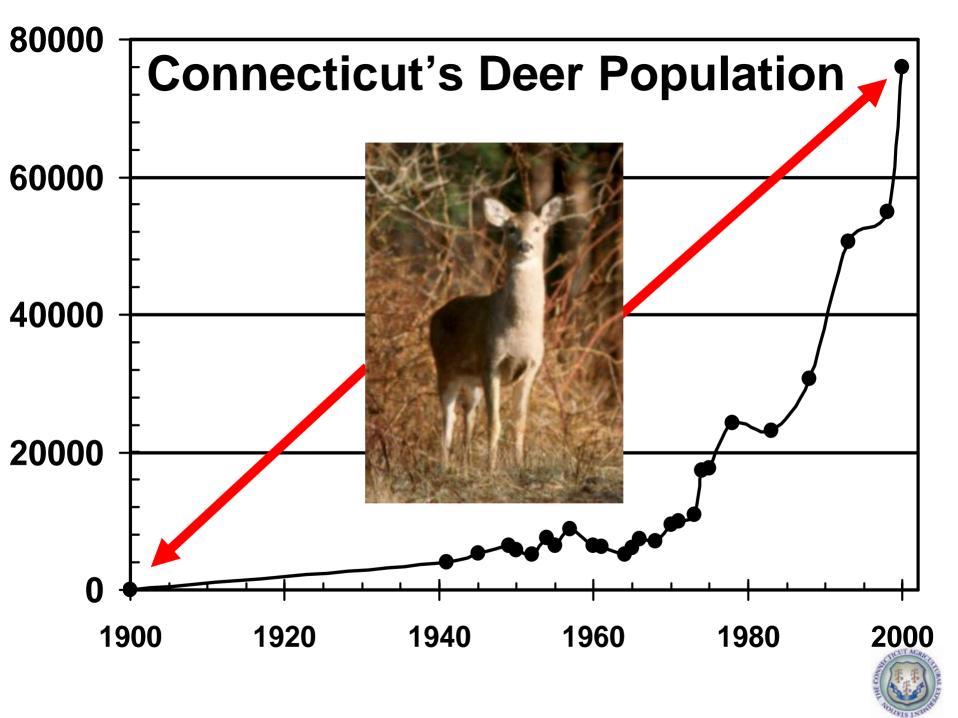
Scattering Scats: White-Tailed Deer as Seed Dispersers

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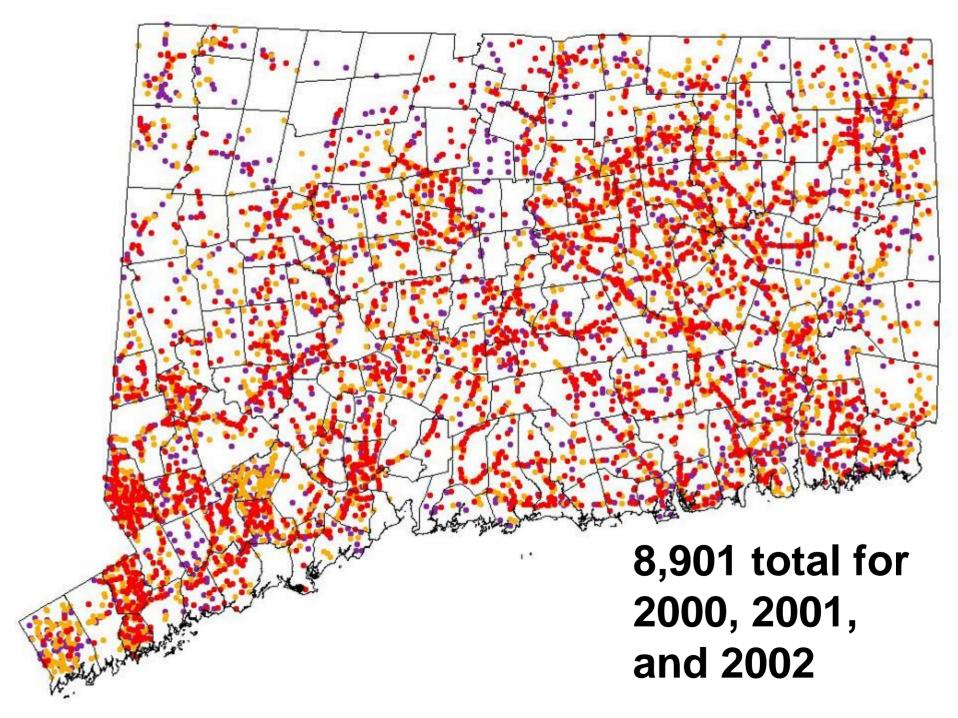


