

# Connecticut Epidemiologist

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# Reportable Diseases, Emergency Illnesses and Health Conditions, and Reportable Laboratory Findings Changes for 2020

As required by Conn. Gen. Stat. §19a-2a and Agencies Regs. §19a-36-A2, Conn. Commissioner of the Department of Public Health (DPH) is required to declare an annual list of Reportable Diseases, Emergency Illnesses and Health Conditions, and Reportable Laboratory The list of Reportable Diseases, Findings. Emergency Illnesses and Health Conditions has two parts: (A) reportable diseases; and (B) reportable emergency illnesses and conditions. An advisory committee, consisting of public health officials, clinicians, and laboratorians, contribute to the annual process. There are 2 additions and 1 removal from the healthcare provider list, and 1 addition and 2 modifications to the laboratory list. No changes have been made to emergency illnesses or health conditions.

Reportable disease and laboratory reporting forms are on the DPH "Forms" webpage at: <a href="https://portal.ct.gov/DPH/Communications/Forms/Forms">https://portal.ct.gov/DPH/Communications/Forms/Forms</a>.

# **Changes to the List of Reportable Diseases, Emergency Illnesses and Health Conditions**

### Part A: Reportable Diseases

# E-cigarette or vaping product use associated lung injury (EVALI)

Provider reporting of lung injury associated with e-cigarette or vaping product use has been <u>added</u> as a Category 2 finding. This change is made to contribute to national surveillance with a goal of understanding the epidemiology and causes of these injuries, and to inform public health control and prevention measures. Additional information: <a href="https://portal.ct.gov/DPH/Health-Education-Management-Surveillance/Tobacco/Vaping">https://portal.ct.gov/DPH/Health-Education-Management-Surveillance/Tobacco/Vaping</a>.

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# Hepatitis C, Perinatal Infection

Provider reporting of perinatal Hepatitis C infection has been <u>added</u>. Perinatal hepatitis C was added to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention National Notifiable Conditions list in 2018. This addition will allow DPH to characterize the prevalence of perinatal HCV in Connecticut.

### Carbon Monoxide Poisoning

Provider reporting of carbon monoxide (CO) poisoning has been <u>removed</u>. This change is being made to reduce the reporting burden for CO by providers. CO will remain a laboratory reportable finding to the DPH for only those laboratories with electronic reporting capabilities.

# Changes to the List of Reportable Laboratory Findings

### Respiratory Syncytial Virus

Laboratory reporting of respiratory syncytial virus (RSV) has been <u>added</u>. The DPH has been funded to conduct RSV surveillance to investigate the burden among and characteristics of children and adults hospitalized with RSV. Laboratories with electronic reporting capabilities to DPH are required to report all positive RSV reports to DPH. Laboratories in the process of ELR onboarding may be contacted periodically by DPH staff for electronic line lists of positive RSV reports.

(Continued on page 4)

# REPORTABLE DISEASES, EMERGENCY ILLNESSES and HEALTH CONDITIONS - 2020 PART A: REPORTABLE DISEASES

Physicians, and other professionals are required to report using the Reportable Disease Confidential Case Report form (PD-23). other disease specific form or authorized method (see page 4 for additional information). Forms can be found on the DPH "Forms" webpage or by calling 860-509-7994. Mailed reports must be sent in envelopes marked "CONFIDENTIAL." Changes for 2020 are in bold font.

Category 1 Diseases: Report immediately by telephone (860-509-7994) on the day of recognition or strong suspicion of disease

for those diseases marked with a telephone (28). On evenings, weekends, and holidays call 860-509-8000.

These diseases must also be reported by mail within 12 hours.

Category 2 Diseases: All other diseases not marked with a telephone must be reported by mail within 12 hours of

recognition or strong suspicion of disease.

Acquired Immunodeficiency Syndrome (1,2) Acute flaccid myelitis

Acute HIV infection

Anthrax **Babesiosis** 

Borrelia miyamotoi disease

Botulism

Brucellosis

California group arbovirus infection

Campylobacteriosis

Candida auris

Chancroid

Chickenpox

Chickenpox-related death

Chikungunya

Chlamydia (C. trachomatis) (all sites)

Cholera Cholera

Cryptosporidiosis

Cyclosporiasis Dengue

🕿 Diphtheria

E-cigarette or vaping product use associated lung injury (EVALI)

Eastern equine encephalitis virus infection

Ehrlichia chaffeensis infection

Escherichia coli O157:H7 gastroenteritis

Gonorrhea

Group A Streptococcal disease, invasive (3) Group B Streptococcal disease, invasive (3)

