State of Connecticut
REGULATION
of

NAME OF AGENCY

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Concerning

SUBJECT MATTER OF REGULATION

LOCAL BRIDGE PROGRAM

SECTION 13a-175u

Sections 13a-175u-1 to 13a-175u-7, inclusive, of the Regulations of Connecticut State Agencies are amended to read as follows:

Sec. 13a-175u-1. Definitions

The following terms shall have the following respective meanings:

[(a)] (1) "AASHTO" means the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials, 444 North Capitol Street, N.W., Suite 249, Washington, D.C. 20001.

[(b)] (2) "AENGLC" means as of the date grant percentages are determined in accordance with section 3 of these regulations, the adjusted equalized net grand list per capita of a town prepared as of the immediately preceding January 1 by the State pursuant to Section 10-261 of the Connecticut General Statutes.

[(c)] (3) "Bridge design requirements" means the design requirements for a span established by the "Standard Specifications for Highway Bridges" of AASHTO ["AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications" in effect at the time of the filing of the supplemental application, published by AASHTO, and, in addition, the following:

[(1)] (a) minimum life expectancy of 20 years after construction completion;

[(2)] (b) an [HS-20] HL-93 limit for a newly constructed or rehabilitated span, except that a municipality may approve a lesser load limit for a rehabilitated span so long as such load limit is not less than a [12] 14-ton single unit load limit;

[(3)] (c) compliance with [DOT] Department guidelines for fatigue of existing structural elements;

[(4)] (d) guide railings of a safe design at the leading ends of a span;

[(5)] (e) upgrading of existing parapet and traffic railings to AASHTO standards;

(f) design for flood frequencies and under-clearances stipulated in the Drainage Manual, except that on local roads and driveways with low traffic volumes and where reasonable alternate routes are available, lower design criteria are acceptable, provided:

(1) Flood discharges may be allowed to cross over roads that are at or close to the floodplain grade;
(2) Water surface elevations are not increased more than one foot, and will not cause damage to upstream or downstream properties;
(3) Provisions are made to barricade the road when overtopped; and
(4) The road or driveway is posted as being subject to flooding.

(g) Scour evaluation performed in accordance with the Drainage Manual.

[(d)] (4) "Bridge" means a structure with defined abutments with a distance between the faces of abutments of 6 feet or more, measured along the centerline of the bridge, and whose superstructure is integral with the roadway.

[(e)] (5) "Coding Guide" means the "Recording and Coding Guide for the Structure Inventory and Appraisal of the Nation's Bridges", dated December 1995, as may be updated from time to time, prepared by the Federal Highway Administration, 1200 New Jersey Avenue SE, Washington, DC 20590.

[(f)] (6) "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of the Department of Transportation.

[(g)] (7) "Commitment to fund" means a commitment issued to a municipality by the Commissioner to fund the project costs of an eligible bridge project through a [project] grant, [a project loan, or both.] in accordance with section 5 of these regulations.

[(h)] "Condition rating of substructure" means the numerical rating of from 0 to 9 applicable to the substructure of a bridge determined in accordance with the criteria set forth in the Coding Guide.

(8) "Condition rating" means the numerical rating of from 0 to 9 applicable to the deck, superstructure, or substructure of a bridge determined in accordance with the criteria set forth in the Coding Guide.

[(i)] "Condition rating of superstructure" means the numerical rating of from 0 to 9 applicable to the condition of the superstructure of a bridge determined in accordance with the criteria set forth in the Coding Guide.

[(j)] (9) "Construction contract" means an agreement between a municipality and a contractor whereby the contractor undertakes to complete the removal, replacement, reconstruction, rehabilitation or improvement of an eligible bridge.

[(k)] (10) "Culvert" means (a) a box culvert with a distance between the faces of side walls of 6 feet or more whose superstructure is not integral with the roadway, or (b) [a concrete or metal] arched, [structure or a metal] plate or pipe structure with an interior span length of 6 feet or more. [A prefabricated metal, concrete or other pipe culvert does not constitute a "culvert".]

