

**Connecticut Department of Public Health HIV Surveillance Program
HIV Infection Cases by Diagnosis Year and Risk, Connecticut, 2010 - 2019**

	Transmission category														
	Total	MSM		PWID		MSM and IDU		Heterosexual contact		Perinatal		Presumed Heterosexual contact		Unknown	
	N	N	% of Total	N	% of Total	N	% of Total	N	% of Total	N	% of Total	N	% of Total	N	% of Total
Diagnosis Year															
2010	396	154	38.9	48	12.1	6	1.5	128	32.3	0	0	25	6.3	35	8.8
2011	354	172	48.6	24	6.8	6	1.7	91	25.7	1	0.3	16	4.5	44	12.4
2012	294	138	46.9	32	10.9	5	1.7	83	28.2	0	0	11	3.7	25	8.5
2013	326	168	51.5	29	8.9	4	1.2	91	27.9	2	0.6	5	1.5	27	8.3
2014	295	138	46.8	23	7.8	5	1.7	89	30.2	0	0	15	5.1	25	8.5
2015	280	136	48.6	11	3.9	9	3.2	89	31.8	0	0	10	3.6	25	8.9
2016	266	147	55.3	14	5.3	7	2.6	64	24.1	1	0.4	7	2.6	26	9.8
2017	280	138	49.3	24	8.6	5	1.8	85	30.4	0	0	5	1.8	23	8.2
2018	257	135	52.5	13	5.1	6	2.3	71	27.6	0	0	9	3.5	23	8.9
2019	220	119	54.1	14	6.4	2	0.9	45	20.5	2	0.9	8	3.6	30	13.6
Total	2,968	1,445	48.7	232	7.8	55	1.9	836	28.2	6	0.2	111	3.7	283	9.5

The term HIV Infection is used to refer to three categories of diagnoses collectively:

- 1 - persons with a diagnosis of HIV infection (not AIDS)
- 2 - a diagnosis of HIV infection and a later diagnosis of AIDS
- 3 - concurrent diagnoses of HIV and AIDS.

Source: HIV Surveillance Registry for cases reported through December 23, 2020