purpose. 7 MR. SILVESTRI: Okay. Thank you. Then I wanted to get 8 back to the environmental assessment that's in 9 Exhibit G. And the question I have is with the 10 third paragraph, to try to clear up some confusion 11 in my head. This is under Section 3.9, third 12 paragraph. 13 It basically says once operational, noise 14 from the facility will be minimal. The facility's 15 only noise-generating equipment are the inverters 16 and transformers -- and both inverters and 17 transformers are plural. 18 So let me ask, will there be more than one 19 inverter? I'm still not clear about that. 20 THE WITNESS (Gaudet): This is Jennifer Gaudet from 21 All-Points. The answer is that that plural should 22 be singular, Mr. Silvestri. 23 MR. SILVESTRI: For both the inverter and the 24 transformer? 25 THE WITNESS (Gaudet): Yes.

MR. SILVESTRI: Very good. Thank you.

2	Thanks for clearing up my confusion.
3	THE WITNESS (Gaudet): I apologize for the extra S's.
4	MR. SILVESTRI: Understood, thank you. Let me stay
5	with the topic of the inverter, if I may? And
6	when I read the application, it comments that the
7	proposed facility would have a single central
8	inverter "limiting" and I'm going to emphasize
9	that word the facility to four megawatts AC.
10	Could you explain why the facility is being
11	limited to four megawatts AC?
12	THE WITNESS (Raffin): I can take that question. This
13	is Lisa Raffin with Glenvale. The Shared Clean
14	Energy Facility Program, which is the state
15	program that this project has an energy contract
16	awarded from, limits projects to 4.0 megawatts AC.
17	MR. SILVESTRI: Thank you. Thank you for that
18	response.
19	THE WITNESS (Raffin): You're welcome.
20	MR. SILVESTRI: And should the contract somehow change
21	in the future and again, this is hypothetical,
22	but I'm still curious, could additional inverters
23	be added to increase the megawatt production?
24	THE WITNESS (Raffin): It could. It would be
25	inefficient because we're limited in area. So it

1 would only increase the AC power if you had 2 additional panels to then flow energy through --3 or create energy from, excuse me. 4 I copy that. Thank you. All right. MR. SILVESTRI: 5 Let me move to drawing EN-1. And if you go look б at that, some of the numbers are a little 7 confusing -- but I'm looking at what I call item 8 number three, which is the petroleum material 9 storage and spill prevention narrative; a couple 10 of questions I have on that. 11 Is it your intention to store fuels on-site? 12 THE WITNESS (Raffin): This is Lisa Raffin with 13 Glenvale. There's no intention to store any fuels 14 on-site. 15 MR. SILVESTRI: Okay. Thank you. And with that 16 section, is it your intention to amend that part 17 of it with, say, contact information for spill 18 response contractors, or disposal contractors, the 19 phone numbers for appropriate agencies, et cetera? 20 THE WITNESS (Gustafson): Dean Gustafson from 21 All-Points. Yes, we can provide the Council with 22 that information with the submission of the 23 development management plan. 24 MR. SILVESTRI: Yeah, should the project be approved. 25 Thank you.

1 THE WITNESS (Gustafson): Correct. Thank you. MR. SILVESTRI: On the same drawing -- and I'll move to 2 3 item number four, which is the wetland and vernal 4 pool protective measures. Paragraph C on that 5 states that erosion control measures will be б removed no later than 30 days following final site 7 stabilization. 8 Could you define what final site 9 stabilization means, and who decides if the site 10 is stabilized? 11 THE WITNESS (Gustafson): For this particular project, 12 final site stabilization is going to be dictated 13 under Appendix I of the Connecticut DEEP 14 stormwater general permit. So that determination 15 will come from the local conservation district 16 who -- that performs these inspections on behalf 17 of Connecticut DEEP. 18 MR. SILVESTRI: Very good. Thank you, Mr. Gustafson. 19 THE WITNESS (Gustafson): You're welcome. 20 MR. SILVESTRI: Then if I move to the decommissioning 21 plan, it states that the PV modules would be 22 either reused or recycled. And I'm curious, in 23 your history so far have you recycled any PV 24 modules thus far? 25 THE WITNESS (Raffin): This is Lisa Raffin with

1	Glenvale. In in the history of Glenvale, we
2	have not recycled any PV modules. Is that is
3	that responsive to your question?
4	MR. SILVESTRI: Yeah, I was curious. Like I say, I'm
5	not quite sure how long Glenvale has been around,
6	but I was curious on that question.
7	So thank you for your response.
8	I'd like to move back to the single
9	transformer that you have, and I do have a couple
10	questions on that. Do you know how much oil that
11	transformer will hold?
12	THE WITNESS (Pereira): This is Joe Pereira from
13	Glenvale. I can obtain that information, but I do
14	not know that.
15	MR. SILVESTRI: Okay. Do you well, let me preface.
16	Transformers typically do not have secondary
17	containment. So do you know if that transformer
18	will be equipped with low-level oil alarms?
19	THE WITNESS (Pereira): Again, I do not know that
20	specification, but I'll be more than happy to
21	to look into that. And if required, we
22	certainly we would certainly look at complying
23	with that.
24	MR. SILVESTRI: Yeah, what I'm trying to get at, sir,
25	is how would you know if the transformer is

1 leaking? That's why I'm asking that particular 2 question. 3 THE WITNESS (Pereira): A fair question. 4 MR. SILVESTRI: Then related to that, with the 5 transformer and the pad that's there, do you know б if the ground adjacent to or around the 7 transformer and the pad would be sloped, if you 8 will, or somehow designed to impede any oil flow, 9 should there be a leak? 10 THE WITNESS (Pereira): I don't have that specific --11 Yeah, I'm flipping through the plans right now. I 12 do not have that specification. I know that that 13 is typical from other installations that I've 14 worked on. 15 And especially with some of the wetland 16 around this, that would be probably be advisable, 17 but we'll certainly -- certainly consider and take 18 that as constructive -- a constructive question. 19 MR. SILVESTRI: As well as a couple of homework 20 assignments that I gave you already. Thank you. 21 Let me move on now to the single access 22 trackers. And I do have a few set of questions on 23 those. First off, do the trackers emit any noise? 24 THE WITNESS (Pereira): This is Lisa Raffin with 25 Glenvale. I do not know the decibel level of the

1 tracker motors, but my understanding is very low. We can get that decibel level for you. 2 3 MR. SILVESTRI: Okay. Do you know how they're powered? 4 THE WITNESS (Raffin): They are powered from parasitic 5 power from the -- from the array. 6 MR. SILVESTRI: So if I understand right, if the sun 7 doesn't provide enough power, the trackers would 8 not move. Would that be correct? 9 THE WITNESS (Raffin): No. Perhaps I can be more 10 explicit about what parasitic means. If -- if 11 it's a very cloudy day and -- and the trackers are tracking, if there's not enough energy from the --12 13 the panels, then it would be parasitic, meaning it 14 would come from the grid. 15 MR. SILVESTRI: Okav. 16 THE WITNESS (Raffin): Energy would be coming from the 17 grid. 18 MR. SILVESTRI: Okay. So somehow with the electrical 19 connection, you would be able to pull whatever 20 type of power you would need to keep those 21 trackers operating? 22 THE WITNESS (Raffin): That's right. 23 MR. SILVESTRI: Okay. Do you know offhand how many 24 kilowatt hours that the tracking system would 25 typically use?

1 THE WITNESS (Raffin): I don't know that. 2 MR. SILVESTRI: Okay. Related to that, when you came 3 up with an estimate as far as what the proposed 4 arrays could produce as far as power, did you take 5 into account any negative aspect of it? Any draw 6 that the trackers would take from that estimate? 7 THE WITNESS (Raffin): Yeah. So we hired a 8 professional engineer to model the energy, and in 9 the system modeling they include all losses, 10 including energy required to motor the trackers. 11 MR. SILVESTRI: Okay. All right. Thank you. Then 12 staying with the trackers, the rotating mechanism, 13 is it internal to the racks that the panels are 14 fastened to? Or is there something external that 15 rotates? 16 THE WITNESS (Raffin): Internal to the rack. So my 17 understanding is the motor is -- is mounted at the 18 end of -- of the pole that runs north-south, and 19 then the -- the panels are mounted to that pole. 20 So that, that motor drives what we call a 21 table, which is X, X panels on that table. So 22 the -- the motor would be, I guess, external to 23 the racking. 24 MR. SILVESTRI: Then connected to some type of axle or 25 shaft that would go into the racking, and then

1	thereby turn the panels?
2	THE WITNESS (Raffin): Yes.
3	MR. SILVESTRI: Do you have any idea if the rotating
4	mechanism or the motor itself require any periodic
5	maintenance?
6	THE WITNESS (Raffin): So we haven't selected the
7	the final manufacturer for the for the tracker
8	system, and my understanding is they have a
9	variety of different maintenance requirements.
10	MR. SILVESTRI: Any idea at what frequency they'd have
11	to be maintained?
12	THE WITNESS (Raffin): I think it I do not
13	explicitly, but I would expect, you know, one to
14	four times a year.
15	MR. SILVESTRI: Okay. Then do you know what the degree
16	of rotation would be with the panels in the
17	tracking system or I'll put it simplistically.
18	Could they actually approach being
19	perpendicular to the ground on one side, and then
20	rotate 180 degrees to the other side?
21	THE WITNESS (Raffin): It can, but they're typically
22	programmed to to, I think, max at 60 degrees,
23	but that the tracking manufacturers can program
24	the the maximum swing.
25	MR. SILVESTRI: Okay. So roughly 60 degrees, possibly?