[(l)] (11) "Culvert condition rating" means the numerical rating of from 0 to 9 applicable to the condition of a culvert determined in accordance with the criteria set forth in the Coding Guide.

[(m)] "Deck condition rating" means the numerical rating of from 0 to 9 applicable to the condition of the deck of a bridge determined in accordance with the criteria set forth in the Coding Guide.

(12) “Department” means the Connecticut Department of Transportation, 2800 Berlin Turnpike, Newington, CT 06131-7546.

(13) “Drainage Manual” means the edition of the Department’s Drainage Manual in effect at the time of the filing of the supplemental application, published by the Department.

[(n)] (14) "Eligible bridge" means:

[(1)] (a) a bridge which has a condition rating of 4 or less given to any of the following components: superstructure, substructure, or deck condition, or an appraisal rating
of 2 or less given to the structure evaluation or waterway adequacy, or a culvert with a culvert condition rating of 4 or less; and

[(2) a culvert with a condition rating of 4 or less] (b) which has not received funding from the Department under its local bridge program within the last ten (10) years.

[(o) "Eligible bridge project" means the removal, replacement, reconstruction, rehabilitation or improvement of an eligible bridge by one or more municipalities.]

[(p)] (15) "Factor" means the number equal to the following:

\[
\begin{align*}
\text{(High AENGLC-Low AENGLC)} \\
\text{[23] 35}
\end{align*}
\]

[(q)] (16) "Filing date" means with respect to any fiscal year the filing date set forth in section 5 of these regulations.

[(r)] (17) "Fiscal year" means the fiscal year of the State.

(18) "Grant" means a grant made to a municipality pursuant to section 13a-175s of the Connecticut General Statutes.

(19) "Grant agreement" means an agreement between the Department and a municipality, specifying the terms and conditions of the grant.

[(s)] (20) "Grant percentage" means the number equal to the following:

\[
\begin{align*}
\text{[33] 50 - (Municipal AENGLC-Low AENGLC)} \\
\text{Factor}
\end{align*}
\]

[(t)] (21) "High AENGLC" means the AENGLC of a town which is higher than the AENGLC of any other town.

[(u)] (22) "Inventory rating in tons" means the numerical rating, denoting the safe sustained load capacity of a structure, determined in accordance with the [load factor method described in the manual for condition evaluation of bridges] Manual for Bridge Evaluation. The live load used in the analysis shall be the MS18 (HS 20) truck or lane loading, whichever controls.

[(v)] (23) "Local bridge revolving fund" means the local bridge revolving fund created under section 13a-175r of the Connecticut General Statutes.

[(w)] (24) "Low AENGLC" means the AENGLC of a town which is lower than the AENGLC of any other town.

[(x)] (25) "Managing municipality" means the municipality designated by those municipalities filing joint preliminary and supplemental applications pursuant to section 5 of these regulations to act as the municipalities' liaison with the Department of Transportation and to coordinate the efforts of such municipalities in undertaking and completing an eligible bridge project.


[(z)] (27) "Municipality" means any town, city, borough, consolidated town and city, consolidated town and borough, district or other political subdivision of the State, owning or having responsibility for the maintenance of all or a portion of an eligible bridge.

[(aa)] (28) "Municipal AENGLC" means the AENGLC of a municipality, but if no AENGLC is determined for the municipality, then it is the AENGLC of the town in which the municipality is
located. In the case of an eligible bridge owned or maintained by more than one municipality, the Commissioner may use the lowest AENGLC of the participating municipalities to compute the grant percentage.

[(bb)] (28) "Municipal official" means the chief elected official, town manager, city manager, or other official of a municipality duly authorized to act on behalf of such municipality in connection with the local bridge program.

[(cc)] (29) "Physical condition" means the physical condition of a span based on its structural deficiencies, sufficiency rating and load capacity all as determined by the Commissioner.

[(dd)] (30) "Preliminary application" means an application prepared in accordance with subsections (a), (b), and (c) of section 5 of these regulations.

[(ee)] (31) "Priority list of eligible bridge projects" means the priority list determined in accordance with section 2 of these regulations.

