

Regulations of Connecticut State Agencies
TITLE 28. Civil Preparedness & Emergency Services

Agency
Department of Emergency Services and Public Protection
Subject
Enhanced 9-1-1 Telecommunications Fund Regulations

Inclusive Sections
§§ 28-24-1—28-24-12a

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Sec. 28-24-1. Definitions (Repealed)

Repealed July 1, 2020.

(Adopted effective January 24, 1997; Amended March 3, 2006; Repealed July 1, 2020)

Sec. 28-24-2. Public safety answering point terminal equipment (Repealed)

Repealed July 1, 2020.

(Adopted effective January 24, 1997; Repealed July 1, 2020)

Sec. 28-24-3. Subsidization of regional public safety emergency telecommunications centers, multi-town PSAPS and eligible municipalities (Repealed)

Repealed July 1, 2020.

(Adopted effective January 24, 1997; Amended March 3, 2006; Repealed July 1, 2020)

Sec. 28-24-4. Subsidization of municipalities with populations in excess of 40,000 (Repealed)

Repealed July 1, 2020.

(Adopted effective January 24, 1997; Amended March 3, 2006; Repealed July 1, 2020)

Sec. 28-24-5. Implementation of a transition grant program (Repealed)

Repealed July 1, 2020.

(Adopted effective January 24, 1997; Amended March 3, 2006; Repealed July 1, 2020)

Sec. 28-24-6. Application procedures (Repealed)

Repealed July 1, 2020.

(Adopted effective January 24, 1997; Amended March 3, 2006; Repealed July 1, 2020)

Sec. 28-24-7. Implementation of a regional emergency telecommunications service credit (Repealed)

Repealed July 1, 2020.

(Adopted effective January 24, 1997; Amended March 3, 2006; Repealed July 1, 2020)

Sec. 28-24-8. Training of public safety telecommunicators (Repealed)

Repealed July 1, 2020.

(Adopted effective January 24, 1997; Amended March 3, 2006; Repealed July 1, 2020)

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Sec. 28-24-9. Recurring expenses and capital costs of the 9-1-1 network (Repealed)

Repealed July 1, 2020.

(Adopted effective January 24, 1997; Repealed July 1, 2020)

Sec. 28-24-10. Administration of enhanced 9-1-1 program (Repealed)

Repealed July 1, 2020.

(Adopted effective January 24, 1997; Amended March 3, 2006; Repealed July 1, 2020)

Sec. 28-24-11. Administration of the enhanced 9-1-1 program by the office of statewide emergency telecommunications (Repealed)

Repealed July 1, 2020.

(Adopted effective January 24, 1997; Amended March 3, 2006; Repealed July 1, 2020)

Sec. 28-24-12. Capital expense account (Repealed)

Repealed July 1, 2020.

(Adopted effective March 3, 2006; Repealed July 1, 2020)

Sec. 28-24-13. Funding for public safety answering points operated by Connecticut state police (Repealed)

Repealed July 1, 2020.

(Adopted effective March 3, 2006; Repealed July 1, 2020)

Sec. 28-24-14. Public safety service data network (Repealed)

Repealed July 1, 2020.

(Adopted effective March 3, 2006; Repealed July 1, 2020)

Sec. 28-24-1a. Definitions

As used in sections 28-24-1a to 28-24-12a, inclusive, of the Regulations of Connecticut State Agencies:

(1) “Capital expenditure” means any single non-recurring acquisition in excess of ten thousand dollars in a single budget cycle for durable goods, information technology, or related services.

(2) “Division” means the Division of Statewide Emergency Telecommunications within the Department of Emergency Services and Public Protection.

(3) “Emergency medical dispatch” has the same meaning as provided in section 28-25 of the Connecticut General Statutes.

(4) “Enhanced 9-1-1 Telecommunications Fund” means the fund described in section 28-30a of the Connecticut General Statutes.