Deer Research at CAES

- Deer Vehicle Collisions
 - Pinpointing DVC statewide 2000-present
 - Working with DOT on avoidance strategies







Deer Research at CAES

- Deer Impacts on Native Flora
 - 4 exclosures at each of 4 locations
 - Vegetation sampled in and outside
 - Working with The Nature Conservancy and SCCRWA.







Deer Research at CAES

- Deer Repellent Trial
 - Testing 10 different commercial repellents

 Come see us for information and pubs.





Dispersing Seeds

Different strategies for seed dispersal

- Anemochory
- Hydrochory
- Epizoochory



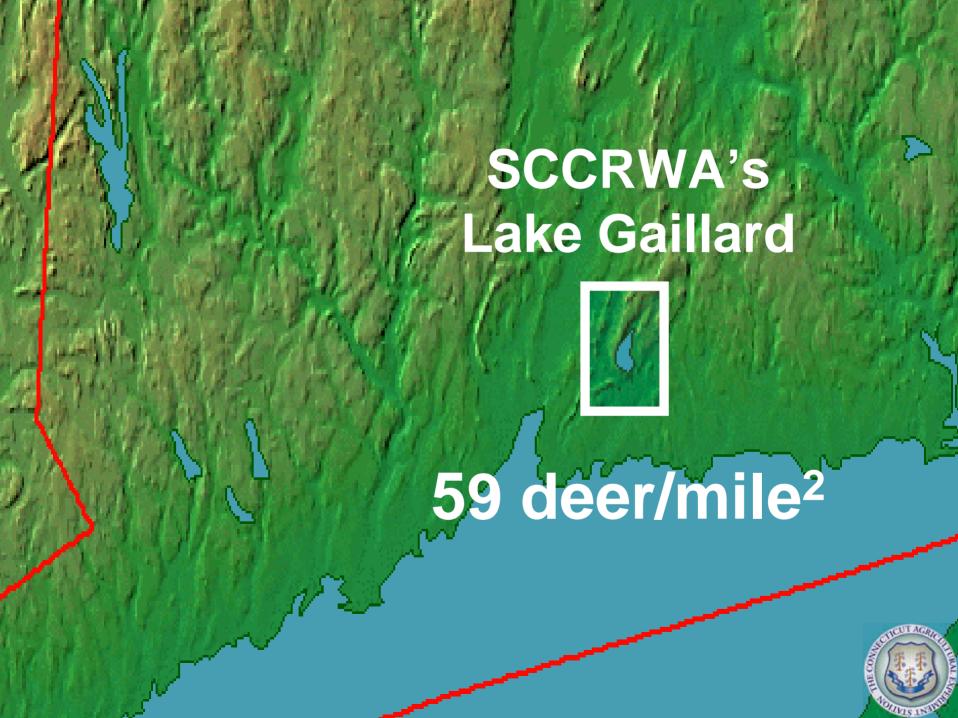
EndozoochoryBirds.





Shifting Objectives

- Initially, to determine if deer were significant seed dispersers
- Then, to determine which plant species
- Then, to document dispersal of CT exotic plants by deer
- And to determine similar characteristics of plants.



Methods

- 566 samples gathered 2002-2005
- Vernalized at 40°F for 60 days
- Planted in potting soil in greenhouse
- 4 samples / tray
- 1 control tray / 8 treatment trays.



