

# Using Our Forests to Combat Climate Change: A Systems Approach

---

## CT GC3 Working & Natural Lands Working Group

Jennifer Hushaw Shakun

Climate-Forest Specialist

New England Forestry Foundation



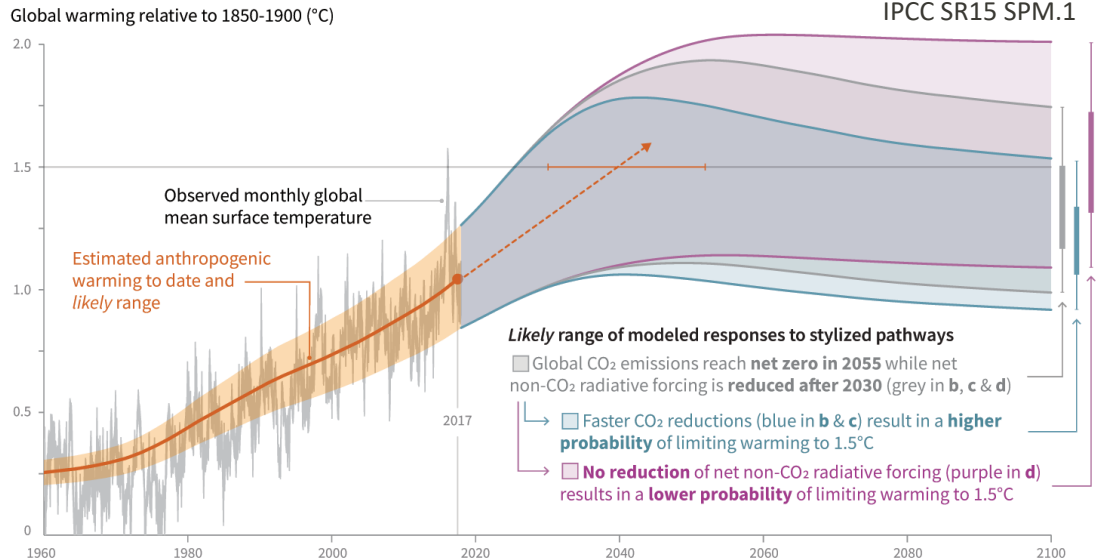
# NEFF's Mission

Through the application of our core expertise in conserving forestland and advancing Exemplary Forestry, New England Forestry Foundation (NEFF) helps the people of New England to sustain their way of life, protect forest wildlife habitat and ecosystem services, and mitigate and adapt to climate change.





# An Urgent Challenge



1.5°C of warming  
could occur between  
2030 and 2052

1.5°C requires  
**net zero**  
by 2040

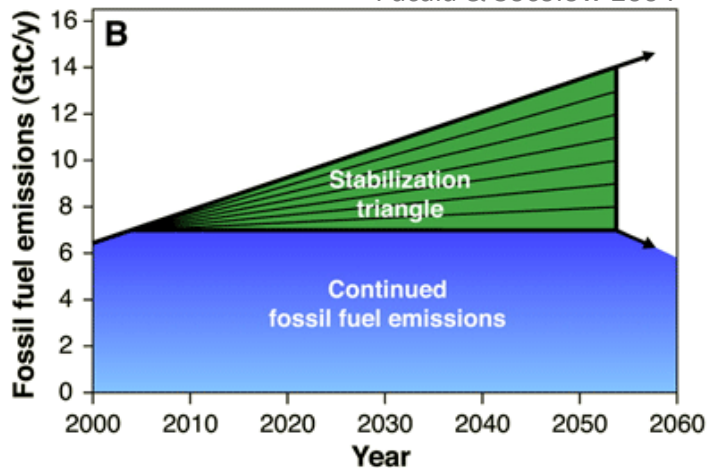
2°C requires  
**net zero**  
by 2055



# A Systems Approach



Pacala & Socolow 2004







## Part 1: End Forest Conversion

Whether for agriculture in the Amazon or for homes near Andover deforestation releases carbon already stored and eliminates future potential to store more