(5) “Funded entity” means a PSAP serving a single town, city, consolidated town and

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city or consolidated town and borough with a population of forty thousand or more that receives an annual subsidy from the Enhanced 9-1-1 telecommunications fund.

(6) “Multi-town public safety answering point” or “multi-town PSAP” means an entity authorized by the Division as the public safety answering point responsible for the receipt and processing of 9-1-1 calls for two towns, cities, consolidated towns and cities or consolidated boroughs and towns that is not eligible to be a regional PSAP. An unconsolidated borough plus a town or city does not constitute a multi-town PSAP.

(7) “Next generation 9-1-1” means a 9-1-1 internet protocol-based system with inherent capabilities beyond enhanced 9-1-1 system functions, such as the basic ability to support non-voice multimedia, including text, images and video.

(8) “Private safety answering point” has the same meaning as provided in section 28-25 of the Connecticut General Statutes.

(9) “Public safety agency” has the same meaning as provided in section 28-25 of the Connecticut General Statutes.

(10) “Public safety answering point” or “PSAP” has the same meaning as provided in section 28-25 of the Connecticut General Statutes.

(11) “Public safety answering point terminal equipment” or “PSAP terminal equipment” means hardware and software installed at a PSAP which allows personnel to receive emergency calls from the public delivered through the next generation 9-1-1 system.

(12) “Regional emergency telecommunications center” or “regional PSAP” means an entity authorized by the Division as the public safety answering point responsible for the receipt and processing of 9-1-1 calls for no fewer than three towns, cities, consolidated towns and cities or consolidated towns and boroughs. Two towns or cities plus an unconsolidated borough do not constitute a regional PSAP.

(13) “Secondary answering point” means a facility that receives emergency 9-1-1 calls transferred to it by a public safety answering point, private safety answering point or other entity for the purpose of the dispatch of municipal emergency response agencies or for the provision of mandatory services including, but not limited to, emergency medical dispatch services as required in section 28-25b(g) of the Connecticut General Statutes..

(14) “Stand-alone multi-town PSAP” means a multi-town PSAP authorized by the Division as the public safety answering point responsible for the receipt and processing of 9-1-1 calls, organized as an independent entity that is not a part of any municipality, but has the responsibility to receive and process 9-1-1 calls for two towns, cities, consolidated towns and cities or consolidated boroughs and towns and is not eligible to be a regional PSAP.

(Effective July 1, 2020)

Sec. 28-24-2a. Public safety answering point terminal equipment

Public safety answering points, with 9-1-1 service utilization plans approved by and on file with the Division in accordance with section 28-27a of the Connecticut General Statutes, are eligible for PSAP terminal equipment. Public safety answering points using state-

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provided PSAP terminal equipment that join a regional PSAP or multi-town PSAP shall return to the Division the PSAP terminal equipment received pursuant to this section. The Division shall not provide funding or PSAP terminal equipment to secondary answering points.

(Effective July 1, 2020)

Sec. 28-24-3a. Subsidization of regional PSAPs, multi-town PSAPs, and funded entities

(a) In order to be eligible for subsidies from the Enhanced 9-1-1 Telecommunications Fund, regional PSAPs and multi-town PSAPs shall:

- (1) Have a representative board in place and operating;
- (2) Have contracts with each member town or city that shall provide for the appointment of voting representatives from each town to the representative board;
- (3) Provide copies of the contracts described in subdivision (2) of this subsection to the Division upon request; and
- (4) Have a chief administrative officer and a chief financial officer. The chief financial officer shall give a surety bond in the amount of five hundred thousand dollars.

(b) Any entity provided with subsidy or grant funds shall be audited in accordance with the provisions of sections 4-230 to 4-236, inclusive, of the Connecticut General Statutes. Regional PSAPs and stand-alone multi-town PSAPs shall have an independent auditor perform a financial audit annually that complies with the requirements for a single audit, as defined in section 4-230 of the Connecticut General Statutes. Program audits shall not be sufficient to satisfy the requirements of this subsection. All audits shall encompass the operations and activities of the complete entity.