[(ff)] (32) "Professional engineer" means a professional engineer licensed by the State of Connecticut pursuant to chapter 391 of the Connecticut General Statutes.

[(gg)] (33) "Priority rating" as determined by the Commissioner means:

[(1)] (a) with respect to a bridge, the number equal to the following:

\[
\frac{\text{SR} - 2[1 - (\text{DC} + \text{SUB} + \text{SUP})] - 4[1 - (\text{IR})]}{27} - \frac{36}{36}
\]

"SR" means sufficiency rating
"DC" means deck condition rating
"SUB" means condition rating of substructure
"SUP" means condition rating of superstructure
"IR" means inventory rating in tons

[(2)] (b) with respect to a culvert, the number equal to the following:

\[
\frac{\text{SR} - 2[1 - (\text{CUL})] - 4[1 - (\text{IR})]}{9} - \frac{36}{36}
\]

"SR" means sufficiency rating
"CUL" means culvert condition rating
"IR" means inventory rating in tons

[(hh)] "Project costs" means the costs of an eligible bridge project determined by the Commissioner to be necessary and reasonable.

[(ii)] "Project grant" means a grant-in-aid made to a municipality pursuant to section 13a-175s of the Connecticut General Statutes.

[(jj)] "Project grant agreement" means a grant agreement between the State and a municipality with respect to a project grant.

[(kk)] "Project loan" means a loan made to a municipality from the local bridge revolving fund and evidenced by the municipality's project loan obligation.

[(ll)] "Project loan agreement" means a loan agreement with respect to a project loan as provided for in subsection (c) of section 13a-175s of the Connecticut General Statutes.

[(mm)] "Project loan obligation" means an obligation of a municipality issued to evidence indebtedness under a project loan agreement and payable to the State for the benefit of the local bridge revolving fund.
"Public emergency" means a situation in which the physical condition of a bridge requires it to be closed or its load limit to be reduced substantially resulting in the isolation of people, or a significant delay in the availability of emergency vehicle service to such an extent that the public health and safety of such people is jeopardized.

"Rehabilitation" means the improvement of an existing span in such manner as to preserve the existence of all or any portion of such span.

"Span" means a bridge or culvert.

“Standard Specifications” means the Department’s Standard Specifications for Roads, Bridges and Incidental Construction including its supplemental specifications in effect at the time of the filing of the supplemental application.

“Structure evaluation” means the overall rating of the structure which takes into account all major structural deficiencies, and evaluates a bridge in relation to the level of service it provides, as compared with a new bridge built to current standards.

"Sufficiency rating" means the sufficiency rating of a span determined in accordance with the criteria set forth in the Coding Guide.

"Supplemental application" means the application described in subsection (e) of section 5 of these regulations.

“Waterway adequacy” means the appraisal of the adequacy of the waterway opening with respect to the passage of flow through the bridge.

Sec. 13a-175u-2. Priority list of eligible bridge projects

(a) As of March 1 of each fiscal year, the Commissioner shall establish a priority rating for each eligible bridge or culvert which is located within one or more municipalities, and is owned in whole or in part by a municipality. Each such priority rating shall be based upon the then most recently available data obtained by or submitted to and accepted by the Commissioner.

(b) As of July 1 of each fiscal year, the Commissioner shall rank all spans for which a completed preliminary application has been received in the order of their priority ratings, with the span having the lowest priority rating being ranked first and the span having the highest priority rating being ranked last. The list so determined shall constitute the priority list of eligible bridge projects for the then current fiscal year.

(c) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (b) of this section, upon receipt by the Commissioner of an application of a municipality, which application shall include all necessary supporting data, the Commissioner may disregard the priority list of eligible bridge projects and issue a commitment to fund an eligible bridge project if a public emergency exists with respect to such project.

Sec. 13a-175u-3. Grant percentage

(a) As of March 1 of each fiscal year, the Commissioner shall determine a grant percentage for each town. The grant percentage of a town shall be applicable to any municipality located in such town.
(b) The grant percentage of a municipality determined as of March 1 of any fiscal year shall be used to determine the amount of the [project] grant for which a municipality would be eligible under a commitment to fund issued [during] for the next succeeding fiscal year.