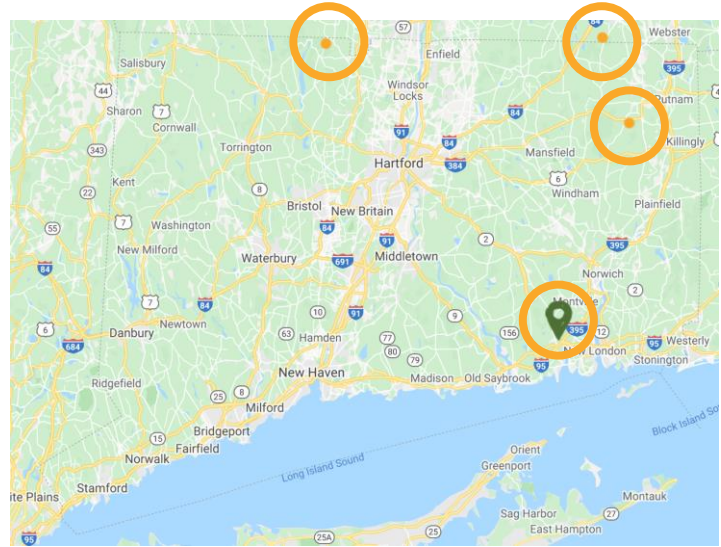
Video still from NY Times:  
<https://www.nytimes.com/video/world/americas/10000006721982/amazon-rainforest-fires-burning.html>





# Part 1: End Forest Conversion

- ✓ NEFF has conserved over 1.1 million acres of forestland across N.E. since 1944
- ✓ Four community forests in CT



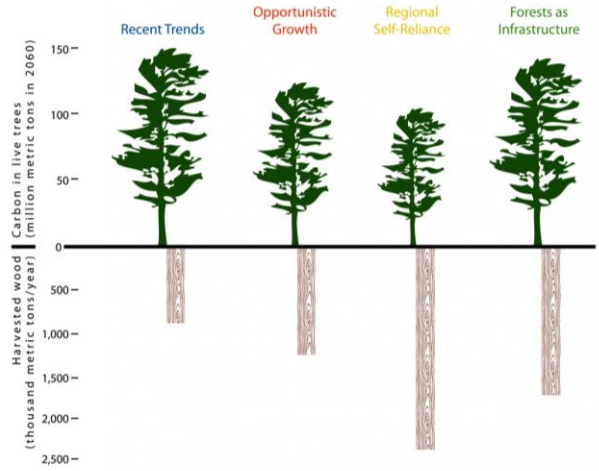


# Part 2: Manage Forests Better

Address climate change through improved forest management on existing forest lands

- ✓ Maintain or increase stocking
- ✓ Increase productivity

**Carbon Storage and Wood Harvest**



Changes to the Land, Harvard Forest

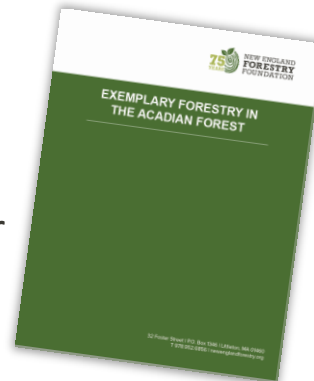


# Exemplary Forestry

✓ Three co-equal goals:



- ✓ Operating at landscape scale
- ✓ Specific, measurable metrics
- ✓ Forest mgmt that is positive for full suite of forest values