(c) Regional PSAPs, multi-town PSAPs and funded entities shall provide annual reports to the Division not later than February 1st of each year. The report shall set forth, in a format prescribed by the Division, a detailed statement consisting of the following:

- (1) The proposed annual operating budget for the fiscal year, starting the following July 1st. For regional PSAPs and stand-alone multi-town PSAPs, the submitted budget shall be the entire budget for the entity;
- (2) A copy of the most recent audit required by subsection (b) of this section;
- (3) Documentation of expenditures of state funds provided under sections 28-24-1a to 28-24-12a, inclusive, of the Regulations of Connecticut State Agencies during the previous fiscal year ending June 30th;
- (4) For regional PSAPs and stand-alone multi-town PSAPs, documentation identifying the chief administrative officer and the chief financial officer;
- (5) Identification of any secondary PSAPs or secondary dispatch points used by the PSAP;
- (6) Documentation of the process by which the PSAP provides emergency medical dispatch services, including identification of any secondary dispatch points or PSAPs used to deliver such services; and

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(7) Documentation regarding any changes to the information in the PSAP's 9-1-1 service utilization plan, or confirmation that there have been no changes to the plan.

(d) The Division shall make payments of subsidies in equal quarterly payments, not later than thirty days prior to the start of the quarter. The Division shall make payments in accordance with the funding formula established in subsection (i) of this section. Not later than sixty days after the end of each quarter, each regional PSAP, multi-town PSAP or funded entity shall submit a financial report of the expenses of the previous quarter to the Division. The Division may withhold quarterly payments if financial reports are not submitted.

(e) Except as provided in subsection (g) of this section, any funds issued at the beginning of a quarter, and not expended by a regional PSAP, multi-town PSAP or funded entity during that quarter, shall be applied toward future allocations.

(f) Funds provided to regional PSAPs, multi-town PSAPs or funded entities shall be used exclusively for the purpose of providing emergency telecommunications services. The Division shall provide policy guidance regarding the appropriate use of 9-1-1 funds. In no case shall funds be used for the following purposes:

- (1) Purchase or leasing of real estate or vehicles; or
- (2) Expenditures not related to public safety emergency telecommunications.

(g) In no case shall the state provide funding in excess of one hundred percent of the operational requirements of a regional PSAP, multi-town PSAP or funded entity. A regional PSAP, multi-town PSAP or funded entity shall refund any subsidy in excess of one hundred percent of operational requirements, provided in any given fiscal year, to the State of Connecticut, Office of the State Treasurer, for deposit in the Enhanced 9-1-1 Telecommunications Fund.

(h) The annual subsidies to regional PSAPs, multi-town PSAPs and funded entities shall be based upon:

(1) A one-time calculation establishing the population value (variable P_v). Variable P_v is a one-time calculation derived by taking the total annual subsidy paid by the Division for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019 to all regional PSAPs in existence on that date, multiplying by 0.25, and dividing the product by the aggregate population of the towns or cities served by all regional PSAPs in existence on June 30, 2019, based upon the population figures from the Department of Public Health on December 31, 2018;

(2) A one-time calculation establishing the call value (variable C_v) derived by taking the total annual subsidy paid by the Division for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019 to all regional PSAPs in existence on that date, multiplying by 0.75, and dividing the product by the number of 9-1-1 calls received for the fiscal year ending June 30th, 2019 at all regional PSAPs in existence on June 30, 2019;

(3) Beginning July 1, 2021, and annually thereafter, variable P_v and variable C_v will each be increased by the average growth rate (if any) of the Consumer Price Index over the previous three calendar years, as recorded by the United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics CPI for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U), Unadjusted;

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(4) The aggregate population (variable “Pop”) of the towns or cities served by the PSAP, based upon the most recent year-end population figures from the Department of Public Health;

(5) The number of 9-1-1 calls received on an annual basis (variable “Calls”) by the PSAP, averaged over the most recent three calendar years;

(6) A multiplier of 0.333 shall be applied to a funded entity, 0.666 shall be applied to a multi-town PSAP, and 1.0 shall be applied to a regional PSAP.