Methods

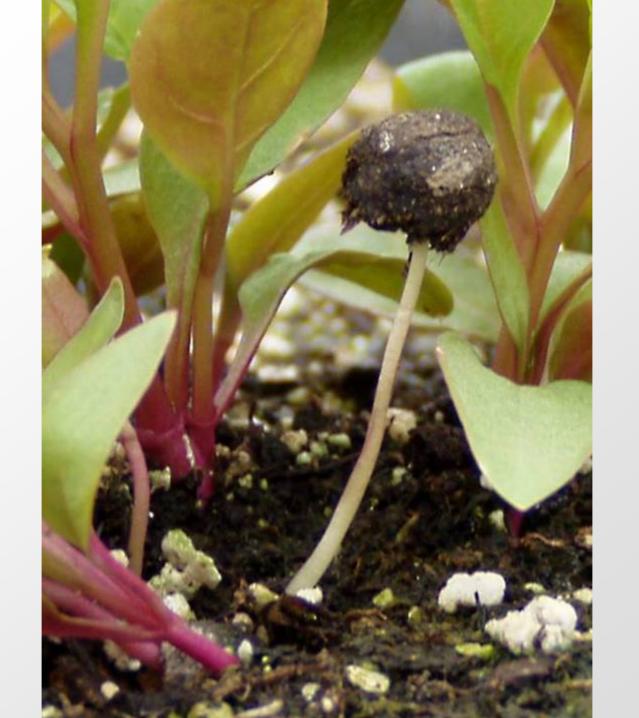
- 2002 + 2003 samples planted intact
- 2004 + 2005 samples crumbled, then planted.



















Results

Deer Spread Alien Invasive Species





Deer Spread Alien Invasive Species

- 11,512 individual germinants
 Plant
- 87 unique taxa (74 to species, 13 to genus)
- 51 species (64%) not native to CT



■ 79% of seedlings (n=8,863).



Deer Spread Alien Invasive Species - 4 categories: Plant

Fruits

Small seeds close to foliage

Raised seed heads

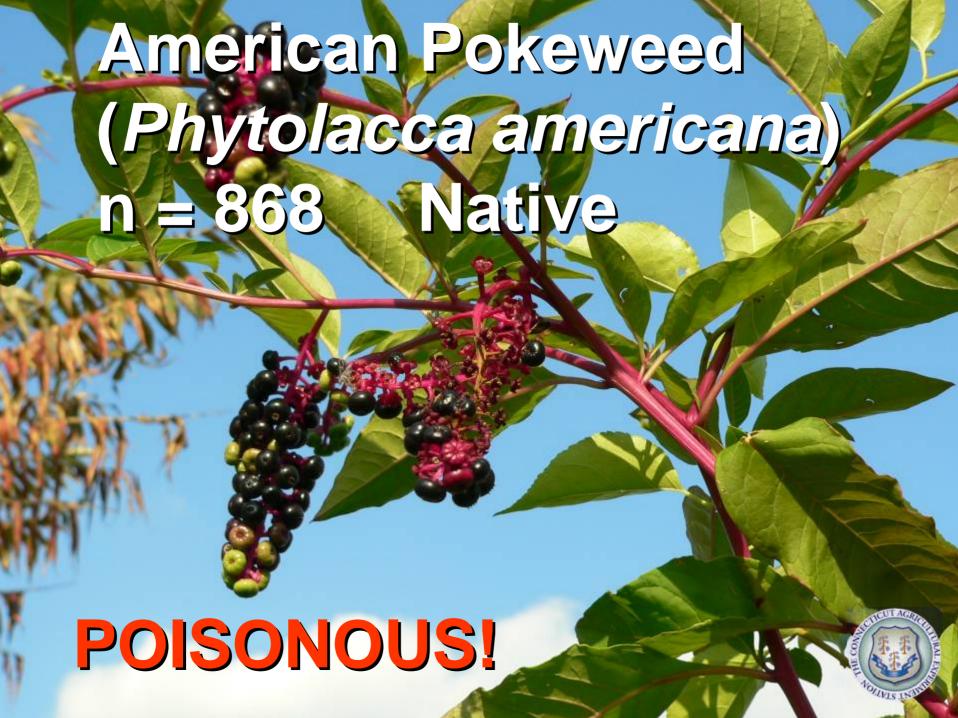
Grasses.

