SOUTHEASTERN CONNECTICUT HAZARD MITIGATION PLAN UPDATE AND "RESILIENT CONNECTICUT 2.0"

Presentation for the Eastern Connecticut Water Utility Coordinating Committee





November 16, 2022





WHY ARE WE HERE?

- The Connecticut Institute for Resilience and Climate Adaptation (CIRCA) is expanding Resilient Connecticut
- What is *Resilient Connecticut*?
- What are the ways that water utilities can be involved?

- SCCOG is updating its multijurisdiction hazard mitigation plan (the 4th edition)
- What is a hazard mitigation plan?
- What are the ways that water utilities can be involved?

These efforts are being combined to leverage resources and labor, and ensure that climate adaptation is part of the hazard mitigation plan

MEET THE PLANNING TEAM



Mary Buchanan, PhD



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PURPOSE AND NEED FOR HAZARD MITIGATION PLAN

Authority

Disaster Mitigation Act of 2000

Goal of Disaster Mitigation Act

 Promote hazard mitigation actions to reduce losses and reduce risks

Eligibility for Mitigation Grant Programs

- Building Resilient Infrastructure and Communities (BRIC)
- Flood Mitigation Assistance (FMA)
- Hazard Mitigation Grant Program (HMGP)



DEMHS issued its application process in September, with applications due in December

HMGP funds available from the COVID and Storm Ida disasters, with applications due in January



PURPOSE AND NEED FOR HAZARD MITIGATION PLAN

What is a Natural Hazard?

 An extreme <u>natural</u> event that poses a risk to people, infrastructure, and resources.



What is Hazard Mitigation?

 Actions we take now that reduce or eliminate long-term risk to people, property, and resources from natural hazards and their effects.



WHICH HAZARDS DO WE ADDRESS?

Extreme and Severe Storms

- Hurricanes and Tropical Storms
- Tornadoes and High Wind Events
- Severe Winter Storms

Sea Level Rise

- Coastal Flooding
- Shoreline Change

Changing Precipitation

- Riverine and Pluvial Floods
- Droughts
- Dam Failure

Rising Temperature

- Extreme Heat
- Wildfires

Earthquakes

 Not affected by climate change, but addressed in the plan as always





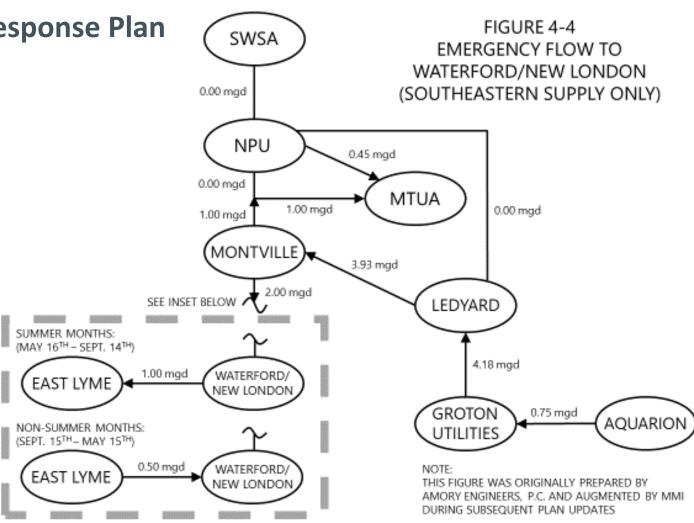




EXAMPLE OF SUCCESS RELATED TO WATER UTILITIES

Intra-Regional Water Supply Response Plan

- Interconnected
 Municipal Water
 Systems, Aquarion,
 and Mohegan Tribe
- This is an example of hazard mitigation because it can help reduce drought losses and other hazard losses





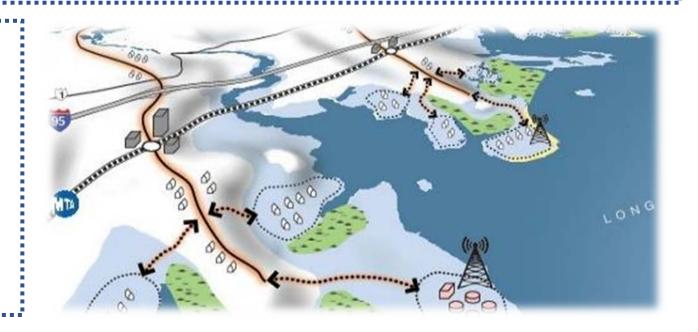
WHAT IS RESILIENT CONNECTICUT?