Haemophilus influenzae disease, invasive (3)

Hansen's disease (Leprosy)

Healthcare-associated Infections (4)

Hemolytic-uremic syndrome (5)

Hepatitis A

Hepatitis B:

acute infection (2)

HBsAg positive pregnant women

Hepatitis C:

acute infection (2)

perinatal infection

positive rapid antibody test result

HIV-1 / HIV-2 infection in: (1)

• persons with active tuberculosis disease

 persons with a latent tuberculous infection (history or tuberculin skin test ≥5mm induration by Mantoux technique)

persons of any age

pregnant women

HPV: biopsy proven CIN 2, CIN 3 or AIS

or their equivalent (1)

Influenza-associated death (6)

Influenza-associated hospitalization (6)

Legionellosis Listeriosis

Lyme disease

Malaria

Measles

Melioidosis

Meningococcal disease

Mercury poisoning

Mumps

Neonatal bacterial sepsis (7)

Neonatal herpes (≤ 60 days of age)

Occupational asthma

Outbreaks:

Foodborne (involving ≥ 2 persons)

Institutional

Unusual disease or illness (8)

Pertussis

Plague

Pneumococcal disease, invasive (3)

Poliomyelitis

Powassan virus infection

2 Q fever

Rabies

Ricin poisoning

Rocky Mountain spotted fever Rubella (including congenital)

Salmonellosis

SARS-CoV Shiga toxin-related disease (gastroenteritis) Shigellosis

Silicosis Smallpox

St. Louis encephalitis virus infection

Staphylococcal enterotoxin B pulmonary poisoning

Staphylococcus aureus disease, reduced or resistant susceptibility to vancomycin (1) Staphylococcus aureus methicillin-

resistant disease, invasive, community acquired (3,9)

Staphylococcus epidermidis disease, reduced or resistant susceptibility to vancomycin (1)

Syphilis

Tetanus

**Trichinosis** 

Tuberculosis

Tularemia Typhoid fever

Vaccinia disease

Tenezuelan equine encephalitis virus infection Vibrio infection (parahaemolyticus, vulnificus, other)

Tiral hemorrhagic fever

West Nile virus infection

Yellow fever Zika virus infection

#### FOOTNOTES: (NOTE: a footnote was removed, and have been renumbered)

- Report only to State.
- As described in the CDC case definition.
- Invasive disease: from sterile fluid (blood, CSF, pericardial, pleural, peritoneal, joint, or vitreous) bone, internal body sites, or other normally sterile site including muscle.
- Report HAIs according to current CMS pay-for-reporting or pay-forperformance requirements. Detailed instructions on the types of HAIs, facility types and locations, and methods of reporting are available on the DPH website: https://portal.ct.gov/DPH/Infectious-Diseases/HAI/H Associated-Infections-and-Antimicrobial-Resistance
- 5. On request from the DPH and if adequate serum is available, send serum from patients with HUS to the DPH Laboratory for antibody testing.
- Reporting requirements are satisfied by submitting the Hospitalized and Fatal Cases of Influenza-Case Report Form in a manner specified by the DPH.
- Clinical sepsis and blood or CSF isolate obtained from an infant ≤ 72 hours of age
- Individual cases of "significant unusual illness" are also reportable.

  Community-acquired: infection present on admission to hospital, and person has no previous hospitalizations or regular contact with the health-care setting.

How to report: The PD-23 is the general disease reporting form and should be used if other specialized forms are not available. The PD-23 can be found on the DPH "Forms" webpage (https://portal.ct.gov/DPH/Communications/Forms/Forms). It can also be ordered by writing the Department of Public Health, 410 Capitol Ave., MS#11FDS, P.O. Box 340308, Hartford, CT 06134-0308 or by calling the Epidemiology and Emerging Infections Program (860-509-7994). Specialized reporting forms are available on the DPH "Forms" webpage or by calling the following programs: Epidemiology and Emerging Infections Program (860-509-7994) - Hospitalized and Fatal Cases of Influenza, Healthcare Associated Infections (860-509-7995) - National Healthcare Safety Network, HIV/AIDS Surveillance (860-509-7900) - Adult HIV Confidential Case Report form, Immunizations Program (860-509-7929) - Chickenpox Case Report (Varicella) form, Occupational Health Surveillance Program (860-509-7740) -Physician's Report of Occupational Disease, Sexually Transmitted Disease Program (860-509-7920), and Tuberculosis Control Program (860-509-7722). National notifiable disease case definitions are found on the CDC website

Telephone reports of Category 1 disease should be made to the local Director of Health for the town in which the patient resides, and to the Epidemiology and Emerging Infections Program (860-509-7994). Tuberculosis cases should be directly reported to the Tuberculosis Control Program (860-509-7722). For the name, address, or telephone number of the local Director of Health for a specific town contact the Office of Local Health Administration (860-509-7660).