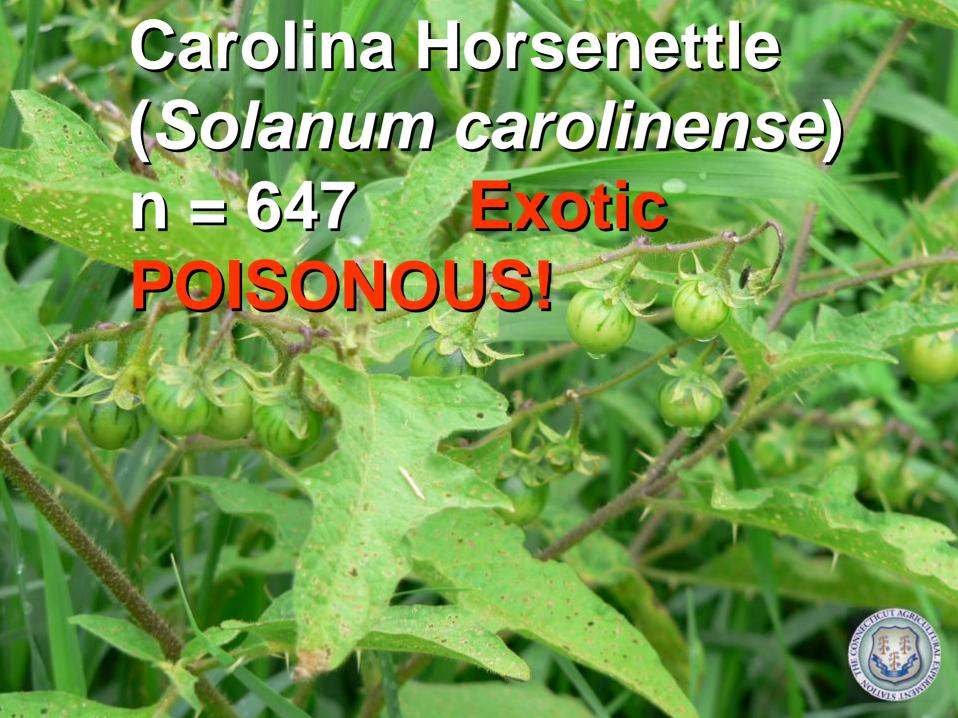


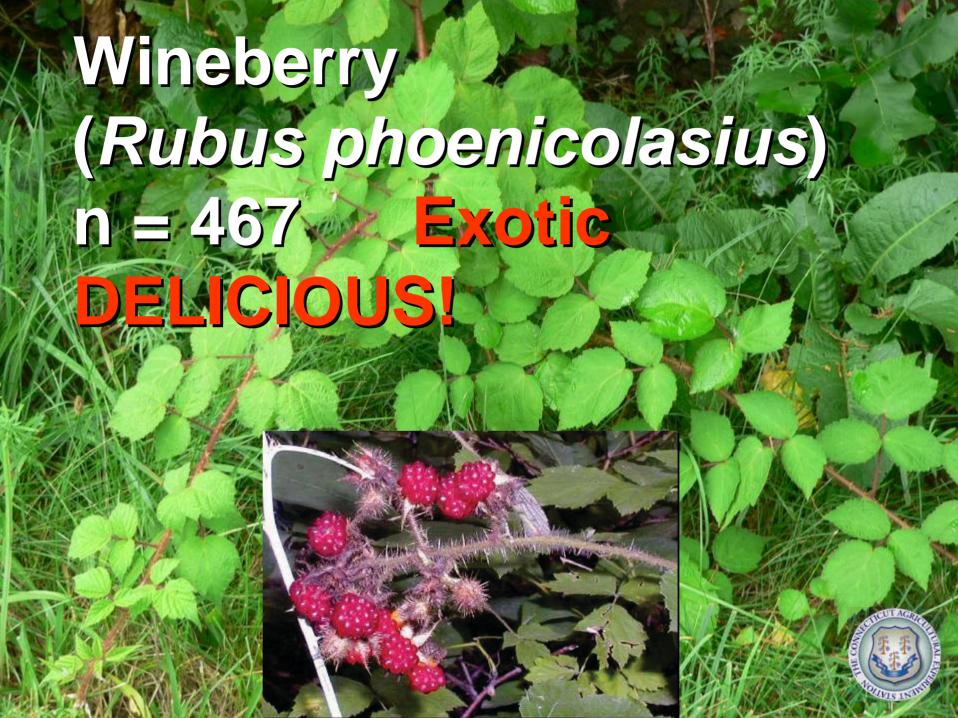
Fruits

- Most large relative to foliage
- Accidental ingestion by deer not likely with multiple germinants
- Likely targeted by deer directly
- 29% of germinated species.



