(7) The “Pop” and “Calls” values for any member town or city of a PSAP which utilizes a secondary answering point shall not be included in the PSAP totals for the purpose of calculating subsidies.

(8) For towns or cities exclusively served by the Connecticut State Police for law enforcement purposes and participating in a regional PSAP, credit shall be granted for the police dispatch service.

(9) When a town or city joins an existing regional PSAP, or joins a multi-town PSAP, thereby creating a new regional PSAP, or when three or more towns and cities create a new regional PSAP, the “Calls” value shall be the number of 9-1-1 calls received on an annual basis by that PSAP or those PSAPs, averaged over the most recent three calendar years.

(i) The PSAP funding formulas shall be as follows:

(1) For funded entities, the total equals the sum of Pop times Pv plus Calls times Cv, multiplied by 0.333. Therefore, the total for a funded entity = $[(\text{Pop} * \text{Pv}) + (\text{Calls} * \text{Cv})] * 0.333$.

(2) For multi-town PSAPs, the total equals Pop times Pv plus Calls times Cv, multiplied by 0.666. Therefore, the total for a multi-town PSAP = $[(\text{Pop} * \text{Pv}) + (\text{Calls} * \text{Cv})] * 0.666$;

(3) For regional PSAPs, the total equals Pop times Pv plus Calls times Cv. Therefore, the total for a regional PSAP = $[(\text{Pop} * \text{Pv}) + (\text{Calls} * \text{Cv})] * 1.0$;

(4) When towns or cities with a population of 40,000 or more join or create a regional or multi-town PSAP, the contribution of that town or city to the regional PSAP or multi-town PSAP subsidy shall be calculated using the multiplier of 0.333.

Example 1, a regional PSAP: The Pv calculation has a value of \$1.87 and Cv has a value of \$14.83. The sum of the towns’ populations is 45,021, and the sum of the 9-1-1 calls for the three towns, averaged over the past three years, is 13,090. Using the formula the subsidy would be:

$$[(45,021 * \$1.87) + (13,090 * \$14.83)] * 1.0 = \$278,314.$$

Example 2, application of CPI to Example 1: If a three year increase in the CPI is 6.22 per cent, the average increase is 2.07 per cent, which results in a multiplier of 1.0207 applied to Pv and Cv. Pv is now \$1.91, Cv is now \$15.14. The calculated subsidy would be:

$$[(45,021 * \$1.91) + (13,090 * \$15.14)] * 1.0 = \$284,173$$

Example 3, a multi-town PSAP: The Pv calculation has a value of \$1.87 and Cv has a value of \$14.83. The sum of the two towns’ populations is 55,000, and the sum of the 9-1-1 calls for the three towns, averaged over the past three years, is 17,140. Using the formula

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the subsidy would be: $[(55,000 * \$1.87) + (17,140 * \$14.83)] * 0.666 = \$237,786$.

Example 4, a multi-town PSAP with one member town over 40,000 population: The Pv calculation has a value of \$1.87 and Cv has a value of \$14.83. Town “A” is currently a funded entity with a population of 62,000, with a three-year average of 20,700 9-1-1 calls. Each town’s contribution shall be calculated separately. The calculation for Town “A” would be:

$$[(62,000 * \$1.87) + (20,700 * \$14.83)] * 0.333 = \$140,833$$

Town “B” is not a funded entity. Its population is 28,000 and its three-year 9-1-1 call average is 9,300. The calculation for Town “B” would be: $[(28,000 * \$1.87) + (9,300 * \$14.83)] * 0.666 = \$126,726$

Therefore, the total for this multi-town PSAP would be \$267,559

Example 5, a funded entity: The Pv calculation has a value of \$1.87 and Cv has a value of \$14.83. The city’s population is 88,500, and the 9-1-1 call average over three years is 34,269. Using the formula the subsidy would be: $[(88,500 * \$1.87) + (34,269 * \$14.83)] * 0.333 = \$224,344$

(j) If the calculation of the subsidy defined in this section would result in a lower subsidy to a PSAP than that received immediately prior to July 1, 2020, then the Division shall continue to pay the subsidy in effect on June 30, 2020 (the “holdover subsidy”).