Resilient Connecticut 1.0 was funded by the National Disaster Resilience Competition and focused on regional resilience and adaptation planning for flooding and extreme heat in Fairfield and New Haven Counties.

- Emphasized transit-oriented development, affordable housing, critical infrastructure, and regional assets.
- Developed Social Vulnerability Index (SVI), Climate Change Vulnerability Index (CCVI), Zones of Shared Risks (ZSR), and Resilience Opportunity Areas (ROARs)

Resilient Connecticut 2.0 extends this effort using State funds.

- Increases flexibility to address the climate concerns unique to other regions.
- SCCOG is an active partner in the deployment of the program in southeastern Connecticut



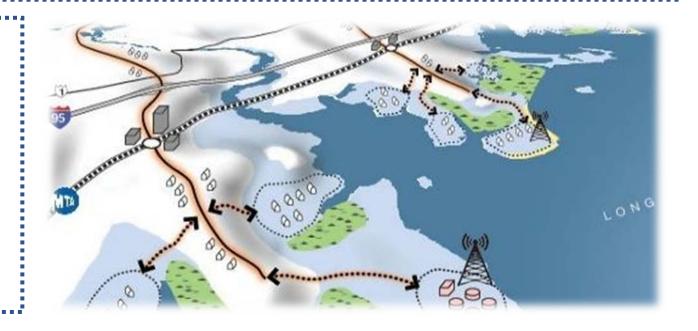
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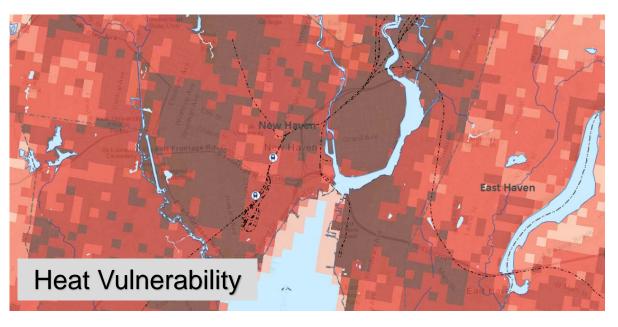
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A Climate Change Vulnerability Index (CCVI) was developed in the pilot area



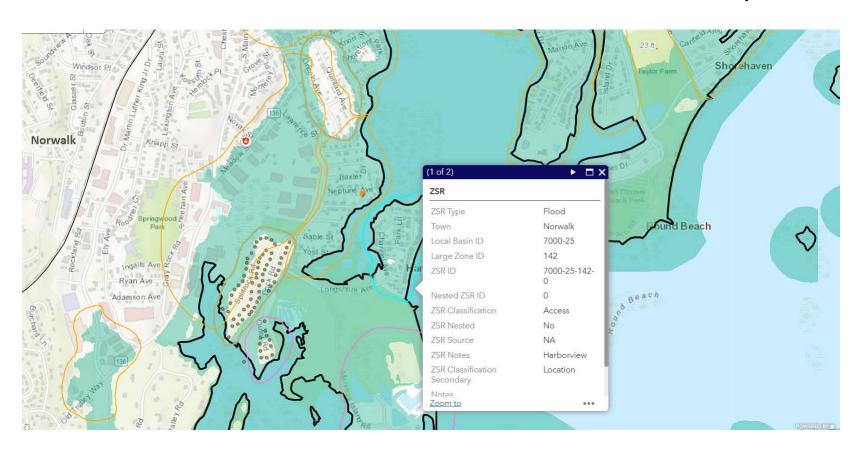
Flooding can be coastal, riverine, or pluvial (heavy rain)



Considers where extreme heat is more likely as well as inability to seek respite

Vulnerability = Sensitivity X Exposure
Adaptive Capacity

"Zones of Shared Risk" were delineated to better represent risk profiles



- Types of Flood and Erosion-Based ZSRs
 - o Location
 - o Proximity
 - Access
 - Natural Systems
 - o Underpasses
 - o Single Point
 - o Sewersheds

CIRCA and its Consultant Identified Overlapping Climate-Driven Challenges...