(c) In the case of an eligible bridge owned or maintained by more than one municipality, the Commissioner may use the highest grant percentage determined for the participating municipalities.

(Effective October 24, 1984; amended October 7, 1999, amended December 31, 2013)

Sec. 13a-175u-4. Project costs

(a) The Commissioner shall fund through [project grants and project loans] a grant only those costs of an eligible bridge project which he finds necessary and reasonable. A cost is necessary and reasonable if, in its nature or amount, it does not exceed that which would be incurred by a prudent person in the conduct of a competitive business. In determining the necessity and reasonableness of a given cost, the Commissioner shall consider the following:

1. whether the cost is of a type generally recognized as reasonable and necessary for the performance of the project taking into account established contracting or construction practices;
2. restraints or requirements imposed by such factors as generally accepted sound business practices, Federal and state laws and regulations, and contract terms and specifications;
3. generally accepted accounting practices and principles appropriate under the circumstances;
4. whether the cost would be incurred by a prudent businessman under the circumstances, considering his responsibilities to the owners of his business, his employees, his customers, the government, and the public at large; and
5. any limitations or exclusions set forth in these regulations or the applicable [project] grant agreement [or project loan agreement].

(b) In any given project the reasonableness or necessity of certain items of cost may be difficult to determine. In order to avoid a possible subsequent disallowance or dispute based on a cost being found unnecessary or unreasonable, a municipality may seek advance approval from the Commissioner as to the treatment to be accorded such cost.

(c) Those items of cost which ordinarily will be considered eligible project costs include:

1. preliminary engineering activities, including engineering studies undertaken to determine whether a bridge is eligible for inclusion on the priority list of eligible bridge projects, provided that [the aggregate cost thereof does not exceed 15% of the anticipated construction costs of the project]
2. property acquisition;
3. construction engineering services including inspection and materials testing [provided that the cost thereof does not exceed 15% of the construction costs of the project];
4. construction costs;
5. municipally owned utility adjustment and relocation costs; and
6. in the case where a municipality undertakes a project using its own labor, equipment and material, the following:
   A payroll costs of municipal employees working on the project;
(B) burden and fringe costs, such as FICA, vacation pay, sick leave pay, and pension contributions, of such employees so long as such costs can be audited;
(C) documented costs of materials;
(D) costs per hour of an item of equipment so long as such costs can be audited; if such costs cannot be audited then the then current equipment [charges published by the Federal Emergency Management Agency] rental rates as established in accordance with section 1.09.04 (d) of the Standard Specifications.

(d) Any project costs incurred prior to the start of construction of an eligible bridge project will be eligible for reimbursement so long as actual construction of the project for which such costs were incurred commences no earlier than the date upon which the Commissioner issues a commitment to fund the project.

(e) Those items of cost which ordinarily will not be eligible for local bridge program funding include:
   (1) administration, including the wages or salaries of municipal employees not working directly on the project;
   (2) overhead costs of a municipality performing construction on its own account; and
   (3) interim or final audits.

(Effective October 24, 1984; amended October 7, 1999, amended (E) 2013)

Sec. 13a-175u-5. Application for [project] grants [and project loans]; Issuance of commitments to fund

(a) A municipality must file a completed preliminary application with the Commissioner on or before [March] May 1 in any fiscal year, unless otherwise extended by the Commissioner, in order to be eligible to receive a commitment to fund [during] for the fiscal year next following such date.

(b) Any municipality which submits a completed preliminary application and which does not receive a commitment to fund as provided in subsection (a) of this section shall be required to resubmit such preliminary application for it to be reconsidered for funding during the next succeeding fiscal year, or shall notify the Commissioner in writing that the municipality wants such preliminary application as previously submitted to be so reconsidered.

(c) A preliminary application shall provide all information requested by the Commissioner on the preliminary application form.