Green Pepper (Capsicum sp.) n = 1**Exotic**



Seeds close to foliage (Foliage is the Fruit)

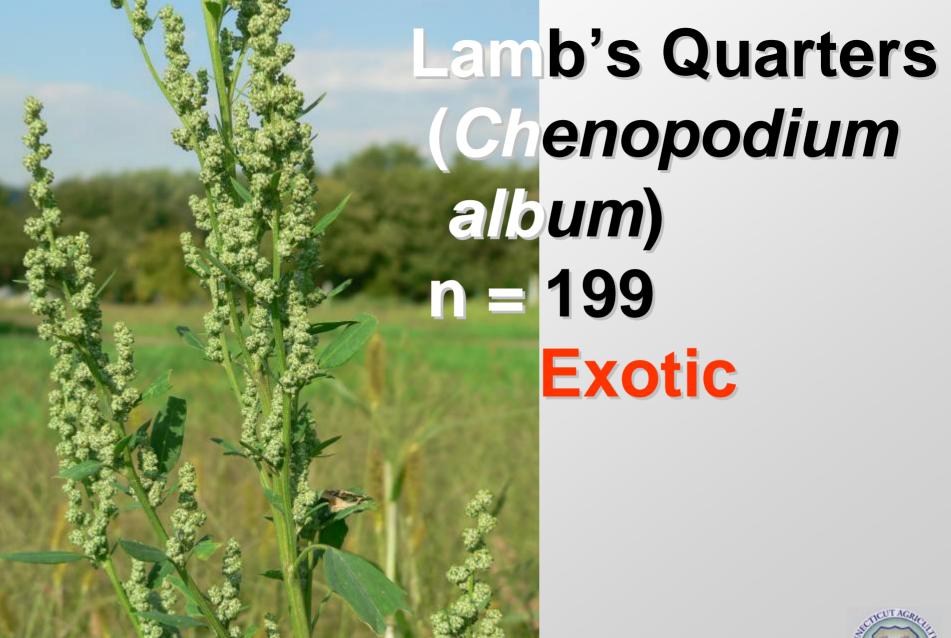
Janzen 1984

40% of germinated species

Janzen, D. H. 1984. Dispersal of small seeds by big herbivores: foliage is the fruit. The American Naturalist 123:338-353.