(1) The calculation of the cost-of-living adjustment described in subdivision (3) of subsection (h) in this section shall apply to the holdover subsidy.

(2) PSAPs receiving holdover subsidy payments shall have their funding reduced if a member town or city designates another PSAP as the recipient of their 9-1-1 calls or for the provision of required services. Reductions shall be based upon the requirements in subsections (h) and (i) of this section. Regional PSAPs losing all but two of their member towns or cities shall revert to multi-town status without holdover subsidy payments, and PSAPs losing all but one of their member towns or cities will revert to funded entity status without holdover subsidy payments, if the population of the remaining town or city is forty thousand or more. If the Division determines that a single-town PSAP has a population below forty thousand when determining subsidies for the following year, such single-town PSAP shall not be eligible for a subsidy in such year.

(3) Regional PSAPs receiving holdover subsidy payments shall have their subsidy funding increased for any new member town or city. Increases shall be based upon the calculations of subsection (i) in this section, and added to the current amount of the holdover subsidy then in effect for that regional PSAP; and

(4) Calculations for capital grants or any other payments that are dependent on the subsidy payment amount shall be calculated using the holdover subsidy amount then in effect plus any additions as a result of the operation of subdivision (3) of this subsection.

(k) A new multi-town PSAP, formed by two towns, two cities or a town and city that are part of an existing regional PSAP, shall be eligible for 9-1-1 funding after a three-year period. Such three-year period shall commence on the date that the new multi-town PSAP

begins receiving 9-1-1 calls.

(l) Subsidies to towns or cities with populations in excess of forty thousand shall be given only as a funded entity.

(Effective July 1, 2020)

Sec. 28-24-4a. Implementation of a transition grant program

(a) A town or city may apply for a PSAP transition grant to reimburse such town's or city's expenses related to the transition of its stand-alone PSAP to an approved multi-town or regional PSAP. A town or city that continues to utilize a secondary PSAP shall not be eligible for transition grant funds. Such reimbursable expenses, which shall be limited to costs associated with the relocation of existing emergency telecommunications systems and non-recurring costs associated with providing for additional functional capacity at the regional PSAP, shall not exceed three hundred thousand dollars. Transition grants are limited by the availability of funds and shall be subject to the approval of the Division. Reimbursable expenses include expenses for the following:

(1) Changes to existing radio systems of the affected parties that are required by the move;

(2) Emergency telecommunications equipment and systems required by the stand-alone PSAP or multi-town or regional PSAP to facilitate the incorporation of another town or city; and

(3) Analysis, design or planning of a new regional PSAP or multi-town PSAP. Towns or cities are eligible for analysis, design and planning costs, allocated on a one-time basis, for a new regional PSAP at the rate of fifteen thousand dollars for the first two member towns or cities plus an additional five thousand dollars for each additional member town or city.

(b) Any entity provided with transition grant funds shall be audited in accordance with the provisions of sections 4-230 to 4-236, inclusive, of the Connecticut General Statutes.

(c) Transition grant requests shall contain the following information and documentation:

(1) Detailed description of the current emergency telecommunications services offered by the participating towns or cities that will be relocated to the regional PSAP or multi-town PSAP;

(2) Detailed listing of the expenses related to transition of the existing PSAP to the regional PSAP or multi-town PSAP;

(3) Certification by each legislative body having jurisdiction over the existing town or city PSAP or multi-town PSAP that the move to the regional PSAP or multi-town PSAP is authorized, including the date of the effective change; and

(4) Certification by the regional PSAP or multi-town PSAP regarding the participation of an additional member town or city.