1	THE WITNESS (Raffin): Yeah.
2	MR. SILVESTRI: All right. If there's a forecast for
3	snowfall, could the panels be rotated, say,
4	further than 60 degrees to maybe be as
5	perpendicular as possible to the ground to prevent
6	snow buildup?
7	THE WITNESS (Raffin): Yes, they can.
8	MR. SILVESTRI: Would that be something that's
9	automatic, or something that you would have to do
10	remotely or through some type of system to make
11	them move yourself?
12	THE WITNESS (Raffin): It's dependent on the
13	manufacturer.
14	MR. SILVESTRI: Okay. So I'm aware that some type of
15	trackers have, shall we say, a built-in mechanism
16	that could actually determine if there's snowfall
17	precipitation versus pollen or rain, and they kind
18	of move automatically.
19	So depending on the manufacturer, that could
20	be included in the system. Or you might have to
21	do it manually.
22	Correct?
23	THE WITNESS (Raffin): That is correct.
24	MR. SILVESTRI: Very good. Thank you. I think I only
25	have one or two more questions. Oh, if you could

1 turn to the response to interrogatory number 36? 2 It states that Glenvale intends to adhere to the 3 Department of Agriculture standards for sheep 4 grazing, and you included Exhibit G in that 5 response. б The standard actually mentions guardian dogs. 7 Is your intention to follow that and use 8 guardian dogs? 9 THE WITNESS (Raffin): It is not our intention to have 10 quardian dogs on site. 11 Thank you. And this might be my last MR. SILVESTRI: 12 question, although I'm going to check my notes 13 before I say it is. What's the status of the 14 phase 1B assessment? 15 THE WITNESS (Gaudet): Jennifer Gaudet from All-Points. 16 That will be scheduled later this year. The 17 fieldwork has not been done at this point, but 18 will be. 19 Thank you. And Mr. Morissette, that's MR. SILVESTRI: 20 all I have at this time. Thank you. 21 MR. MERCIER: Very good. Thank you, Mr. Silvestri. 22 At this time, we will take a 10-minute break, 23 and we will come back at 3:35, and we'll commence 24 with the cross-examination by Mr. Nguyen, followed 25 by Mr. Golembiewski.

1 So the 10-minute break, 3:35. We'll see 2 everybody then. Thank you. 3 4 (Pause: 3:25 p.m. to 3:35 p.m.) 5 6 THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you, everyone. 7 Is the Court Reporter back? 8 THE REPORTER: I am back, and on the record. 9 THE HEARING OFFICER: Very good. Thank you. 10 Attorney Hoffman, are you back with us? 11 MR. HOFFMAN: I am, but I just realized that you 12 couldn't see me -- because I was too stupid to 13 turn on my camera. 14 THE HEARING OFFICER: We see you now. We probably 15 should have gave you a little bit more time to 16 follow up on your questions, but let's see what 17 you got. If you could --18 MR. HOFFMAN: Yeah, I was wondering if you wanted us 19 to -- we can either answer now. We're perfectly 20 prepared to do that, or if there are other 21 questions that come up, we may want to break again 22 and then come up with answers for all of them. 23 But we're happy to answer the questions that 24 are here now. 25 THE HEARING OFFICER: Okay. Why don't we knock the

1 ones off that we have open now, and we'll address 2 the others as they come up later. 3 MR. HOFFMAN: Okay. Happy to do that, but in order to 4 do that we need all of the witnesses present. 5 Well, Ms. Raffin is here, and I think she's taken the lead on some of them. So we can start 6 7 with her and go from there. 8 THE HEARING OFFICER: Very good. Thank you. 9 Please continue. 10 MR. HOFFMAN: So Mr. Morissette, maybe the best way to 11 do this is for me to ask her a couple of questions 12 so that she can explain what we did and go from 13 there. And if that's not --14 THE HEARING OFFICER: That will work. Thank you. 15 MR. HOFFMAN: Certainly. 16 So Ms. Raffin, there was discussion about the 17 interrogatory response which was, I believe, 18 interrogatory response 21 related to ISO New 19 England and retirements. 20 While I recognize that ISO doesn't formally 21 figure out retirements, except for on the schedule 22 that you mentioned, were you able to find any 23 estimates from ISO regarding retirements in the 24 future? 25 THE WITNESS (Raffin): So ISO does have -- they look at

1 estimates in bag 2027. They anticipate an 2 additional 3700 megawatts of retirements in the 3 region; and 2100 megawatts of that being oil, 700 4 nuclear resources, and then 900 megawatts of coal 5 that will be retired. 6 MR. HOFFMAN: Okay. Very good. Thank you. 7 And then there was a question around the CS 8 Energy emergency response and the response to 9 interrogatory -- I'm sorry, the CS Energy 10 emergency action plan and the response to response 11 28 from our interrogatories -- just checking my 12 notes. 13 Can you talk about exactly what the facility 14 intends to do with respect to emergency response 15 and clarify the answer to response 28 on the 16 interrogatory? 17 THE WITNESS (Raffin): So the plan is, in fact, you 18 know, a sample plan or example plan, and it -- and 19 it does refer to elements that would not be 20 required for emergency action response to a solar 21 field. Our intention is to provide a more 22 site-specific emergency action plan as -- as a

replacement and followup to this.

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MR. HOFFMAN: And in looking at the response to 28, did
you intend to provide that merely as a template of

1	what would eventually be presented?
2	THE WITNESS (Raffin): That's correct.
3	MR. HOFFMAN: And then lastly, on some of the specifics
4	of the equipment, have you has Glenvale
5	actually spec'd out any of the equipment such that
6	you've purchased, panels, inverters, trackers?
7	Any of that sort of thing yet?
8	THE WITNESS (Raffin): The only equipment that we have
9	specified is the SMA 4000 inverter. That's a
10	power station.
11	The modules and racking have not been spec'd.
12	MR. HOFFMAN: Okay. So for the remainder of that
13	equipment, would you be willing to provide spec
14	sheets once you made your selection to the Council
15	as part of a D and M plan, or as part of a
16	compliance filing?
17	THE WITNESS (Raffin): Yes, we would.
18	MR. HOFFMAN: Mr. Morissette, I believe that that was
19	all the homework assignments that we were given.
20	If there's another assignment outstanding, I
21	missed it in my notes, and I'll take full blame
22	for that.
23	THE HEARING OFFICER: I have two other items, Attorney
24	Hoffman. I have one is the oil. How much oil?
25	And is there any containment for low-level oil

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alarms?

MR. HOFFMAN: Again, Mr. Morissette, subject to check
with Ms. Raffin, that that equipment, the
transformer, has also not been spec'd out. So we
would provide that as a spec sheet with everything
else.

THE HEARING OFFICER: Very good. Okay.

And the tracker DB levels and kilowatt hours? MR. HOFFMAN: Again, the same, same answer. We have not -- I specifically asked Ms. Raffin if Glenvale had selected a tracker, and the answer is no.

So we can provide that to the Council, either as a compliance filing or as part of a D and M plan, should the Council so choose.

15 THE HEARING OFFICER: Very good. Thank you.

16 So going back to the emergency action plan, is your intent to file that as part of the D and M 17 18 plan if this is approved? Or keeping the docket 19 open until such time that that is complied with? 20 MR. HOFFMAN: I think it's the Siting Council's 21 preference, Mr. Morissette. I believe that we can 22 either file that as a -- that was just an 23 indicative plan.

We don't have the site-specific, so we can either file that as a precondition to

1 construction, much as we would the stormwater 2 general permit. Or if a D and M plan is required, 3 it would be very easily inserted into a D and M 4 plan, and it would be site specific at that time. 5 THE HEARING OFFICER: Very good. I think if the б project's approved, part of the D and M plan would 7 be appropriate. 8 I will go back to Mr. Mercier and 9 Mr. Silvestri to see if the responses meet their 10 needs. Mr. Mercier? 11 MR. MERCIER: Yes, thank you for the responses. 12 I have no other questions. 13 THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you. Mr. Silvestri? 14 MR. SILVESTRI: I'm good with that so far, 15 Mr. Morissette. I thank the panel for getting 16 back to us. And again, it depends on where we go 17 with approval on the application. So thank you. 18 THE HEARING OFFICER: Very good. Thank you, 19 Mr. Silvestri, and thank you, panel, for taking up your break in obtaining those responses. 20 21 Okay. With that, we'll continue with 22 cross-examination by Mr. Nguyen, followed by Mr. Golembiewski. Mr. Nguyen? 23 24 Thank you, Mr. Morissette, and good MR. NGUYEN: 25 afternoon to everyone.