(d) Following each filing date the Commissioner shall rank in the order of the priority list of eligible bridge projects then in effect each preliminary application which is complete. [On or before June 30 of the then current] At the beginning of each fiscal year, the Commissioner shall issue commitments to fund, in the order of such priority list, each eligible bridge project the construction of which is scheduled to commence within the next [succeeding fiscal] year, to the extent moneys therefore are available, provided, however, that a municipality may request a waiver of the construction commencement date from the Commissioner if justification can be provided for not commencing construction of an eligible bridge project within the next [succeeding fiscal] year. [However, for eligible projects for which the preliminary application was filed on or before October 1, 1984, or such later date as may be established by the Commissioner, commitments to fund shall be issued by the Commissioner within 90 days of such date.]

(e) A commitment to fund a grant shall lapse (1) [as to a project loan or a project grant] if the municipality's supplemental application as filed with the Commissioner contains estimated project costs in excess of those set forth in the municipality's preliminary application and
insufficient moneys remain to fund the [amount of the project loan or project grant or both, as the case may be, being] grant requested, or (2) a municipality fails to file with the Commissioner within [270 days] one year of the date its commitment to fund is issued, unless any such date is extended by the Commissioner for good cause shown, a completed supplemental application which shall contain all information requested by the Commissioner on the supplemental application form.

(f) In the case of an eligible bridge project involving more than one municipality, only one preliminary application and one supplemental application shall be filed. Each such application shall contain all the information required by these regulations with respect to each participating municipality and the preliminary application shall designate the managing municipality.


Sec. 13a-175u-6. Funding

(a) After a supplemental application is deemed complete by the Commissioner he shall enter into a [project loan agreement or a project] grant agreement [or both, as the case may be.] with the filing municipality, pursuant to which the State shall, on the date all of the conditions precedent to funding are met, pay the grant to the municipality, [the project grant or make the project loan, or both.]

(b) Subject to the terms and conditions set forth in each [project] grant agreement [and project loan agreement], the Commissioner shall be obligated to fund the amount of project costs equal to [the sum of (1)] the municipality's grant percentage multiplied by the municipality’s share of eligible project costs [allocable to such municipality and (2) the project loan amount requested by the municipality up to 50% of the project costs allocable to it].

(c) In addition to any other conditions [precedent to funding the project] established by the Commissioner, each [project] grant agreement [and project loan agreement] shall include the following conditions precedent to funding, if applicable:

(1) certified copies of all bids of contractors;

(2) written justification for awarding the construction contract to any person other than the lowest bidder;

(3) evidence that the municipality and contractor have entered into a legally binding construction contract;

(4) the municipality has available to it, or has made arrangements satisfactory to the Commissioner to obtain, funds to pay that portion of the project costs for which it is legally obligated and which are not met by [project loans or project] grants;

(5) the municipality has established a tax exempt proceeds fund account for the receipt and disbursement of the proceeds of project loans and project grants;

(6) in any case in which an eligible bridge is owned or maintained by more than one municipality, evidence satisfactory to the Commissioner that all such municipalities are legally bound to complete their respective portions of such project[; and]

(7) evidence that the legislative body of the municipality has held at least one public hearing on the eligible bridge project in accordance with subsection (b) of section 13a-175t of the Connecticut General Statutes.

(d) In addition to any other agreement of a municipality required by the Commissioner, each [project] grant agreement [and project loan agreement] shall contain the following agreements:
(1) the municipality will commence construction of the project within [30] 90 days after the
date such agreement or agreements are entered into, unless otherwise extended by the
Commissioner;
(2) the municipality will complete such project no later than the date of completion set forth
in its supplemental application, unless otherwise extended by the Commissioner;
(3) the municipality will operate and maintain the eligible bridge properly after completion
of such project.

Sec. 13a-175u-7. Project completion

(a) Upon completion of construction a municipality will (1) certify to the Commissioner that
the project is completed, [and] (2) forward to the Commissioner [an audit of the project prepared
by a certified public accountant,] a final audit of the project, and (3) furnish a set of as-built
construction plans to the Commissioner.

