September 4, 2019

Kenneth Cuccinelli II, Acting Director  
U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services  
20 Massachusetts Ave., NW, MS 2090  
Washington, D.C. 20529-2090

Matthew T. Albence, Acting Director  
U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement  
500 12th St., SW  
Washington, D.C. 20536

Dear Acting Director Cuccinelli and Acting Director Albence:

We, the Attorneys General of New York, Massachusetts, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Delaware, the District of Columbia, Illinois, Maine, Maryland, Minnesota, Nevada, New Jersey, New Mexico, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, Virginia and Washington State, write with alarm and grave concern about the decision by U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services (USCIS) to end its long-standing policy of considering requests for deferred action for individuals—and the family members of individuals—suffering from serious medical conditions.

As you are aware, USCIS has routinely considered and granted requests by foreign nationals for deferred action for decades, including for patients who are receiving lifesaving care in our States and for the parents of such patients. These grants of deferred action have prevented the deportation of gravely ill children and adults to countries where their lives would be in danger due to lack of quality medical care. Deferred action has also given patients access to health insurance and allowed parents of sick children to receive work authorizations that they need to pay their children’s medical bills and support their families.

We are therefore deeply concerned by USCIS’s apparent decision to stop considering requests for medical deferred action. Beginning in late August, we learned that USCIS was uniformly denying medical deferred action requests, representing that it would no longer process any non-military deferred action requests, and instructing requestors that they would be at risk of deportation if they did not swiftly leave the United States. Then, after public outrage over the apparent suspension of all medical deferred action, USCIS announced on September 2, 2019 that it would continue to process medical deferred action requests—but only for individuals who had
a request pending as of August 7, 2019. USCIS has provided no official explanation of its decision to suspend consideration of medical deferred action requests moving forward. Moreover, while some reports have indicated that U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE) will review requests for deferred action related to medical conditions, ICE has provided no indication—much less detailed information—of plans to consider such requests or of how individuals who have been denied deferred action by USCIS can request such relief from ICE. As a result, sick patients and their families are left afraid, traumatized, and uncertain of their future health and wellbeing.

New York, Massachusetts, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Delaware, the District of Columbia, Illinois, Maine, Maryland, Minnesota, Nevada, New Jersey, New Mexico, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, Virginia and Washington State are committed to ensuring that sick residents in our States continue to receive the care that they need to survive and thrive. USCIS’s apparent suspension of all consideration for medical deferred action constitutes a grave threat to the wellbeing of many adults and children in our States who have relied on deferred action to receive life-saving care.

To assist in our inquiry into this matter, we request that you provide written confirmation of (1) whether USCIS has terminated all consideration of deferred action for non-military requests submitted after August 7, 2019; (2) how foreign nationals in our States suffering from severe medical conditions can request deferred action moving forward; (3) whether any criteria and processes related to deferred actions for serious medical conditions have changed or will change under new policies or procedures; and (4) if new policies or procedures will change deferred action for serious medical conditions, how the criteria or processes may change.

Please provide this information by September 10, 2019.

Sincerely,

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New York Attorney General

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Massachusetts Attorney General

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California Attorney General

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