1 Ms. Raffin, if I might start with you 2 regarding the emergency plans? And I understand 3 that it's going to be Connecticut-specific in the 4 D and M plan. 5 I just want to confirm that the specific б contact list for local contact in Putnam would be 7 part of that plan as well? 8 THE WITNESS (Raffin): So if I understand the question 9 you're asking, if the contact list for the owner 10 represent -- representatives for emergency would 11 be provided as local contacts? Is that -- is that 12 the question you're asking? 13 MR. NGUYEN: Yeah. The emergency plan that's submitted 14 has a list of all the contacts -- but it's in New 15 Jersey, and I just want to make sure that part of 16 the plan that would be submitted would be local 17 contacts. 18 THE WITNESS (Raffin): Yes. Yes. So, they would be 19 local contacts. They -- they may not be 20 Putnam-based contacts, but they're going to be 21 local to the area and be able to be responsive and 22 timely. 23 MR. NGUYEN: Yeah, Putnam. That's where you have the 24 Regarding the selection of inverter and project. 25 trackers and you indicated that the company has

1 not made the final selection. Is that right? THE WITNESS (Raffin): That's correct. 2 3 MR. NGUYEN: Now considering that the company has done 4 this type of project in the past, does the company 5 have, like, regular manufacturers of equipment б that they have done business with in the past? Or is it -- so, I guess the question is, what 7 8 contributes into the selection of equipment? 9 THE WITNESS (Raffin): So what contributes to the 10 selection of the equipment is availability, cost. 11 The -- the markets are very dynamic for solar 12 panel manufacturers, and as far as the racking 13 goes, different manufacturers have characteristics 14 that are more suitable for certain site 15 conditions. 16 So we would be looking to ensure that we 17 chose a racking manufacturer that was suitable for 18 this site, given the slopes. I'm specifically 19 referring to the slopes on the site. 20 So we have a selection of we -- we typically 21 go with tier one, and that, that's a Bloomberg 22 rating, tier one solar panel manufacturers that 23 have reliability, and their companies are 24 investment-grade companies. There, you know, 25 they're going to be compliant with TCLP.

1 And so selection of these manufacturers will 2 happen during the -- the process of securing a 3 contractor. So we expect that to happen this 4 fall.

5 MR. NGUYEN: And then I quess the same question б regarding the selection of panels. Has the 7 company made the final selection of panels since 8 they responded to number 49? Has it been 9 considered? And what's the status on that? 10 THE WITNESS (Raffin): So we have not made the final 11 panel selection. There's a number of panel 12 manufacturers that would -- would be suitable, and 13 those, that selection would be made, again, 14 around -- concurrent with the -- the finalization 15 of the contract with -- with the construction 16 company.

17 MR. NGUYEN: The current project is expected to 18 utilize -- it's about 8,925 panels.

Is that right?

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20 THE WITNESS (Raffin): That's correct.

21 MR. NGUYEN: And from now until the final selection is 22 made, would there be any chance that the number of 23 panels will be reduced while accomplishing the 24 same energy output objective? 25

THE WITNESS (Raffin): It is entirely possible that

1 that quantity of panels were based on a lower 2 wattage of panels at the time of the estimate. Ι 3 would have to run a calculation, but it wouldn't 4 go -- it wouldn't go down significantly. 5 So that estimate was based on a 485-watt б module. We think that the market -- we can 7 readily get available a 560-watt module, so. 8 MR. NGUYEN: Okay. But I'm not sure this question now 9 would be addressed to you regarding the facility 10 that will be monitored remotely, and it has the 11 ability to de-energize in the case of an 12 emergency. Now where is that monitored from? Is 13 it in Connecticut, or is it out of state? 14 THE WITNESS (Raffin): The operation and maintenance 15 provider has not yet been selected, but likely 16 their control center is likely out of state. 17 MR. NGUYEN: So the control center will be contracted It's not by Glenvale itself? 18 out? 19 THE WITNESS (Raffin): Glenvale does not have a remote operations center. It -- the remote operations 20 21 center is typically the -- the resource of the 22 operation and maintenance provider. 23 MR. NGUYEN: Now moving on to the maintenance system 24 plan, page 6 of Exhibit F indicated that the grass 25 mowing will be three times per year.
1 Did you see that? 2 THE WITNESS (Raffin): Yes, this was the -- the 3 maintenance plan at the time contemplated -- had 4 not contemplated the sheep grazing. We were at 5 the time in discussions with the Department of б Agriculture and not -- not yet certain that we 7 would be using sheep grazing. So that's why it 8 references mowing three times a year. 9 So it could be more if it needed? MR. NGUYEN: 10 Is that fair to assume? 11 THE WITNESS (Raffin): It could be more. It will 12 likely be less if there are sheep. 13 MR. NGUYEN: Referencing response to number 30, there 14 was a question regarding the 366 feet where the 15 inverter will be located. And the Respondent 16 indicated that the revised location is 137 17 plus-minus feet. 18 My apology. I'm still unclear on that 366 19 number, in reference to what's the context of that 20 366. Are we talking about the same property 21 owner? 22 THE WITNESS (Raffin): If I'm not mistaken, and we 23 could -- we could confirm this by -- by doing the 24 measurements, but my understanding is 137 feet is 25 the distance from the inverter to the nearest

1	boundary line of adjacent parcels. And the 366
2	feet, it's my understanding that that is from
3	from the road.
4	THE WITNESS (Gaudet): That that's correct. Jennifer
5	from All-Points. The 366 feet is the measurement.
6	It it was an increase from the earlier location
7	in a preliminary design for the the pad and the
8	inverter. And the 137 feet is to the nearest
9	property line.
10	MR. NGUYEN: Thank you.
11	THE HEARING OFFICER: Anything else, Mr. Nguyen?
12	MR. NGUYEN: Yes, I am I am looking at that. Give
13	me one second. Let me make sure that I don't have
14	anything else.
15	Yeah, I believe that's all I have,
16	Mr. Morissette. And thank you very much.
17	THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you, Mr. Nguyen.
18	We'll now continue with cross-examination of
19	the Applicant by Mr. Golembiewski, followed by
20	Mr. Lynch. Mr. Golembiewski?
21	MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: Thank you, Mr. Morissette, and good
22	afternoon, everyone. I guess I'll start my
23	questioning with essentially the narrative,
24	starting with the site selection part of it on
25	page essentially starting on page 3, but really

on page 4.

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I guess I had a question on, it talks about the criteria that were used to, I guess, essentially determine this site, to find this site. And I'm looking at the criteria on page 4. There's bullets, four bullets there. And I guess my question initially is, as I read those, I don't necessarily understand all of them.

And I guess, first of all -- I guess my first question is, why? Why Putnam? Why this site? Was there a search area that you had identified in a certain part of the state, or?

13 THE WITNESS (Raffin): So Lisa Raffin with Glenvale. 14 We, when we -- when we search for areas of the 15 state, or areas of a state -- we do work in other 16 states -- we -- we look for a number, and 17 depending on, you know, specific conditions. It 18 could be federal, federal support or state support 19 for a program. We will take that sort of search 20 criteria and apply it.

So for example, how we landed in -- in Putnam is we believed that the -- the distribution lines to the east of the property were transmission lines, and that this property could support a transmission level project. We learned through the interconnection application process that this is the site -- that those are distribution lines, and that that is part of a loop coming out of the Tracy Substation to the south of -- of the parcel. And it's a 23 kV loop that would support up to 5 megawatts. So during our pre-application process, we learned that it -- that that circuit would support five megawatts.

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We then look at the characteristics of the land, the proximity of various features. There's a wastewater treatment plant. There's a gravel pit to the south. There are two industrial plants. The -- the general area is supportive of kind of sensitive siting with respect to -- with respect to siting solar.

And then we'll kind of drill in and look more closely at attributes of the land, wetlands, agricultural and core forest primarily as those three screens, and we'll make a determination as to whether it's -- it's an appropriate site to locate a solar field.

And then finally, we look at, you know, does the -- does the landowner have -- is the landowner interested in entering into an agreement to either lease the land or, in -- in some cases, sell the land?

And in this case, the landowner was -they -- they own several parcels. They own a parcel across the street, a parcel to the north. It's been in the family for generations. They had no plan for this land.

Three out of the 32 acres are -- are leased out to a local dairy farmer. Those three acres are used for feed corn. And the dairy farmer, the dairy farmer plants about 1,200 acres a season to support their -- their heads of cow. And so loss of those three acres was not impactful to that dairy farmer.

15 So a long-winded answer for, you know, 16 several screens that start from kind of a higher 17 zoomed-out level down to very site-specific 18 characteristics and concerns that we look for. 19 MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: So if I understand, the first sort 20 of screen is to be somewhat close to that, that 21 23kv line or a similar type of transmission 22 situation.

23 THE WITNESS (Raffin): Yeah.

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MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: So how far would you look beyond?
 How far of a connection, I guess, is feasible or

prudent?

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THE WITNESS (Raffin): Right. That's a good question. So for lower voltage lines, you want to get as close as possible. We -- we, you know, we think it's most cost-effective and least impactful to not have to run new distribution lines back to existing distribution lines.

All of our projects have transmission and/or distribution lines running adjacent to or through the sites. I know that developers sometimes will, you know, run some, you know, up to a mile or half a mile, or whatever.

But we tend to look for interconnection that is -- that is going to be on site so that we don't have to -- yeah, we don't have to run new lines. MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: Okay. Can I ask a question? In your search criteria, existing, developed and/or disturbed sites, like say, such as Brownfields, do you look for those first?

THE WITNESS (Raffin): We do. They -- that they're more difficult to -- to develop. Glenvale has, in its existence in four years, has not developed on any Brownfields or landfills.