→ Low → Flood Vulnerability → High →

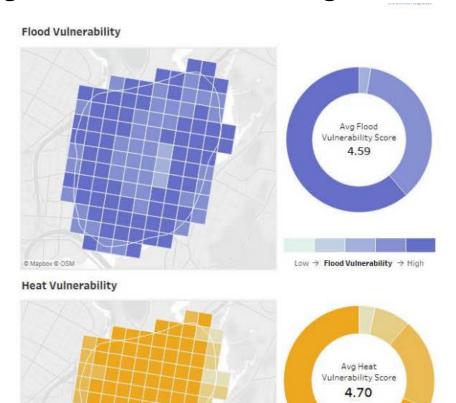
Zone of Shared Risk: 5200-00-392-89 Town: New Haven



Combined Vulnerability

Combined Vulnerability

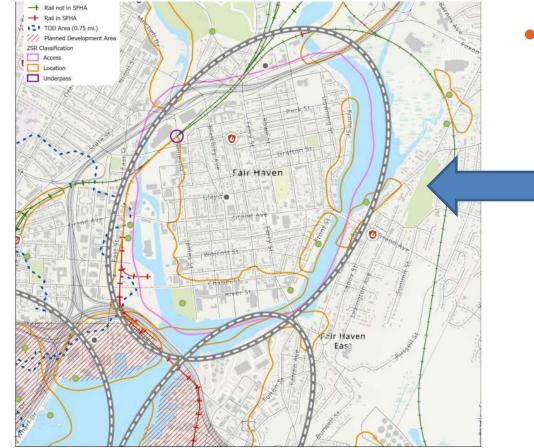
← ψöH ← kat Vulnerability



Low → Heat Vulnerability → High

And These Challenges were Recognized as Opportunities to Address Unmet Needs...

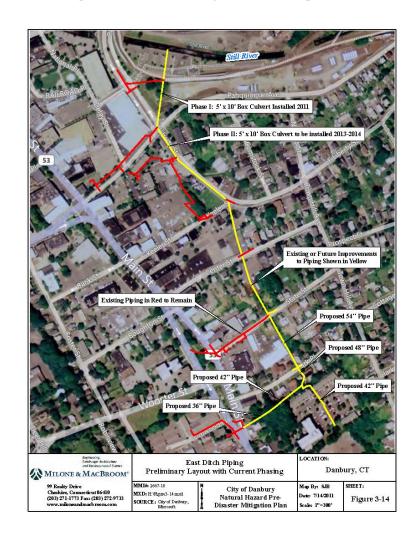




Overlapping

- Social vulnerability
- Flood vulnerability
- Heat vulnerability
- Regional assets
- o Infrastructure
- Critical facilities
- Historic resources
- TOD potential

- And Some of These Regional Opportunity Areas are Proceeding to Concept Design
 - ✓ Danbury Flood mitigation through stream daylighting and identification of cooling center
 - ✓ Norwalk Resilient corridors and heat mitigation in South Norwalk
 - ✓ Fairfield Addressing flooding railroad underpasses and advancing green infrastructure
 - ✓ Stratford Re-envisioning flood solutions for the South End
 - ✓ Ansonia Heat mitigation and TOD connectivity across river
 - ✓ Branford Using railroad grade for flood protection
 - ✓ New Haven Egress through areas of flood risk and heat mitigation for Fair Haven



A few public water system opportunity areas were identified

Resilient Connecticut Phase II

Regional Adaptation/Resilience Opportunity Areas

Name: F	edera	I Road
Location	n: Broo	kfield

Considerations	Characteristics of Area
Flood Vulnerability	00000
Heat Vulnerability	0000
Social Vulnerability	00000

The Town of Brookfield and Aquarion Water Company have taken steps to expand Aquarion's water system and connect individual properties with non-transient non-community and transient non-community wells, but numerous wells and small water systems remain present. With increasing flood and heat risks possible due to variable flood and heat vulnerabilities along the heavily developed Route 7 corridor, individual wells and water systems could be adversely impacted over time. The opportunity area includes many of the non-transient non-community and transient non-community wells.

