

**Connecticut Department of Public Health HIV Surveillance Program  
HIV Infection Cases by Diagnosis Year and Risk, Connecticut, 2011 - 2020**

	Total	Transmission category													
		MSM		PWID		MSM and IDU		Heterosexual contact		Perinatal		Presumed Heterosexual contact		Unknown	
		N	% of Total	N	% of Total	N	% of Total	N	% of Total	N	% of Total	N	% of Total	N	% of Total
Diagnosis Year	N	% of Total	N	% of Total	N	% of Total	N	% of Total	N	% of Total	N	% of Total	N	% of Total	
2011	354	172	48.6	25	7.1	5	1.4	91	25.7	1	0.3	16	4.5	44	12.4
2012	293	137	46.8	32	10.9	5	1.7	84	28.7	0	0	10	3.4	25	8.5
2013	325	167	51.4	29	8.9	4	1.2	91	28.0	2	0.6	5	1.5	27	8.3
2014	294	137	46.6	23	7.8	6	2.0	89	30.3	0	0	14	4.8	25	8.5
2015	280	136	48.6	11	3.9	9	3.2	89	31.8	0	0	10	3.6	25	8.9
2016	265	147	55.5	14	5.3	7	2.6	65	24.5	1	0.4	6	2.3	25	9.4
2017	280	138	49.3	24	8.6	5	1.8	85	30.4	0	0	5	1.8	23	8.2
2018	257	135	52.5	13	5.1	6	2.3	72	28.0	0	0	9	3.5	22	8.6
2019	219	119	54.3	14	6.4	2	0.9	45	20.5	2	0.9	8	3.7	29	13.2
2020	174	94	54.0	10	5.7	3	1.7	36	20.7	1	0.6	12	6.9	18	10.3
<b>Total</b>	2,741	1,382	50.4	195	7.1	52	1.9	747	27.3	7	0.3	95	3.5	263	9.6

The term HIV Infection is used to refer to three categories of diagnoses collectively:

- 1 - persons with a diagnosis of HIV infection (not AIDS)
- 2 - a diagnosis of HIV infection and a later diagnosis of AIDS
- 3 - concurrent diagnoses of HIV and AIDS.

Note: data for 2020 should be interpreted with caution due to the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on access to HIV testing & care-related services.

Source: HIV Surveillance Registry for cases reported through December 22, 2021