For public health emergencies on evenings, weekends, and holidays call 860-509-8000.

#### REPORTABLE LABORATORY FINDINGS—2020

The director of a clinical laboratory must report laboratory evidence suggestive of reportable diseases (see page 4 for additional information. The Laboratory Report of Significant Findings form (OL-15C) can be found on the DPH "Forms" webpage or by calling 860-509-7994. Changes for 2020 are in **bold font**.

Anaplasma phagocytophilum by PCR only	Legionella spp (1)	
Babesia: ☐ IFA IgM (titer) IgG (titer)	☐ Culture ☐ DFA ☐ Ag positive	
□ Blood smear □ PCR □ Other	☐ Four-fold serologic change (titers)	
□ microti □ divergens □ duncani □ Unspeciated	Listeria monocytogenes (1)   Culture   PCR	
Bordetella pertussis (titer)	Mercury poisoning	
☐ Culture (1) ☐ Non-pertussis Bordetella (1) (specify)	□ Úrine > 35 ug/g creatinine ug/g	
□ DFA □ PCR	□ Blood ≥ 15 µg/L µg/L  Mumps virus (12) (titer) □ PCR	
Borrelia burgdorferi (2)	Mumps virus (12) (titer)	
Borrelia mivamotoi	Mycobacterium leprae	
	Mycobacterium tuberculosis Related Testing (1)	
California group virus (3) spp	AFR Smear	
Candida auris Ireport samples from all sites! (1)	If positive ☐ Rare ☐ Few ☐ Numerous	
Candida spp. [blood isolates only]: (1,3)	NAAT ☐ Positive ☐ Negative ☐ Indeterminate	
Candida spp. [blood isolates only]: (1,3) Carbapenem-resistant Acinetobacter baumannii (CRAB) (1,4)	If positive ☐ Rare ☐ Few ☐ Numerous  NAAT ☐ Positive ☐ Negative ☐ Indeterminate  Culture ☐ Mycobacterium tuberculosis	
Carbapenem-resistant Enterobacteriaceae (CRE) (1,3,4)	□ Non-TB mycobacterium. (specify <i>M</i> . )	
Genus spp Carboxyhemoglobin ≥ 5% (2) % COHb	Neisseria gonorrhoeae (test type)	
Carboxyhemoglobin ≥ 5% (2)% COHb	Neisseria meningitidis, invasive (1.4)	
Chikungunya virus	☐ Culture ☐ Other  Neonatal bacterial sepsis (3,13) spp	
Chlamydia trachomatis (test type)	Neonatal bacterial sepsis (3,13) spp	
Clostridium difficile (5)	Plasmodium (1,3) spp	
Corynebacterium diphtheria (1)	Poliovirus	
Cryptosporidium spp (3) \( \Delta \) PCR \( \Delta \) DFA \( \Delta \) EIA	Powassan virus	
Cryptosporidium spp (3) □ PCR □ DFA □ EIA □ Microscopy □ Other:	Rabies virus	
Cyclospora spp (3) LI PCR LI Microscopy LI Other:	Rickettsia rickettsia ☐ PCR ☐ IgG titers ≥1:128 only ☐ Culture	
Dengue virus	Respiratory syncytial virus (2)	
Eastern equine encephalitis virus	Rubella virus (12) (titer)	
Ehrlichia chaffeensis □ PCR □ IgG titers ≥1:128 only □ Culture		
Enterotoxigenic Escherichia coli (ETEČ)   Culture   PČR	St. Louis encephalitis virus	
Escherichia coli O157 (1)	Salmonella (1,3)(serogroup & type)   Culture   PCR	
Group A Streptococcus invasivo (1.4)	DDCD (anasiman) D Other	
Group R Streptococcus invasive (1,4)	Shiga toyin (1)	
Escherichia coli O157 (1)		
Haemophilus influenzae, invasive (1,4)		
Hepatitis A virus (HAV):   IgM anti-HAV (7)   NAAT Positive (6)   Staphylococcus aureus, invasive (4)   Culture   Other		
ALT Total Bilirubin		
Hepatitis B HBsAg $\square$ Positive $\square$ Negative (7) Staphylococcus aureus, vancomycin MIC $\geq$ 4 $\mu$ g/mL (1)		
Hepatitis B HBsAg □ Positive □ Negative (7) Staphylococcus aureus, vancomycin MIC ≥ 4 μg/mL (1) □ IgM anti-HBc □ HBeAg (2) □ HBV DNA (2) MIC to vancomycin μg/mL		
anti-HBs (7) ☐ Positive (titer) ☐ Negative Staphylococcus epidermidis, vancomycin MIC ≥ 32 µg/mL (1)		
Hepatitis C virus (HCV) (8)  Antibody MIC to vancomycin µg/mL		
Hepatitis C virus (HCV) (8) Antibody MIC to vancomycin µg/mL PCR/NAAT/RNA Genotype specify Streptococcus pneumoniae		
Herpes simplex virus (infants < 60 days of age)	☐ Culture (1,4) ☐ Urine antigen ☐ Other (4)	
☐ Culture ☐ PCR ☐ IFA ☐ Ag detection	Treponema pallidum □ RPR (titer) □ FTA □ EIA	
HIV Related Testing (report only to the State) (9)	□ VDRL (titer) □ TPPA	
☐ Detectable Screen (IA)	Trichinella	
Antibody Confirmation (WB/IFA/Type-diff) (9)	Varicella-zoster virus, acute	
HIV 1 ☐ Positive ☐Neg/Ind HIV 2 ☐Positive ☐ Neg/Ind	☐ Culture ☐ PCR ☐ DFA ☐ Other	
☐ HIV NAAT (or qualitative RNA) ☐ Detectable ☐ Not Detectable	Vibrio (1,3) spp ☐ Culture ☐ PCR	
☐ HIV Viral Load (all results) (9) copies/mL	West Nile virus	
☐ HIV genotype (9)	Yellow fever virus  Yersinia, not pestis (1,3) spp □ Culture □ PCR	
CD4 count: cells/uL;% (9)	Yersinia, not pestis (1,3) spp ☐ Culture ☐ PCR Zika virus	
HPV (report only to the State) (10)		
Biopsy proven ☐ CIN 2 ☐ CIN 3 ☐ AIS	BIOTERRORISM at first clinical suspicion (14)	
or their equivalent, (specify)	Bacillus anthracis (1)  Burkholderia mallei (1)  Burkholderia mallei (1)  Burkholderia pseudomallei (1)	
Influenza virus: (report only to State) ☐ Rapid antigen (2) ☐ RT-PCR	Burkholderia mallei (1) Burkholderia pseudomallei (1) Clostridium botulinum Coxiella burnetii	
☐ Type A ☐ Type B ☐ Type Unknown ☐ Subtype	Francisella tularensis Ricin	
Lead poisoning (blood lead >10 μg/dL <48 hrs; 0-9 μg/dL monthly) (11)	Staphylococcus aureus - enterotoxin B Variola virus (1)	
☐ Finger stick level µg/dL ☐ Venous level µg/dL	Venezuelan equine encephalitis virus	
1 mgor strok lever pg/dL 1 verious lever pg/dL	Viral agents of hemorrhagic fevers	
	J	

