

State of Connecticut

Department of Education

Department of Developmental Services

Making the PPT Process
More Effective for You
and Your Child

Today you will learn more about:

Changes to IDEA and the new IEP form

Strategies for effective communication

What to do when you disagree

The Individuals with Disabilities Education Act – IDEA 2004

- 1975 Education of All Handicapped Children Act
- Reauthorized every five years
- Provides for a free appropriate public education (FAPE) for students with disabilities
- Last reauthorized in 2004
- Final regulations have been issued

The Individuals with Disabilities Education Act – IDEA 2004

- The law tells us that parents are expected to be equal partners in planning and implementing their child's educational program.
- No Child Left Behind Parent involvement and choice is expected
- IDEA required parent participation since 1975 and funds the Parent Training and Information Centers (PTIs)

■ IDEA '04 Requirement

New monitoring priority in 2004 – in State Performance Plan

Increase the percent of parents with a child receiving special education services who report that schools facilitated parent involvement as a means of improving services and results for children with disabilities.

Preparing for the Planning and Placement Team Meeting - PPT

The PPT meets to:

- Initiate and discuss evaluations
- Determine eligibility for special education and related services
- Develop, review and/or revise a child's Individualized Education Program (IEP).

The PPT consists of:

- The child's parent or parents;
- At least one regular education teacher if the child is being considered for regular education setting;
- At least one special education teacher;
- A representative from the district knowledgeable of the availability of resources;

The PPT consists of:

- An individual who can interpret evaluation results;
- Others at the discretion of the parent or agency; and
- When appropriate, the child.

Attendance at PPTs – IDEA 2004

A PPT member may be excused when:

- The parent and the agency agree, due to the fact that the member's area is not being discussed;
- The parent consents in writing, and the agency also consents; and
- The member submits, in writing to the parents and the team, his or her input into the development of the IEP prior to the meeting.

Building Blocks

- Knowledge of the child who is this child? How does this disability affect the child?
- What are visions and priorities for the child?
- Effective communication
- Desire to work together
- Knowledge of education laws
- Acknowledge different ways to participate

Communication Strategies

- Acknowledge your own communication style and feelings – be willing to move forward
- Encourage mutual respect
- Maintain open communication
- Establish a relationship with your child's educators
- Communicate on a regular basis email, communication log, phone call, notes, quick chats etc.

Preparing for the PPT Meeting

- Gather important and relevant information create a home file
- Think about the student's strengths and needs use Positive Student Profile and Goals-at-a-Glance
- See the big picture consider Futures Planning as an option
- Prioritize the most important issues
- Share your agenda with the team ahead of time

The IEP

The Individualized Education Program (IEP) is a written plan that details each child's special education and related services.

All students receiving special education must have an IEP.

The IEP must be reviewed annually.

Components of the IEP:

The IEP must include:

- Present levels of academic achievement and functional performance – page 4-5
- A statement of measurable annual goals, including both academic and functional goals page 7
- IDEA allowed for elimination of short term objectives – CT requires short term objectives.

Components of the IEP

Prior Written Notice – page 3

- Provides written notice of the action(s) that have been proposed or refused by the PPT;
- Team needs to indicate the reason for refusal of an action;
- Team needs to indicate the evaluation procedures, assessments, records or reports used for the action refused.

Reporting on Progress:

IEP must include:

✓ A description of how progress toward meeting annual goals will be measured and

✓ A description of when progress reports will be provided to parents.

IEP Includes Service and Supports that Allow the Child to:

- Advance towards meeting annual goals;
- Progress in the general education curriculum;
- Participate in extracurricular activities and non-academic activities; and
- Be educated and participate with children who do not have disabilities.

Related Services on the IEP

Related services are developmental, corrective, or supportive services required to assist a student with a disability to benefit from special education.

Examples of Related Services

- Assistive Technology
- Audiology Services
- Counseling
- Physical Therapy
- Parent Training
- School Nurse Services

- Psychological Services
- Occupational Therapy
- Speech Language Therapy
- Physical Therapy
- Social Work Services
- Transportation

IEP Services

- Must be based on peer-reviewed research to the extent practicable;
- Must refer to the child's involvement and progress in the general education curriculum; and
- Must include a statement of the projected date for the beginning of the services, the frequency, the location and duration of services – page 11.

