

**Connecticut Department of Public Health HIV Surveillance Program
White non-Hispanic People Living with HIV Infection by Sex, Race, and Risk, Connecticut, 2017**

	Mode of Transmission																Total	
	MSM		PWID		MSM and IDU		Heterosexual contact		Perinatal		Presumed Heterosexual contact		Other		Unknown			
	N	% of row total	N	% of row total	N	% of row total	N	% of row total	N	% of row total	N	% of row total	N	% of row total	N	% of row total	N	% of row total
Total	1,550	49.2	639	20.3	89	2.8	507	16.1	23	0.7	51	1.6	11	0.3	280	8.9	3,150	100.0
Sex																		
Male	1,550	64.0	357	14.7	89	3.7	184	7.6	10	0.4	--	--	9	0.4	222	9.2	2,421	76.9
Female	--	--	282	38.7	--	--	323	44.3	13	1.8	51	7.0	2	0.3	58	8.0	729	23.1
Current Age																		
<20	1	33.3	--	--	--	--	1	33.3	1	33.3	--	--	--	--	--	--	3	0.1
20-29	80	66.7	7	5.8	2	1.7	8	6.7	18	15.0	--	--	--	--	5	4.2	120	3.8
30-39	191	63.0	24	7.9	13	4.3	40	13.2	4	1.3	11	3.6	--	--	20	6.6	303	9.6
40-49	271	49.2	90	16.3	19	3.4	97	17.6	--	--	11	2.0	1	0.2	62	11.3	551	17.5
50-59	607	47.4	301	23.5	36	2.8	214	16.7	--	--	15	1.2	4	0.3	104	8.1	1,281	40.7
60+	400	44.8	217	24.3	19	2.1	147	16.5	--	--	14	1.6	6	0.7	89	10.0	892	28.3

Data based on last known address as of 2017

The term HIV Infection is used to refer to three categories of diagnoses collectively:

1 - persons with a diagnosis of HIV infection (not AIDS)

2 - a diagnosis of HIV infection and a later diagnosis of AIDS

3 - concurrent diagnoses of HIV and AIDS

Data supplied from HIV Surveillance for cases reported through 2018