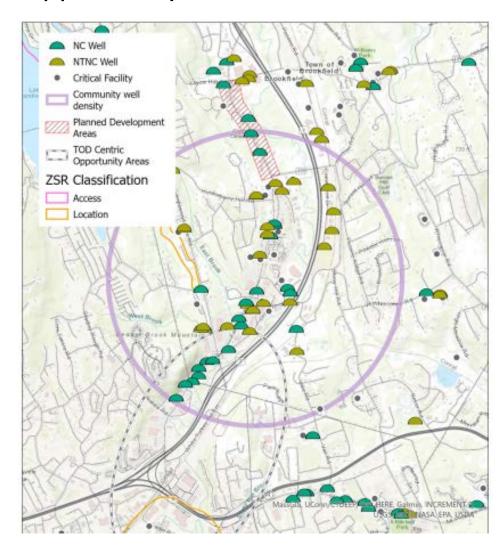
High density of public water supply wells in areas of flood and heat vulnerability.

UCONN









- Overlapping
 - Social vulnerability
 - Flood vulnerability
 - Heat vulnerability
 - Clusters of wells with flood and/or drought risk

A few public water system opportunity areas were identified

Resilient Connecticut Phase II

Regional Adaptation/Resilience Opportunity Areas

Name: Lake Whitney Watershed Location: Cheshire/Hamden/North Haven

Considerations	Characteristics of Area		
Flood Vulnerability	00000		
Heat Vulnerability	0000		
Social Vulnerability	00000		

The Lake Whitney watershed has several sites of potential concern throughout its 23,000 acres. While overall flood vulnerability is low to moderate throughout the watershed, some potential toxic substance sites are situated along the Mill River, Willow Brook, and within direct proximity to Lake Whitney, presenting potential concerns in the event of a flood that causes a release or spill. Notwithstanding the source protection programs in place at the State and local levels, the presence of the potential releases in the watershed suggest an opportunity for advancing resilience to climate impacts such as more intense or frequent floods.

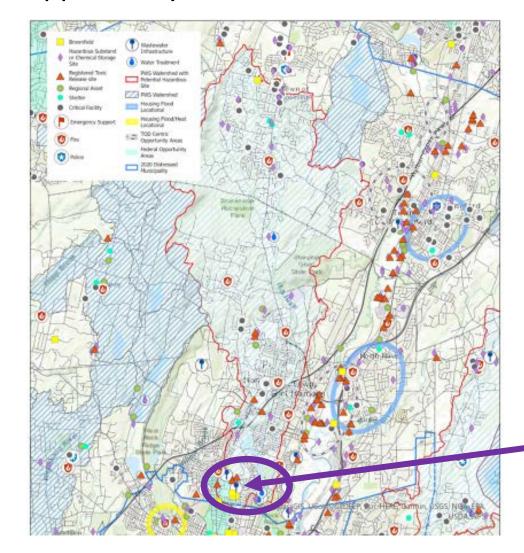
Public water supply watershed with potential risk of toxic releases from land uses that have flood vulnerability.











- Overlapping
 - Social vulnerability
 - Flood vulnerability
 - Heat vulnerability
 - o Pollution sources

CIRCA is working with
Hamden to scope a study
here that would reduce
flooding into Lake Whitney

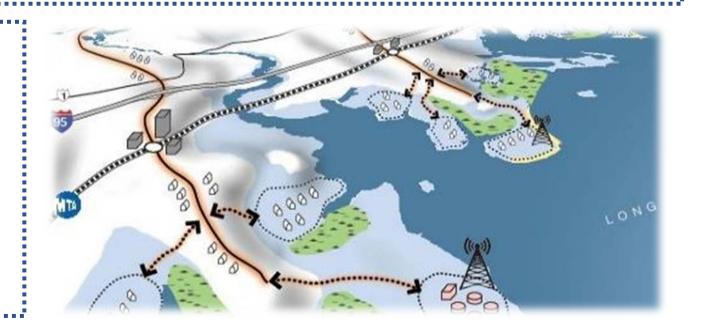
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COMBINING PROGRAMS TO BENEFIT THE REGION

Hazard Mitigation Plan Update

Through the Hazard Mitigation Plan, SCCOG and its consultants:

- engage with municipalities and tribes to identify concerns and priorities
- assess community vulnerabilities and asset
- *identify* opportunities to reduce losses
- develop hazard mitigation projects for FEMA funding

Resilient Connecticut

Through *Resilient Connecticut*, CIRCA and its partners:

- engage with municipalities and tribes to identify concerns and priorities
- assess community vulnerabilities and assets
- *identify* opportunities for increased resilience
- *develop* pilot projects to directly fund



A Combined Hazard Mitigation and **Climate** Adaptation Plan for Southeastern

Connecticut



"WHAT ARE YOUR CLIMATE-RELATED CONCERNS?"