- Send isolate/specimen to DPH Laboratory. Send laboratory report (electronic or paper) on first identification of an organism. For CRE/CRAB, send laboratory report if carbapenem resistance is suggested by laboratory antimicrobial testing. For GBS, send isolate for cases <1 year of age. For Salmonella, Shigella, Vibrio, and Yersinia (not pestis) tested by non-culture methods, send isolate if available; send stool specimen if no isolate available. For Shiga toxin-related disease, send positive broth or stool specimen.
- 2. Only laboratories with electronic file reporting are required to report positive results.
- Specify species/serogroup/serotype.
  Sterile site: sterile fluids (blood, CSF, pericardial, pleural, peritoneal, joint, or vitreous), bone, internal body site (lymph
- node, brain, heart, liver, spleen, kidney, pancreas, or ovary), or other normally sterile site including muscle. For CRE and CRAB, also include urine or sputum; for CRAB also include
- 5. Upon request from the DPH, report all C. difficile positive stool samples
- Report peak ALT and Total Bilirubin results if conducted within one week of HAV positive test, if available. Otherwise, check "Not Done". Negative HBsAg and all anti-HBs results only
- reportable for children < 2 years old.
- Report positive Antibody, and all RNA and Genotype results. Negative RNA results only reportable by electronic reporting.
- 9. Report all HIV antibody, antigen, viral load, and qualitative NAAT results. HIV genotype (DNA sequence) and all CD4 results are only reportable by electronic file.
- 10. Upon request from the DPH, send fixed tissue from the diagnostic specimen for HPV typing.
- 11. Report results ≥ 10 µg/dL within 48 hours to the Local Health Department and DPH; submit ALL lead results at least monthly to DPH only.
- Report all IgM positive titers, only report IgG titers considered significant by laboratory performing the test.
- 13. Report all bacterial isolates from blood or CSF from infants  $\leq$  72 hours of age.
- Call the DPH, weekdays 860-509-7994; evenings weekends, and holidays 860-509-8000.