I have experience developing on landfill, but
 we -- we do look for sites that have, you know, an

1	industrial loose or industrial use or some
2	some, you know, non-greenfield, non-greenfield
3	purpose or use.
4	MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: So say like in this situation, like
5	Day Kimball Hospital is to the northwest. The
6	town sewage treatment facility site is to the
7	east. Did you even consider those? Or were those
8	too far, or?
9	THE WITNESS (Raffin): We we did look at those.
10	The the development on the on the hospital
11	site would have been primarily rooftop and
12	carport, and that would have been cost
13	prohibitive.
14	MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: Okay.
15	THE WITNESS (Raffin): The wastewater treatment plant,
16	I don't think that we saw a feasible area to be
17	able to develop four megawatts on that site.
18	MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: Okay. I think that answers that
19	question well. I guess my only thought is, so,
20	you know, you as you drill down into, like you
21	said, the slope, the environmental, you know,
22	aspects, you know, as I look at this, as far as I
23	can tell there will be a loss of prime farmland
24	soils I don't know if somewhere around three
25	acres. There will be some loss of core forest. I

think it's about eight acres.

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How does that fit into your, I guess, search criteria? Because is that -- in your opinion, in this business, is that an average impact or not? You know, is that a common impact? THE WITNESS (Raffin): As I understand the question, you're asking me if it's a common impact? In other words, would -- it's not something we specifically target.

Is it common to see use of agricultural land or forest for -- re-purposed for renewable energy, whether it be wind or solar? It is but, you know -- and "common" is kind of a broader term. You know, I think the tendency we've seen and what we look for is low impact. So the tendency is to kind of avoid use of agricultural land as much as possible.

When we saw on this site, in particular, specifically we saw three acres being currently used out of five acres of state prime farmland. And we looked to various ways in which we could mitigate that impact, including preparing and providing replacement acreage across the street that is not currently being farmed. And -- and we felt that that would be an appropriate option. So is it? Is it common in New England? It tends to be kind of common when you look at developers around the region. We don't target it, and we look to avoid it.

MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: Yeah, okay. Because, I mean, as I see it, about -- I think about 12 acres of the 16 or so of the development will be cleared and grubbed forest. Is that accurate?

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9 THE WITNESS (Raffin): Yeah, it's my understanding that
 10 it was a small core forest. Maybe Dean has it. I
 11 see Dean is coming up.

THE WITNESS (Gustafson): Yeah, I can. I can provide
 some clarification on this. So with respect to
 core forest impacts, the majority of the forest on
 the property is classified as edge forest.

And the actual small core forest, there is a small core forest component that is on the project site and would be impacted by the actual project clearing, but that only equates to about two acres of actual small core forest habitat impact.

And that core forest block, as it currently stands today, is approximately 34 acres. So we'll reduce that to about 32 acres. When you take into account some of the edge forest, the effect that you would have, it reduces it to 26 acres, the

1 edge forest being 300 feet from the edge of the 2 clearing into the core forest. 3 So that reduction in core forest size won't 4 change the small core forest category and will 5 still remain and function as a small core forest 6 block. 7 MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: Okay. Thank you. 8 THE WITNESS (Gustafson): You're welcome. 9 MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: So I know that sheep grazing is 10 being proposed at the site, but that is not being 11 required as part of some type of Department of 12 Agriculture review of the project. 13 Is that correct? 14 THE WITNESS (Raffin): My understanding is that it's --15 it's not required. 16 MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: So my question, why do it then? 17 THE WITNESS (Raffin): Our thinking is that the 18 Department of Agriculture and the State have a 19 desire to not have a loss of agricultural land to 20 solar, and we considered several options. 21 We felt that sheep grazing was the preference 22 that the State would have. And so we pursued 23 that. Other -- other options such as -- yeah, 24 other options could still be considered and we're 25 open to that.

1 MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: But that wouldn't change their determination on the farmland soils. 2 3 THE WITNESS (Raffin): It did not change their 4 determination. We -- we got a letter, an impact 5 letter, and then we had two meetings with the б Department of Ag -- Agriculture, in which we 7 endeavored to understand the best solution for 8 this, for this project and this site. 9 And we submitted a sheep grazing, seasonal 10 sheep grazing plan. And we received a letter of 11 impact, an impact letter upon the -- the 12 completion of that as well, so. 13 MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: So you're trying to get as close to 14 what would be expected to offset that loss of 15 farmland soil? Is that sort of, you're trying to 16 get as close as you can? 17 THE WITNESS (Raffin): We're trying to submit an 18 acceptable plan. 19 MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: Okay, but that messes up the fencing 20 issue. Doesn't it to some extent? If you don't 21 have to do it -- right? Then so there's a 22 different fencing scenario that if you do that, 23 you would have to use. Correct? 24 THE WITNESS (Raffin): I -- I believe you're correct, 25 that there are different fencing solutions based

on desired outcomes, depending on who's occupying inside the fence and who -- who needs to get in and through the site from outside of the fence, who being animals.

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And -- and you know, I think it would be our expectation that we'll be able to find a fencing solution should we move forward with the sheep grazing. We are -- we are committed to providing the sheep grazing if that is what is, you know, if that is what is the best solution for this project.

And if the Council has a direction, or even the Town has some preference that is acceptable to the Council and acceptable to the State, then we would entertain a different solution. We are, you know, we are -- we are committed to providing a solution that's acceptable for all constituents. MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: Okay. I know at least the spec on the plan shows a seven-foot high, I guess, metal fence. And I know it might have been Mr. Mercier talked about essentially some type of wildlife friendly fence that would allow, I think, small mammals and such through.

I know that is -- I think that's sort of a
 recommended wildlife BMP. Does that create a

1 conflict with the sheep grazing? 2 THE WITNESS (Raffin): I think we'd have to consult the 3 sheep -- sheep farmer. I'm, you know, not an 4 expert in that, but that could. 5 MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: Okay. 6 THE WITNESS (Gustafson): Yeah, and if I can just jump 7 in real quick. Dean Gustafson from All-Points. 8 I'm certainly not a sheep expert, but with respect 9 to fencing, you know, typical farm fencing, if 10 we're using a four- to six-inch mesh, then that 11 would effectively allow for a four-inch gap at the 12 bottom of the fence for small wildlife, 13 particularly herpetofauna. 14 We know that there's vernal pool habitat to 15 the south. So we expect some migration, 16 particularly in the southern part of the project. 17 That would not impede, particularly turtles as 18 well, it wouldn't impede any of those wildlife 19 movements. 20 MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: Okay. And I guess once -- you 21 brought it up, so I'm going to talk about it, the 22 vernal pool. So as I understand it, the vernal 23 pool is at the southern limits of the property. 24 And that the forestland that would be cleared to 25 the north for the panels, much of it is within

that 750-foot, I guess, plus hundred vernal pool, if you want to call it, evaluation area. 2 3 Is that true? 4 THE WITNESS (Gustafson): Dean Gustafson from 5 All-Points. That's correct. So we did -- and we б provided this in the Applicant Exhibit 1, in 7 attachment -- attachment G, which is our 8 environmental assessment. 9 We provided a full analysis of the project's 10 potential impacts to that vernal pool habitat, as 11 well as the associated terrestrial conservation 12 zones, both the hundred-foot terrestrial habitat, 13 the vernal pool envelope zone, as well as the 14 larger critical terrestrial habitat zone, a 15 hundred to 750 feet away from the site. 16 And through that analysis, we determined that 17 the proposed development would only result in a 6 18 percent increase in the developed habitat within 19 the CTH, which resulted in a total of 23 percent 20 of development within the CTH at project 21 completion. 22 So we're -- we're below the 25 percent 23 developed threshold that's recognized under the 24 Calhoun-Klemens best development practices, and is 25 also compliant with the Army Corps New England

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district's vernal pool best management practices.

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But a significant portion of the projects -project will be located within the agricultural field, the cultivated field, which is included within that analysis. And that cultivated field is considered suboptimal habitat for those obligate vernal pool species.

You know, typically you would see wood frog and spotted salamander. We only saw spotted salamander usage, and that species requires usage of, you know, well-forested upland habitat as part of its life cycle.

So we feel the project will not have a significant adverse effect to that breeding population, but we have incorporated some conservation measures, including some plantings as well as a restrictive barrier along the southern basin so it doesn't become a decoy pool.

And we also have a resource protection plan
 that will be implemented during construction so
 that there isn't any incidental take of those
 species during construction of the facility.
 MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: Okay. The barrier that would be
 around the southern detention basin, is that going
 to be spec'd out as the permanent fencing?

1	THE WITNESS (Gustafson): That's correct. It's
2	permanent restrictive barrier fencing.
3	MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: Okay.
4	THE WITNESS (Gustafson): And it's constructed it's
5	manufactured specifically for this usage.
6	MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: What about during construction? How
7	would you I mean, clearly you can't avoid I
8	mean, I can't imagine you could avoid migration,
9	the spring migration season.
10	And then, you know, I guess if you want to
11	call it I'm not sure if it's a fall, you know,
12	juvenile migration also. How would you handle
13	actual during construction? And there will be, I
14	guess, temporary sediment traps and such.
15	THE WITNESS (Gustafson): Yes. No, that's a great
16	question. So as as Eric LaBatte kind of talked
17	about some of the project phasing, answering some
18	of the questions from Mr. Mercier, you know,
19	initially the site would they would clear, do a
20	limited clearing around the project perimeter.
21	And that is initially to install the perimeter
22	controls, sill fencing. And that will
23	essentially will effectively create a barrier
24	for any species to move in or out of the facility.
25	Once that barrier is constructed and fully

envelops the project site, before they start mobilizing for full site clearing activities and grubbing activities, we would sweep the area. Assuming that we're within the active, you know, active season, we would sweep the entire project area, move any animals out of that, and -- and then allow them to start the clearing/grubbing activities.

