

Year 2005 Connecticut Hospitalizations

In 2005 there were 322,389 hospitalizations of Connecticut residents in Connecticut hospitals (Table H-1), not including those related to pregnancy and birth, with total charges of over seven billion dollars. The hospitalization rate for all conditions besides pregnancy and birth increased 1.2% from the previous year to 8,468 per 100,000 residents of all ages. The lowest rate was for ages 5-14 and the highest for ages 65 and older. Overall, the median charge per hospital stay increased 8.2% to \$13,949 (unadjusted for inflation) and the median length of stay was three days. Among listed conditions and procedures, the longest median stays were for leukemia and amputation with diabetes, and the highest median charges were for non-fatal spinal injury and leukemia.

The leading diagnosis for all ages combined, as well as for ages 45-64 and for 65 and older, was diseases of the heart (Table H-5). Respiratory diseases was the leading cause of hospitalization for ages 0-4; while mental disorders was the leading cause for ages 5-14, 15-24, and 25-44. Among black residents and Hispanic residents, respiratory diseases was the leading cause of hospitalization for all ages (Table H-2).

The most common type of injury among males and females, whites, blacks, and Hispanics, was an unintentional fall (Tables H-3, H-4). Risk increased with age. Hospitalization rate ratios between the sexes and race/ethnicity groups appear in Tables H-6 and H-7. High male to female, black to white, and Hispanic to white ratios occurred within many conditions, such as HIV/AIDS, amputation with diabetes, and firearms injury. High female to male ratios marked a few conditions, such as cholelithiasis (gallstones), and high white to black ratios were present for some conditions, such as appendicitis.

Hospitalizations related to pregnancy and birth (Tables H-1 and H-2) were not used in rankings or rate ratios. In 2005 there were 85,217 such discharges, with charges of more than 700 million dollars. For the most accurate record of births, many of which occur outside the hospital, see tables in Vital Statistics.