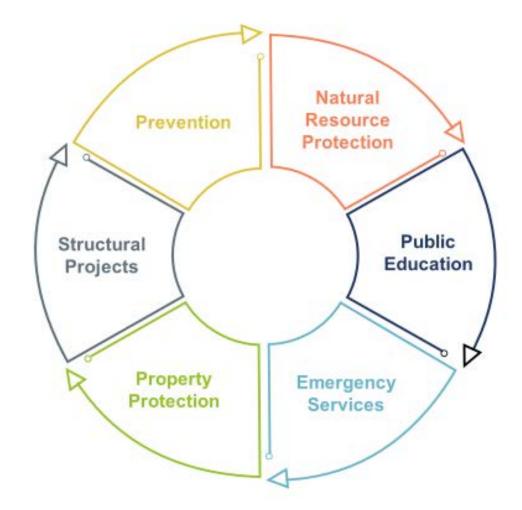


high disinfection byproducts

- All actions are found within six goals:
 - 1. Ensure that critical facilities are resilient, with special attention to shelters and cooling centers.
 - 2. Reduce **flood and erosion** risks, even as climate change affects the frequency and severity of events, by reducing vulnerabilities and consequences.
 - 3. Address risks associated with **extreme heat events**, especially as they interact with other hazards.
 - 4. Invest in resilient corridors to ensure that people and services are accessible during floods and that development along corridors is resilient over the long term.
 - 5. Reduce losses from other hazards that are affected by climate change.

• All actions are found within **seven categories**: the standard six + 1 new category

+ Water and Wastewater Utility Projects





Structural Project



Property Protection through Elevation

Community	#	Mitigation Actions and Strategies for CRCOG Communities	Hazard Mitigation and Climate Adaptation Goal		Responsible Department	Approximate Cost	Potential Funding Sources
Franklin	FK5	Partner with Norwich Public Utilities to expand the public water system further north into the town to help reduce drought risks to properties with private wells.	Reduce losses from other hazards that are affected by climate change.	l ∖Λ/ater X₁	Office of the Chief Elected Official	>\$1M	DWSRF; STEAP, NPU CIP Budget
Franklin	FKh	Partner with Windham Water Works to expand the public water system further south into the town to help reduce the drought risks to properties with private wells.	Reduce losses from other hazards that are affected by climate change.	l \Λ/atar X _i	Office of the Chief Elected Official	>\$1M	DWSRF; STEAP,WWW CIP Budget
Ledyard	LD7	Complete final segments of planned water system expansions to address drought resiliency and make critical facilities more resilient.	Reduce losses from other hazards that are affected by climate change.	Water & Wastewater Utility Projects	Water & Sewer	>\$1M	DWSRF; Municipal CIP Budget
Lisbon	LI5	Extend public water systems from NPU and Jewett City Water Company to reduce drought impacts to properties currently served by private wells; and to provide fire protection.	Reduce losses from other hazards that are affected by climate change.	l ∖Λ/ater X₁	Office of the Chief Elected Official	>\$1M	DWSRF; STEAP; NPU CIP Budget
MPTN	MP5	Complete drinking water system upgrades and replace system components to reduce TTHM levels in the water supply.	Reduce losses from other hazards that are affected by climate change.	Water & Wastewater Utility Projects	Tribal Utilities	>\$1M	Tribal Utility Funds; EPA Grants
Montville	MV8	Extend public water systems to reduce drought impacts to properties currently served by private wells; and to provide fire protection.	Reduce losses from other hazards that are affected by climate change.	Water & Wastewater Utility Projects	Water & Sewer	>\$1M	DWSRF; Municipal CIP Budget

