

**Connecticut Department of Public Health HIV Surveillance Program
Hispanic/Latino People Living with HIV Infection by Sex, Race, and Risk, Connecticut, 2015**

	Mode of Transmission																Total	
	MSM		IDU		MSM and IDU		Heterosexual contact		Perinatal		Presumed Heterosexual contact		Other		Unknown			
	N	% of row total	N	% of row total	N	% of row total	N	% of row total	N	% of row total	N	% of row total	N	% of row total	N	% of row total	N	% of total
Total	712	20.2	1,340	38.1	70	2.0	1,006	28.6	78	2.2	65	1.8	3	0.1	243	6.9	3,517	100.0
Sex																		
Male	712	31.5	931	41.2	70	3.1	316	14.0	39	1.7	--	--	3	0.1	187	8.3	2,258	64.2
Female	--	--	409	32.5	--	--	690	54.8	39	3.1	65	5.2	--	--	56	4.4	1,259	35.8
Current Age																		
<20	3	21.4	--	--	--	--	2	14.3	8	57.1	--	--	--	--	1	7.1	14	0.4
20-29	115	50.7	7	3.1	4	1.8	29	12.8	59	26.0	2	0.9	--	--	11	4.8	227	6.5
30-39	187	37.7	93	18.8	12	2.4	142	28.6	11	2.2	20	4.0	2	0.4	29	5.8	496	14.1
40-49	188	18.9	399	40.1	19	1.9	287	28.8	--	--	20	2.0	--	--	82	8.2	995	28.3
50-59	163	13.3	576	47.1	28	2.3	353	28.9	--	--	15	1.2	1	0.1	86	7.0	1,222	34.7
60+	56	9.9	265	47.1	7	1.2	193	34.3	--	--	8	1.4	--	--	34	6.0	563	16.0

Data based on address at diagnosis of HIV or AIDS

This table presents HIV Infection cases using the year the person was first diagnosed

The term HIV Infection is used to refer to three categories of diagnoses collectively:

1 - persons with a diagnosis of HIV infection (not AIDS)

2 - a diagnosis of HIV infection and a later diagnosis of AIDS

3 - concurrent diagnoses of HIV and AIDS

Data supplied from HIV Surveillance for cases reported through 2016