(d) A transition grant request shall be submitted to the Division not less than six months prior to the effective date of the move. The Division shall approve or deny a transition grant request not later than ninety days after its receipt of the grant application.

(e) A town or city receiving a transition grant for reimbursable expenses under the

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provisions of this section shall not be eligible for a transition grant for a period of five years from the date of the award of the original transition grant.

(f) A town or city or group of towns or cities that receives a transition grant within two years of receiving the grant, changes to a stand-alone operation or moves to a regional PSAP or multi-town PSAP that is different from the one for which the town, city or group of towns or cities received the transition grant, shall refund the amount of such grant to the State of Connecticut, Office of the State Treasurer, for deposit in the Enhanced 9-1-1 Telecommunications Fund.

(Effective July 1, 2020)

Sec. 28-24-5a. Application procedures

Applications for regional or multi-town PSAP transition grants shall be made on forms furnished by and filed with the Department of Emergency Services and Public Protection, Division of Statewide Emergency Telecommunications, 1111 Country Club Road, Middletown, CT 06457.

(Effective July 1, 2020)

Sec. 28-24-6a. Implementation of a regional emergency telecommunications service credit

(a) Every town or city shall be eligible for a regional emergency telecommunications service credit for coordinated medical emergency direction (CMED) services. This service credit shall be based upon the factor of thirty cents per capita, utilizing the most recent Department of Public Health population data, and calculated as *variable p* (population) multiplied by .3.

(b) Only those entities approved by the Department of Public Health, Office of Emergency Medical Services as CMEDs, and which operate under approved plans for communications systems developed by emergency medical services councils under the provisions of section 19a-182 of the Connecticut General Statutes, shall be eligible to receive the regional emergency telecommunications service credit.

(c) Towns and cities shall designate the recipient of their CMED credit and notify the Division of that designation prior to April 1st of each year.

(Effective July 1, 2020)

Sec. 28-24-7a. Training of public safety telecommunicators

(a) Funds from the Enhanced 9-1-1 Telecommunications Fund may be used for the presentation of telecommunicator training programs and expenses related to the development of training, pursuant to regulations adopted under the authority of section 28-30 of the Connecticut General Statutes.

(b) The Division shall establish a training fund to be used exclusively for the purpose of providing ongoing training for public safety telecommunicators. Each public safety answering point shall be eligible for reimbursement of the expenses of training

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telecommunicators, in accordance with the provisions of section 28-30 of the Connecticut General Statutes and regulations adopted under the authority of such section. Reimbursement shall be limited to an amount equal to fifteen cents per capita, utilizing the most recent Department of Public Health population data. Requests for funding shall be submitted to the Division and are subject to approval of the Division.

(Effective July 1, 2020)

Sec. 28-24-8a. Administration of the 9-1-1 program

(a) Each telephone and telecommunications company providing local telephone service or voice over internet protocol service, and each provider of commercial mobile radio service, as defined in 47 CFR 20.3, shall assess against each subscriber a fee established by the PURA. The annual fee shall be determined at a proceeding conducted by the PURA on or before June 1st of each year, based upon an annual operating budget developed by the Commissioner of Emergency Services and Public Protection on or before April 1st of each year.

(b) Any Enhanced 9-1-1 Telecommunications Fund surplus shall be carried forward to successive fiscal years and used for the sole purpose of administering the 9-1-1 program.

