BIOFUELS and CONNECTICUT: CONTRIBUTIONS FROM CAES



MaryJane Incorvia Mattina Head, Department of Analytical Chemistry

THE PROBLEM

Supply of Petroleum-Based Energy Sources

- Non-renewable supplies
- Peaking(ed) supplies from high grade sources

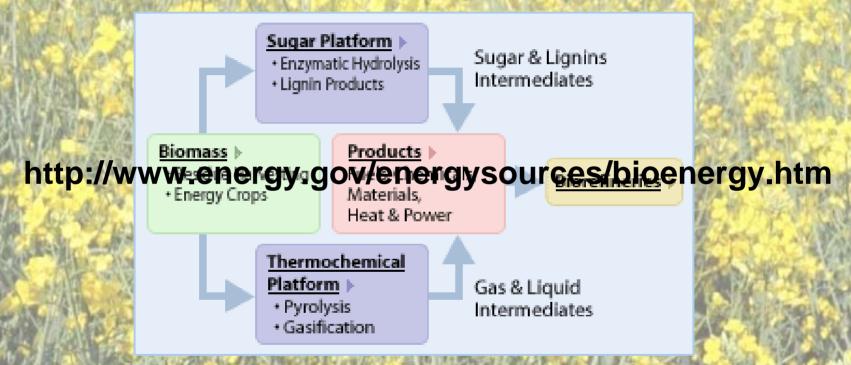
Demand for Petroleum-Based Energy Sources

Continual increase in world-wide energy requirements

THE SOLUTION

High-demand technical solutions

Long-term development, high cost



Lower-demand solutions

Shorter development time, more modest cost

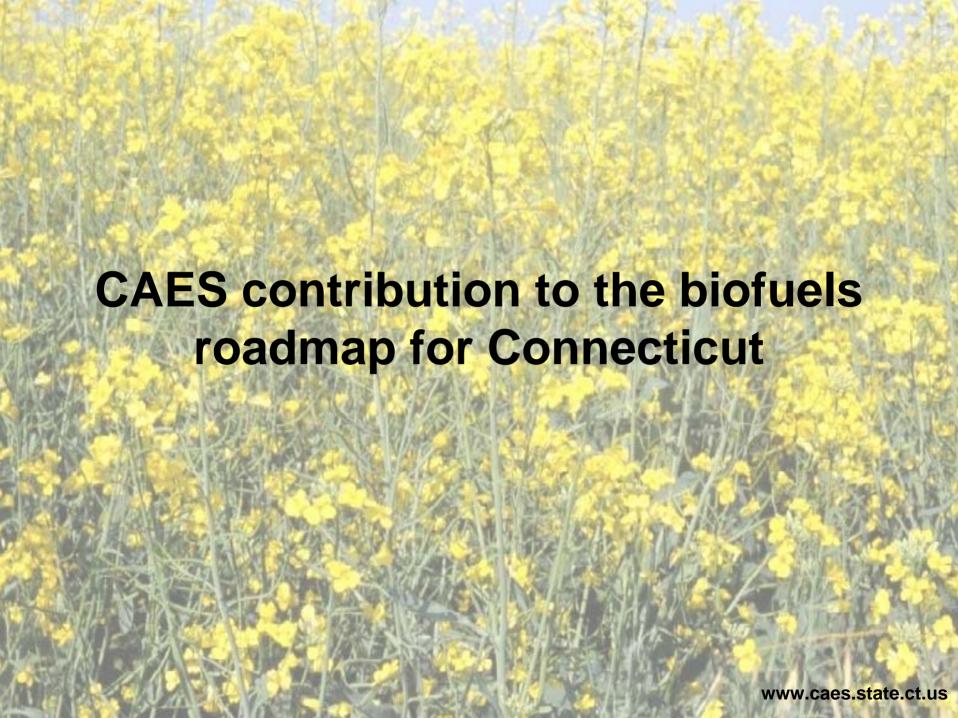


CAES/Industry/UCONN Biofuels Cooperation

The whole will be greater than the sum of its parts.

"...improved production of biomass feedstocks; the integration of biomass production into sustainable agrosystems; conversion of biomass into energy; technology [support and] transfer to companies, state agencies, nongovernmental organizations and citizens..."

Penn State Agriculture, Winter/Spring 2007 issue





CAES Tactics:

- Investigate species and cultivars of oil-seed crops for their regional suitability
- •Investigate biodiesel yield from species and cultivars of oil-seed crops, as well as assessing their green manure value and impact on agricultural sustainability
- Investigate species and cultivars of oil-seed crops under integrated pest management (IPM) conditions for effectiveness as biofumigants
- Assess the value and suitability of pressed seed cakes as organic <u>fertilizer</u>

CAES Tactics:

- Develop chemical methods for analyzing Connecticutproduced biodiesel for its sulfur content
- Develop chemical methods for analyzing Connecticutproduced biodiesel for its elemental composition
- Compare chemical methods based on ICP-OES with ASTM instrumentation
- •Develop chemical methods for analyzing Connecticutproduced biodiesel for chemical contaminants which might compromise its usage
- Develop chemical methods for profiling biodiesels as function of crop source for regulatory issues
- •Investigate improvements in biodiesel production