Up Next...  
Exemplary Forestry Standards for the North Central Hardwoods Region

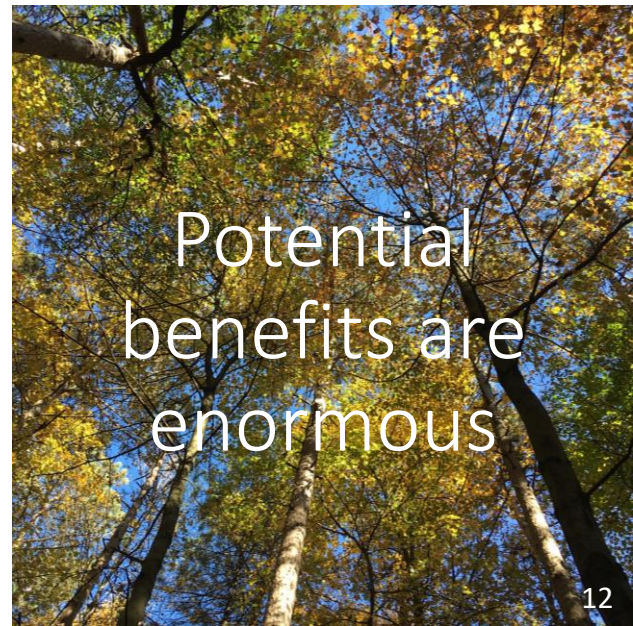


## Part 2: Manage Forests Better

Achieving exemplary forestry outcomes in New England would store 1.9 Gt of CO<sub>2</sub> in new living wood.

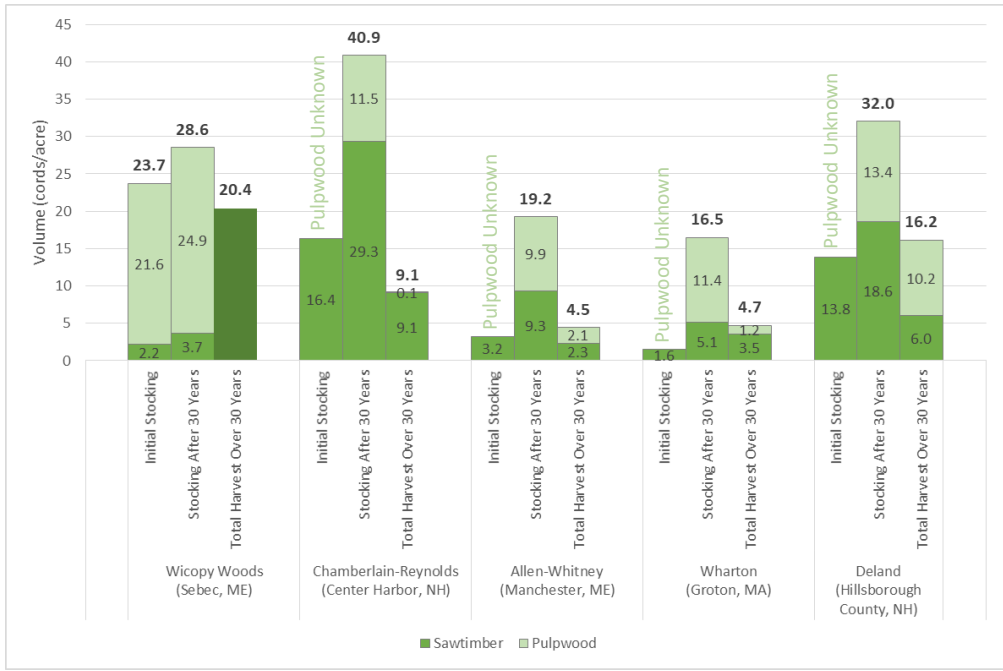
If achieved over 20 years this would be equivalent to removing all vehicles in New England from the roads for the same time period or longer.

Production of sawlogs could increase.