(c) Except for commercial mobile radio, for the purpose of assessment of customer accounts with multiple lines, the monthly 9-1-1 assessment shall be determined in accordance with the progressive wireline inclusion schedule as follows:

- (1) If the number of access wire lines equals one, then the assessment factor shall be 1.0;
- (2) If the number of access wire lines equals two, then the assessment factor shall be .75;
- (3) If the number of access wire lines equals three, then the assessment factor shall be .67;
- (4) If the number of access wire lines equals four or five, then the assessment factor shall be .6;
- (5) If the number of access wire lines is six, seven, eight, nine or ten, then the assessment factor shall be .5;
- (6) If the number of access wire lines is equal to or greater than eleven but less than 26, then the assessment factor shall be .4;
- (7) If the number of access wire lines is equal to or greater than 26, but less than 51, then the assessment factor shall be .33;
- (8) If the number of access wire lines is equal to or greater than 51, but less than 100, then the assessment factor shall be .25; and
- (9) If the number of access wire lines is equal to or greater than 100, then the assessment factor shall be .2.

(d) All access line assessments collected each month by telephone and telecommunications companies providing local telephone service or voice over internet protocol service and providers of commercial mobile radio service shall be remitted to the Office of the State Treasurer for deposit into the Enhanced 9-1-1 Telecommunications Fund

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no later than the fifteenth day of each month.

(e) Not later than February 1st of each year, each telephone and telecommunications company providing local telephone service or voice over internet protocol service or commercial mobile radio service shall submit to the Division the number of Connecticut subscribers on record as of January 1st of each year.

(f) Prior to April 1st of each year, the Division shall calculate the amount of funding required to implement the provisions of sections 28-24-1a to 28-24-12a, inclusive, of the Regulations of Connecticut State Agencies. This amount shall be adjusted annually to reflect the projected amount needed to implement the provisions of sections 28-24-1a to 28-24-12a, inclusive, of the Regulations of Connecticut State Agencies.

(Effective July 1, 2020)

Sec. 28-24-9a. Administration of the 9-1-1 program by the Division of Statewide Emergency Telecommunications

Funds from the Enhanced 9-1-1 Telecommunications Fund shall be used to pay for the administration of the Division. To ensure compliance with the provisions of sections 28-24-1a to 28-24-12a, inclusive, of the Regulations of Connecticut State Agencies, representatives of the Division shall be authorized to enter upon and inspect public or private safety answering points that have received funding or equipment from the Division.

(Effective July 1, 2020)

Sec. 28-24-10a. Capital expense account

(a) Regional emergency telecommunications centers and funded entities may apply for funding for the purpose of reimbursing such entities for capital expenditures up to twenty per cent of the regional emergency telecommunications center's or funded entity's annual subsidy. Capital expenditure funds shall not be used for the purchase or leasing of real estate, buildings, or vehicles. Architectural services, building materials, restoration services and labor needed to accommodate new equipment in existing buildings shall be eligible for funding. Capital expenditure funds shall be subject to the requirement of matching funds by the town or city served by the public safety answering point applying for funding. The chief executive officer of the town or city, or the representative board of the regional PSAP, shall provide documentation of any available matching funds to the Division. Capital expenditure reimbursements are limited by the availability of funds and subject to the approval of the Division.

(b) Requests for capital expenditure funds shall be submitted to the Division not less than ninety days prior to the anticipated expenditure.

(c) Capital expenditure funds allocated to a regional PSAP or a funded entity at their request that have not been used within the time period approved by the Division shall be returned to the Enhanced 9-1-1 Telecommunications Fund for reallocation.

(Effective July 1, 2020)

Regulations of Connecticut State Agencies

TITLE 28. Civil Preparedness & Emergency Services

§28-24-11a

Department of Emergency Services and Public Protection

Sec. 28-24-11a. Funding for public safety answering points operated by the Connecticut State Police

Funding for public safety answering points operated by the Connecticut State Police shall be subsidized at the rate of two dollars per 9-1-1 call as calculated by the Division, utilizing call counts for the previous calendar year. Funding shall be used exclusively for the provision of enhanced 9-1-1 services.

(Effective July 1, 2020)

Sec. 28-24-12a. Funding for public safety communications networks

The Division shall provide funding for the state public safety services data network and radio network on an annual basis. Funding shall be determined by the availability of funds and shall be subject to approval by the Division.

(Effective July 1, 2020)