Community	#	Mitigation Actions and Strategies for CRCOG Communities	Hazard Mitigation and Climate Adaptation Goal		Responsible Department	Approximate Cost	Potential Funding Sources
North Stonington	NS16	Extend fire protection to future at-risk areas through public water systems or the installation of dry hydrants.	Reduce losses from other hazards that are affected by climate change.	l Water &	Office of the Chief Elected Official	>\$1M	DWSRF; STEAP
North Stonington	NS17	Extend the existing public water systems to adjacent areas served by private wells to reduce drought risks to private properties and critical facilities.	Reduce losses from other hazards that are affected by climate change.	l \∧/ater <i>X</i> ,	Office of the Chief Elected Official	>\$1M	DWSRF; STEAP
North Stonington	N218	Secure funding for construction of a water tower near the fire department that could be used for firefighting response, or water needs during drought.	Reduce losses from other hazards that are affected by climate change.	l \Λ/ater X _′	Office of the Chief Elected Official	>\$1M	DWSRF; STEAP
Preston	PR6	Extend public water supply along Route 2 to reduce drought risks to critical facilities, essential facilities, and private properties.	Reduce losses from other hazards that are affected by climate change.	l \Λ/ລ†Δr <i>Χ</i> ,	Office of the Chief Elected Official	>\$1M	DWSRF; Municipal CIP Budget; MPTN Utility Funds
Preston	PR7	Extend fire protection to the former State Hospital property as this remains an at-risk area.	Reduce losses from other hazards that are affected by climate change.	l \∧/ater X₁	Office of the Chief Elected Official	>\$1M	DWSRF; NPU CIP Budget

Community	#	Mitigation Actions and Strategies for CRCOG Communities	Hazard Mitigation and Climate Adaptation Goal		Responsible Department	Approximate Cost	Potential Funding Sources
Windham	WD5	Execute FEMA HMA BRIC grant for scoping related to flood mitigation, water quality, and other resiliency needs for the Willimantic Reservoir, dam, and treatment facility.		More than one category	Windham Water Works	\$100,000 - \$500,000	FEMA HMA Scoping
Windham	WD5A	Evaluate feasibility of hydropower operations at Willimantic Reservoir dam.	More than one goal	More than one category	Windham Water Works	\$50,000 - \$100,000	DEEP Climate Resilience Fund
Windham	WD5B	Identify funding sources and partner agencies to evaluate sedimentation challenges in the Willimantic Reservoir associated with releases from Mansfield Hollow Dam.	More than one goal	Water & Wastewater Utility Projects	Windham Water Works	\$10,000 - \$25,000	LISFF; DWSRF
Windham	WD5D	In the lifespan of this HMCAP (before 2027), conduct at least one set of meetings with UConn and CWC about potential interconnections in Mansfield.	More than one goal	Water & Wastewater Utility Projects	Windham Water Works	\$0 - \$10,000	WWW Operating Budget
SCCOG	COG3	Assign to the Regional Water Supply Management team an action item to review potential for water system expansions in the region, with initial focus areas of Franklin and Montville.	Reduce losses from other hazards that	Water & Wastewater Utility Projects	Executive Director	\$0 - \$10,000	SCCOG Regional Services Funds

OPEN DISCUSSION

- Where do you see intersections of assets and flood-related challenges?
- Where do you see intersections of assets and drought-related challenges?
- Where do you see intersections of assets and extreme heat-related challenges?
- Does your utility face any examples of unique climate driver typologies and challenges? Examples:
 - ✓ Flashy droughts
 - ✓ Harmful algal blooms
 - ✓ Vulnerable populations at risk
 - ✓ Critical facilities that are owned by you
 - ✓ Clusters of critical facilities that are served by you
 - ✓ Numerous river and stream crossings in public water supply watersheds
 - ✓ Redevelopment pressures in service areas

NEXT STEPS

- In the short term, provide comments for the Southeastern Connecticut HMCAP
- In the medium term (winter 2022-2023), let us know if you have ideas for:
 - Service area communities located in southeastern Connecticut
 - Public water supply watershed communities in southeastern Connecticut or serving southeastern Connecticut (i.e., Ashford is in the watershed for Windham Water Works' Willimantic Reservoir; and Ashford experienced road washouts in summer 2021)

CONTACT INFORMATION

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