Environmentally safe methods for vegetable disease control



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Environmentally Safe

Designed to minimize harm to the natural world









How do we suppress vegetable diseases with environmentally safe methods?



Plant (Susceptible)

Disease Triangle

Pathogen (virulent)

Environment



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How do we suppress disease with environmentally safe methods

- Plants Resistant Vegetables
 Nutrition
- Pathogen Inoculum management
 Inoculum reduction
- Environment Fertilization
 - Water management Soil health



Resistant Tomatoes

"VFN" indicates resistance to Verticillium wilt, <u>Fusarium wilt, and Root-knot Nematodes.</u> Some varieties have a "T" designation to <u>indicate resistance to tobacco mosaic virus</u>



"VFFN" indicates resistance to Verticillium, <u>Fusarium wilt, and Fusarium crown rot and</u> Root-knot <u>Nematodes</u>.





Resistant Basil

Fusarium wilt resistance has been released in 'Nufar'



Fusarium wilt

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Resistant Cucurbits "PMR indicates resistance to Powdery Mildew



Merlin Magic Lantern Mystic Plus

First commercialized varieties



Powdery Mildew of Pumpkin

Resistant Pepper "Phytophthora resistance



Phytophthora blight of pepper

Paladin





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The Pathogen Reducing inoculum at the beginning of the season.

- Sanitation
 - Using clean seed.
 - Buying healthy transplants and tubers.
 - Using clean potting mixes, trays, and pots.

Sanitation



Disinfesting seeds, pots etc. A 10% household bleach soak for 1-2 min.



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Seed disinfestations

- Experiment on a few seeds first.
- Does not work well for some seed.
- For example, Basil.
- Can be used for disinfesting pots, and trays.



Sanitation





Inspect transplants and tubers.







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The Pathogen Reducing inoculum at the beginning of the season.

Rotation

- Rotate your vegetables to different parts of the garden.
- Rotate plant families.





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Rotation

• Keep records







The Pathogen Reducing inoculum at the beginning of the season.

- Use proper plant spacing.
- Follow recommendations.



The Pathogen Reducing inoculum during the season.

- Do not use overhead irrigation water.
- Water in morning.



The Pathogen Reducing inoculum during the season.

• Using fungicides.

Chemical fungicides

Biological fungicides



The Pathogen Reducing inoculum during the season.

Chemical Fungicides

Environmentally safe (Biorationals)

Environmentally unsafe



Environmentally Safe Inorganic Fungicides

Sulfur based

Copper based



Suppress foliar diseases such as Powdery And Downy Mildews and Leaf spots



Environmentally Safe (Commercial Biorationals)



Suppress foliar diseases such as Powdery Mildews and Leaf spots

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Environmentally Safe (Household Biorationals)



1 tablespoon/gallon



mix 1:1 with water



The Pathogen Reducing inoculum

 Biological Fungicides = Environmentally safe



Environmentally Safe (Commercial Biofungicides)

Bacteria

Actinomycetes

Fungi











Suppress root and foliar pathogens



Environmentally Safe (Commercial Biofungicides)

Messenger

Not a living organism. It a protein extracted from a bacterium. Turns on defense mechanisms in plants.





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Environmentally Safe Fungicides

- Most biorational, inorganic, and biological fungicides need to be applied <u>before</u> the problem emerges.
- They have no or little curative effect.



The Pathogen

Reducing next year's inoculum

- Clean up the garden in the fall.
- Rake and/or pull up old stems and vines.
- Discard or compost the debris.
- Till under plant residues (add lime).



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The Environment

Moisture Soil and Air

Fertility Fertilization Soil health



The Environment



Fertilization

Mineral nutrition can increase resistance to disease

Case studies of over 526 reports



Vegetable Examples Suppressed by

AsparagusFusarium crown rot NO3TomatoesFusarium wiltNO3BeetsRhizoctonia root rot NO3

EggplantsVerticillium wiltNH4PotatoVerticillium wiltNH4StrawberriesBlack root rotNH4



Effect N-form on Fusarium wilt of

tomato







Effect of N-form on Verticillium wilt of potato









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The Environment

Soil health

Role of earthworms









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Questions?

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