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9 Once -- as they're doing that, and if 10 we're -- we are within a particularly sensitive 11 period, as you mentioned, the early spring 12 migration or the late summer emigration out of the 13 pools, you know, we would -- we would tailor some 14 of our monitoring to ensure that any movements 15 that are occurring, you know, if there are any 16 late dispersal species or whatnot that are still within the project perimeter, we would move those 17 18 species out of the way, and also monitor those 19 perimeter controls that are isolation barriers to 20 ensure that they're being properly maintained, 21 that there aren't breaches in them that allow 22 animals to get in while the construction is 23 ongoing.

MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: Okay. Question for you. I know you
 had mentioned something about some multiple means

or multiple paths for the salamanders to get to the vernal pool. One path could be through the proposed project area. Is that correct? THE WITNESS (Gustafson): That's -- that's correct. I mean, so what we would expect post-development, it would be kind of similar to what we're anticipating for the current major migratory routes for these species.

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You know, there's fairly -- the wetland system that occurs south of the property -- on the property boundary and then extends further south is all a forested wetland system. There's some forested terrestrial habitat, obviously on our property, but also to the south on the adjacent parcel. And then that corridor extends eastward across the airline trail.

And what we anticipate today is that the major migratory vectors that are moving in and out of this pool are coming from mainly the forested habitat on the property, kind of on the eastern end. And because you have a cultivated field that is pretty suboptimal habitat, so we wouldn't expect.

And as you go further north and also west of that field, you have residences, you have existing

1 other agricultural fields. So it's -- we're not 2 expecting a lot of movement from those directions. 3 And then we'd obviously expect directions 4 from offsite, from the south, which we wouldn't 5 impede, as well as movement from the east, which 6 this project wouldn't impede. 7 MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: Would you object to monitoring the 8 pool for a couple seasons after to see the egg 9 mass numbers -- because I think you said there was 10 maybe, I forget, 55 maybe egg masses? 11 THE WITNESS (Gustafson): Yeah, your memory is correct. 12 We -- we had noted 55 spotted salamander egg 13 masses. 14 MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: Would you expect an immediate drop, 15 potentially, the year after construction? 16 THE WITNESS (Gustafson): We wouldn't, but just keep in 17 mind that we just have one data point from one 18 season, and then that there's natural variations 19 in breeding density from year to year. 20 MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: Sure. 21 THE WITNESS (Gustafson): So we could conceivably, you 22 know, if -- and this would be up to Glenvale 23 whether they would agree to. 24 You know, let's say this is a condition or a 25 suggestion from you, but if we do monitor it for,

let's say, two years post-construction, you know we only have one data point pre-construction. So we may see a drop to -- let's just throw out a number -- to 45. You know that's certainly within the realm of natural variations from season to season, but it could provide some -- some insight.

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If we continue to see a drop, say, a year after we're down to 40, and then a year after that we're down to 20, then we know something is going on and that the facility may have had an effect, but we still have limited data from pre-construction. So it would be difficult to draw some real good conclusions, but it -- it would have -- would be able to provide some data.

And we could draw some, some conclusions out of that, but like I said, with just one season of monitoring it's -- it would be difficult.

MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: Would any of the other stormwater
 basins or swales cause any decoy effect or inhibit
 migration?

THE WITNESS (Gustafson): Again, another great question. And with respect to post-construction monitoring, that would -- from a potential effect of this breeding population, that would -- that would be the biggest benefit, is to see if some of these other basins -- the basin that's out by the road on the west side of the project and then the smaller one on the far north end just to see if for some reason those are being -- are capturing some type of migration. That I would see as the biggest benefit of doing some post-construction monitoring.

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That being said, because of the existing suboptimal habitat in those zones of the project, we wouldn't anticipate those would function as decoy pools. That's why we focused in on the southern basin. It's the one that's closest to the vernal pool, and it's also situated within current forested habitat.

And it is within a zone of vector migration that we anticipate currently exists.

MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: I know there's an area, an additional area that needs to be cleared close to the vernal pool that's not going to be stumped. And my understanding, as I read the plan, is that it's going to be converted to a scrub-shrub sort of situation, or habitat type.

Is there any potential for shading impacts to
 the pool from clearing that area, clearing the
 trees from that area?

THE WITNESS (Gustafson): So again, Dean Gustafson, from All-Points. With respect to, let's -- let's say, shading or thermal effects to the vernal pool, I would be most concerned if we were altering any of the habitat, the forest habitat within the vernal pool envelope, within 100 feet of the vernal pool.

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That area which is, again, is being selectively cleared because it has a shading effect on the -- the solar facility, we don't feel that that area will have a significant effect on the -- the chemistry or water temperature of the nearby vernal pool, particularly since we're outside the vernal pool envelope.

But it is a reason why we did -- one of the main reasons why we did want to provide additional cover with using native shrubs, because it -- it is within a relatively close proximity to that vernal pool. It's within an existing terrestrial habitat.

So by providing, you know, a fairly dense planting of native shrubs we're still going to provide good cover habitat within that zone, and that would also help mitigate any possible secondary effects with respect to, you know, water 1 chemistry or temperature within the nearby vernal 2 pool.

3 MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: Would sort of -- I don't want to say 4 creating forest litter, but could -- as part of the planting also you could bring in some, maybe some leaf litter from some of the areas that were going to be grubbed?

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8 Because my understanding with salamanders --9 and I'll ask you the question -- when they're 10 outside of the pool, do they inhabit moist areas 11 under the leaf litter and around trees? 12 THE WITNESS (Gustafson): Yes. Yeah, so there their 13 preferred habitat -- and spotted salamanders are a 14 group of mole salamanders. And there they're 15 aptly named because they spend a significant part 16 of their life cycle underground. But they do 17 prefer, you know, moist soils within a forested, 18 terrestrial forested habitat that has, you know, a 19 significant duff layer; and so leaves, needle 20 covering, whatnot.

21 We can certainly import some material in that 22 area, make sure that that duff layer is -- is at 23 least staying consistent with the current 24 conditions. Right now, today, there isn't a 25 significant duff layer in that area, and they're

not particularly moist soils, but there they could be utilized. We can't discount them entirely.

And so we could move some of the leaf litter out of that area once they -- as part of the clearing operation. And also as part of that mitigation area, we would also retain some stumps and branches and to provide additional cover habitat for -- for both mole salamanders as well as other small wildlife as habitat enhancement. MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: All right. Thank you. I probably have spent a lot of time on that.

THE WITNESS (Gustafson): Oh, you're welcome.

MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: I had one last question, and that's sort of -- I guess it's similar to maybe some of the other questions on the decommissioning plan.

I noticed that in the decommissioning plan, there was an expectation that the salvage value would exceed the cost of decommissioning, and I was wondering where that statement came from, and are there studies that support that? THE WITNESS (Raffin): So there there's quite a variety. This is Lisa Raffin with Glenvale. There's quite a variety of forecasting around this for a smaller field. The cost to decommission is going to be much lower. It's just by virtue of

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having less to do.

2	The expectation that there's salvage value in
3	terms of glass, aluminum, copper, steel, that
4	that's a forecast. We I don't have any
5	specific source to cite that, except that our
6	internal calculations and expectations around
7	salvage value and costs 30 years out indicate
8	that.
9	MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: Okay. And would that, I guess,
10	accounting, does that take into account the is
11	the stormwater, the new stormwater system going to
12	be removed essentially, or left in place, or?
13	THE WITNESS (Raffin): My understanding is that the
14	traps will be converted to to features that
15	they're supportive of an agricultural use. They
16	won't be completely moved.
17	I'd look to All-Points for some sort of
18	clarification on this response.
19	MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: Okay. That's all I have,
20	Mr. Morissette.
21	THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you, Mr. Golembiewski.
22	We'll now continue with cross examination by
23	Mr. Lynch, followed by myself. Mr. Lynch?
24	MR. LYNCH: Mr. Morissette, can you hear me?
25	THE HEARING OFFICER: I can hear you.

