HIV in Connecticut
Data reported through 2021

In 2020, 174 new HIV infections were reported to DPH.

Of the 174 newly identified HIV diagnoses in 2020:

- 94 (54%) were among gay and bisexual men
- 48 (28%) were among heterosexuals*
- 10 (6%) were among people who inject drugs

2020 HIV Diagnoses in Connecticut, Most Affected Subpopulations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Subpopulation</th>
<th>Number of Diagnoses</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hispanic/Latino Males, MSM</td>
<td>35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White Males, MSM</td>
<td>31</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black Males, MSM</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hispanic/Latina Females, Heterosexual Contact</td>
<td>19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black Females, Heterosexual Contact</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>People Who Inject Drugs</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hispanic/Latina Females, Heterosexual Contact</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White Females, Heterosexual Contact</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

5-Year Trends in Subpopulations, 2016-2020:

- Black MSM
- White MSM
- Hispanic MSM
- People Who Inject Drugs (PWID)
- Black Heterosexual Female
- Hispanic Heterosexual Female

REPORTED TOTALS 1981 - 2020

- 22,147 ALL HIV-INFECTED PEOPLE LIVING OR DECEASED
- 8,741 PEOPLE WHO INJECT DRUGS
- 5,959 GAY OR BISEXUAL MEN
- 5,010 HETEROSEXUAL

* Heterosexual transmission categories include presumed heterosexual risk
** PWID: People who inject drugs
Black/African Americans account for 12% of the CT population and 33% of new HIV diagnoses.

Hispanic/Latinx account for 17% of the CT population and 35% of new HIV diagnoses.

10,665 People in CT are LIVING WITH HIV

5-Year Trends in New Diagnoses, Prevalence and Deaths, 2016-2020:

FOR PEOPLE LIVING WITH HIV...

- 77% received some HIV care
- 50% were retained in care
- 71% were virally suppressed

People diagnosed with HIV in CT who died in 2020: 207 (preliminary data)

Please note...

COVID-19 Impact

The HIV Surveillance Program has maintained usual operations and activities since the start of the pandemic. With implementation of “Stay Safe-Stay Home,” tele-health, and home testing, there was a reduction in HIV-related laboratory reporting.

2020 HIV Surveillance Data

It is recommended that 2020 data be interpreted with caution. New HIV cases may be under-reported. People with HIV who are identified as "not-in-care," may have had a tele-health visit that would not reflect in HIV surveillance data.

For more HIV surveillance data visit: www.ct.gov/dph/hivsurveillance