(b) The Commissioner will review the audit and notify the municipality of any overpayment
or underpayment of project costs by the State. In case of underpayment, the Commissioner shall
as soon as practicable, but in no event later than 90 days after determining such underpayment,
and provided that sufficient funds are available, reimburse the municipality for such
underpayment. In case of overpayment the municipality shall as soon as practicable but in no
event later than 90 days after such notification, reimburse the State for such overpayment.

(c) Any interest earned by a municipality from the [proceeds of a project] grant [or a project
loan] shall be expended by the municipality solely for transportation purposes within the
municipality.

(Effective October 24, 1984; amended October 7, 1999, amended 2013)
Statement of Purpose

Pursuant to CGS Section 4-170(b)(3), “Each proposed regulation shall have a statement of its purpose following the final section of the regulation.”

To revise the Regulations of the Local Bridge Program to conform with the changes made to the Local Bridge Program under Public Act 13-239. Throughout the regulations, and language relating to making of loans has been removed as required.

Section 1.
The lettering/numbering scheme in section 1 was revised to comply with LCO guidelines. Definitions which were deleted by PA 13-239, or which were not needed for clarity of reading, have been removed. Other definitions have been revised to reflect changes in names or editions of referenced documents, and changes in standards since the regulations were last revised. The definitions relating to calculation of the grant percentage were revised to change the range from 10-33% to 15-50% as specified by section 76 of PA 13-239.

Section 2.
Historic practice has been that the Department establishes the list of eligible bridges before soliciting applications. The date change from July 1 to March 1 reflects that practice.

Section 3.
The new subsection 3 allows the Commissioner to use the highest grant percentage of the participating municipalities when a bridge is owned by more than one municipality, regardless of which municipality will administer the project.

Section 4.
The revisions to subsection 3 remove the 15% cap on preliminary engineering and construction engineering costs to comply with section 79 of PA 13-239, and add a reference to advance grants to cover preliminary engineering. Provision for making advance grants under the Local Bridge Program was added by PA 88-60, but the regulations were never revised to provide for advance grants.

Section 5.
The due date for preliminary applications was moved from March 1 to May 1 to give municipalities more time to prepare applications, and the time allowed to file the supplemental application was extended from 270 days to one year to give municipalities more time to complete a project’s design.

Section 6.
All language relating to the making of loans, including the requirement for a public hearing, has been removed to conform with PA 13-239. The requirement for a Tax Exempt Proceeds Fund account has been removed because the Treasurer’s Office eliminated that program at the end of 2011 in favor of ACH transfer for grant payments. Also, the time allowed for a municipality to begin construction after receiving a grant was extended from 30 days to 90 days.

Section 7.
The language regarding project close-out has been revised to comply with the State Single Audit Act, and a requirement for as-built plans was added to ensure that the Department can plan safety inspections on the bridge as required by federal law.
CERTIFICATION

This certification statement must be completed in full, including items 3 and 4, if they are applicable.

1) I hereby certify that the above (check one) ☒ Regulations ☐ Emergency Regulations

2) are (check all that apply) ☐ adopted ☒ amended ☐ repealed by this agency pursuant to the following authority(ies): (complete all that apply)

   a. Connecticut General Statutes section(s) 13a-175u.

   b. Public Act Number(s) 13-239. (Provide public act number(s) if the act has not yet been codified in the Connecticut General Statutes.)

3) And I further certify that notice of intent to adopt, amend or repeal said regulations was published in the Connecticut Law Journal on ________; (Insert date of notice publication if publication was required by CGS Section 4-168.)

4) And that a public hearing regarding the proposed regulations was held on ________; (Insert date(s) of public hearing(s) held pursuant to CGS Section 4-168(a)(7), if any, or pursuant to other applicable statute.)