Redroot **Amaranth** (Amaranthus retroflexus) n = 20**Exotic**



Raised Seed Heads

10% of germinated species





Pennsylvania **Smartweed** (Polygonum pensylvanicum) n = 69**Native**







Common **Gypsyweed** (Veronica officinalis) n = 9**Exotic**



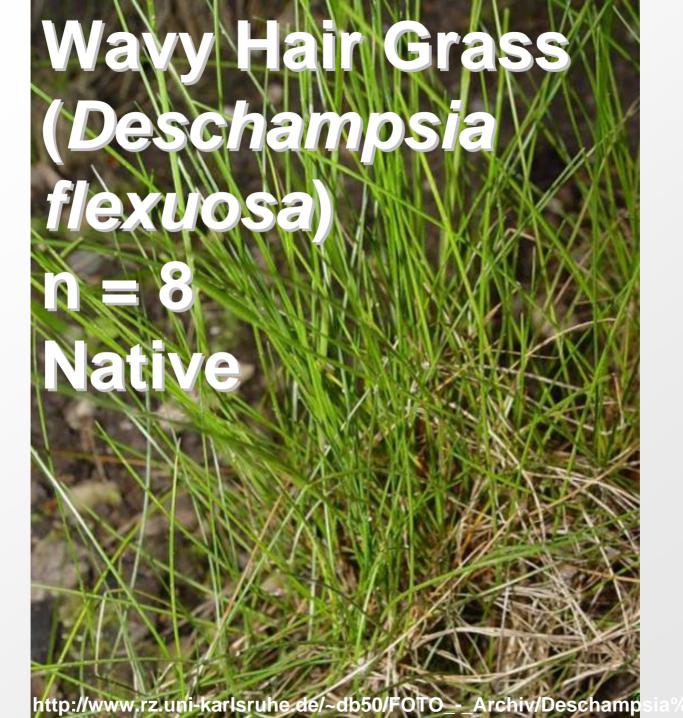


Grasses

21% of germinated species









Nepalese **Browntop** (Japanese Stiltgrass) (Microstegium vimineum) n = 7**Exotic**



Germinated Species

- Strategic seed placement
- Prolific
 - Lots of seeds

- Vigor
 - Survive mastication/rumen passage
 - Germinate from pellets
- Many exotics fit this description.



Seed Dispersal Numbers

- 6 mile² research site
- 59 deer/mile²
- 6 * 59 = 354 deer on site
- Defecation rate = 25/day
- -354 deer * 25 = 8,850!/day

 Mean of 20.3 germinable seeds per



179,655 Germinable seeds/day Or.



508 germinable seeds/deer/day

Of which...

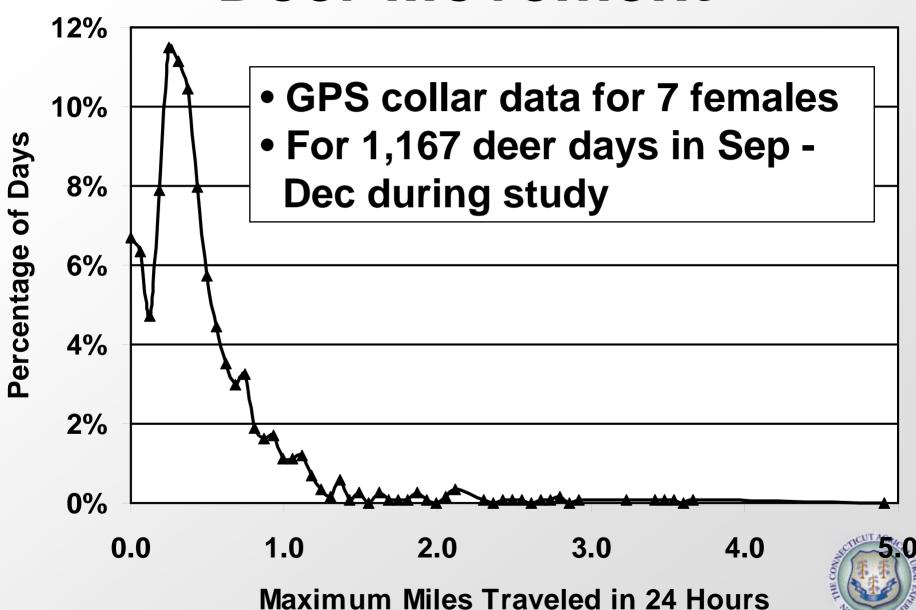


79% are exotic to CT

Approx. 400 germinable exotic seeds/deer/day



Deer Movement



In Conclusion...

Deer as Seed Dispersers

- Transport majority exotic seeds
- Likely feeding in "edge" habitats with abundance of exotics
- Transporting seeds into woodland interior
 - Females on site traveled up to 5 miles/day
- Exotic seeds contributed to seed bank
 - Most will germinate when suitable conditions arise (i.e. disturbance events, natural or human caused)



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Questions/Contact Info

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