1 Thank you, Mr. Lynch. 2 MR. LYNCH: Because I'm having a hard time hearing 3 everybody else. So I didn't know whether it was 4 my computer or not. 5 First off, Mr. Silvestri and I have been on б this Council way too long. So we have a lot of 7 the same questions -- but he asks them much better 8 than I do with my speech problems, but I do want 9 to follow up on a couple of his questions. One 10 was a maintenance issue. 11 I just want to get a clarification. Did I 12 hear right that the maintenance would all be done 13 internally or, you know, as far as the 14 transformers and inverters and stuff? Now is that 15 internally by employees, or do you subcontract 16 out? 17 THE WITNESS (Raffin): So I believe the question is 18 referring to maintenance of the -- the 19 photovoltaic system itself. The plan is to have 20 an operations and maintenance provider, that a 21 subcontractor provide maintenance to the system. 22 MR. LYNCH: All right. Thank you. I kind of thought 23 that was going to be the case. 24 As far as the rotary tracking system, 25 Mr. Silvestri asked you about that also. I pretty

1	much got the snow part of it, but my question
2	follows up with if it's just extreme heat, either
3	too cold or too hot, does that impact the system?
4	THE WITNESS (Paffin). Lisa Paffin from Glenvale not
5	to my knowledge
2	to my knowledge.
0	MR. LYNCH: Pardon?
7	THE WITNESS (Raffin): Not to my knowledge, that
8	extreme temperatures impact
9	MR. LYNCH: I'm just going to follow up again with
10	that.
11	THE WITNESS (Raffin): Okay.
12	MR. LYNCH: If it's extremely cold and we've had a lot
13	of rain, can the system ice up and be unable to
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7.4	rotate?
15	THE WITNESS (Raffin): That is possible. And it
16	would it would go into stow mode. So the
17	trackers would go into a stow mode. If there were
18	a storm, the panels would be placed in stow mode.
19	MR. LYNCH: Now how would you be notified of that?
20	Would someone be on site? Or is there an internal
21	system that would tell you they're not operating?
22	THE WITNESS (Raffin): So there's a data acquisition
23	system that the monitoring of which would signal
24	by the monte ence the monte of whiteh would bight
∠4	to this remote operation center that there, the
25	trackers were in stow mode. So they would know

that remotely.

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MR. LYNCH: Thank you. I'm going to come back to the equipment for a second. I think Attorney Hoffman made a good suggestion on getting the spec sheets for some of these equipment, but I want to turn to you mentioned in the introduction -- I mean, in the docket that the -- well, I can't read my own notes here.

That the market for panels is -- it's my understanding that it used to be a volatile market. Now is that still the case, or has it calmed down? And where are these? You know, how difficult is it for you to order in advance these, these panels?

THE WITNESS (Raffin): It's not difficult to order the
 panels in advance, but we order sort of just in
 time for the -- for the panels to arrive in
 tractor trailers for the project.

So it's premature to order the panels now,
 but with, you know, two- to six-month lead time,
 we would get panels on site.

MR. LYNCH: Now, is it first order, first served?
 THE WITNESS (Raffin): Always.

## MR. LYNCH: All right. Has the market calmed down, or is it still a volatile market?

1 THE WITNESS (Raffin): I would say that the market 2 is -- still has some disruption considering the --3 the impact of COVID as well as the Auxin petition, 4 which subjected panels to -- to import tariffs. 5 However, Biden put a 24-month extension on б waiving those import tariffs, and I believe this 7 project would not have -- not have any difficulty 8 getting panels for the project. 9 MR. LYNCH: Okay. Now as far as some of the other 10 equipment is concerned, the transformer inverters, 11 with all the storms throughout Texas, Oklahoma, 12 Alabama, and Georgia, there's going to be a big 13 demand for a lot of this electrical equipment, and 14 also part of COVID. 15 Does that impact your scheduling? 16 THE WITNESS (Raffin): I'm not sure if that region has 17 a direct impact on our scheduling, but we -- we 18 are making plans for longer lead electrical 19 equipment, such that we're going to be releasing 20 limited notices to proceed to our contractor to 21 procure equipment, specifically inverter and 22 transformer lead times. 23 Those are the longest lead equipment. 24 MR. LYNCH: Now just another clarification from 25 Mr. Silvestri. Did I hear you -- I probably

1 didn't. Did I hear you that the control of the 2 transformer and the inverters would all be by your 3 company, and you wouldn't need the power company 4 to come in and do any service? 5 THE WITNESS (Pereira): I can jump in on that. б Joseph Pereira from Glenvale. 7 The inverters -- or the inverter, the single 8 inverter at this site is ours. It's our 9 responsibility to maintain. And the transformer 10 as well because of the nature of this type of 11 installation is also ours and Eversource's to 12 provide. 13 MR. LYNCH: Thank you. 14 Mr. Gustafson, you have a seven-foot fence 15 surrounding the facility, and my question 16 concerns -- and you're going to have livestock 17 within the facility certain times of the year. 18 What would prevent -- and I speak from experience 19 here from a lot of my beekeeper friends who have 20 bears break right through their fence, and coyotes 21 crawl under their fence to get to it, and these 22 fences are electrified. Do you foresee a problem 23 with bears or coyotes? 24 THE WITNESS (Gustafson): Well, there certainly could 25 be an issue with those, those predatory species,

you know, particularly with bears. If they want to get in through a fence, they can easily take down some of the strongest fences out there. So there's not much you're going to be able to do about bear or coyote.

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You know, the standard farm fencing, as long as it's installed correctly will be a deterrent, but certainly whoever's managing the sheep herd will be monitoring, you know, those -- those potential intrusions and incursions from those species.

MR. LYNCH: Just to follow up on the sheep for a
 second? In one of the interrogatories, it says
 it's going to be -- sheep are going to be on site
 seasonally. What is the season?

16 THE WITNESS (Aravindan): This is Ajay Aravindan from 17 Glenvale. We have a proposal from this company 18 called Lambscaping Rhode Island, and they 19 mentioned the season as May 1st to November 15th. 20 MR. LYNCH: I'm just wondering. You also mentioned in 21 the interrogatory -- I don't remember which one --22 that you may in the future look to the ISO for the 23 forward capacity market.

What would be the circumstances that would
 have you participate in the forward capacity

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## <sup>2</sup> THE WITNESS (Raffin): Lisa Raffin from Glenvale.

We -- we have a 20-year contract tariff with Eversource that is for bundled energy and -- and attributes. So after 20 years the project, unless there's an extension of that contract, the project could sell energy and unbundled attributes.

In other words, it could participate in the forward capacity market at that point in time. MR. LYNCH: I just didn't hear the last part.

Say that again?

THE WITNESS (Raffin): After the 20-year term it could
 participate in the forward capacity market.

MR. LYNCH: Also -- I forget which interrogatory. I should have written down the numbers here. You say that you are not going to use battery power as backup, but you do leave it open sometime in the future, you know, to possibly use batteries.

What would be, again, the circumstance that
 would cause you to, you know, to use batteries as
 storage, rather? Not backup storage, but
 batteries?

THE WITNESS (Raffin): Correct. Thank you, Mr. Lynch.
 It's Lisa Raffin with Glenvale. So the State of
 Connecticut is considering a front-of-the-meter

1 storage procurement, and has, I believe -- we 2 expect to see a procurement by DEEP in the future. 3 We don't have a timeline on that. 4 So in the event there is a procurement for 5 front-of-the-meter battery storage and if there is б appropriate conditions on-site, we -- we would 7 entertain adding battery storage to this, to this 8 site. 9 MR. LYNCH: All right. Thank --10 THE WITNESS (Raffin): It would be --11 MR. LYNCH: No -- go. 12 THE WITNESS (Raffin): My last sentence is, it would be 13 a sort of stand-alone project. In other words, 14 the battery storage would be AC-coupled. 15 MR. LYNCH: I'm going to come a little bit to your 16 emergency plan for fire. I should know the answer 17 to this, but I don't. Does Putnam have a 18 volunteer fire department, or a paid fire 19 department? 20 ELAINE SISTARE: Hello. It's Elaine Sistare from the 21 town of Putnam. Can I answer that question? 22 THE HEARING OFFICER: Unfortunately, you cannot. This 23 is the evidentiary hearing and only witnesses that are sworn in can. 24 25 Elaine, maybe you could submit that MR. LYNCH:

tonight.

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My other question would be as far as any damage to the panels from storms, you know, whether wind, rain, snow, whatever. A lot of the individual panels could be damaged.

My question is, how long would it take for these panels to be swapped out and back in operation? And if the whole site for some reason went down, how long would it be before you could then get everything back up and operating again?

What's the timeframe we're looking at? THE WITNESS (Raffin): Lisa Raffin from Glenvale. For a handful of panels, that they would be replaced probably within a week. There will be attic stock stored offsite for replacement of damaged panels, and that's in the, you know, two to a couple dozen kind of quantity for, you know, a catastrophic event where the -- the whole field or a major portion of the solar field was -- was damaged.

I would expect, barring delays from insurance providers, that the field could -- could be restored in -- within six months. MR. LYNCH: Now would the time of year, the season of

24 the year impact, you know, getting everything back 25 online? THE WITNESS (Raffin): Lisa Raffin from Glenvale. We
 here in New England have installed solar fields
 year-round. So you know, except for, like, the
 most severe storms like the storm of 1978, we
 would -- we would be able to work right through
 all four seasons.

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MR. LYNCH: Okay. Getting back to the fire department for a second, your site is pretty tight. They wouldn't be able to get any of their big truck -or they couldn't get some of their big trucks in there, not the big ladder truck.

But you know, that their concern is not being trapped inside a one-gate facility, and they need room to turn around. And it doesn't seem to me that they have enough room. It looks from the sites here that you've given us, it doesn't look like there's much room for these trucks to move around.