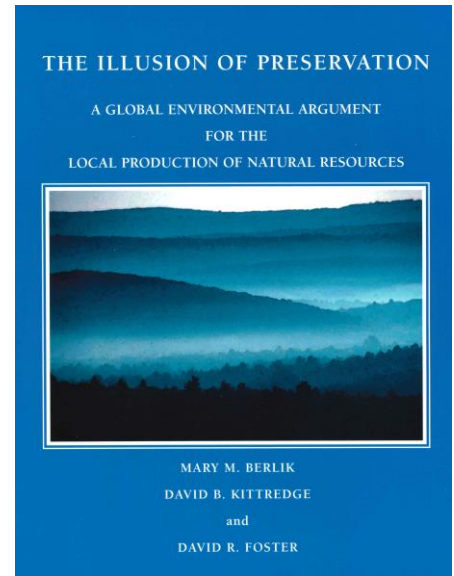
# Part 2: Manage Forests Better



It is possible to increase carbon stocking AND maintain harvest



- ✓ Substitute for more carbon-intensive materials (plastic, steel, concrete)
- ✓ Long-term carbon storage in the products themselves



Growing what we need  
where we live





# Part 3: Build Wood Buildings

## Housing Metro Boston

15 cities and towns united in a landmark regional commitment to housing production.



### THE TASK FORCE



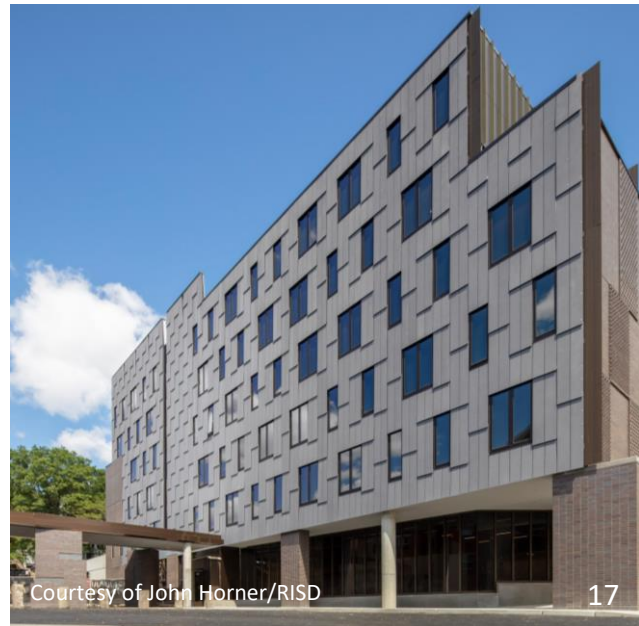
“The Metro Mayors Coalition will need to add 185,000 housing units from 2015 – 2030 in order to meet demand and reduce – or at least stabilize -- housing costs.”





## Part 3: Build Wood Buildings

- ✓ Lower emissions





## Part 3: Build Wood Buildings

- ✓ Lower emissions
- ✓ Sequestration in the building

**Source**  **Sink**





## Part 3: Build Wood Buildings

- ✓ Lower emissions
- ✓ Sequestration in the building
- ✓ Different pattern of development



# Carbon benefits depend on sustainability of harvesting

- Oliver et al 2014:  
14 – 31% of global carbon emissions
- BUT– presumed harvesting limited to growth on annual basis
- Currently, lands where harvesting greatly exceeds growth creates a carbon debt







- ✓ Forest products at the center of climate-driven development
- ✓ More jobs in depressed rural communities
- ✓ More housing, with more affordable pricing
- ✓ Improve mobility and reduce future sprawl
- ✓ Maintain wildlife habitat, clean air, clean water
- ✓ Help solve the climate crisis



Continue to support land conservation

Stop/limit conversion of forestland to other uses

Outreach & incentive programs for private landowners

↑ Supply

↑ Demand

# QUESTIONS?

**Jennifer H. Shakun**

New England Forestry Foundation

[jshakun@newenglandforestry.org](mailto:jshakun@newenglandforestry.org)



**NEW ENGLAND  
FORESTRY  
FOUNDATION**