

**Connecticut Department of Public Health HIV Surveillance Program
White non-Hispanic People Living with HIV Infection by Sex, Race, and Risk, Connecticut, 2019**

	Mode of Transmission																	
	Total		MSM		PWID		MSM and IDU		Heterosexual contact		Perinatal		Presumed Heterosexual contact		Other		Unknown	
	N	% of total	N	% of row total	N	% of row total	N	% of row total	N	% of row total	N	% of row total	N	% of row total	N	% of row total	N	% of row total
Total	3,176	100.0	1,616	50.9	598	18.8	89	2.8	517	16.3	23	0.7	50	1.6	10	0.3	273	8.6
Sex																		
Male	2,448	77.1	1,616	66.0	325	13.3	89	3.6	186	7.6	9	0.4	--	--	8	0.3	215	8.8
Female	728	22.9	--	--	273	37.5	--	--	331	45.5	14	1.9	50	6.9	2	0.3	58	8.0
Current Age																		
<20	4	0.1	1	25.0	--	--	--	--	1	25.0	1	25.0	--	--	--	--	1	25.0
20-29	110	3.5	72	65.5	3	2.7	3	2.7	8	7.3	15	13.6	--	--	--	--	9	8.2
30-39	314	9.9	208	66.2	25	8.0	12	3.8	36	11.5	7	2.2	7	2.2	--	--	19	6.1
40-49	475	15.0	235	49.5	75	15.8	17	3.6	88	18.5	--	--	10	2.1	--	--	50	10.5
50-59	1,186	37.3	603	50.8	234	19.7	29	2.4	197	16.6	--	--	18	1.5	4	0.3	101	8.5
60+	1,087	34.2	497	45.7	261	24.0	28	2.6	187	17.2	--	--	15	1.4	6	0.6	93	8.6

Data based on last known address as of 2019

The term HIV Infection is used to refer to three categories of diagnoses collectively:

- 1 - persons with a diagnosis of HIV infection (not AIDS)
- 2 - a diagnosis of HIV infection and a later diagnosis of AIDS
- 3 - concurrent diagnoses of HIV and AIDS

Source: HIV Surveillance Registry for cases reported through December 23, 2020