The big ladder truck would operate from
outside the facility, but there is a lot of trees,
and they wouldn't be able to get the hose up high
enough to spray the whole facility. So I think
that's a concern you have to look at.
THE WITNESS (Raffin): Lisa Raffin from Glenvale. The
Putnam Fire Department is a volunteer fire

1 department. So that answers a prior question. 2 The emergency action plan will cover this, 3 but an electrical fire is not going to be fought 4 with water. That the --5 MR. LYNCH: No, go. Finish it. Then I'll come back. 6 THE WITNESS (Raffin): Okay. So fire is going to be 7 contained. It will just -- it will just -- it 8 will go out. The surrounding grass around the 9 exterior of the site, that would be, you know, 10 that would be -- that would be handled by the fire 11 department. 12 And if it were a dry, hot August and -- and 13 needed to be put out, then that could be reached. 14 MR. LYNCH: My follow-up question is, you said it 15 wouldn't be fought with water. What are they 16 going to use, foam or CO2? THE WITNESS (Raffin): Most fire departments just let 17 it burn out, I mean, if it's an electrical fire. 18 19 THE HEARING OFFICER: Mr. Lynch, anything else? 20 MR. LYNCH: I didn't hear the answer. 21 If they weren't going to use water, which 22 they will use, what other source would they use to 23 stop the fire? Either some type of foam or a CO2 24 compound. 25 THE WITNESS (Raffin): (Inaudible.)
1	MR. LYNCH: Am I not getting through here?
2	MR. HOFFMAN: I don't think he heard your prior
3	response, is the problem. He's having problems
4	with his speakers.
5	THE HEARING OFFICER: And it appears that Ms. Raffin is
6	having trouble with her audio.
7	THE WITNESS (Gaudet): If anyone would like, this is
8	Jennifer Gaudet, I can repeat what I heard her
9	say.
10	MR. HOFFMAN: Actually, did the Court Reporter get it?
11	Because if so, I'd rather just have the transcript
12	read back.
13	THE REPORTER: Yes, I did.
14	If you'll wait one moment, I believe it was a
15	brief answer.
16	Answer, most fire departments just let it
17	burn out. I mean, if it's an electrical fire.
18	THE HEARING OFFICER: Did you get that, Mr. Lynch?
19	MR. LYNCH: I got that. Thank you.
20	Two more quick questions. So Ms. Raffin is
21	offline, is that correct?
22	MR. HOFFMAN: Ms. Raffin, can you hear us?
23	THE WITNESS (Raffin): (Inaudible.)
24	THE HEARING OFFICER: I believe she is offline.
25	MR. HOFFMAN: May I make a suggestion? Ms. Raffin,

1 could you perhaps log off and then log back on? 2 MR. LYNCH: Oh, it's not necessary. I have one other 3 question. She doesn't have -- I think I know the 4 answer anyhow. She doesn't have to do that, 5 Attorney Hoffman. But my other question would be, you know, б 7 sometime in the future, I've been told that a lot 8 of these small --9 THE WITNESS (Raffin): I had a message to unmute. But 10 I'm -- I lost audio, so I don't know if you can 11 hear me. 12 THE HEARING OFFICER: Go ahead and ask your question, 13 Mr. Lynch. 14 MR. LYNCH: Is she back? 15 THE HEARING OFFICER: It's not clear whether she's back 16 or not, but please ask your question. 17 MR. LYNCH: My last question would be, I've heard that 18 sometime in the future, a lot of these small 19 little solar fields will be up for future sale. 20 You know, is this something that this company is 21 entertaining in the future? 22 And if so -- maybe this is an Attorney 23 Hoffman answer -- would all the contracts and 24 stuff still be the same? 25 THE HEARING OFFICER: Ms. Raffin, did you hear the

1 question? 2 THE WITNESS (Raffin): I just got audio back. Could 3 you repeat the question? 4 THE HEARING OFFICER: The question is, is that 5 Mr. Lynch understands that some of these smaller б facilities can go up for sale? And what's the 7 plan for that? And if it does, what happens to 8 the contracts associated with the facility? 9 Does it transfer with the sale? 10 Mr. Lynch, does that adequately --11 That's correct, Mr. Morissette. MR. LYNCH: 12 THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you, Mr. Lynch. 13 Did you get that, Ms. Raffin? 14 THE WITNESS (Raffin): Thank you. Thank you, Mr. Morissette. I did hear the question. 15 16 The -- the project is owned by a project 17 company, a special purpose entity. All contracts 18 are with that project company. And if ownership 19 changes from Glenvale to a different owner, then 20 all contracts and agreements will -- will go with 21 the project company. 22 MR. LYNCH: Mr. Morissette, I'm all set. 23 THE HEARING OFFICER: Great. Thank you, Mr. Lynch. Okay. We're getting late here. I'm going to ask 24 25 my questions and we'll end this hearing when I

1 complete my questions. Hopefully, we can get 2 through them rather quickly. 3 I would like to turn everyone's attention to 4 Exhibit A, map sheet -- or drawing sheet SB-1, 5 please? What I'd like to do is start, start out б with the landscaping plan that I understand. 7 Now I understand based on what we've 8 discussed today that privacy fencing will now 9 extend beyond the turnabout, and it also extends 10 along parallel with River Road. 11 How far along River Road does it go? Does it 12 go from north to the corner, or does it make the 13 corner and continue? 14 THE WITNESS (LaBatte): This is Mr. LaBatte with 15 All-Points Technology Corporation. Yes, per the 16 plan that the fence currently sort of hugs the --17 the panels. 18 Is that what you were just trying to get 19 clarification on, or did you want more 20 information? 21 THE HEARING OFFICER: No, I want to know how far south 22 they go on in the front, parallel with River Road. 23 THE WITNESS (LaBatte): Okay. You want a distance? THE HEARING OFFICER: Well, does it go to the corner? 24 25 THE WITNESS (LaBatte): Can you be more specific when

1	you refer to the corner?
2	THE HEARING OFFICER: Okay.
3	You've got the entrance gate.
4	THE WITNESS (LaBatte): Yeah?
5	THE HEARING OFFICER: If you go south, that's all going
6	to be privacy fence along the front of the
7	facility.
8	THE WITNESS (LaBatte): Correct.
9	THE HEARING OFFICER: And then down the end there's a
10	corner and it goes east.
11	Does the privacy fence end there?
12	THE WITNESS (LaBatte): I believe that was the
13	intention. It would end at that southern
14	arrowhead.
15	THE HEARING OFFICER: Great. Thank you. That's what I
16	figured. Okay. River Road is my understanding
17	is a pretty well-traveled road, that it's a road
18	that, to get to Putnam you would have to travel.
19	Was there any discussion or thought putting
20	landscaping in the front, parallel along River
21	Road in addition to the privacy fence?
22	THE WITNESS (Raffin): We this is Lisa Raffin from
23	Glenvale. We met with the Town in June of 2022,
24	and at the time we they had expressed interest
25	in in screening the solar fields from from

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1 the road. We -- there's also a concern for, you 2 know, plantings dying off and maintaining 3 plantings. 4 So rather than -- rather than plantings, we 5 went with the privacy slats. 6 THE HEARING OFFICER: Is the Town okay with that? Or 7 would they prefer landscaping, or do they have an 8 opinion? 9 THE WITNESS (Raffin): They -- they had not 10 expressed -- they had seen these plans, the 11 submission. They hadn't expressed any follow-up 12 requests. So we're -- we're not -- we're not 13 aware of any further requests, but certainly it's 14 not built yet and the plans are not final, and we 15 certainly would be open see something from the 16 Town and to some further requests. 17 THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you. Given the exposure along that road, it may be something that we may 18 19 want to look into as part of this project. 20 THE WITNESS (Raffin): Yeah, and so -- I mean, we may. 21 I should look for followup here from All-Points 22 regarding any impact on the stormwater features in 23 that area. They maybe have additional context as 24 to why we didn't choose to put plantings there. 25 THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you. Mr. LaBatte, do you

want to follow up on that?
 THE WITNESS (LaBatte): Sure thing. This is
 Mr. LaBatte with All-Points Technology
 Corporation. You really wouldn't want to try to
 place any plantings of scale for screening
 purposes in the area of the basin.

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The treeline itself, if you look at on SP-1, if you're still looking at that drawing, you can see where the treeline is in there. You don't want to run any -- any large planting in the basin. It wouldn't be able to support it with the slopes.

You could -- you could do some plantings, I guess, on the south side of the basin or perhaps north of it, just south of the entrance drive, but it wouldn't make sense, like I said before, to put them within the basin confines.

THE HEARING OFFICER: Okay. Very good. Thank you.
Now I know where the single inverter is in the
center of the drawing on the concrete, proposed
concrete equipment pad. Could you point out to me
where the transformer is?

THE WITNESS (Raffin): So the SMA 4000 is a power
 station that has the inverter and transformer
 packaged. So they'll go on the same pad.

