Syphilis – TPPA	
Test description	Qualitative detection of <i>Treponema pallidum</i> antibodies in human serum.
Test use	For use as a second treponemal specific test following the Reverse Syphilis Serology Testing Algorithm.
Test	Virology
Department	Phone: (860) 920-6662, FAX: (860) 920-6661
Methodology	Treponema pallidum Particle Agglutination Assay (TP-PA)
Availability	Test is performed twice each week
Specimen	1.5 mL serum
requirements	
Collection	To obtain a collection kit, refer to Collection Kit Ordering Information.
Kit/Container	
Collection	Standard venipuncture technique
instructions	
Specimen	Serum specimens may be stored at room temperature (15-25 °C) for up to 3
Handling &	days or at 2-8 °C for up to 7 days, including transit time. For longer storage of
Transport	specimens, keep at -20 °C or colder. Transport to laboratory with ice packs
Unacceptable	Unlabeled specimen
Conditions	Specimen that has leaked or container that has broken in transit
	Specimens not handled, stored, or transported as described above
Requisition	Clinical Test Requisition OL-9B (select Syphilis Screen or Syphilis Confirmation)
Form	Specimens will be tested following the Reverse Syphilis Serology Testing
	Algorithm for either test selection (Syphilis Screen or Syphilis Confirmation)
	Name and address of submitter. Two patient identifiers (ie.name, DOB, Acc.#,
Required	MRN), Town of residence (city, state, zip), specimen source/type, date
Information	collected, test(s) requested.
	Please ensure information on the requisition matches that on the specimen.
	False positive TP-PA reactions occur in a small percentage (<1%) of normal or
Limitations	healthy individuals. False positives may occur in patients with other
	underlying conditions.
Additional	Specimens submitted for Syphilis Total Antibody -MFIA. Specimens Reactive
Comments	by the MFIA and Nonreactive by the VDRL will reflex to the TP-PA.

Revision: 1/11/2024