# Ehrlichia chaffeensis

Laboratory reporting of *Ehrlichia chaffeensis* has been <u>modified</u>. Laboratories should report both positive PCR results and serologic titers of  $\geq 1:128$  only, or paired results showing a 4-fold or greater increase.

### Legionella spp.

Laboratory reporting of *Legionella spp*. has been modified. Laboratories should submit all *Legionella* spp. clinical isolates to the State Public Health Laboratory.

# **Clarifications to Laboratory Reportable Findings**

**Legionella** spp: Accepted test types include Culture, DFA, Ag positive, four-fold serologic change, and PCR.

*Rickettsia rickettsii*: Accepted test types include PCR, Culture, and IgG test results of ≥128 only.

For Public Health Emergencies After 4:30 P.M., on Weekends or Holidays Call the Department of Public Health at

860-509-8000

#### Persons Required to Report Reportable Diseases, Emergency Illnesses and Health Conditions

- 1. Every health care provider who treats or examines any person who has or is suspected to have a reportable disease, emergency illness or health condition shall report the case to the local director of health or other health authority within whose jurisdiction the patient resides and to the Department of Public Health.
- 2. If the case or suspected case of reportable disease, emergency illness or health condition is in a health care facility, the person in charge of such facility shall ensure that reports are made to the local director of health and Department of Public Health. The person in charge shall designate appropriate infection control or record keeping personnel for this purpose.
- 3. If the case or suspected case of reportable disease, emergency illness or health condition is not in a health care facility, and if a health care provider is not in attendance or is not known to have made a report within the appropriate time, such report of reportable disease, emergency illness or health condition shall be made to the local director of health or other health authority within whose jurisdiction the patient lives and the Department of Public Health by:
  - A. the administrator serving a public or private school or day care center attended by any person affected or apparently affected with such disease, emergency illness or health condition;
  - B. the person in charge of any camp;
  - C. the master or any other person in charge of any vessel lying within the jurisdiction of the state;
  - D. the master or any other person in charge of any aircraft landing within the jurisdiction of the state;
  - E. the owner or person in charge of any establishment producing, handling, or processing dairy products, other food or non-alcoholic beverages for sale or distribution;
  - F. morticians and funeral directors

#### **Persons Required to Report Reportable Laboratory Findings**

The director of a laboratory that receives a primary specimen or sample, which yields a reportable laboratory finding, shall be responsible for reporting such findings within 48 hours to the local director of health of the town in which the affected person normally resides. In the absence of such information, the reports should go to the town from which the specimen originated and to the Department of Public Health.

#### **IMPORTANT NOTICE**

Persons required to report must use the Reportable Disease Confidential Case Report Form PD-23 to report Reportable Diseases, Emergency Illnesses and Health Conditions on the current list unless there is a specialized reporting form or other authorized method available. The director of a clinical laboratory must report laboratory evidence suggestive of reportable diseases using the Laboratory Report of Significant Findings Form OL-15C or other approved format by the DPH. Reporting forms can be found on the DPH "Forms" webpage: (https://portal.ct.gov/DPH/Communications/Forms/Forms) or by calling 860-509-7994. Please follow these guidelines when submitting reports:

- Mailed documents must have "CONFIDENTIAL" marked on the envelope.
- All required information on the form must be completed, including name, address, and phone number of person reporting and healthcare provider, infectious agent, test method, date of onset of illness, and name, address, date of birth, race, ethnicity, gender, and occupation of patient.
- Send one copy of completed report to the DPH via fax (860-509-7910), or mail to: Connecticut Department of Public Health, 410 Capitol Ave., MS#11FDS, P.O. Box 340308, Hartford, CT 06134-0308.
- Unless otherwise noted, send one copy of the completed report to the Director of Health of the patient's town of residence.
- Keep a copy in the patient's medical record.

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Lynn Sosa, MD Deputy State Epidemiologist Epidemiology and Emerging Infections 860-509-7995 Healthcare Associated Infections 860-509-7995 HIV & Viral Hepatitis 860-509-7900 Immunizations 860-509-7929 Sexually Transmitted Diseases (STD) 860-509-7920 Tuberculosis Control 860-509-7722

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