5) And that said regulations are EFFECTIVE (check one, and complete as applicable)

   ☒ When filed with the Secretary of the State

   OR ☐ on (insert date) ________

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<tr>
<th>DATE</th>
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<th>OFFICIAL TITLE, DULY AUTHORIZED Commissioner</th>
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APPROVED by the Attorney General as to legal sufficiency in accordance with CGS Section 4-169, as amended

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<th>DATE</th>
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Proposed regulations are DEEMED APPROVED by the Attorney General in accordance with CGS Section 4-169, as amended, if the attorney General fails to give notice to the agency of any legal insufficiency within thirty (30) days of the receipt of the proposed regulation.

(For Regulation Review Committee Use ONLY)

☐ Approved ☐ Disapproved in part, (Indicate Section Numbers disapproved only)

☐ Approved with technical corrections ☐ Rejected without prejudice

☐ Deemed approved pursuant to CGS Section 4-170(c)

By the Legislative Regulation Review Committee in accordance with CGS Section 4-170, as amended

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Two certified copies received and filed and one such copy forwarded to the Commission on Official Legal Publications in accordance with CGS Section 4-172, as amended.

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<th>DATE</th>
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(For Secretary of the State Use ONLY)
GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

1. All regulations proposed for adoption, amendment or repeal, except emergency regulations, must be presented to the Attorney General for his/her determination of legal sufficiency. (See CGS Section 4-169.)

2. After approval by the Attorney General, the original and one electronic copy (in Word format) of all regulations proposed for adoption, amendment or repeal must be presented to the Legislative Regulation Review Committee for its action. (See CGS Sections 4-168 and 4-170 as amended by Public Act 11-150, Sections 18 and 19.)

3. Each proposed regulation section must include the appropriate regulation section number and a section heading. (See CGS Section 4-172.)

4. New language added to an existing regulation must be in underlining or CAPITAL LETTERS, as determined by the Regulation Review Committee. (See CGS 4-170(b).)

5. Existing language to be deleted must be enclosed in brackets [ ]. (See CGS 4-170(b).)

6. A completely new regulation or a new section of an existing regulation must be preceded by the word "(NEW)" in capital letters. (See CGS Section 4-170(b).)

7. The proposed regulation must have a statement of its purpose following the final section of the regulation. (See CGS Section 4-170(b).)

8. The Certification Statement portion of the form must be completed, including all applicable information regarding Connecticut Law Journal notice publication date(s) and public hearing(s). (See more specific instructions below.)

9. Additional information regarding rules and procedures of the Legislative Regulation Review Committee can be found on the Committee's web site: http://www.cga.ct.gov/rr/.


CERTIFICATION STATEMENT INSTRUCTIONS
(Numbers below correspond to the numbered sections of the statement)

1. Indicate whether the regulation is a regular or an emergency regulation adopted under the provisions of CGS Section 4-168(f).

2. a) Indicate whether the regulations contains newly adopted sections, amendments to existing sections, and/or repeals existing sections. Check all cases that apply.

   b) Indicate the specific legal authority that authorizes or requires adoption, amendment or repeal of the regulation. If the relevant public act has been codified in the most current biennial edition of the Connecticut General Statutes, indicate the relevant statute number(s) instead of the public act number. If the public act has not yet been codified, indicate the relevant public act number.

3. Except for emergency regulations adopted under CGS 4-168(f), and technical amendments to an existing regulation adopted under CGS 4-168(g), an agency must publish notice of its intent to adopt a regulation in the Connecticut Law Journal. Enter the date of notice publication.

4. CGS Section 4-168(a)(7) prescribes requirements for the holding of an agency public hearing regarding proposed regulations. Enter the date(s) of the hearing(s) held under that section, if any; also enter the date(s) of any hearing(s) the agency was required to hold under the provisions of any other law.

5. As applicable, enter the effective date of the regulation here, or indicate that it is effective upon filing with the Secretary of the State. Please note the information below.

   Regulations are effective upon filing with the Secretary of the State or at a later specified date. See CGS Section 4-172(b) which provides that each regulation is effective upon filing, or, if a later date is required by statute or specified in the regulation, the later date is the effective date. An effective date may not precede the effective
date of the public act requiring or permitting the regulation. Emergency regulations are effective immediately upon filing with the Secretary of the State, or at a stated date less than twenty days thereafter.