



LODESTAR ENERGY

CARBON DEBT ANALYSIS

The proposed solar Project is designed to cover approximately 8.08 acres of an approximately 100 acre parcel. In total, the project calls for 13.6 acres of clearing to allow for placement of the array, access road, storm water control features and shade mitigation in select areas within the vicinity of the array. There are demonstrable net benefits to the construction and operation of the solar Project which significantly offset the proposed 13.6 acres of clearing at the Site.

The United States Environmental Protection Agency (“EPA”) provides specific carbon sequestration data and conversion factor data to perform a Carbon Debt Analysis. As set forth in further detail herein, we will calculate and compare two carbon values by applying the prescribed sequestration data and conversion data. The first calculation establishes a baseline value as the “existing condition scenario.” This value is established by measuring the carbon sequestration capability of the Site without the proposed solar Project. The second calculation derives a value that is the “solar Project scenario.” This value is calculated based on the removal of 13.6 acres of vegetative cover and the installation of the proposed Project. This second value will be representative of the amount of carbon that will not be released from “typical” energy generating means due to the carbon free energy generation of the solar Project.

Existing Condition Scenario: The proposed solar Project requires site work that will result in the removal of 13.6 acres of vegetation. According to the EPA’s “conversion factor for carbon sequestered in one year by one acre of average U.S. forest,” the amount of carbon sequestered in one year by one acre of forest is 11.56 metric tons of CO₂ (MT CO₂) (EPA, 2017). This means that the existing condition scenario will offer a “carbon debt” of 11.56 MT CO₂ annually (13.6 acres *.85 MT CO₂/acre).

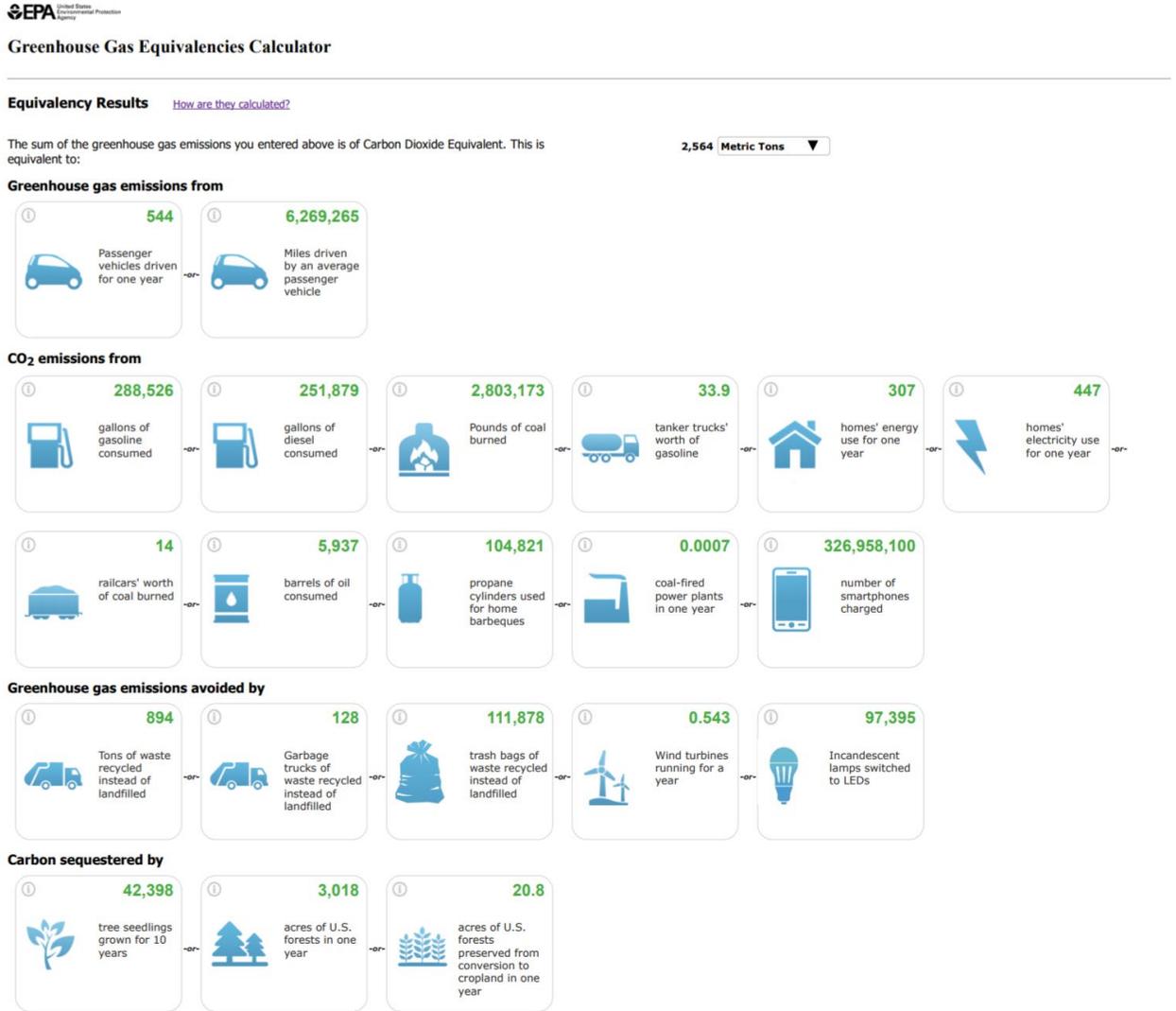
Solar Project Scenario: The proposed solar Project is calculated to produce 3,625 MWh of energy during the first operational year. According to the EPA Greenhouse gas electricity reduction equivalency conversion factor, 1 MWh of electricity is equivalent to a “carbon offset” of 1,559 lbs of CO₂. Therefore, the forecasted energy generation of 3,625 MWh is equivalent to a “carbon offset” of 2,564 MT CO₂ in the first year ((3625 MWh*1559 lbs CO₂/MWh)/(2204 lbs/MT)).

Analysis: In comparing the existing condition scenario offering a carbon debt of 11.56 MT and the solar Project scenario offering a carbon offset of 2,564 MT CO₂ in the first year of generation, the following can be concluded:

1) The installation of the solar Project will have a carbon offset over 200 times greater than the existing condition.

2) The solar Project will offer a net improvement in carbon reduction within 1.65 days of operation.

3) Carbon sequestration by the existing forest over a 20 year period will be recovered by the solar Project within 32.91 days of operation.



References:

United States Environmental Protection Agency. Greenhouse Gases Equivalencies Calculator - Calculations and References. <https://www.epa.gov/energy/greenhouse-gases-equivalencies-calculator-calculations-and-references>