1	THE HEARING OFFICER: I see. Okay. Good. And to the
2	left of the proposed equipment pad there's a
3	little box.
4	What is that proposed to be? To the left?
5	THE WITNESS (Raffin): I'm not certain what that is. I
6	think that's probably a representation of of
7	where the transformer is.
8	THE HEARING OFFICER: Okay.
9	THE WITNESS (Raffin): But it's not specific. It
10	wouldn't be anything different than that.
11	THE HEARING OFFICER: Very good. So all the noise from
12	the facility will be coming from this location,
13	given that both the transformer and the inverter
14	will be located here. Is that correct?
15	THE WITNESS (Raffin): That's correct.
16	THE HEARING OFFICER: Okay. So then we're going to go
17	23 kV underground and out to the two meter pads.
18	One meter pad will be the utilities, and one meter
19	pad will be the customer side. Is that correct?
20	THE WITNESS (Raffin): Yeah, we don't have a final
21	configuration from Eversource as of yet but
22	we're waiting on Eversource for that.
23	THE HEARING OFFICER: Okay. But essentially, that's
24	the intent. And by the way, nice job on the
25	interconnection going underground and using

pad-mount meter enclosures. This is what I would like to see for solar facilities going forward.

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Okay. I would like to turn to question 15 in the interrogatory responses. And the question has to do with moving the access road to the south. And I'd like to explore that a little bit more.

And what is said in the response is, that north of the property to avoid wetland area in the southwestern portion of the parcel and achieve the most efficient use of space on the site by minimizing road length and shading structures such as new utility poles.

Could you explain to me what that means, please?

THE WITNESS (Raffin): So if we were to -- this is Lisa
 Raffin from Glenvale. If we were to site the
 access road to the south and the interconnection
 facility and equipment to the south, there would
 be -- there would be shading impact from the
 utility pole. And there would also be a need to
 set back the field from the wetland buffer.

So we tried to put equipment to the north of the field so that there's no shading impact.

That's essentially -- that's essentially it.
 THE HEARING OFFICER: Okay. I don't understand the

1 shading impact, because you have one pole that's 2 parallel to the street. And to the extent that 3 that's going to provide or impede any shading 4 is -- I don't really see that it would do that. 5 But there seems to me that there's ample б space to the south to put an access road with a 7 turnaround and also have your pad-mounted 8 equipment, which would be a great distance away 9 from the property owner at 34 River Road. So I'm 10 not convinced that you can't do it. 11 And that the impact, I don't see the impact 12 on wetlands either, because you're a good distance 13 from the wetlands. However, does it impact the 14 CTH calculation? Maybe Mr. Gustafson would 15 provide guidance on that. 16 THE WITNESS (Raffin): So prior to Dean responding, 17 Pole 1184, and then there's 1186. And then as 18 you -- our interconnection point was with 1184. 19 So that would require a change of interconnection 20 with Eversource. 21 So that that's just one -- one consideration. 22 THE HEARING OFFICER: Does the primary go that far down River Road? Or does it end? 23 24 THE WITNESS (Raffin): I think it continues, but. 25 THE HEARING OFFICER: So I don't see that as a problem

1 either. 2 All right. Well, that's certainly getting it 3 away from 34 River Road. It would enhance the 4 project, in my opinion. 5 But anyways. Mr. Gustafson, maybe you want б to provide some information on wetland impacts and 7 CTH impacts, if there are any? 8 THE WITNESS (Gustafson): Just so I'm clear, you're 9 looking at sheet SP-1? 10 THE HEARING OFFICER: Yes. 11 THE WITNESS (Gustafson): And the area you're 12 contemplating for an alternate access would be at 13 the southern end. And on that sheet, there's the 14 label River Road? 15 THE WITNESS (Raffin): Correct. 16 THE WITNESS (Gustafson): So just north of the "d" in 17 River Road, you would be contemplating an access 18 at that point? 19 THE HEARING OFFICER: Yes. 20 THE WITNESS (Gustafson): Okay. Great. Just want to 21 make sure I was clear on the location. 22 So that particular area, it's -- it's within 23 the LOD of the facility. We -- although right now 24 it's not showing any development in that area, we 25 did include that in our calculations because it's

within the facility's LOD with respect to impact
 to the -- the vernal pool critical terrestrial
 habitat conservation zone.

So whether that remains vegetated in some fashion, it certainly wouldn't be optimal terrestrial habitat. It's not going to remain forested, but if you convert it from, let's say, a grass habitat to, you know, the gravel and some equipment pads, with respect to our analysis on the CTH it would have essentially no effect.

With respect to wetlands, yeah, you're getting closer to the most northwestern projection of that wetland system. You can see at the bottom of the corner of that page.

15 THE HEARING OFFICER: Uh-huh.

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THE WITNESS (Gustafson): And then that dashed line
 represents the hundred-foot upland review area,
 the local buffer zone. You know certainly, we're
 outside of that area.

So from a wetland impact perspective,
 obviously it wouldn't result in direct wetland
 impacts. From a secondary effect, it would have
 minimal effect, in my opinion.
 THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you, Mr. Gustafson.

<sup>25</sup> THE WITNESS (Gustafson): You're welcome.

1	THE HEARING OFFICER: So it appears to me that that
2	could be an alternative for access to the site and
3	something for us to consider in our deliberations
4	here.
5	I just want to confirm that the noise
6	calculations were calculated; we see 137 feet from
7	16 River Road, and that appeared to be the closest
8	resident. It wasn't 28 River Road?
9	THE WITNESS (Gaudet): Mr. Morissette. Jennifer Gaudet
10	for All-Points. The 137-foot distance is to the
11	property line associated with with 16 River
12	Road.
13	THE HEARING OFFICER: Uh-huh.
14	THE WITNESS (Gaudet): But the nearest residence is
15	actually on 34 River Road.
16	THE HEARING OFFICER: Okay.
17	THE WITNESS (Gaudet): As distinguished from the
18	property line itself.
19	THE HEARING OFFICER: Yes. And what was the distance
20	to the residence of 34?
21	THE WITNESS (Gaudet): Give me just a moment to
22	double-check that.
23	THE HEARING OFFICER: Was that the 92?
24	THE WITNESS (Gaudet): No, I believe it's you're
25	asking to the house itself?

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1 THE HEARING OFFICER: Yes. 2 THE WITNESS (Gaudet): If you'll give me just a moment, 3 I will -- will bring that up. 4 (Pause.) 5 I believe that's 416 feet to the nearest б residence, which is located at 34 River Road. 7 THE HEARING OFFICER: Very good. Thank you for that 8 response. 9 THE WITNESS (Gaudet): I apologize for the delay. 10 THE HEARING OFFICER: No problem. Okay. One final 11 question. Given my questions along moving the 12 access road to the south, I mean, is Glenvale 13 amenable to doing that? Or is that something that 14 you're totally against? THE WITNESS (Raffin): We would be amenable to it, as 15 16 long as it did not require Eversource restudying 17 the project. 18 The project has a commitment for a commercial 19 operation date in November of 2024. We -- we 20 expect to meet that with the current -- the 21 current schedule. So if there were -- Eversource 22 or ISO required a restudy of the project because 23 we moved two poles to the south, that would be a 24 significant issue that we would -- we would need 25 to take under advisement.

1 THE HEARING OFFICER: Okay. Thank you for that 2 response. 3 Okay. That concludes my questions for today. 4 What I'm going to do quickly, if we could, is see 5 if there's a question from any of the б Councilmembers or Mr. Mercier that's hanging out 7 there. I know we're running a little late, but 8 we'll wrap this up here shortly. We'll go through 9 and ensure that all questions have been asked. 10 Mr. Mercier, do you have any follow-up 11 questions? 12 MR. MERCIER: No, I do not. Thank you. 13 THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you. 14 Mr. Silvestri, any follow-up questions? 15 MR. SILVESTRI: I'm fine, Mr. Morissette. 16 Thanks for asking. THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you. 17 18 Let me see. Mr. Nguyen, any follow-up 19 questions? 20 MR. NGUYEN: I have no follow-up. Thank you. 21 THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you. 22 Mr. Golembiewski, any followup? 23 MR. GOLEMBIEWSKI: No followup. Thank you, 24 Mr. Morissette. 25 THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you.

1	Mr. Lynch, any followup?
2	MR. LYNCH: Negative.
3	THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you. And I have no
4	followup. Thank you. All right. With that, that
5	concludes our hearing for this afternoon. The
6	Council will recess until 6:30 p.m., at which time
7	we will commence with the public comment session
8	of this remote public hearing. So thank you,
9	everyone for your participation and your responses
10	this afternoon, and we'll see you at 6:30.
11	Thank you.
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13	(End: 5:14 p.m.)
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1	CERTIFICATE
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3	I hereby certify that the foregoing 124 pages
4	are a complete and accurate computer-aided
5	transcription of my original verbatim notes taken
6	of the remote teleconference meeting of THE
7	CONNECTICUT SITING COUNCIL in Re: DOCKET NO. 514,
8	APPLICATION FROM GLENVALE LLC, d/b/a GLENVALE
9	SOLAR, FOR A CERTIFICATE OF ENVIRONMENTAL
10	COMPATIBILITY AND PUBLIC NEED FOR THE
11	CONSTRUCTION, MAINTENANCE AND OPERATION OF A
12	4-MEGAWATT AC SOLAR PHOTOVOLTAIC ELECTRIC
13	GENERATING FACILITY LOCATED AT 56 RIVER ROAD IN
14	PUTNAM, CONNECTICUT, which was held before JOHN
15	MORISSETTE, Member and Presiding Officer, on June
16	15, 2023.
17	2
18	() Air /
19	Robert G. Dixon, CVR-M 857
20	Notary Public My Commission Expires: 6/30/2025
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