IEP and Secondary Transition

Beginning with the IEP to be in effect when the child turns 16 (IDEA 2004) and then updated annually thereafter, the IEP must include:

Appropriate post secondary goals based on ageappropriate transition assessments related to training, education, employment and when appropriate, independent living skills – page 6.

IEP and Secondary Transition

The IEP must include:

- Transition services including courses of study;
- Age of majority information;
- Expected date of graduation (up to age 21); and
- If graduating or exceeding age eligibility, the completion date of the Summary of Performance (IDEA 2004) back of IEP manual.

Changes and Amendments to the IEP

- Changes to an IEP can be made without a team meeting if parents and district agree and develop a written document to amend or modify the current IEP (IDEA 2004);
- Districts shall encourage the consolidation of reevaluation meetings and other PPT meetings; and
- Amendments to the IEP can be made by either the PPT or the parents and the district and the IEP can be amended, rather than redrafting the entire document unless the parent requests a copy of the revised IEP.

What to do when you disagree:

- Share your vision and priorities for the child.
- Try not to personalize disagreements.
- Refocus the discussion on the child's strengths and needs.
- Recognize that there is more than one way to do things.
- Share information.

Conflict Resolution Options

- Compromise
- Informal mediation or facilitated IEP identify an ally in the school
- Go up the chain of command
- Teacher
- Principal
- District Central Office—Sp Ed Director or Supervisor
- Superintendent
- State Department of Education

Resolution Options

- **Mediation**
- Due Process Hearing
- Advisory Opinion
- Resolution Session (IDEA 2004)
- File a complaint

Mediation

- Mediation is an informal process that is voluntary and confidential.
- Both sides must agree to mediation.
- What is said during mediation cannot be used as evidence in subsequent legal actions.
- The mediator provides a problem solving structure and process to assure everyone will be listened to.
- The mediation helps the parties begin a constructive dialogue.

Mediation

- The mediator does not make decisions for the parties.
- A successful mediation will result in the development of a plan that both parties are comfortable with and can implement together.
- A mediation agreement must be in writing and signed by both parties.

Due Process Hearing

- Due Process Hearing is a formal legal proceeding.
- The parties, their attorneys or advocates present evidence to the hearing officer.
- The hearing officer makes a decision and issues a written order.
- Either party can request a due process hearing.

Resolution Session

- Within 15 days of the Due Process Hearing request by a parent, the district must convene a meeting with:
- Parents
- Relevant PPT members
- An agency representative with decision making authority
- May not include the district attorney unless the parent's attorney is present.
- Parties may agree, in writing, to waive the meeting or use mediation in lieu of resolution session.

Advisory Opinion

- The Advisory Opinion is an optional process in CT, available to parties of a due process hearing.
- Parties jointly request the Advisory Opinion before the hearing convenes.
- The Advisory Opinion is not available after the hearing has convened.

Advisory Opinion

- Each party has 45 minutes to explain their cases and then an additional 15 minutes to ask questions of any witness or elaborate on their case.
- The advisory opinion hearing officer will render an oral opinion within 30 minutes of the closing presentation.
- After rendering an opinion, the hearing officer may facilitate settlement discussions.

Filing a Complaint

- A complaint is filed with the CT State Department of Education (SDE) if a parent believes that the school did not follow the law.
- The request must be made in writing.
- The SDE will investigate the complaint and issue a written final decision in 60 days.
- The SDE will monitor each corrective action required by the final decision.

What Happens When It's Over?

- Win or lose, you still have to work together for the good of the child, so....
- Be positive
- Be respectful
- Be welcoming
- Be ready and willing to start over!

■ For More Information Contact:

- Your School, District, or B-3 Service Coordinator
- Your DDS Case Manager, Ed Liaison, Transition Coordinator
- The Connecticut Parent Advocacy Center, 1-800-445-2722 or visit the website at www.cpacinc.org
- The State Department of Education, Bureau of Special Education, 860-713-6910 or visit the website at www.sde.ct.gov
- The State Education Resource Center (SERC). (860) 632-1485 or visit the website at www.ctserc.org